

# Assignment T01

## Data Structure:

### Code:

In thread.h:

```
struct thread
{
    int64_t wakeup_at;           /* Time at which sleeping thread must be
woken up */
    int original_priority;       /* An int variable to save previous
priority */
    struct list_elem sleepers_elem; /* Sleepers List element */
};
```

In thread.c:

```
static int64_t next_wakeup_time;
static struct list sleepers;
```

## Algorithm:

In timer.c, timer sleep function was changed according to the following code:

```
void
timer_sleep (int64_t ticks)
{
    int64_t start = timer_ticks ();
    int64_t wake_time = start + ticks;
    ASSERT (intr_get_level () == INTR_ON);
    // while (timer_elapsed (start) < ticks)
    //     thread_yield ();

    if (ticks <= 0)
        return;
```

```

// New Algorithm implemented.
thread_set_priority_temporarily_up();
thread_block_till(wake_time);
thread_set_next_wakeup();
thread_priority_restore();
}

```

Four new functions were introduced in thread.c, namely :

```

void thread_set_priority_temporarily_up(void);
void thread_priority_restore(void);
void thread_block_till(int64_t);
void thread_set_next_wakeup(void);

```

Explanation:

**void thread\_set\_priority\_temporarily\_up(void):**

This function will set the priority of the current thread as PRI\_MAX, and then it will store its original priority in original\_priority variable.

**void thread\_priority\_restore(void):**

This function will restore thread's priority from its original\_priority variable.

**void thread\_block\_till(int64\_t):**

This function will block the current thread till given input time (i.e. block the thread and set its wakeup\_at variable given to the input time).

**void thread\_set\_next\_wakeup(void):**

This function will set the value of next\_wakeup\_time global variable (defined in thread.c) acc. to the minimum wake\_up time in sleepers list.

Finally a while loop was added in thread\_ticks function, which will wake up a thread in sleepers list, if the current time becomes greater than or equal to next\_wakeup\_time and then will set next\_wakeup\_time by calling thread\_set\_next\_wakeup function.

## Synchronization:

Synchronization has to be taken care of while blocking the thread i.e in `thread_block_till` function. For that we used interrupts. Before blocking and inserting the thread in the sleepers list we are disabling the interrupt. After thread blocking is done, we will again restore previous interrupt level.

## Rationale:

The idea was to change busy waits in `timer_sleep` function so as to increase CPU utilization. For that we thought we blocking the thread and introduced a list of blocked threads called sleepers.

Now why we set the priority of current thread in `timer_sleep` function as `PRI_MAX` because we want the thread to sleep, and this process should not be preempted by any other thread. That's why priority was set to max. Then `thread_block_till` is called to block and insert the thread in sleepers list. Now `next_wakeup_time` global variable value is set in the function. And finally priority of blocked thread is restored.

The blocked thread is unblocked whenever current time becomes greater than equal to its wakeup time.

That's all.