

GRAMMAR

# Future with *will*

**LEVEL**

Elementary (A2)

**NUMBER**

EN\_A2\_1113G

**LANGUAGE**

English



## Learning outcomes

- I can correctly form a sentence using 'will' and 'won't'.
- I can make simple predictions about the future.



# Will

- We use **will** to talk about the future.
- We often use **will** when we decide something at the time of speaking.
- In spoken English, we use the contraction **I'll**.

Situation	Phrase with <i>will</i>
The phone is ringing!	I'll answer it!
These bags are so heavy!	I'll help you!
I forgot my purse!	I'll pay for you!



# Will + bare infinitive

- We use **will** with the **bare infinitive**.



I **will meet** you at the station.

He **will come** with you.



Bare infinitive = the infinitive without 'to'.



# Choose the correct option

1 You look tired. I will \_\_\_\_\_ your work for you.

a. finish

b. to finish

2 Sit down, mum. We will \_\_\_\_\_ dinner for you.

a. cooking

b. cook

3 He didn't answer my email. I will \_\_\_\_\_ him.

a. to call

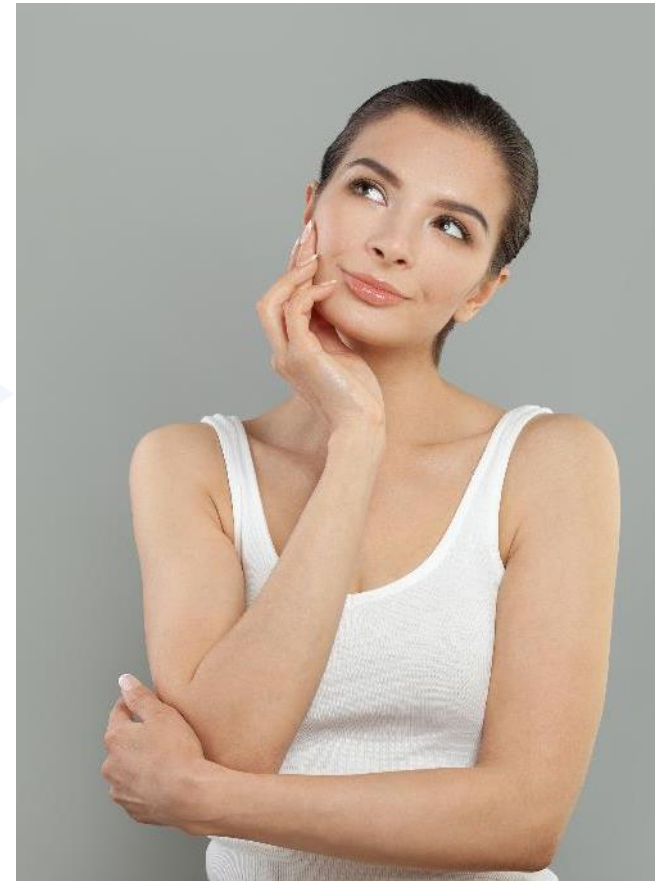
b. call



# Unscramble the words

**Form** two different sentences.

	We	
for	bag.	will
I	will	you.
pay	carry	your





# Look at the pictures



What might the people say  
in these situations?

Use ***will***.



# Will and won't

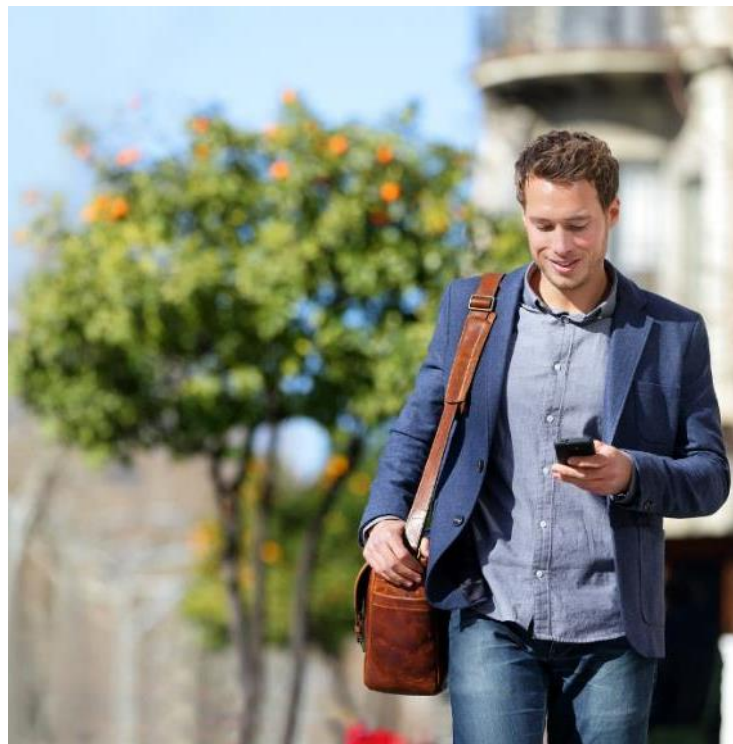
- We use **will** and **won't** to make predictions about the future.
- **Will** is used in affirmative sentences and **won't** in negative sentences.

Affirmative	Negative	Questions
I <b>will</b> probably see John tomorrow.	I probably <b>won't</b> see John tomorrow.	Will you see John tomorrow?
You <b>will</b> find that book interesting.	You <b>won't</b> find that book interesting.	Will you find that book interesting?





## Fill in the gaps with *will* or *won't*



She \_\_\_\_\_ be late for work.

He \_\_\_\_\_ be late for work.



