Tutorial 4: Stack Application

Overview

- The goal of this tutorial is to familiarise yourself with the functionality of the abstract data type: stack
- First, we will develop a program that implements the functionality of a stack
- Then, we will extend the application to include a nice GUI that allows us to do push and pop operations on the stack as well as to display the content of the stack at any moment.

Tasks

- 1. Develop the NetBeans project that demonstrates the functionality of the stack (look into the Stack lecture notes regarding the steps to be followed).
 - StackInterface.java
 - StackTester.java
 - MyStack.java
- 2. Complete main() method from StackTester.java to test the stack behaviour. Use print statements to show the stack is working correctly as follows:
 - Create a MyStack type object representing a stack
 - Check if stack is empty
 - push some items into the stack (String type)
 - check if the stack is empty now
 - Pop some items + print them out
 - check if the stack is empty now
 - Fully empty the stack (pop any remaining items)
 - Pop an empty stack to see what happens
- 3. Write the following <u>new</u> methods to the MyStack class that will extend the functions provided by our stack
 - emptyStack() removes ALL items that exist in the stack. Use pop() to remove one item at a time.
 - displayStack() lists the content of the stack by parsing the arraylist.
 Returns a string with all the items from the stack.

Note: The headers of the methods emptyStack() and displayStack() need to be added to the StackInterface class

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- 4. Add new statements to the main() method from the StackTester class to test the functionality of the emptyStack() and displayStack() methods.
- 5. What changes in the Java code should be done if we want to store Integer type objects instead of String type objects, in our stack?

Extra Homework

- 6. Design a GUI class for our stack application. The GUI should consists of:
 - o an input area (JTextField) that allows the user to add an item to the stack
 - o a Push button that adds the item into the stack
 - o a Pop button that removes the top item from the stack
 - o a listing area (JTextArea) where the current content of the stack is displayed
 - o a Stack Display button that prints all the items from the stack
 - an Empty Stack button that empties the stack

NOTE: Look at the tutorial + notes on NetBeans GUI

7. Add functionalities to all buttons from the GUI and test your application

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