

# JSON

<http://www.json.org/>

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## JSON (JavaScript Object Notation)

- A lightweight **data-interchange format**
- It is easy for humans to read and write.
- It is easy for machines to parse and generate.
- It is based on a subset of the JavaScript Programming Language: Standard ECMA-262 3rd Edition – Dec. 1999.

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- JSON is a **text format** that is
  - completely language independent
  - but uses conventions that are familiar to programmers of the C-family of languages, including C, C++, C#, Java, JavaScript, Perl, Python, and many others.
- These properties make JSON an ideal data-interchange language.

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- open-standard format
- human-readable text to transmit data objects consisting of attribute-value pairs
- replacing XML

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- JSON is built on two structures:

- A collection of name-value pairs

- object, record, struct, dictionary, hash table, keyed list, or associative array

- An ordered list of values

- array, vector, list, or sequence

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- These are universal data structures.

- Virtually all modern programming languages support them in one form or another.
- It makes sense that a data format that is interchangeable with programming languages also be based on these structures.

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## JSON Syntax

- Derived from JavaScript object notation syntax:
  - Data is in name/value pairs
  - Data is separated by commas
  - Curly braces hold objects
  - Square brackets hold arrays
- JSON syntax is a subset of the JavaScript syntax.

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## JSON Values

- A number (integer or floating point)
- A string (in double quotes)
- A Boolean (true or false)
- An array (in square brackets)
- An object (in curly braces)
- null

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# Object and array

- **object**
  - unordered set of name-value pairs
  - begins with '{' and ends with '}'
  - each name is followed by ':' and the name-value pairs are separated by ','
- **array**
  - ordered collection of values
  - begins with '[' and ends with ']'
  - values are separated by ','

```

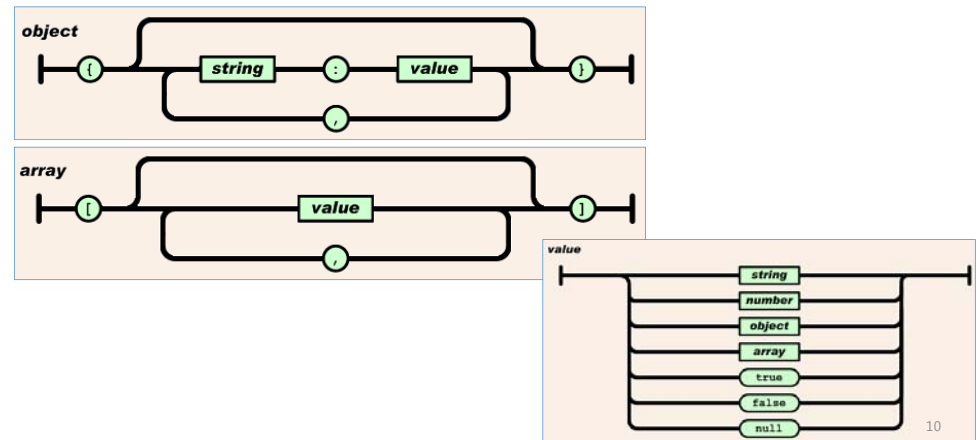
<object>
  { }
  { <members> }
<members>
  <pair>
  <pair> , <members>
<pair>
  <string> : <value>

<array>
  [ ]
  [ <elements> ]
<elements>
  <value>
  <value> , <elements>

<value>
  <string>
  <number>
  <object>
  <array>
  true
  false
  null
    
```

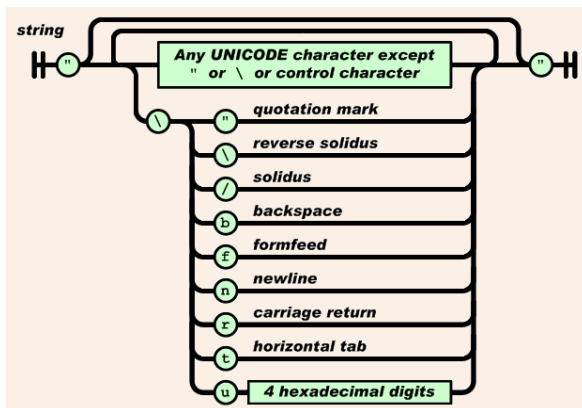
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# Syntax Diagram



