Communications Subdomain

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This module (incode-module-communications) defines CommunicationChannels (email address, postal address or phone/fax number), and also allows Documents (implemented by the Document subdomain module) to be sent as Communications either to an email address or to a postal address.

A Document is an entity that holds some sort of content, either binary such as PDF or Word document or text such as HTML; they can be rendered in various ways. Documents can be attached to arbitrary domain objects using Paperclips.

A Communication is an entity that is a record of sending a Document to some party by way of their CommunicationChannel; these are the "correspondents" of the Communication. A Communication can be created either by sending the Document by email (ie to an email address), or by post (ie to a postal address). The module does not currently provided any capability to "send" a Document by phone or by fax.

Email Communications always have an HTML cover note Document generated and associated with the Communication; the original Document is also associated. This cover note is used as the body of the actual email, while the original Document is included as an email attachment. If the original Document had supporting Documents associated with it (eg a tax or supplier receipt for an invoice), then these supporting documents are also included as attachments.

Postal Communications do *not* have any sort of cover note, and the act of sending them is manual: the end-user downloads the original Document "through" the Communication; this marks the Communication as having been sent. If the original Document had supporting Documents associated with it then (as a convenience) a single PDF is downloaded that merges together the original Document along with any supporting documents.



There is some overlap between this module and the CommunicationChannel subdomain module). At some stage we intend to refactor this module to reuse the CommunicationChannel module, and then to remove any duplicate concepts (EmailAddress etc).

Also, note that the discriminators for CommunicationChannel subtypes currently are hard-coded to those for Estatio. These can be overridden using DataNucleus .orm files if required.

Screenshots

The module's functionality can be explored by running the quickstart with example usage using the org.incode.domainapp.example.app.modules.ExampleDomDomCommunicationsAppManifest.

This creates:

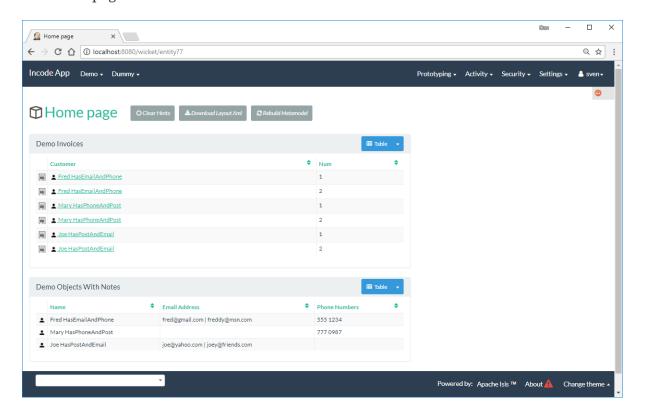
- demo customers, with a variety of CommunicationChannels.
- demo invoices, each of which has a Document that has an associated document (simulating it having been generated already). Each invoice is also associated with ("owned" by) a customer
- prerequisite reference data to generate email cover notes:
 - A DocumentType for the email cover notes.

This is referenced by the demo app's implementation of the DocumentCommunicationSupport SPI service

- A corresponding DocumentTemplate for email cover notes
- The Freemarker rendering strategy (from the Freemarker DocRendering library module). This is referenced by the DocumentTemplate, instructing the document module to render the email cover note using freemarker.
- Country ref data (from the Country subdomain module).

This is required because Postal Address communication channels reference the Country.

The home page lists the demo customers and invoices:

