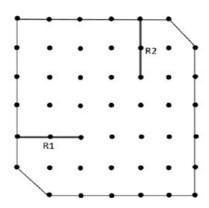
Graduate Aptitude Test in Engineering 2022 5th Feb S1

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Test Date	05/02/2022
Test Time	9:00 AM - 12:00 PM
Subject	CS Computer Science and Information Technology

Section: General Aptitude

Q.1 A plot of land must be divided between four families. They want their individual plots to be similar in shape, not necessarily equal in area. The land has equally spaced poles, marked as dots in the below figure. Two ropes, R1 and R2, are already present and cannot be moved.

What is the least number of additional straight ropes needed to create the desired plots? A single rope can pass through three poles that are aligned in a straight line.



Options A. 5

B. 4

C. 3

D. 2

Question ID : 698808205 Status : Answered

Q.2	In a recently conducted national entrance test, boys constituted 65% of those who
	appeared for the test. Girls constituted the remaining candidates and they
	accounted for 60% of the qualified candidates.

Which one of the following is the correct logical inference based on the information provided in the above passage?

- Options A. Equal number of boys and girls appeared for the test
 - B. Equal number of boys and girls qualified

The number of boys who appeared for the test is less than the number of girls who appeared

The number of boys who qualified the test is less than the number of girls who qualified

> Question ID: 698808202 Status: Answered

Chosen Option : D

Q.3 A palindrome is a word that reads the same forwards and backwards. In a game of words, a player has the following two plates painted with letters.





From the additional plates given in the options, which one of the combinations of additional plates would allow the player to construct a five-letter palindrome. The player should use all the five plates exactly once. The plates can be rotated in their plane.

Options

Question ID: 698808200 Status: Answered

Q.4 Let r be a root of the equation $x^2 + 2x + 6 = 0$.

Then the value of the expression (r+2)(r+3)(r+4)(r+5) is

Options A. 51

- B. 126
- C. -126
- D. -51

Question ID : 698808198

Status : Not Attempted and Marked For Review

Chosen Option: --

Q.5 A box contains five balls of same size and shape. Three of them are green coloured balls and two of them are orange coloured balls. Balls are drawn from the box one at a time. If a green ball is drawn, it is not replaced. If an orange ball is drawn, it is replaced with another orange ball.

First ball is drawn. What is the probability of getting an orange ball in the next draw?

Options

- A. $\frac{23}{50}$
- B. $\frac{19}{50}$
- c. $\frac{8}{25}$
- D. $\frac{1}{2}$

Question ID: 698808203

Status: Not Answered

4/10/22, 7:26 PM

Q.6

Some people believe that "what gets measured, improves". Some others believe that "what gets measured, gets gamed". One possible reason for the difference in the beliefs is the work culture in organizations. In organizations with good work culture, metrics help improve outcomes. However, the same metrics are counterproductive in organizations with poor work culture.

Which one of the following is the CORRECT logical inference based on the information in the above passage?

Options A.

Metrics are always counterproductive in organizations with good work culture

- B. Metrics are useful in organizations with poor work culture
- c. Metrics are useful in organizations with good work culture
- D. Metrics are never useful in organizations with good work culture

Question ID : 698808201 Status : Answered Chosen Option : C

Q.7 A function y(x) is defined in the interval [0, 1] on the x-axis as

$$y(x) = \begin{cases} 2 & \text{if } 0 \le x < \frac{1}{3} \\ 3 & \text{if } \frac{1}{3} \le x < \frac{3}{4} \\ 1 & \text{if } \frac{3}{4} \le x \le 1 \end{cases}$$

Which one of the following is the area under the curve for the interval [0, 1] on the x-axis?

Options

A.
$$\frac{6}{5}$$

B.
$$\frac{13}{6}$$

c.
$$\frac{5}{6}$$

D.
$$\frac{6}{13}$$

Question ID : 698808197 Status : Answered

Q.8 Th	e	is too high for it to be considered	
Options A.	fare / fair		

B. fair / fare

C. fare / fare

D. faer / fair

Question ID : 698808196 Status : Answered Chosen Option : B

Q.9 The corners and mid-points of the sides of a triangle are named using the distinct letters P, Q, R, S, T and U, but not necessarily in the same order. Consider the following statements:

- The line joining P and R is parallel to the line joining Q and S.
- · P is placed on the side opposite to the corner T.
- S and U cannot be placed on the same side.

Which one of the following statements is correct based on the above information?

Options A. R cannot be placed at a corner

- B. U cannot be placed at a mid-point
- c. P cannot be placed at a corner
- D. S cannot be placed at a corner

Question ID : 698808204 Status : Answered

Q.10	Given	below	are	four	statements.

