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Contents

1	Data	Submission	5
	1.1	Overview of Data Submission Process	5
	1.2	Preparing Clinical Data and Analyzed Contents for their submission	5
		1.2.1 File Naming Conventions	6
		1.2.2 Tabular File Structure	7
	1.3	File Submission Procedure	8
2	DCC	Submission Tabular Formats	9
-	2.1	Clinical Data Submission File Specifications	9
		2.1.1 Donor Data File	10
		2.1.2 Donor Family History	10
		2.1.3 Specimen Data File	11
		2.1.4 Analyzed Sample Data File	13
	2.2	Copy Number Germline Variations	14
		2.2.1 Copy Number Germline Variations - Metadata File	14
		2.2.2 Copy Number Germline Variations – Primary Analysis File	15
	2.3	Gene Expression	17
		2.3.1 Expression - Metadata File	17
		2.3.2 Expression - Gene File	18
	2.4	Exon Junction	19
		2.4.1 Exon Junction - Metadata File	19
		2.4.2 Exon Junction - Primary Analysis File	21
	2.5	Protein-DNA interactions	23
		2.5.1 Protein-DNA interaction - Metadata File	23
		2.5.2 Protein-DNA interaction - Primary Analysis File	24
		2.5.3 Protein-DNA interaction - Secondary Analysis File	25
	2.6	Regulatory Regions	26
		2.6.1 Regulatory regions - Metadata File	26
		2.6.2 Regulatory regions - Primary Analysis File	27
		2.6.3 Regulatory regions - Secondary Analysis File	28
	2.7	DNA *-lation (Methylation, Hydroxy-Methylation, Formylation, etc)	29
		2.7.1 DNA *-lation - Metadata File	29
		2.7.2 DNA *-lation - Primary Analysis File	30
		2.7.3 DNA *-lation - Secondary Analysis File	31
Α	Cont	rolled Vocabulary Tables	33
	A.1		33
	A.2	Value Codes for Platform or Validation Platform	33
	A.3	Chromosome Names for Reference Genome GRCh37	35
	A.4	Value Codes for Reference Genome Assembly Version	
	A.5		39

Chapter 1

Data Submission

1.1 Overview of Data Submission Process

There are four major steps in the data submission process:

- 1. Submit raw sequence data to the European Genome-phenome Archive
- 2. Prepare the BLUEPRINT submission files according to DCC data format specifications
- 3. Verify conformity of the submission files
- 4. Submit files to the DCC Secure FTP server

All submitted data must be based on Human reference genome assembly GRCh37 and Ensembl gene set version 68

When submitting experimental data, please make sure you've already deposited your raw data to the appropriate public data repositories (eg: sequencing reads to EBI EGA) and then populate in your submission files the data elements <code>raw_data_repository</code> and <code>raw_data_accession</code> with the correct repository and accession number respectively.

1.2 Preparing Clinical Data and Analyzed Contents for their submission

Submitted clinical or experimental data files must be from any one of these categories:

- Clinical data
- Copy Number Variations
- Gene Expression
- Exon Junctions
- DNA *-lation (Methylation, Hydroxy-Methylation, Formylation, etc...)
- Protein-DNA interactions
- Regulatory regions

BLUEPRINT DCC is hosting both clinical data and analyzed contents. Contents must be sent following the textual tabular formats defined below. Files with those contents must also follow the BLUEPRINT DCC file naming convention.

Each submitter must have a unique signing key, provided by DACO and DCC. Each file in a submitted archive must be accompanied by its SHA1 **uncompressed** content digest file, digitally signed with the submitter's signing key.

```
# Signed digest of uncompressed contents, will be dlat-p--001-20120920--mycode.txt.shal
openssl dgst -shal -sign subKey.pem -out dlat-p--001-20120920--mycode.txt.shal \
dlat-p--001-20120920--mycode.txt

# Signed digest of already compressed contents
bunzip2 -c dlat-p--001-20120920--mycode.txt.bz2 | openssl dgst -shal -sign subKey.pem \
-out dlat-p--001-20120920--mycode.txt.shal

# Verification of uncompressed contents using
# signed digest dlat-p--001-20120920--mycode.txt.shal
openssl dgst -shal -verify subKey.pem.pub -signature dlat-p--001-20120920--mycode.txt.shal \
dlat-p--001-20120920--mycode.txt

# Verification of compressed contents
bunzip2 -c dlat-p--001-20120920--mycode.txt.bz2 | openssl dgst -shal -verify subKey.pem.pub \
-signature dlat-p--001-20120920--mycode.txt.shal
```

The procedure to submit analyzed contents to BLUEPRINT DCC also involves first having the raw data used for the analysis in the European Genome-phenome Archive (EGA), as all the metadata entries from the analyzed contents to be stored in BLUEPRINT DCC must point to the original raw data.

1.2.1 File Naming Conventions

Submitted files, containing either clinical data or analyzed experiment contents, must follow next file naming convention

```
featureType-fileType--institutionCode-dateFileCreated--freeField.txt
```

```
feature Type-file Type--institution Code-date File Created--free Field.txt.sha1\\
```

The file name components are mapped in the next way:

Components	Description	Key					
	Clinical data	cdata					
	Copy Number Variations	cngv					
	Gene Expression	exp					
featureType	Exon Junctions	jcn					
	DNA *-lation (Methylation, Hydroxy-Methylation,	dlat					
	Formylation, etc)						
	Protein-DNA interactions	pdna					
	Regulatory regions	rreg					
institutionCode	Institution submitting data	CV Table A.1					
	Metadata file	m					
	Primary data file	р					
	Secondary data file	S					
filoTupo	Gene expression file	g					
fileType	Donor file	donor					
	Specimen file	specimen					
	Sample file	sample					
	Donor's Family file	family					
dateFileCreated	The date on which the file is created	YYYYMMDD (ISO-8601)					
freeField	An alphanumeric field (max length of 16 characters)	e.g.: mysample, 0B1845J					
	where submitters can put internal codes, file sequence						
	numbers, etc						

Different file types of the same feature type are interrelated, because the data they are storing is intertwined. Specific relations are defined on the documentation of each feature type and their file types. For instance, information stored in a primary data file is related and depends on the data from its corresponding metadata file, and the same happens to secondary data files and primary data files. Metadata file contents are related to clinical data sample files.

1.2.2 Tabular File Structure

The submitted analyzed contents are kept in tab-delimited text files. General comments may be added to the beginning of the file with a hash ('#') prefixed at beginning of each comment line. The first non-comment line is the header containing the names of the columns. Each column corresponds to a data element defined in DCC Submission Tabular Formats specification (Chapter 2).

There is a subset of comment lines used to attach data labels to the text files. These data labels follow the form '##labelName value [value ...]'. Currently acknowledged data labels are:

- **format**: This label is **required**, and its value defines the BLUEPRINT data formatting schema used on the file.
- depends: Although this label is not always required, it is important to validate the data coherence of
 the whole data set, because it ensures related data is not corrupted. The values of this label are the
 file on the same submission this file is related to (for instance, the name of a metadata file), and the
 SHA1 digest value (in its hexadecimal representation) of that file's contents.