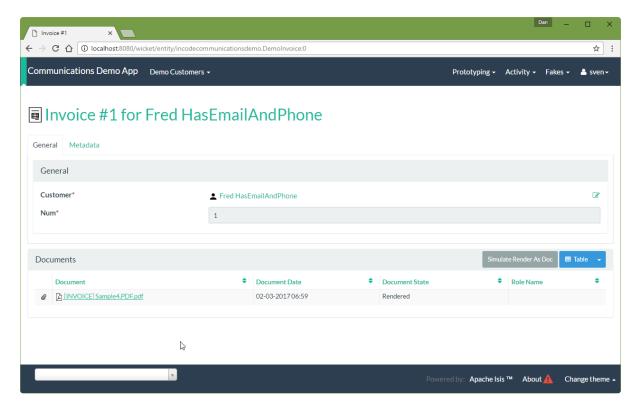




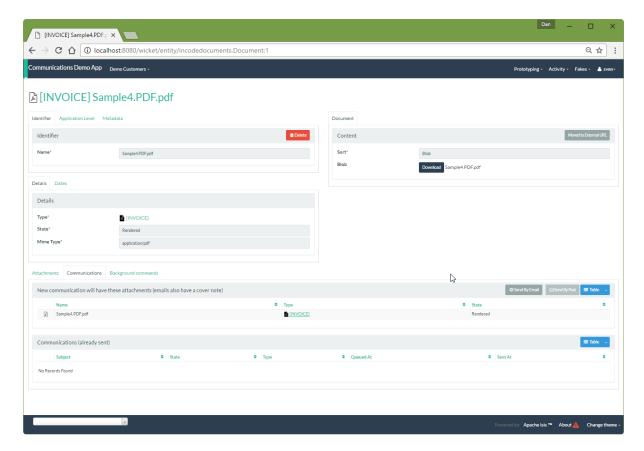
The remaining screenshots below **do** demonstrate the functionality of this module, but are out of date in that they are taken from the original isisaddons/incodehq module (prior to being amalgamated into the incode-platform).

Sending an Email

If we inspect one of the invoices for "Fred" (who has email addresses), we see it has an attached Document (simulating it having been generated from the invoice):

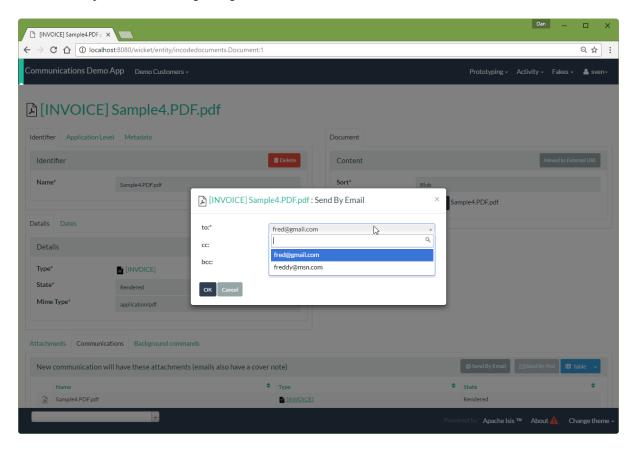


If we inspect that Document in turn, we can see that the "send by email" action is enabled:

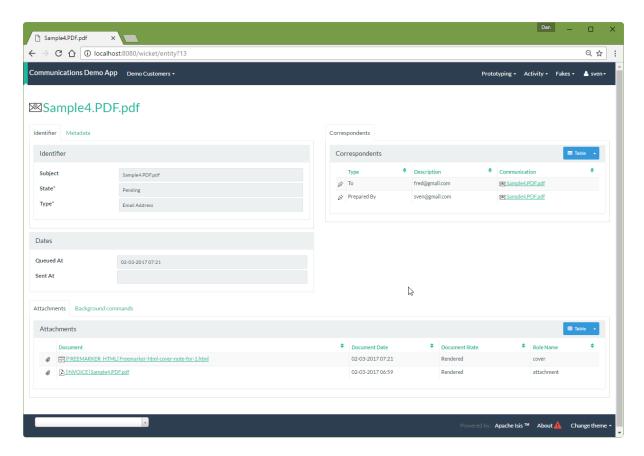


This is because the demo app's implementation of the DocumentCommunicationSupport SPI service was able to figure out an email address to use (the document's invoice's customer).

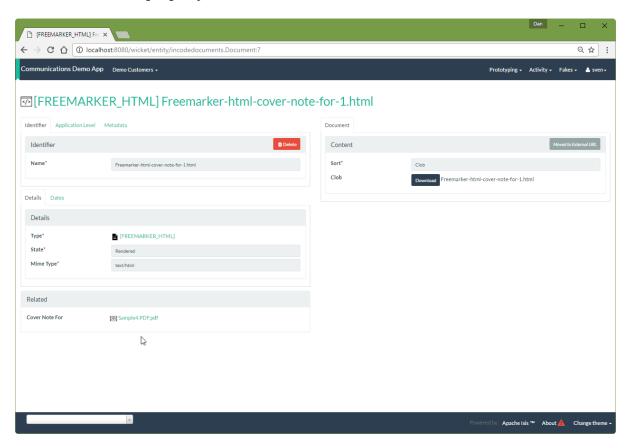
The "sendByEmail" action prompt shows these emails:



