

# FIFA 2022 WORLD CUP

## ◆ ————— Group 7 ————— ◆

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# TABLE OF CONTENTS

**01**

研究背景、  
資料及介紹

**02**

前處理

**03**

資料探索

**04**

建立模型

**05**

結論

# 01

## 研究背景 & 資料集介紹



# 一夜致富只差一哩路!!

阿芳在今年**2022FIFA**比賽中輸得慘兮兮，就算看了多少報導，還是怎麼賭怎麼輸.....，所以她下定決心，準備在明年絕地大反攻！她想請求碰碰車團隊的協助，該團隊透過今年**2022**年的**FIFA**資料中各變數的變化，來對製造射門動作**(SCA)**進行預測。

團隊認為，想獲勝就要得分；想得分就是要射門，但射門得分與否，攸關於選手本身技巧，不過無論技巧優劣，都必須要射門！所以我們最終想預測哪些因素會影響到選手出腳射門的行為

# 資料集介紹



資料來源

Kaggle  
FBREF



樣本數

669筆



欄位

168欄

# 資料集介紹

檔案	內容
player_defense	紀錄球員的防守行為
player_gca	紀錄射門成功的行為
player_misc	紀錄球員的犯規行為
player_passing	紀錄球員的傳球行為
player_passing_types	紀錄球員的傳球類型
player_playingtime	紀錄球員的出場資訊
player_possession	紀錄球員的盤球行為
player_shooting	紀錄球員的射門行為
player_stats	紀錄球員的基本資料

# 欄位介紹

欄位	說明
Position	紀錄球員的位置
touches_att_pen_area	在禁區觸球次數
passes_received	接到傳球次數
dribbles_complete	盤球成功次數
average_shot_distance	球員的平均射門距離
progressive_passes_received	球員接到漸進式傳球次數
dribbles_completed	球員完成盤球的次數
shot_free_kick	自由球
tackle	鏟球次數

# 02

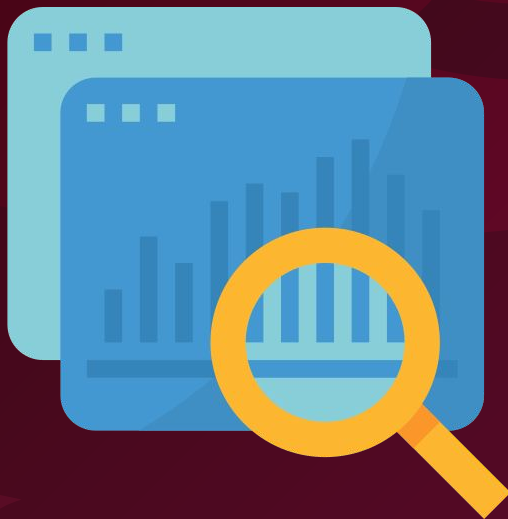
## 資料前處理





# 合併資料集

Player\_defense,player\_gca,  
player\_misc, player\_passing,.....



