

Assignment 1

PROBLEM:

Python Program to display name, college name, and other messages.

SOLUTION:

```
1 def personal_details():  
2     name = "Simon"  
3     age = 19  
4     address = "Bangalore, Karnataka, India"  
5  
6     print(f"Name: {name}\nAge: {age}\nAddress: {address}")  
7  
8     personal_details()
```

OUTPUT:

```
Name: Simon  
Age: 19  
Address: Bangalore, Karnataka, India
```

PROBLEM:

Python Program using type() function to display different basic data types in Python.

SOLUTION:

```
1  num = 3.14
2  word = "Hello, World!"
3  flag = True
4
5  print("Type of num:", type(num))
6  print("Type of word:", type(word))
7  print("Type of flag:", type(flag))
8
9  my_tuple = (10, 'Hello', 45, 'Hi')
10 my_dict = {1: 'One', 2: 'Two', 3: 'Three'}
11
12 if type(my_tuple) is not type(my_dict):
13     print("The variables have different object types.")
14 else:
15     print("The variables have the same object type.")
```

OUTPUT:

```
Type of num: <class 'float'>
Type of word: <class 'str'>
Type of flag: <class 'bool'>
The variables have different object types.
```

Assignment 2

PROBLEM:

Python Program to input two numbers then find the larger/smaller number.

SOLUTION:

```
1 num1 = float(input("Enter the first number: "))
2 num2 = float(input("Enter the second number: "))
3
4 if num1 > num2:
5     print(f"{num1} is larger than {num2}.")
6 elif num1 < num2:
7     print(f"{num2} is larger than {num1}.")
8 else:
9     print("Both numbers are equal.")
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter the first number: 55
Enter the second number: 53
55.0 is larger than 53.0.
```

PROBLEM:

Python Program to determine ODD or EVEN number.

SOLUTION:

```
1 def check_odd_or_even(number):  
2     if number % 2 == 0:  
3         return "Even"  
4     else:  
5         return "Odd"  
6  
7 user_input = int(input("Enter a number: "))  
8 result = check_odd_or_even(user_input)  
9 print(f"The number {user_input} is {result}.")
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter a number: 55  
The number 55 is Odd.
```

Assignment 3

PROBLEM:

Python Program to print n numbers of prime number.

SOLUTION:

```
1 def print_n_primes(n):
2     count, num = 0, 2
3     while count < n:
4         if is_prime(num):
5             print(num, end=" ")
6             count += 1
7             num += 1
8 def is_prime(num):
9     if num <= 1:
10        return False
11    for i in range(2, int(num**0.5) + 1):
12        if num % i == 0:
13            return False
14    return True
15
16 n = int(input("Enter the value of n: "))
17 print(f"The first {n} prime numbers are:")
18 print_n_primes(n)
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter the value of n: 5
The first 5 prime numbers are:
2 3 5 7 11
```

PROBLEM:

Python Program to input three numbers and find the largest and smallest number.

SOLUTION:

```
1 def find_largest_and_smallest(num1, num2, num3):
2     largest = max(num1, num2, num3)
3     smallest = min(num1, num2, num3)
4     return largest, smallest
5
6 num1 = float(input("Enter the first number: "))
7 num2 = float(input("Enter the second number: "))
8 num3 = float(input("Enter the third number: "))
9
10 largest_num, smallest_num = find_largest_and_smallest(num1, num2, num3)
11
12 print(f"The largest number is {largest_num}.")
13 print(f"The smallest number is {smallest_num}.")
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter the first number: 59
Enter the second number: 69
Enter the third number: 79
The largest number is 79.0.
The smallest number is 59.0.
```

Assignment 4

PROBLEM:

Python Program to determine Armstrong number

SOLUTION:

```
1 def is_armstrong(number):
2     num_str = str(number)
3     num_digits = len(num_str)
4     digit_sum = sum(int(digit) ** num_digits for digit in num_str)
5     return digit_sum == number
6
7 user_input = int(input("Enter a number: "))
8 if user_input < 0:
9     print("Please enter a non-negative integer.")
10 elif is_armstrong(user_input):
11     print(f"{user_input} is an Armstrong number.")
12 else:
13     print(f"{user_input} is not an Armstrong number.")
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter a number: 152
152 is not an Armstrong number.
```

PROBLEM:

Python Program to determine palindrome number.

