

GRAMMAR

Object pronouns

LEVEL

Beginner (A1)

NUMBER

EN_A1_2023G

LANGUAGE

English



Learning outcomes

- I can determine which object pronoun corresponds to which subject pronoun.
- I can form basic sentences using object pronouns.



I have nice colleagues at work.
They make **me** laugh. I usually
go for lunch with **them**.





Subject pronouns

- **Personal pronouns** take the place of **common or proper nouns** (names of people, places or things) in sentences.
- We use **subject pronouns** as the **subject** of the sentence.

Subject pronoun	Example
I	I have brown hair.
you (singular)	You are a student.
he	Peter likes music. He plays guitar.
she	Julia is a doctor. She studied medicine.



Subject pronouns

- Here are more examples of **subject pronouns**.

Subject pronoun	Example
it	The car is clean. It is new.
we	Andrew and I are friends. We often meet up.
you (plural)	You and James are students. You go to the same university.
they	Sarah and Julia are sisters. They look alike.



- There is only one form of **you** for **singular** and **plural nouns**.

you (singular)

You are a student.

you (plural)

You are students.



Match the words to the pictures

1



2



3



4



a you

b he

c it

d we



Multiple choice

1 _____ is my daughter.

a. He

b. She

2 Are _____ work colleagues?

a. it

b. they

3 _____ am so happy you are here.

a. I

b. We



Fill in the gaps



Paul

Hello, _____ am Paul. Nice to meet you. What's your name?

Hi! I'm Marta. Are _____ here for the interview?



Marta



Paul

Yes, _____ called me this morning. What about you?

They called me yesterday. _____ am a bit nervous.



Marta

I
you

he
you

we
they

You
I



Fill in the gaps



Paul

Don't worry, _____ can practise the interview questions if you like.

Great idea! I think the manager's name is Pablo - _____ is Spanish. You can pretend to be him.



Marta



Paul

OK, are _____ ready?

she
we

he
they

you
they



Object pronouns

- **Object pronouns** take the place of common or proper nouns (names of people, places or things) in sentences.
- We use object pronouns as the **object** of the sentence.

Subject pronoun	Object pronoun
I	me
you	you
he	him
she	her
it	it



Object pronouns

- **Object pronouns** take the place of common or proper nouns (names of people, places or things) in sentences.
- We use object pronouns as the **object** of the sentence.

Subject pronoun

Object pronoun

we

us

they

them

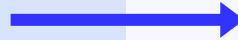


Object pronouns



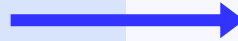
Object pronouns usually go **after** the verb in a sentence or question.

I see **my friends**.



I see **them**.

Do you know **Sarah**?



Do you know **her**?



Object pronouns

Here are the **object pronouns** in context.

Object pronoun	Sentence
me	Can you hear me ?
you (singular)	Yes, I can hear you .
him	She doesn't like him .
her	He likes her .
it	Can you spell it ?



Object pronouns

Here are the **object pronouns** in context.

Object pronoun	Sentence
us	They don't know us .
you (plural)	We can wait for both of you .
them	We know them .



Sentences

1



Alex likes his work. He enjoys **it**.

2



Kate is married to Dave. She loves **him**.

3



Sarah doesn't like Mondays. She hates **them**!

4



He is showing **her** how to use the new dating app.



Make a sentence with each word

In breakout rooms or together as a class, **make a sentence with each word.**

1



me

2



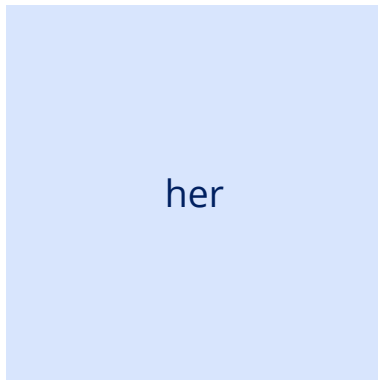
you

3



him

a



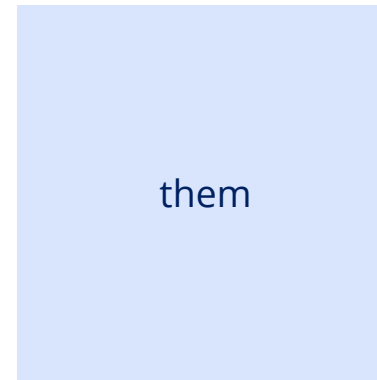
her

b



us

c



them





Match the sentences with the response

1 Can you see that woman? That's my sister.

2 I can't find my boyfriend.

3 We are going shopping this weekend.

4 I know a secret!

a I will help you find him.

b Tell me!

c What's her name?

d Can I come with you?



