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Upperintermediate phrasal verbs

GRAMMAR

LEVEL Intermediate

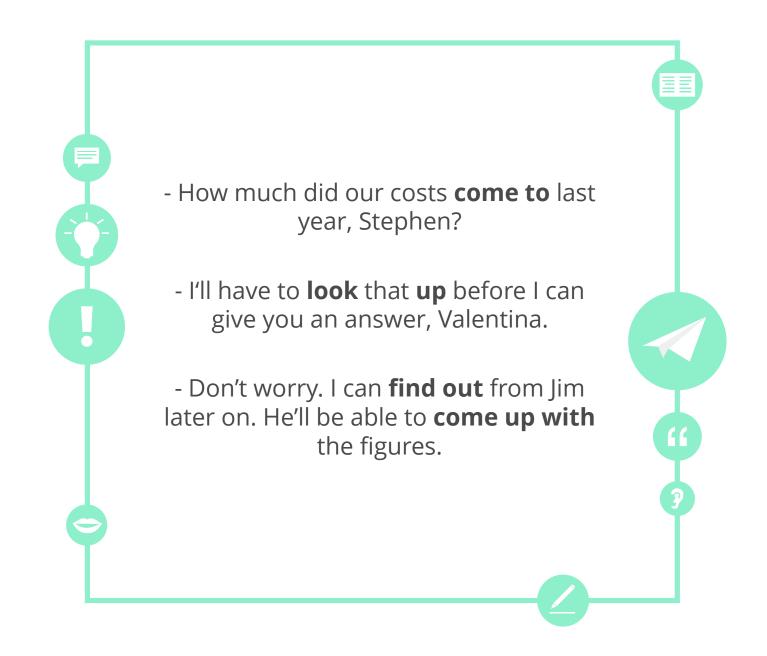
NUMBER EN\_BE\_3614G LANGUAGE English





- Can identify and discuss the meaning of multi-word verbs.
- Can accurately construct sentences using various multi-word verbs.







### **Preview and warm-up**

- In this lesson, you will learn some more advanced **phrasal verbs**.
- Another name for phrasal verbs is multi-word verbs.



Can I **turn down** the radio? It's too loud.

Please **take off** your shoes before you come into the house.



#### What are multi-word verbs?

■ Multi-word verbs consist of a verb + one or two particles.



The exam has finished. Please put down your pencils.

I trust Damian. I can really count on him.





We've run out of milk. Can you pick up some more from the shop?



- Type 1 verbs consist of a verb + one particle.
- These phrasal verbs **do not** take a **direct object**.



Jade stood up to shake her boss's hand.

We are having a party tonight. You should come along.





### Find the correct picture and fill in the correct particle

- 1. The film was scary, so I **looked** away.
- 2. He waited for ages but the bus never turned .
- 3. There was nobody in the office when I came \_\_\_\_\_ at 9 am.
- 4. She boarded the train and sat

- 5. The car arrived and a woman got .
- 6. He got on his bike and rode
- 7. I heard the ceiling make a sound, so I looked \_\_\_\_\_.
- 8. I shouted her name and she turned



































- Type 2 verbs consist of a verb + a particle + a direct object.
- These verbs **take** a **direct object**.
- The direct object must come after the particle.



We need to turn right and then head over the bridge.

I'm going away for the weekend. Can you look after my houseplants?





#### Look at the sentences

## Match the verb and particle with the correct direct object. Then finish off each sentence with your own ideas.

1. Jake **tripped over**...

a. ...his elderly mother when

2. We are **looking at**...

b. ...bankruptcy if it doesn't

3. Neil cared for...

c. ...lots of ways to save money including \_\_\_\_\_.

4. The company is **heading towards**...

d. ...the pavement kerb and \_\_\_\_\_\_.



- **Type 3** consists of either:
  - a verb + a particle + a direct object
  - or a verb + a direct object + a particle.
- The direct object comes after the particle or between the verb and the particle.



Can you pick up my parents from the airport?