There are several ways to generate the SHA1 digest of a file, like libraries in most of the programming languages and command-line tools:

```
# Getting the SHA1 digest value of uncompressed contents using OpenSSL
openssl dgst -sha1 dlat-p--001-20120920--mycode.txt

SHA1(dlat-p--001-20120920--mycode.txt)= 81ae49a7014d2d0260625d3535fa6e2a4a0bc06f

# Getting the SHA1 digest value of uncompressed contents using sha1sum
sha1sum dlat-p--001-20120920--mycode.txt

81ae49a7014d2d0260625d3535fa6e2a4a0bc06f dlat-p--001-20120920--mycode.txt
```

An example file is shown below (note that parts of the lines are omitted for readability):

```
dlat-p--001-20120920--mycode.txt
# This is an example of a primary analysis file for simple somatic mutations.
# File name: dlat-p--001-20120920--mycode.txt
# And it has its labels
##format 0.2.0
##depends dlat-m--001-20120920--mycode.txt 03366af5145107cc818f4827e86b61dcf998ff29
             ⇒analyzed_sample_id
analysis_id
                                  →d_lated_fragment_id
                                                       ⇒chromosome
                                                                     \rightarrow...
                                                                            ⊣note
⇒dlat:001:1234ff33
                                                       \dashv1
                                                              \rightarrow...
                                                                     ⊣-999
→dlat:001:00019878
                                                       ∃1
                                                                     ⊣-999
                                                              ⇒|...
⇒dlat:001:a712838
                                                       ∂21
                                                              \rightarrow...
                                                                     -999
⇒dlat:001:abebdZZZZZ
                                                       ∌|4
                                                              \rightarrow...
                                                                     ⊣-999
```

All the declared columns for each file type must be set. Data columns are labeled as either required (R) or optional (O). Data providers (i.e. submitters) must put all the efforts in order to provide values for the required data columns. There are some exceptions for this rule, where required fields are unknown on the first submission, but these exceptions are properly documented.

There are several possible reasons why a column value (either required or optional) has not been provided. Next reserved codes must be used to describe the reason:

Code	Meaning						
-999	Data not supplied at this time						
-888	Not applicable						
-777	Data verified to be unknown						

Some data columns described in this submission manual contain values used as identifiers on BLUEPRINT DCC (e.g. analysis_id, regulatory_region_id, ...). As such, these identifiers should uniquely identify the entity they are referring (an analysis, a regulatory region, ...), and the identifier's value should be globally unique within a center's data submission. Also, these identifiers should be consistent along the different data submissions and releases. If you have to generate your own identifiers, there are some general recommendations, like using the same prefix for the identifiers of the same kind.

When you are submitting string values for columns which can contain URLs or multiple values delimited by commas, each separate value string, before being joined, should be URI encoded.

1.3 File Submission Procedure

Files with the contents to be submitted, along with their corresponding signed disgest, must be sent in a single tar archive. Either the tar archive or its embedded contents should be submitted compressed, using gzip, bzip2 or xz formats.

The following steps are involved in submitting your project's data files to DCC:

- 1. Contact xxx and notify the DCC of your intent to submit data.
- The DCC will provide an SFTP or Aspera account for uploading your data to the DCC's secure server xxx.
- 3. Prepare an archive containing the set of data files (along with their signed digests) comprising your submission.
- 4. Generate a signed digest of the archive your are going to upload, which is also going to be uploaded.
- 5. Login into your SFTP or Aspera account and upload both the data archive and its signed digest.
- 6. Notify the DCC of your successful upload, so they can start the internal validation and processing.

To be finished/defined

Chapter 2

DCC Submission Tabular Formats

2.1 Clinical Data Submission File Specifications

Overview

There are three required clinical and tissue annotation submission files, and one optional template files:

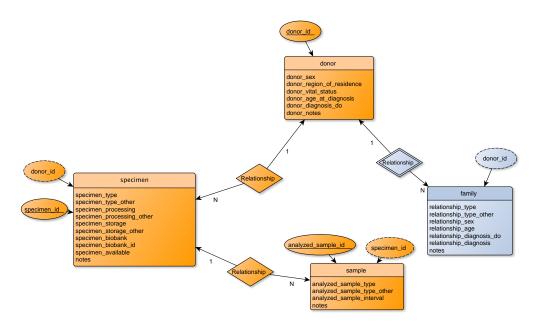


Figure 2.1: Clinical Data Sub-Schema

Core Clinical Data Files

- Donor Data File (donor)
 Mandatory information about the donor's age, gender and vital status.
- Specimen Data File (specimen)
 Mandatory information about a specimen that was obtained from a donor. There may be several specimens per donor that were obtained concurrently or at different times.
- 3. Analyzed Sample Data File (sample)

 Mandatory information about an analyzed sample that was subjected to molecular analysis. There may be several analyzed samples per specimen, for example, when a tumour is used to derive xenografts and cell lines.

All data submissions to the DCC must include the three core clinical data files.

Optional Template Files

Donor Family History (family)
 Optional details about family history of the donor

Coding of donor IDs

The three mandatory data files contain donor, specimen and analyzed sample IDs, respectively. These IDs are to be coded specifically for BLUEPRINT purposes and only the submitting group will keep the key that will permit to link back the data to the individual donors. The key must not be communicated to the data users. It should not be derived from other IDs such as biobank or hospital identifiers. These IDs are to be coded in such a way that they cannot be tracked back to the individual donors, except by the submitting group. IDs are assigned by each submitting group, and must be unique within all the data submitted by that group (i.e. no duplicate IDs allowed). The DCC will prevent collisions between similar IDs submitted by different groups by including the project source column by default in all BioMart queries.

2.1.1 Donor Data File

Donor Data File [donor] (required)

This submission file describes a donor from which one or more specimens were obtained.

Table 2.1: Donor Data File

Name	Туре	R/O	Description / Values
donor_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the donor; assigned by data provider.
donor_age_at_diagnosis	integer	R	Age at primary diagnosis Use "90" for patients >=90
donor_diagnosis_do	string	R	Disease Ontology code Disease Ontology code
donor_region_of_residence	string	R	Country, and optionally state or province code, but not city. ISO3166-1-alpha-2 or ISO3166-2 codes, eg: "CA" or "CA-ON"
donor_sex	integer	R	Donor biological sex. "Other" has been removed from the controlled vocabulary due to identifiability concerns. 1 = male 2 = female
donor_vital_status	integer	0	Donor's last known vital status 1 = alive 2 = deceased
notes	string	0	Any additional non-identifying information can be included here.

2.1.2 Donor Family History

Donor Family History [family] (optional)

This file describes the family history of the donor.

Table 2.2: Donor Family History

Name	Туре	R/O	Description / Values				
	Continued on next page						

Table 2.2 – concluded from previous page

Name	Туре	R/O	Description / Values
donor_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the donor; assigned by data provider.
notes	string	0	Any additional non-identifying information can be included here.
relationship_age	integer	R	Age of relative at primary diagnosis (years) Use 90 for ages $>= 90$ years.
relationship_diagnosis	string	R	Diagnosis (disease or healthy status) e.g. "breast cancer"
relationship_diagnosis_do	string	R	Disease Ontology code for the relative's diagnosis status
relationship_sex	integer	R	Biological sex of related individual 1 = male 2 = female
relationship_type	integer	R	Relationship to the donor 1 = sibling 2 = parent 3 = grandparent 4 = uncle/aunt 5 = cousin 6 = other
relationship_type_other	string	R	If "other" answered in previous column, specify the re- lationship type here

2.1.3 Specimen Data File

Specimen Data File [specimen] (required)

This submission file describes a specimen from which one or more samples were derived. Use additional rows for more than one specimen from the same patient. If more than one specimen was extracted during the same procedure, each gets a distinct ID.

Table 2.3: Specimen Data File

Name	Туре	R/O	Description / Values				
specimen_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the specimen assigned by data provider.				
donor_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the donor; assigned by data provider.				
notes	string	0	Any additional non-identifying information can be included here.				
	Continued on next page						

Table 2.3 – continued from previous page

Name	Type	R/O	nued from previous page Description / Values
specimen_available	boolean	0	Whether additional tissue is available for followup
spectifieri_avattable	bootean		studies.
specimen_biobank	string	0	If the specimen was obtained from a biobank, provide the biobank name here
specimen_biobank_id	string	0	If the specimen was obtained from a biobank, provide the biobank accession number here.
specimen_processing	string	R	Description of technique used to process specimen 1 = cryopreservation in liquid nitrogen (dead tissue) 2 = cryopreservation in dry ice (dead tissue) 3 = cryopreservation of live cells in liquid nitrogen 4 = cryopreservation, other 5 = formalin fixed, unbuffered 6 = formalin fixed, buffered 7 = formalin fixed & paraffin embedded 8 = fresh 9 = other technique
specimen_processing_other	string	0	If "other" specified for specimen_processing, may indicate technique here.
specimen_storage	string	R	Description of how specimen was stored. For specimens that were extracted freshly or immediately cultured, answer (1) "NA". 1 = frozen, liquid nitrogen 2 = frozen, -70 freezer 3 = frozen, vapor phase 4 = RNA later frozen 5 = paraffin block 6 = cut slide 7 = other
specimen_storage_other	string	0	If "other" specified for specimen_storage, may indicate technique here.
specimen_type	integer	R	Controlled vocabulary description of specimen type. 1 = primary tumour 2 = tumour local recurrence 3 = tumour metastasis to local lymph node 4 = tumour metastasis to distant location 5 = peripheral blood 6 = bone marrow 7 = lymph node 8 = normal control (tissue adjacent to primary) 9 = normal control (blood) 10 = normal control (other) 11 = disease tissue (other)

Table 2.3 – concluded from previous page

Name	Туре	R/O	Description / Values
specimen_type_other	string	0	Free text description of site of specimen if "normal control (other)" or "disease tissue (other)" was specified in specimen_type field.

