Docx (MS Word) Library

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This module (isis-module-docx) provides a mail-merge capability of input data into an MS Word .docx templates. The generated output document is either Word .docx or Acrobat .pdf.



Exporting to PDF requires more memory, both heap and permgen. If the PDF generation hangs then increase the memory settings, eg -Xmx1024m -XX:MaxPermSize=128m

The module consists of a single domain service, <code>DocxService</code>. This provides an API to merge a <code>.docx</code> template against its input data. The input data is represented as a simple HTML file.

The service supports several data types:

- plain text
- rich text
- date
- bulleted list
- tables

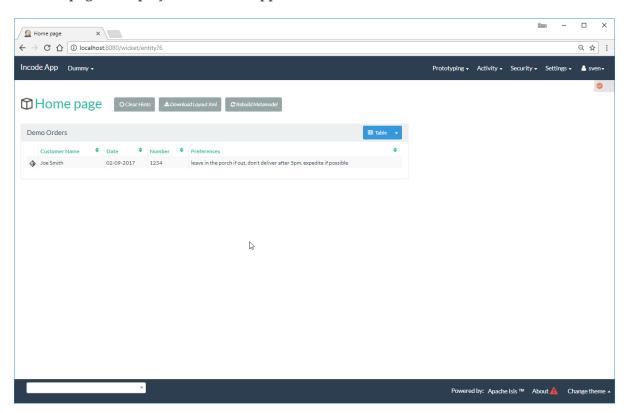
The implementation uses docx4j, guava and jdom2. Databinding to custom XML parts (the .docx file format's in-built support) is **not** used (as repeating datasets -required for lists and tables - was not supported prior to Word 2013).

Screenshots and Usage

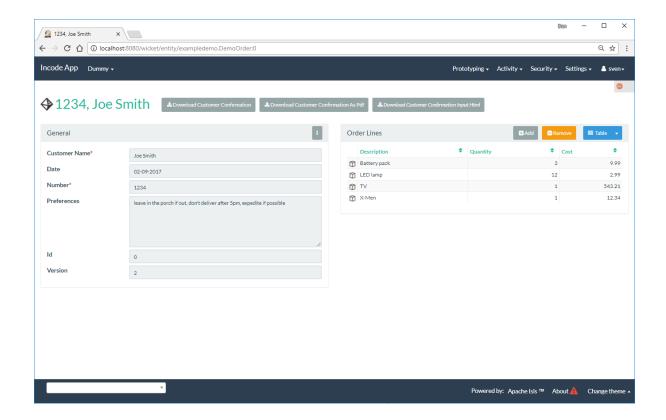
The module's functionality can be explored by running the quickstart with example usage using the org.incode.domainapp.example.app.modules.ExampleDomLibDocxAppManifest.

Installing the Fixture Data

A home page is displayed when the app is run:

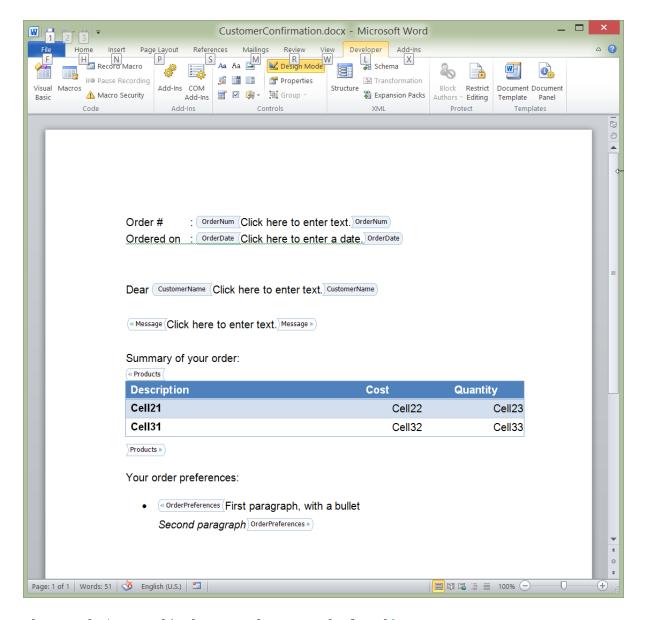


... creates a single demo Order entity, with properties of different data types and a collection of child (OrderLine) entities:



The .docx template

The template .docx itself is marked up using smart tags, as specified on the [DEVELOPER] tab (see "How to show the DEVELOPER tab in Word").



