Module 1:

TABC SELLER-SERVER TRAINING OVERVIEW

TABC Seller-Server Training Overview

Module 1: Objectives

- > Correctly define terms used in this course.
- > Describe the purpose, goals, and rules for seller-server training & certification.
- preventing alcohol sales to minors, intoxicated persons, and non-members of a private club. > State the intent of Texas laws concerned with

Reporting Violations to TABC

- > The class you are attending is owned and operated by a complaint about a school or trainer, please contact TABC private business separate from the TABC. To submit a directly.
- > 512-206-3420 or seller.training@tabc.texas.gov
- > To report underage drinking or illegal alcohol sales, ple contact 1-888-THE-TABC

TABC Seller-Server Training Overvi Seller-Server Certification

Your information will be entered into the TABC sellerserver database no later than 14 days from today.

To receive your certificate you must provide:

- V Name
- > Personal identification number
- ➤ Date of birth

that you make a copy of it for your employer and keep the original for yourself. The certification belongs to Once you receive the certificate, it is suggested you, no matter who pays for the course.

TABC Certification

- > TABC certification is good for 2 years.
- must be retaken if you wish to remain certified. The certificate is non-renewable and the class A
- If your certificate is lost, proof of certification can be obtained on the TABC website: www.tabc.texas.gov

Definitions

Alcoholic Beverage

Alcohol, or any beverage containing more than one-half of one percent of alcohol by volume, which is capable of use for beverage purposes, either alone or when diluted.

Employee

considered an employee of that business. This also includes Anyone who sells, serves, dispenses, or delivers alcoholic anyone who immediately manages, directs, supervises, or beverages for a business that is licensed to sell alcohol is controls the sale or service of alcoholic beverages.

TABC Seller-Server Training **Definitions**

Minor

A person under the age of 21. [Texas Alcoholic Beverage Code Sec. 106.01]

Intoxication

Not having the normal use of mental or physical faculties two or more of those substances, or any other substance substance, a drug, a dangerous drug, a combination of into the body; or having a blood alcohol concentration by reason of the introduction of alcohol, a controlled (BAC) of 0.08 or more. [Penal Code Sec. 49.01(2)]

TABC Seller-Server Training **Definitions**

Public Intoxication

To appear in a public place while intoxicated to the degree that the person may endanger the person or another. [Penal Code Sec.

Criminal Negligence

A person fails to meet a standard level of care that an ordinary person under these conditions would meet. e/g/ checking IDs, calculating age, refusing to over-serve patrons, and looking for signs of intoxication.

Responsibilities of a Seller-Server

minors, intoxicated persons, and non-members of a private Follow the laws intended to prevent the sale of alcohol to

- alcoholic beverage is legally responsible for the sale. The person who actually serves, sells, or delivers the
- assist with checking IDs and monitoring for intoxication, but the server is legally responsible and will be the one Door people, bouncers, floorwalkers, or bartenders can who receives a violation.

Responsibilities of a Seller-Server

Breaking the laws for selling alcohol puts you, your employer, and your customers at risk.

- > If you knowingly break the laws governing alcohol sales, you responsible for any damage caused by people to whom you may be found guilty of a crime, and you may be found sold or served alcohol.
- > The employer is at risk because they could lose their license to sell alcohol or face large fines and other penalties.
- > The customer is at risk because they may be violating the law by purchasing alcohol.

Revocation of Certification

If you are charged with breaking the laws concerning the sale of alcohol, your seller-server certification can be revoked.

- First offense you must take this class and exam again to be recertified within the first 30 days after the offense. Д
- Second offense within 12 months you may not be recertified for 90 days. A
- Third offense in 12 months you may not be recertified for 12 months. A

Safe Harbor for Employers

If you are charged with selling alcohol to a minor or to an intoxicate person, your employer could lose their license to sell. For your employers license to be protected:

- The person selling/serving is not the owner or an officer of the company;
- The person selling/serving holds a current seller-server training certificate from a TABC approved school;
- All employees engaged in the sale, service, or delivery of alcoholic beverag as well as their immediate managers, are certified within 30 days of their hir A
- consumption and ensures that each employee has read and understands the The employer has written policies for responsible alcohol service and policies;
- The employer does not directly or indirectly encourage the employee to vio A

Safe Harbor for Employers

the seller-server might be arrested, but the company's referred to as "Safe Harbor," If an illegal sale is made, > Meeting the criteria listed previously is commonly permit/license may be protected.

If any of the elements are missing, the company is not protected.

Module Review

- > Correctly define terms used in this course.
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