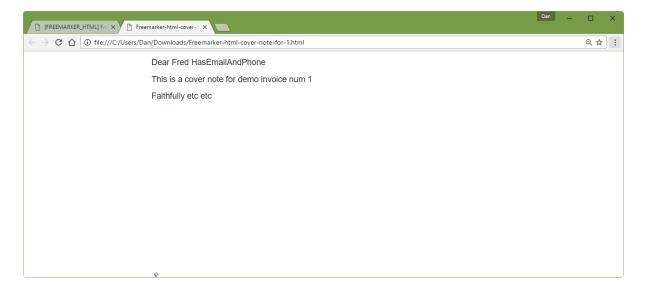
Invoking the action results in an email Communication:



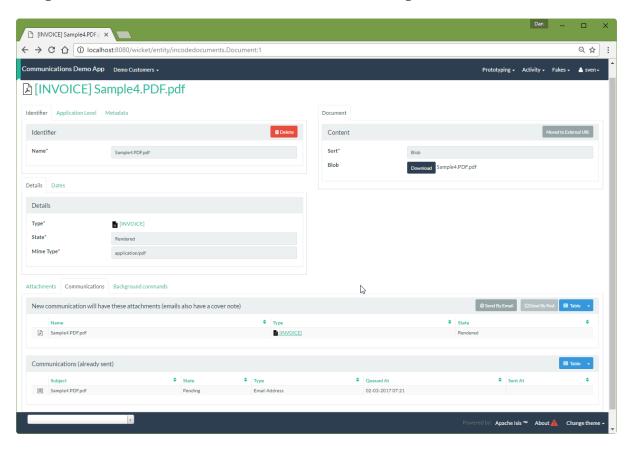
When an email Communication is created, it also automatically create a cover note Document. The cover note is used as the body of the email, while the original 'Document is sent as an attachment. The cover note Document is automatically associated with the Communication, shown by the "coverNoteFor" property:



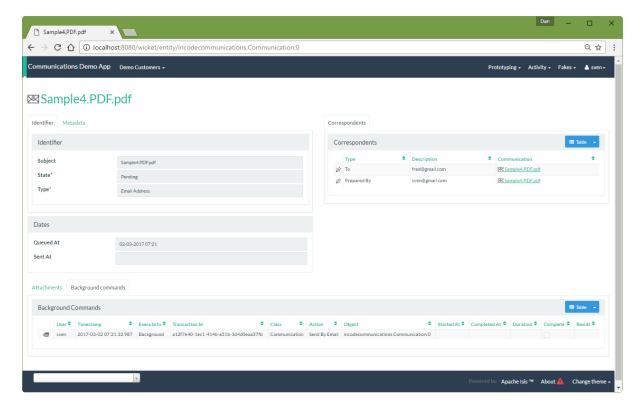
The generated cover note is required to be HTML (so that it can be used as the body of the email). In the case of the demo app this cover note is generated using Freemarker:



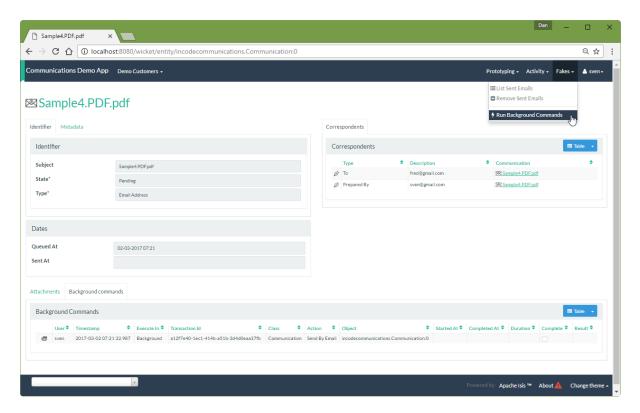
The generated Communication is also associated with the original Document:



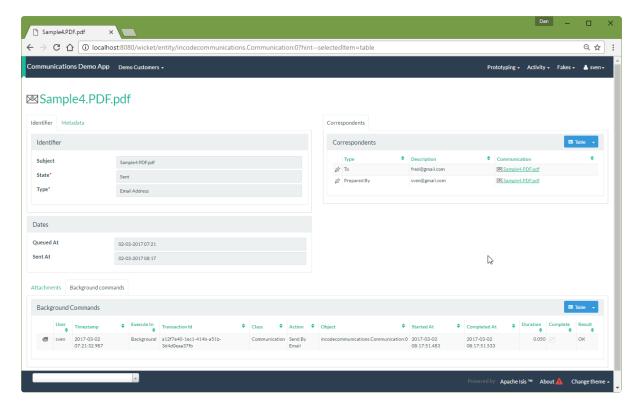
Looking again at the generated email Communication, we see that it is scheduled to be sent in the background command:



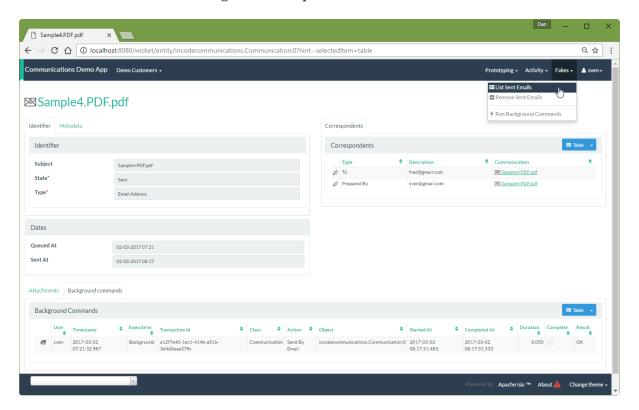
The demo app has not been configured with a background scheduler, but does provide a "fake" scheduler which can be used to run such commands:



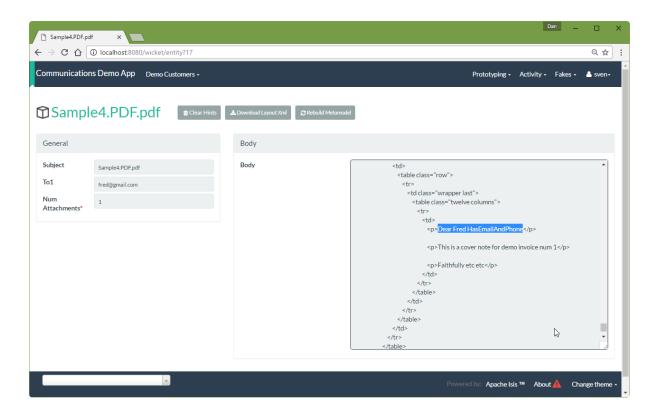
Which results in the email being sent:



In fact, the demo app is not configured with a real email service either; instead it has a fake service that allows "sent" email messages to be inspected:

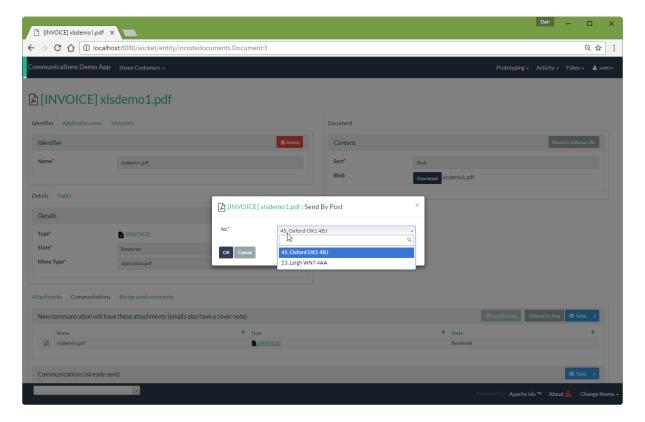


The sent email has the correct body, and one attachment (the original Document):

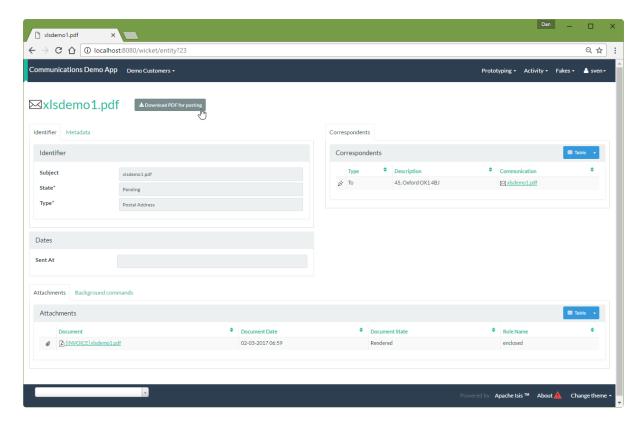


Sending a Postal Communication

The "Mary" demo customer has postal addresses, so the Documents attached to her invoices can be sent by post.

