

Winning Space Race with Data Science

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Outline

- Executive Summary
- Introduction
- Methodology
- Results
- Conclusion
- Appendix

Executive Summary

Summary of methodologies

This project was to analyse the success rate of landings of space craft, the data was collected from spacex website and using python and sql the data was cleaned, processed, visualized and subjected to predictive analysis

Summary of all results

The findings in the data were pretty clear, the payload weight had great impact on landing and after 2013 there were a lot of successful landings. The predictive analysis had better outcomes on decision tree model.

Introduction

Project background and context

The customer wanted to find answers on successful landings of rocket. So we collected data from spacex website. We analysed the data to find deep insights on rocket landings and factors that influenced successful rocket landing.

- Problems you want to find answers
 - 1. Is there any direct factors that influenced landing?



Methodology

Executive Summary

- Data collection methodology:
 - The data was collected from spacex website through api and webscraping of html pages
- Perform data wrangling
 - Cleaned the data to make it usable for further process.
- Perform exploratory data analysis (EDA) using visualization and SQL
- Perform interactive visual analytics using Folium and Plotly Dash
- Perform predictive analysis using classification models
 - Used scikit learn and various ml models for predictive analysis

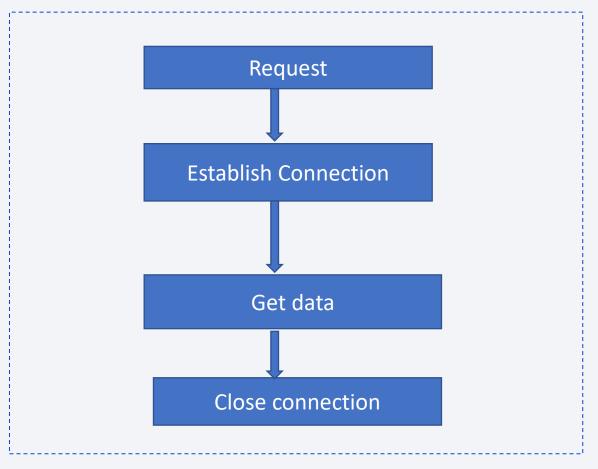
Data Collection

- Describe how data sets were collected.
 - The datasets were collected by two methods
 - API Used the spacex website api to extract data directly from the server.
 - Webscraping Used beautiful soup library to scrape html pages of spacex website to get data.
- The collected data was in a table format with relevant information

Data Collection – SpaceX API

 Github: https://github.com/imtiO3/Data_Ca pstone/blob/main/jupyter-labsspacex-data-collection-api.ipynb

spacex_url="https://api.spacexdata.com/v4/launches/past" response = requests.get(spacex_url) Check the content of the response print(response.content) b'[{"fairings":{"reused":false,"recovery_attempt":false,"recovered":false,"ships":[]},"links":{"patch":{"small": s2.imgbox.com/94/f2/NN6Ph45r o.png", "large": "https://images2.imgbox.com/5b/02/QcxHUb5V o.png"}, "reddit": {"campai ch":null, "media":null, "recovery":null}, "flickr":{"small":[], "original":[]}, "presskit":null, "webcast":"https://www watch?v=0a_00nJ_Y88", "youtube_id": "0a_00nJ_Y88", "article": "https://www.space.com/2196-spacex-inaugural-falcon-1unch.html", "wikipedia": "https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/DemoSat"}, "static_fire_date_utc": "2006-03-17T00:00:00.000Z _date_unix":1142553600,"net":false,"window":0,"rocket":"5e9d0d95eda69955f709d1eb","success":false,"failures":[{" tude":null, "reason": "merlin engine failure"}], "details": "Engine failure at 33 seconds and loss of vehicle", "crew [],"capsules":[],"payloads":["5eb0e4b5b6c3bb0006eeb1e1"],"launchpad":"5e9e4502f5090995de566f86","flight_number": onSat","date_utc":"2006-03-24T22:30:00.000Z","date_unix":1143239400,"date_local":"2006-03-25T10:30:00+12:00","da n":"hour", "upcoming":false, "cores":[{"core":"5e9e289df35918033d3b2623", "flight":1, "gridfins":false, "legs":false, e, "landing_attempt":false, "landing_success":null, "landing_type":null, "landpad":null}], "auto_update":true, "tbd":fa ibrary_id":null, "id": "5eb87cd9ffd86e000604b32a"}, {"fairings": {"reused":false, "recovery_attempt":false, "recovered" s":[]},"links":{"patch":{"small":"https://images2.imgbox.com/f9/4a/ZboXReNb_o.png","large":"https://images2.imgbo kWotCIS_o.png"}, "reddit":{"campaign":null, "launch":null, "media":null, "recovery":null}, "flickr":{"small":[], "orig.