The actual .docx used in the example app can be found here.

Generating the Document

In the example app's design the CustomerConfirmation example domain service is in essence an intelligent wrapper around the CustomerConfirmation.docx template. It contributes two actions to Order, the more significant of which is downloadCustomerConfirmation().

The .docx is simply loaded as a simple resource from the classpath:

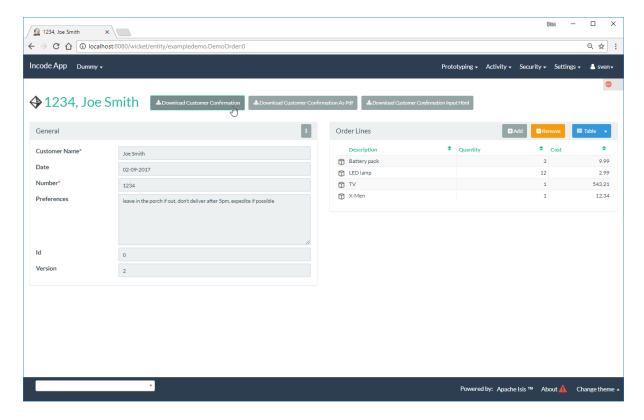
A more sophisticated service implementation could perhaps have retrieved and cached the .docx template bytes from a Blob property of a CommunicationTemplate entity, say.

Then, in the downloadCustomerConfirmation contributed action the CustomerConfirmation performs several steps:

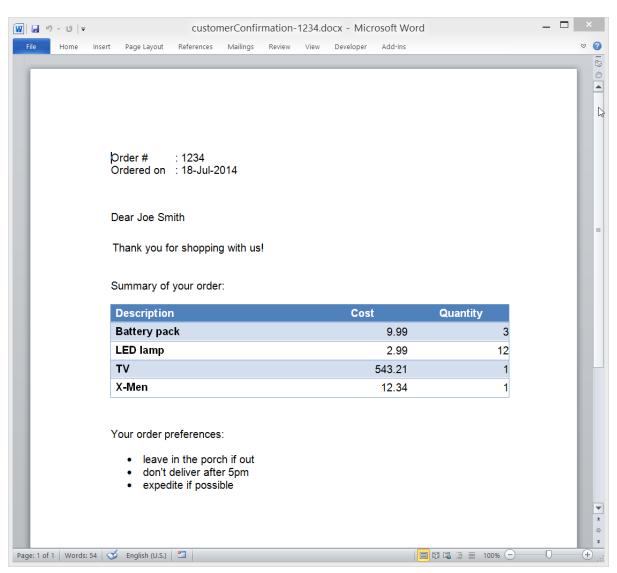
- it converts the Order into the HTML input for the DocxService
- it calls the DocxService to convert this HTML into a .docx file
- finally it emits the generated .docx as a Blob; in the web browser this is then downloaded:

This can be seen below:

