#### THE TOGAF ADM CYCLE

The ADM is about understanding existing architectures and working out the best way to change and improve them.

Never used without some adaptation, the ADM is more like a cookbook of recommendations, ideas and checklists than a set way of doing things.

Think of it in three chunks and bear in mind that in a large enterprise, there may be quite a few projects all using different phases of the ADM.

Find ways to make the changes, and then make it happen

3

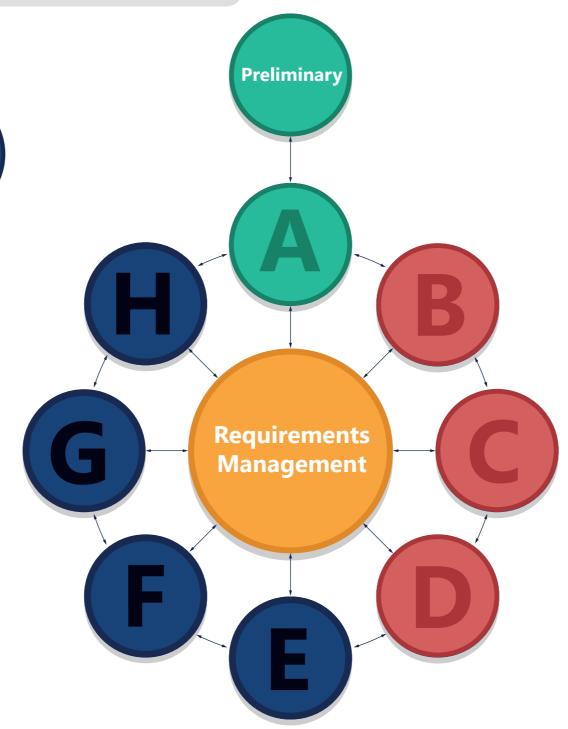
**Opportunities & Solutions:** Here we move away from a wholly architectural perspective to figure out how you're going to deliver, fund and resource the changes.

**Migration Planning:** The detailed planning here is more the province of project managers than architects, but get involved to make sure commitment is in line with the architecture vision.

**Implementation Governance:** Along with the policing role of monitoring each project and solution, this phase needs a delicate political sensitivity to remind people of the long term vision and persuade them not to compromise.

**Architecture Change Management:** When projects and solutions are unable to meet original expectations - due to cuts in spending, changes in priority or lack of funding and resources - you need to revisit the other phases to address the consequences.

**Requirements Management:** At the heart of the EA role, this is where a good EA can manage diverse stakeholder concerns and create an integrated view of how the architecture will evolve. All work products created or used in the other phases are managed here!



Set up an EA team and make sure it can do its work

**Preliminary:** Although out of the main circle, you need to keep referring back to it to assess effectiveness of both the EA team and its initiatives. This stage is about the on-going improvement of EA capabilities.

**Architecture Vision:** This isn't a one-off before everything else - architecture visions emerge slowly. And EA is unique in having a holistic view of all stakeholders, complexity and change, and this is constantly evolving. Communication is the key.

Get a good picture of the architecture: Now and in the future

**Business Architecture:** It's important to be independent from technology - planned or current. Focus on business capabilities, process, and products, and relate all analysis to business from an architectural perspective.

**Information System Architecture:** ISA breaks down into data and applications. It doesn't matter which one you start with - it's likely that you'll have to adjust both as the bigger picture emerges.

**Technology Architecture:** Focus here is on architecture of IT platforms, especially hardware and communications. It's important to separate the different concerns of business, information systems and technology stakeholders.

#### THE PRELIMINARY PHASE

Specifically, the Preliminary Phase is where definitions are established for:

- What the enterprise is
- Key drivers and elements in the organizational context
- Requirements for architecture work
- Architecture principles
- The framework to be used
- The relationships between management frameworks
- Evaluating the enterprise architecture maturity

#### Inputs

Inputs are gathered from many resources both internal and external. Ideally, they are obtained from previous architecture work stored as artifacts and building blocks in a repository, but they can also be pulled from industry standards.



