E-COMMERCE WEBSITE LIFESTYLE STORE

DETAILED DEVELOPER REPORT

SECURITY STATUS – EXTREMELY VULNERABLE

- Hackers can steal all the records of Lifestyle store(SQLi)
- Hacker can take control of complete server including View, Add, Edit, Delete files and folders.(shell upload and weak passwords)
- Hacker can change source code of application to host malware, phishing pages or even explicit content.(Shell upload)
- Hacker can see details of any customer.(IDOR)
- Hacker can easily access or bypass admin account authentication.(bruteforcing)
- Hacker can get access to seller details and login into the website using customer of the month usernames (PII).
- Hacker can change the password, confirm order and remove item of customer(CSRF)

VULNERABILITY STATISTIC

Critical Severe

6 10

Moderate Low
7 5

VULNERABILITIES:

S.NO	SEVERIT Y	VULNERABILITY	COUNT
1	CRITICAL	SQL injection	3
2	CRITICAL	Access to admin panel	1
3	CRITICAL	Arbitrary file upload	2
4	SEVERE	Reflected cross site scripting	1
5	SEVERE	Stored cross site scripting	1
6	SEVERE	Common password	1
7	SEVERE	Component with known vulnerability	3
8	MODERA TE	Server misconfiguration	1
9	MODERA TE	Unauthorized access to user details (IDOR)	4
10	MODERA TE	Directory listings	5
11	LOW	Personal Information leakage	2
12	LOW	Client side and server side validation bypass	1
13	LOW	Default error display	1
14	LOW	Open redirection	2

1.SQL Injection

Below mentioned URL in the T-shirt/socks/shoes module is vulnerable to SQL injection attack Affected URL:

• http://13.232.247.247/products.php?cat=1

Affected Parameters:

• cat (GET parameter)

Payload:

• cat=1'

Affected URL:

http://13.232.247.247/products.php?q=socks

Affected Parameters:

•q (GET parameter)

Payload:

•q=socks'

SQL Injection (Critical)

1.SQL Injection

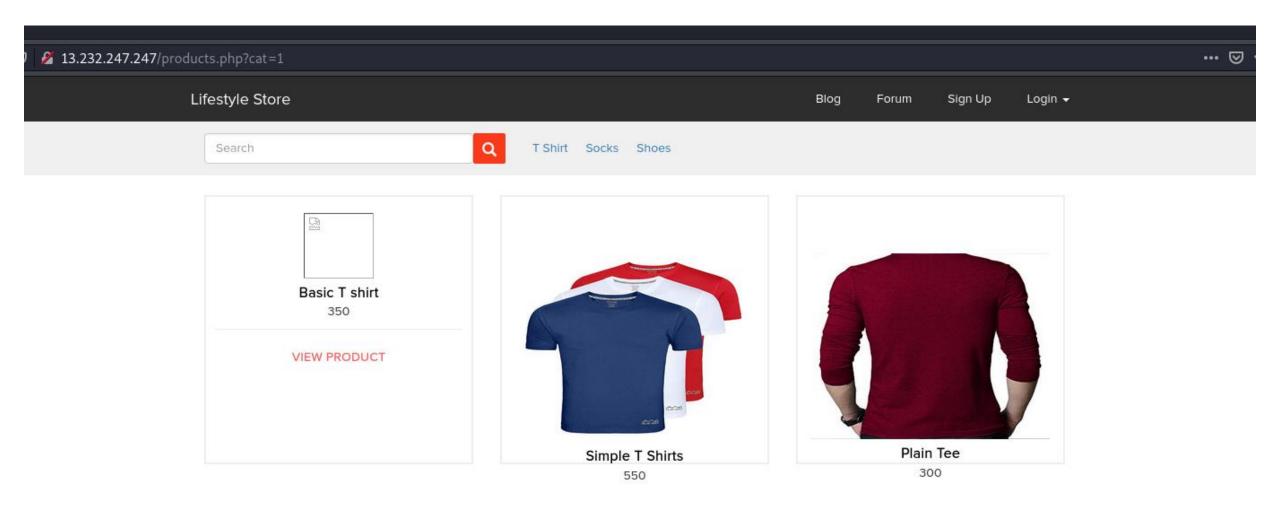
SQL Injection (Critical)

Here are other similar SQLi in the application Affected URL:

- http://13.232.247.247/products.php?cat=2
- http://13.232.247.247/products.php?cat=3

OBSERVATION

Navigate to T-Shirt tab where you will see number of T-shirts. Notice the GET parameter CAT in the URL:



OBSERVATION

We apply single quote in cat parameter: **products.php?cat=1'** and we get complete MySQL error:



You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near "1" LIMIT 0, 9' at line 1

OBSERVATION

- We then put '--+':

 products.php?cat=1'--+
 and the error is removed confirming SQL injection
- Now hacker can inject sql or use use sqlmap to get access to the database

Proof of Concept (PoC):- Attacker can dump arbitrary data

No of databases: 2

- information_schema
- hacking_training_project

No of tables: 10

- 1. Brands
- 2. cart_items
- 3. categories
- 4. customers
- 5. order_items
- 6. orders
- 7. product_reviews
- 8. products
- 9. sellers
- 10. user