Statement 1: All students are inquisitive.

Statement 2: Some students are inquisitive.

Statement 3: No student is inquisitive.

Statement 4: Some students are not inquisitive.

From the given four statements, find the two statements that CANNOT BE

TRUE simultaneously, assuming that there is at least one student in the class.

Options A. Statement 3 and Statement 4

- B. Statement 1 and Statement 2
- c. Statement 1 and Statement 3
- D. Statement 2 and Statement 4

Question ID : 698808199
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : C

Section: CS Computer Science and Information Technology

Q.1 Which one of the following statements is FALSE?

Options A.

The memory access time using a given inverted page table is always same for all incoming virtual addresses.

В.

The TLB performs an associative search in parallel on all its valid entries using page number of incoming virtual address.

C.

In a system that uses hashed page tables, if two distinct virtual addresses V1 and V2 map to the same value while hashing, then the memory access time of these addresses will not be the same.

D

If the virtual address of a word given by CPU has a TLB hit, but the subsequent search for the word results in a cache miss, then the word will always be present in the main memory.

Question ID : 698808233
Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

Q.2 Consider the data transfer using TCP over a 1 Gbps link. Assuming that the maximum segment lifetime (MSL) is set to 60 seconds, the minimum number of bits required for the sequence number field of the TCP header, to prevent the sequence number space from wrapping around during the MSL is

Given --Answer :

> Question ID : 698808255 Status : Not Answered

```
Q.3
     What is printed by the following ANSI C program?
     #include<stdio.h>
     int main(int argc, char *argv[])
                int a[3][3][3] =
                \{\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\},\
                 {10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18},
                 {19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27}};
           int i = 0, j = 0, k = 0;
           for(i = 0; i < 3; i++){
                for (k = 0; k < 3; k++)
                      printf("%d ", a[i][j][k]);
                printf("\n");
          return 0;
Options
       1 2 3
     A. 13 14 15
       25 26 27
       1 2 3
     B. 4 5 6
       7 8 9
       1 2 3
     C. 10 11 12
       19 20 21
       1 4 7
     D. 10 13 16
       19 22 25
                                                          Question ID: 698808238
                                                             Status: Answered
```

Consider a simple undirected weighted graph G, all of whose edge weights are distinct. Which of the following statements about the minimum spanning trees of G is/are TRUE?

Options A

One or both of the edges with the third smallest and the fourth smallest weights are part of any minimum spanning tree of G.

B. G can have multiple minimum spanning trees.

Suppose $S \subseteq V$ be such that $S \neq \phi$ and $S \neq V$. Consider the edge with the minimum weight such that one of its vertices is in S and the other in $V \setminus S$. Such an edge will always be part of any minimum spanning tree of G.

The edge with the second smallest weight is always part of any minimum spanning tree of G.

> Question ID: 698808244 Status: Answered Chosen Option: B,D

Q.5 Consider the following threads, T1, T2, and T3 executing on a single processor, synchronized using three binary semaphore variables, S1, S2, and S3, operated upon using standard wait () and signal (). The threads can be context switched in any order and at any time.

T ₁	T ₂	T ₃
while(true){	while(true){	while(true){
wait(S ₃);	wait(S ₁);	wait(S2);
print("C");	<pre>print("B");</pre>	<pre>print("A");</pre>
signal(S2); }	signal(S3); }	signal(S1); }

Which initialization of the semaphores would print the sequence BCABCABCA....?

Options A.
$$S_1 = 1$$
; $S_2 = 0$; $S_3 = 0$

B.
$$S_1 = 1$$
; $S_2 = 1$; $S_3 = 0$

c.
$$S_1 = 1$$
; $S_2 = 1$; $S_3 = 1$

D.
$$S_1 = 0$$
; $S_2 = 1$; $S_3 = 1$

Question ID: 698808214 Status: Not Answered

Q.6 Which of the following statements is/are TRUE with respect to deadlocks?

If the current allocation of resources to processes leads the system to unsafe state, then deadlock will necessarily occur.

In a system where each resource has more than one instance, a cycle in its wait-for graph indicates the presence of a deadlock.

Circular wait is a necessary condition for the formation of deadlock.

In the resource-allocation graph of a system, if every edge is an assignment edge, then the system is not in deadlock state.

> Question ID: 698808221 Status: Answered Chosen Option: A,C

Q.7 Consider the following languages:

$$L_{1} = \{a^{n}wa^{n} \mid w \in \{a, b\}^{*}\}$$

$$L_{2} = \{wxw^{R} \mid w, x \in \{a, b\}^{*}, |w|, |x| > 0\}$$

Note that w^R is the reversal of the string w. Which of the following is/are TRUE?

