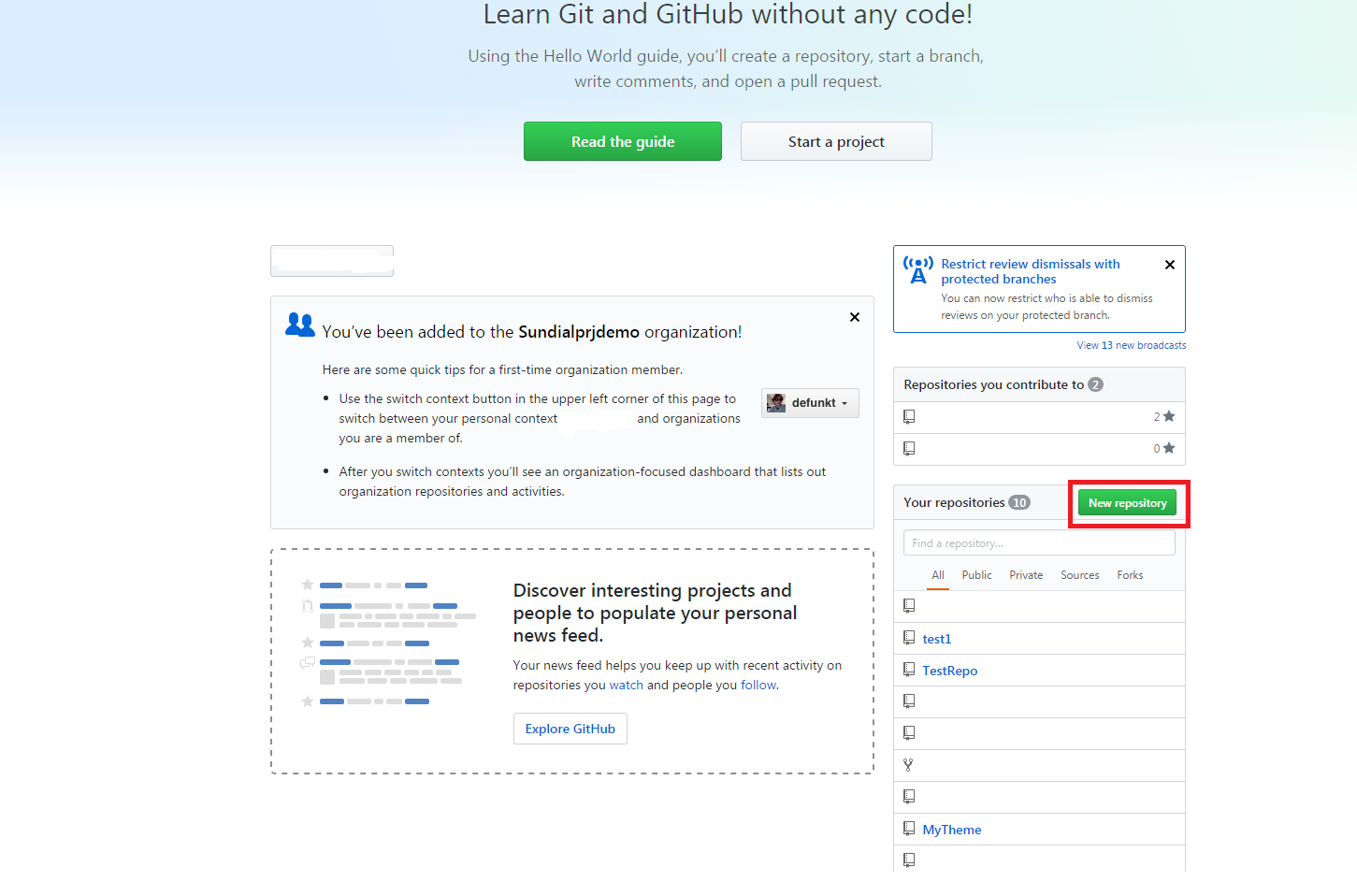