# Match the beginnings and endings

**1** You will really enjoy...

**a** at about 8pm.

**2** He won't be...

**b** that new film.

**3** They will arrive...

**c** at the party later because he has homework to do.

**4** She won't remember...

**d** the project on time?

**5** Will you finish...

**e** her keys.

# Fill in the gaps

Use **will** or **won't**.

1. Don't stay out too late or you \_\_\_\_\_ get up on time in the morning.
2. It's Mary's birthday – she \_\_\_\_\_ be 20 tomorrow.
3. I \_\_\_\_\_ try to answer your questions if I can.
4. Magda was very rude. I \_\_\_\_\_ visit her again.
5. Please \_\_\_\_\_ you drive? I hate driving in the winter.
6. Why \_\_\_\_\_ you tell me what happened?





# *I think, maybe and probably*

- We often use *I think*, *maybe* and *probably* when making **predictions**.
- *Maybe* means it's **possible** it will happen. *Probably* means **very likely** to happen.

I think	maybe	probably
<i>I think</i> he will be the next president of the USA.	<i>Maybe</i> it will be sunny tomorrow.	They will <i>probably</i> win the match.
<i>I think</i> it will be hot next weekend.	<i>Maybe</i> I will go to the party tonight.	We will <i>probably</i> go to a restaurant for dinner on my birthday.



# Negative sentences

- Look at how we use ***I think, maybe*** and ***probably*** in negative sentences.

Affirmative	Negative
I think he will lose the race.	I <b>don't</b> think he will lose the race.
They will probably win the match.	They probably <b>won't</b> win the match.
Maybe I will go to the party tonight.	Maybe I <b>won't</b> go to the party tonight.



# Choose the correct option

1 The first date went well, so I think she \_\_\_\_\_ see him again next week.

a. won't be

b. will

c. won't

d. will be

2 She probably \_\_\_\_\_ come with us tomorrow because she is busy.

a. will

b. is

c. was

d. won't

3 \_\_\_\_\_ they will have a party, but I don't think so.

a. Are

b. Do

c. Maybe

d. Probably



# Match the beginnings and endings

**1** Take an umbrella because...

**2** He is not sure but...

**3** It probably...

**4** Maybe they...

**5** I think I will...

**a** won't be hot when you are in England.

**b** will take the bus.

**c** I think it will rain later.

**d** go to Italy on holiday this year.

**e** he will probably come.



# Choose a time in the red box

Where will you be? **Write** sentences about yourself.

- at 9 o'clock tomorrow
- two hours from now
- at 11 p.m. tonight
- at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon
- exactly one week from now
- two years from now



*I'll probably be...*

*I don't know where. Maybe I'll...*

*I think I'll...*





# What will life be like in the year 2100?

**Discuss** with a partner in breakout rooms. **Decide** on **three** predictions.

- 1 What kinds of jobs won't we do anymore?
- 2 What will the climate be like?
- 3 What technology will we use to communicate?
- 4 How will we travel around?
- 5 What will our towns and cities be like?





- Can you make simple predictions about the future?

# End of the lesson

Idiom

***only time will tell***

**Meaning:** used to say you will have to wait for some time to see the result of a situation.

**Example:** **Only time will tell** if I'm good at this job or not.



# Additional practice



## Add *will* or *won't*

- 1 Don't drink coffee before going to bed. You \_\_\_\_\_ sleep!
- 2 'Are you ready to leave yet?'  
'Not yet. I \_\_\_\_\_ be ready in 10 minutes!'
- 3 It \_\_\_\_\_ be cold today, so you don't need your jacket.
- 4 It's Mohammed's birthday next week. He \_\_\_\_\_ be 30.
- 5 I'm going to France for a week. I'm leaving tonight, so I \_\_\_\_\_ be at home tomorrow.



# Complete the sentences

Use the future with *will* and your own ideas.

1 It looks like it will rain all weekend, so I think we...

2 I didn't pass my driving test, so I think I...

3 My parents love travelling, so I think they...

4 I don't like this shirt I bought online, so I think I...



# Choose three time phrases

**Make** some predictions using the future with *will*.

Ex.

This evening, I think I will stay at home.



this evening

tonight

later

tomorrow

next week

next weekend

next Friday night

next month

next year



# Answer key

**P. 5:** 1. a, 2. b, 3. b

**P. 6:** 1. We will pay for you.  
2. I will carry your bag.

**P. 9:** She will be late for work  
He won't be late for work.

**P. 10:** 1. b, 2. c, 3. a, 4. e, 5. d

**P. 11:** 1. won't, 2. will, 3. will, 4. won't, 5. will, 6. won't

**P. 14:** 1. b, 2. d, 3. c

**P. 15:** 1. c, 2. e, 3. a, 4. b, 5. d

**P. 21:** 1. won't  
2. will  
3. won't  
4. will  
5. won't





# Summary

## Future with **will**

- We use **will** when we decide something at the time of speaking → *The phone's ringing; **I'll** answer it!*
- We use **will** with the **bare infinitive** (the infinitive without 'to').

## Making predictions

- We also use **will** and **won't** to make **predictions** about the **future**.
- **Will** is used in affirmative sentences → *I **will** see John tomorrow.*
- **Won't** is used in negative sentences → *I **won't** see John tomorrow.*

## **I think... will....**

- We often use **I think** with the future with **will** when making predictions.
- **Affirmative:** *I think he will win the elections.*
- **Negative:** *I don't think he will win the elections.*

## **Probably and maybe**

- **Probably** means **very likely** to happen → *I will **probably** go to the party tonight.*
- **Maybe** means it's **possible** it will happen → ***Maybe** I will go to the party tonight.*



# Vocabulary

will

won't

I think...

maybe

probably



## Notes