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# String

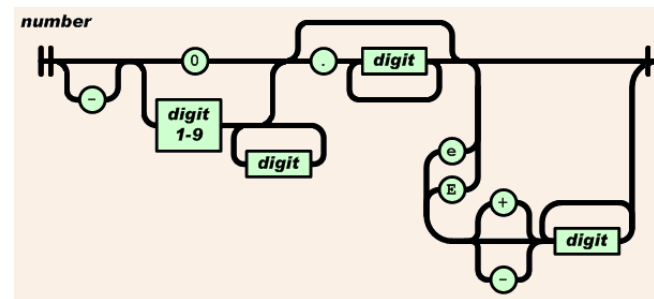


```

string ..
  " chars "
chars
  char
  char chars
char
  any-Unicode-character-
  except- " -or- \ -or-
  control-character
  ""
  ""
  ""/
  ""b
  ""f
  ""n
  ""r
  ""t
  "" four-hex-digits
    
```

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# Number



```

number
  int
  int frac
  int exp
  int frac exp
int
  digit
  digit1-9 digits
  - digit
  - digit1-9 digits
frac
  . digits
exp
  e digits
digits
  digit
  digit digits
e
  e+
  e-
  E+
  E-
    
```

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# JSON Files

- The file type for JSON files is ".json"
- The MIME type for JSON text is "application/json"

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# JSON Schema

Example JSON Schema (draft 4):

```
{
  "$schema": "http://json-schema.org/schema#",
  "title": "Product",
  "type": "object",
  "required": ["id", "name", "price"],
  "properties": {
    "id": {
      "type": "number",
      "description": "Product identifier"
    },
    "name": {
      "type": "string",
      "description": "Name of the product"
    },
    "price": {
      "type": "number",
      "minimum": 0
    },
    "tags": {
      "type": "array",
      "items": {
        "type": "string"
      }
    },
    "stock": {
      "type": "object",
      "properties": {
        "warehouse": {
          "type": "number"
        },
        "retail": {
          "type": "number"
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

```
{
  "id": 1,
  "name": "Foo",
  "price": 123,
  "tags": [
    "Bar",
    "Eek"
  ],
  "stock": {
    "warehouse": 300,
    "retail": 20
  }
}
```

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## Example 1.

```
{
  "이름": "테스트",
  "나이": 25,
  "성별": "여",
  "주소": "서울특별시 양천구 목동",
  "특기": ["농구", "도술"],
  "가족관계": {"#": 2, "아버지": "홍판서", "어머니": "춘섬"},
  "회사": "경기 안양시 만안구 안양7동";
}
```

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## Example 2.

```
{
  "firstName": "John",
  "lastName": "Smith",
  "isAlive": true,
  "age": 25,
  "address": {
    "streetAddress": "21 2nd Street",
    "city": "New York",
    "state": "NY",
    "postalCode": "10021-3100"
  },

```

```
  "phoneNumbers": [
    {
      "type": "home",
      "number": "212 555-1234"
    },
    {
      "type": "office",
      "number": "646 555-4567"
    },
    {
      "type": "mobile",
      "number": "123 456-7890"
    }
  ],
  "children": [ ],
  "spouse": null
}
```

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## YAML sample

```
---
firstName: John
lastName: Smith
age: 25
address:
  streetAddress: 21 2nd Street
  city: New York
  state: NY
  postalCode: 10021
phoneNumber:
  - type: home
    number: 212 555-1234
  - type: fax
    number: 646 555-4567
gender:
  type: male
```

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## XML samples