## KNN補NA值

**Scale, center**

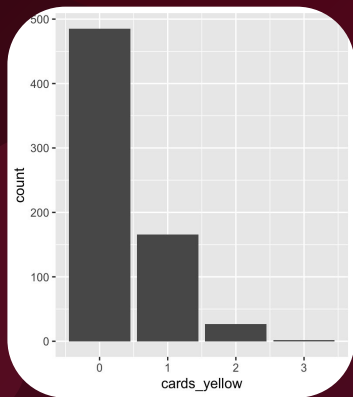
# 03

## 資料探索

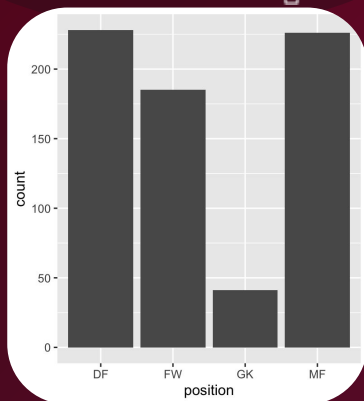


# 單變量分析

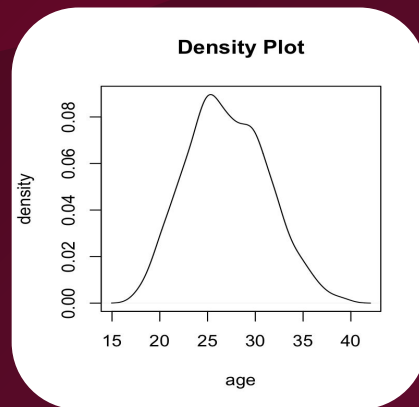
黃牌數量 🟡



位置 📍



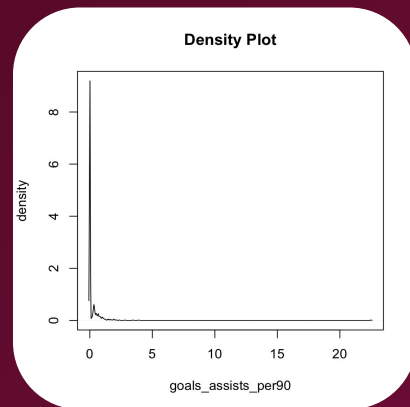
年齡



```
Lilliefors (Kolmogorov-Smirnov) normality test  
data: player$age  
D = 0.07924, p-value = 6.43e-11
```

```
> fivenum(player$age)  
[1] 18 24 27 30 39
```

每場的進球與進攻次數



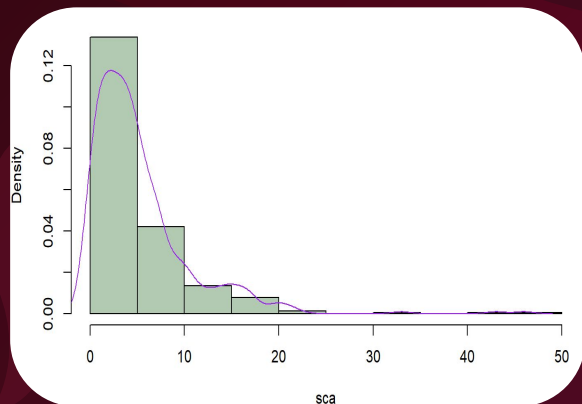
```
Lilliefors (Kolmogorov-Smirnov) normality test  
data: player$goals_assists_per90  
D = 0.41323, p-value < 2.2e-16
```

```
> fivenum(player$goals_assists_per90)  
[1] 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.14 22.50
```

# 單變量分析



直接或間接導致  
射門的動作

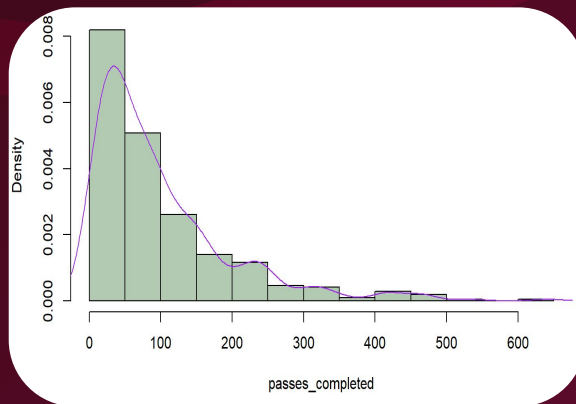


```
Lilliefors (Kolmogorov-Smirnov) normality test
data: player$sca
D = 0.18902, p-value < 2.2e-16

  Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
0.000  2.000   4.000   5.273  7.000  46.000
```



傳球成功

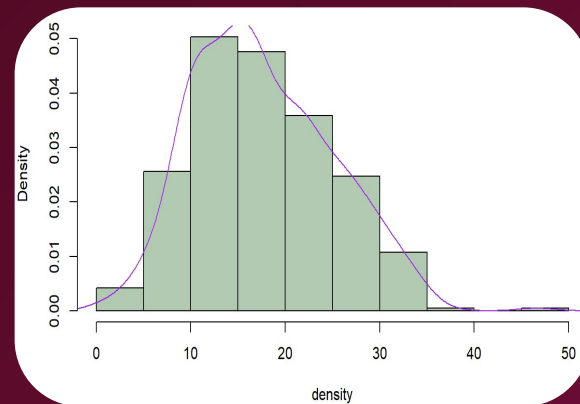


```
Lilliefors (Kolmogorov-Smirnov) normality test
data: player$passes_completed
D = 0.16193, p-value < 2.2e-16

  Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
0.00   33.00   69.00   99.41 136.00  642.00
```