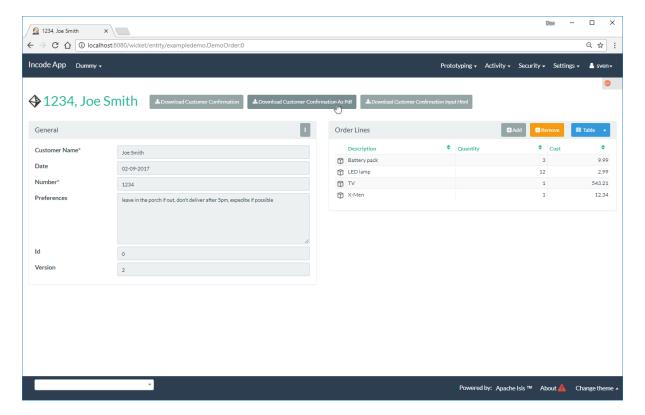
Invoking this action is shown below:



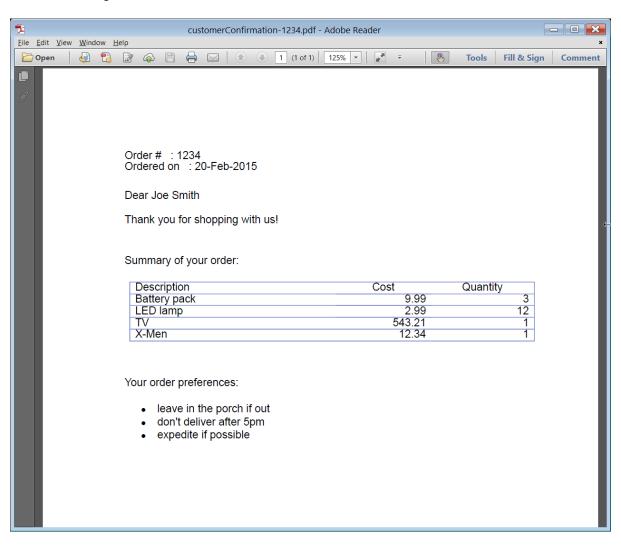
which when opened in MS Word looks like:



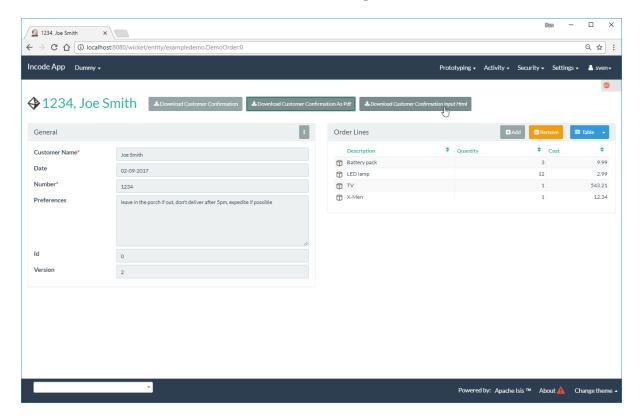
A similar action downloads the generated document as a PDF:



which when opened in Acrobat looks like:



The CustomerConfirmation service also contributes a second (prototype) action to allow the input HTML document (fed into the DocxService) to be inspected:



which when opened in a simple text editor looks like:

```
C:\Users\Dan\Downloads\customerConfirmation-1234.html - Notepad++
<u>F</u>ile <u>E</u>dit <u>S</u>earch <u>V</u>iew Encoding <u>L</u>anguage Se<u>t</u>tings Macro Run Plugins <u>W</u>indow <u>?</u>
 🕽 🖆 🔛 ங 🗟 😘 🚔 👍 👫 🖦 🖦 🕽 🖚 🚅 📾 🦠 🔍 🔍 🖳 🚟 🦷 🏗 🕦 🗜 🗷 🔎 🗨 🗉
🔚 customerConfirmation-1234.html 🔼
 1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
 1234
       18-Jul-2014
 6
       Joe Smith
       Thank you for shopping with us!
 8 🛱
      9 占
       10
         Battery pack
 11
         9.99
 12
         3
 13
        14
        15
         LED lamp
         2.99
 16
 17
         12
        18
 19 🖨
        20
         TV
         543.21
 21
 22
         1
 23
        24
        25
         X-Men
         12.34
 26
 27
         1
        28
 29
       30
       31
        <1i>
 32
         leave in the porch if out
 33
        34
        <1i>>
 35
         don't deliver after 5pm
 36
        37
        <1i>
 38
         expedite if possible
        39
       40
     </body>
 41
   </html>
 42
 43
Hyper Text M length: 957 lines: 43
                    Ln:1 Col:1 Sel:0|0
                                        Dos\Windows ANSI as UTF-8
```

Note how the table rows are repeated for each OrderLine item, and similarly a new bullet list for each Order preference.