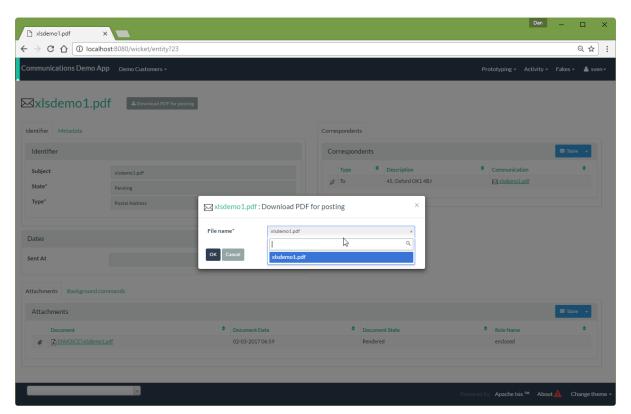


As for email, this also results in a Communication:

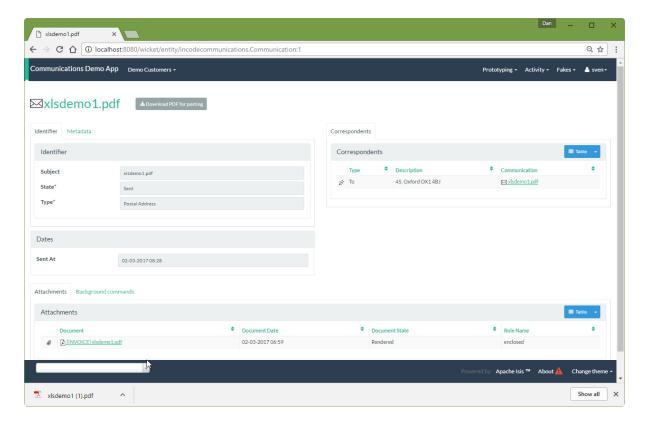


What's different here is that there is no cover note, there is no "prepared by" correspondent, and there is no background command.

Instead, the object provides the "download PDF for posting" action:



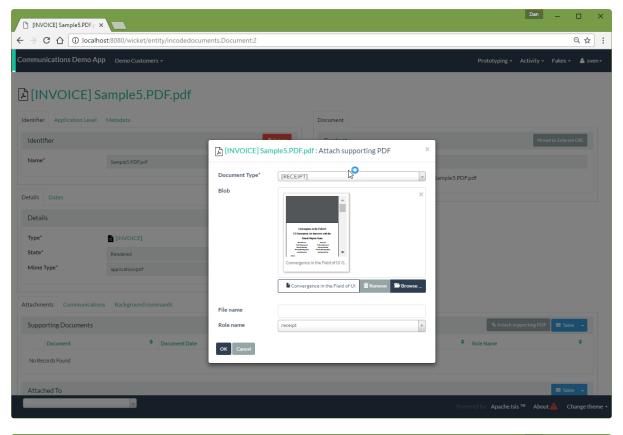
The idea is that (through the Communication) the user just downloads the original (PDF) Document that it references; the act of doing this marks the Communication as sent:

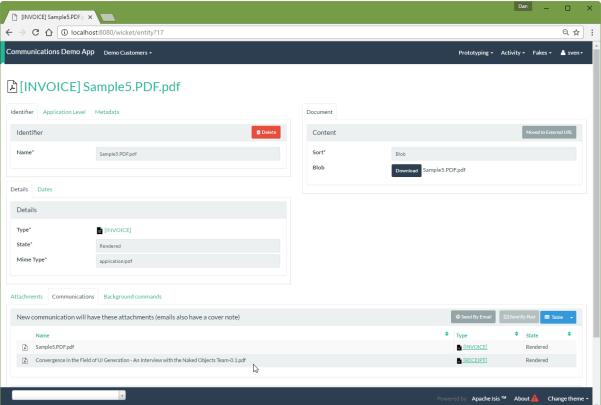


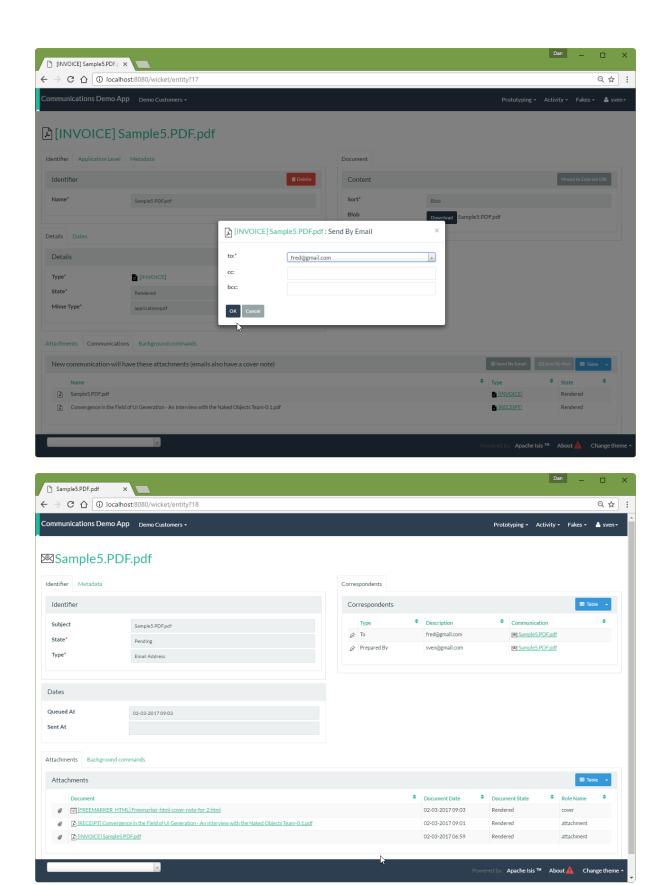
The user can then open up the downloaded PDF, manually print it and manually put it into an envelope.

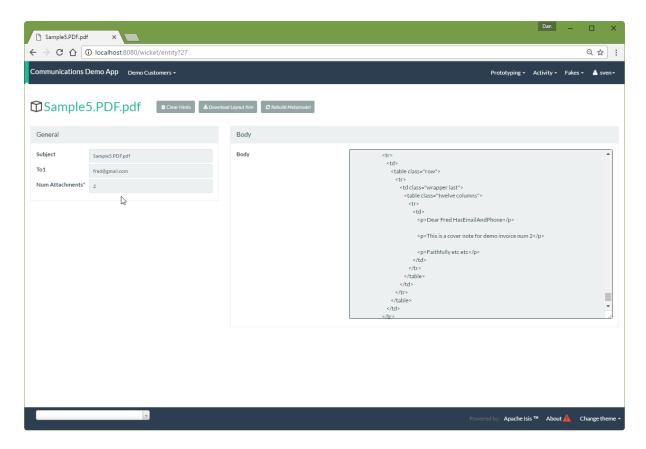
Supporting Documents

The Document subdomain module (on which this communications module) depends has the concept of "supporting" documents. For example, a generated Document of an invoice might have associated tax or supplier receipts which have been previously scanned in and which are available as PDFs.