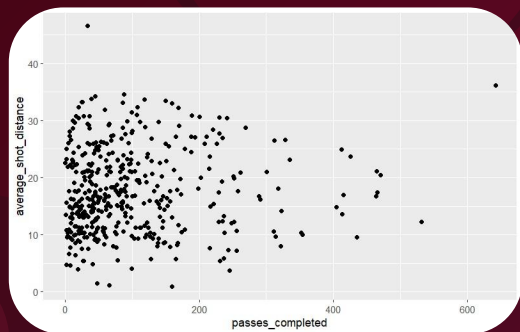
平均射程



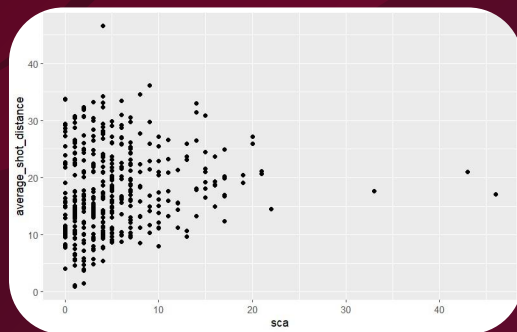
```
Lilliefors (Kolmogorov-Smirnov) normality test
data: player$average_shot_distance
D = 0.060234, p-value = 0.0007695

  Min. 1st Qu.  Median    Mean 3rd Qu.    Max.
0.90   12.00   16.70   17.66  22.60  46.60
```

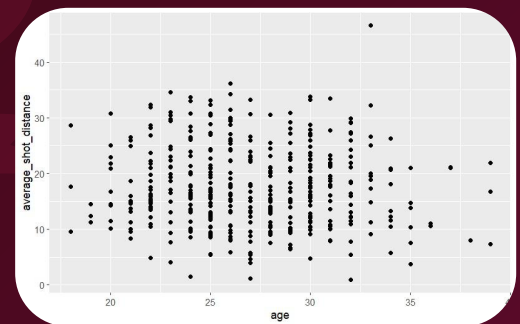
# 雙變量分析



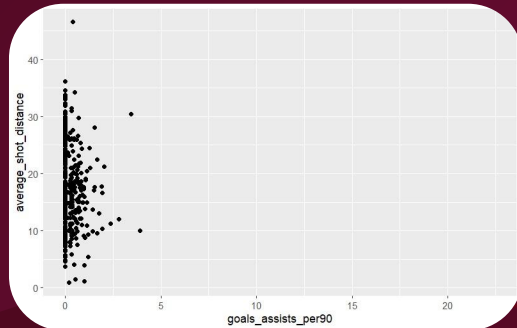
x=Passes\_completed  
y=avg\_shot\_distance