user_name	password	email	unique_key
admin	\$2y\$10\$xkmdvrxSCxqdyWSrDx5YSe1NAwX.7pQ2nQmaTCovH4CFssxgyJTki	admin@lifestylestore.com	15468927955c66694cba1174.29688447
Donal234	\$2y\$10\$PM.7nBSP5FMaldXiM/S3s./p5xR6GTKvjry7ysJtxOkBqOJURAHsO	donald@lifestylestore.com	778522555c6669996f5a24.34991684
Pluto98	\$2y\$10\$xkmdvrxSCxqdyWSrDx5YSe1NAwX.7pQ2nQmaTCovH4CFssxgyJTki	Pluto@lifestylestore.com	19486318945c666a037b1432.9998576
chandan	\$2y\$10\$4cZBEIrgthXdvT1hwUlivuFELe03rR.GIcdp03NjrlS0VeiOKLVDa	chandan@lifestylestore.com	12404594545c666a3b49e0f8.0817387
Popeye786	\$2y\$10\$Fkv1RfwYTioW0w2CaZtAQuXVnhGAUjt/If/yTqkNPC5zTrsVm7EeC	popeye@lifestylestore.com	18430379145c666a53af8431.7956637
Radhika	\$2y\$10\$RYxNhOyV/G4g7OtFwpqYaexvHi8rF6XXui8kT1WtrfqhTutCA8JC.	radhika@lifestylestore.com	15611262655c666b312f73e0.7082729
Nandan	\$2y\$10\$G.cRNLMEiG79ZFXElHg.R.o95334U0xmZu4.9MqzR5614ucwnk59K	Nandan@lifestylestore.com	1587354115c666b65bb44a5.36505317
MurthyAdapa	\$2y\$10\$mzQGzD4sDSj2EunpCioe4eK18c1Abs0T2P1a1P6eV1DPR.11UubDG	murthy@internshala.com	16357203785c68f640c699a2.8364634
john	\$2y\$10\$GhDB8h1X6XjPMY12GZ1vD07Y3en97u1/.oXTZLmYqB6F18FBgecvG	jhon@gmail.com	9946437385c6a435f76bef0.14675944
bob	\$2y\$10\$kiUikn3HPFbuyTtK75lLNurxzqC0LX3eMGy0/Uxl6JOoG37dCGKLq	bob@building.com	4305822125c6a43ec507df0.68309267
jack	\$2y\$10\$z/nyNlkRJ76m9ItMZ4N5lOeRxy6Gkqi9N/UBcJu5ZeO7eM7N4pTHu	jack@ronald.com	15257114565c6a444692b707.1790343
bulla	\$2y\$10\$HT5oiRMetqaZ7xGZPE9s2.Mk1yF4PnYDJHCWbm2w/xuKpjEEI/zjG	bulla@ranto.com	18292501185c6a4493a5ddb0.8713800
hunter	\$2y\$10\$pB3U9iFxwBgSbl2AkBpiEeIBdhiYfWy9y.xV23q12gGbMCyn7N3g2	konezo@web-experts.net	13824560345c80704e821145.2601969
asd	\$2y\$10\$At5pFZnRWpjCD/yNnJWDL.L3Cc4Cv0W8Q/WEHmWzBFqVIkBQFpCF2	asd@asd.com	8057400125c862a7f5916c9.06111587
acdc	\$2y\$10\$J50B78.gpucuLTwpHwbcPedYcain.Yi.tsTLyQtK17FzdSpmIRRbi	cewi@next-mail.info	13104802695c86f43f0c3705.7701930

Business Impact – Extremely High

Using this vulnerability, attacker can execute arbitrary SQL commands on Lifestyle store server and gain complete access to internal databases along with all customer data inside it. Previous slide has the screenshot of users table which shows user credentials being leaked that too in plain text without any hashing/encryption. Attacker can use this information to login to admin panels and gain complete admin level access to the website which could lead to complete compromise of the server and all other servers connected to it.

RECOMENDATIONS

- Use whitelists, not blacklists
- Don't trust any user input
- Adopt the latest technologies
- Ensure Errors are Not User-Facing
- Disable/remove default accounts, passwords and databases

References:

- https://www.owasp.org/index.php/SQL_Injection
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/SQL_injection

2.Access to admin panel

Below mentioned URL is vulnerable to Arbitrary File Upload and making other admin level changes.

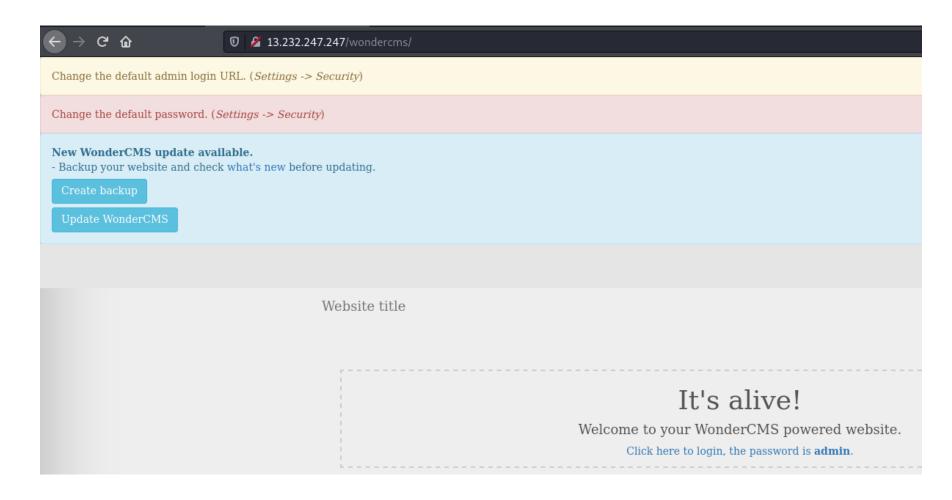
Access to admin panel (Critical)

Affected URL:

• http://13.232.247.247/wondercms/loginURL

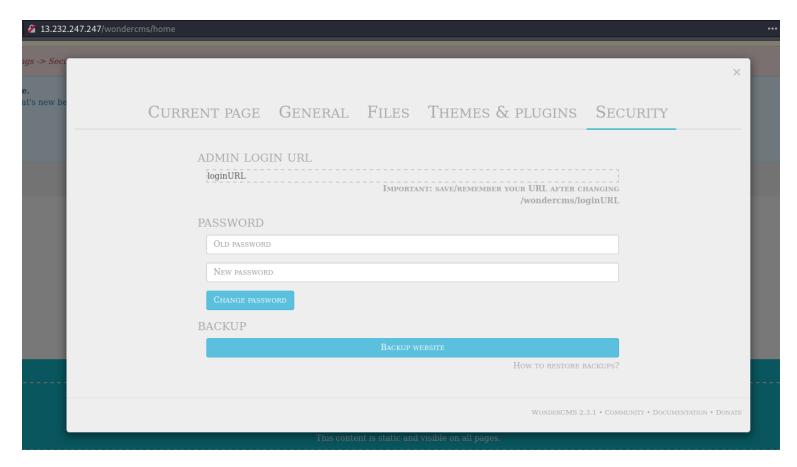
Observation

- When we navigate to http://13.232.247.247/wondercms/loginURL/ url
- we get the password on the page and login as : admin in the url http://13.232.247.247/wondercms/loginURL



Proof of Concept (PoC)

- Hacker can change the admin password.
- Hacker can also add and delete pages.
- Hacker can upload any malicious file.



Business impact - Extremely High

- Hacker can do anything with the page, he will have full access of the page and can govern the page according to it's will.
- It is the massive business risk.
- Loss can be very high

RECOMENDATIONS

- The default password should be changed and a strong password must be setup.
- The admin url must also be such that its not accessible to normal users.
- Password changing option must be done with 2 to 3 step verification.

References

- https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Default_Passwords
- https://www.us-cert.gov/ncas/alerts/TA13-175A

3. Arbitrary file Upload

Arbitrary file upload (Critical)

The attacker can upload insecure shells and files and gain access over the entire database and login as the admin and the vesion is known to have vulnerabilities.