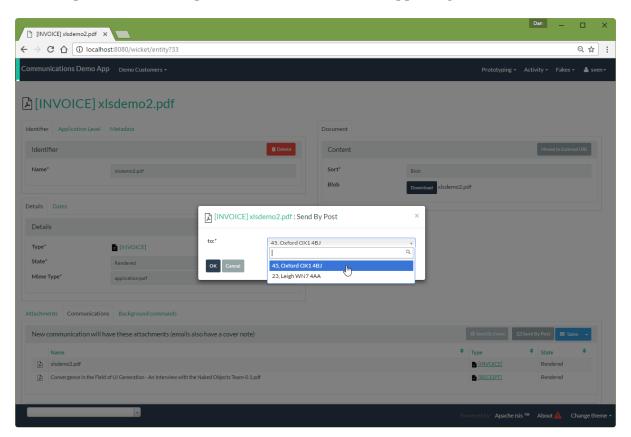




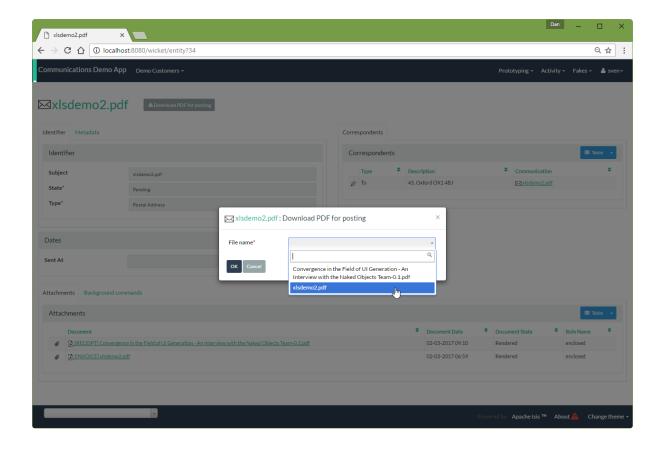




It is also possible to send a postal communication with supporting documents:

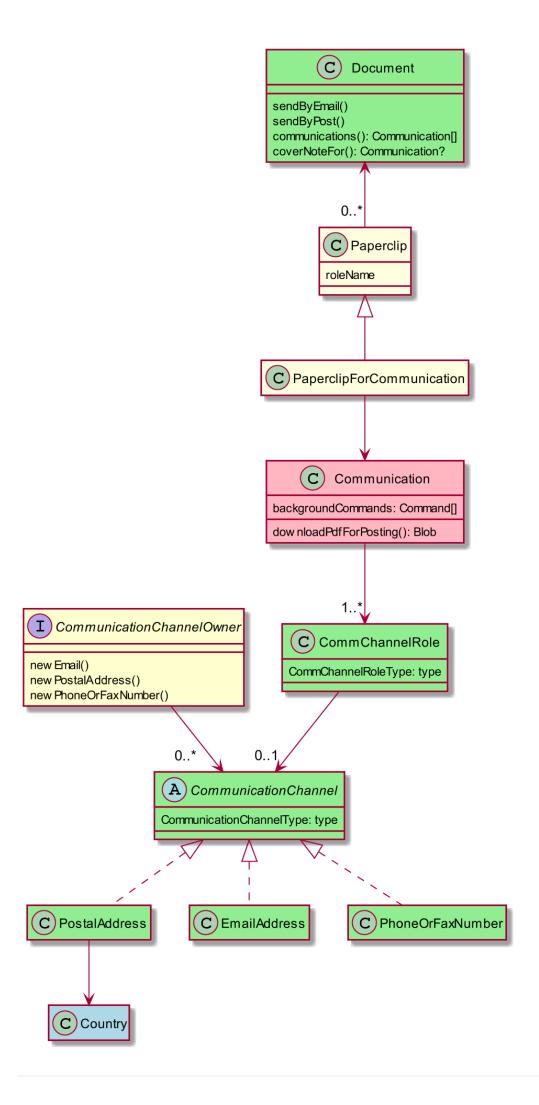


The only difference is that, when the Documents are downloaded for printing via the Communication, for convenience the PDFs will be stitched together into a single PDF for printing. The action prompt suggests a filename based on the original Document and supporting Documents.



Domain Model

The main concepts of the module are shown below:



One side of the domain model defines CommunicationChannels, owned by CommunicationChannelOwners.

On the other side is Communication, which relates to a Document by way of an implementation of the (Document subdomain module's) Paperclip class. Each Communication relates to one or more CommunicationChannels by way of CommChannelRole, basically indicating the nature of the correspondent in that Communication.

(CommunicationChannel) Contributions

The abstract CommunicationChannelOwner_newChannelContributions domain service contributes:

- communicationChannels collection
- newPostalAddress action
- newEmailAddress action
- newPhoneOrFax action

To use, the consuming application should create a subclass, for example:

The CommunicationChannelOwner_emailAddressTitles & CommunicationChannelOwner_phoneNumberTitles are abstract mixins that contribute properties for use in tables; these summarise (any and all of the) emails or phone numbers that a CommunicationChannelOwner might have, using a specified separator.