```
<person>
  <firstName>John</firstName>
  <lastName>Smith</lastName>
  <age>25</age>
  <address>
    <streetAddress>21 2nd Street</streetAddress>
    <city>New York</city>
    <state>NY</state>
    <postalCode>10021</postalCode>
  </address>
  <phoneNumbers>
    <phoneNumber>
      <type>home</type>
      <number>212 555-1234</number>
    </phoneNumber>
    <phoneNumber>
      <type>fax</type>
      <number>646 555-4567</number>
    </phoneNumber>
  </phoneNumbers>
  <gender>
    <type>male</type>
  </gender>
</person>
```

The properties can also be serialized using attributes instead of tags:

```
<person firstName="John" lastName="Smith" age="25">
  <address streetAddress="21 2nd Street" city="New York" state="NY" postalCode="10021" />
  <phoneNumbers>
    <phoneNumber type="home" number="212 555-1234" />
    <phoneNumber type="fax" number="646 555-4567" />
  </phoneNumbers>
  <gender type="male" />
</person>
```

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## JSON vs. XML: <http://json.org/example.html>

```
{
  "widget": {
    "debug": "on",
    "window": {
      "title": "Sample Konfabulator Widget",
      "name": "main_window",
      "width": 500,
      "height": 500
    },
    "image": {
      "src": "Images/Sun.png",
      "name": "sun1",
      "hOffset": 250,
      "vOffset": 250,
      "alignment": "center"
    },
    "text": {
      "data": "Click Here",
      "size": 36,
      "style": "bold",
      "name": "text1",
      "hOffset": 250,
      "vOffset": 100,
      "alignment": "center",
      "onMouseUp": "sun1.opacity = (sun1.opacity / 100) * 90;"
    }
  }
}
```

```
<widget>
  <debug>on</debug>
  <window title="Sample Konfabulator Widget">
    <name>main_window</name>
    <width>500</width>
    <height>500</height>
  </window>
  <image src="Images/Sun.png" name="sun1">
    <hOffset>250</hOffset>
    <vOffset>250</vOffset>
    <alignment>center</alignment>
  </image>
  <text data="Click Here" size="36" style="bold">
    <name>text1</name>
    <hOffset>250</hOffset>
    <vOffset>100</vOffset>
    <alignment>center</alignment>
    <onMouseUp>
      sun1.opacity = (sun1.opacity / 100) * 90;
    </onMouseUp>
  </text>
</widget>
```

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```
{
  "menu": {
    "id": "file",
    "value": "File",
    "popup": {
      "menuitem": [
        {
          "value": "New",
          "onclick": "CreateNewDoc()"
        },
        {
          "value": "Open",
          "onclick": "OpenDoc()"
        },
        {
          "value": "Close",
          "onclick": "CloseDoc()"
        }
      ]
    }
  }
}
```

```
<menu id="file" value="File">
  <popup>
    <menuitem value="New" onclick="CreateNewDoc()" />
    <menuitem value="Open" onclick="OpenDoc()" />
    <menuitem value="Close" onclick="CloseDoc()" />
  </popup>
</menu>
```

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# JSON and JavaScript

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## JSON Data - A Name and a Value

- **field name** (in double quotes), **colon**, **value**:

### Example

```
"firstName": "John"
```

JSON names require double quotes. JavaScript names don't.

- [http://www.w3schools.com/js/js\\_json\\_syntax.asp](http://www.w3schools.com/js/js_json_syntax.asp)

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## Object and array

- JSON objects are written inside **curly braces**.

### Example

```
{"firstName": "John", "lastName": "Doe"}
```

- JSON arrays are written inside **square brackets**.

### Example

```
"employees": [
  {"firstName": "John", "lastName": "Doe"},
  {"firstName": "Anna", "lastName": "Smith"},
  {"firstName": "Peter", "lastName": "Jones"}
]
```

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## JSON Uses JavaScript Syntax

- In JavaScript

### Example

```
var employees = [
  {"firstName": "John", "lastName": "Doe"},
  {"firstName": "Anna", "lastName": "Smith"},
  {"firstName": "Peter", "lastName": "Jones"}
];
```

```
// returns John Doe
employees[0]["firstName"] + " " + employees[0]["lastName"];
employees[0].firstName = "Gilbert";
employees[0].firstName = "Gilbert";
```