Data Collection - Scraping

 Github: https://github.com/imtiO3/Da ta_Capstone/blob/main/jupyt er-labs-webscraping.ipynb

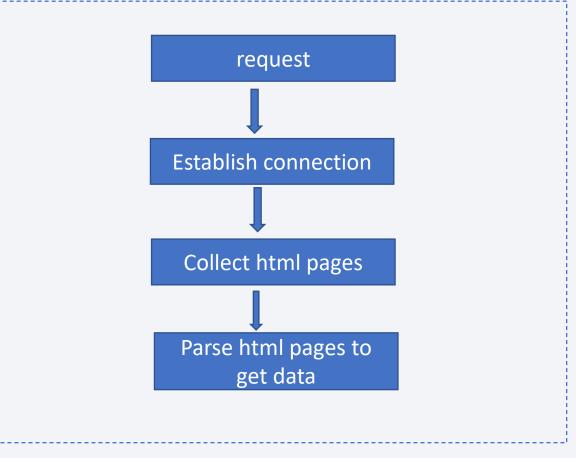
```
In [17]: # use requests.get() method with the provided static_url
    response = requests.get(static_url)
# assign the response to a object

Create a BeautifulSoup object from the HTML response

In [18]: # Use BeautifulSoup() to create a BeautifulSoup object from a response text content
    soup = BeautifulSoup(response.text, 'html.parser')

Print the page title to verify if the BeautifulSoup object was created properly

In [19]: # Use soup.title attribute
    soup.title
Out[19]: <title>List of Falcon 9 and Falcon Heavy launches - Wikipedia</title>
```



Data Wrangling

- The first step was to clean the data, null values from a column was replaced with its mean.
- The class feature was created for classification, success 1 ,failure 0.
- https://github.com/imtiO3/Data_Capstone/blob/main/IBM-DSO321EN-SkillsNetwork_labs_module_1_L3_labs-jupyter-spacexdata_wrangling_jupyterlite.jupyterlite.ipynb

EDA with Data Visualization

- Plots used for key viz:
 - Scatter plot Payload weight VS Launchpad
 - Bar plot Launchpad VS Outcome
 - Line graph Year VS Outcome
- https://github.com/imti03/Data_Capstone/blob/main/IBM-DS0321EN-SkillsNetwork_labs_module_2_jupyter-labs-eda-dataviz.ipynb.jupyterlite.ipynb

EDA with SQL

- Key Queries Used:
 - %%sql SELECT MIN(Date) FROM SPACEXTABLE WHERE Landing_Outcome LIKE '%Ground%' To find first successful landing.
 - %sql SELECT Booster_Version FROM SPACEXTABLE WHERE PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_ IN (SELECT MAX(PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_) FROM SPACEXTABLE) – Boosters that carried max payload
- https://github.com/imtiO3/Data_Capstone/blob/main/jupyter-labs-eda-sql-coursera_sqllite.ipynb

Build an Interactive Map with Folium

- Added circles for launchpads in map and markers to mark it
- This was to identify launchpad locations
- https://github.com/imti03/Data_Capstone/blob/main/IBM-DS0321EN-SkillsNetwork_labs_module_3_lab_jupyter_launch_site_location.jupyterlite.ipynb