Executives



Stakeholders

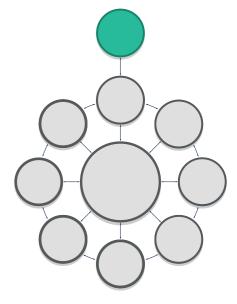


Architecture Board

- Architecture capability
- Organizational Model for Enterprise Architecture
- Board strategies and board business plans, business strategy, etc
- Major frameworks
- Partnership and contract agreements
- Governance and legal frameworks

#### **Outputs**

This phase prepares the way for the initiation of the ADM. The outputs from the steps conducted are the foundation from which the ADM is worked. Almost all of the documentation produced in the Preliminary Phase will be used as inputs to the other phases and/or will be updated in each phase.







Organizational Model for Enterprise Architecture



Tailored Architecture Framework

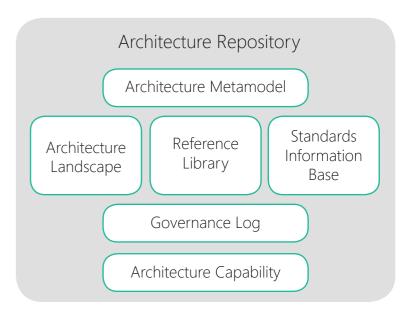


Request for Architecture Work



Principles

- Business
   Data
- 3. Application
- 4. Technology





#### **Steps**

Preliminary Phase steps center on identifying organizations involved, how the enterprise is governed, finding the right people to conduct the transition from current to target architectures, firmly define principles by which all aspects of the transition can be judged, integrating TOGAF into the corporate environment, and selecting the right tools for the right job.









Confirm Governance and Support



Implement Architecture Tools



Establish
Architecture Team



Tailor Frameworks



#### **PHASE A - Architecture Vision**

Starts with receipt of a Request for Architecture Work. Its objectives are:

- To develop a high-level vision of the capabilities and business value delivered by the proposed enterprise architecture
- To gain approval for a Statement of Architecture Work that defines the program of works to develop and deploy the proposed architecture.

#### Inputs

The key input is the Request for Architecture Work, together with everything necessary to outline an effective vision and proposed future architectures.



#### Reference Materials

• Any useful architecture reference materials (often from external sources)



#### Non-Architectural Inputs

• The Request for Architecture Work, plus related business principles, goals and drivers



#### Architectural Inputs

- The Organizational model for EA, including which organizations are impacted by the changes, maturity analysis, roles and responsibilities, and governance and support strategy
- Tailored Architecture Framework, covering the tailored method, content, principles and tools
- Populated Architecture Repository, including any existing documentation

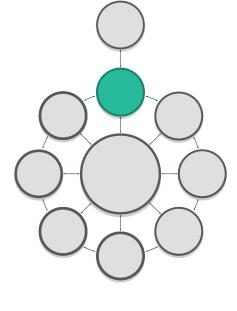
#### **Outputs**

This is where we start to get a definition of the future architectures – as a Vision, as a Statement of Work, and as a draft Architecture Definition Document.

Later Phases expand these initial outputs to produce the detailed plan for delivering the proposed changes.



Architecture Vision including a problem description, key requirements, summary views and objectives





Approved Statement of Architecture Work including an overview of the

Draft Architecture

Definition Document

and target business, data,

architectures

application and technology

including version 0.1 of baseline

Architecture Vision and a project description, scope, plan and schedule



A Capability Assessment



A Communication Plan



Updated principles, goals, drivers, and architecture framework



#### Steps

This Phase is vital for outlining a resolution to Stakeholder concerns in architectural terms – as an architecture vision and value propositions – and securing Stakeholder commitment and approval. All steps are important, but key steps are shown in blue!



Identify Stakeholders, Concerns and Business Requirements



**Evaluate Business** Capabilities



Transformation Identify Business

Assess Readiness



for Business



Define Scope



Confirm and Elaborate Architecture Principles



Develop Architecture Visio



Define Target Architecture Value Propositions and KPI







#### **PHASE B, C & D - Common Elements**

Although Phases B, C and D deal with different architecture domains, the basic structure for each Phase is very similar.

