



CHECK!

# Outlining a plan

LEVEL

Intermediate (B1)

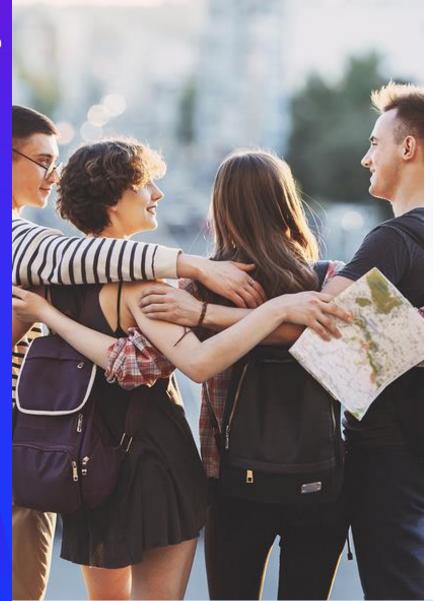
NUMBER

EN\_B1\_3044C

**LANGUAGE** 

English





## Let's check!

## Can I outline a plan?

- Can I talk about my dream holiday destination using a range of compound adjectives?
- Can I accurately use future forms to talk about holiday plans?
- Can I describe my ideal day using a range of sequencers?

## **Your plans**

# What plans do you have for tomorrow?

Are you meeting anyone or doing anything special?







## **Learning outcome 1**

Can I talk about my dream holiday destination using a range of compound adjectives?





## Plan your partner's holiday

- 1. Work with a partner and **ask** them questions about their dream holiday destination.
- 2. Based on their answers, **suggest** somewhere for them to go on their next vacation.



So are you quite laid-back or do you prefer a fast-paced holiday?

I'm fairly easy-going so I don't need a five-star resort but I am quite adventurous.

- world-class
- foodie

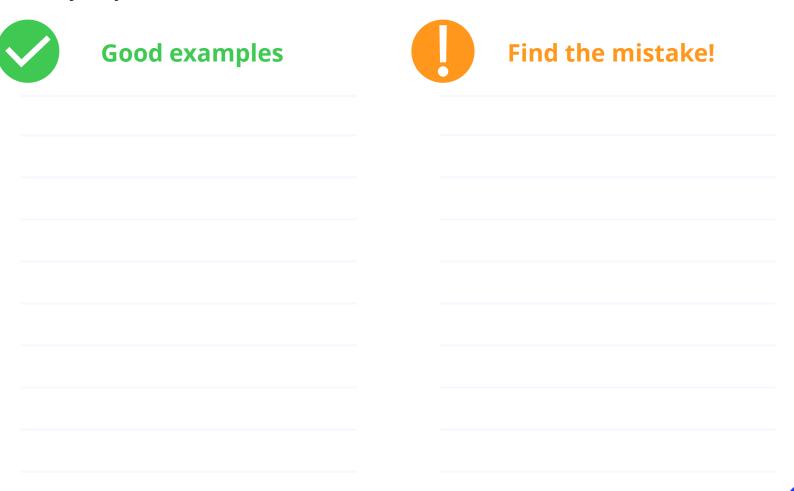
- fast-paced
- adventurous
- mouth-watering
- nature lover
- awe-inspiring
- beach bum





## Let's check! Feedback round

Your teacher will now highlight what was done well and some mistakes that were made **in the last activity** for you to reflect on.







## **Learning outcome 2**

Can I accurately use future forms to talk about holiday plans?





## Planning a dream holiday



- 1. **Plan a holiday** with a partner in breakout rooms or in the main classroom.
- 2. **Answer** the questions in the red boxes to help you.
- 3. **Share** your holiday plans with the class.



Tom

We've decided to go to Japan.

We're going to visit Tokyo and Kyoto.



Elena

Where are you going and how are you going to get there?

What are you planning to do while you're there?

What are you going to eat there?

Do you think you'll have any problems while you're there?





## Let's check! Feedback round

Your teacher will now highlight what was done well and some mistakes that were made **in the last activity** for you to reflect on.

Good examples		Find the mistake!





## **Learning outcome 3**

Can I describe my ideal day using a range of sequencers?





## Your ideal day in the city

- Imagine you are visiting the **capital city** of your country (or your dream city in the English-speaking world!).
- Spend a couple of minutes preparing. Then talk about what you'd do during your ideal day there.



What's the first thing you would do after waking up?

What would you have for breakfast?

After that, what would you do in the morning?

Where would you go for lunch?

Then, how would you spend your afternoon?

What would you have for dinner?

