

%Lingoda

GRAMMAR

More on passives

LEVEL

Intermediate (B1)

NUMBER

EN_B1_3022G

LANGUAGE

English



Learning outcomes

 I can distinguish between the active and passive voice and say when they are used.

 I can correctly form the passive voice in the present perfect and present continuous tenses.



Warm-up

Describe the image below. What do you see? What kind of event is this?







Review: passive voice

Read the example sentences. **Complete** the blue boxes.

- 1. They sell tickets at the door.
- **2. Tickets are sold at the door.**
- 3. The judges chose an English artist.
- > 4. An English artist was chosen.

- For each sentence above, identify: the **subject** (if there is one)
 - the **subject** (if there is one)
- Which sentences are active?
- Which sentences are passive?

- We use the passive voice to **change the focus** in the sentence from the subject to the object.
- Forming the passive voice:

to be + past participle





Why do we use the passive voice?

Read the short dialogue and explanation below.



I read that a new Arts Centre is being built downtown.



That's been planned for years – I'm glad it's finally happening!

- We use the passive voice when **the subject** (the person or thing that performs the action):
 - is **unknown**
 - is **obvious** to the listener
 - is **unimportant**
- The passive voice is often used in more formal, written contexts, such as in newspaper articles.







Reading

Read the article below. What event is described here?

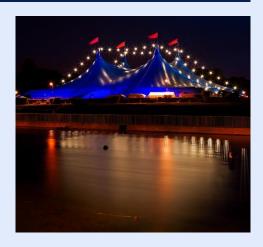
Calling all art-lovers!

he city centre has been transformed into an art lover's paradise for this year's Art Week, with the theme of Alternative Urban Futures.

Artists from around the world **have been given** the opportunity to reimagine the city's public spaces – and the results are spectacular. Take a stroll along the promenade and discover the floating light

displays on the river or visit Main Square and lose yourself inside a massive dome made of mirrors. The highlight, however, is a video piece by visual artist Jaqueline Hutter, which **is being projected** onto the front of City Hall.

Live events, such as talks, workshops and artist interviews, **are being held** throughout the week at various locations. Advance booking is recommended,



and tickets are still available online.





Passive voice: present continuous

Read the example sentences. **Complete** the blue box.

A video piece by Jaqueline Hutter is being projected onto City Hall.

Live events are being held throughout the week at various locations.