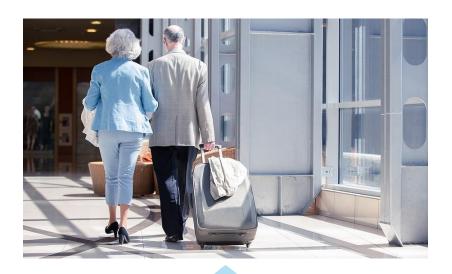
Can you pick my parents up from the airport?







■ If the **object** is a **pronoun**, it **must** go **between** the **verb** and the **particle**.



Can you **pick them up** from the airport later?



### **Complete the table**

1. They <b>called</b> the wedding <b>off</b> .	They <b>called off</b> the wedding.	They <b>called</b> it <b>off</b> .
2. Give back my watch.		
3	Please can you hang your jacket up?	
4. I forgot to hand my assignment in.		
5	I want to show my new dress off.	

Reformulate each sentence by moving the direct object. Then replace it with a pronoun. Look at the first example to help you.



### Find the definition

Match the phrasal verbs listed below with their meanings. Each verb has two or three different meanings.

to work out, to bring up, to take out, to back up, to make up





### Complete each sentence using a word from box A and B

You can't \_\_\_\_\_ it \_\_\_\_ any longer. You need to do it.
 Can I \_\_\_\_\_ a sensitive topic?
 She just \_\_\_\_\_ John \_\_\_\_ her office
 You need to \_\_\_\_\_ this

form \_\_\_\_\_ before you can

register.

A
bring
called
fill
put

B out into off up





- Type 4 consists of a verb + a particle + a particle.
- The particles in type 4 are inseparable.



I would love to catch up with you while you're in Berlin.

I'm having second thoughts about moving house. I don't think I can go through with it.





### Find the definition

Match the multi-word verbs below with their meaning. Then, write a short sentence using each one.





### Complete the sentence using the correct preposition (1/2)

1. I feel lucky.	l get on	my parents. I know no	ot everyone does.	
a. in	b. for	c. to	d. with	
2. Donna is go ankle.	oing to pull out	the tennis tour	nament. She has hurt her	
a. in	b. with	c. of	d. on	
3. How come the heating		so much this i	month? We haven't used	
a. to	b. for	c. with	d. of	
4. Let's move on the next item on the agenda.				
a. with	b. in	c. for	d. to	



### Complete the sentence using the correct preposition (2/2)

5.	5. Janice woke up feeling terrible. She said she doesn't feel up coming to work today.						
a.	with	b.	to	c.	on	d. in	
6.	I'm sorry for taking work recently.	g m	y anger out		you. I have bee	en quite stressed at	
a.	of	b.	in	c.	with	d. on	
7.	Ask her to get in to	ouc	h and I will fix her uր	o	one o	of my single friends.	,
a.	for	b.	with	c.	to	d. in	
8.	When you arrive ir	า Aเ	ıstralia, watch out _		the snak	kes!	
a.	in	b.	with	c.	on	d. for	



### **Categorise the multi-word verbs**

## Read each of the sentences below. Which type of multi-word verb is in bold?

- 1. What time would you like to **set off**?
- 2. I **called** Stephen **up** and had a good chat.
- 3. Did you **deal with** your financial issues?
- 4. He got into his car and **drove away**.

- 5. We will **run out of** pencils if we don't order some more.
- 6. You can **pick** anything **out** and I'll buy it for your birthday.
- 7. If you can **come up with** a few ideas before the meeting that would be great.
- 8. I'll **drop** your briefcase **off** at reception.

- 9. What time are you going to **wake up**?
- 10. I'd like to **try on** the jeans before I buy them.
- 11. How do you **cope with** such noisy neighbours?
- 12. It's time to **get on with** your work.

Type 1	Type 2	Type 3	Type 4



#### **Game time!**

cut down on...
work out...
deal with...

Take a few minutes to choose three examples of multi-word verbs from the lesson.

You'll need them for the activity on the next slide.

