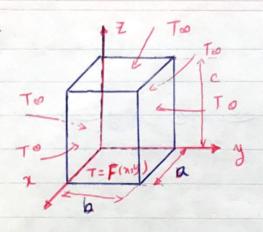
مل مارله لايلاس درم بيم



$$T(0,y,z) = T\omega$$
  $T(x,0,z) = T\omega$   $T(x,y,c) = T\omega$   
 $T(a,y,z) = T\omega$   $T(x,b,z) = T\omega$   $T(x,y,c) = F(x,y,c)$ 

0 = T - T00

تنبرازان ١٠١٥ نيتوني

① 
$$\Theta(0)$$
9 $=$ 0 = 0  $\Theta(x)$ 0 $=$ 0  $\Theta(x)$ 9 $=$ 0 $=$ 0  $\Theta(x)$ 9 $=$ 0  $\Theta(x)$ 0

$$\frac{\delta^2\theta}{\delta n^2} + \frac{\delta^2\theta}{\delta y^2} + \frac{\delta^2\theta}{\delta z^2} = .$$

0(219,3)= X(2) Y(y) Z(3)

$$-\frac{1}{x}\frac{d^2x}{dx^2} = \frac{1}{y}\frac{d^2y}{dy^2} + \frac{1}{Z}\frac{d^2Z}{dz^2} = \lambda^2$$

علات کر بازه بر هرال بدل در وی به رانار س

$$\frac{d^2X}{dx^2} + \lambda^2 X = 0$$

، میں تیت در در در کرد کردہ

$$-\frac{1}{y} \frac{d^{2}y}{dy^{2}} = \frac{1}{Z} \frac{d^{2}Z}{dz^{2}} - \lambda^{2} = \beta^{2}$$

$$-\frac{1}{y} \frac{d^{2}y}{dy^{2}} = \frac{1}{Z} \frac{d^{2}Z}{dz^{2}} - \lambda^{2} = \beta^{2}$$

$$-\frac{1}{y} \frac{d^{2}y}{dy^{2}} + \beta^{2}y = 0$$

$$-\frac{1}{z} \frac{d^{2}y}{dz^{2}} + \beta^{2}y = 0$$

$$-\frac{1}{z} \frac{d^{2}z}{dz^{2}} - (\lambda^{2} + \beta^{2}) Z = 0$$

على عمومى لعبورت نواس

$$\Theta(x,y,z) = (A, los \lambda x + A_2 2 \lambda_x) (B, los By + B_2 2 By)$$

$$(c, e + c, e)$$

B.c. 1 , 3 => A, = B, = 0

$$B.c. 5 \Rightarrow C_2 = -C, e$$

$$\frac{\partial \{x_2y_2\}}{\partial z} = \frac{\infty}{\sum_{m=1}^{\infty}} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n\pi x}{a} \frac{y_2 \cdot \frac{n\pi y}{b}}{b}$$

$$\frac{\sinh \left[\sqrt{\left(\frac{m\pi}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{n\pi}{b}\right)^2} \cdot (c-z)\right]}{2a}$$

$$F(x,y) = \sum_{m \ge 1} \sum_{n \ge 1} A_{mn} \cdot \frac{m\pi x}{a} \cdot \frac{n\pi y}{b} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \ln \left[ \sqrt{\left(\frac{m\pi}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{n\pi}{b}\right)^2} \cdot c \right]$$

$$B_{mn} = A_{mn} = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left[ \sqrt{\left(\frac{mn}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{n\pi}{b}\right)^2} \right]$$

$$F(x_1y) = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_{mn} 2 = \frac{m\pi x}{\alpha} 2 = \frac{n\pi y}{b}$$

wonders in se se in storm Liouville (ist y a x

$$A_{mn} = \frac{4}{ab} \left\{ 3 \cdot h \left[ \sqrt{\left( \frac{m\pi}{a} \right)^{2} \left( \frac{n\pi}{b} \right)^{2}} c \right]^{-1} \right\}$$

$$\int_{0}^{a} \int_{0}^{b} \left[ F(x_{1}y) - T\infty \right] 2 \cdot \frac{m\pi x}{a} 2 \cdot \frac{n\pi y}{b} dx dy$$

$$T(x_{1}y_{1}z)-T\infty = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_{mn} \frac{2}{2} \cdot \frac{m\pi x}{\alpha} \frac{2}{2} \cdot \frac{n\pi y}{b}$$

$$\cdot 2 \cdot nh \left[ \sqrt{\left(\frac{m\pi}{\alpha}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{n\pi}{b}\right)^{2}} \cdot (c-z) \right]$$