SOLUTION:

```
1 def is_palindrome(number):
2     num_str = str(number)
3     return num_str == num_str[::-1]
4
5 user_input = int(input("Enter a number: "))
6 if user_input < 0:
7     print("Please enter a non-negative integer.")
8 elif is_palindrome(user_input):
9     print(f"{user_input} is a palindrome number.")
10 else:
11     print(f"{user_input} is not a palindrome number.")
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter a number: 123321
123321 is a palindrome number.
```


PROBLEM:

Python Program to reverse words in a given String in Python.

SOLUTION:

```
1 def reverse_words(input_string):
2     words = input_string.split()
3
4     reversed_words = words[::-1]
5     reversed_string = ' '.join(reversed_words)
6     return reversed_string
7
8 input_string = "Hello World"
9 reversed_string = reverse_words(input_string)
10 print("Original String:", input_string)
11 print("Reversed Words String:", reversed_string)
12
```

OUTPUT:

```
Original String: Hello World
Reversed Words String: World Hello
```

Assignment 5

PROBLEM:

Python Program using 5 string function in python.

SOLUTION:

```
1 def string_functions_demo(input_string):
2     words = input_string.split()
3     print("Split String into Words:", words)
4
5     joined_string = '-'.join(words)
6     print("Joined String with Hyphens:", joined_string)
7
8     replaced_string = input_string.replace('World', 'Universe')
9     print("String after Replacement:", replaced_string)
10
11     upper_string = input_string.upper()
12     print("Uppercase String:", upper_string)
13
14
15 # Example usage
16 input_string = " Hello World "
17 string_functions_demo(input_string)
```

OUTPUT:

```
Split String into Words: ['Hello', 'World']
Joined String with Hyphens: Hello-World
String after Replacement: Hello Universe
Uppercase String: HELLO WORLD
```

PROBLEM:

Python Program to display the terms of a Fibonacci series.

SOLUTION:

```
1 def fibonacci_series(n):
2     a, b = 0, 1
3
4     for i in range(n):
5         print(a, end=" ")
6         a, b = b, a + b
7
8 num_of_terms = 10
9 print(f"Fibonacci series up to {num_of_terms} terms:")
10 fibonacci_series(num_of_terms)
```

OUTPUT:

```
Fibonacci series up to 10 terms:
0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34
```

Assignment 6

PROBLEM:

Python Program to find largest & smallest number in a tuple.

SOLUTION:

```
1 def find_largest_and_smallest(numbers):  
2     largest = max(numbers)  
3     smallest = min(numbers)  
4     return largest, smallest  
5  
6 # Example usage  
7 numbers = (3, 41, 52, 26, 38, 57, 9, 49)  
8 largest, smallest = find_largest_and_smallest(numbers)  
9 print("Largest number:", largest)  
10 print("Smallest number:", smallest)
```

OUTPUT:

```
Largest number: 57  
Smallest number: 3
```

PROBLEM:

Python Program to find largest & smallest number in a list

SOLUTION:

```
1 def find_largest_and_smallest(numbers):
2     largest = numbers[0]
3     smallest = numbers[0]
4
5     for number in numbers:
6         if number > largest:
7             largest = number
8         if number < smallest:
9             smallest = number
10
11     return largest, smallest
12
13 numbers = [3, 41, 52, 26, 38, 57, 9, 49]
14 largest, smallest = find_largest_and_smallest(numbers)
15 print("Largest number:", largest)
16 print("Smallest number:", smallest)
```

OUTPUT:

```
Largest number: 57
Smallest number: 3
```

Assignment 7

PROBLEM:

Python Program to Sort Python Dictionaries by Key or Value.