#### Each domain has to:

- Develop the Target Architectures in a way that addresses the Request for Architecture Work and stakeholder concerns.
- Identify candidate Architecture Roadmap components based upon gaps between the Baseline and Targert Architectures
- The Business Architecture describes how the enterprise needs to operate to achieve the business goals, and respond to the strategic drivers set out in the Architecture Vision
- The Information Systems Architecture describes how it will enable the Business Architecture and the Architecture Vision
- The Technology Architecture shows how it enables the logical and physical data components and the Architecture Vision

#### **Steps**

Select Reference Models, Viewpoints, and Tools:

- Determine Overall Modeling Process
- Identity Required Service Granularity Level, Boundaries, and Contracts
- Identify Required Catalogs of [Business, Data, Application, Technology] Building Blocks
- Identify Required Matrices
- Identify Required Diagrams
- Identify Types of Requirement to be Collected
- Select Services



#### Inputs

Reference Materials External to the Enterprise:



Reference Materials

 Product information on candidate products



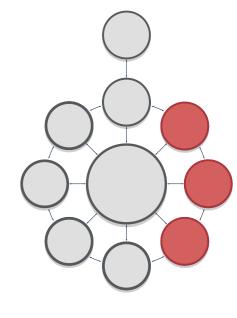
Non-Architectural Inputs

- Request for Architecture Work
- Business principles, business goals, and business drivers
- Capability Assessment
- Communications Plan



Architectural Inputs

- Organizational Model for EA
- Tailored Architecture Framework
  - Architecture principles
  - Application principles
  - Data principles
  - Technology principles
- Approved statement of Architecture Work
- Enterprise Continuum
- Architecture Vision
- Architecture Repository
- Draft Architecture Definition Document
- Draft Architecture Requirements Specification
- Domain Architecture components of an Architecture Roadmap



Architecture domains described by TOGAF Key	
Business Architecture Information System Architecture Data Architecture Application Architecture Technology Architecture	

#### Outputs

Refined and updated versions of the Architecture Vision phase deliverables, where applicable



Draft Architecture
Definition Document





#### **PHASE E - Opportunities & Solutions**

Phase E covers the process to:

- Generate the initial complete version of the Architecture Roadmap, based on:
  - The Gap Analysis
  - Candidate Architecture Roadmap components from Phases B, C, and D
- Determine whether an incremental approach is required and if so, to identify Transition Architectures that will deliver continuous business value

#### **Inputs**

The key input is the Request for Architecture Work, together with everything necessary to outline an effective vision and proposed future architectures.



#### Reference Materials

Architecture reference materials & product information



#### Non-Architectural Inputs

 The Request for Architecture Work, Capability Assessment, Communications Plan, & Planning Methodologies



#### Architectural Inputs

- The Organizational model for EA, Governance Model & Framework, Tailored Architecture Framework, Architecture Repository
- Statement of Architecture Work & Architecture Vision
- Draft Architecture Definition Document (including baseline & target architectures)
- Draft Architecture Requirements Specification
- Candidate Architecture Roadmap components from Phases B, C & D

#### **Outputs**

Here we have a consolidated view of all four architecture domains, and the first outline of how we are going to implement the architecture requirements – which will become more detailed & be confirmed in Phase F



Refined Architecture Vision



Draft Architecture Definition Document



Draft Architecture Requirements Specification



Capability Assessments



Implementation & Migration Plan (version 0.1)



Architecture Roadmap including Work
Package Portfolio,
Transition Architectures,
& Implementation
Recommendations



#### **Steps**

Phase E is about architecture delivery. It amalgamates the gaps between Target & Baseline Architectures in all architecture domains, & groups changes into work packages to build a best-fit roadmap based on stakeholder requirements, the enterprise's business transformation readiness, identified opportunities & solutions and implementation constraints.

Identify Key Business Drivers Constraining Sequence of Implementation



Review Gap Analysis from Phase D



Brainstorm Technical Requirements from Functional Perspective



Brainstorm Co-existence and Interoperability Requirements



Perform Architecture Assessment and Gap Analysis



Identify Major Work Packages or Projects





#### **PHASE F - Migration Planning**

Phase F is where we create an Implementation and Migration Plan in co-operation with portfolio and project managers.