مل سادله پرآسون در دوبید

سادله بود رو در دو در در مختصات کارتزی دهبررت ازی

 $\nabla u = g(x,y)$ 

g(x,y)= = = 1°

يا سن رالعيرت زير در نواي كري

 $U(x,y) = V_1(x,y) + V_2(x)$ 

V(α, y) = V, (2, y) + V2(y)

حالت دور:

g(x,y) = g(x)

U(x2y) = V, (x2y) + V2(x)

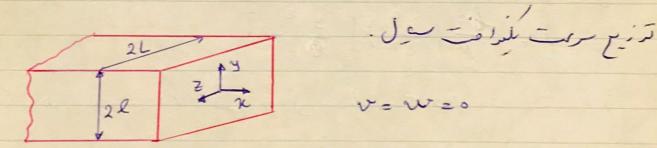
g(x,y) = g(y)

U(x)y) = V, (x)y) + V, (y)

25 do 1 si

## poiselle 0.69

سال با دانشم و در در سر در کو کانل افتی به ارتباع کا و و و و ر



C: 
$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial x} = 0$$
  $V = V(y, Z)$ 

Mx: 
$$0 = \frac{\delta P}{\delta x} + \mu \left( \frac{\delta^2 U}{\delta y^2} + \frac{\delta^2 U}{\delta z^2} \right)$$
My: 
$$0 = \frac{\delta P}{\delta y} + Pg$$
(12)

$$MZ: O = \frac{\delta P}{\delta Z} \Rightarrow P = P(x,y)$$
 (12) i) oslei 10

$$\frac{\delta P}{\delta x} = \frac{d P(x)}{d x}$$
 (13)

$$\frac{df}{dx} = \frac{\delta P}{\delta x} = \frac{\delta P}{\delta x}$$

$$\frac{d\rho}{d\rho} = \frac{\delta P}{\delta x} = \frac{\delta P}{\delta x}$$

$$0 = -\frac{1}{\mu} \frac{\Delta P}{\Delta x} + \left( \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial z^2} \right) (14)$$

Bc. 2 DU(0,2) = 0

$$\begin{cases} B.C.1 & U(1, 2) = 0 & B.C.2 & \frac{\partial U(0, 2)}{\partial y} = 0 \\ B.C.3 & U(1, 2) = 0 & B.C.4 & \frac{\partial U(1, 0)}{\partial z} = 0 \end{cases}$$

سرع ربدول در در در الوقاف في من  $\phi = \frac{U}{\left(-\frac{\Delta P}{\Delta x}\right) \frac{\ell^2}{4}}$ 

$$\frac{3^{2}\phi}{\delta \xi^{2}} + \frac{3^{2}\phi}{\delta \xi^{2}} = -1 \quad (15)$$

$$\begin{cases}
8 \cdot 6 \cdot 1 & \phi(1 \cdot \xi) = 0 & 8 \cdot 6 \cdot 2 & \frac{5\phi(0 \cdot \xi)}{\delta \xi} = 0 \\
8 \cdot 6 \cdot 3 & \phi(\xi, 1/e) = 0 & 8 \cdot 6 \cdot 4 & \frac{5\phi(\xi, 0)}{\delta \xi} = 0
\end{cases}$$

$$\phi(\xi, \xi) = \psi(\xi, \xi) + \theta(\xi)$$

$$\begin{cases}
\frac{d^{2}\phi}{d\xi^{2}} = -1 \\
0(1) = 0 & \frac{d\theta(0)}{d\xi} = 0
\end{cases}$$