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## JSON.parse() can use the eval() function

```
var text = '{ "employees" : [' +  
  '{ "firstName":"John" , "lastName":"Doe" },' +  
  '{ "firstName":"Anna" , "lastName":"Smith" },' +  
  '{ "firstName":"Peter" , "lastName":"Jones" } ]}';
```

```
var obj = JSON.parse(text);
```

```
var obj = eval("(" + text + ")");
```

```
<p id="demo"></p>
```

```
<script>  
document.getElementById("demo").innerHTML =  
obj.employees[1].firstName + " " + obj.employees[1].lastName;  
</script>
```

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## Web Browsers Support

- Firefox 3.5
  - Internet Explorer 8
  - Chrome
  - Opera 10
  - Safari 4
- 
- For older browsers, a JavaScript library is available at <https://github.com/douglascrockford/JSON-js>.

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## JSON Http Request

- [http://www.w3schools.com/js/js\\_json\\_http.asp](http://www.w3schools.com/js/js_json_http.asp)

JSON Example	myArray	myTutorials.txt
<pre>&lt;div id="id01"&gt;&lt;/div&gt;  &lt;script&gt; var xmlhttp = new XMLHttpRequest(); var url = "myTutorials.txt";  xmlhttp.onreadystatechange = function() {   if (this.readyState == 4 &amp;&amp; this.status == 200) {     var myArr = JSON.parse(this.responseText);     myFunction(myArr);   } }; xmlhttp.open("GET", url, true); xmlhttp.send();  function myFunction(arr) {   var out = "";   var i;   for(i = 0; i &lt; arr.length; i++) {     out += "&lt;a href=" + arr[i].url + "&gt;" +     arr[i].display + "&lt;/a&gt;&lt;br&gt;";   }   document.getElementById("id01").innerHTML = out; } &lt;/script&gt;</pre>	<pre>var myArray = [   {     "display": "JavaScript Tutorial",     "url": "http://www.w3schools.com/js/default.asp"   },   {     "display": "HTML Tutorial",     "url": "http://www.w3schools.com/html/default.asp"   },   {     "display": "CSS Tutorial",     "url": "http://www.w3schools.com/css/default.asp"   } ]</pre>	<pre>{   {     "display": "JavaScript Tutorial",     "url": "http://www.w3schools.com/js/default.asp"   },   {     "display": "HTML Tutorial",     "url": "http://www.w3schools.com/html/default.asp"   },   {     "display": "CSS Tutorial",     "url": "http://www.w3schools.com/css/default.asp"   } }</pre>

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## JSON Function Files

### JSON Example

```
<div id="id01"></div>  
  
<script>  
function myFunction(arr) {  
  var out = "";  
  var i;  
  for(i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {  
    out += "<a href=" + arr[i].url + ">" + arr[i].display +  
    "</a><br>";  
  }  
  document.getElementById("id01").innerHTML = out;  
}  
</script>  
  
<script src="myTutorials.js"></script>
```

### myTutorials.js

```
myFunction([  
  {  
    "display": "JavaScript Tutorial",  
    "url": "http://www.w3schools.com/js/default.asp"  
  },  
  {  
    "display": "HTML Tutorial",  
    "url": "http://www.w3schools.com/html/default.asp"  
  },  
  {  
    "display": "CSS Tutorial",  
    "url": "http://www.w3schools.com/css/default.asp"  
  }  
]);
```

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## JSON SQL Example

- This example reads JSON data from a web server running PHP and MySQL:

### Customers.html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h1>Customers</h1>
<div id="id01"></div>

<script>
var xmlhttp = new XMLHttpRequest();
var url = "http://www.w3schools.com/js/customers_mysql.php";

xmlhttp.onreadystatechange=function() {
    if (this.readyState == 4 && this.status == 200) {
        myFunction(this.responseText);
    }
}
xmlhttp.open("GET", url, true);
xmlhttp.send();
```

