

**%Lingoda** 

**GRAMMAR** 

# The present perfect

**LEVEL**Elementary (A2)

NUMBER

LANGUAGE

EN\_A2\_2033G English





#### **Learning outcomes**

 I can form the present perfect correctly and use it in a sentence.

 I can give some common irregular past participles.





#### **Present perfect**

We use the **present perfect** for **events in the past** that connect to the **present**.



I've lost my keys!
(= I can't find them now)









#### Forming the present perfect

• We form the present perfect with *have* + past participle.

Subject	have or has	not	Past participle
1	have		played
You	have		cleaned
He, she, it	has	not	finished
We	have		started
They	have		returned





#### **Past participle**

• For regular verbs, the **past participle** is the same as the past simple form (**-ed**).

Verb	Past participle
clean	cleaned
visit	visited
finish	finished
start	started





#### **Irregular past participles**

- For some irregular verbs, the **past participle** is the same as the **past simple** form.
- Remember these forms do **not** end in -ed.

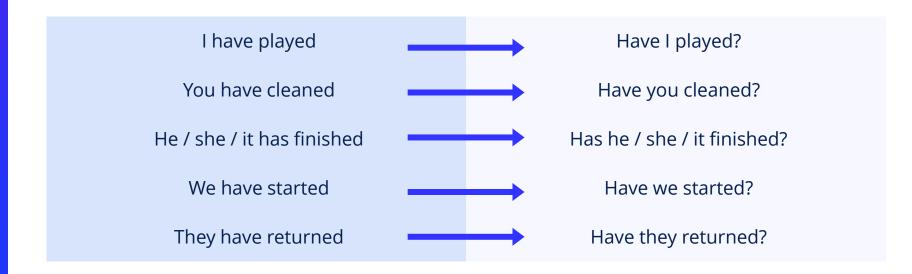
Verb	Past participle
have	had
buy	bought
meet	met
find	found
think	thought
lose	lost



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#### **Question form**

We form questions by swapping have and the subject:









#### Write the past participles





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#### Fill in the gaps

- 1. I \_\_\_\_\_(*visit*) London.
- 2. You \_\_\_\_\_ (*close*) the door.
- 3. He \_\_\_\_\_(*cook*) dinner for us.
- 4. She \_\_\_\_\_ (*print*) her homework.
- 5. They \_\_\_\_\_ (*prepare*) a presentation.
- 6. It \_\_\_\_\_(stop) raining!
- 7. \_\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ *(finish)* talking?
- 8. We \_\_\_\_\_(return) from our trip.





#### Make the sentences negative

1	I have visited London.	>	I <b>haven't</b> visited London.
2	You have closed the door.	>	
3	He has cooked dinner for us.	>	
4	We have returned from our trip.	>	
5	They have prepared a presentation.	>	
6	It has stopped raining!	>	

#### **About you**

# What are three things you have done today?

Write your answers using the present perfect.







#### **Irregular past participles**

• For some irregular verbs, the **past participle** is different from the past simple form.

Verb	Past participle
be	been
do	done
go	gone
eat	eaten
write	written
see	seen





#### **Categorise**

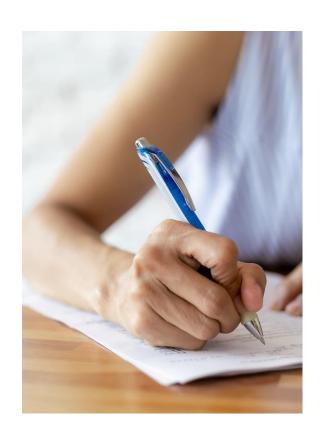
		watch	win
Regular past participle	Irregular past participle	do	find
		go	close
		lose	see
		be	open





#### **Choose one verb from each row**

**Write** a sentence with each using the present perfect.



be do go write eat see play watch open





#### **Talking about experiences**

- We often use the present perfect to talk about experiences.
- For experiences, we often use words like **ever**, **before** and **never**.

Question	Answer
Have you <b>ever</b> read Pride and Prejudice?	Yes! I've read it twice.
Have you <b>ever</b> been to France?	No, I've <b>never</b> been there <b>before</b> .







#### I've been vs I've gone

- Be careful! **I've been** means I went and I've come back.
- I've gone means I have left and I am there now.



I've **gone** to the supermarket for some milk.

I've **been** to the supermarket. So, we've got milk now.







