# lingoda **LANGUAGE**

# Trade fairs

**COMMUNICATION** 

**LEVEL Upper-intermediate** 

**NUMBER** EN\_BE\_3607X

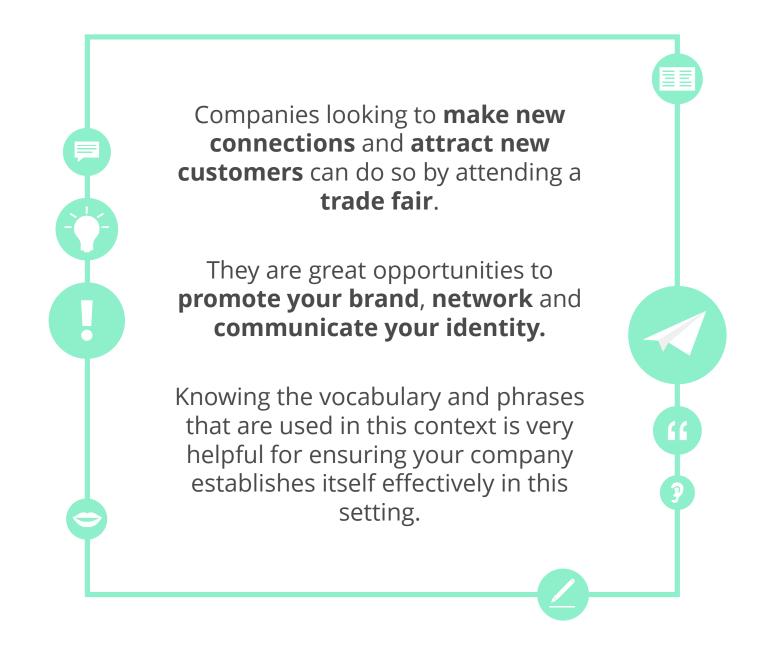
English



#### Goals

- Can understand typical terminology related to different types of trade fairs
- Can use new phrases and understanding to present my own ideas in a persuasive way





#### trade fairs

**Trade fairs** can be extremely useful events. They allow the representatives of a company to gather with others from the industry or people from the public.

They are great opportunities for **networking** and **showcasing new products** and services.



**Trade fairs** can take many different forms. Companies might have different **objectives** when attending different types of **trade fairs**.

trade show

expo

Trade fairs can also be referred to as **trade shows** and **expos**.



You might hear all of these terms being used interchangeably.



# **Useful language for trade fairs**

to promote

It will be a magnificent opportunity **to promote** our newest product.

**business** card

Let me give you my business card.

to take part

The company wants to take part in a trade fair in August.

to network

Bill found a great opportunity **to network** with other companies at the trade fair.

marketing

What specific **marketing** goals should we focus on in the coming six months?

stand

Would you like to book a **stand** at the trade fair?



#### **Trade fairs**

Organising or attending a trade fair can be a valuable experience for businesses looking to spread awareness of their brand, make connections in the industry or simply attract new **customers**. They can also be a great opportunity to keep up-to-date with what the competition in the industry is up to. Trade fairs are events which bring people in similar fields together to talk, share ideas and **promote** what they are doing. They are hubs of ideas and **networking**, and can take many different forms.







#### **Trade fairs**

Some trade fairs are events which focus on companies from a specific industry, with the intention of **showcasing** and introducing new products and services. These types of trade fairs are not typically open to the public, and are attended by representatives from companies, officials and the press. Because of this, they are often referred to as business-to-business (B2B) events and are great opportunities for workers in an industry to network.







# **Introducing yourself**

When meeting strangers at events like trade fairs it is very important to make a positive first impression. In the business world it is considered typical to shake hands, smile and maintain eye contact during a conversation.



Good first impressions are key at events like trade fairs.

Shaking hands is a good way to make a strong first impression.



# **Answer the questions**

#### Answer these questions with your teacher.



What is a trade fair?

How can a company benefit from having a stand at a trade fair?

Have you ever been to a trade fair?