```
function myFunction(response) {
    var arr = JSON.parse(response);
    var i;
    var out = "<table>";

    for(i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
        out += "<tr><td>" +
            arr[i].Name +
            "</td><td>" +
            arr[i].City +
            "</td><td>" +
            arr[i].Country +
            "</td></tr>";
    }
    out += "</table>";
    document.getElementById("id01").innerHTML = out;
}
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

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## The PHP Code on the Server

```
<?php
header("Access-Control-Allow-Origin: *");
header("Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8");

$conn = new mysqli("myServer", "myUser", "myPassword", "Northwind");

$result = $conn->query("SELECT CompanyName, City, Country FROM
Customers");

$outp = "[";
while($rs = $result->fetch_array(MYSQLI_ASSOC)) {
    if ($outp != "[") {$outp .= ",";}
    $outp .= '{"Name":"' . $rs["CompanyName"] . "',';
    $outp .= 'City":"' . $rs["City"] . "',';
    $outp .= 'Country":"' . $rs["Country"] . "'';
}
$outp .= "]";

$conn->close();

echo($outp);
?>
```

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## JSON and Java

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## Install and Environment

- Install any of the JSON modules
  - <https://code.google.com/archive/p/json-simple/>
- Environment variable CLASSPATH
  - Add the location of **json-simple-1.1.1.jar** file

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## Mapping between JSON and Java

JSON	Java
string	java.lang.String
number	java.lang.Number
true   false	java.lang.Boolean
null	null
array	java.util.List
object	java.util.Map

- Default concrete class of *java.util.List* is *org.json.simple.JSONArray*
- Default concrete class of *java.util.Map* is *org.json.simple.JSONObject*

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## Encoding JSON in Java

```
import org.json.simple.JSONObject;

class JsonEncodeDemo {

    public static void main(String[] args){
        JSONObject obj = new JSONObject();

        obj.put("name", "foo");
        obj.put("num", new Integer(100));
        obj.put("balance", new Double(1000.21));
        obj.put("is_vip", new Boolean(true));

        System.out.print(obj);
    }
}
```

```
{"balance": 1000.21, "num":100, "is_vip":true, "name":"foo"}
```

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## Decoding JSON in Java

```
import org.json.simple.JSONObject;
import org.json.simple.JSONArray;
import org.json.simple.parser.ParseException;
import org.json.simple.parser.JSONParser;

class JsonDecodeDemo {

    public static void main(String[] args){
        JSONParser parser = new JSONParser();
        String s = "[0,{\"1\":{\"2\":{\"3\":{\"4\":{\"5\":{\"6\":{\"7\"}}}}}}}}]";

        try{
            Object obj = parser.parse(s);
            JSONArray array = (JSONArray)obj;

            System.out.println("The 2nd element of array");
            System.out.println(array.get(1));
            System.out.println();

            JSONObject obj2 = (JSONObject)array.get(1);
            System.out.println("Field \"1\"");
            System.out.println(obj2.get("1"));

            s = "{}";
            obj = parser.parse(s);
            System.out.println(obj);

            s = "[5,2]";
            obj = parser.parse(s);
            System.out.println(obj);

            s = "[5,2]";
            obj = parser.parse(s);
            System.out.println(obj);
        }catch(ParseException pe){
            System.out.println("position: " + pe.getPosition());
            System.out.println(pe);
        }
    }
}
```

The 2nd element of array

```
{"1":{"2":{"3":{"4":{"5":{"6":{"7"}}}}}}}
```

Field "1"

```
{"2":{"3":{"4":{"5":{"6":{"7"}}}}}
```

```
{}
```

```
[5]
```

```
[5,2]
```

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## JSON C++ Library

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# json-cpp

<http://sourceforge.net/projects/jsoncpp/>

## • json-cpp

- <http://sourceforge.net/projects/jsoncpp/>
- Download: [jsoncpp-src-0.5.0.tar.gz](#)

## • 라이브러리 빌드 – Visual Studio에서

- Jsoncpp-src-0.5.0/makefiles/vs71/jsoncpp.sln
- Jsoncpp-src-0.5.0/build/vs71/release/lib\_json/json\_vc71\_libmt.lib

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