x=sca  
y=avg\_shot\_distance

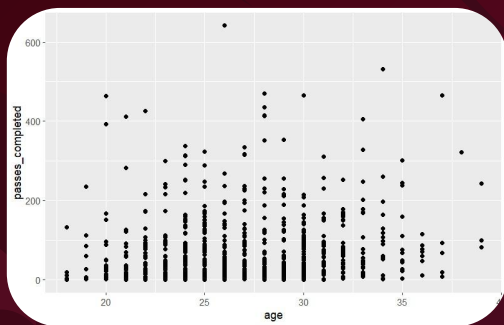


x=age  
y=avg\_shot\_distance

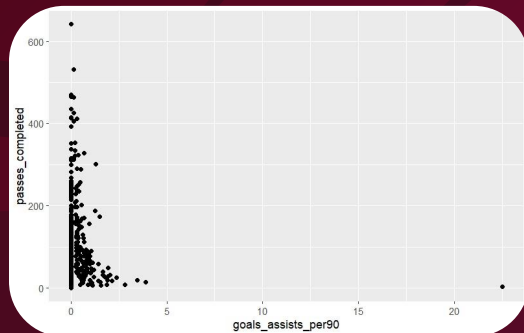


x=goals\_assists\_per90  
y=avg\_shot\_distance

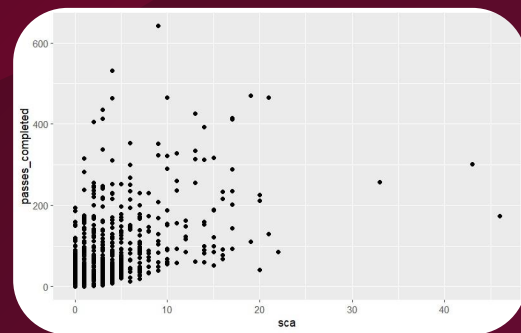
# 雙變量分析



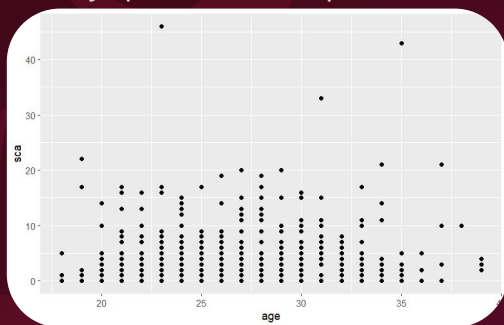
x=age  
y=passes\_completed



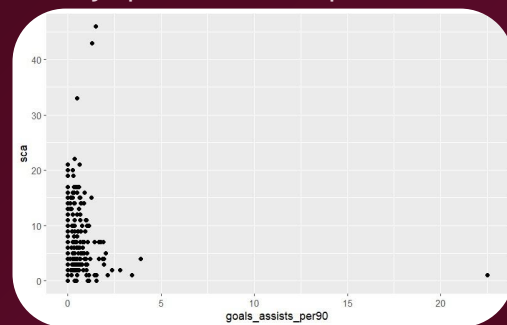
x=goal\_assists\_per90  
y=passes\_completed