- Options A. $L_{\rm l}$ and $L_{\rm 2}$ are regular.
 - B. L_1 and L_2 are context-free but not regular.
 - c. L_1 and L_2 are context-free.
 - D. L_1 is regular and L_2 is context-free.

Question ID: 698808242 Status: Not Answered

Chosen Option: --

Q.8 Consider a simple undirected graph of 10 vertices. If the graph is disconnected, then the maximum number of edges it can have is

Given 80 Answer:

> Question ID: 698808225 Status: Answered

- In a relational data model, which one of the following statements is TRUE?
- Options A. BCNF decompositions preserve functional dependencies.
 - B. Every relation has at least one non-prime attribute.
 - C. A relation with only two attributes is always in BCNF.

If all attributes of a relation are prime attributes, then the relation is in BCNF.

Question ID: 698808209 Status: Not Answered

Q.10 Suppose we are given n keys, m hash table slots, and two simple uniform hash functions h_1 and h_2 . Further suppose our hashing scheme uses h_1 for the odd keys and h_2 for the even keys. What is the expected number of keys in a slot?

Options

- 2m

Question ID: 698808211 Status: Not Answered

Chosen Option: --

Q.11 Consider a demand paging system with four page frames (initially empty) and LRU page replacement policy. For the following page reference string

7, 2, 7, 3, 2, 5, 3, 4, 6, 7, 7, 1, 5, 6, 1

the page fault rate, defined as the ratio of number of page faults to the number of memory accesses (rounded off to one decimal place) is_

Given --Answer:

> Question ID: 698808259 Status: Not Answered

Q.12 Consider the following two statements with respect to the matrices $A_{m \times n}$, $B_{n \times m}$, $C_{n\times n}$ and $D_{n\times n}$.

Statement 1: tr(AB) = tr(BA)

Statement 2: tr(CD) = tr(DC)

where tr() represents the trace of a matrix. Which one of the following holds?

Options A. Statement 1 is wrong and Statement 2 is correct.

- B. Statement 1 is correct and Statement 2 is wrong.
- c. Both Statement 1 and Statement 2 are correct.
- D. Both Statement 1 and Statement 2 are wrong.

Question ID: 698808215

Status : Not Attempted and Marked For Review

Which of the following statements is/are TRUE for a group G?

Options A. If the order of G is 2, then G is commutative.

If G is commutative, then a subgroup of G need not be commutative.

c. If for all $x, y \in G$, $(xy)^2 = x^2y^2$, then G is commutative.

If for all $x \in G$, $x^2 = 1$, then G is commutative. Here, 1 is the identity element of G.

Question ID: 698808222 Status: Answered Chosen Option : A,C,D

Q.14 Which of the following statements is/are TRUE?

Options A.

Every subset of a recursively enumerable language is recursive.

If L_1 and L_2 are regular, then $L_1 \cap L_2$ must be deterministic context-free.

Complement of a context-free language must be recursive.

If a language L and its complement \overline{L} are both recursively enumerable, then L

Question ID: 698808218 Status: Answered Chosen Option: B,D

Which one of the following statements is TRUE for all positive functions f(n)?

Options A.
$$f(n^2) = O(f(n)^2)$$
, when $f(n)$ is an exponential function

B.
$$f(n^2) = o(f(n)^2)$$

c.
$$f(n^2) = \Omega(f(n)^2)$$

D.
$$f(n^2) = \theta(f(n)^2)$$
, when $f(n)$ is a polynomial

Question ID: 698808206

Status: Not Answered

Q.16 Consider the relational database with the following four schemas and their respective instances.

Student(sNo, sName, dNo) Dept(dNo, dName)

Course(cNo, cName, dNo) Register(sNo, cNo)

	Student	
sNo	sName	dNo
501	James	D01
S02	Rocky	D01
S03	Jackson	D02
S04	Jane	D01
S05	Milli	D02

Dept		
<u>dNo</u>	dName	
D01	CSE	
D02	EEE	

	Course	
cNo	cName	dNo
C11	DS	D01
C12	OS	D01
C21	DE	D02
C22	PT	D02
C23	CV	D03

Register				
sNo	cNo			
S01	C11			
501	C12			
502	C11			
S03	C21			
S03	C22			
503	C 23			
S04	C11			
S04	C12			
S05	C11			
S05	C21			

SQL Query:

SELECT * FROM Student AS S WHERE NOT EXIST (SELECT cNo FROM Course WHERE dNo = "D01" EXCEPT SELECT cNo FROM Register WHERE sNo = S.sNo)

The number of rows returned by the above SQL query is_

Given 2 Answer:

> Question ID: 698808251 Status: Answered

Q.17 Consider the resolution of the domain name www.gate.org.in by a DNS resolver. Assume that no resource records are cached anywhere across the DNS servers and that iterative query mechanism is used in the resolution. The number of DNS query-response pairs involved in completely resolving the domain name

Given 6 Answer:

> Question ID: 698808230 Status: Answered

Q.18 Which one of the following facilitates transfer of bulk data from hard disk to main memory with the highest throughput?

