

SMART CONTRACT SECURITY ANALYSIS REPORT

```
pragma solidity 0.7.0;
contract Contract {

   function hello() public returns (string) {
      return "Hello World!";
   }

   function findVulnerability() public returns (string) {
      return "Finding Vulnerability";
   }

   function solveVulnerability() public returns (string) {
      return "Solve Vulnerability";
   }
}
```



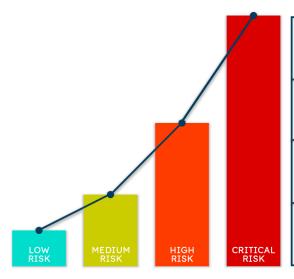
PREFACE

Objectives

The purpose of this document is to highlight the identified bugs/issues in the provided codebase. This audit has been conducted in a closed and secure environment, free from influence or bias of any sort. This document may contain confidential information about IT systems/architecture and intellectual property of the client. It also contains information about potential risks and the processes involved in mitigating/exploiting the risks mentioned below.

The usage of information provided in this report is limited, internally, to the client. However, this report can be disclosed publicly with the intention to aid our growing blockchain community; under the discretion of the client.

Key Understandings



CRITICAL RISK ****	Critical vulnerabilities are too easy to exploit and can lead to damages/loss in assets or manipulations.
HIGH RISK xxx	High-level vulnerabilities are difficult to exploit; however, they also have a significant impact on smart contract execution.
MEDIUM RISK xx	Medium-level vulnerabilities are equally imperative to fix but they tend to have minimal impact on asset loss or data manipulations.
LOW RISK ×	Lowest-level vulnerabilities, informational errors, violating code styles/practices usually can't affect smart contract execution; hence they can be ignored.





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INTRODUCTION

BlockApex (Auditor) was contracted by _	<u>PhoenixDao</u>	(Client) for the purpose of
conducting a Smart Contract Audit/Code	Review. This doc	ument presents the findings
of our analysis which took place on	15th June 2021	

Project Details

Name		
PhoenixDAO (Initial Audit)		
Auditor		
Moazzam Arif Shakeib Shaida		
Platform		
Ethereum/Solidity		
Type of review		
Dao		
Methods		
Architecture Review, Functional Testing, Computer-Aided Verification, Manual Review		
Git Repository		
https://github.com/PhoenixDAO/DAO-contracts/blob/hardhat-version/contracts/DaoSmartContract.sol		
Document log		
Day 1: Initial Audit (15-06-2021)		
Day 2: (Final Audit pending)		

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Scope

The git-repository shared was checked for common code violations along with vulnerability-specific probing to detect major issues/vulnerabilities. Some specific checks are as follows:

Code review		Functional review
Reentrancy	Unchecked external call	Business Logics Review
Ownership Takeover	ERC20 API violation	Functionality Checks
Timestamp Dependence	Unchecked math	Access Control & Authorization
Gas Limit and Loops	Unsafe type inference	Escrow manipulation
DoS with (Unexpected) Throw	Implicit visibility level	Token Supply manipulation
DoS with Block Gas Limit	Deployment Consistency	Asset's integrity
Transaction-Ordering Dependence	Repository Consistency	User Balances manipulation
Style guide violation	Data Consistency	Kill-Switch Mechanism
Costly Loop		Operation Trails & Event Generation

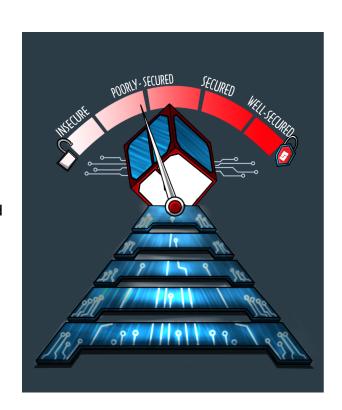


AUDIT REPORT

Executive Summary

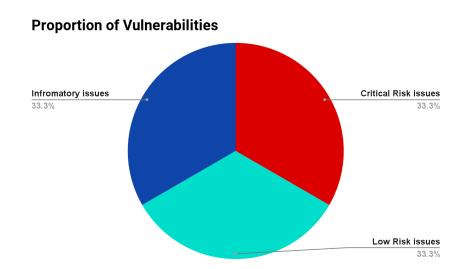
The analysis indicates that the contract audited is **not secure**. It has a critical bug. We suggest that it should be fixed, before going to mainnet.

Our team performed a technique called "Filtered Audit", where the contract was separately audited by two individuals. After their thorough and rigorous process of manual testing, an automated review was carried out using Mythril, MythX and Slither. All the flags raised were manually reviewed and re-tested.



Our team found:

# of issues	Severity of the risk
1	Critical Risk issue
0	High Risk issue
0	Medium Risk issue
1	Low Risk issue
1	Informator issues



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Findings

Critical-risk issues

1. Transaction Replay

```
function withdrawCollateral(string calldata proposalId)
```

Can be replayed and it transfers the phoenix token, because there is no check that the proposer has withdrawn the collateral. There is

```
require(
     proposalList[proposalId].status == uint256(Status.COMPLETED),
     "Project status not completed"
);
```

But, it's not changed to any other status once processed. And

```
collateralAmount=collateralAmount.sub(proposalList[proposalId].colletralAmount);
```

It's subtracting from the collateral Amount, but not from

```
proposalList[proposalId].colletralAmount
```

Remedy:

Introduce another status, e.g Status. PROCESSED_WITHDRAW, or make the

```
proposalList[proposalId].colletralAmount = 0;
```

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High-risk issues

No issues found

Medium-risk issues

No issues were found.

Low-risk issues

1. Unchecked External calls while Transferring Phoenix Token.

Remedy:

Always check the external calls with "require"

Informatory Issues

1. Pragma version should be locked to specific version e.g pragma version = 0.6.0



DISCLAIMER

The smart contracts provided by the client for audit purposes have been thoroughly analyzed in compliance with the global best practices till date w.r.t cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in smart contract code, the details of which are enclosed in this report.

This report is not an endorsement or indictment of the project or team, and they do not in any way guarantee the security of the particular object in context. This report is not considered, and should not be interpreted as an influence, on the potential economics of the token, its sale or any other aspect of the project.

Crypto assets/tokens are results of the emerging blockchain technology in the domain of decentralized finance and they carry with them high levels of technical risk and uncertainty. No report provides any warranty or representation to any third-Party in any respect, including regarding the bug-free nature of code, the business model or proprietors of any such business model, and the legal compliance of any such business. No third-party should rely on the reports in any way, including for the purpose of making any decisions to buy or sell any token, product, service or other asset. Specifically, for the avoidance of doubt, this report does not constitute investment advice, is not intended to be relied upon as investment advice, is not an endorsement of this project or team, and it is not a guarantee as to the absolute security of the project.

Smart contracts are deployed and executed on a blockchain. The platform, its programming language, and other software related to the smart contract can have its vulnerabilities that can lead to hacks. The scope of our review is limited to a review of the Solidity code and only the Solidity code we note as being within the scope of our



review within this report. The Solidity language itself remains under development and is subject to unknown risks and flaws. The review does not extend to the compiler layer, or any other areas beyond Solidity that could present security risks.

This audit cannot be considered as a sufficient assessment regarding the utility and safety of the code, bug-free status or any other statements of the contract. While we have done our best in conducting the analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report only - we recommend proceeding with several independent audits and a public bug bounty program to ensure security of smart contracts.