

G - Lifting the Stone

There are many secret openings in the floor which are covered by a big heavy stone. When the stone is lifted up, a special mechanism detects this and activates poisoned arrows that are shot near the opening. The only possibility is to lift the stone very slowly and carefully. The ACM team must connect a rope to the stone and then lift it using a pulley. Moreover, the stone must be lifted all at once; no side can rise before another. So it is very important to find the center of gravity and connect the rope exactly to that point. The stone has a polygonal shape and its height is the same throughout the whole polygonal area. Your task is to find the center of gravity for the given polygon.

Input Specification

The input consists of T test cases. The number of them (T) is given on the first line of the input. Each test case begins with a line containing a single integer N ($3 \leq N \leq 1000000$) indicating the number of points that form the polygon. This is followed by N lines, each containing two integers X_i and Y_i ($|X_i|, |Y_i| \leq 20000$). These numbers are the coordinates of the i -th point. When we connect the points in the given order, we get a polygon. You may assume that the edges never touch each other (except the neighboring ones) and that they never cross. The area of the polygon is never zero, i.e. it cannot collapse into a single line.

Output Specification

Print exactly one line for each test case. The line should contain exactly two numbers separated by one space. These numbers are the coordinates of the center of gravity. Round the coordinates to the nearest number with exactly two digits after the decimal point (0.005 rounds up to 0.01). Note that the center of gravity may be outside the polygon, if its shape is not convex. If there is such a case in the input data, print the center anyway.

Sample Input

```
2
4
5 0
0 5
-5 0
0 -5
4
1 1
11 1
11 11
1 11
```

Sample Output

```
0.00 0.00
6.00 6.00
```