Twitter Analytics Internship Report

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Introduction

This report provides a comprehensive analysis of a Twitter analytics dataset to uncover insights and trends based on the following tasks:

- 1. Creating a line chart showing the trend of the average engagement rate over each month, with lines for tweets with and without media content.
- 2. Developing a visualization comparing replies, retweets, and likes for tweets with media engagements greater than the median, filtered for the last six months.
- 3. Analyzing tweets to compare the engagement rate for tweets with app opens versus those without, for weekdays between 9 AM and 5 PM.
- 4. Creating a dual-axis chart showing media views and media engagements by day of the week for the last quarter, highlighting significant spikes.
- 5. Building a pie chart representing the proportion of total clicks (URL, user profile, and hashtag) for tweets with more than 500 impressions, including a drill-down to specific types of clicks.

Background

The analysis was conducted using a dataset containing various metrics related to Twitter engagement, such as impressions, engagements, retweets, replies, likes, media views, and clicks. The goal is to provide insights into how different types of content and posting times affect user engagement.

Learning Objectives

- Understand the trends and patterns in Twitter engagement metrics over time.
- Compare the effectiveness of tweets with and without media content.
- Identify factors contributing to higher engagement rates, such as app opens and media interactions.
- Visualize and interpret data to make informed decisions about social media strategy.

Activities and Tasks

Task 1: Line Chart of Average Engagement Rate by Month

The first task involved creating a line chart to show the trend of the average engagement rate over each month, distinguishing between tweets with and without media content.

Task 2: Visualization of Engagement Metrics for High Media Engagement Tweets

This task required developing a visualization comparing replies, retweets, and likes for tweets with media engagements greater than the median, filtered for the last six months.

Task 3: Engagement Rate Comparison for App Opens

For the third task, tweets posted between 9 AM and 5 PM on weekdays were analyzed to compare the engagement rate for those with app opens versus those without.

Task 4: Dual-Axis Chart of Media Views and Engagements

A dual-axis chart was created to show the number of media views and media engagements by day of the week for the last quarter, highlighting days with significant spikes in media interactions.

Task 5: Pie Chart of Total Clicks for High-Impression Tweets

The final task involved building a pie chart representing the proportion of total clicks (URL clicks, user profile clicks, and hashtag clicks) for tweets with more than 500 impressions, including a drill-down to specific types of clicks for each tweet.

Skills and Competencies

The analysis required skills in data visualization, statistical analysis, and proficiency with tools such as Power BI and Excel. Competencies included:

- Data cleaning and preprocessing
- Creating and customizing visualizations
- Interpreting and communicating insights
- Applying filters and drill-down features for detailed analysis

Feedback and Evidence

The following visualizations and analyses were produced:

1. Line Chart of Average Engagement Rate by Month:

o **Insight**: Showed a clear trend of engagement rates over time, with noticeable differences between tweets with and without media content.

2. Visualization of Engagement Metrics for High Media Engagement Tweets:

o **Insight**: Highlighted that tweets with higher media engagements tend to receive more replies, retweets, and likes.

3. Engagement Rate Comparison for App Opens:

o **Insight**: Tweets with app opens during weekdays between 9 AM and 5 PM showed a higher engagement rate compared to those without app opens.

4. Dual-Axis Chart of Media Views and Engagements:

o **Insight**: Identified specific days of the week with significant spikes in media interactions, suggesting optimal posting times for media content.

5. Pie Chart of Total Clicks for High-Impression Tweets:

o **Insight**: Provided a breakdown of different types of clicks, revealing which types of interactions were most common for high-impression tweets.

Challenges and Solutions

Challenge 1: Data Filtering and Aggregation

• **Solution**: Used advanced filtering techniques and aggregate functions in Power BI to ensure accurate and meaningful analysis.

Challenge 2: Visualization Customization

• **Solution**: Leveraged Power BI's customization options to create clear and informative visualizations that effectively communicate insights.

Challenge 3: Handling Large Dataset

• **Solution**: Optimized data processing by focusing on relevant metrics and using efficient data handling techniques in Power BI.

Outcomes and Impact

The analysis provided valuable insights into Twitter engagement trends, enabling better decision-making for social media strategy. Key outcomes included:

- Identification of optimal posting times and content types for higher engagement.
- Enhanced understanding of factors driving user interactions with tweets.
- Improved ability to tailor social media content to maximize engagement and reach.

Conclusion

The detailed analysis of the Twitter dataset revealed significant trends and patterns in user engagement, highlighting the importance of media content, app opens, and posting times. The visualizations and insights generated will assist in refining social media strategies to achieve better engagement and reach.

By leveraging data-driven insights, social media managers can optimize their content and posting schedules to enhance user interactions and overall engagement on Twitter.