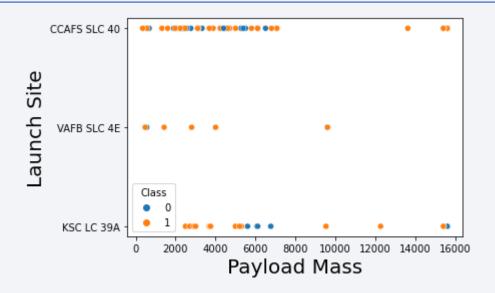
Build a Dashboard with Plotly Dash

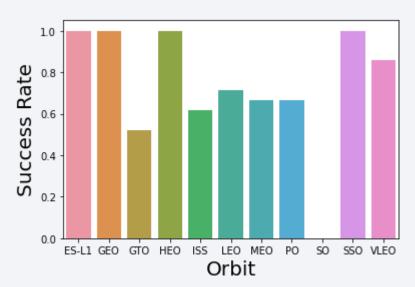
- Added pie chart and scatter plot to dashboard
- To show the success rate and payload correlation to success rate
- https://github.com/imtiO3/Data_Capstone/blob/main/spacex_dash_app.pys

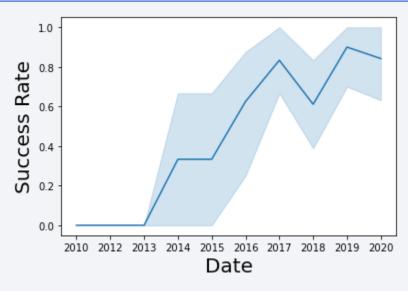
Predictive Analysis (Classification)

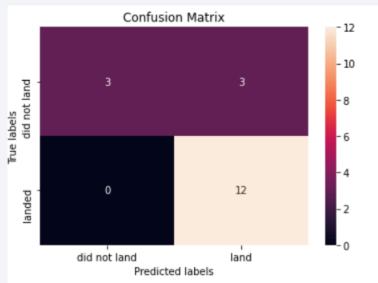
- We built 4 predictive models Logistic regression, KNN, SVM, decision tree among which decision tree had higher accuracy.
- The data was split into train and test sets and was transformed by standard scaler, then used grid search cv to use different params and models.
- https://github.com/imtiO3/Data_Capstone/blob/main/SpaceX_Machine_Learning_Prediction_Part_5.jupyterlite.ipynb