How to configure/use

Classpath

Update your classpath by adding this dependency in your dom project's pom.xml:

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.isisaddons.module.docx</groupId>
    <artifactId>isis-module-docx-dom</artifactId>
</dependency>
```

Check for later releases by searching [Maven Central Repo](http://search.maven.org/#search|ga|1|isis-module-docx-dom).

For instructions on how to use the latest -SNAPSHOT, see the contributors guide.

Bootstrapping

In the AppManifest, update its getModules() method, eg:

API & Implementation

The main API is:

```
public void merge(
    String html,
    InputStream docxTemplate,
    OutputStream docxTarget,
    MatchingPolicy matchingPolicy,
    OutputType outputType)
    throws LoadInputException,
        LoadTemplateException,
        MergeException
```

- 1 The MatchingPolicy specifies whether unmatched input values or unmatched placeholders in the template are allowed or should be considered as a failure.
- ② The OutputType specifies the type of the generated output. Two possible types are supported: DOCX and PDF.

Overloaded versions of the merge(…) method exist:

- the html may instead be provided as a org.w3c.dom.Document
- the docxTemplate may instead be provided as a doc4j WordprocessingMLPackage (an in-memory object structure that could be considered as analogous to an w3c Document, but representing a .docx).

The WordprocessingMLPackage can be obtained from a supplementary API method:

This exists because the parsing of the input stream into a WordprocessingMLPackage is not particularly quick. Therefore clients may wish to cache this in-memory object structure. If calling the overloaded version of merge(…) that accepts the WordprocessingMLPackage then the service performs a defensive copy of the template.

In the example app the CustomerConfirmation domain service does indeed cache this package in its init() method.

input HTML

The input data is provided as an XHTML form, and the service merges using the <code>@id</code> attribute of the XHTML against the tag of the smart tag field in the <code>.docx</code>.

To specify a **plain** field, use:

```
12345
```

To specify a date field, use:

```
20-Jan-2013
```

To specify a **rich** field, use:

```
    Roll up, roll up, step right this way!
```

To specify a **list** field, use:

```
        Please Please Me
        1963

        Help

        Help

        Sgt Peppers Lonely Hearts Club Band
        1965
        Better than Revolver, or not?
```

To specify a **table** field, use:

```
John Lennon
  Rhythm guitar
 Paul McCartney
  Bass guitar
 George Harrison
   Lead guitar
 Ringo Starr
  Drums
```

Generated output

For simple data types such as plain text, rich text and date, the service simply substitutes the input data into the placeholder fields in the .docx.

For lists, the service expects the contents of the placeholder to be a bulleted list, with an optional second paragraph of a different style. The service clones the paragraphs for each item in the input list. If the input specifies more than one paragraph in the list item, then the second paragraph from the template is used for those additional paragraphs.

For tables, the service expects the placeholder to be a table, with a header and either one or two body rows. The header is left untouched, the body rows are used as the template for the input data. Any surplus cells in the input data are ignored.

Known issues

None known at this time.

Dependencies

Maven can report modules dependencies using:

```
mvn dependency:list -o -pl modules/lib/docx/impl -D excludeTransitive=true
```

which, excluding Apache Isis itself, returns these compile/runtime dependencies:

```
org.jdom:jdom2:jar:2.0.5
org.docx4j:docx4j:jar:3.2.1
```

For further details on 3rd-party dependencies, see:

- JDOM
- docx4j