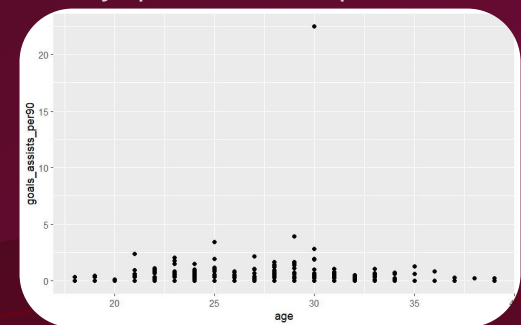
x=sca  
y=passes\_completed



x=sca  
y=passes\_completed

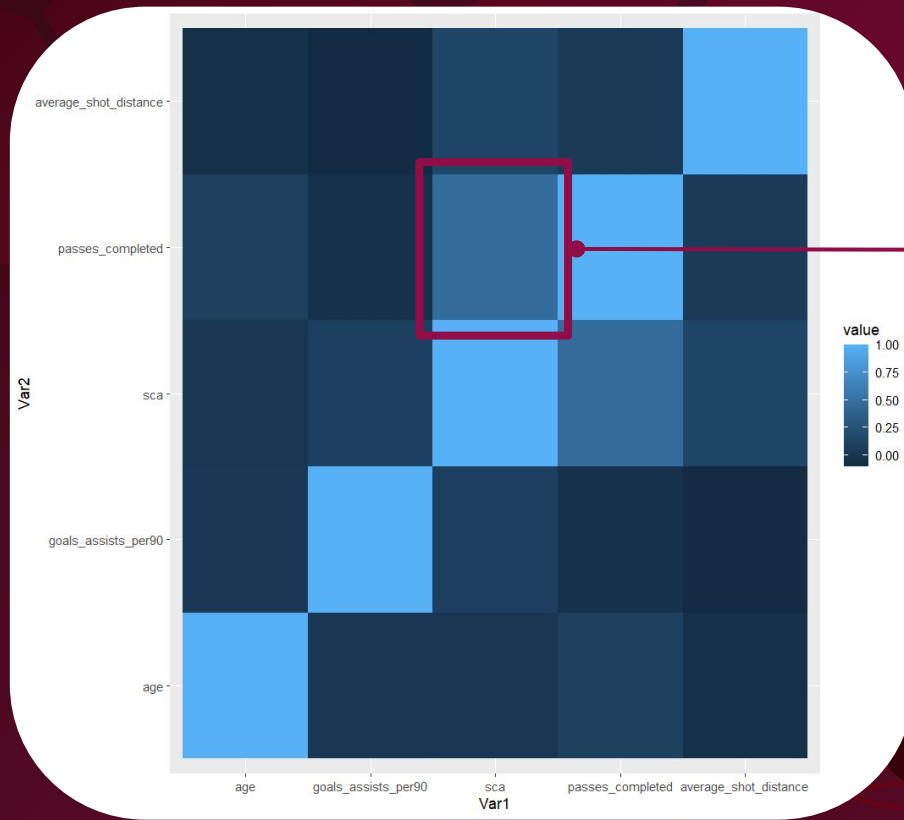


x=sca  
y=passes\_completed



x=age  
y=goals\_assists\_per90

# 相關性分析



完成傳球次數

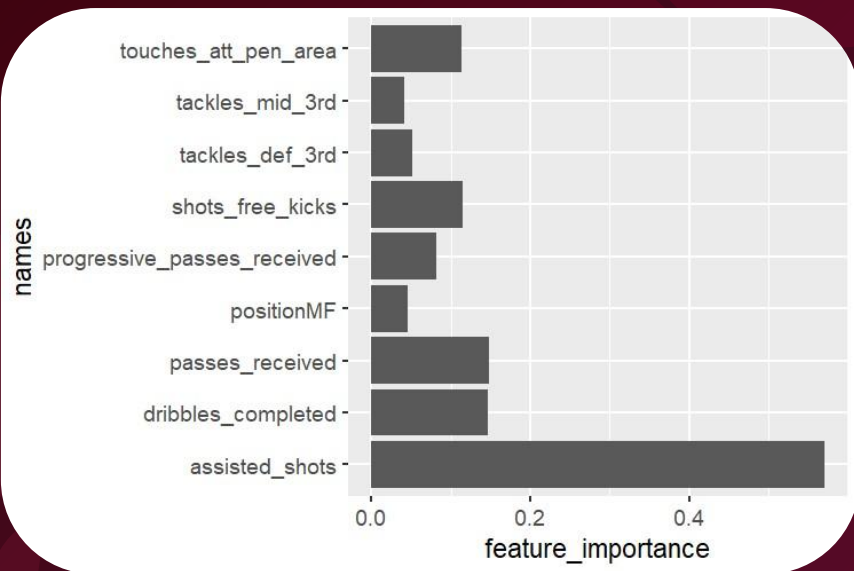
# 04

## 建立模型





# 線性回歸 LM



Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-6.4936	-0.8575	-0.1400	0.5914	11.0604

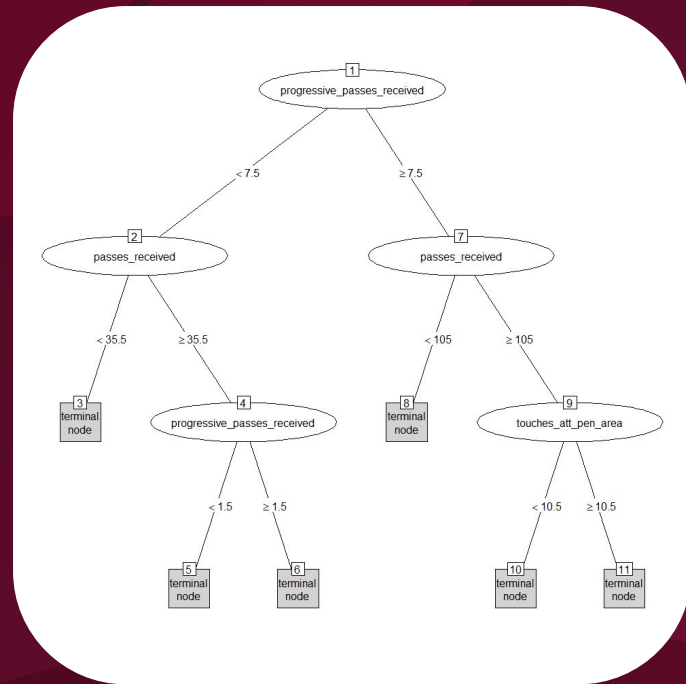
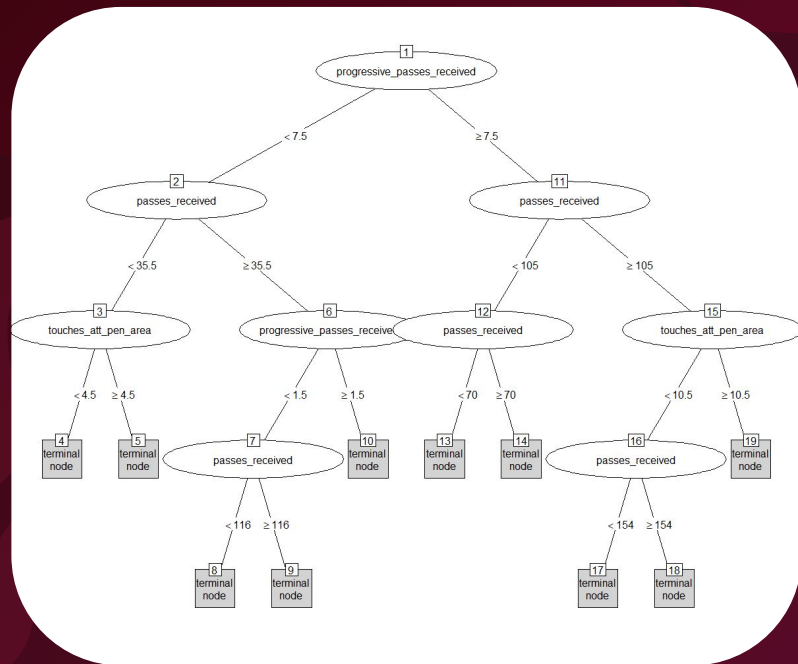
Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )
(Intercept)	3.34121	0.05939	56.261	< 2e-16 ***
positionMF	0.17261	0.06322	2.730	0.00650 **
tackles_def_3rd	0.21004	0.06806	3.086	0.00211 **
tackles_mid_3rd	0.15318	0.06847	2.237	0.02561 *
assisted_shots	2.25287	0.08263	27.264	< 2e-16 ***
tackles_att_pen_area	0.45439	0.10528	4.316	1.84e-05 ***
dribbles_completed	0.57181	0.07321	7.811	2.26e-14 ***
passes_received	0.56901	0.07186	7.918	1.04e-14 ***
progressive_passes_received	0.33377	0.10537	3.168	0.00161 **
shots_free_kicks	0.44525	0.06209	7.171	2.01e-12 ***