# Your experience

Talk to the teacher about your own experience at trade fairs.

Do you find them engaging and useful?





# **Answer the questions**

Imagine you are a company representative at a business-to-business trade fair.

1) Why is it important to network at this event?

2) What kind of topics would be raised when talking to people in your industry?

3) Why is it useful to have contacts with others in your industry?







## **Types of trade fairs**

- Trade fairs can take other forms too, with some being more open to the public and the press.
- These types of trade fairs focus on **making a profit** on sales in addition to showcasing new products.

Trade fairs also differ across industries. For example, the tech industry often uses these kinds of events to promote new gadgets and unveil new releases.





#### **Trade fairs**

Some trade fairs are more focused on business-to-customer (B2C) relations. Stalls and stands at these kinds of events are more catered to showcasing products to the public, as well as selling and marketing them. These events are open to anybody who is interested. They often showcase the newest and most in-demand goods in an industry and are great for promotion.







#### **Trade fairs**

Communication is key at a trade fair, whether you are there as a company representative or a visitor. Smiling, welcoming visitors, negotiating deals and utilising sales techniques can help to maximize the opportunities available at such an event. Using persuasive language can help to convince visitors that a product is worth investing in. Visitors to a trade fair can also maximize their time by asking the right questions and using phrases to negotiate better deals or contracts.







#### Look at the situation below.

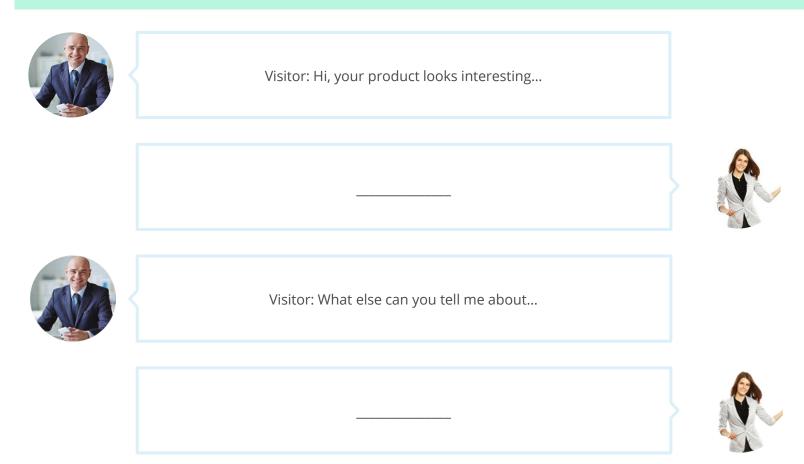
Your company is trying hard to promote and market a new wireless projector. It is the first of its kind. It allows video from computers, phones or TV to be projected in other rooms onto walls and surfaces.

What questions might you be asked as a sales representative?



# **Role play**

Imagine you are exhibiting at a trade fair. Your teacher will play the role of a visitor. Try to make small talk to generate interest and then try to close some sort of deal.





# **Dealing with enquiries**

You've been approached by a visitor at the trade fair who has made some enquiries about your product. You are not sure of the answer.



How will you proceed?

What is the main priority of sales representatives at trade fairs?



What might a trade fair offer for those who are simply visiting rather than exhibiting?



## **Questions**

Imagine you're visiting a trade fair for your own industry. Write a list of questions that would help you find out more about the products at the fair.

Could you tell me...? If you could...? Where/when/why...?



## **Exhibiting at a trade fair**

When organising a stand at a trade fair, it is important to include eye-catching marketing in the form of visual posters and signs to help your stall stand out from the crowd.

- Having freebies (free merchandise) attracts visitors. They will also be reminded of the company in the future whenever they use the merchandise.
- It is also extremely useful to have **business cards**.





#### **Trade fairs**

Attending a trade fair can be a **good investment** for a company if they promote themselves effectively. A company's presence should be advertised through media relations and social media to get the best returns. Attending can be expensive travel, logistics and wages can quickly add up. If sales leads are followed up on, and sales are made at the event, a company can ensure they make their investment back, in addition to the **publicity** and promotion the event provides.