Don't tell your teacher or the other students which verbs you have chosen!

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#### **Game time!**

You are now going to try and guess which phrasal verbs the other students have. Each student will describe their phrasal verb and the others must try to guess which one it is.

- **Do not** just use your multi-word verb in sentence.
- You can give synonyms or try to explain its meaning.



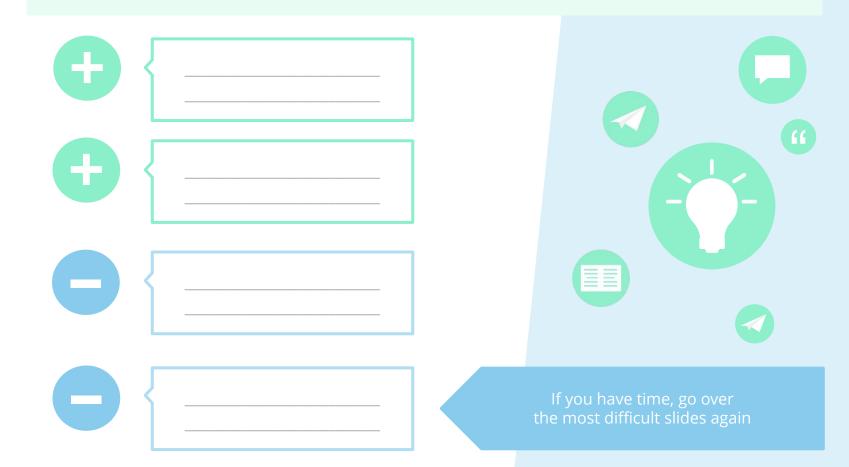


- The student who guesses correctly first must then use the phrasal verb correctly in a sentence.
- They then win a point!



#### Reflect on this lesson

Think about everything you have seen in this lesson. What were the most difficult activities or words? The easiest?



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### Answer key 1/3

```
Activity p. 12

2. Give my watch back; Give it back.
3. Please can you hang up your jacket? Please can you hang it up?
4. I forgot to hand in my assignment; I forgot to hand it in.
5. I want to show my new dress off; I want to show it off.
```

- Activity p. 9

  1. Jake tripped over the pavement kerb...

  2. We are looking at lots of ways to save money, including...

  3. Neil cared for his elderly mother when...

  4. The company is heading towards bankruptcy if we don't...
  - 5. The car arrived and a woman **got out**. (B)
    6. He got on his bike and **rode off/away**.
    7. I heard the ceiling make a sound, so I **looked up**. (A)
    8. I shouted her name and she **turned around**. (C)
- 3. There was nobody in the office when I **came in** at 9 am. (H) 4. She boarded the train and **sat down**. (G)
  - Activity p. 7

    2. He waited for ages but the bus never turned up. (D)

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### Answer key 2/3

**Activity p. 17-18** 1. d, 2. c, 3. a, 4. d 5. b, 6. d, 7. b, 8. d

Activity p.16 look up to: to admire someone, run out of: to not have anything left, come up with: to produce an idea, get along with: to have a good relationship with someone, put up with: to deal with or endure something unpleasant, cut down on: to reduce how much you use or consume something

4. You need to **fill** this form **out** before you can register.

3. She just called John into her office.

2. Can I bring up a sensitive topic?

1. You can't **put** it **off** any longer you need to do it.

Activity p. 14

**Activity p. 13 bring up**: raise a child, introduce a topic, **take out**: take someone to a social event, borrow from a library (e.g. a book), remove something from a location, **back up**: copy computer data, move backwards, **make up**: restore a relationship after a conflict, to invent something untrue, **work out**: exercise, resolve





### Answer key 3/3

Activity p. 19
Type 1: 1, 4, 9
Type 2: 3, 11
Type 3: 2, 6, 8, 10
Type 4: 5, 7, 12





### Phrasal and prepositional verbs

Write down your favourite multi-word verbs from this lesson.

Practise using them in various sentences.





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