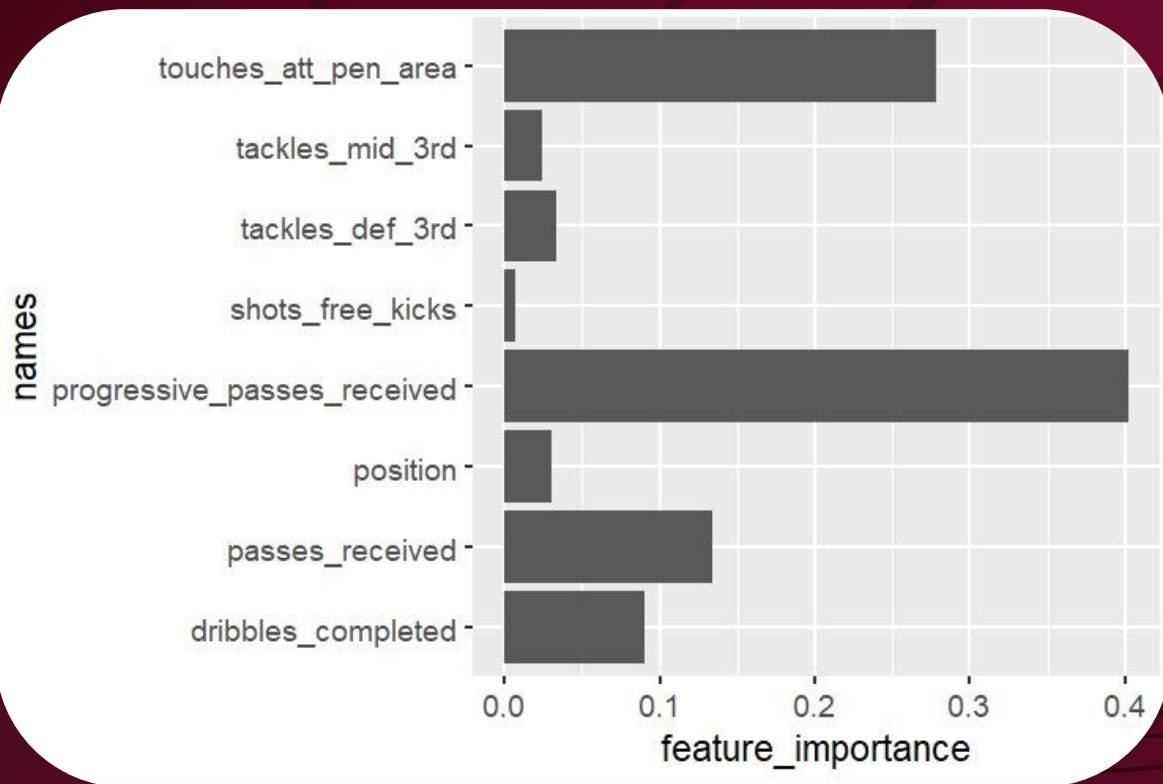
Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 1.531 on 655 degrees of freedom  
Multiple R-squared: 0.8517, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8497  
F-statistic: 417.9 on 9 and 655 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