2.1.4 Analyzed Sample Data File

Analyzed Sample Data File [sample] (required)

This submission file describes an analyzed sample on which molecular characterization was performed. It includes both control samples and tumour samples.

Table 2.4: Analyzed Sample Data File

N.I.			tyzed Sample Data File			
Name	Туре	R/O	Description / Values			
analyzed_sample_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the sample assigned by data provider			
specimen_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the specimen assigned by data provider.			
analyzed_sample_interval	integer	0	Interval from specimen acquisition to sample use in an analytic procedure (e.g. DNA extraction), in days			
analyzed_sample_type	integer	R	Controlled vocabulary description of sample type 1 = Normal blood 2 = Leukemic blood 3 = Normal control adjacent to primary 4 = Normal control from non-tumour site 5 = Control from cell line derived from normal tissue 6 = Normal mouse host 7 = Primary tumour 8 = Mouse xenograft derived from tumour 9 = Cell line derived from tumour 10 = Cell line derived from xenograft 11 = Other (specify)			
			Continued on next page			
Communication mexic page						

Table 2.4 – concluded from previous page

Name	Туре	R/O	Description / Values
analyzed_sample_type_other	string	0	Free text description of site of sample if "other" was specified in sample_type field
notes	string	0	Any additional non-identifying information can be included here.

2.2 Copy Number Germline Variations

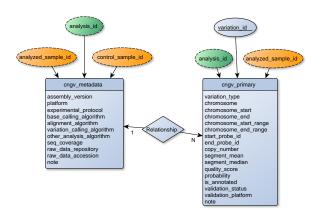


Figure 2.2: Copy Number Germline Variations Sub-Schema

2.2.1 Copy Number Germline Variations - Metadata File

Copy Number Germline Variations [cngv] – Metadata File [m]

Table 2.5: Copy Number Germline Variations - Metadata File

Name	Туре	R/O	Description / Values		
analysis_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analysis performed for a particular set of samples		
analyzed_sample_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analyzed sample		
alignment_algorithm	compound	R	Name of alignment algorithm and URL to written protocol		
assembly_version	integer	R	Version of reference genome assembly (See CV Table A.4)		
base_calling_algorithm	compound	R	Name of base calling algorithm and URL to written protocol		
Continued on next page					

Table 2.5 – concluded from previous page

Name	Type	R/O	Description / Values
control_sample_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analyzed control/matched sample
experimental_protocol	compound	0	Name of experimental protocol and URL to written protocol
note	string	0	Optional field to leave notes
other_analysis_algorithm	compound	0	Names of other analysis algorithms. Separate multiple algorithms by commas.
platform	integer	R	Platform or technology used in the detection phase (See CV Table A.2)
raw_data_accession	compound	0	Accession and URL for referencing the raw data at the public repository
raw_data_repository	integer	R	Public repository where raw data is submitted (#) (See CV Table A.5)
seq_coverage	decimal	0	Sequence coverage if analyzed by sequencing plat- forms
variation_calling_algorithm	compound	R	Name of variation calling algorithm and URL to written protocol

2.2.2 Copy Number Germline Variations - Primary Analysis File

Copy Number Germline Variations [cngv] – Primary Analysis File [p]

Table 2.6: Copy Number Germline Variations – Primary Analysis File

Name	Туре	R/O	Description / Values		
analysis_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analysis performed for a particular set of samples		
analyzed_sample_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analyzed sample		
variation_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the variation		
chromosome	integer	R	Name of the chromosome containing the experimentally detected feature (mutation, variation, expression,) (See CV Table A.3)		
chromosome_end	integer	R	End position of the mutation/variation on the chromosome		
Continued on next page					

Table 2.6 – continued from previous page

Name	Type	R/O	tinued from previous page Description / Values
		R R	•
chromosome_end_range	integer	K	Number of bases around chromosome_end that may
			contain the end position
			O if end position is exactly at chromosome_end; posi-
			tive integer for +/- number of bases around chromo-
			some_end
chromosome_start	integer	R	Start position of the mutation/variation on the chro-
			mosome
chromosome_start_range	integer	R	Number of bases around chromosome_start that may
			contain the start position
			0 if start position is exactly at chromosome_start; pos-
			itive integer for +/- number of bases around chromo-
			some_start
chromosome_strand	integer	0	Strand where it was detected the mutation/variation
ciriomosome_strana	Integer		on the chromosome
			-1 = -1
			1 = 1
copy_number	decimal	0	DNA copy number estimated
copg_namber	decimae		Divit copy number estimated
end_probe_id	string	0	Probe id containing the chromosome_end (if array
ena_probe_ta	String	0	_
			platform was used)
*			The Market of the control of the control of the distriction of the control of the
is_annotated	boolean	0	Indicate if the variation is annotated in the database
			of Genomic Variations
note	string	0	Optional field to leave notes
probability	decimal	0	Probability of the mutation/variation call
quality_score	decimal	0	Average quality score for the mutation/variation call
segment_mean	decimal	0	Mean LRR per segment
segment_median	decimal	0	Median LRR per segment
start_probe_id	string	0	Probe id containing the chromosome_start (if array
			platform was used)
validation_platform	integer	0	Platform or technology used in validation
vatidation_ptationiii	integer	"	(See CV Table A.2)
validation at the	3		,
validation_status	integer	R	Indicate if the mutation/variation has been validated -1 = Not valid
			0 = Not tested
			1 = Validated
			Continued on next page

Table 2.6 – concluded from previous page

Name	Type	R/O	Description / Values
variation_type	string	R	Type of variation 1 = gain 2 = loss 3 = copy neutral LOH 4 = copy neutral 5 = hemizigous del LOH
			6 = apm LOH

2.3 Gene Expression

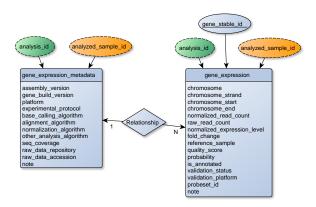


Figure 2.3: Gene Expression Sub-Schema

2.3.1 Expression - Metadata File

 $Expression \ [exp] - Metadata \ File \ [m]$

Table 2.7: Expression - Metadata File

Name	Туре	R/O	Description / Values	
analysis_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analysis performed for a par-	
			ticular set of samples	
analyzed_sample_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analyzed sample	
alignment_algorithm	compound	R	Name of alignment algorithm and URL to written protocol	
assembly_version	integer	R	Version of reference genome assembly	
			(See CV Table A.4)	
base_calling_algorithm	compound	R	Name of base calling algorithm and URL to written	
			protocol	
Continued on next page				

Table 2.7 – concluded from previous page

Name	Туре	R/O	Description / Values
experimental_protocol	compound	0	Name of experimental protocol and URL to written protocol
note	string	0	Optional field to leave notes
other_analysis_algorithm	compound	0	Names of other analysis algorithms. Separate multiple algorithms by commas.
platform	integer	R	Platform or technology used in the detection phase (See CV Table A.2)
raw_data_accession	compound	0	Accession and URL for referencing the raw data at the public repository
raw_data_repository	integer	R	Public repository where raw data is submitted (#) (See CV Table A.5)
seq_coverage	decimal	0	Sequence coverage if analyzed by sequencing plat- forms

