

Session: 2021-22

B. Tech 4thYear (VIIth Semester)

Subject: (7AG6) Environmental Engineering and Disaster Management

Instructions

- 1) Use A4 size plain paper and Cobra file.
- 2) Draw all sketch using pencil.

Last date of submission: - 25-11-2021

Assignment: -01

- Q1. Discuss the importance of safe water supply system in details.
- Q2. Describe the different type of intakes structure with neat sketch.
- Q3. What are the factors affecting demand of water?
- Q4. What is the fire demand of the city having population 1 lakh using Bustan's, Freeman's, Kuichling's and Underwriter's formula?
- Q5. What are the sources of underground water discuss in detail?
- Q6. If tomato juice is having a P_H of 4.1, then find out the hydrogen and hydroxyl ion concentration in tomato juice.
- Q7. A 50 ml sample of industrial wastewater is taken into a silica crucible. The empty weight of the crucible is 54.352g. The crucible with the sample is dried in a hot air oven at 104°C till a constant weight of 55.129g. Thereafter, the crucible with the dried sample is fired at 600°C for 1 hour in a muffle furnace, and the weight of the crucible along with residue is determined as 54.783g. Find out the concentration of total solids, total organic solids and total inorganic solids.
- Q8. A suspension of sand like particles in water with particles of diameter 0.1 mm and below is flowing into a settling tank at $0.1 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$. Assuming $g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$, specific gravity of particles = 2.65, and kinematic viscosity of water = $1.0105 \times 10^{-2} \text{ cm}^2/\text{sec}$. Find out the minimum surface area in m^2 required for this settling tank to remove particles of size 0.06 mm and above.
- Q9. Describe working and principal of slow sand filter with neat sketch.
- Q10. What is turbidity, describe all the methods of measurement of turbidity in details.