- Finalize the Architecture Roadmap
- Finalize the supporting Implementation and Migration Plan, making sure that it is coordinated with the enterprise change management approach and the overall change portfolio
- Ensure the value and cost of work packages and Transition Architectures is understood by stakeholders

#### Inputs

The key inputs are the incomplete Architecture Roadmap and Implementation and Migration Plan from Phase E.



#### Reference Materials

Any useful architecture reference materials (often from external sources)



Non-Architectural Inputs

The Request for Architecture Work, Capability Assessment and Communications Plan





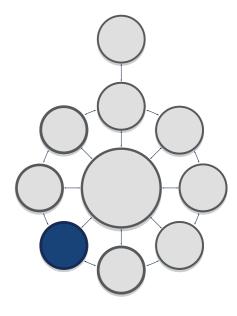
#### Architectural Inputs

- The Organizational Model for EA; Governance models and frameworks; Tailored Architecture Framework; Statement of Architecture Work and Architecture Vision
- Populated Architecture Repository, including reusable building blocks
- Draft Architecture Definition Document and Architecture Requirements
   Specification
- Architecture Roadmap and Implementation and Migration Plan (v0.1)

#### **Outputs**

Outputs show dependencies, costs, and benefits of the various migration projects in the final version of the Implementation and Migration Plan.

The architecture development cycle is completed here, with lessons learned enabling continuous improvement to the EA process.





Implementation and Migration Plan (Version 1.0)

including the Implementation and Migration Strategy, and the Project and portfolio breakdown of the implementation



Finalized Architecture Definition Document

including any Finalized Transition Architectures



Finalized Architecture Requirements Specification



Finalized Architecture Roadmap



Reusable Architecture Building Blocks



Request for Architecture Work (for a new iteration of the ADM)



Possible Change Requests for Architecture Capability from lessons learned

#### **Steps**

The level of detail addressed in Phase F will depend on the scope and goals of the overall architecture effort. All steps are important, but key steps are shown in green!

Confirm Management Framework Interactions for the Implementation and Migration Plan



Assign a Business Value to Each Work Package



Estimate Resource Requirements, Project Timings, and Availability/Delivery Vehicle



Prioritize the Migration
Projects through the Conduct
of a Cost/Benefit Assessment
and Risk Validation



Confirm Architecture Roadmap and Update Architecture Definition Document



Generate the Implementation and Migration Plan



Complete the Architecture Development Cycle and Document Lessons Learned





## PHASE G - Implementation Governance

Phase G is where all the information for successful management of the various implementation projects is brought together. In parallel is the execution of the development process, where the actual development happens. Here we:

- Ensure conformance with the Target Architecture by implementation projects
- Perform appropriate Architecture Governance functions for the solution and any implementation-driven architecture Change Requests

#### Inputs

Phase G establishes the connection between architecture and implementation organization, through the Architecture Contract.



#### Reference Materials

 Any useful architecture reference materials (often from external sources)



Non-Architectural Inputs

 The Request for Architecture Work and Capability Assessment



#### Architectural Inputs

- The Organizational Model for EA;
   Tailored Architecture Framework; Request for Architecture Work; Statement of Architecture Work and Architecture Vision
- Populated Architecture Repository, including reusable building blocks
- Architecture Definition Document and Architecture Requirements Specification
- Architecture Roadmap and Implementation and Migration Plan
- Architecture Contract and Implementation Governance Model

#### **Outputs**

Outputs show dependencies, costs, and benefits of the various migration projects in the final version of the Implementation and Migration Plan.

The architecture development cycle is completed here, with lessons learned enabling continuous improvement to the EA process.



Architecture Contract (signed)



Compliance Assessments and Change Requests



Architecture-Compliant
Solutions Deployed
including the implemented system,
populated architecture repository,
compliance recommendations &
dispensations, recommendations
on service delivery requirements &
performance metrics, Service Level
Agreements (SLAs)



Business and IT operating models for the implemented solution



Request for Architecture Work (for a new iteration of the ADM)



Post-implementation update of Architecture Vision and Architecture Definition Document



#### **Steps**

A key aspect of Phase G is ensuring compliance with the defined architecture(s), not only by the implementation projects, but also by other ongoing projects. All steps are important, but key steps are shown in green!