Results





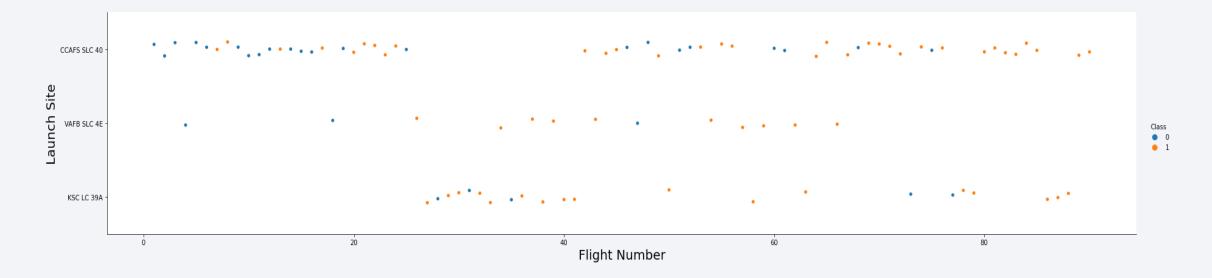






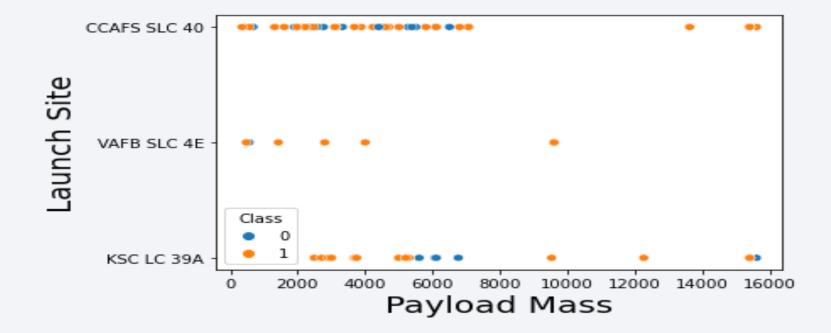
Flight Number vs. Launch Site

scatter plot of Flight Number vs. Launch Site



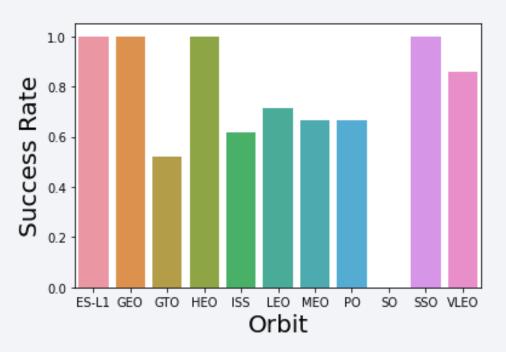
Payload vs. Launch Site

scatter plot of Payload vs.
 Launch Site



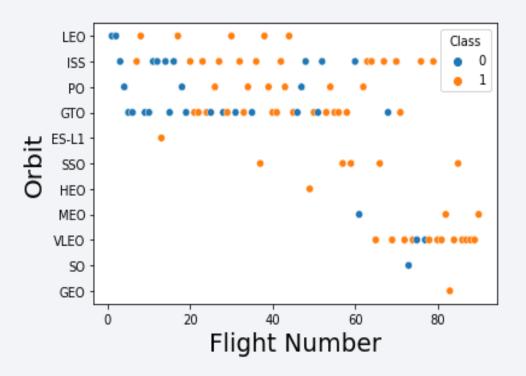
Success Rate vs. Orbit Type

 bar chart for the success rate of each orbit type



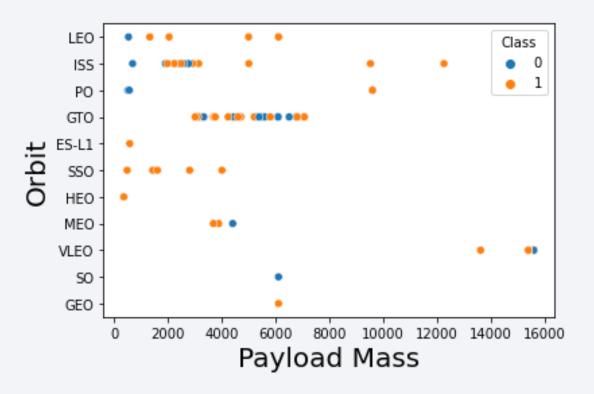
Flight Number vs. Orbit Type

• scatter point of Flight number vs. Orbit type



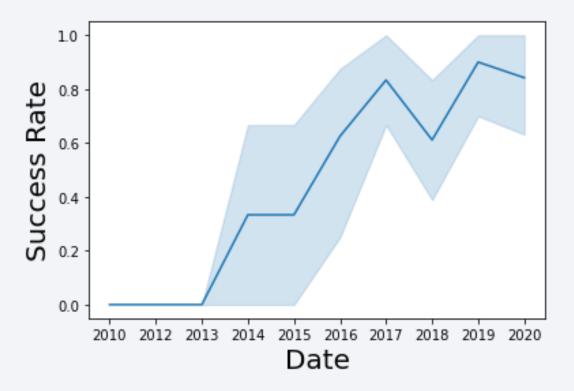
Payload vs. Orbit Type

 scatter point of payload vs. orbit type



Launch Success Yearly Trend

• line chart of yearly average success rate



All Launch Site Names

• names of the unique launch sites



Launch Site Names Begin with 'CCA'