Affected URL:

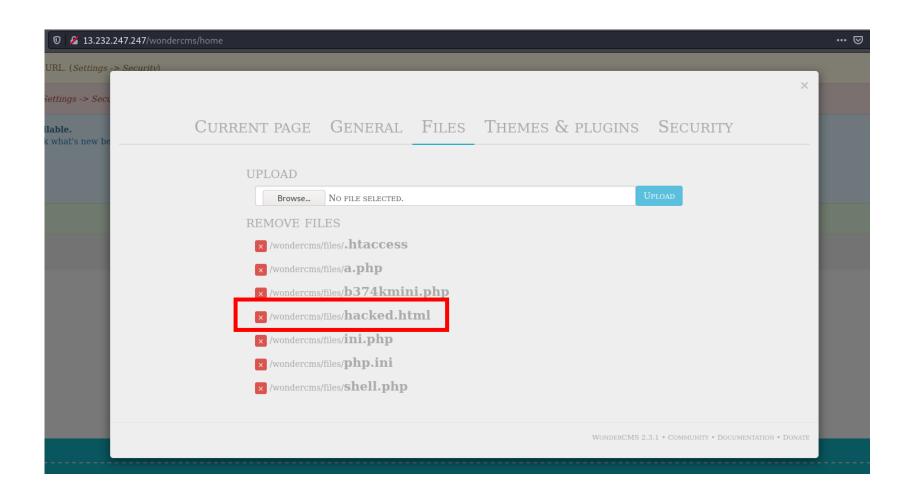
- •http://13.126.196.134/wondercms/Affected Parameters:
- •File Upload (POST parameter)

The attacker can upload files with extension other than .jpeg.

Affected URL:

- •http://13.126.196.134/profile/2/edit/ Affected Parameters :
- •Upload Profile Photo (POST parameter)

Observation



Proof of Concept

- Weak password admin.
- Arbitrary File Inclusion.

Business Impact – Extremely High

A malicious user can access the Dashboard which discloses many critical information of organization including:

- Important files
- Password
- And much more...

Business Impact – Extremely high

• Any backdoor file or shell can be uploaded to get access to the uploaded file on remote server and data can be exfiltrated. The presence of an actual malicious file can compromise the entire system leading to system takeover/ data stealing.

Recommendation

- Change the Admin password to something strong and not guessable.
- The application code should be configured in such a way, that it should block uploading of malicious files extensions such as exe/ php and other extensions with a thorough server as well as client validation. CVE ID allocated: CVE-2017-14521.

References

- https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Unrestricted_File_Upload
- https://www.opswat.com/blog/file-upload-protection-best-practices

Recommendation

Take the following precautions:

- Use a strong password 8 character or more in length with alphanumerics and symbols
- It should not contain personal/guessable information
- Do not reuse passwords
- Disable default accounts and users
- Change all passwords to strong unique passwords

References:

- https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Testing_for_weak_password_change_or_reset_functionalities_(OTG-AUTHN-009)
- https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Default_Passwords
- https://www.us-cert.gov/ncas/alerts/TA13-175A

6. Reflected Cross Site Scripting (XSS)

Reflected Cross
Site Scripting
(Severe)

Below mentioned parameters are vulnerable to reflected XSS

Affected URL:

http://13.126.196.134/profile/16/edit/

Affected Parameters:

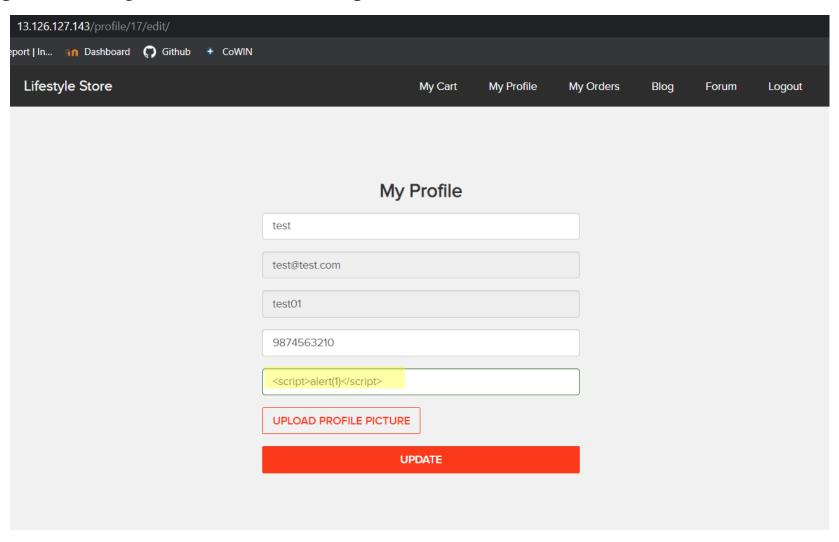
• address(POST parameters)

Payload:

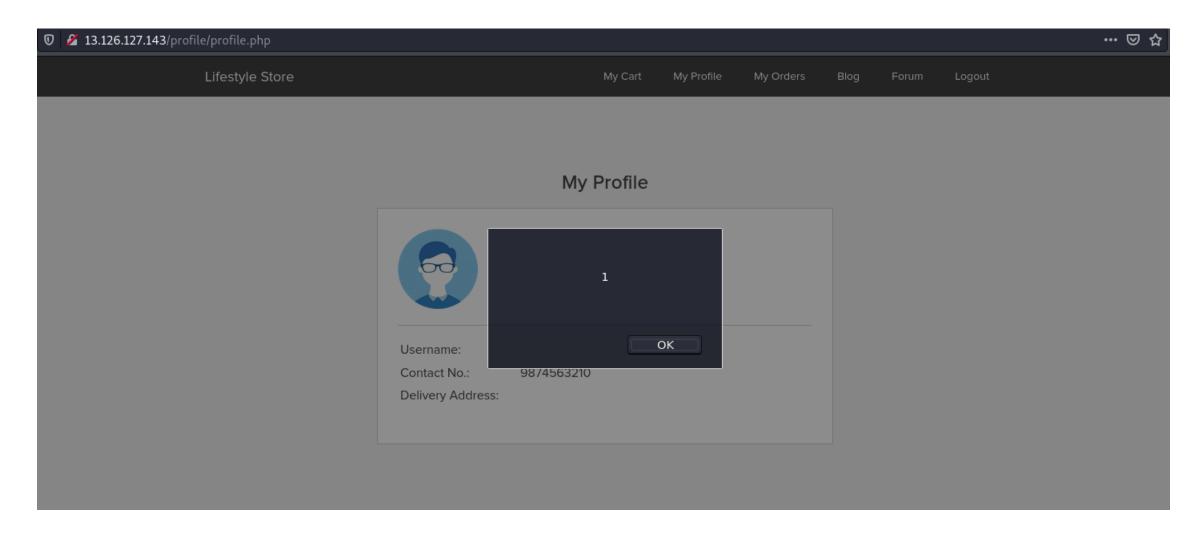
<script>alert(1)</script>

Observation

Open edit profile through URL and write a script on address bar



POC



Business impact - High

As attacker can inject arbitrary HTML CSS and JS via the URL, attacker can put any content on the page like phishing pages, install malware on victim's device and even host explicit content that could compromise the reputation of the organization

All attacker needs to do is send the link with the payload to the victim and victim would see hacker controlled content on the website. As the user trusts the website, he/she will trust the content.