- Options A. Programmed I/O transfer
 - B. Polling based I/O transfer
 - C. DMA based I/O transfer
 - D. Interrupt driven I/O transfer

Question ID: 698808212 Status: Answered

Q.19 Consider four processes P, Q, R, and S scheduled on a CPU as per round robin algorithm with a time quantum of 4 units. The processes arrive in the order P, Q, R, S, all at time t = 0. There is exactly one context switch from S to Q, exactly one context switch from R to Q, and exactly two context switches from Q to R. There is no context switch from S to P. Switching to a ready process after the termination of another process is also considered a context switch. Which one of the following is NOT possible as CPU burst time (in time units) of these processes?

Options A. P = 4, Q = 10, R = 6, S = 2

B.
$$P = 2$$
, $Q = 9$, $R = 5$, $S = 1$

c.
$$P = 3$$
, $Q = 7$, $R = 7$, $S = 3$

D.
$$P = 4$$
, $Q = 12$, $R = 5$, $S = 4$

Question ID : 698808237

Status: Not Answered

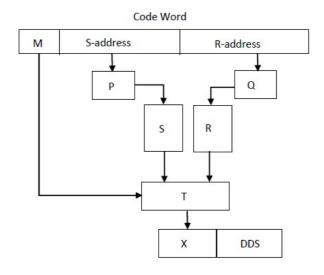
Chosen Option: --

Q.20 The value of the following limit is _____.

$$\lim_{x \to 0+} \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1 - e^{2\sqrt{x}}}$$

Given **-0.5** Answer:

Question ID : 698808229 Status : Answered Q.21 Consider a digital display system (DDS) shown in the figure that displays the contents of register X. A 16-bit code word is used to load a word in X, either from S or from R. S is a 1024-word memory segment and R is a 32-word register file. Based on the value of mode bit M, T selects an input word to load in X. P and Q interface with the corresponding bits in the code word to choose the addressed word. Which one of the following represents the functionality of P, Q, and T?



Options A.

P is 10:2¹⁰ decoder; Q is 5:2⁵ decoder; T is 2:1 multiplexer

В.

P is 1:10 de-multiplexer; Q is 1:5 de-multiplexer; T is 2:1 multiplexer

C.

P is 10:2¹⁰ decoder; Q is 5:2⁵ decoder; T is 2:1 encoder

D.

P is 10:1 multiplexer; Q is 5:1 multiplexer; T is 2:1 multiplexer

Question ID : 698808235 Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

Q.22 Which one of the following is the closed form for the generating function of the sequence $\{a_n\}_{n\geq 0}$ defined below?

$$a_n = \begin{cases} n+1, & n \text{ is odd} \\ 1, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Ontions

A.
$$\frac{x(1+x^2)}{(1-x^2)^2} + \frac{1}{1-x}$$

B.
$$\frac{x}{(1-x^2)^2} + \frac{1}{1-x}$$

c.
$$\frac{2x}{(1-x^2)^2} + \frac{1}{1-x}$$

D.
$$\frac{x(3-x^2)}{(1-x^2)^2} + \frac{1}{1-x}$$

Question ID : 698808231

Status: Not Answered

Q.23 Consider the following grammar along with translation rules.

$$S \rightarrow S_1 \# T$$
 $\{S_{\bullet val} = S_{1 \bullet val} * T_{\bullet val}\}$

$$S \rightarrow T$$
 $\{S_{\bullet val} = T_{\bullet val}\}$

$$T \rightarrow T_1\%R \qquad \{T_{\bullet val} = T_{1\bullet val} \div R_{\bullet val}\}$$

$$T \to R$$
 $\{T_{\cdot val} = R_{\cdot val}\}$

$$R \rightarrow id$$
 $\{R_{\bullet val} = id_{\bullet val}\}$

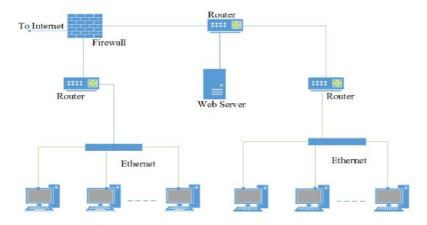
Here # and % are operators and id is a token that represents an integer and $id_{\bullet val}$ represents the corresponding integer value. The set of non-terminals is $\{S, T, R, P\}$ and a subscripted non-terminal indicates an instance of the non-terminal.