Confirm Scope and Priorities for Deployment with Development Management



Identify Deployment Resources and Skills



Guide Development of Solution Deployment



Perform Enterprise Architecture Compliance Reviews



Implement Business and IT Operations



Perform Post-Implementation Review and Close the Implementation





## PHASE H - Architecture Change Management

Phase H ensures that the architecture achieves its original target business value, by managing changes to the architecture in a cohesive and architected way. Here we ensure that:

- We maintain and follow the architecture lifecycle
- We work within the Architecture Governance Framework
- The Enterprise Architecture Capability meets current requirements

#### Inputs

Phase H is closely related to the architecture governance processes, and to management of the Architecture Contract between the EA function and business users of the enterprise.



#### Reference Materials

 Any useful architecture reference materials (often from external sources)



Non-Architectural Inputs

The Request for Architecture Work



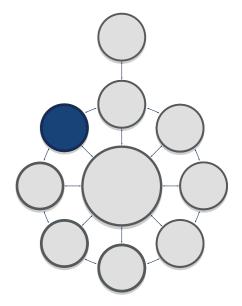
#### **Architectural Inputs**

- The Organizational Model for EA;
   Tailored Architecture Framework; Request for Architecture Work; Statement of Architecture Work and Architecture Vision
- Populated Architecture Repository, including reusable building blocks
- Architecture Definition Document and Architecture Requirements Specification
- Architecture Roadmap and Implementation and Migration Plan
- Architecture Contract and Implementation Governance Model
- Change Requests for business and technology changes and from lessons learned; Compliance Assessments

#### **Outputs**

When the Foundation Architecture needs to be re-aligned with strategy, substantial change is required to components, standards or guidelines for their use that have a significant end-user impact (e.g. regulatory changes), then a refreshment cycle (partial or complete re-architecting) is required, and a new Request for Architecture Work must be issued (to move to another cycle).

Changes are classified as Simplification, Incremental, or Re-Architecting.





Architecture updates and changes to architecture framework and principles (for maintenance changes)



New Request for Architecture Work, to move to another cycle (for major changes)



Statement of Architecture Work, Architecture Contract



Compliance Assessments (updated if necessary)



#### Steps

The architecture change process determines how changes are to be managed, what techniques are applied, and what methodologies used. It also identifies which phases of the ADM are impacted by changes e.g. changes that affect only migration may be of no interest to architecture development phases.



Establish Value Realization Process



Deploy Monitoring Tools



Manage Risks



Provide Analysis for Architecture Change Management



Develop Change Requirements to Meet Performance Targets



Manage Governance Process



Activate the Process to Implement Change



## **Architecture Requirements Management**

The "Requirements Management" circle at the centre of the ADM graphic reminds us that ADM is continuously driven by the requirements management process. In this phase we:

- Ensure that Requirements Management process is sustained and operates for all ADM phases
- Manage architecture requirements identified during any execution of the ADM cycle or a phase
- Ensure that relevant architecture requirements are available for use by each phase

#### Steps

Requirements Management itself does not dispose of, address, or prioritize any requirements, which is done in the relevant phase of the ADM. It is merely the process for managing requirements throughout the overall ADM. Hence the split between steps below:

#### **Requirements Management Steps**







Identify changed requirements and record priorities



Update the Requirements Repository with information relating to the changes requested, including stakeholder views affected



#### **ADM Phase Steps**

1 Identify / Document
Requirements

Assess impact of change requirements and date



Identify changed requirements



Assess impact of changed requirements and determine whether to implement change



Implement changes arising from Phase H



Implement change in the current Phase



Assess and revise gap analysis from past Phases



#### Inputs

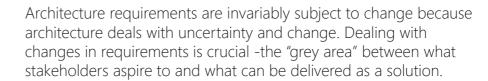
The Requirements Repository holds information from multiple ADM cycles. The Architecture Requirements Specification and Requirements Impact Assessment hold information for a specific project.



Architecture Requirements Specification



- Organizational Model for Enterprise Architecture
- Tailored Architecture Framework
- Statement of Architecture Work
- Architecture Vision
- Architecture requirements, populating an Architecture Requirements Specification
- Requirements Impact Assessment



#### **Outputs**

The Requirements Repository will be updated as part of the Requirements Management phase and should contain all requirements information.