Recommendation

Take the following precautions:

- Sanitize all user input and block characters you do not want
- \bullet Convert special HTML characters like ' " <> into HTML entities " %22 <> before printing them on the website

References:

- https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Cross-site_Scripting_(XSS)
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cross-site_scripting
- https://www.w3schools.com/html/html_entities.asp

7. Stored Cross Site Scripting (XSS)

Stored Cross
Site Scripting
(Severe)

Below mentioned parameters are vulnerable to reflected XSS Affected URL:

http://13.123.247.247/products/details.php?p_id=14

Affected Parameters:

• POST button under Customer Review (POST parameters)

Payloads:

- <script>alert(Hacked)</script>
- <h1>Hey</h1>

Observation

Now try entering the payload in review box

My Cart My Profile My Orders Blog Forum Logout

All Products Socks

Reebok Men Socks

Men Ankle Length Socks

Seller Info

Brand Website

INR 1111/-

Adde

Customer Reviews



test

Hey



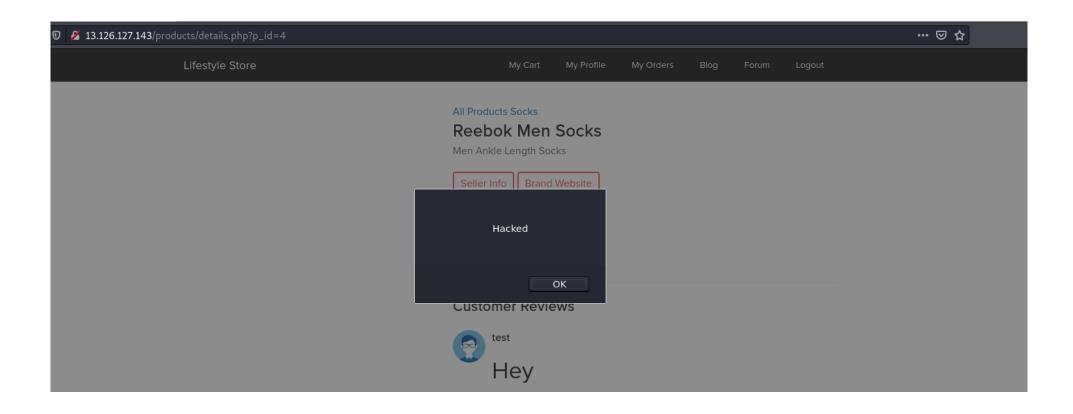
est

<script>alert(Hacked)</script>

POST

Observation

Hit post button, you can see stored XSS or permanent XSS



Business impact - High

- As attacker can inject arbitrary HTML CSS and JS via the URL, attacker can put any content on the page like phishing pages, install malware on victim's device and even host explicit content that could compromise the reputation of the organization
- All attacker needs to do is send the link with the payload to the victim and victim would see hacker controlled content on the website. As the user trusts the website, he/she will trust the content.

Recommendation

Take the following precautions:

- Sanitize all user input and block characters you do not want
- Convert special HTML characters like "<> into HTML entities "%22 <> before printing them on the website

References:

- https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Cross-site_Scripting_(XSS)
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cross-site_scripting
- https://www.w3schools.com/html/html_entities.asp

8. COMMON PASSWORD

Common password (Severe)

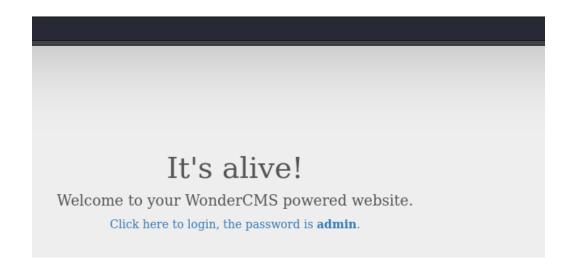
Below mentioned url has weak and very common password

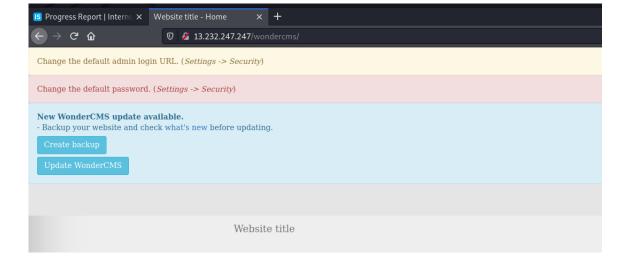
Affected URL:

• http://13.123.247.247/wondercms/

Observation

• Password is right in front of you





Business Impact – High

Easy, default and common passwords make it easy for attackers to gain access to their accounts illegal use of them and can harm the website to any extent after getting logged into privileged accounts.

Recommendation

- •There should be password strength check at every creation of an account.
- •There must be a minimum of 8 characters long password with a mixture of numbers, alphanumerics, special characters, etc.
- •There should be no repetition of password, neither on change nor reset.
- •The password should not be stored on the web, rather should be hashed and stored

References:

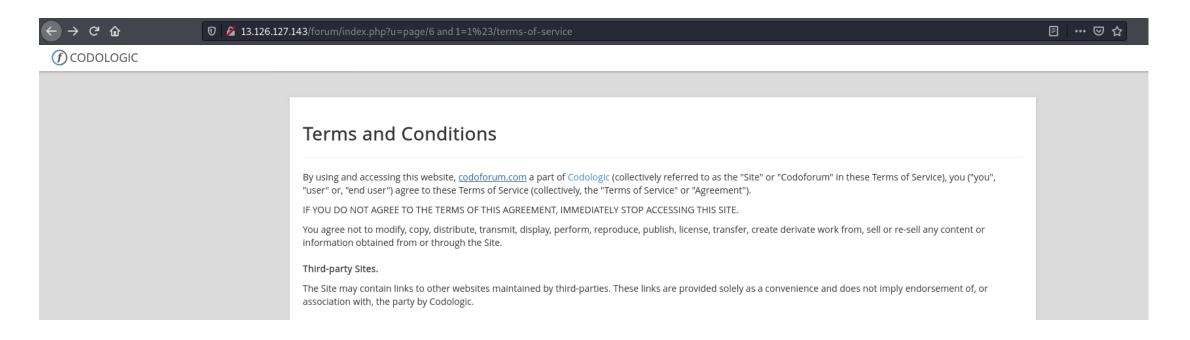
https://www.acunetix.com/blog/articles/weak-password-vulnerability-common-think/ https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Testing_for_Weak_password_policy_(OTG-AUTHN-007