• 5 records where launch sites begin with `CCA`

%%sql SELECT * FROM SPACEXTABLE WHERE Launch_Site LIKE 'CCA%' LIMIT 5;												
* sqlite:///my_data1.db one.												
Date	Time (UTC)	Booster_Version	Launch_Site	Payload	PAYLOAD_MASSKG_	Orbit	Customer	Mission_Outcome	Landing_Outcome			
2010- 04-06	18:45:00	F9 v1.0 B0003	CCAFS LC- 40	Dragon Spacecraft Qualification Unit	0	LEO	SpaceX	Success	Failure (parachute)			
2010- 08-12	15:43:00	F9 v1.0 B0004	CCAFS LC- 40	Dragon demo flight C1, two CubeSats, barrel of Brouere cheese	0	LEO (ISS)	NASA (COTS) NRO	Success	Failure (parachute			
2012- 05-22	07:44:00	F9 v1.0 B0005	CCAFS LC- 40	Dragon demo flight C2	525	LEO (ISS)	NASA (COTS)	Success	No attemp			
2012- 08-10	00:35:00	F9 v1.0 B0006	CCAFS LC- 40	SpaceX CRS-1	500	LEO (ISS)	NASA (CRS)	Success	No attemp			
2013- 01-03	15:10:00	F9 v1.0 B0007	CCAFS LC- 40	SpaceX CRS-2	677	LEO (ISS)	NASA (CRS)	Success	No attemp			

Total Payload Mass

total payload carried by boosters from NASA

```
%%sql SELECT SUM(PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_) FROM SPACEXTABLE
WHERE Customer = 'NASA (CRS)';

* sqlite://my_data1.db
Done.

SUM(PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_)

45596
```

Average Payload Mass by F9 v1.1

The average payload mass carried by booster version F9 v1.1

```
%%sql SELECT AVG(PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_) FROM SPACEXTABLE
WHERE Booster_Version LIKE '%F9 v1.1%'

* sqlite://my_data1.db
Done.

AVG(PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_)

2534.666666666666665
```

First Successful Ground Landing Date

The date of the first successful landing outcome on ground pad

```
%%sql SELECT MIN(Date) FROM SPACEXTABLE
WHERE Landing_Outcome LIKE '%Ground%'

* sqlite://my_data1.db
Done.

MIN(Date)

2015-12-22
```

Successful Drone Ship Landing with Payload between 4000 and 6000

 Names of boosters which have successfully landed on drone ship and had payload mass greater than 4000 but less than 6000

:	<pre>%%sql SELECT Booster_Version FROM SPACEXTABLE WHERE Landing_Outcome LIKE '%drone ship%' AND (PAYLOAD_MASSKG_ > 4000 AND PAYLOAD_MASSKG_ < 6000);</pre>								
	* sqlite:///my_cone.	data1.db							
:	Booster_Version								
	F9 FT B1020								
	F9 FT B1022								
	F9 FT B1026								
	F9 FT B1021.2								
	F9 FT B1031.2								

Total Number of Successful and Failure Mission Outcomes

The total number of successful and failure mission outcomes

```
cur.execute('SELECT Mission_Outcome FROM SPACEXTABLE')
mission_outcome = cur.fetchall()
success = 0
failure = 0
for i in mission_outcome:
    if 'Success' in i:
        success+=1
    else:
        failure+=1

print(f'success: {success}\nfailure: {failure}')

success: 98
failure: 3
```

Boosters Carried Maximum Payload

Names of the booster which have carried the maximum payload mass



2015 Launch Records

 Failed landing outcomes in drone ship, their booster versions, and launch site names for in year 2015

```
%%sql SELECT
    substr(Date, 4, 2)
        AS Month,
    Landing_Outcome,
    Booster_Version,
    Launch_Site
FROM SPACEXTABLE
WHERE substr(Date, 7, 4) = '2015';

* sqlite:///my_data1.db
one.
Month Landing_Outcome Booster_Version Launch_Site
```

Rank Landing Outcomes Between 2010-06-04 and 2017-03-20

 Rank the count of landing outcomes (such as Failure (drone ship) or Success (ground pad)) between the date 2010-06-04 and 2017-03-20, in descending order



<Folium Map Screenshot 1>

Replace <Folium map screenshot 1> title with an appropriate title

• Explore the generated folium map and make a proper screenshot to include all launch sites' location markers on a global map

<Folium Map Screenshot 2>

Replace <Folium map screenshot 2> title with an appropriate title

 Explore the folium map and make a proper screenshot to show the colorlabeled launch outcomes on the map