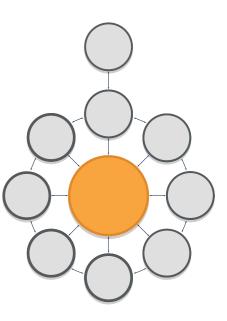


Requirements Impact Assessment



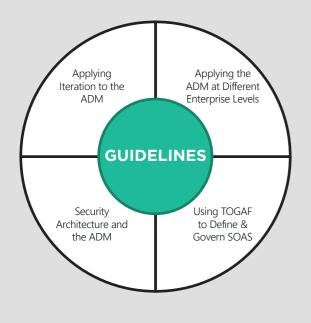
Architecture Requirements Specification, if necessary

When new requirements arise, or existing ones are changed, a Requirements Impact Statement is generated identifying phases of the ADM that need to be revisited. The statement goes through various iterations until the final version, which includes the full implications of the requirements (e.g., costs, timescales, and business metrics). Once requirements for the current ADM cycle have been finalized, the Architecture Requirements Specification should be updated.

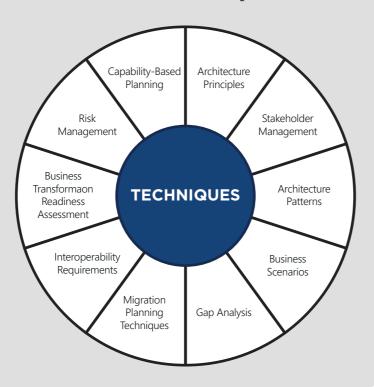


#### **TOGAF 9.2: Guidelines & Techniques**

#### **Adapting the ADM Process**



#### **Architecture Development**



#### **Stakeholder Analysis**

Win support from stakeholders.

#### **CORPORATE FUNCTIONS**

- CxO
- Enterprise Security
- Program Management Office
- QA / Standards Group
- Procurement
- HR

#### **END USER ORGANIZATION**

- Executives
- Line Management
- Business Domain Experts
- Data Owners

#### **PROJECT ORGANIZATION**

- Executives
- Line Management
- Business Process / Functional Experts
- Product Specialist
- Technical Specialist

#### **SYSTEMS OPERATIONS**

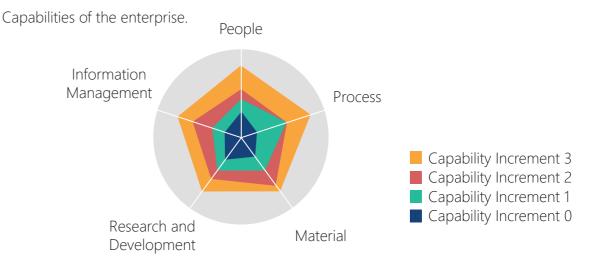
- IT Service Management
- Service Desk
- Application Management
- Infrastructure Management
- Data / Voice Communications

#### **EXTERNAL**

- Suppliers
- Regulatory Bodies

# Business Scenarios Method within a method to identify and articulate business requirements. Problem Environment Objectives Roles and Responsibilities Human Actors Refine

#### **Capability Based Planning**



#### **Architecture Partitioning**

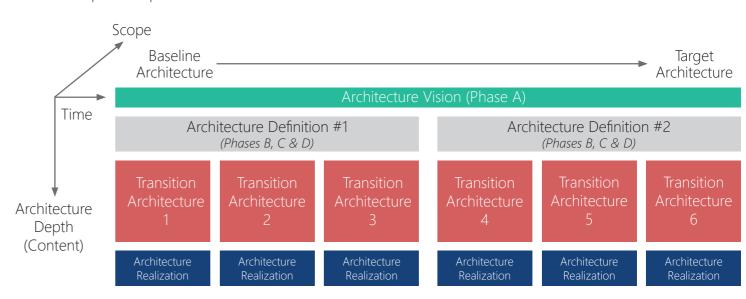
Break into bite-size chunks:

Enterprise Scope

Architecture Domains

Level of Detail

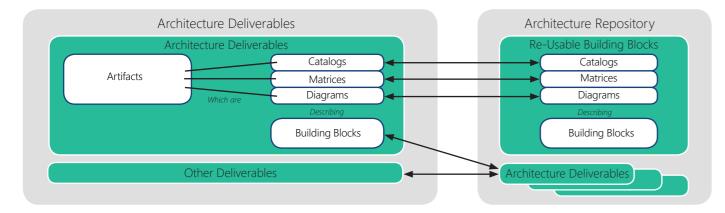
• Project Schedules



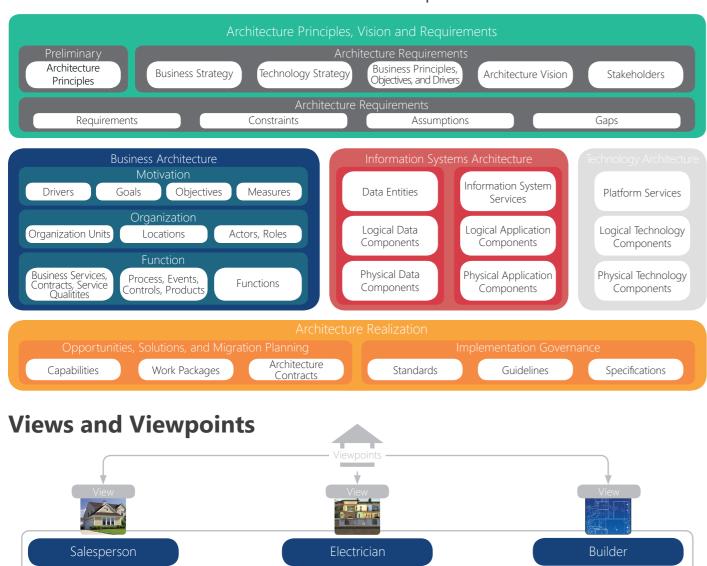
#### **TOGAF 9.2: Content & Continuum**

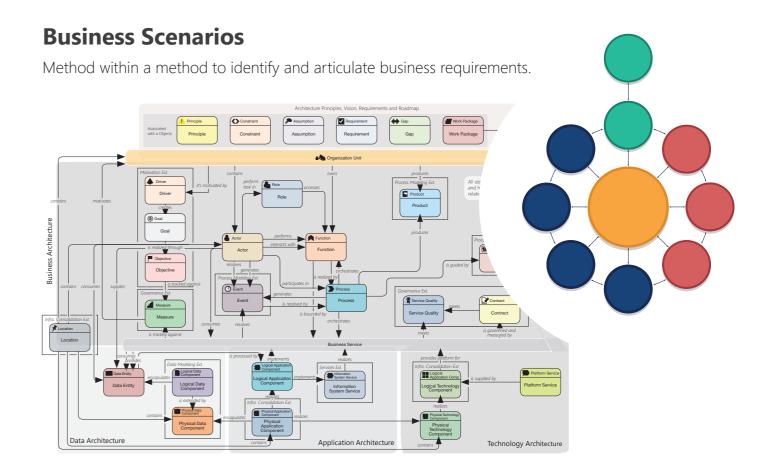
**Content Framework :** Description of Architectural Work Products

Deliverables, artifacts, building blocks and relationships



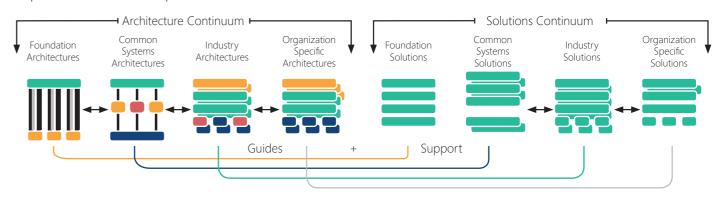
**Content Meta-Model :** Description of Building Blocks and Relationships



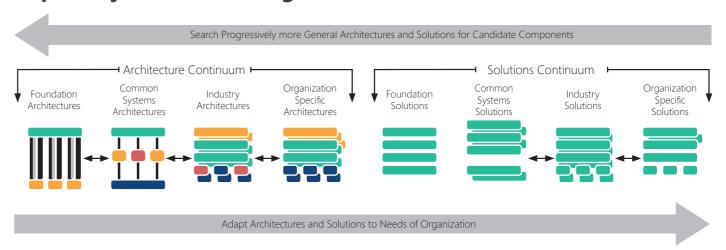


#### **Capability Based Planning**

Capabilities of the enterprise.