2.3.2 Expression - Gene File

Expression [exp] – Gene File [g]

Table 2.8: Expression - Gene File

Name	Туре	R/O	Description / Values			
analysis_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analysis performed for a particular set of samples			
analyzed_sample_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analyzed sample			
gene_stable_id	string	R	For annotated gene, use Ensembl gene ID. Otherwise, use assemblyBuild_chr_start_end where assemblyBuild is hg18 or hg19.			
chromosome	integer	R	Name of the chromosome containing the experimentally detected feature (mutation, variation, expression,) (See CV Table A.3)			
chromosome_end	integer	R	End position of the mutation/variation on the chromosome			
chromosome_start	integer	R	Start position of the mutation/variation on the chromosome			
	Continued on next page					

Table 2.8 – concluded from previous page

Name	Type	R/O	Description / Values
chromosome_strand	integer	0	Strand where it was detected the mutation/variation on the chromosome -1 = -1 1 = 1
fold_change	decimal	0	Expressed fold change if differential expression is measured
is_annotated	boolean	R	Indicate if the expressed fragment is annotated in Ensembl
normalized_expression_level	decimal	0	Normalized value of expression level if analyzed by microarray platforms
normalized_read_count	decimal	R	Normalized count of sequencing reads if analyzed by sequencing platforms
note	string	0	Optional field to leave notes
probability	decimal	0	Probability of the mutation/variation call
probeset_id	string	0	ID of the probeset used in microarray if analyzed by microarray platform
quality_score	decimal	0	Average quality score for the mutation/variation call
raw_read_count	integer	R	Raw count of sequencing reads if analyzed by sequencing platforms
reference_sample	string	0	ID of the reference analyzed sample if differential expression is measured
validation_platform	integer	0	Platform or technology used in validation (See CV Table A.2)
validation_status	integer	R	Indicate if the mutation/variation has been validated -1 = Not valid 0 = Not tested 1 = Validated

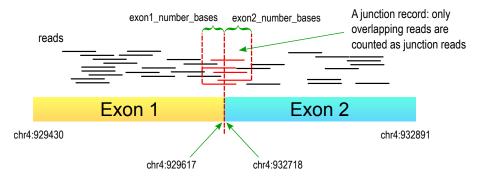
2.4 Exon Junction

The following diagram, based on the one from ICGC DCC manual, illustrates how junction_id should be generated, how junction_read_count, exon1_number_bases and exon2_number_bases are calculated:

2.4.1 Exon Junction - Metadata File

Exon Junction [jcn] – Metadata File [m]

Table	2.9: Ex	on Junc	tion - Metadata File				
Name	Type	R/O	Description / Values				
	Continued on next page						



junction_id would be: hg19_4_929617_4_932718 junction read count is: 5

Figure 2.4: Junction Read Count explanation

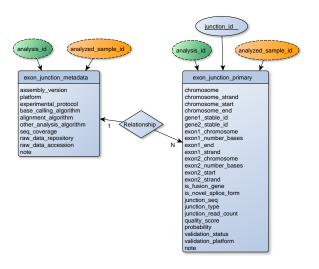


Figure 2.5: Exon Junction Sub-Schema

Table 2.9 – continued from previous page

Name	Туре	R/O	Description / Values	
analysis_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analysis performed for a particular set of samples	
analyzed_sample_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analyzed sample	
alignment_algorithm	compound	R	Name of alignment algorithm and URL to written protocol	
assembly_version	integer	R	Version of reference genome assembly (See CV Table A.4)	
base_calling_algorithm	compound	R	Name of base calling algorithm and URL to written protocol	
Continued on next page				

Table 2.9 – concluded from previous page

Name	Туре	R/O	Description / Values
experimental_protocol	compound	0	Name of experimental protocol and URL to written protocol
note	string	0	Optional field to leave notes
other_analysis_algorithm	compound	0	Names of other analysis algorithms. Separate multiple algorithms by commas.
platform	integer	R	Platform or technology used in the detection phase (See CV Table A.2)
raw_data_accession	compound	0	Accession and URL for referencing the raw data at the public repository
raw_data_repository	integer	R	Public repository where raw data is submitted (#) (See CV Table A.5)
seq_coverage	decimal	0	Sequence coverage if analyzed by sequencing plat- forms

2.4.2 Exon Junction - Primary Analysis File

Exon Junction [jcn] – Primary Analysis File [p]

Table 2.10: Exon Junction - Primary Analysis File

Name	Type	R/O	Description / Values			
analysis_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analysis performed for a particular set of samples			
analyzed_sample_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analyzed sample			
junction_id	string	R	For known exons, use exonID1_exonID2 where exonID1 and exonID2 are Ensembl IDs of the 5' and 3' exons, respectively. For novel or putative exons, use assembly-Build_exon1chr_exon1end_exon2chr_exon2start where assemblyBuild is hg18 or hg19; exon1chr and exon2chr are the chromosomes of the 5' and 3' exons, respectively; exon1end is the end position of the 5' exon; exon2start is the start position of the 3' exon.			
	Continued on next page					

Table 2.10 – continued from previous page

Table 2.10 – continued from previous page				
Name	Type	R/O	Description / Values	
chromosome	integer	R	Name of the chromosome containing the experimentally detected feature (mutation, variation, expression,) (See CV Table A.3)	
chromosome_end	integer	R	End position of the mutation/variation on the chromosome	
chromosome_start	integer	R	Start position of the mutation/variation on the chromosome	
chromosome_strand	integer	0	Strand where it was detected the mutation/variation on the chromosome $-1 = -1$ $1 = 1$	
exon1_chromosome	integer	R	Name of the chromosome containing the 5' exon (#) (See CV Table A.3)	
exon1_end	integer	R	End position of the 5' exon on the chromosome	
exon1_number_bases	integer	R	Number of bases from 5' exon	
exon1_strand	integer	0	Chromosome strand of the 5' exon -1 = -1 1 = 1	
exon2_chromosome	integer	R	Name of the chromosome containing the 3' exon (#) (See CV Table A.3)	
exon2_number_bases	integer	R	Number of bases from 3' exon	
exon2_start	integer	R	Start position of the 3' exon on the chromosome	
exon2_strand	integer	0	Chromsome strand of the 3' exon -1 = -1 1 = 1	
gene1_stable_id	string	R	Stable ID of the gene containing the 5' exon at the junction. For annotated gene, use Ensembl gene ID. For putative and novel gene, use assemblyBuild_chr_start_end where assemblyBuild can be hg18 or hg19.	
gene2_stable_id	string	0	In the case of a fusion gene, provide the Stable ID of the gene containing the 3' exon at the junction. For annotated genes, use Ensembl gene ID. For putative and novel genes, use assemblyBuild_chr_start_end where assemblyBuild can be hg18 or hg19.	
			Continued on next page	

Table 2.10 – concluded from previous page

Name	Туре	R/O	Description / Values
is_fusion_gene	boolean	0	Indicate if the function is the result of a fusion gene
is_novel_splice_form	boolean	0	Indicate if the splice form is novel
junction_read_count	integer	R	Count of sequencing reads that span across exons
junction_seq	string	0	Provide junction sequence if either is_fusion_gene or is_novel_splice_form is true
junction_type	integer	0	Type of junction 1 = Canonical 2 = Non-canonical 3 = U12
note	string	0	Optional field to leave notes
probability	decimal	0	Probability of the mutation/variation call
quality_score	decimal	0	Average quality score for the mutation/variation call
validation_platform	integer	0	Platform or technology used in validation (See CV Table A.2)
validation_status	integer	R	Indicate if the mutation/variation has been validated -1 = Not valid 0 = Not tested 1 = Validated