Complete the table

I	_____
_____	you
he	_____
she	_____
_____	it
we	_____
_____	them



Rewrite the sentences

Use **subject** or **object pronouns** to transform the sentences.

1

Jack loves his grandmother.



He loves her.

2

Sarah wants to have dinner with her parents.



3

Ben likes basketball.



4

Marcus reads to his younger brother.





End of the lesson

Idiom

to be on a roll

Meaning: having a period of success or luck

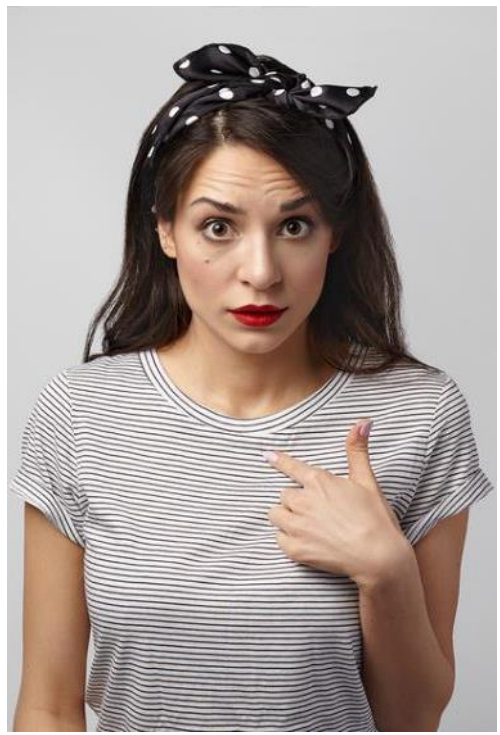
Example: Steve won five games in one night. He was on a roll!



Additional practice



Categorise the words



1

me

2

they

3

us

4

them

5

we

6

her

7

she

8

him

Subject pronoun

Object pronoun



Fill in the gaps

Use **subject** or **object pronouns** to fill in the gaps.

My best friend Martha and I work together at an office.
_____ live together too! I don't see
_____ very often at work. _____ is a
saleswoman and she travels a lot. At home, I cook dinner
for both of _____ and _____ cleans.
Martha has a dog called Susie, but I don't like
_____.



Make a sentence using the words



school

her

taking

she





Make sentences

Work with a partner to make sentences using the **subject** and **object pronouns**.



we

them

us

he

her

me

you

they

him



Answer key

P.7: 1) c, 2) d, 3) a, 4) b

P.8: 1) b, 2) b, 3) a

P.9/10: I, you, they, I, we, he, you

P.18: 1) c, 2) a, 3) d, 4) b

P. 19: me, you, him, her, it, us, they

P.20: 2) **She** wants to have dinner with **them**. 3) **He** likes **it**. 4) **He** reads to **him**.



Answer key



P.24: Subject pronoun: they, we, she. Object pronoun: me, us, them, her, him

P.25: We, her, She, us, she, it/her



Summary

Subject pronouns:

- **Personal pronouns** take the place of **common or proper nouns** (names of people, places or things) in sentences.
- We use **subject pronouns** as the **subject** of the sentence.
- *I have brown hair. **You** are a student.*

Object pronouns:

- **Object pronouns** take the place of common or proper nouns (names of people, places or things) in sentences.
- We use object pronouns as the **object** of the sentence.
- *me, you, him, her, it, us, they*

Using object pronouns:

- **Object pronouns** usually go **after** the verb in a sentence or question.
- *I know **her**. Sally loves **them**.*



Vocabulary

me

you

him

her

it

us

them

object pronoun