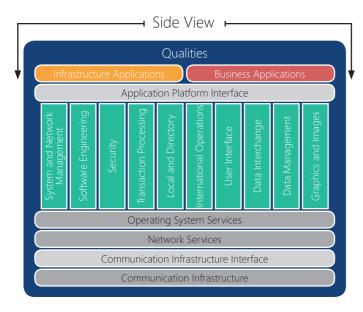
#### **Capability Based Planning**

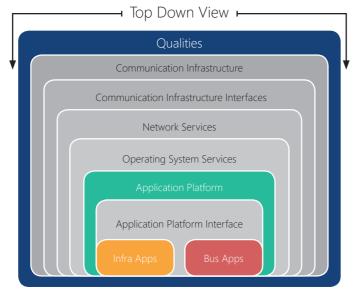


#### **TOGAF 9.2: Models & Architecture**

#### **Technical Reference Model (TRM)**

A model and taxonomy of generic platform services





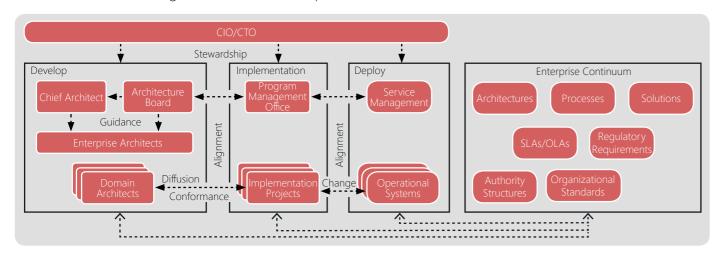
### **Integrated Information Infrastructure Reference Model (III-RM)**

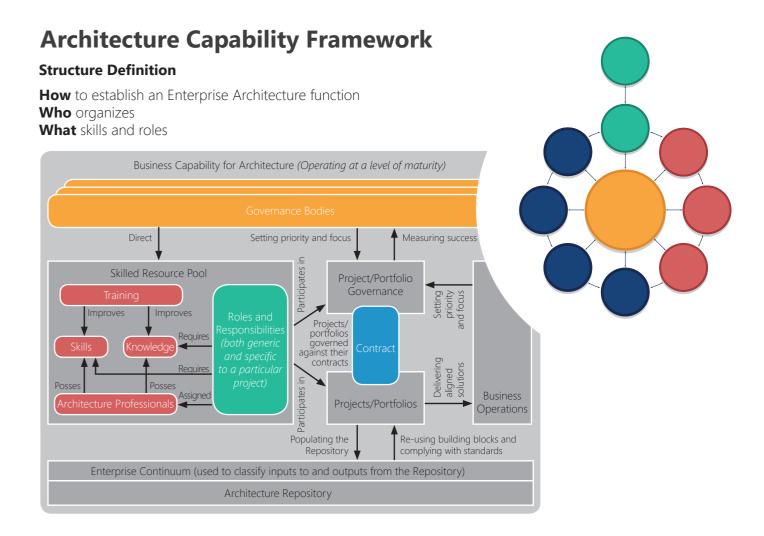
Model for business applications and infrastructure applications



#### **Governance**

Creation and monitoring of architectural components

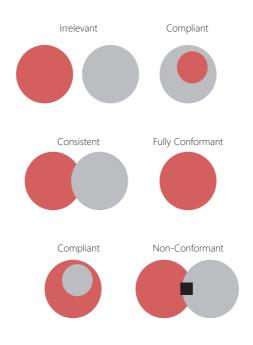




#### **Compliance Levels**

#### **Compliance of projects**

**Essential** part of architecture governance **Formulate** IT compliance strategy



#### **Skills Framework**

**Define** roles, skills and experience **Measure** staff development right fit