$$\psi(1, \xi) = 0 \quad (10) \quad \frac{5\psi(0, \xi)}{\delta \xi} = 0 \quad (10)$$

$$\psi(\xi, 1/e) = -\theta(\xi) \quad (10) \quad \frac{5\psi(\xi, 0)}{\delta \xi} = 0 \quad (10)$$

$$\frac{d\theta}{d\xi} = -\xi + c_{1} \quad \frac{d\theta(0)}{d\xi} = 0 \quad c_{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\theta = -\frac{1}{2} \quad (1 - \xi) \quad (16)$$

$$\psi(\xi, \xi) = \psi_{1}(\xi) \psi_{2}(\xi)$$

$$\psi_{2} \frac{d^{2}\psi_{1}}{d\xi^{2}} + \psi_{1} \frac{d^{2}\psi_{2}}{d\xi^{2}} = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{4!} \frac{d^{2}\psi_{1}}{d\xi^{2}} = \frac{1}{4!} \frac{d^{2}\psi_{2}}{d\xi^{3}} = -\lambda^{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{4!} \frac{d\xi^{2}}{d\xi^{2}} + \lambda^{2}\psi_{1} = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{4!} \frac{d\xi^{2}}{d\xi^{2}} + \lambda^{2}\psi_{2} = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{4!} \frac{d\xi^{2}}{d\xi^{2}} + \lambda^{2}\psi_{1} = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{4!} \frac{d\xi^{2}}{d\xi^{2}} +$$

$$a_n = -\frac{2}{\lambda_n^3} \frac{\sin \lambda_n}{\cosh \lambda_n^2 L/\ell}$$
 (18)

$$\phi = \frac{1}{2} (1 - \xi) - 2 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{\lambda_n^3} \left( \frac{\cosh \lambda_n L}{\cosh \lambda_n L} \right) \cos \lambda_n \xi$$
 (19)

$$\frac{1}{2}(\xi^{2}-1) = -2 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n}}{\lambda_{n}^{3}} e_{3} \lambda_{n} \xi$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(1-5^2) = 2 \frac{\infty}{2} \frac{(-1)^n}{\lambda_n} b_1 \lambda_n \delta \qquad (20)$$

از تریب (۱۵) و (۱۶) داری

ر مب سنرع رادله مه دله نوق لعررت زيراست

## عل معادله لا بي براري دايره : ديكي شاع مع مدتط بير بر . اگر ترزيع

ده در در ایک ده ۱۹ می شد تزیع کزات ده داد د فقطه از دیک ساسد

$$\frac{\delta^2 T}{\delta Y^2} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\delta T}{\delta Y} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\delta^2 T}{\delta \theta^2} = 0$$

B c 1 r= 0 T=finite

B. C 2 Y 2 Y 0 T = f(0)

8.c.3 T(r18) = T(r,0+27)

T(r) 01 = R(r) @(0)

$$Y^{2} \frac{R''}{R} + Y \frac{R'}{R} = -\frac{\Theta''}{\Theta} = +\lambda^{2}$$

$$\begin{cases} \Theta'' + \lambda^2 \Theta = 0 \\ Y^2 R'' + Y R' - \lambda^2 R = 0 \end{cases}$$

 $\Theta = A \operatorname{loo} \lambda \theta + 8 \% \lambda \theta$  $R(Y) = CY^{\lambda} + DY^{\lambda}$ 

8-C-1 => D=0 R(r)=cr ) >0 /1

 $B \leftarrow 3 \qquad \textcircled{B}(\Theta) = \textcircled{B}(2\pi + \Theta)$   $B \leftarrow 4 \qquad \textcircled{B}'(\Theta) = \textcircled{B}'(2\pi + \Theta)$ 