2.5 Protein-DNA interactions

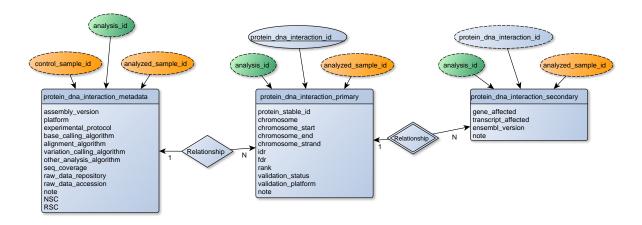


Figure 2.6: Protein-DNA interactions Sub-Schema

2.5.1 Protein-DNA interaction - Metadata File

Protein-DNA [pdna] – Metadata File [m]

Table 2.11: Protein-DNA interaction - Metadata File Name **Description / Values** Type R/O Unique identifier for the analysis performed for a paranalysis_id string ticular set of samples Unique identifier for the analyzed sample analyzed_sample_id string R NSC 0 Normalized strand-cross correlation of the analysis decimal RSC decimal 0 Relative strand-cross correlation of the analysis alignment_algorithm compound R Name of alignment algorithm and URL to written pro-Version of reference genome assembly assembly_version integer R (See CV Table A.4) base_calling_algorithm Name of base calling algorithm and URL to written compound R protocol Unique identifier for the analyzed control/matched control_sample_id R string sample experimental_protocol 0 Name of experimental protocol and URL to written compound protocol note string 0 Optional field to leave notes Names of other analysis algorithms. Separate multiother_analysis_algorithm compound 0 ple algorithms by commas. platform R Platform or technology used in the detection phase integer (See CV Table A.2) Accession and URL for referencing the raw data at the raw_data_accession 0 compound public repository raw_data_repository Public repository where raw data is submitted (#) integer R (See CV Table A.5) Sequence coverage if analyzed by sequencing platseq_coverage decimal 0 forms

2.5.2 Protein-DNA interaction - Primary Analysis File

Protein-DNA [pdna] - Primary Analysis File [p]

Table 2.12: Protein-DNA interaction - Primary Analysis File

Name	Type	R/O	Description / Values			
analysis_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analysis performed for a pa ticular set of samples			
	Continued on next page					

Table 2.12 – concluded from previous page

Name	Type	R/O	Description / Values
analyzed_sample_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analyzed sample
protein_dna_interaction_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the protein-DNA interaction
chromosome	integer	R	Name of the chromosome containing the experimentally detected feature (mutation, variation, expression,) (See CV Table A.3)
chromosome_end	integer	R	End position of the mutation/variation on the chromosome
chromosome_start	integer	R	Start position of the mutation/variation on the chromosome
chromosome_strand	integer	0	Strand where it was detected the mutation/variation on the chromosome $-1 = -1$ $1 = 1$
fdr	decimal	R	False discovery rate
idr	decimal	R	Irreproducible discovery rate
note	string	0	Optional field to leave notes
protein_stable_id	string	R	Stable id of the interacting protein, antibody or protein complex
rank	compound	0	Kind of used ranking and its value, in the form "rank;value". As it can hold more than one value, they are separated by bars
validation_platform	integer	0	Platform or technology used in validation (See CV Table A.2)
validation_status	integer	R	Indicate if the mutation/variation has been validated -1 = Not valid 0 = Not tested 1 = Validated

2.5.3 Protein-DNA interaction - Secondary Analysis File

Protein-DNA [pdna] – Secondary Analysis File [s]

Table 2.13: Protein-DNA interaction - Secondary Analysis File

Name	Type	R/O	Description / Values	
analysis_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analysis performed for a particular set of samples	
Continued on next page				

Table 2.13 – concluded from previous page

Name	Туре	R/O	Description / Values
analyzed_sample_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analyzed sample
ensembl_version	integer	R	Version of Ensembl gene build used for annotation
gene_affected	string	R	Gene affected. Use Ensembl gene id, separated by when there is more than one. If no gene is affected, don't put an entry
note	string	0	Optional field to leave notes
protein_dna_interaction_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the protein-DNA interaction
transcript_affected	string	0	Transcript on the protein-DNA interaction area. Use Ensembl transcript id. Separate multiple transcripts with vertical bars in the form of trasncriptA trasncriptB trasncriptC

2.6 Regulatory Regions

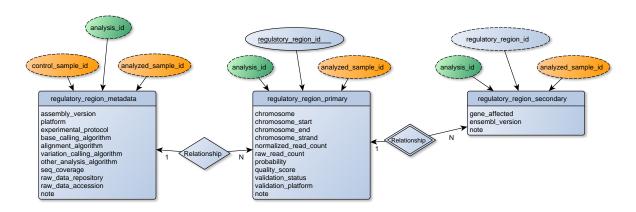


Figure 2.7: Regulatory Regions Sub-Schema

2.6.1 Regulatory regions - Metadata File

Regulatory regions [rreg] – Metadata File [m]

Table 2.14: Regulatory regions - Metadata File

Name		Type	R/O	Description / Values
analysis_	id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analysis performed for a particular set of samples
				Continued on next page

Table 2.14 – concluded from previous page

Name	Туре	R/O	Description / Values
analyzed_sample_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analyzed sample
alignment_algorithm	compound	R	Name of alignment algorithm and URL to written protocol
assembly_version	integer	R	Version of reference genome assembly (See CV Table A.4)
base_calling_algorithm	compound	R	Name of base calling algorithm and URL to written protocol
control_sample_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analyzed control/matched sample
experimental_protocol	compound	0	Name of experimental protocol and URL to written protocol
note	string	0	Optional field to leave notes
other_analysis_algorithm	compound	0	Names of other analysis algorithms. Separate multiple algorithms by commas.
platform	integer	R	Platform or technology used in the detection phase (See CV Table A.2)
raw_data_accession	compound	0	Accession and URL for referencing the raw data at the public repository
raw_data_repository	integer	R	Public repository where raw data is submitted (#) (See CV Table A.5)
seq_coverage	decimal	0	Sequence coverage if analyzed by sequencing plat- forms

2.6.2 Regulatory regions - Primary Analysis File

Regulatory regions [rreg] – Primary Analysis File [p]

Table 2.15: Regulatory regions - Primary Analysis File

Name	Type	R/O	Description / Values	
analysis_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analysis performed for a particular set of samples	
analyzed_sample_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analyzed sample	
regulatory_region_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the identified regulatory region	
Continued on next page				

Table 2.15 – concluded from previous page

Name	Туре	R/O	Description / Values
chromosome	integer	R	Name of the chromosome containing the experimentally detected feature (mutation, variation, expression,) (See CV Table A.3)
chromosome_end	integer	R	End position of the mutation/variation on the chromosome
chromosome_start	integer	R	Start position of the mutation/variation on the chromosome
chromosome_strand	integer	0	Strand where it was detected the mutation/variation on the chromosome -1 = -1 1 = 1
normalized_read_count	decimal	R	Normalized count of sequencing reads if analyzed by sequencing platforms
note	string	0	Optional field to leave notes
probability	decimal	0	Probability of the mutation/variation call
quality_score	decimal	0	Average quality score for the mutation/variation call
raw_read_count	integer	R	Raw count of sequencing reads if analyzed by sequencing platforms
validation_platform	integer	0	Platform or technology used in validation (See CV Table A.2)
validation_status	integer	R	Indicate if the mutation/variation has been validated -1 = Not valid 0 = Not tested 1 = Validated

2.6.3 Regulatory regions - Secondary Analysis File

 $Regulatory\ regions\ [rreg]-Secondary\ Analysis\ File\ [s]$

Table 2.16: Regulatory regions - Secondary Analysis File

Name	Type	R/O	Description / Values		
analysis_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analysis performed for a particular set of samples		
analyzed_sample_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analyzed sample		
ensembl_version	integer	R	Version of Ensembl gene build used for annotation		
Continued on next page					

Table 2.16 – concluded from previous page

Name	Type	R/O	Description / Values
gene_affected	string	R	Gene affected. Use Ensembl gene id, separated by when there is more than one. If no gene is affected, don't put an entry
note	string	0	Optional field to leave notes
regulatory_region_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the identified regulatory region