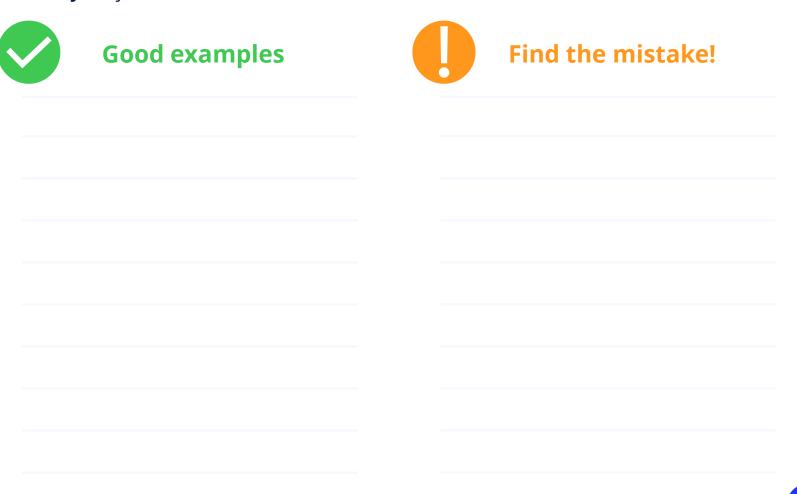
Finally, what would you do in the evening?





## Let's check! Feedback round

Your teacher will now highlight what was done well and some mistakes that were made **in the last activity** for you to reflect on.





## Let's reflect!

### Can I outline a plan?

- Can I talk about my dream holiday destination using a range of compound adjectives?
- Can I accurately use future forms to talk about holiday plans?
- Can I describe my ideal day using a range of sequencers?

Your teacher will now recommend whether you should move on to the next chapter or review lessons from this chapter.



## **End of the lesson**

Idiom

### on the spur of the moment

Meaning: a decision or action is sudden and done without any planning

**Example:** We bought a plane ticket on the spur of the moment and flew to Canada!







# **Additional practice**



## Your real weekend vs your ideal weekend



Talk about your plans for the coming weekend.





How does this weekend compare to your ideal weekend?





## A holiday in your town



Try to persuade your partner to go on holiday in your hometown. Use exciting compound adjectives to sell it!

What kind of **mouth-watering** food can people eat?

Are there any breath-taking or awe-inspiring views?

What **must-see** attractions are there in your town?







## A perfect day





I am going to talk about Cristiano Ronaldo. I think his ideal day would involve a lot of exercise so first, I think he would wake up early and go for a run.

Choose a **famous person** and use **sequencers** to talk about what their **perfect day** would be like.



# 9.

## Maria's day



Use the information from Maria's diary to talk about her plans using the correct future forms.

- **07:00**: gym class with Sue
- **08:30**: breakfast meeting at Clark's
- **10:00**: work on my report
- **13:00**: lunch with Kelly
- **14:00**: call Brian and discuss the report
- **17:00**: leave work and go shopping
- **18:30**: drink with Mark
- **20:30**: watch new episode of series!

At 7, the gym class starts.

Yes, and she's going to the class with Sue.

At 8.30, Maria's meeting some people for breakfast at Clarks.





## **Check Summary**

#### **Describing your dream holiday**

#### Trip vs journey:

- Trip = going to another place for a short time then returning
- Journey = going from one place to another

#### **Collocations with trip and journey:**

- Sightseeing trip, field trip, school trip, business trip
- Personal journey, cross-country jounrney

#### **Describing places with compound adjectives:**

 Compound adjectives are made of two different words to create a new adjective with a new meaning e.g., breath-taking, world-class, mouth-watering

#### **Describing types of tourists:**

- Nature lover, jet-setter, foodie, beach bum, techie
- laid-back, easy-going, adventurous, low budget traveller



# 9.

## **Check Summary**

#### **Reviewing the future**

#### The future with will

- Used to indicate a decision made at the moment of speaking
- Used to indicate a general intention
- Used for predictions based on personal opinions or experiences

#### The future with **going to**:

- Used to talk about **evidence**, based on definite signs or experience
- Used to make an offer, a promise, a threat, or a refusal
- Used to talk about something that is **about to happen**

#### The **present continuous** for the future:

- Used to express personal arrangements or fixed plans
- Giving a time reference is suggested when using present continuous for future events
- Not used to refer to events that people can't control

#### The **future continuous**:

- Used to express an activity that will be **in progress** at or around a specific future time
- Doesn't depend on a plan, arrangement, or intention
- Used to refer to a future event that will happen in the natural course of events





## **Check Summary**

#### Planning a perfect day

#### Phrasal verbs to talk about routines and activities:

Catch up, hang out, switch off, meet up with, head out, doze off

#### **Sequencers** to talk about **routines**:

- first, to start, to begin, first of all
- next, afterwards, after that, then, subsequently, also
- at last, finally, lastly, in the end, last of all, eventually

#### Describing your **perfect day**:

your morning ritual, eating and drinking, trying new things, going somewhere special



# 9.

## **Vocabulary**

off the beaten track

must-see	foodie
mouth-watering	can't stand
densely-populated	techie
world-class	laid-back
fast-paced	easy-going
awe-inspiring	down-to-earth
breath-taking	beach bum
nature lover	jet-setter
adventurous	





## **Vocabulary**

intention

take things as they come

kick back and relax

arrangement



# 9.

# Vocabulary

catch up	last of all	
hang out	eventually	
switch off	first	
head out	to start	
doze off	to begin	
meet up with	first of all	
at last	next	
finally	afterwards	
lastly	after that	
in the end	subsequently	





## **Notes**