SOLUTION:

```
1 myDict = {'ravi': 10, 'rajnish': 9,  
2           'sanjeev': 15, 'yash': 2, 'suraj': 32}  
3  
4 myKeys = list(myDict.keys())  
5 myValue = list(myDict.items())  
6 myValue.sort(key=lambda item: item[1])  
7 myKeys.sort()  
8 sorted_dict_key = {i: myDict[i] for i in myKeys}  
9 sorted_dict_value = {i[0]: i[1] for i in myValue}  
10  
11 print(sorted_dict_key)  
12 print(sorted_dict_value)
```

OUTPUT:

```
{'rajnish': 9, 'ravi': 10, 'sanjeev': 15, 'suraj': 32, 'yash': 2}  
{'yash': 2, 'rajnish': 9, 'ravi': 10, 'sanjeev': 15, 'suraj': 32}
```

PROBLEM:

Python Program to Merging two Dictionaries.

SOLUTION:

```
1 def merge_dicts(dict1, dict2):
2     merged_dict = dict1.copy()
3     merged_dict.update(dict2)
4     return merged_dict
5
6 # Example usage
7 dict1 = {'a': 1, 'b': 2}
8 dict2 = {'c': 3, 'd': 4}
9 merged_dict = merge_dicts(dict1, dict2)
10 print("Merged Dictionary:", merged_dict)
```

OUTPUT:

```
Merged Dictionary: {'a': 1, 'b': 2, 'c': 3, 'd': 4}
```

Assignment 8

PROBLEM:

Python Program to perform guess the number generated by Random function.

SOLUTION:

```
1 import random
2
3 def guess_the_number():
4     secret_number = random.randint(1, 100)
5
6     print("I have chosen a number between 1 and 100. Can you guess it?")
7
8     attempts = 0
9     while True:
10        guess = int(input("Enter your guess (between 1 and 100): "))
11        attempts += 1
12
13        if guess < secret_number:
14            print("Too low! Try again.")
15        elif guess > secret_number:
16            print("Too high! Try again.")
17        else:
18            print(f"Congratulations! You guessed the number {secret_number} correctly!")
19            print(f"It took you {attempts} attempts.")
20            break
21
22 guess_the_number()
```

OUTPUT:

```
I have chosen a number between 1 and 100. Can you guess it?
Enter your guess (between 1 and 100): 50
Too low! Try again.
Enter your guess (between 1 and 100): 75
Too low! Try again.
Enter your guess (between 1 and 100): 80
Too low! Try again.
Enter your guess (between 1 and 100): 90
Too high! Try again.
Enter your guess (between 1 and 100): 85
Too low! Try again.
Enter your guess (between 1 and 100): 87
Too low! Try again.
Enter your guess (between 1 and 100): 88
Too low! Try again.
Enter your guess (between 1 and 100): 89
Congratulations! You guessed the number 89 correctly!
It took you 8 attempts.
```


Assignment 9

PROBLEM:

Python Program to perform Single Inheritance in python.

SOLUTION:

```
1 class Parent:
2     def __init__(self, name):
3         self.name = name
4
5     def show_info(self):
6         print("Name:", self.name)
7
8 class Child(Parent):
9     def __init__(self, name, age):
10        super().__init__(name)
11        self.age = age
12
13    def show_info(self):
14        super().show_info()
15        print("Age:", self.age)
16
17 parent_obj = Parent("ParentName")
18 child_obj = Child("ChildName", 10)
19 parent_obj.show_info()
20 child_obj.show_info()
```

OUTPUT:

```
Name: ParentName
Name: ChildName
Age: 10
```

Assignment 10

PROBLEM:

Python Program to perform Multiple Inheritance in python.