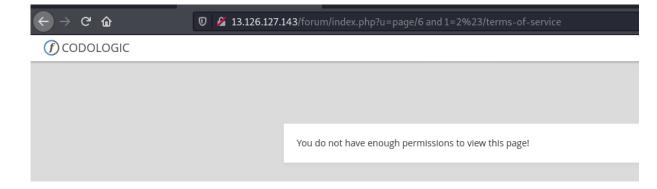
9. Component with known vulnerability

Component with known vulnerability (Severe)

- •Server used is nginx/1.14.0 appears to be outdated (current is at least 1.17.3) i.e it is known to have exploitable vulnerabilities.
- •WonderCMS
- •Codoforum (Powered by codologic)

Observation





POC

Codologic Vulnerability, It has multiple sql injection vulnerability, Chack the link of exploit-db in reference.

```
Proof of Concept:
       http://localhost/codoforum/index.php?u=/page/6 and
1=1%23/terms-of-service
        -> true (terms and services displayed)
       http://localhost/codoforum/index.php?u=/page/6 and
1=2%23/terms-of-service
        -> false ("You do not have enough permissions to view this page!")
Code:
       routes.php:593
            $pid = (int) $id;
            $user = \CODOF\User\User::get();
            $qry = 'SELECT title, content FROM ' . PREFIX . 'codo pages p '
                    . ' LEFT JOIN ' . PREFIX . 'codo_page_roles r ON
r.pid=p.id '
                    . ' WHERE (r.rid IS NULL OR (r.rid IS NOT NULL AND
r.rid IN (' . implode($user->rids) . ')))'
                    . ' AND p.id=' . $id;
```

Business Impact – high

Exploits of every vulnerability detected is regularly made public and hence outdated software can very easily be taken advantage of. If the attacker comes to know about this vulnerability, he may directly use the exploit to take down the entire system, which is a big risk.

Recommendation

- •Upgrade to the latest version of Affected Software/theme/plugin/OS which means latest version.
- •If upgrade is not possible for the time being, isolate the server from any other critical data and servers.

References:

- https://usn.ubuntu.com/4099-1/
- https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/37820
- https://securitywarrior9.blogspot.com/2018/01/vulnerability-in-wonder-cms-leading-to.html

10. Server misconfiguration

Component with known vulnerability (Severe)

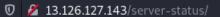
Below mentioned url will show you the server related info

URL

http://13.126.127.143/server-status/

Observation and POC





Apache Server Status for localhost (via 127.0.0.1)

Server Version: Apache/2.4.18 (Ubuntu)

Server MPM: event

Server Built: 2018-06-07T19:43:03

Current Time: Monday, 05-Nov-2018 14:46:35 IST Restart Time: Monday, 05-Nov-2018 09:14:47 IST

Parent Server Config. Generation: 1 Parent Server MPM Generation: 0

Server uptime: 5 hours 31 minutes 47 seconds

Server load: 1.34 1.26 1.06

Total accesses: 35 - Total Traffic: 97 kB

CPU Usage: u8.1 s11.23 cu0 cs0 - .0971% CPU load .00176 requests/sec - 4 B/second - 2837 B/request 1 requests currently being processed, 49 idle workers

PID	Con	nections	Threads		Async connections writing keep-alive closing		
	total	accepting	busy	idle	writing	keep-alive	closing
1709	0	yes	0	25	0	0	0
1710	1	yes	1	24	0	1	0
Sum	1		1	49	0	1	0

Scoreboard Key:

"_" Waiting for Connection, "s" Starting up, "R" Reading Request,

"w" Sending Reply, "k" Keepalive (read), "b" DNS Lookup,

"c" Closing connection, "L" Logging, "G" Gracefully finishing,

"I" Idle cleanup of worker, "." Open slot with no current process

Srv	PID	Acc 1	м срц	J SS	Req	Conn	Child	Slot	Client	VHost	Request
0-0	1709	0/1/1	0.92	17771	. 89	0.0	0.00	0.00	127.0.0.1	localhost:8000	GET / HTTP/1.1
0-0	1709	0/1/1	9.64	34	1	0.0	0.00	0.00	127.0.0.1	localhost:8000	GET /server-status HTTP/1.1
0-0	1709	0/1/1	9.58	170	0	0.0	0.00	0.00	127.0.0.1	localhost:8000	GET /favicon.ico HTTP/1.1
0-0	1709	0/1/1	9.65	26	1	0.0	0.00	0.00	127.0.0.1	localhost:8000	GET /server-status HTTP/1.1
0-0	1709	0/1/1	9.66	6 16	1	0.0	0.00	0.00	127.0.0.1	localhost:8000	GET /server-status HTTP/1.1

Recommendation

- Keep the software up to date
- Disable all the default accounts and change passwords regularly
- Develop strong app architecture and encrypt data which has sensitive information.
- Make sure that the security settings in the framework and libraries are set to secured values.
- Perform regular audits and run tools to identify the holes in the system

References

11. Unauthorized Access to User Details(IDOR)

Unauthorized access to user details (Moderate)

Below mentioned url will have vulnerabilty through which anyone can see the details of another user

URL

http://13.126.127.143/orders/generate_receipt/ordered/10

Affected parameter Ordered/10

Payload

http://13.126.127.143/orders/generate_receipt/ordered/11

11. Unauthorized Access to User Details(IDOR)

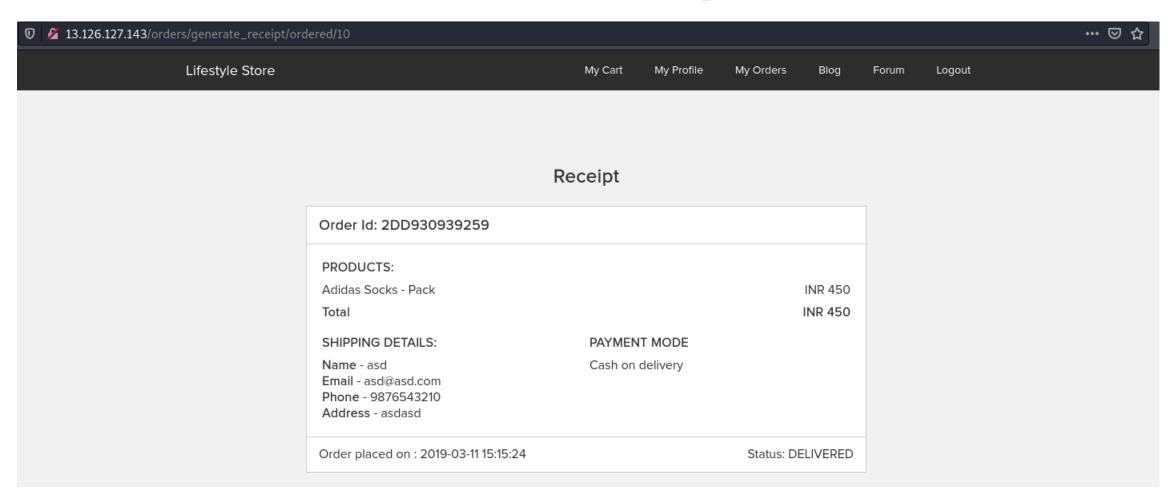
Unauthorized access to user details (Moderate)

