Adversarial Learning for Neural Dialogue Generation

1 Main Idea

The authors formulate this dialogue model as a reinforcement learning problem. The network used is a Generative Adversarial Network. The discrimnator object is the same as a Turing test predictor i.e. classifies whether the dialogue response is human or machine-generated. The goal is to improve to improve the generator to the point where the discrimnator has trouble distinguishing between human and machine-generated responses. [1].

2 Method

•

3 Observations

•

References

[1] Jiwei Li, Will Monroe, Tianlin Shi, Alan Ritter, and Dan Jurafsky. Adversarial learning for neural dialogue generation. arXiv preprint arXiv:1701.06547, 2017.