Predicting gene mutational status from whole slide images. Feb28th/2020

- The result from rerunning the model by changing the preprocessing parameters:
 - Not much change for micro and macro AUC/ROC values.
 - o Still have NA values for each Class files.
 - Reasons:
 - Computational:

ROC/AUC calculation script in: </nfs/home/xwang/DeepPATH/DeepPATH_code/03_postprocessing/0h_ROC_MultiOut put BootStrap.py>

⇒ Is not working / not generalize well for our datasets, this may due to fact that differences in image generations. Somehow this script does not have generalizability for our image dataset from Providence.

Biological:

- □ The model trained on TCGA datasets and tested on their own testing set for different biopsy images. They may figure out the same preprocess step for images they trained on. For example, their images may obtain from similar lung cancer stage or microenvironment.
- ⇒ Biologically, the staining process on these images may be different and the cancer stages for these images may be different in clinical definition that causing bad classifying results.

261 result since AUCs of 0.95 to 0.97 performance is achieved for LUSC vs LUAD, but it is unlikely 262 that 100% of the tiles are indeed representative of the labelled cancer type. Oftentimes, the tumor 263 is only local and some regions of the slides are not affected by the tumor. Performing an initial 264 classification of "normal" vs "tumor" partially addresses this issue removing normal-like tiles. The fact that these are excisions of lung cancer, the tumor cells spread over the whole slide images 265 266 available and not a small portion of which has clearly been beneficial for this classification. Finally, 267 it is surprising to note the high AUCs achieved considering that several slides present artifacts 268 inherent to freezing techniques used to prepare those samples. However, it should be noted that 269 the available images may not fully represent the diversity that specialists have to deal with and it 270 may be interesting in the future to assess how the network performs under the less than ideal 271 circumstances that can occur (poor staining quality, focus not optimal or autofocus failure, lack of homogeneity in the illumination, etc). Before this study, it was a priori unclear if and how a given

- **Next Step:** Gene mutation prediction from image.
 - Only using LUAD tiles for gene mutation prediction to see what's the results.

From https://github.com/ncoudray/DeepPATH/tree/master/DeepPATH code/example TCGA lung:

To process mutations of LUAD images, there are different ways to do it.

First, to extract probability of LUAD tiles on all LUAD tiles, we'll run them through the above classifier: Sort the tiles, assigning them all to "test".

```
mkdir r2 LUAD segmentation
cd r2 LUAD segmentation
python 00_preprocessing/0d_SortTiles.py --SourceFolder='../512px_Tiled/' --Magnification=20.0 --
MagDiffAllowed=0 --SortingOption=3 --PatientID=12 --nSplit 0 --
JsonFile='../downloaded data/metadata.cart.2017-03-02T00 36 30.276824.json' --PercentTest=100 --
PercentValid=0
111111
Since Normal and LUSC do not interest us, delete their content (the content only - not the folder - the number
of folders in that directory is used to identify the total number of possible classes):
rm -rf TCGA-IUSC/*
rm -rf Solid Tissue Normal/*
convert to TFRecord:
mkdir r2 TFRecord test
python 00 preprocessing/TFRecord 2or3 Classes/build TF test.py --directory='r2 LUAD segmentation/' --
output_directory='r2_TFRecord_test' --num_threads=1 --one_FT_per_Tile=False --ImageSet_basename='test'
111111
```

Segment the LUAD tiles using the checkpoint giving the best validation/test AUC.

```
export CHECKPOINT PATH='r1 results'
export OUTPUT DIR='r2 test'
export DATA DIR='r2 TFRecord test'
export LABEL FILE='labelref r1.txt'
# Best checkpoints
declare -i count=69000
declare -i NbClasses=3
```

```
# create temporary directory for checkpoints
mkdir -p $OUTPUT DIR/tmp checkpoints
export CUR CHECKPOINT=$OUTPUT DIR/tmp checkpoints
export TEST_OUTPUT=$OUTPUT_DIR/test_$count'k'
mkdir -p $TEST OUTPUT
In -s $CHECKPOINT PATH/*-$count.* $CUR CHECKPOINT/.
touch $CUR CHECKPOINT/checkpoint
echo 'model checkpoint path: "'$CUR CHECKPOINT'/model.ckpt-'$count'"' > $CUR CHECKPOINT/checkpoint
echo 'all_model_checkpoint_paths: "'$CUR_CHECKPOINT'/model.ckpt-'$count'"' >>
$CUR CHECKPOINT/checkpoint
# Test
python 02 testing/xClasses/nc imagenet eval.py --checkpoint dir=$CUR CHECKPOINT --
eval_dir=$OUTPUT_DIR --data_dir=$DATA_DIR --batch_size 300 --run_once --ImageSet_basename='test_' --
ClassNumber $NbClasses --mode='0 softmax' --TVmode='test'
                   # wait
mv $OUTPUT_DIR/out* $TEST_OUTPUT/.
```

