(Chapter – 2) (Fractions and Decimals) (Class – VII)

Exercise 2.3

Question 1:

Find:

(i)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of (a) $\frac{1}{4}$ (b) $\frac{3}{5}$ (c) $\frac{4}{3}$ (ii) $\frac{1}{7}$ of (a) $\frac{2}{9}$ (b) $\frac{6}{5}$ (c) $\frac{3}{10}$

(i) (a)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of $\frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1 \times 1}{4 \times 4} = \frac{1}{16}$
(b) $\frac{1}{4}$ of $\frac{3}{5} = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{1 \times 3}{4 \times 4} = \frac{3}{16}$

(c)
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of $\frac{4}{3} = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{4}{3} = \frac{1 \times 4}{4 \times 3} = \frac{1}{3}$
(a) $\frac{1}{7}$ of $\frac{2}{9} = \frac{1}{7} \times \frac{2}{9} = \frac{1 \times 2}{7 \times 9} = \frac{2}{63}$

(b)
$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 of $\frac{2}{9} = \frac{1}{7} \times \frac{6}{5} = \frac{1 \times 6}{7 \times 5} = \frac{6}{35}$
(c) $\frac{1}{7}$ of $\frac{2}{9} = \frac{1}{7} \times \frac{3}{10} = \frac{1 \times 3}{7 \times 10} = \frac{3}{70}$

Question 2:

(ii)

Multiply and reduce to lowest form (if possible):

(i)
$$\frac{2}{3} \times 2\frac{2}{3}$$
 (ii) $\frac{2}{7} \times \frac{7}{9}$ (iii) $\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{6}{4}$ (iv) $\frac{9}{5} \times \frac{3}{5}$ (v) $\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{15}{8}$ (vi) $\frac{11}{2} \times \frac{3}{10}$ (vii) $\frac{4}{5} \times \frac{12}{7}$

Answer 2:

(i)
$$\frac{2}{3} \times 2\frac{2}{3} = \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{8}{3} = \frac{2 \times 8}{3 \times 3} = \frac{16}{9} = 1\frac{7}{9}$$

(ii)
$$\frac{2}{7} \times \frac{7}{9} = \frac{2 \times 7}{7 \times 9} = \frac{2}{9}$$

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(iii)
$$\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{6}{4} = \frac{3 \times 6}{8 \times 4} = \frac{3 \times 3}{8 \times 2} = \frac{9}{16}$$

(iv)
$$\frac{9}{5} \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{9 \times 3}{5 \times 5} = \frac{27}{25} = 1\frac{2}{25}$$

(v)
$$\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{15}{8} = \frac{1 \times 15}{3 \times 8} = \frac{1 \times 5}{1 \times 8} = \frac{5}{8}$$

(vi)
$$\frac{11}{2} \times \frac{3}{10} = \frac{11 \times 3}{2 \times 10} = \frac{33}{20} = 1\frac{3}{20}$$

(vii)
$$\frac{4}{5} \times \frac{12}{7} = \frac{4 \times 12}{5 \times 7} = \frac{48}{35} = 1\frac{13}{35}$$

Question 3:

Multiply the following fractions:

(i)
$$\frac{2}{5} \times 5\frac{1}{4}$$
 (ii) $6\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{7}{9}$ (iii) $\frac{3}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{3}$

(v)
$$3\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{4}{7}$$
 (vi) $2\frac{3}{5} \times 3$ (vii) $3\frac{4}{7} \times \frac{3}{5}$

(iv) $\frac{5}{6} \times 2\frac{3}{7}$

Answer 3:

(v)

(i)
$$\frac{2}{5} \times 5\frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{5} \times \frac{21}{4} = \frac{2 \times 21}{5 \times 4} = \frac{1 \times 21}{5 \times 2} = \frac{21}{10} = 2\frac{1}{10}$$

(ii)
$$6\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{7}{9} = \frac{32}{5} \times \frac{7}{9} = \frac{32 \times 7}{5 \times 9} = \frac{224}{45} = 4\frac{44}{45}$$

(iii)
$$\frac{3}{2} \times 5\frac{1}{3} = \frac{3}{2} \times \frac{16}{3} = \frac{48}{6} = 8$$