[ [3] 76-8-7 (0+211)]B+[-6] 70-6, 7 (0+211)] A=0 [ 2 20 - 6, 210+211] B - [ 2 20 - 802 (0+211)] A=0 دشاه فرق زعن عراب عرصو برام هد ه دار در در تنا ن آن صوع ب  $C_{2\pi} \chi = 1 \qquad \chi = n \qquad n = 0,1,92 \dots \qquad T_{n=0} \chi_{n} \chi_{n}$ T(roa) = a + = r (an bno+bn 2'na) f(0)= a + Z ro (and, no + bn 2: no)  $\int_{0}^{2\pi} P(e) de = a_{0} \int_{0}^{2\pi} de + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_{n} \int_{0}^{2\pi} e_{n} e_{n} de + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_{n} \int_{0}^{2\pi} e_{n} e_{n} de$ a = 1 f(0)d0 وأكر لمارد مهدا وعردير در مونه فراكوره ورف ملا فرق وشرال فرع المرام an = 1 / P(0) line do n = loz ... bn= 1 ron 5 2 1 f(0) sinede n = 102 -...

$$T(r,e) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{0}^{2\pi} f(\theta) d\theta + \frac{1}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{r}{r_{0}}\right)^{n} [lonne \int_{0}^{2\pi} f(\theta) lond d\theta]$$

$$+ \frac{2}{\pi} no \int_{0}^{2\pi} f(\theta) lond d\theta + \frac{1}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{r}{r_{0}}\right)^{n} \int_{0}^{2\pi} f(\theta) lond d\theta$$

$$+ \frac{1}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{r}{r_{0}}\right)^{n} \int_{0}^{2\pi} f(\theta) lond d\theta$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{0}^{2\pi} f(\theta) d\theta + \frac{1}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{r}{r_{0}}\right)^{n} \int_{0}^{2\pi} f(\theta) lond d\theta$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{0}^{2\pi} \left[1 + 2 \sum_{n=1}^{2\pi} f(\theta) n(\theta - \theta)\right] f(\theta) d\theta$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{0}^{2\pi} \left[1 + 2 \sum_{n=1}^{2\pi} f(\theta) n(\theta - \theta)\right] f(\theta) d\theta$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{0}^{2\pi} \left[\frac{r}{r_{0}} lond - \frac{r}{r_{0}} lond -$$

1/5 / 2 = d 6/1 ( ( d) (1)  $T(r_0\theta) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{0}^{2\pi} \frac{r_0^2 - r^2}{r_0^2 - 2rr_0 \ell_0(\theta - \theta) + r^2} f(\theta) d\theta$ انسرال فرق دا انسرال بر آسول كوسن

مرا سران ف دار کم شرط بوست بران خابع بنتی اک سروز شراط مزر س را د د ترویل دا ار منای کن . مع دار  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + \lambda^2 y = 0$ Y(a) = Y(b)y'(a) = y'(b) ملا تال داری کر برا فاصت مید دارس کم  $\left\{P(n)\left[\begin{array}{c} \Phi_{m}(n) & \Phi_{n}(n) - \Phi_{m}(n) & \Phi_{n}(n) \end{array}\right]\right\}_{n=0}^{n+2} = 0$ براریم فری اداماع اسے ولذا برار تقدیم یم  $[\Phi_{m}(b) P_{n}(b) - \Phi_{m}'(b) \Phi_{n}(b)] - [\Phi_{m}(a) \Phi_{n}(a) - \Phi_{m}'(a) \Phi_{n}(a)] = [\Phi_{m}(a) \Phi_{n}(a) - \Phi_{m}'(a)] = [\Phi_{m}(a) \Phi_{m}(a) - \Phi_{m}'(a)] = [\Phi_{m}(a) - \Phi_$ و ال والى والع  $\begin{cases}
\Phi_{m}(a) = \Phi_{m}(b) \\
\Phi'_{n}(a) = \Phi'_{m}(b)
\end{cases}
\begin{cases}
\Phi_{n}(a) = \Phi_{n}(b) \\
\Phi'_{n}(a) = \Phi'_{n}(b)
\end{cases}$ عدة برواله فرق ترسروا مل درواكت فرق برابره طاعت