Retrieve the mutation information from the GDC website. In this particular example, we use mutect2 "masked somatic mutations". We label samples/slides as mutated with respect to every gene if it had a non-silent mutation. We used maftools to parse the Mutect2 variants from TCGA which by default uses Variant Classifications with High/Moderate variant consequences. These include: "Frame_Shift_Del", "Frame_Shift_Ins", "Splice_Site", "Translation_Start_Site", "Nonsense_Mutation", "Nonstop_Mutation", "In_Frame_Del", "In_Frame_Ins", "Missense_Mutation". We then picked the top 10 "known cancer genes" (https://cancer.sanger.ac.uk/census) with respect to the number of (non-silent) mutation across our dataset, excluding genes like TNN which are known to be frequently mutated in general (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4267152/). We can then generate a label file where the first column is the slide ID, and the second the mutation name (if a slide has several mutations, then it will have several lines - example in file attached labels_r3.txt), and a reference file with the list of possible mutations (see labelref_r3.txt).

```
(https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4267152/). We can then generate a label file where the first column is the slide ID, and the second the mutation name (if a slide has several mutations, then it will have several lines - example in file attached labels_r3.txt), and a reference file with the list of possible mutations (see labelref_r3.txt).

sort the LUAD tiles identified as LUAD intro a train, valid a test set for mutation analysis.

mkdir r3_LUAD_sorted

cd r3_LUAD_sorted

python ../00_preprocessing/0d_SortTiles.py --SourceFolder='../512px_Tiled_NewPortal/' --Magnification=20 --MagDiffAllowed=0 --SortingOption=10 --PatientID=-1 --PercentTest=15 --PercentValid=15 --nSplit 0 --outFilenameStats='../r2_test/test_69000k/out_filename_Stats.txt'
```

```
Convert to TFRecord:
# valid
python 00 preprocessing/TFRecord multi Classes/build TF test multiClass.py --
directory='r3 LUAD sorted/512px Tiled NewPortal/' --output directory='r3 TFRecord valid' --
num threads=1 --one FT per Tile=False --ImageSet basename='valid' --labels names='labelref r3.txt' --
labels='labels_r3.txt' --PatientID=14
# test
python 00 preprocessing/TFRecord multi Classes/build TF test multiClass.py --
directory='r3_LUAD_sorted/512px_Tiled_NewPortal' --output_directory='r3_TFRecord_test' --num_threads=1
--one FT per Tile=False --ImageSet basename='test' --labels names='labelref r3.txt' --labels r3.txt' --
PatientID=14
# train
python 00 preprocessing/TFRecord multi Classes/build image data multiClass.py --
directory='r3 LUAD sorted/512px Tiled NewPortal' --output directory='r3 TFRecord train' --
train shards=1024 --validation shards=128 --num threads=16 --labels names='labelref r3.txt' --
labels='labels r3.txt' -- PatientID=14
111111
train the model with 10-class sigmoid classifier:
111111
bazel-bin/inception/imagenet train --num gpus=4 --batch size=400 --train dir="r3 results train" --
data dir="r3 TFRecord train" -- ClassNumber=10 -- mode='1 sigmoid' -- NbrOfImages=326613 --
save step for chekcpoint=815 --max steps=81501
once the checkpoints start being saved, we can start runing the valid and test sets:
export CHECKPOINT_PATH='full_ath_to/r3_results_train/'
export OUTPUT DIR='full path to/r3 valid'
export DATA DIR='r3 TFRecord valid'
export LABEL FILE='labelref r3.txt'
# create temporary directory for checkpoints
mkdir -p $OUTPUT DIR/tmp checkpoints
export CUR CHECKPOINT=$OUTPUT DIR/tmp checkpoints
# check if next checkpoint available
declare -i count=815
declare -i step=815
declare -i NbClasses=10
while true: do
    echo $count
    if [ -f $CHECKPOINT PATH/model.ckpt-$count.meta ]; then
        echo $CHECKPOINT PATH/model.ckpt-$count.meta " exists"
```