SOLUTION:

```
1 class Parent1:
2     def method1(self):
3         print("Method 1 from Parent 1")
4
5 class Parent2:
6     def method2(self):
7         print("Method 2 from Parent 2")
8
9 class Child(Parent1, Parent2):
10    def method3(self):
11        print("Method 3 from Child")
12
13 child_obj = Child()
14
15 child_obj.method1()
16 child_obj.method2()
17 child_obj.method3()
```

OUTPUT:

```
Method 1 from Parent 1
Method 2 from Parent 2
Method 3 from Child
```

Assignment 11

PROBLEM:

Python Program to perform Multilevel Inheritance in python.

SOLUTION:

```
1 class Grandparent:
2     def method1(self):
3         print("Method 1 from Grandparent")
4
5 class Parent(Grandparent):
6     def method2(self):
7         print("Method 2 from Parent")
8
9 class Child(Parent):
10    def method3(self):
11        print("Method 3 from Child")
12
13 child_obj = Child()
14 child_obj.method1()
15 child_obj.method2()
16 child_obj.method3()
```

OUTPUT:

```
Method 1 from Grandparent
Method 2 from Parent
Method 3 from Child
```

Assignment 12

PROBLEM:

Python Program to perform Hierarchical Inheritance in python.

SOLUTION:

```
1 - class Grandparent:
2 -     def method1(self):
3 -         print("Method 1 from Grandparent")
4
5 - class Parent(Grandparent):
6 -     def method2(self):
7 -         print("Method 2 from Parent")
8
9 - class Child(Grandparent):
10 -     def method3(self):
11 -         print("Method 3 from Child")
12
13 child_obj = Child()
14 parent_obj = Parent()
15
16 child_obj.method1()
17 child_obj.method3()
18
19 parent_obj.method1()
20 parent_obj.method2()
```

OUTPUT:

```
Method 1 from Grandparent
Method 3 from Child
Method 1 from Grandparent
Method 2 from Parent
```

Assignment 13

PROBLEM:

Python Program to perform Hybrid Inheritance in python.

SOLUTION:

```
1 class A:
2     def method_A(self):
3         print("Method A from class A")
4
5 class B(A):
6     def method_B(self):
7         print("Method B from class B")
8
9 class C(A):
10    def method_C(self):
11        print("Method C from class C")
12
13 class D(B, C):
14    def method_D(self):
15        print("Method D from class D")
16
17 d_obj = D()
18 d_obj.method_A()
19 d_obj.method_B()
20 d_obj.method_C()
21 d_obj.method_D()
```

OUTPUT:

```
Method A from class A
Method B from class B
Method C from class C
Method D from class D
```

Assignment 14

PROBLEM:

Python Program to create class/objects in Python and perform movie ticket booking.

SOLUTION:

```
1 class MovieTicket:
2     def __init__(self, movie_name, theater_name, show_time, num_tickets):
3         self.movie_name = movie_name
4         self.theater_name = theater_name
5         self.show_time = show_time
6         self.num_tickets = num_tickets
7
8     def book_tickets(self, num_tickets):
9         if num_tickets <= 0:
10            print("Number of tickets should be greater than zero.")
11            return
12        if num_tickets <= self.num_tickets:
13            print(f"Successfully booked {num_tickets} ticket(s) for the movie {self
14                .movie_name}.")
15            self.num_tickets -= num_tickets
16        else:
17            print("Sorry, tickets are not available.")
18
19    def show_details(self):
20        print("Movie:", self.movie_name)
21        print("Theater:", self.theater_name)
22        print("Show Time:", self.show_time)
23        print("Available Tickets:", self.num_tickets)
24
25 movie_ticket = MovieTicket("Avengers: Endgame", "Regal Cinemas", "7:00 PM", 100)
26 movie_ticket.show_details()
27 movie_ticket.book_tickets(3)
28 movie_ticket.show_details()
```

OUTPUT:

```
Movie: Avengers: Endgame
Theater: Regal Cinemas
Show Time: 7:00 PM
Available Tickets: 100
Successfully booked 3 ticket(s) for the movie Avengers: Endgame.
Movie: Avengers: Endgame
Theater: Regal Cinemas
Show Time: 7:00 PM
Available Tickets: 97
```

PROBLEM:

Python Program to work with class constructors and other elements of OOP in Python.