(iv)
$$\frac{5}{6} \times 2\frac{3}{7} = \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{17}{7} = \frac{85}{42} = 2\frac{1}{42}$$

(v) $3\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{4}{7} = \frac{17}{7} \times \frac{4}{7} = \frac{68}{25} = 1\frac{33}{25}$

(vi)
$$2\frac{3}{5} \times 3 = \frac{13}{5} \times \frac{3}{1} = \frac{13 \times 3}{5 \times 1} = \frac{39}{5} = 7\frac{4}{5}$$

(vii)
$$3\frac{4}{7} \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{25}{7} \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{5 \times 3}{7 \times 1} = \frac{15}{7} = 2\frac{1}{7}$$

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Question 4:

Which is greater:

(i)
$$\frac{2}{7}$$
 of $\frac{3}{4}$ or $\frac{3}{5}$ of $\frac{5}{8}$

(ii)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of $\frac{6}{7}$ or $\frac{2}{3}$ of $\frac{3}{7}$

Answer 4:

(i)
$$\frac{2}{7} \text{ of } \frac{3}{4} \text{ or } \frac{3}{5} \text{ of } \frac{5}{8}$$

 $\Rightarrow \frac{2}{7} \times \frac{3}{4} \text{ or } \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{5}{8}$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3}{14} \text{ or } \frac{3}{8}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3}{14} < \frac{3}{8}$$
Thus, $\frac{3}{5}$ of $\frac{5}{8}$ is greater.

(ii)
$$\frac{1}{2} \text{ of } \frac{6}{7} \text{ or } \frac{2}{3} \text{ of } \frac{3}{7}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{6}{7} \text{ or } \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{3}{7}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3}{7} \text{ or } \frac{2}{7}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3}{7} > \frac{2}{7}$$

Thus, $\frac{1}{2}$ of $\frac{6}{7}$ is greater.

Question 5:

Saili plants 4 saplings in a row in her garden. The distance between two adjacent saplings is $\frac{3}{4}$ m. Find the distance between the first and the last sapling.

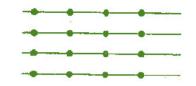
Answer 5:

The distance between two adjacent saplings = $\frac{3}{4}$ m

Saili planted 4 saplings in a row, then number of gap in saplings = 3

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Therefore,

The distance between the first and the last saplings = $3 \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{9}{4}$ m = $2\frac{1}{4}$ m

Thus the distance between the first and the last saplings is $2\frac{1}{4}$ m.

Question 6:

Lipika reads a book for $1\frac{3}{4}$ hours everyday. She reads the entire book in 6 days. How many hours in all were required by her to read the book?

Answer 6:

Time taken by Lipika to read a book = $1\frac{3}{4}$ hours.

She reads entire book in 6 days.

Now, total hours taken by her to read the entire book = $1\frac{3}{4} \times 6$

$$=\frac{7}{4}\times 6=\frac{21}{2}=10\frac{1}{2}$$
 hours

Thus, 10 hours were required by her to read the book.

Question 7:

A car runs 16 km using 1 litre of petrol. How much distance will it cover using $2\frac{3}{4}$ litres of petrol?

Answer 7:

In 1 litre of pertrol, car covers the distance = 16 km

In $2\frac{3}{4}$ litres of petrol, car covers the distance = $2\frac{3}{4}$ of 16 km

$$=\frac{11}{4} \times 16 = 44 \text{ km}$$

Thus, the car will cover 44 km distance.

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Question 8:

- (a) (i) Provide the number in the box \square , such that $\frac{2}{3} \times \square = \frac{10}{30}$.
 - (ii) The simplest form of the number obtained in ______is _____.
- (b) (i) Provide the number in the box \square , such that $\frac{3}{5} \times \square = \frac{24}{75}$.
 - (ii) The simplest form of the number obtained in _____ is _____.

Answer 8:

(a) (i)
$$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{5}{10} = \frac{10}{30}$$

(ii) The simplest form of
$$\frac{5}{10}$$
 is $\frac{1}{2}$.

(b) (i)
$$\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{8}{15} = \frac{24}{75}$$

(ii) The simplest form of
$$\frac{8}{15}$$
 is $\frac{8}{15}$.