#### **Trade fairs**

One of the key goals for a company at a trade fair is to attract more customers. Using **small talk**, welcoming visitors and generally cultivating an atmosphere of **hospitality** are all winning strategies which can make a positive impression in the mind of a potential customer. A large part of making a strong impression is to be organised and equipped with the right tools. Companies must **book a stand**, prepare **marketing** and train their staff to be able to **deal with enquiries**.

Being equipped with **business cards**, good products and a distinctive visual presence all help to welcome visitors and potential customers, enhancing the company's **public image**.







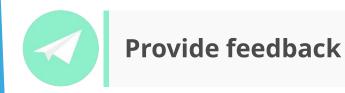
Brainstorm some ways in which you could demonstrate hospitality at a trade fair stand.



# **Listen carefully**

You are in a company meeting where a trade fair stand is being planned and organised. Listen to your colleague's ideas.







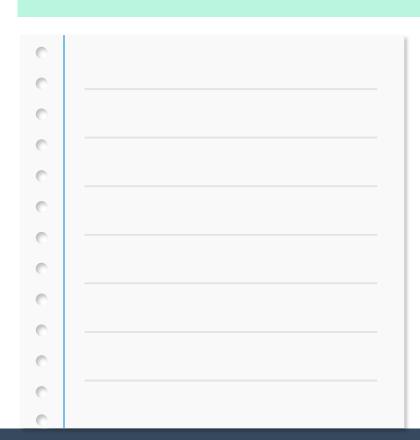
Now provide your colleague with feedback and come up with some of your own ideas for the stand.



# Planning an exhibit

Imagine you are planning your own exhibit at a trade fair. What will make it successful? Write a list of criteria.

You should also think of ways to promote your product and attract new customers at the trade fair.





27



#### Reflect on the lesson

Take a moment to review any new vocabulary, phrases, language structures or grammar points you have come across for the first time in this lesson.

Review them with your teacher one more time to make sure you don't forget!





## **Transcription**

you think?

One thing we could provide to catch the attention of customers is a big colourful backdrop, with our new wireless projector the focus in the background. We could also have balloons for people to play with as the projector projects them on to a big white board. That would create a lot of excitement and buzz. What do

Exercise p. 25





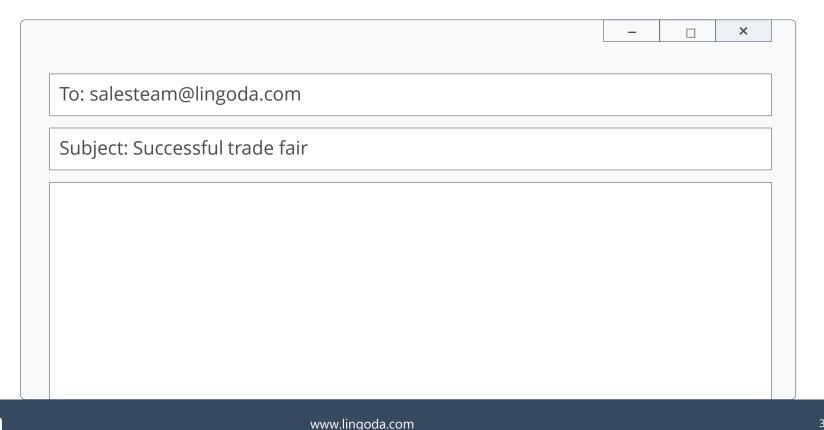
# Write sentences

# Write a sentence on each of the topics below, noting how they relate to success at a trade fair.

negotiating	hospitality	
advertising	planning a stand	
attracting customers	networking	



Write an e-mail congratulating the sales team on a job well done at the trade fair. Write a list of the things they did well to remind the team what makes a good impression at these events.







#### **About this material**

Find out more at www.lingoda.com



This material is provided by **lingoda** 

#### **lingoda** Who are we?



Why learn English online?



What kinds of English classes do we offer?



Who are our English teachers?



How do our English certificates work?



We also have a language blog!