- We use the passive voice in the present continuous tense to talk about actions that are happening right now, or at the moment.
- Forming the present continuous passive:

```
is/____ + _____ + past participle
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Passive voice: present perfect

Read the example sentences. **Complete** the blue box.

The city centre has been transformed into an art-lover's paradise.

Artists have been given the opportunity to reimagine public spaces.

- We use the **present perfect** in the passive form like in the active form to talk about **recent** actions or experiences as well as ongoing actions or situations.
- Forming the present perfect passive:





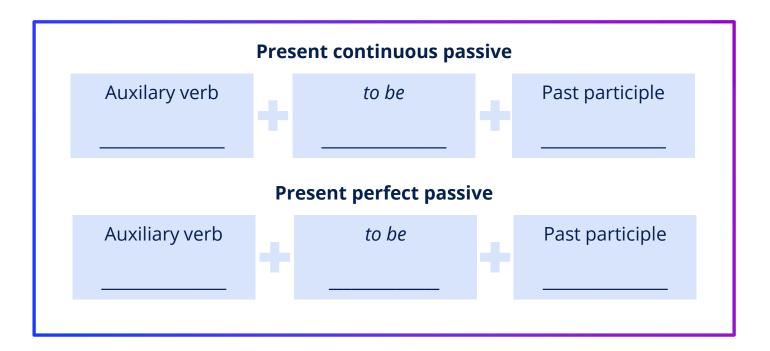


Forming the passive

Complete the rule below using the example sentences.

My house is being painted, so I'm staying in a hotel for a few days.

The event has been postponed due to bad weather.







Transform the sentences into the passive



Write down your sentences. **Compare** your sentences with your classmates (option to **use breakout rooms** for this step). **Check** the answers with your teacher.

1	She hasn't sent the parcel yet.	>	The parcel hasn't been sent yet.
2	The police have caught the thief.	>	
3	I'm not using the computer.	>	
4	They are showing the film at the independent cinema.	>	
5	Have you ordered the pizzas?	>	
6	I am recording this meeting.	>	



Fill in the gaps

Complete the sentences below using the **correct tense and passive form** of the verbs in brackets.

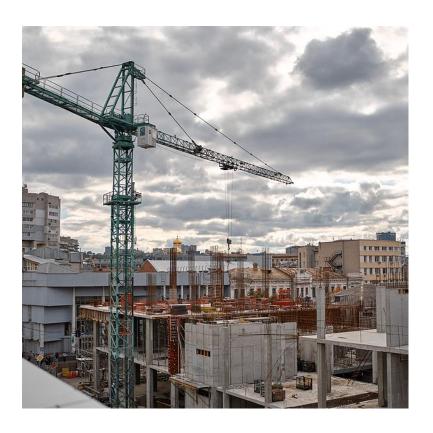
1	Just one moment. Your table (to clean). May I take your coats while you're waiting?
2	I can't give you a lift today, because my car (to repair) at the garage.
3	As the event was cancelled, all customers (give) refunds on their tickets.
4	The bill (to pay) already.
5	Lucy (to offer) a scholarship to attend university. She got the good news yesterday!





Changes in your town or city

Complete the activity below.



What are some important changes that have happened in the last twenty years in your town or city?

For example:

A new hospital has been built. Some roads are being turned into cycle lanes.

Helpful verbs:

develop, open, turn (into), design, give, transform etc.



Let's reflect!

 Can you distinguish between the active and passive voice and say when they are used?

Can you correctly form the passive voice in the present perfect and present continuous tenses?

Your teacher will now make one suggestion for improvement for each student.



End of the lesson

Idiom

state of the art

Meaning: describes something that is brand new and high quality

Example: The new laboratory in the school is state of the art.







Additional practice



True or false



Read each statement. Are they true or false?

		True	False
1	The passive voice in the present perfect takes this form: Subject + have/has + present participle		
2	The passive voice in the present continuous takes this form: Subject + <i>is/are</i> + <i>being</i> + past participle		
3	We often use the passive voice when the subject is unknown		
4	We never use the passive voice when the subject is obvious to the listener		
5	We often use the passive voice when the subject is unimportant		



Form sentences



Form sentences using the prompts.

1	The exams / to mark
•	(present continuous)

> The exams are being marked

The painting / to find (present perfect)



A theatre / to choose / for our performance



The audience / to make / to wait (present continuous)



All the tickets / to sell (present perfect)



The performance / to receive / good reviews (present perfect)







Describe the pictures

Describe the pictures using the passive voice.







- 1. What is happening? (present continuous)
- 2. What has happened? (present perfect)



9.

Discuss



Talk about where you grew up. How have things changed since that time?





Use the passive voice if you need it.





Discuss



You are putting on a cultural event

What is your event?

What has already been done?

What is currently being done?

Use the passive voice



9.

Answer key

P.4:

Sentence 1: subject – They; object – tickets

Sentence 2: no subject; object – tickets

Sentence 3: subject – The judges; object – an English artist

Sentence 4: no subject; object An English artist

Active: 1, 3 Passive: 2, 4

P.7: is/are + being + past participle

P.8: have/has + been + past participle

P.9:

Present continuous passive: is + being + painted

Present perfect passive: has + been + postponed



Answer key

P.10:

- 2. The thief has been caught.
- 3. The computer isn't being used.
- 4. The film is being shown at the independent cinema.
- 5. Have the pizzas been ordered?
- 6. The meeting is being recorded.

P.11:

1. is being cleaned 2. is being repaired 3. have been given 4. has been paid 5. has been offered

P.16:

1. false 2. true 3. true 4. false 5. true

P.17:

- 2. The painting has been found 3. A theatre has been chosen for our performance
- 4. The audience is being made to wait 5. All the tickets have been sold. 6. The performance has received good reviews



9.

Summary

We use the passive voice when the subject...

- ...is unknown
- ...is obvious to the listener
- ...is unimportant

Passive voice: present continuous

- We use this to talk about actions that are happening right now, or at the moment
- is/are + being + past participle
- Live events are being held throughout the week at various locations

Passive voice: present perfect

- We use this for the same reasons we use it in the active form to talk about recent actions, experiences, and ongoing actions/situations
- have/has + been + past participle
- The city centre has been transformed into an art lover's paradise

Changes to your town or city

- A new theatre has been built
- A music festival has been started
- More exhibitions are being held





Vocabulary

spectacular

to take a stroll

to hold (an event)





Notes