check if there's already a computation for this checkpoinmt

```
export TEST_OUTPUT=$OUTPUT_DIR/test_$count'k'
        if [!-d $TEST OUTPUT]; then
            mkdir -p $TEST OUTPUT
            In -s $CHECKPOINT PATH/*-$count.* $CUR CHECKPOINT/.
            touch $CUR CHECKPOINT/checkpoint
            echo 'model_checkpoint_path: "'$CUR_CHECKPOINT'/model.ckpt-'$count'"' >
$CUR CHECKPOINT/checkpoint
            echo 'all model checkpoint paths: "'$CUR CHECKPOINT'/model.ckpt-'$count'"' >>
$CUR CHECKPOINT/checkpoint
            # Test
            python
/gpfs/scratch/coudrn01/NN test/code/DeepPATH/DeepPATH code/02 testing/xClasses/nc imagenet eval.p
y --checkpoint_dir=$CUR_CHECKPOINT --eval_dir=$OUTPUT_DIR --data_dir=$DATA_DIR --batch_size 200 --
run once --ImageSet basename='valid '--ClassNumber $NbClasses --mode='1 sigmoid' --TVmode='test'
            # wait
            mv $OUTPUT DIR/out* $TEST OUTPUT/.
            # ROC
            export OUTFILENAME=$TEST OUTPUT/out filename Stats.txt
            python
/gpfs/scratch/coudrn01/NN test/code/DeepPATH/DeepPATH code/03 postprocessing/0h ROC MultiOutput
BootStrap.py --file stats=$OUTFILENAME --output dir=$TEST OUTPUT --labels names=$LABEL FILE
        else
            echo 'checkpoint '$TEST OUTPUT' skipped'
        fi
    else
        echo $CHECKPOINT PATH/model.ckpt-$count.meta " does not exist"
        break
    fi
    # next checkpoint
    count='expr "$count" + "$step"'
done
# summarize all AUC per slide (average probability) for class 1:
Is -tr $OUTPUT DIR/test */out2 roc data AvPb c1a* | sed -e 's/k\/out2 roc data AvPb c1a//' | sed -e
's/test //' | sed -e 's/ //g' | sed -e 's/.txt//' > $OUTPUT DIR/valid out2 AvPb AUCs 1.txt
# summarize all AUC per slide (average probability) for macro average:
Is -tr $OUTPUT_DIR/test_*/out2_roc_data_AvPb_macro* | sed -e 's/k\/out2_roc_data_AvPb_macro_/ /' |
sed -e 's/test //' | sed -e 's/ //g' | sed -e 's/.txt//' > $OUTPUT DIR/valid out2 AvPb AUCs macro.txt
```

```
# summarize all AUC per slide (average probability) for micro average:
ls -tr $OUTPUT_DIR/test_*/out2_roc_data_AvPb_micro* | sed -e 's/k\/out2 roc data AvPb micro / /' | sed
-e 's/test //' | sed -e 's/ //g' | sed -e 's/.txt//' > $OUTPUT DIR/valid out2 AvPb AUCs micro.txt
Is -tr $OUTPUT DIR/test */out2 roc data AvPb c2* | sed -e 's/k\/out2 roc data AvPb c2//' | sed -e
's/test //' | sed -e 's/ //g' | sed -e 's/.txt//' > $OUTPUT DIR/valid out2 AvPb AUCs 2.txt
Is -tr $OUTPUT DIR/test */out2 roc data AvPb c3* | sed -e 's/k\/out2 roc data AvPb c3//' | sed -e
's/test //' | sed -e 's/ //g' | sed -e 's/.txt//' > $OUTPUT DIR/valid out2 AvPb AUCs 3.txt
Is -tr $OUTPUT_DIR/test_*/out2_roc_data_AvPb_c4* | sed -e 's/k\/out2_roc_data_AvPb_c4//' | sed -e
's/test //' | sed -e 's/ //g' | sed -e 's/.txt//' > $OUTPUT DIR/valid out2 AvPb AUCs 4.txt
Is -tr $OUTPUT DIR/test */out2 roc data AvPb c5* | sed -e 's/k\/out2 roc data AvPb c5//' | sed -e
's/test //' | sed -e 's/ //g' | sed -e 's/.txt//' > $OUTPUT DIR/valid out2 AvPb AUCs 5.txt
Is -tr $OUTPUT DIR/test */out2 roc data AvPb c6* | sed -e 's/k\/out2 roc data AvPb c6//' | sed -e
's/test //' | sed -e 's/ //g' | sed -e 's/.txt//' > $OUTPUT DIR/valid out2 AvPb AUCs 6.txt
Is -tr $OUTPUT_DIR/test_*/out2_roc_data_AvPb_c7* | sed -e 's/k\/out2_roc_data_AvPb_c7//' | sed -e
's/test //' | sed -e 's/ //g' | sed -e 's/.txt//' > $OUTPUT DIR/valid out2 AvPb AUCs 7.txt
Is -tr $OUTPUT DIR/test */out2 roc data AvPb c8* | sed -e 's/k\/out2 roc data AvPb c8/ /' | sed -e
's/test //' | sed -e 's/ //g' | sed -e 's/.txt//' > $OUTPUT DIR/valid out2 AvPb AUCs 8.txt
Is -tr $OUTPUT DIR/test */out2 roc data AvPb c9* | sed -e 's/k\/out2 roc data AvPb c9//' | sed -e
's/test //' | sed -e 's/ //g' | sed -e 's/.txt//' > $OUTPUT DIR/valid out2 AvPb AUCs 9.txt
Is -tr $OUTPUT DIR/test */out2 roc data_AvPb_c10* | sed -e 's/k\/out2_roc_data_AvPb_c10/ /' | sed -e
's/test //' | sed -e 's/ //g' | sed -e 's/.txt//' > $OUTPUT DIR/valid out2 AvPb AUCs 10.txt
```