Using this translation scheme, the computed value of $S_{\bullet val}$ for root of the parse tree for the expression 20#10%5#8%2%2 is ______.

Given --Answer :

> Question ID : 698808260 Status : Not Answered

Q.24 Consider an enterprise network with two Ethernet segments, a web server and a firewall, connected via three routers as shown below.



What is the number of subnets inside the enterprise network?

Options A. 3

B. 12

C. 8

D. 6

Question ID : 698808217 Status : Not Answered

Q.25	A cache memory that has a hit rate of 0.8 has an access laten penalty 100 ns. An optimization is done on the cache to red However, the optimization results in an increase of cache access whereas the miss penalty is not affected. The minimum hit rate decimal places) needed after the optimization such that it should average memory access time is	luce the miss rate. ss latency to 15 ns, (rounded off to two
Give Answer		
		Question ID : 698808228 Status : Not Answered
Q.26	A processor X ₁ operating at 2 GHz has a standard 5-stage RISC having a base CPI (cycles per instruction) of one without any For a given program P that has 30% branch instructions, controveles stall for every branch. A new version of the processor X	y pipeline hazards. rol hazards incur 2

s stall for every branch. A new version of the processor X2 operating at same clock frequency has an additional branch predictor unit (BPU) that completely eliminates stalls for correctly predicted branches. There is neither any savings nor any additional stalls for wrong predictions. There are no structural hazards and data hazards for X1 and X2. If the BPU has a prediction accuracy of 80%, the speed up (rounded off to two decimal places) obtained by X2 over X1 in executing

Given --Answer:

> Question ID: 698808256 Status: Not Answered

Consider a 100 Mbps link between an earth station (sender) and a satellite (receiver) at an altitude of 2100 km. The signal propagates at a speed of 3x108 m/s. The time taken (in milliseconds, rounded off to two decimal places) for the receiver to completely receive a packet of 1000 bytes transmitted by the sender is_

Answer:

Question ID: 698808254 Status: Not Answered

Q.28 Which one of the following statements is TRUE?

Options A.

Symbol table is accessed only during the lexical analysis phase.

Data flow analysis is necessary for run-time memory management.

LR(1) parsing is sufficient for deterministic context-free languages.

The LALR(1) parser for a grammar G cannot have reduce-reduce conflict if the LR(1) parser for G does not have reduce-reduce conflict.

> Question ID: 698808208 Status: Not Answered

```
Q.29
     What is printed by the following ANSI C program?
     #include<stdio.h>
     int main(int argc, char *argv[])
     {
           int x = 1, z[2] = \{10, 11\};
           int *p = NULL;
           p = &x;
           *p = 10;
           p = &z[1];
           *(\&z[0] + 1) += 3;
           printf("%d, %d, %d\n", x, z[0], z[1]);
           return 0;
Options A. 10, 14, 11
     B. 1, 10, 11
     C. 1, 10, 14
     D. 10, 10, 14
                                                       Question ID: 698808216
```

Question ID : 698808216 Status : Answered Chosen Option : B

Q.30 Suppose a binary search tree with 1000 distinct elements is also a complete binary tree. The tree is stored using the array representation of binary heap trees. Assuming that the array indices start with 0, the 3rd largest element of the tree is stored at index

Given 2 Answer:

> Question ID : 698808223 Status : Answered

Q.31 Let G(V, E) be a directed graph, where $V = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ is the set of vertices and E is the set of directed edges, as defined by the following adjacency matrix A.

$$A[i][j] = \begin{cases} 1, & 1 \le j \le i \le 5 \\ 0, & otherwise \end{cases}$$

A[i][j] = 1 indicates a directed edge from node i to node j. A directed spanning tree of G, rooted at $r \in V$, is defined as a subgraph T of G such that the undirected version of T is a tree, and T contains a directed path from T to every other vertex in T. The number of such directed spanning trees rooted at vertex T is

Given 4 Answer:

> Question ID : 698808253 Status : Answered

Q.32 Consider the following languages:

$$L_1 = \{ww \mid w \in \{a, b\}^*\}$$

$$L_2 = \{a^n b^n c^m \mid m, n \ge 0\}$$

$$L_3 = \{a^m b^n c^n \mid m, n \ge 0\}$$

Which of the following statements is/are FALSE?

Options A. L_2 , L_3 and $L_2 \cap L_3$ all are context-free.

