

VOCABULARY

Let's eat!

LEVEL

Elementary (A2)

NUMBER

EN_A2_2011V

LANGUAGE

English



Learning outcomes

- I can recognise and recall the names of some common types of food.
- I can use 'some', 'any', 'much' and 'many' as quantifiers in a sentence.



Vocabulary

any



I don't have **any** food.

some



I have **some** rice.



Vocabulary

many



How **many** bananas do you have?

much



How **much** bread do you have?

lots of



I eat **lots of** chocolate.



How much?



I eat **lots of** different kinds of food.

I don't eat **many** vegetables.





How much?



There isn't **any** fruit in this picture.

How **many** cookies can you see?



Here is **some** soup with bread.

I eat **lots of** fast food.





Is there any food in
the **fridge**?

Fridge is a short form of the word
refrigerator.

This form is commonly used in British
English. In North America, the full form is
usually preferred.



Finish the sentences

**In the fridge, I
can see some...**

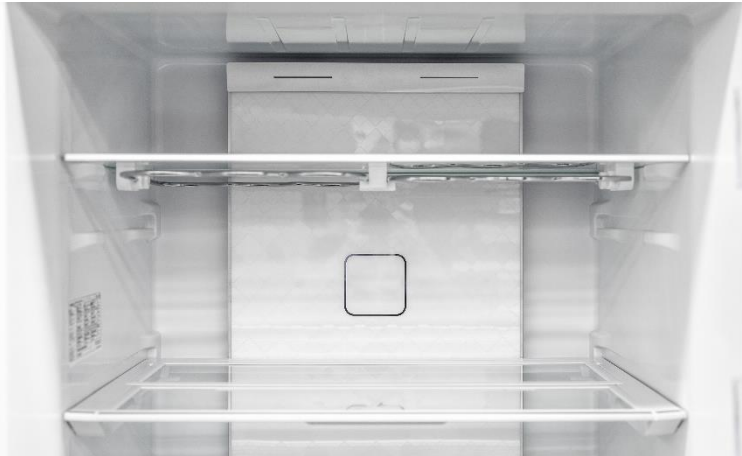
**However,
there aren't any...**





About you

**What items do you
always have in your
fridge?**



**What don't you have in
your fridge at the
moment?**



Vocabulary

cereal



We eat **cereal** for breakfast.

nuts



Nuts are a healthy snack.



Vocabulary

yoghurt



I love **yoghurt** with honey.

courgette



We often eat **courgettes** with pasta.

mushroom



Mushrooms grow in the forest.

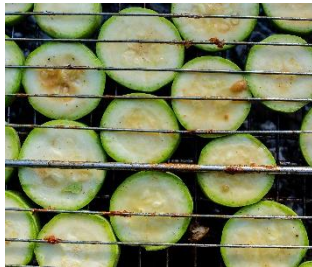


Match the words with the pictures

1



2



3



4



5



6



a cereal

b yoghurt

c rice

d nuts

e mushroom

f courgette



Breakfast from around the world

Fill in the gaps with the correct word.

Breakfast is very different around the world. In _____, bread is often a popular choice for breakfast, often with some jam or butter! In Britain people often have toast for breakfast, but in _____ and Germany, many people prefer to eat fresh bread from the bakery. In _____ people sometimes have soup for breakfast, and in parts of _____, porridge is a popular choice. Tea and coffee are common morning drinks all over the world.



Asia

France

Africa

Europe



Interview a classmate

1. **Ask** and **answer** the questions **in breakout rooms**.
2. **Share** one interesting fact about your partner with the class.



Yoghurt



Cereal



Bread



Rice



Soup

*Where are you from?
What do you usually eat for breakfast?*

*I'm from Japan!
I usually eat rice for breakfast.*



Read the statement



Breakfast is the most important meal of the day!

Do you always eat breakfast or not?

Is breakfast the most important meal where you live?

If not, which meal is more important?





Vocabulary

cherry



Cherries are dark red.

kiwi



Kiwis are green inside.



Vocabulary

strawberry



Strawberries are a red fruit.

grapefruit



Grapefruit has a sour taste.

avocado



We often eat **avocado** on bread.



Name the fruit

Who can write them the quickest?



Read the text

In the past, people shopped for food at weekly markets or in small shops, but now most people do their food shopping at big supermarkets. Supermarkets are often cheaper than smaller shops, and they have more choices. However, at markets and smaller shops, the fruit and vegetables are sometimes fresher and come from the local area. Nowadays, some people even do their food shopping online and have it delivered to their door!





True or false?

		True	False
1	Supermarkets are more expensive than small shops.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2	People shopped at weekly markets more in the past.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3	You can't do food shopping online.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4	Food in smaller shops and at markets is often grown locally.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5	Not many people shop at supermarkets.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>



Speaking

Where do you usually do your food shopping?



How often do you buy food online?

What are some popular supermarkets where you live?



End of the lesson

Idiom

tough nut to crack

Meaning: a person who is difficult to deal with or influence

Example: My boss is a real **tough nut to crack**. I never know what she's thinking!



Additional practice



Match the sentences

1 How many...

2 Courgettes are green...

3 Kiwis are green...

4 How much...

5 I eat a lot...

6 I don't eat...

7 There are some...

a on the inside.

b water do you drink?

c any mushrooms.

d of vegetables.

e strawberries are in the packet?

f vegetables I don't like.

g on the outside.



Discuss

Imagine you live in a small village with lots of small shops. A big supermarket wants to open very near your village. You go to a meeting of local people to talk about this.



What are the arguments for the supermarket?

What are the arguments against the supermarket?

What's your own opinion on the matter?



Game



**Name a food or
drink for each letter
of the alphabet!**

Play as a group!





Answer key

P. 13: 1. b, 2. f, 3. e, 4. c, 5. a, 6. d

P. 14: 1. Europe
2. France
3. Asia
4. Africa

P. 19: Top left: grapefruit
Top right: kiwi
Bottom left: avocado
Bottom right: cherry

P. 21: 1. F, 2. T, 3. F, 4. T, 5. F

P. 26: 1. e, 2. g, 3. a, 4. b, 5. d, 6. c, 7. f



Summary

Food

- *cereal; nuts; yoghurt*
- *courgette; mushroom*
- *cherry; kiwi; strawberry; grapefruit; avocado*

How much and how many

- *How many **vegetables** do you have?*
- *How much **bread** do you have?*

Lots of, some and any

- *I have **lots of** strawberries.*
- *I have **some** mushrooms.*
- *I don't have **any** cherries.*



Vocabulary

any

some

many

much

lots of

cereal

nuts

yoghurt

courgette

mushroom

cherry

kiwi

strawberry

grapefruit

avocado