Below mentioned url will have vulnerability through which anyone can see the details of another user You just have to change the numeric value given in the url's . They can be seen as customer id. URL'S effected:

- http://13.127.159.1/orders/orders.php?customer=13/
- http://13.127.159.1/profile/16/edit/
- http://13.127.159.1/forum/index.php?u=/user/profile/4

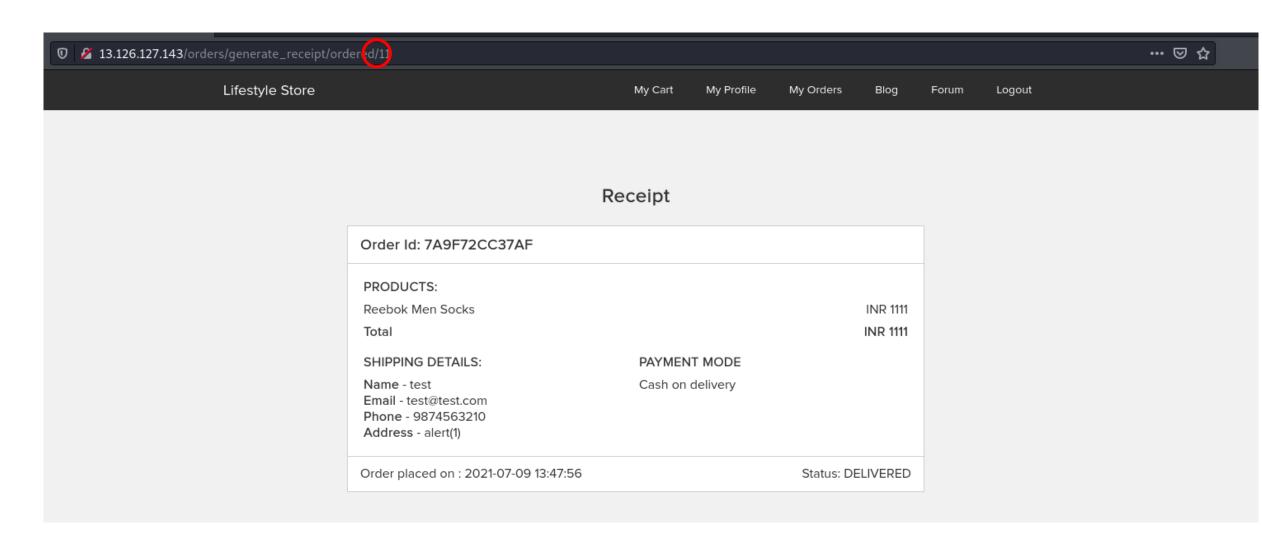
Observation

• When we change the payload we can see the reciepts of other users or customers



POC

• Here you can clearly see the receipt of another user



Business Impact – Extremely High

A malicious hacker can read bill information and account details of any user just by knowing the customer id and User ID. This discloses critical billing information of users including:

- Mobile Number
- Bill Number
- Billing Period
- Total number of orders ordered by customer
- Bill Amount and Breakdown
- Phone no. and email address
- Address

This can be used by malicious hackers to carry out targeted phishing attacks on the users and the information can also be sold to competitors/blackmarket. More over, as there is no ratelimiting checks, attacker can bruteforce the user_id for all possible values and get bill information of each and every user of the organization resulting is a massive information leakage.

Recommendation

Take the following precautions:

- Implement proper authentication and authorization checks to make sure that the user has permission to the data he/she is requesting
- Use proper rate limiting checks on the number of request comes from a single user in a small amount of time
- Make sure each user can only see his/her data only

References

- https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Insecure_Configuration_Management
- https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Top_10_2013-A4-Insecure_Direct_Object_References

12 Directory Listings

Directory
listings
(Moderate)

Below mentioned urls disclose server information.

Affected URL:

- http://13.126.127.143/phpinfo.php
- http://13.126.127.143/robots.txt
- http://13.126.127.143/composer.lock
- http://13.126.127.143/composer.json
- <u>http://13.126.127.143/urerlist.tx</u>

Observation

☑ / / / / / 13.126.127.143/phpinfo.php



User-Agent: * Disallow: /static/images/ Disallow: /ovidentiaCMS

PHP Version 5.6.39-1+ubuntu18.04.1+deb.sury.org+1



System	Linux ip-172-26-7-207 5.4.0-1030-aws #31~18.04.1-Ubuntu SMP Tue Nov 17 10:48:34 UTC 2020 x86_64					
Server API	FPM/FastCGI					
Virtual Directory Support	disabled					
Configuration File (php.ini) Path	/etc/php/5.6/fpm					
Loaded Configuration File	/etc/php/5.6/fpm/php.ini					
Scan this dir for additional .ini files	/etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d					
Additional .ini files parsed	/etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/10-mysqlnd.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/10-opcache.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm /conf.d/10-pdo.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/15-xml.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-calendar.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-ctype.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-curl.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-dom.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-exif.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-fileinfo.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm /conf.d/20-ftp.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-gd.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-gettext.ini, /etc/php /5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-iconv.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-json.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-mbstring.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-mysql.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-mysql.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-pdo_mysql.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-pdo_sqlite.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-psix.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-readline.ini, /etc/php /5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-sockets.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-sqlite3.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-sysvssg.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-sysvssg.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-sysvssg.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-sockets.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-wddx.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-xmlreader.ini, /etc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d/20-xmlreade					
РНР АРІ	20131106					
PHP Extension	20131226					
Zend Extension	220131226					
Zend Extension Build	API220131226,NTS					
PHP Extension Build	API20131226,NTS					
Debug Build	no					
Thread Safety	disabled					
Zend Signal Handling	disabled					
Zend Memory Manager	enabled					
Zend Multibyte Support	provided by mbstring					
IPv6 Support	enabled					
DTrace Support	enabled					
Registered PHP Streams	https, ftps, compress.zlib, php, file, glob, data, http, ftp, phar					

POC

- In above observation you can see that a hacker can go through these directory easily and gather as much as information he/she want.
- Infact it also shows some accounts of seller



Radhika:Radhika123:6 Nandan:Nandan123:7 chandan:chandan123:4

Business Impact – Moderate

• Although this vulnerability does not have a direct impact to users or the server, though it can aid the attacker with information about the server and the users. Information Disclosure due to default pages are not exploitable in most cases, but are considered as web application security issues because they allows malicious hackers to gather relevant information which can be used later in the attack lifecycle, in order to achieve more than they could if they didn't get access to such information.