<Folium Map Screenshot 3>

Replace <Folium map screenshot 3> title with an appropriate title

• Explore the generated folium map and show the screenshot of a selected launch site to its proximities such as railway, highway, coastline, with distance calculated and displayed



< Dashboard Screenshot 1>

Replace < Dashboard screenshot 1> title with an appropriate title

• Show the screenshot of launch success count for all sites, in a piechart

< Dashboard Screenshot 2>

Replace <Dashboard screenshot 2> title with an appropriate title

• Show the screenshot of the piechart for the launch site with highest launch success ratio

< Dashboard Screenshot 3>

• Replace < Dashboard screenshot 3> title with an appropriate title

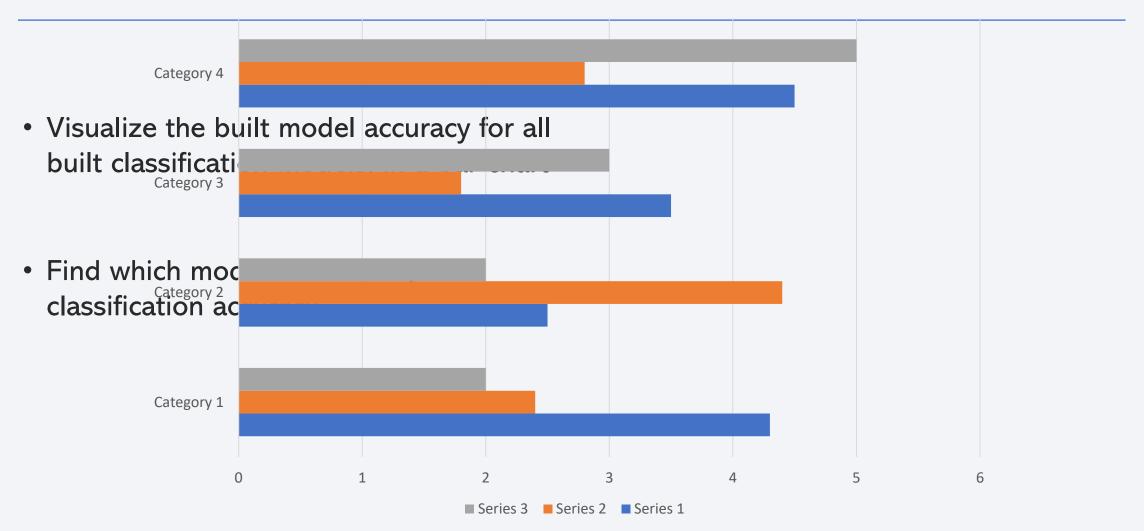
• Show screenshots of Payload vs. Launch Outcome scatter plot for all sites, with different payload selected in the range slider

• Explain the important elements and findings on the screenshot, such as which payload range or booster version have the largest success rate, etc.



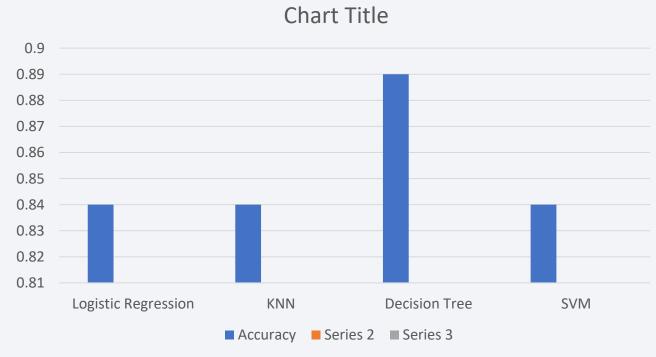
Classification Accuracy

Chart Title



Confusion Matrix

• Show the confusion matrix of the best performing model with an explanation



Conclusions

- The four models had the same testing accuracy
- The four models had identical confusion matrix values
- Only decision tree had higher training accuracy of 89%
- All models performed well on the given data.

Appendix

KSC launch pad clearly has high success outcomes.

In VAFB launch pad it can be clearly distinguished that higher payload has greater success outcome.

In CCAFS launch pad there are a lot of outliers and the data is pretty much same for both class, so it is hard to distinguish between success and failure.