2.7 DNA *-lation (Methylation, Hydroxy-Methylation, Formylation, etc...)

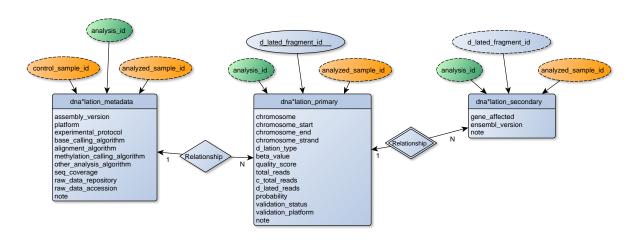


Figure 2.8: DNA Methylation , Hydroxy-Methylation, Formylation, etc... Sub-Schema

2.7.1 DNA *-lation - Metadata File

DNA *-lation [dlat] - Metadata File [m]

Table 2.17: DNA *-lation - Metadata File

Name	Type	R/O	Description / Values
analysis_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analysis performed for a particular set of samples
analyzed_sample_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analyzed sample
alignment_algorithm	compound	R	Name of alignment algorithm and URL to written protocol
	•	•	Continued on next page

Table 2.17 – concluded from previous page

Name	Туре	R/O	Description / Values
assembly_version	integer	R	Version of reference genome assembly (See CV Table A.4)
base_calling_algorithm	compound	R	Name of base calling algorithm and URL to written protocol
control_sample_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analyzed control/matched sample
experimental_protocol	compound	0	Name of experimental protocol and URL to written protocol
methylation_calling_algorithm	compound	0	Name of variation calling algorithm and URL to written protocol
note	string	0	Optional field to leave notes
other_analysis_algorithm	compound	0	Names of other analysis algorithms. Separate multiple algorithms by commas.
platform	integer	R	Platform or technology used in the detection phase (See CV Table A.2)
raw_data_accession	compound	0	Accession and URL for referencing the raw data at the public repository
raw_data_repository	integer	R	Public repository where raw data is submitted (#) (See CV Table A.5)
seq_coverage	decimal	0	Sequence coverage if analyzed by sequencing plat- forms

2.7.2 DNA *-lation - Primary Analysis File

DNA *-lation [dlat] - Primary Analysis File [p]

Table 2.18: DNA * -lation - Primary Analysis File

Name	Type	R/O	Description / Values	
analysis_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analysis performed for a particular set of samples	
analyzed_sample_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analyzed sample	
d_lated_fragment_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the methy- lated fragment, in the form d'*lationType chromosome_chromosomeStart_chromosom	meEnd
			Continued on next page	

Table 2.18 – concluded from previous page

Name	Type	R/O	Concluded from previous page Description / Values
			•
beta_value	decimal	0	DNA *-lation beta value for interrogated site
c_total_reads	decimal	R	Reads which has identified this position as a cytosine
chromosome	integer	R	Name of the chromosome containing the experimentally detected feature (mutation, variation, expression,) (See CV Table A.3)
chromosome_end	integer	R	End position of the mutation/variation on the chromosome
chromosome_start	integer	R	Start position of the mutation/variation on the chromosome
chromosome_strand	integer	0	Strand where it was detected the mutation/variation on the chromosome $-1 = -1$ $1 = 1$
d_lated_reads	decimal	R	Reads which has identified this position as a DNA *lated cytosine
d_lation_type	string	R	Type of DNA *-lation (Methylation, Hydroxy-Methylation, Formylation, etc) m = Methylation (cytosine) hm = Hydroxy-Methylation (cytosine) hmU = Hydroxy-Methylation (uracil) f = Formylation (cytosine) ca = Carboxylation (cytosine)
note	string	0	Optional field to leave notes
probability	decimal	0	Probability of the DNA *-lation call
quality_score	decimal	0	Quality score for the DNA *-lation call
total_reads	decimal	R	Total number of reads over this position/segment, either identifying or not a cytosine, for sequencing platforms. Mean reads depth for other technologies
validation_platform	integer	0	Platform or technology used in validation (See CV Table A.2)
validation_status	integer	R	Indicate if the mutation/variation has been validated -1 = Not valid 0 = Not tested 1 = Validated

2.7.3 DNA * -lation - Secondary Analysis File

DNA *-lation [dlat] - Secondary Analysis File [s]

Table 2.19: DNA *-lation - Secondary Analysis File

Name	Туре	R/O	Description / Values	
analysis_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analysis performed for a par-	
			ticular set of samples	
analyzed_sample_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the analyzed sample	
d_lated_fragment_id	string	R	Unique identifier for the methy-	
			lated fragment, in the form	
			d'*lationType chromosome_chromosomeStart_chromosomeE	Ξnd
ensembl_version	integer	R	Version of Ensembl gene build used for annotation	
gene_affected	string	R	Gene affected. Use Ensembl gene id, separated by	
			when there is more than one. If no gene is affected,	
			don't put an entry	
note	string	0	Optional field to leave notes	

Appendix A

Controlled Vocabulary Tables

A.1 Institution ID

Please contact DCC if your institution is not listed, or you wish to modify the text

Table A.1: Institution ID

ID	Institution
001	Spanish National Cancer Research Centre (CNIO,
	Madrid)
002	Barcelona Supercomputing Center (BSC-CNS,
	Madrid)
003	EMBL-EBI (Hinxton)

A.2 Value Codes for Platform or Validation Platform

Please contact the DCC if your platform/technology is not listed here.

Table A.2: Value Codes for Platform or Validation Platform

Key	Platform or Validation Platform
1	PCR
2	qPCR
3	capillary sequencing
4	SOLiD sequencing
5	Illumina GA sequencing
6	454 sequencing
7	Helicos sequencing
8	Affymetrix Genome-Wide Human SNP Array 6.0
9	Affymetrix Genome-Wide Human SNP Array 5.0
10	Affymetrix Mapping 100K Array Set
11	Affymetrix Mapping 500K Array Set
12	Affymetrix Mapping 10K 2.0 Array Set
13	Affymetrix EMET Plus Premier Pack
	Continued on next page

Table A.2 – continued from previous page

	Table A.2 – continued from previous page
Key	Platform or Validation Platform
14	Agilent Whole Human Genome Oligo Microarray Kit
15	Agilent Human Genome 244A
16	Agilent Human Genome 105A
17	Agilent Human CNV Association 2x105K
18	Agilent Human Genome 44K
19	Agilent Human CGH 1x1M
20	Agilent Human CGH 2x400K
21	Agilent Human CGH 4x180K
22	Agilent Human CGH 8x60K
23	Agilent Human CNV 2x400K
24	Agilent Human miRNA Microarray Kit (v2)
25	Agilent Human CpG Island Microarray Kit
26	Agilent Human Promoter ChIP-on-chip Microarray Set
27	Agilent Human SpliceArray
28	Illumina human1m-duo
29	Illumina human660w-quad
30	Illumina humancytosnp-12
31	Illumina human510s-duo
32	Illumina humanmethylation27
33	Illumina goldengate methylation
34	Illumina HumanHT-12 v4.0 beadchip
35	Illumina HumanWG-6 v3.0 beadchip
36	Illumina HumanRef-8 v3.0 beadchip
37	Illumina microRNA Expression Profiling Panel
38	Illumina humanht-16
39	Illumina humanht-17
40	Nimblegen Human CGH 3x720 Whole-Genome v3.0
	Array
41	Nimblegen Human CGH 2.1M Whole-Genome v2.0D
	Array
42	Nimblegen Gene Expression 385K
43	Nimblegen Gene Expression 4x72K
44	Nimblegen Gene Expression 12x135K
45	Nimblegen Human Methylation 2.1M Whole-Genome
	sets
46	Nimblegen Human Methylation 385K Whole-Genome
	sets
47	Nimblegen CGS
48	Illumina Human1M OmniQuad chip
49	PCR and capillary sequencing
50	Custom-designed gene expression array
51	Affymetrix HT Human Genome U133A Array Plate Set
	Continued on next page