Recommendation

- Disable all default pages
- Enable multiple security checks

References

- https://www.netsparker.com/blog/web-security/information-disclosure-issues-attacks/
- https://www.netsparker.com/web-vulnerability-scanner/vulnerabilities/information-disclosure-phpinfo/

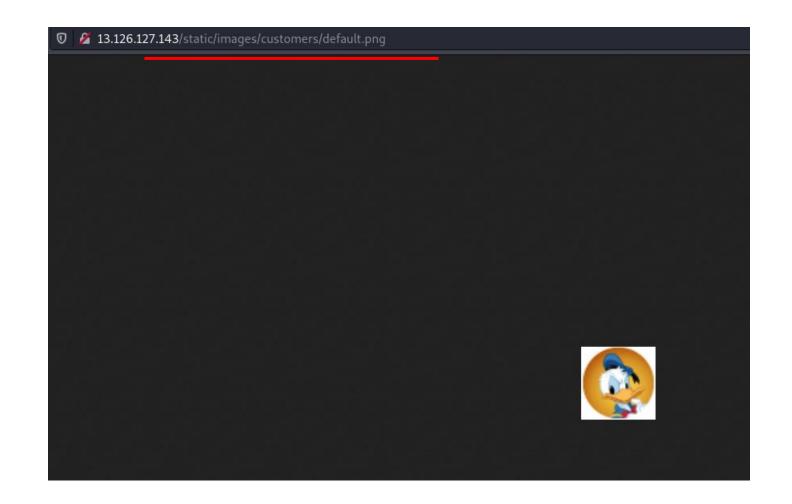
13. Personal Information Leakage

Personal Information Leakage (Low) Below mentioned urls disclose personal information Affected URL:

- http://13.126.127.143/static/images/customers/default.pn
- http://13.126.127.143/products/details.php?p_id=2

Observation

- Navigate to mentioned URL
- And you can see the whole path where everyone's photo is stored



POC



Index of /static/images/uploads/

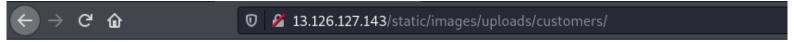
 ../

 customers/
 07-Jan-2019 08:49

 products/
 07-Jan-2019 08:49

 card.png
 05-Jan-2019 06:00
 91456

Here if you see the url, you
 will know that we just changed
 it little bit and we hit jackpot
 where we can see photos
 uploaded by customer and may
 more...



Index of /static/images/uploads/customers/

acraacer prig	0, 3dii 2013 00.43	45210	
default.png	07-Jan-2019 08:49	43218	
1552083459.jpg	08-Mar-2019 22:17	58	
<u>1552083012. jpg</u>	08-Mar-2019 22:10	32935	
<u>1552082706 . j.pg</u>	08-Mar-2019 22:05	178491	
<u>1552082680 . j.pg</u>	08-Mar-2019 22:04	178491	
<u>1550382890 . j.pg</u>	17-Feb-2019 05:54	180769	
<u>1550382697. jpg</u>	17-Feb-2019 05:51	14616	
<u>1550228019. jpg</u>	15-Feb-2019 10:53	9796	
<u>1550224525 . png</u>	15-Feb-2019 09:55	10194	
<u>/</u>			

Business Impact – Moderate

Although this vulnerability does not have a direct impact to users or the server, though it can help the attacker in mapping the personal information of any account and plan further attacks on any specific account

Recommendations

- You can apply encyrption to the personal data
- You can add authenticity and authorization to access the other data

REFERENCES:-

- https://cipher.com/blog/25-tips-for-protecting-pii-and-sensitive-data/
- https://digitalguardian.com/blog/how-secure-personally-identifiable-information-against-loss-or-compromise

14.Client side and server side validation bypass

Client side and server side validation by pass (Low) In below mentioned urls, we can easily bypass client side and server side validation

Affected URL:

http://13.126.127.143/profile/17/edit/

Affected parameter:

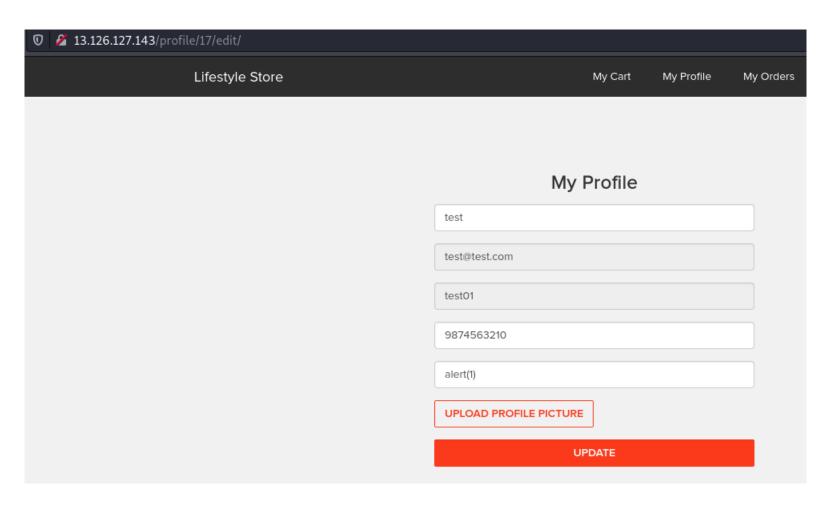
•Contact Number (POST Parameter)

Payload used:

•0000000000

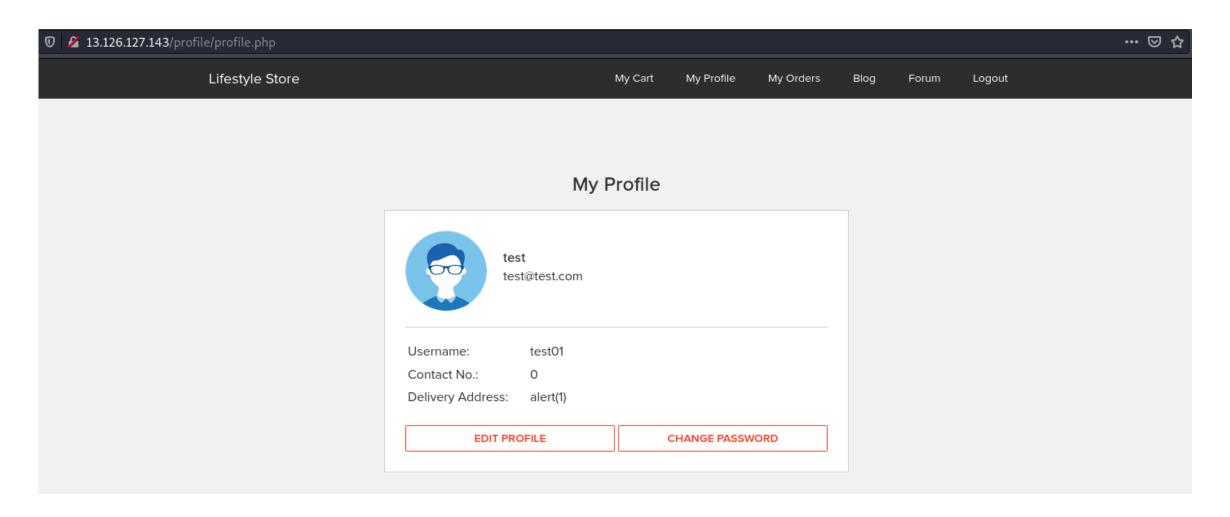
Observation

Here we intercepted the request and made changes in the contact number field



POC

• Mobile number is saved as zero



Business Impact – Moderate

The data provided by the user ,if incorrect, is not a very big issue but still must be checked for proper validatory information.

Recommendations

- Implement all critical checks on server side code only.
- Client-side checks must be treated as decoratives only.
- All business logic must be implemented and checked on the server code.

REFERENCES:-

- http://projects.webappsec.org/w/page/13246933/Improper%20Input%20Handling
- https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Unvalidated_Input

15. Default Messages

Default messages (Low) In below mentioned urls ,if add a specific payload it will show default messages

Affected URL:

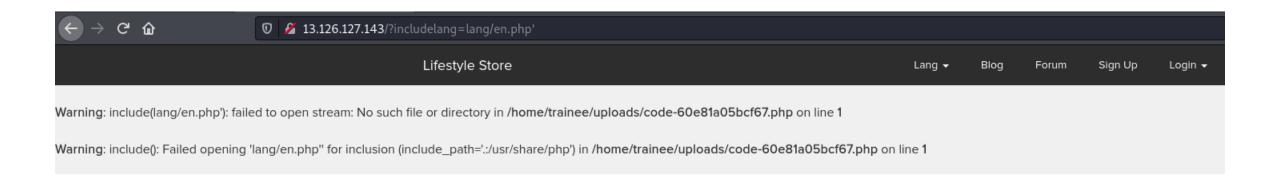
•http://13.126.127.143/?includelang=lang/en.php

Payload

•en.php' (GET Parameter)

Observation & POC

Here we added payload as shown above and we got an error



Business Impact – Moderate

Although this vulnerability does not have a direct impact to users or the server, though it can help the attacker in mapping the server architecture and plan further attacks on the server.

Recommendations

• Do not display the default error messages because it not tells about the server but also sometimes about the location. So, whenever there is an error, send it to the same page or throw some manually written error.

REFERENCES:-

https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Improper_Error_Handling

16. Open Redirection

Open Redirection (Low) In below mentioned urls we can change the path of redirection Affected URL:

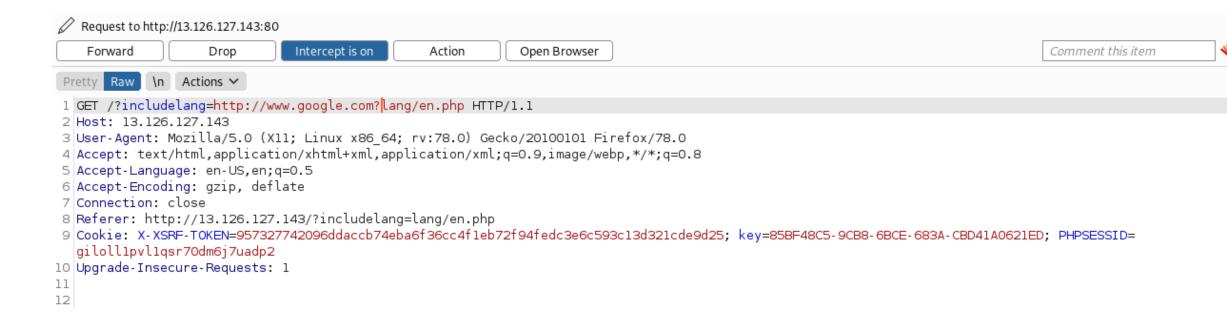
- http://13.126.127.143/?inclludelang=lang/en.php
- http://13.126.196.134/?inclludelang=lang/fr.php

Payload:-

•http://13.126.196.134/?inclludelang=https/www.google.com?lang/en.p

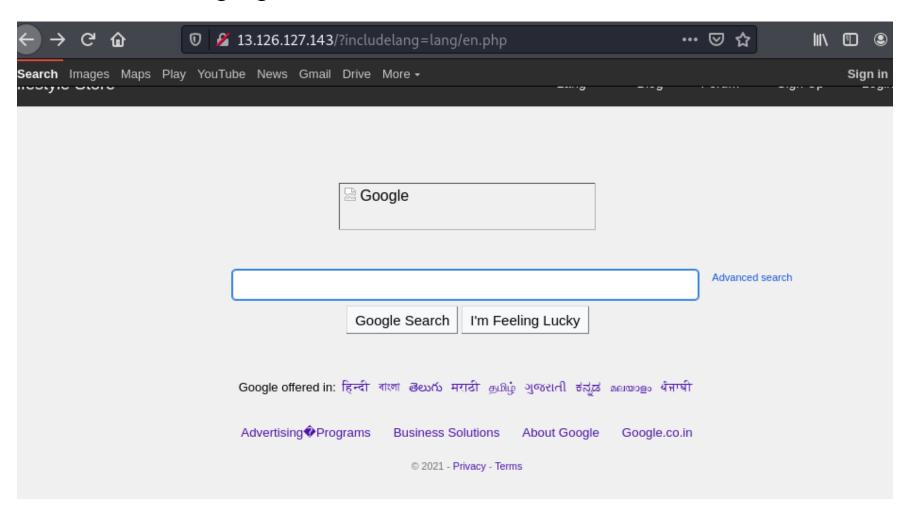
Observation

Here we made changes to the url according to the payload



POC

• We are redirected to google



Business Impact – low

An http parameter may contain a URL value and could cause the web application to redirect the request to the specified URL. By modifying the URL value to a malicious sitea

Recommendations

- Disallow Offsite Redirects.
- If you have to redirect the user based on URLs, instead of using untrusted input you should always use an ID which is internally resolved to the respective URL.
- If you want the user to be able to issue redirects you should use a redirection page that requires the user to click on the link instead of just redirecting them.
- You should also check that the URL begins with http:// or https:// and also invalidate all other URLs to prevent the use of malicious URIs such as javascript:

REFERENCES:-

- https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/601.html
- https://www.hacksplaining.com/prevention/open-redirects

THANK YOU

For any further clarifications/patch assistance, please contact: 9876543210