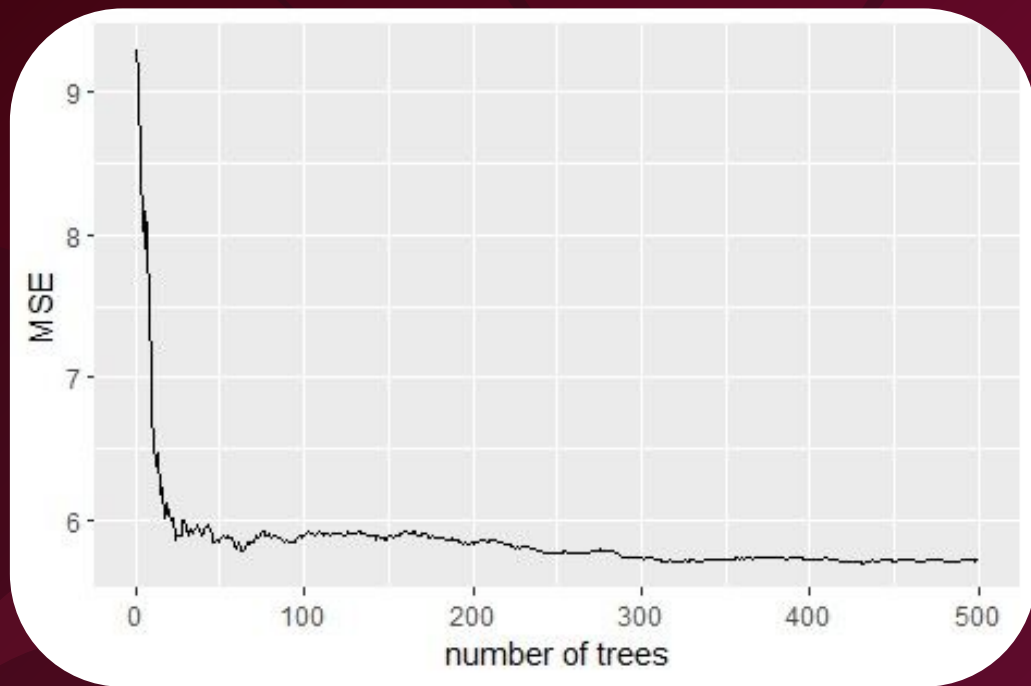
# 決策樹



# 決策樹

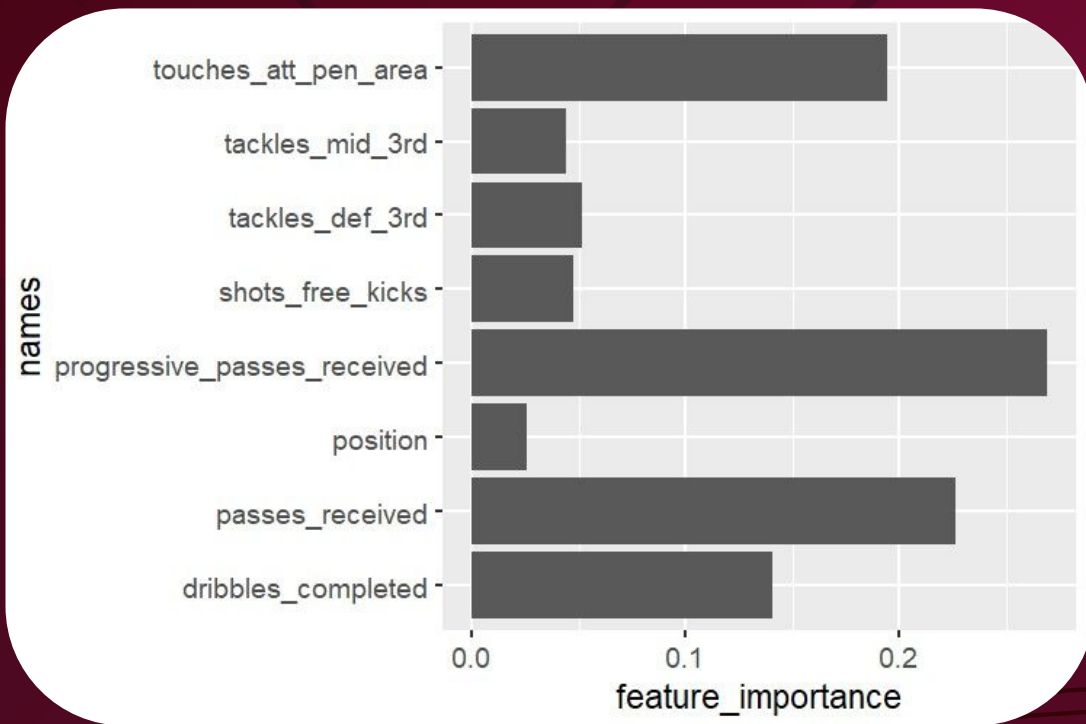


# 隨機森林



樹的數量大約在  
300棵時趨於穩定

# 隨機森林



# 隨機森林

```
> train_player_RMSE
```

```
$RF_50  
[1] 1.304398
```

```
$RF_150  
[1] 1.272153
```

```
$RF_200  
[1] 1.2564
```

```
$RF_300  
[1] 1.25535
```

```
$RF_350  
[1] 1.254881
```

```
$RF_400  
[1] 1.261285
```

```
> test_player_RMSE
```

```
$RF_50  
[1] 1.341737
```

```
$RF_80  
[1] 1.335853
```

```
$RF_100  
[1] 1.324001
```

```
$RF_200  
[1] 1.305567
```

```
$RF_300  
[1] 1.305142
```