Table A.2 – concluded from previous page $\,$

Key	Platform or Validation Platform
52	Agilent 244K Custom Gene Expression G4502A-07-1
53	Agilent 244K Custom Gene Expression G4502A-07-2
54	Agilent 244K Custom Gene Expression G4502A-07-3
55	Agilent Human Genome CGH Custom Microaary 2x415K
56	Affymetrix Human U133 Plus PM
57	Affymetrix Human U133 Plus 2.0
58	Affymetrix Human Exon 1.0 ST
59	Almac Human CRC
60	Illumina HiSeq
61	Affymetrix Human MIP 330K
62	Affymetrix Human Gene 1.0 ST
63	Illumina Human Omni1-Quad beadchip
64	Sequenom MassARRAY
65	Custom-designed cDNA array
66	Illumina HumanHap550
67	Ion Torrent PGM
68	Illumina GoldenGate Methylation Cancer Panel I
69	Illumina Infinium HumanMethylation450
70	Agilent 8 x 15K Human miRNA-specific microarray
71	M.D. Anderson Reverse Phase Protein Array Core
72	Microsatellite Instability Analysis
73	Agilent 244K Custom Gene Expression G4502A-07
74	Illumina HumanCNV370-Duo v1.0 BeadChip
75	Illumina HumanOmniExpress BeadChip

A.3 Chromosome Names for Reference Genome GRCh37

Table A.3: Chromosome Names for Reference Genome GRCh37

Key	Chromosome Name
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
5	5
6	6
7	7
8	8
9	9
10	10
11	11
12	12
13	13
	Continued on next page

Table A.3 – continued from previous page

V	Table A.3 – continued from previous page
Key	Chromosome Name
14	14
15	15
16	16
17	17
18	18
19	19
20	20
21	21
22	22
23	X
24	Υ
25	MT
26	c5_H2
27	c6_COX
28	c6_QBL
29	NT_113870
30	NT_113871
31	NT_113872
32	NT_113874
33	NT_113878
34	NT_113880
35	NT_113881
36	NT_113884
37	NT_113885
38	NT_113886
39	NT_113888
40	NT_113889
41	NT_113890
42	NT_113898
43	NT_113899
44	NT_113901
45	NT_113902
46	NT_113903
47	NT_113906
48	NT_113908
49	NT_113909
50	NT_113910
51	NT_113911
52	NT_113912
53	NT_113915
54	NT_113916
55	NT_113917
	Continued on next page
	Continued on next page

Table A.3 – continued from previous page

Key Chromosome Name 56 NT_113923 57 NT_113924 58 NT_113925 59 NT_113926 60 NT_113927 61 NT_113929 62 NT_113930 63 NT_113931 64 NT_113932 65 NT_113933 66 NT_113934 67 NT_113935 68 NT_113937 70 NT_113943 72 NT_113944 73 NT_113944 73 NT_113946 74 NT_113951 76 NT_113951 76 NT_113954 78 NT_113956 79 NT_113957 80 NT_113960 82 NT_113961 83 NT_113962 84 NT_113963 85 NT_113966 86 NT_113966
57 NT_113924 58 NT_113925 59 NT_113926 60 NT_113927 61 NT_113929 62 NT_113930 63 NT_113931 64 NT_113932 65 NT_113933 66 NT_113934 67 NT_113935 68 NT_113936 69 NT_113937 70 NT_113939 71 NT_113944 73 NT_113944 73 NT_113946 74 NT_113951 76 NT_113953 77 NT_113954 78 NT_113956 79 NT_113957 80 NT_113958 81 NT_113960 82 NT_113961 83 NT_113963 85 NT_113964 86 NT_113965 87 NT_113965 87 NT_113965
58 NT_113925 59 NT_113926 60 NT_113927 61 NT_113930 62 NT_113931 64 NT_113932 65 NT_113933 66 NT_113934 67 NT_113935 68 NT_113936 69 NT_113937 70 NT_113939 71 NT_113944 73 NT_113944 73 NT_113946 74 NT_113951 76 NT_113951 76 NT_113953 77 NT_113954 78 NT_113956 79 NT_113957 80 NT_113958 81 NT_113960 82 NT_113961 83 NT_113963 85 NT_113964 86 NT_113965 87 NT_113965 87 NT_113965
59 NT_113926 60 NT_113927 61 NT_113929 62 NT_113930 63 NT_113931 64 NT_113932 65 NT_113933 66 NT_113934 67 NT_113935 68 NT_113936 69 NT_113937 70 NT_113949 71 NT_113944 73 NT_113944 73 NT_113949 75 NT_113951 76 NT_113951 76 NT_113954 78 NT_113956 79 NT_113958 81 NT_113960 82 NT_113961 83 NT_113963 85 NT_113964 86 NT_113965 87 NT_113965 87 NT_113965 87 NT_113966
60 NT_113927 61 NT_113929 62 NT_113930 63 NT_113931 64 NT_113932 65 NT_113933 66 NT_113934 67 NT_113935 68 NT_113936 69 NT_113937 70 NT_113943 72 NT_113944 73 NT_113944 73 NT_113946 74 NT_113951 76 NT_113951 76 NT_113954 78 NT_113954 78 NT_113956 79 NT_113958 81 NT_113960 82 NT_113961 83 NT_113963 85 NT_113964 86 NT_113965 87 NT_113965 87 NT_113965 87 NT_113966
61 NT_113929 62 NT_113930 63 NT_113931 64 NT_113932 65 NT_113933 66 NT_113934 67 NT_113935 68 NT_113936 69 NT_113937 70 NT_113939 71 NT_113944 73 NT_113944 73 NT_113949 75 NT_113951 76 NT_113951 76 NT_113954 78 NT_113954 78 NT_113956 79 NT_113957 80 NT_113958 81 NT_113960 82 NT_113961 83 NT_113962 84 NT_113963 85 NT_113965 87 NT_113965 87 NT_113965 87 NT_113966
62 NT_113930 63 NT_113931 64 NT_113932 65 NT_113933 66 NT_113934 67 NT_113935 68 NT_113936 69 NT_113937 70 NT_113939 71 NT_113944 73 NT_113944 73 NT_113946 74 NT_113951 76 NT_113951 76 NT_113954 78 NT_113956 79 NT_113957 80 NT_113957 80 NT_113960 82 NT_113961 83 NT_113962 84 NT_113963 85 NT_113965 87 NT_113965 87 NT_113965
63 NT_113931 64 NT_113932 65 NT_113933 66 NT_113934 67 NT_113935 68 NT_113936 69 NT_113937 70 NT_113939 71 NT_113944 73 NT_113944 73 NT_113946 74 NT_113951 76 NT_113951 76 NT_113954 78 NT_113956 79 NT_113957 80 NT_113957 80 NT_113960 82 NT_113961 83 NT_113962 84 NT_113963 85 NT_113965 87 NT_113965 87 NT_113965
64 NT_113932 65 NT_113933 66 NT_113934 67 NT_113935 68 NT_113936 69 NT_113937 70 NT_113939 71 NT_113944 73 NT_113946 74 NT_113949 75 NT_113951 76 NT_113953 77 NT_113954 78 NT_113956 79 NT_113957 80 NT_113958 81 NT_113960 82 NT_113961 83 NT_113963 85 NT_113964 86 NT_113965 87 NT_113965 87 NT_113966
65 NT_113933 66 NT_113934 67 NT_113935 68 NT_113936 69 NT_113937 70 NT_113939 71 NT_113944 73 NT_113944 73 NT_113946 74 NT_113951 76 NT_113951 76 NT_113954 78 NT_113956 79 NT_113957 80 NT_113958 81 NT_113960 82 NT_113961 83 NT_113963 85 NT_113964 86 NT_113965 87 NT_113965 87 NT_113966
66 NT_113934 67 NT_113935 68 NT_113936 69 NT_113937 70 NT_113939 71 NT_113943 72 NT_113944 73 NT_113946 74 NT_113951 76 NT_113951 77 NT_113954 78 NT_113954 78 NT_113956 79 NT_113957 80 NT_113958 81 NT_113960 82 NT_113961 83 NT_113962 84 NT_113963 85 NT_113965 87 NT_113965 87 NT_113966
67 NT_113935 68 NT_113936 69 NT_113937 70 NT_113939 71 NT_113943 72 NT_113944 73 NT_113946 74 NT_113951 76 NT_113951 76 NT_113954 78 NT_113954 78 NT_113956 79 NT_113957 80 NT_113958 81 NT_113960 82 NT_113961 83 NT_113961 83 NT_113962 84 NT_113963 85 NT_113965 87 NT_113966
68 NT_113936 69 NT_113937 70 NT_113939 71 NT_113943 72 NT_113944 73 NT_113946 74 NT_113949 75 NT_113951 76 NT_113954 78 NT_113954 78 NT_113956 79 NT_113957 80 NT_113958 81 NT_113960 82 NT_113961 83 NT_113962 84 NT_113963 85 NT_113965 87 NT_113966
69 NT_113937 70 NT_113939 71 NT_113943 72 NT_113944 73 NT_113946 74 NT_113949 75 NT_113951 76 NT_113953 77 NT_113954 78 NT_113956 79 NT_113957 80 NT_113958 81 NT_113960 82 NT_113961 83 NT_113962 84 NT_113963 85 NT_113965 87 NT_113966
70 NT_113939 71 NT_113943 72 NT_113944 73 NT_113946 74 NT_113949 75 NT_113951 76 NT_113953 77 NT_113954 78 NT_113956 79 NT_113957 80 NT_113957 80 NT_113960 82 NT_113961 83 NT_113962 84 NT_113963 85 NT_113965 87 NT_113965 87 NT_113966
71 NT_113943 72 NT_113944 73 NT_113946 74 NT_113949 75 NT_113951 76 NT_113953 77 NT_113954 78 NT_113956 79 NT_113957 80 NT_113957 80 NT_113960 82 NT_113961 83 NT_113961 83 NT_113962 84 NT_113963 85 NT_113965 87 NT_113966
72 NT_113944 73 NT_113946 74 NT_113949 75 NT_113951 76 NT_113953 77 NT_113954 78 NT_113956 79 NT_113957 80 NT_113957 80 NT_113958 81 NT_113960 82 NT_113961 83 NT_113961 83 NT_113962 84 NT_113963 85 NT_113964 86 NT_113965 87 NT_113966
73 NT_113946 74 NT_113949 75 NT_113951 76 NT_113953 77 NT_113954 78 NT_113956 79 NT_113957 80 NT_113958 81 NT_113960 82 NT_113961 83 NT_113961 83 NT_113962 84 NT_113963 85 NT_113964 86 NT_113965 87 NT_113966
74 NT_113949 75 NT_113951 76 NT_113953 77 NT_113954 78 NT_113956 79 NT_113957 80 NT_113958 81 NT_113960 82 NT_113961 83 NT_113961 83 NT_113962 84 NT_113963 85 NT_113964 86 NT_113965 87 NT_113966
75 NT_113951 76 NT_113953 77 NT_113954 78 NT_113956 79 NT_113957 80 NT_113958 81 NT_113960 82 NT_113961 83 NT_113962 84 NT_113963 85 NT_113964 86 NT_113965 87 NT_113966
76 NT_113953 77 NT_113954 78 NT_113956 79 NT_113957 80 NT_113958 81 NT_113960 82 NT_113961 83 NT_113962 84 NT_113963 85 NT_113964 86 NT_113965 87 NT_113966
77 NT_113954 78 NT_113956 79 NT_113957 80 NT_113958 81 NT_113960 82 NT_113961 83 NT_113962 84 NT_113963 85 NT_113964 86 NT_113965 87 NT_113966
78 NT_113956 79 NT_113957 80 NT_113958 81 NT_113960 82 NT_113961 83 NT_113962 84 NT_113963 85 NT_113964 86 NT_113965 87 NT_113966
79 NT_113957 80 NT_113958 81 NT_113960 82 NT_113961 83 NT_113962 84 NT_113963 85 NT_113964 86 NT_113965 87 NT_113966
80 NT_113958 81 NT_113960 82 NT_113961 83 NT_113962 84 NT_113963 85 NT_113964 86 NT_113965 87 NT_113966
81 NT_113960 82 NT_113961 83 NT_113962 84 NT_113963 85 NT_113964 86 NT_113965 87 NT_113966
82 NT_113961 83 NT_113962 84 NT_113963 85 NT_113964 86 NT_113965 87 NT_113966
83 NT_113962 84 NT_113963 85 NT_113964 86 NT_113965 87 NT_113966
84 NT_113963 85 NT_113964 86 NT_113965 87 NT_113966
85 NT_113964 86 NT_113965 87 NT_113966
86 NT_113965 87 NT_113966
87 NT_113966
88 HSCHR17_1
89 HSCHR17_RANDOM_CTG2
90 HSCHR17_RANDOM_CTG3
91 HSCHR19_RANDOM_CTG2
92 HSCHR1_RANDOM_CTG12
93 HSCHR1_RANDOM_CTG5
94 HSCHR4_RANDOM_CTG2
95 HSCHR4_RANDOM_CTG3
96 HSCHR6_MHC_APD
97 HSCHR6_MHC_COX
Continued on next page