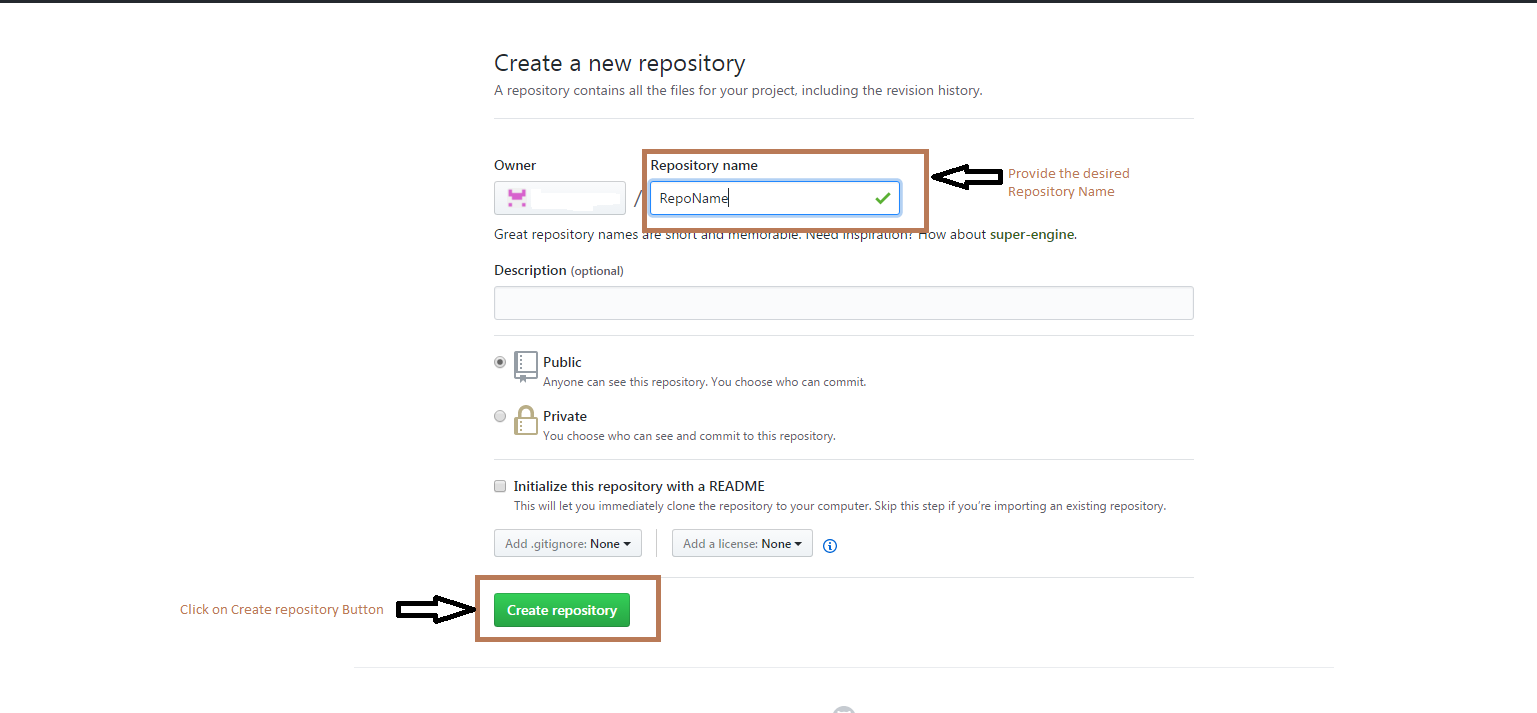
**Step 1: Creating a repository**