B. Neither L₁ nor L₂ is context-free.

C

 L_1 is not context-free but L_2 and L_3 are deterministic context-free.

D. Neither L_1 nor its complement is context-free.

Question ID : 698808243
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : A,C

Q.33 What is printed by the following ANSI C program?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
    char a = 'P';
    char b = 'x';
    char c = (a & b) + '*';
    char d = (a | b) - '-';
    char e = (a ^ b) + '+';
    printf("%c %c %c\n", c, d, e);
    return 0;
```

ASCII encoding for relevant characters is given below

Α	В	С	 Z
65	66	67	 90

a	b	С	1111	z
97	98	99		122

*	+	10-
42	43	45

Options A. Z K S

B. 122 75 83

C. * - +

D. P x +

Question ID : 698808239

Status: Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

Q.34 Let $R_i(z)$ and $W_i(z)$ denote read and write operations on a data element z by a transaction T_i , respectively. Consider the schedule S with four transactions.

S: $R_4(x)R_2(x)R_3(x)R_1(y)W_1(y)W_2(x)W_3(y)R_4(y)$

Which one of the following serial schedules is conflict equivalent to S?

Options A. $T_1 o T_3 o T_4 o T_2$

B.
$$T_3 \rightarrow T_1 \rightarrow T_4 \rightarrow T_2$$

C.
$$T_4 \rightarrow T_1 \rightarrow T_3 \rightarrow T_2$$

D.
$$T_1 \rightarrow T_4 \rightarrow T_3 \rightarrow T_2$$

Question ID : 698808234

Status: Not Answered

Q.35 Consider solving the following system of simultaneous equations using LU decomposition.

$$x_1 + x_2 - 2x_3 = 4$$

$$x_1 + 3x_2 - x_3 = 7$$

$$2x_1 + x_2 - 5x_3 = 7$$

where L and U are denoted as

$$L = \begin{pmatrix} L_{11} & 0 & 0 \\ L_{21} & L_{22} & 0 \\ L_{31} & L_{32} & L_{33} \end{pmatrix}, \quad U = \begin{pmatrix} U_{11} & U_{12} & U_{13} \\ 0 & U_{22} & U_{23} \\ 0 & 0 & U_{33} \end{pmatrix}$$

Which one of the following is the correct combination of values for L_{32} , U_{33} , and x_1 ?

Options

A.
$$L_{32} = -\frac{1}{2}$$
, $U_{33} = -\frac{1}{2}$, $x_1 = 0$

B.
$$L_{32} = -\frac{1}{2}$$
, $U_{33} = 2$, $x_1 = 0$

c.
$$L_{32} = 2$$
, $U_{33} = 2$, $x_1 = -1$

$$\text{ D. } L_{32}=2, \ U_{33}=-\frac{1}{2}, \ x_1=-1$$

Question ID : 698808240

Status: Not Answered

Chosen Option: --

Q.36 The number of arrangements of six identical balls in three identical bins is _____.

Given **120**

Answer:

Question ID : 698808227 Status : Answered Q.37 Consider routing table of an organization's router shown below:

Subnet Number	Subnet Mask	Next Hop
12.20.164.0	255.255.252.0	R1
12.20.170.0	255.255.254.0	R2
12.20.168.0	255.255.254.0	Interface 0
12.20.166.0	255.255.254.0	Interface 1
default		R3

Which of the following prefixes in CIDR notation can be collectively used to correctly aggregate all of the subnets in the routing table?

Options A. 12.20.168.0/22

B. 12.20.164.0/21

c. 12.20.164.0/20

D. 12.20.164.0/22

Question ID: 698808250

Status : Answered

Chosen Option: C,D

Q.38 Consider the following three relations in a relational database.

Employee(eld, Name), Brand(bld, bName), Own(eld, bld)

Which of the following relational algebra expressions return the set of elds who own all the brands?

Options $_{\mathsf{A.}} \ \Pi_{\mathit{eld}}(\Pi_{\mathit{eld,bld}}(\mathit{Own})/\Pi_{\mathit{bld}}(\mathit{Brand}))$

 $^{\mathsf{B.}} \ \Pi_{\mathit{eld}}(\mathit{Own}) - \Pi_{\mathit{eld}}\left((\Pi_{\mathit{eld}}(\mathit{Own}) \times \Pi_{\mathit{bld}}(\mathit{Brand})) - \Pi_{\mathit{eld},\mathit{bld}}(\mathit{Own})\right)$

c. $\Pi_{\mathit{eld}} \left((\Pi_{\mathit{eld}}(\mathit{Own}) \times \Pi_{\mathit{bld}}(\mathit{Own})) / \Pi_{\mathit{bld}}(\mathit{Brand}) \right)$

D. $\Pi_{\mathit{eId}}(\Pi_{\mathit{eId,bId}}(\mathit{Own})/\Pi_{\mathit{bId}}(\mathit{Own}))$

Question ID : 698808220

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : C,D

Q.39 Consider two files systems A and B, that use contiguous allocation and linked allocation, respectively. A file of size 100 blocks is already stored in A and also in B. Now, consider inserting a new block in the middle of the file (between 50th and 51st block), whose data is already available in the memory. Assume that there are enough free blocks at the end of the file and that the file control blocks are already in memory. Let the number of disk accesses required to insert a block in the middle of the file in A and B are n_A and n_B , respectively, then the value of $n_A + n_B$ is

