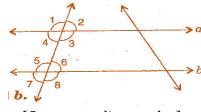
(Chapter – 5) (Lines and Angles) (Class – VII)

Exercise 5.2

Question 1:

State the property that is used in each of the following statements:

- (i) If a||b, then $\angle 1 = \angle 5$.
- (ii) If $\angle 4 = \angle 6$, then a||b.
- (iii) If $\angle 4 + \angle 5 + 180^{\circ}$, then a||b.



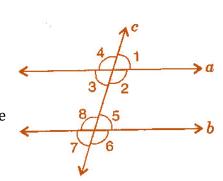
Answer 1:

- (i) Given, a||b, then $\angle 1 = \angle 5$ [Corresponding angles] If two parallel lines are cut by a transversal, each pair of corresponding angles are equal in measure.
- (ii) Given, ∠ 4 = ∠ 6, then a||b [Alternate interior angles]
 When a transversal cuts two lines such that pairs of alternate interior angles are equal, the lines have to be parallel.
 (iii) Given, ∠ 4 + ∠ 5 = 180°, then a||b [Co-interior Angles]
- When a transversal cuts two lines, such that pairs of interior angles on the same side of transversal are supplementary, the lines have to be parallel.

Question 2:

In the adjoining figure, identify:

- (i) the pairs of corresponding angles.
- (ii) the pairs of alternate interior angles.
- (iii) the pairs of interior angles on the same side of the transversal.
- (iv) the vertically opposite angles.



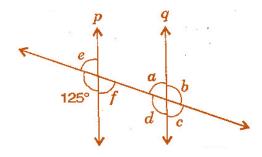
Answer 2:

- (i) The pairs of corresponding angles:
 - \angle 1, \angle 5; \angle 2, \angle 6; \angle 4, \angle 8 and \angle 3, \angle 7 (ii) The pairs of alternate interior angles are:
 - \angle 3, \angle 5 and \angle 2, \angle 8
- (iii) The pair of interior angles on the same side of the transversal: \angle 3, \angle 8 and \angle 2, \angle 5
- (iv) The vertically opposite angles are: $\angle 1$, $\angle 3$; $\angle 2$, $\angle 4$; $\angle 6$, $\angle 8$ and $\angle 5$, $\angle 7$

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Question 3:

In the adjoining figure, p||q. Find the unknown angles.



Answer 3:

Given, p||q and cut by a transversal line.

$$\therefore 125^{\circ} + e = 180^{\circ}$$
 [Linear pair]

$$e = 180^{\circ} - 125^{\circ} = 55^{\circ}$$
(i)

Now
$$e = f = 55^{\circ}$$
 [Vertically opposite angles]

Also
$$a = f = 55^{\circ}$$
 [Alternate interior angles]

$$a+b=180^{\circ}$$
 [Linear pair]

$$\Rightarrow$$
 55°+ $b = 180$ ° [From equation (i)]

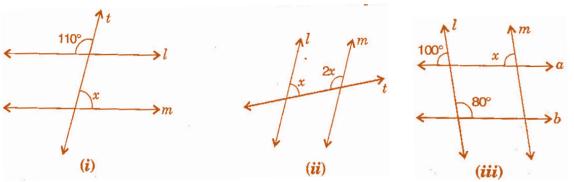
$$\Rightarrow$$
 $b=180^{\circ}-55^{\circ}=125^{\circ}$

Now
$$a = c = 55^{\circ}$$
 and $b = d = 125^{\circ}$ [Vertically opposite angles]

Thus,
$$a = 55^{\circ}, b = 125^{\circ}, c = 55^{\circ}, d = 125^{\circ}, e = 55^{\circ}$$
 and $f = 55^{\circ}$.

Question 4:

Find the values of x in each of the following figures if l||m|



Answer 4:

- (i) Given, l||m| and t is transversal line.
 - \therefore Interior vertically opposite angle between lines l and $t = 110^{\circ}$.

$$110^{\circ} + x = 180^{\circ}$$

[Supplementary angles]

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $x = 180^{\circ} - 110^{\circ} = 70^{\circ}$

(ii) Given, l||m| and t is transversal line.

$$x + 2x = 180$$

[Interior opposite angles]

$$\Rightarrow$$
 3x = 180°

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $x = \frac{180^{\circ}}{3} = 60^{\circ}$

(iii) Given, l||m and a||b.

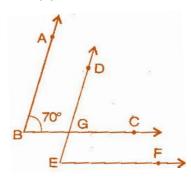
$$x = 100^{\circ}$$

[Corresponding angles]

Question 5:

In the given figure, the arms of two angles are parallel. If $\triangle ABC = 70^{\circ}$, then find:

(ii) ∠ DEF



Answer 5:

(i) Given, AB || DE and BC is a transversal line and
$$\angle$$
ABC = 70°

$$\therefore$$
 \angle ABC = \angle DGC

[Corresponding angles]

$$\therefore$$
 \(\triangle DGC = 70\circ\)

....(i)

(ii) Given, BC || EF and DE is a transversal line and
$$\angle DGC = 70^{\circ}$$

$$\therefore$$
 \angle DGC = \angle DEF

[Corresponding angles]

$$\therefore$$
 \angle DEF = 70°

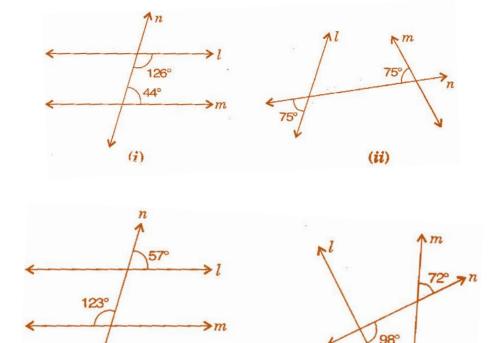
[From equation (i)]

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Question 6:

In the given figures below, decide whether l is parallel to m.

(iii)



Answer 6:

- (i) $126^{\circ} + 44^{\circ} = 170^{\circ}$ $l \parallel m$ because sum of interior opposite angles should be 180° .
- (ii) $75^{\circ} + 75^{\circ} = 150^{\circ}$ $l \parallel m$ because sum of angles does not obey the property of parallel lines.

(iv)

- (iii) $57^{\circ} + 123^{\circ} = 180^{\circ}$ $l \parallel m$ due to supplementary angles property of parallel lines.
- (iv) $98^{\circ} + 72^{\circ} = 170^{\circ}$ l is not parallel to m because sum of angles does not obey the property of parallel lines.