SOLUTION:

```
1 class Car:
2     num_cars = 0
3     def __init__(self, brand, model, year, color):
4         self.brand = brand
5         self.model = model
6         self.year = year
7         self.color = color
8         Car.num_cars += 1
9
10    def display_info(self):
11        print("Brand:", self.brand)
12        print("Model:", self.model)
13        print("Year:", self.year)
14        print("Color:", self.color)
15
16    @staticmethod
17    def total_cars():
18        print("Total cars:", Car.num_cars)
19
20 car1 = Car("Toyota", "Camry", 2018, "Red")
21 car2 = Car("Honda", "Civic", 2020, "Blue")
22
23 print("Car 1 Information:")
24 car1.display_info()
25 print("\nCar 2 Information:")
26 car2.display_info()
27 Car.total_cars()
```

OUTPUT:

Car 1 Information:	Car 2 Information:
Brand: Toyota	Brand: Honda
Model: Camry	Model: Civic
Year: 2018	Year: 2020
Color: Red	Color: Blue
	Total cars: 2

Assignment 15

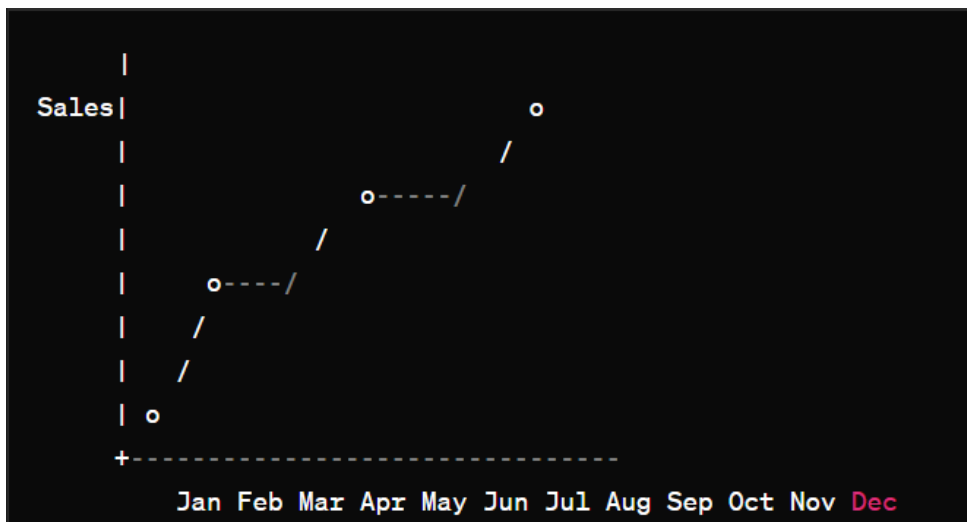
PROBLEM:

Analyzing Sales Data with Python using panda, numpy and matplotlib Library.

SOLUTION:

```
1 import pandas as pd
2 import numpy as np
3 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
4
5 # Read sales data from CSV file
6 sales_data = pd.read_csv('sales_data.csv')
7
8 # Calculate total sales per month
9 sales_data['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(sales_data['Date'])
10 sales_data['Month'] = sales_data['Date'].dt.month
11 monthly_sales = sales_data.groupby('Month')['Sales'].sum()
12
13 # Plot the monthly sales data
14 plt.plot(monthly_sales.index, monthly_sales.values, marker='o')
15 plt.title('Monthly Sales')
16 plt.xlabel('Month')
17 plt.ylabel('Total Sales')
18 plt.xticks(range(1, 13), ['Jan', 'Feb', 'Mar', 'Apr', 'May', 'Jun', 'Jul', 'Aug', 'Sep', 'Oct',
19                             , 'Nov', 'Dec'])
19 plt.grid(True)
20 plt.show()
```

OUTPUT:



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