Given 100 Answer:

> Question ID: 698808258 Status: Answered

Q.40 Consider the augmented grammar with {+, *, (,), id} as the set of terminals.

$$S' \to S$$

$$S \rightarrow S + R \mid R$$

$$R \to R * P \mid P$$

$$P \rightarrow (S) \mid id$$

If I_0 is the set of two LR(0) items $\{[S^{'} \rightarrow S_{\centerdot}], [S \rightarrow S_{\centerdot} + R]\}$, then $goto(closure(I_0), +)$ contains exactly ______ items.

Given --Answer:

> Question ID: 698808224 Status: Not Answered

Consider a simple undirected unweighted graph with at least three vertices. If A is the adjacency matrix of the graph, then the number of 3-cycles in the graph is given by the trace of

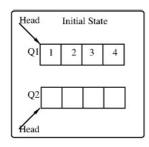
Options A. A^3

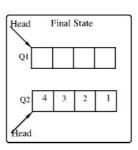
- B. A3 divided by 6
- C. A3 divided by 3
- D. A^3 divided by 2

Question ID: 698808232

Status: Not Answered

Consider the queues Q_1 containing four elements and Q_2 containing none (shown as the Initial State in the figure). The only operations allowed on these two queues are Enqueue (Q, element) and Dequeue (Q). The minimum number of Enqueue operations on Q_1 required to place the elements of Q_1 in Q_2 in reverse order (shown as the Final State in the figure) without using any additional storage is





Given 4 Answer:

> Question ID : 698808257 Status : Answered

Q.43 Which of the following is/are undecidable?

Options A.

Given a Turing machine M, decide if M takes more than 1073 steps on every string.

В.

Given two Turing machines M_1 and M_2 , decide if $L(M_1) = L(M_2)$.

- C. Given a Turing machine M, decide if L(M) is regular.
- D. Given a Turing machine M, decide if M accepts all strings.

Question ID : 698808241
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : A,D

Q.44 Consider a relation R(A,B,C,D,E) with the following three functional dependencies.

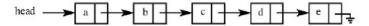
 $AB \rightarrow C$; $BC \rightarrow D$; $C \rightarrow E$;

The number of superkeys in the relation R is _____.

Given 2 Answer:

> Question ID : 698808226 Status : Answered

Q.45 Consider the problem of reversing a singly linked list. To take an example, given the linked list below,



the reversed linked list should look like

Which one of the following statements is TRUE about the time complexity of algorithms that solve the above problem in O(1) space?

Options A.

The best algorithm for the problem takes $\theta(n^2)$ time in the worst case.

The best algorithm for the problem takes $\theta(n \log n)$ time in the worst case.

c. It is not possible to reverse a singly linked list in O(1) space.

The best algorithm for the problem takes $\theta(n)$ time in the worst case.

Question ID: 698808210

Status: Answered

Chosen Option : C

Q.46 Consider three floating point numbers A, B and C stored in registers RA, RB and Rc, respectively as per IEEE-754 single precision floating point format. The 32-bit content stored in these registers (in hexadecimal form) are as follows.

R _A = 0xC1400000	$R_B = 0x42100000$	$R_C = 0x41400000$
	i e	

Which one of the following is FALSE?

Options A.
$$A+C=0$$

B.
$$C = A + B$$

C.
$$B = 3C$$

D.
$$(B-C) > 0$$

Question ID: 698808236

Status: Not Answered

Q.47 Which of the properties hold for the adjacency matrix A of a simple undirected unweighted graph having n vertices?

Options A.

If the sum of all the elements of A is at most 2(n-1), then the graph must be acyclic.

В.

If there is at least a 1 in each of A's rows and columns, then the graph must be connected.

C.

The diagonal entries of A^2 are the degrees of the vertices of the graph.

D.

If the graph is connected, then none of the entries of $A^{n-1} + I_n$ can be zero.

Question ID : 698808247 Status : Answered Chosen Option : A,D

Q.48 Consider a network with three routers P, Q, R shown in the figure below. All the links have cost of unity.