For example:

and

(Document) Mixins

The modules provides a number of mixins that, by default, will be rendered in the UI. In the case of this module, all mixins are on the Document entity.

The mixins can be suppressed if necessary using vetoing subscribers to their corresponding domain events.

Document_sendByEmail & Document_sendByPost

These mixins on Document are used to create either email or postal Communications. They are supported by the DocumentCommunicationSupport SPI service, described below.

The DocumentCommunicationSupport SPI provides the cover note template to use.



Note that the cover note template should have an AttachmentAdvisor set to "atach to none"; the mixin action has the responsibility of wiring the cover note Document to the newly created Communication.

Document_communications

The Document_communications collection mixin shows all Communications to which a Document has been sent as an attachment (in the case of an email) or to be printed out (in the case of a postal comm).

Note that this mixin is suppressed for cover notes; instead these have the Document_coverNoteFor mixin, described below.

Document_communicationAttachments

The Document_communicationAttachments collection mixin lists all of the Documents that would be included as attachments if and when a new Communication is created.

This list always includes the target Document itself, and will also include any supporting Document's that may have been attached (using the Document subdomain module's 'Document_attachSupportingPdf mixin).

Document_coverNoteFor

The Document_coverNoteFor property mixin applies only to Documents that have been created as email cover notes. It returns a reference to the email Communication to which it was associated (with a role of "cover note"); its content is used as the body of the actual email.

Services (API)

The module currently does not provide a service to programmatically create Communications. Instead, the various mixins can be used.

Services (SPI)

SPI services are called by the module.

DocumentCommunicationSupport (required)

An implementation of the DocumentCommunicationSupport SPI domain service is required to send communications of any type. Its signature is:

```
public interface DocumentCommunicationSupport {
    DocumentType emailCoverNoteDocumentTypeFor(Document document);
    void inferEmailHeaderFor(Document document, CommHeaderForEmail header);
    void inferPrintHeaderFor(Document document, CommHeaderForPost header);
}
```

where CommHeaderForEmail is:

```
public class CommHeaderForEmail ... {
    @Getter @Setter
    private EmailAddress toDefault;
    @Getter
    private final Set<EmailAddress> toChoices = Sets.newTreeSet();

    @Getter @Setter
    private String cc;
    @Getter @Setter
    private String bcc;

    @Getter @Setter
    private EmailAddress from;

    @Getter @Setter
    private String disabledReason;    ①
}
```

1 Reason, if any, why the communication cannot be sent by email.

and where CommHeaderForPost is:

① Reason, if any, why the communication cannot be sent by post.



Note that the cover note template should have an AttachmentAdvisor set to "atach to none"; the mixin action has the responsibility of wiring the cover note Document to the newly created Communication.

CurrentUserEmailAddressProvider

The optional CurrentUserEmailAddressProvider SPI service provides the email address of the current user, in order to create a CommChannelRole indicating that the Communication was "prepared by" suchand-such a user.

Its signature is:

```
public interface CurrentUserEmailAddressProvider {
   String currentUserEmailAddress();
```

The module does provide a default implementation, CurrentUserEmailAddressProvider.UsingMeService, that uses the MeService of the security module. In many case therefore there will be no need to provide an alternative implementation of this SPI service.

How to configure/use

Classpath

Update your classpath by adding this dependency in your dom project's pom.xml:

```
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.incode.module.communications</groupId>
    <artifactId>incode-module-communications-dom</artifactId>
    <version>1.15.0</version>
</dependency>
```

Check for later releases by searching Maven Central Repo.

For instructions on how to use the latest -SNAPSHOT, see the contributors guide.

Bootstrapping

In the AppManifest, update its getModules() method, eg:

Known issues

None known at this time.

Dependencies

Maven can report modules dependencies using:

mvn dependency:list -o -pl modules/dom/communications/impl -D excludeTransitive=true

which, excluding the Incode Platform and Apache Isis modules, returns no direct compile/runtime dependencies.

From the Incode Platform it uses:

- base library module
- poly library module
- pdfbox library module
- country generic subdomain module
- document generic subdomain module
- command spi module
- security spi module

The module *also* uses icons from icons8.