A similar code can be used for the test check by modifying the corresponding options and inputs.

labelref r3.txt

EGFR

FAT1

FAT4

KEAP1

KRAS

LRP1B

NF1

SETBP1

STK11

TP53

run1b 10way MutationClassifier

labels_r3.txt

TCGA-95-7039-0	TP53
TCGA-95-7039-0	LRP1B
TCGA-95-7039-0	KRAS
TCGA-95-7039-0	EGFR
TCGA-95-7039-0	FAT1
TCGA-95-7567-0	TP53
TCGA-95-7567-0	LRP1B
TCGA-95-7567-0	KRAS
TCGA-95-7567-0	FAT4
TCGA-05-4427-0	TP53
TCGA-05-4427-0	LRP1B
TCGA-05-4427-0	KRAS
TCGA-05-4427-0	SETBP1
TCGA-64-5778-0	TP53
TCGA-64-5778-0	LRP1B
TCGA-64-5778-0	KRAS
TCGA-55-8507-0	TP53
TCGA-55-8507-0	LRP1B
TCGA-55-8507-0	FAT4
TCGA-55-8507-0	STK11
TCGA-MN-A4N4-0	TP53
TCGA-MN-A4N4-0	LRP1B
TCGA-05-4382-0	TP53
TCGA-05-4382-0	LRP1B
TCGA-05-4382-0	FAT4
TCGA-05-4382-0	EGFR
TCGA-05-4382-0	SETBP1
TCGA-05-4398-0	TP53
TCGA-05-4398-0	LRP1B
TCGA-05-4398-0	FAT1
TCGA-05-4398-0	SETBP1
TCGA-49-AAR4-0	TP53
TCGA-49-AAR4-0	LRP1B
TCGA-49-AAR4-0	FAT1

- Figure out if we need at least one gene mutation label for each tile name.
 - o Try first with tile labels only from tiles had KRAS mutation.
 - Then, if not working properly, use other gene name to represent tiles without KRAS mutation.
- → Need to pull out the KRAS mutation Patient ID ---- also Image ID ---- Tile ID list / dict / table. In order to generate this label file.