The routers exchange distance vector routing information and have converged on the routing tables, after which the link Q-R fails. Assume that P and Q send out routing updates at random times, each at the same average rate. The probability of a routing loop formation (rounded off to one decimal place) between P and Q, leading to count-to-infinity problem, is ______.

Given --Answer :

> Question ID : 698808252 Status : Not Answered

Q.49 Let R1 and R2 be two 4-bit registers that store numbers in 2's complement form. For the operation R1+R2, which one of the following values of R1 and R2 gives an arithmetic overflow?

Options A. R1 = 0011 and R2 = 0100

B. R1 = 1001 and R2 = 1111

C. R1 = 1011 and R2 = 1110

D. R1 = 1100 and R2 = 1010

Question ID : 698808213

Status : Not Answered

Q.50 Consider the following recurrence:

$$f(1) = 1;$$

 $f(2n) = 2f(n)-1, \text{ for } n \ge 1;$
 $f(2n+1) = 2f(n)+1, \text{ for } n \ge 1.$

Then, which of the following statements is/are TRUE?

Options A.
$$f(2^n) = 1$$

B.
$$f(2^n+1)=2^n+1$$

c.
$$f(5 \cdot 2^n) = 2^{n+1} + 1$$

D
$$f(2^n-1)=2^n-1$$

Question ID: 698808246 Status: Answered Chosen Option: B,D

Let WB and WT be two set associative cache organizations that use LRU algorithm for cache block replacement. WB is a write back cache and WT is a write through cache. Which of the following statements is/are FALSE?

Options A.

A read miss in WB will never lead to eviction of a dirty block from WB.

Every write hit in WB leads to a data transfer from cache to main memory.

C. Each cache block in WB and WT has a dirty bit.

Eviction of a block from WT will not lead to data transfer from eache to main memory.

> Question ID: 698808219 Status: Answered Chosen Option: B,D

Consider a system with 2 KB direct mapped data cache with a block size of 64 bytes. The system has a physical address space of 64 KB and a word length of 16 bits. During the execution of a program, four data words P, Q, R, and S are accessed in that order 10 times (i.e., PQRSPQRS...). Hence, there are 40 accesses to data cache altogether. Assume that the data cache is initially empty and no other data words are accessed by the program. The addresses of the first bytes of P, Q, R, and S are 0xA248, 0xC28A, 0xCA8A, and 0xA262, respectively. For the execution of the above program, which of the following statements is/are TRUE with respect to the data cache?

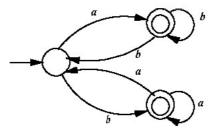
Options A. Once P is brought to the cache it is never evicted.

- B. Every access to R evicts Q from the cache.
- c. Every access to S is a hit.
- D. At the end of the execution only R and S reside in the cache.

Question ID: 698808249 Status: Answered Chosen Option: B,D

4/10/22, 7:26 PM

Q.53 Which one of the following regular expressions correctly represents the language of the finite automaton given below?



Options A. $ab^*bab^* + ba^*aba^*$

- B. $(ab^*b)^*ab^* + (ba^*a)^*ba^*$
- c. $(ab^*b + ba^*a)^*(a^* + b^*)$
- D. $(ba^*a + ab^*b)^*(ab^* + ba^*)$

Question ID : 698808207

Status: Not Answered

Q.54 Which of the following is/are the eigenvector(s) for the matrix given below?

$$\begin{pmatrix}
-9 & -6 & -2 & -4 \\
-8 & -6 & -3 & -1 \\
20 & 15 & 8 & 5 \\
32 & 21 & 7 & 12
\end{pmatrix}$$

Options

A.
$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -3 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

B.
$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

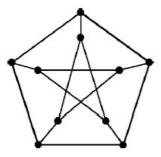
c.
$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

D.
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Question ID : 698808248

Status: Not Answered

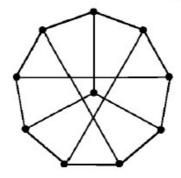
Q.55 The following simple undirected graph is referred to as the Peterson graph.



Which of the following statements is/are TRUE?

Options The following graph is isomorphic to the Peterson graph.

Δ



R

The size of the largest independent set of the given graph is 3. (A subset of vertices of a graph form an independent set if no two vertices of the subset are adjacent.)

- c. The graph has a Hamiltonian path.
- D. The chromatic number of the graph is 3.

Question ID : 698808245 Status : Answered Chosen Option : B,D