* Click on New Repository



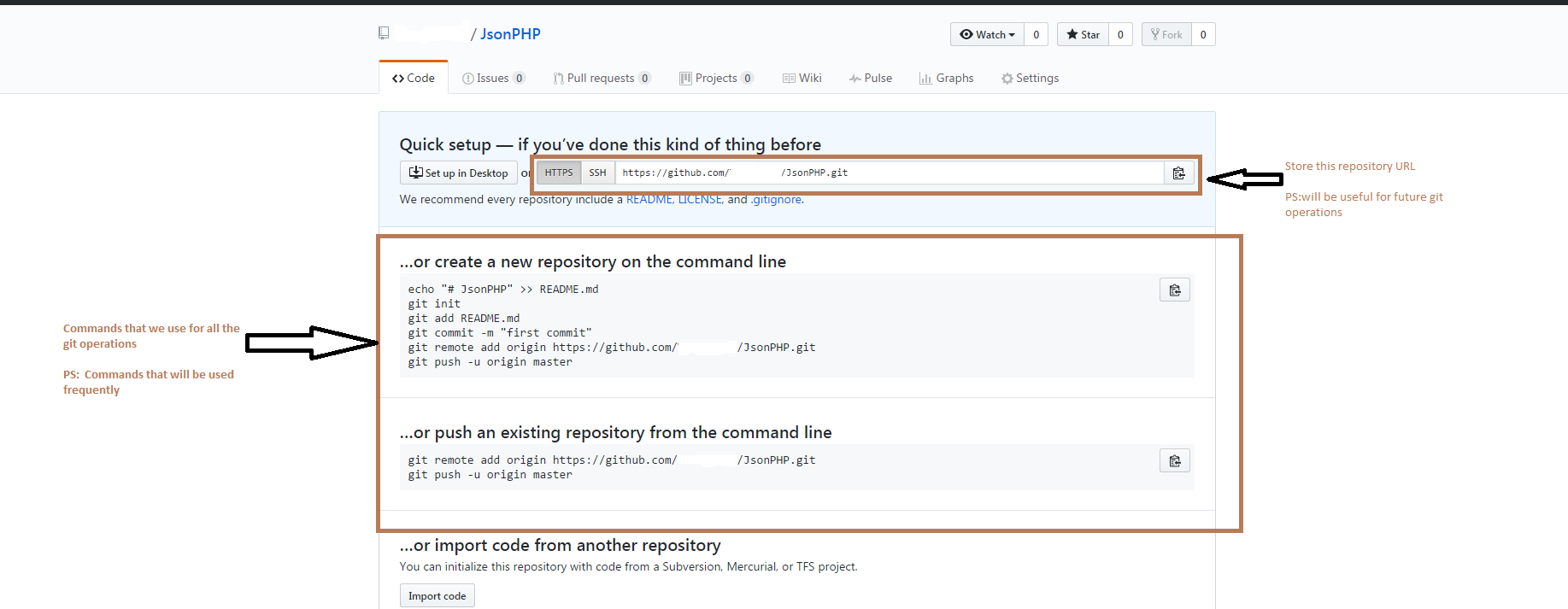
Pic 1.1

* Provide suitable repo name



Pic 1.2

* Screen after creating repo



Pic 1.3

**Step 2: Commands to use in GIT Bash (after creating repo)**

1. Check for proxy settings
   * git config --global --get http.proxy
2. Set proxy if any
   * git config --global http.proxy <http://YourOrganisationProxy:PortNumber>   
     (Eg: git config --global http.proxy http://proxyuser:proxypwd@proxy.server.com:8080)
3. To Unset proxy
   * git config --global --unset http.proxy

PS: Above three steps are used to set and unset proxy in git bash. Usually required if working in Organization machine or when you get the status code as 407.

1. Go to your desired location

* cd yourLocation/YourDesiredFolder

1. Create a new folder(if required)

* mkdir desiredFolderName
* cd desiredFolderName

1. Initialize git and work using the below commands

* git init
* git remote add origin <https://github.com/UserName.RepoName> (See pic 1.3 of Step1)
* git add Readme.txt
* git commit -m “Suitable message”
* git push –u origin master

**Note: In case you get an error as “nothing added to commit but untracked files present”: Please pull using command** git pull origin master(Always pull first than push your changes)

**Step 3: Commands to use in GIT Bash (For existing repo)**

1. To push to remote

* git remote add origin <https://github.com/UserName.RepoName> (Repo to which you have been added as collaborator or you have permission for)
* git status (Displays the changes between repo files and your current file)
* git pull origin master(Always pull first than push your changes)
* git add .
* git commit –m “Suitable Message”
* git push –u origin master.