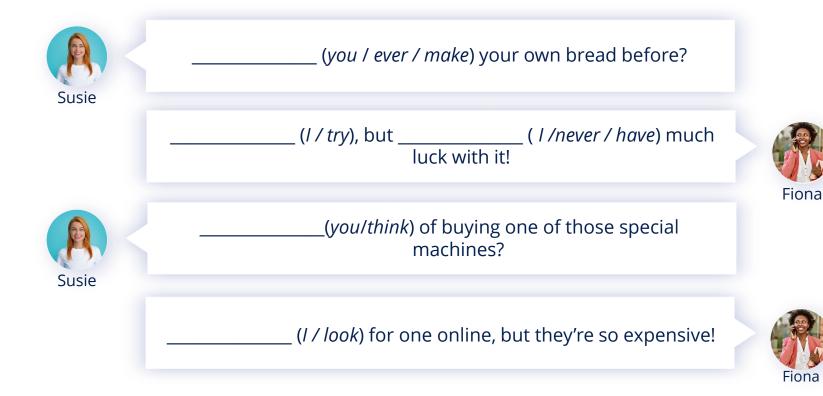
#### Fill in the gaps







#### Fill in the gaps







#### **Choose two experiences**

**Write** a sentence about them using the present perfect.











go abroad

read a 'classic'

eat Thai food

go to a concert

work for charity

I've been to a concert, but I've never eaten Thai food.

I've been abroad before but I've never read a classic novel.



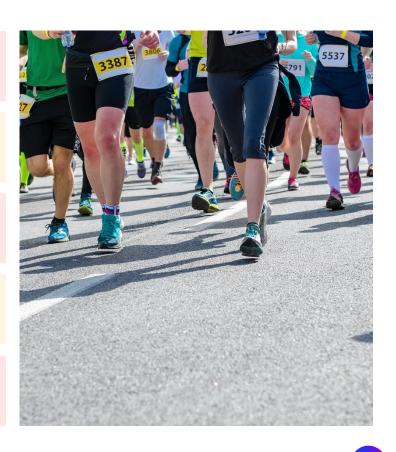




#### Have you ever...?



- 1. **Form** questions using the present perfect.
- 2. Take turns **asking** a classmate **in breakout rooms**.
- 3. **Share** one fun fact about your partner afterwards
- 1 go / to Asia
- 2 eat / really spicy food
- 3 read / a book in a foreign language
- 4 run / a marathon
- 5 meet / a famous person





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#### Let's reflect!

 Can you form the present perfect correctly and use it in a sentence?

Can you give some common irregular past participles?

Your teacher will now make one suggestion for improvement for each student.



#### **End of the lesson**

Idiom

be dead and gone

**Meaning:** to be dead (informal)

**Example:** You'll miss me when I'm dead and gone!







# **Additional practice**



#### Match the sentences



1	I have seen

has come to every class.

2 You haven't met...

**b** begun the journey yet.

**3** He...

c all of the James Bond movies.

4 They haven't...

d a great time!

We have had...

e each other before.



#### Form sentences with the present perfect



**Use** the verb in parentheses.

1	I ( <i>have</i> ) a really stressful day at work today. I just want to relax!
2	He (text, not) me all day. What is he doing?
3	We(lose) our car keys. What a nightmare!
4	She (work) for a lot of different companies.
5	My parents ( <i>meet</i> , not) my current partner.



#### This month, I have...



# Think about this month!

Write down five things you have done so far this month.





#### **Answer key**

- **P. 8:** watched, played, listened, studied, learned (*or* learnt), visited, thought, met, travelled
- P. 9: 1. have visited
  - 2. have closed
  - 3. has cooked
  - 4. has printed
  - 5. have prepared
  - 6. has stopped
  - 7. Have you finished
  - 8. have returned
- **P. 10:** 2. You haven't closed...
  - 3. He hasn't cooked...
  - 4. We haven't returned...
  - 5. They haven't prepared...
  - 6. It hasn't stopped...



#### Answer key

- P. 13: Regular past participle: watch watched, close closed, open opened Irregular past participle: win won, do done, find found, go gone,
  - lose lost, see seen, be been
- **P. 17:** 1. Have you ever seen?
  - 2. I've seen
  - 3. I've never seen.
- **P. 18:** 1. Have you ever made
  - 2. I've tried, I've never had
  - 3. Have you ever thought
  - 4. I've looked
- **P. 24:** 1. c, 2. e, 3. a, 4. b, 5. d
- P. 25: 1. have had, 2. hasn't texted, 3. have lost, 4. has worked, 5. haven't met



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#### **Summary**

#### Forming the present perfect

- We form the present perfect with  $have/has + past participle \rightarrow I have wanted$
- For regular verbs, the **past participle** is the same as the past simple form (**-ed**)  $\rightarrow$  *clean cleaned*
- We form questions by swapping **have** and the **subject**,  $\rightarrow$  Have you finished?

#### **Irregular past participles**

- For some irregular verbs, the **past participle** is the same as the **past simple** form.
- Remember these forms do **not** end in -ed: → buy bought bought
- For other irregular verbs, the **past participle** is different.  $\rightarrow$  *do, did, done*

#### Using the present perfect

- The **present perfect** connects an **event in the past** to the **present**
- The meaning is present  $\rightarrow$  **I've lost** my keys = I do not have my keys **now**.

#### **Present perfect for experiences**

- We often use the present perfect to talk about experiences.
- We often use words like **ever**, **before** and **never**  $\rightarrow$  I have **never** seen that film.





#### **Vocabulary**

been
done
gone
eaten
written
seen





#### **Notes**