Table A.3 – concluded from previous page

Key	Chromosome Name
98	HSCHR6_MHC_DBB
99	HSCHR6 MHC MANN
100	HSCHR6_MHC_MCF
101	HSCHR6_MHC_QBL
102	HSCHR6 MHC SSTO
103	HSCHR7_RANDOM_CTG1
104	HSCHR8 RANDOM CTG1
105	HSCHR8_RANDOM_CTG4
106	HSCHR9_RANDOM_CTG2
107	HSCHR9_RANDOM_CTG4
108	HSCHR9_RANDOM_CTG5
109	HSCHRUN_RANDOM_CTG1
110	HSCHRUN_RANDOM_CTG10
111	HSCHRUN_RANDOM_CTG11
112	HSCHRUN_RANDOM_CTG13
113	HSCHRUN_RANDOM_CTG14
114	HSCHRUN_RANDOM_CTG15
115	HSCHRUN_RANDOM_CTG16
116	HSCHRUN_RANDOM_CTG17
117	HSCHRUN_RANDOM_CTG2
118	HSCHRUN_RANDOM_CTG20
119	HSCHRUN_RANDOM_CTG21
120	HSCHRUN_RANDOM_CTG22
121	HSCHRUN_RANDOM_CTG23
122	HSCHRUN_RANDOM_CTG26
123	HSCHRUN_RANDOM_CTG29
124	HSCHRUN_RANDOM_CTG3
125	HSCHRUN_RANDOM_CTG30
126	HSCHRUN_RANDOM_CTG31
127	HSCHRUN_RANDOM_CTG32
128	HSCHRUN_RANDOM_CTG33
129	HSCHRUN_RANDOM_CTG34
130	HSCHRUN_RANDOM_CTG35 HSCHRUN RANDOM CTG36
131	HSCHRUN_RANDOM_CTG4
132	HSCHRUN_RANDOM_CTG4
133	HSCHRUN_RANDOM_CTG5
135	HSCHRUN RANDOM CTG6
136	HSCHRUN RANDOM CTG9
137	HSCHR4 1
13/	HJCHNT_I

A.4 Value Codes for Reference Genome Assembly Version

Table A.4: Value Codes for Reference Genome Assembly Version

٠.	i. vate	re codes for reference denome / issembly	v C i .
	Key	Reference Genome Assembly Version	
		Continued on next page	

Table A.4 – concluded from previous page

Key	Reference Genome Assembly Version
1	GRCh37
2	NCBI36
3	GRCh37.p1
4	GRCh37.p2
5	GRCh37.p3
6	GRCh37.p4
7	GRCh37.p5

A.5 Value Codes for Raw Data Repository

Table A.5: Value Codes for Raw Data Repository

Key	Raw Data Repository
1	EGA
2	dbSNP
3	TCGA
4	CGHub
5	GE0