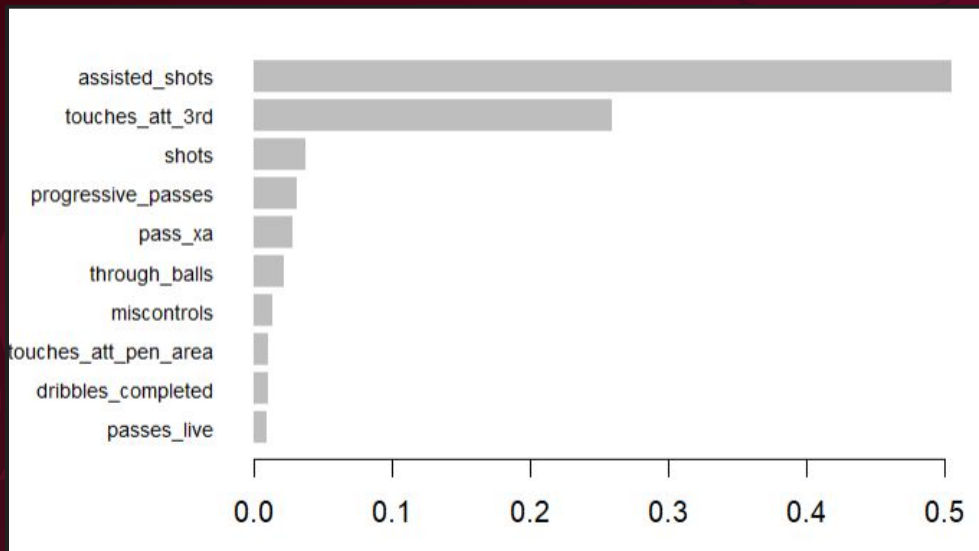
```
$RF_350  
[1] 1.297036
```

```
$RF_400  
[1] 1.300944
```



模型訓練結果顯示  
RF在350棵時  
的RMSE最低


# XGBOOST 極限梯度提升



	eta	max_depth	min_child_weight	subsample	colsample_bytree	nrounds	RMSE
1	0.05	3	3	0.65	0.8	85	1.716030
2	0.05	3	3	0.65	0.9	90	1.720187
3	0.10	3	3	0.80	0.9	41	1.727919
4	0.05	3	7	0.80	0.8	76	1.735950
5	0.05	3	5	0.65	0.8	76	1.737663
6	0.05	3	3	0.80	0.8	78	1.739665
7	0.10	3	5	0.65	1.0	46	1.740054
8	0.05	3	7	0.65	0.9	76	1.740452
9	0.05	3	7	0.80	0.9	78	1.741311
10	0.10	3	5	0.65	0.9	49	1.741320





**eta = 0.05, max\_depth = 3,  
min\_child\_weight = 3,  
subsample = 0.65,  
colsample\_bytree = 0.8,  
nrounds = 85 時RMSE最小**

## 模型表現評估 \*在此以**RMSE**做評估

Model	Train	Test
Linear regression	1.471359	1.626082
XGBoost	 1.236659	1.975852
Regression Tree	2.47325	2.947111
Random Forest (\$RF_350)	1.254881	 1.305142



# 共同重要特徴

重要性	Random Forest	Regression Tree	XGBoost	Linear regression
1	 Progressive_passes_received	 Progressive_passes_received	 assisted_shots	 assisted_shots
2	touches_att_pen_area	touches_att_pen_area	touches_att_3rd	passes_received
3	passes_received	passes_received	shots	dribbles_completed
4	dribbles_completed	dribbles_completed	Progressive_passes	shot_free_kicks
5	tackles_mid_3rd	tackles_def_3rd	pass_xa	touches_att_pen_area

# 05

## 結論



# 如何增加射門次數？

根據共同重要特徵結果，要增加球隊的射門行為，我們可以...

- 提高傳接球精準度
- 加強盤球穩定度
- 積極鏟球

我們原本以為有影響的，但實際沒有影響的

1. 年齡
2. 完成傳球次數



A dark silhouette of a trophy cup, resembling the UEFA Champions League trophy, is centered in the background. The background is a deep red with faint, stylized floral and geometric patterns.

# THANKS

◆ ————— ◆  
**2022**