



CHAITANYA BHARATHI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY (AUTONOMOUS), HYD - 500 075

(Autonomous)

I / II MID SESSIONAL EXAMINATION
MAIN ANSWER BOOK

Class & Branch BE-VISUM H1 (IT1)

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Subject: Artificial Intelligence Roll no.
Lab Internal

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(1) Implementation of MINIMAX game search.

(2) Apply a linear Regression method to fit the training data & then predict the output using the test dataset using diabetes dataset

⇒ (1) Minimax Game Search

⇒ It is a backtracking algorithm.

⇒ It is used in game theory for decision making to find the optimal move of a player. Assume that your opponent also makes optimal moves.

⇒ It is used in games such as tic-tac-toe, chess etc.

⇒ In minimax there are 2 players - Maximizer & Minimizer.

- The Maximizer tries to get highest score while the Minimizer tries to get lowest score.
- Since it is a backtracking algorithm, it tries all moves & then backtracks & makes a decision

Program:

import math.

```
def minimax (cDepth, nIndex, maxTurn, points, tDepth):  
    # Base case: tDepth reached.  
    if (cDepth == tDepth):  
        return points[nIndex]  
    # If it is turn of maximizer  
    if (maxTurn):  
        return max (minimax (cDepth+1, nIndex*2,   
                                False, points, tDepth),  
                    minimax (cDepth+1, nIndex*2+1,   
                                False, points, tDepth))  
    # If it is turn of minimizer  
    else:  
        return min (minimax (cDepth+1, nIndex*2,   
                                True, points, tDepth),  
                    minimax (cDepth+1, nIndex*2+1,   
                                True, points, tDepth))  
  
points = [ 3, 5, 2, 9, 12, 5, 23, 23]
```

treeDepth = math.log (len (scores), 2)

print ("The optimal value is : ", end = "")

print (minimax (0, 0, True, points, treeDepth))

output :

The optimal value is 12

C. The optimal value is : 12

(2) Linear Regression for diabetes dataset.

- ⇒ Linear Regression comes under Regression which is a type of supervised machine learning.
- ⇒ Supervised machine learning is a type of machine learning that employs the use of labelled datasets to predict the future/outcome values.
- ⇒ Regression is about predicting a quantity. It predicts a continuous quantity output for a dataset.
- ⇒ Linear regression quantifies the relationship between one or more predictor variables & one outcome variable.
- ⇒ It is a linear model — a model that assumes a linear relationship between the input variables (x) & single output variable (y)
- ⇒ It establishes the relationship between dependent variable (y) & independent variable (x) using a best fit line (regression line).

Program

```
from sklearn import datasets, linear_model
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
```

Load dataset

```
diabetes = datasets.load_diabetes()
```

using one feature for training

```
diabetes_X = diabetes.data[:, np.newaxis, 2]
```

Split data into training & testing datasets

```
diabetes_X_train = diabetes_X[:-20]
```

```
diabetes_X_test = diabetes_X[-20:]
```

Split targets into training & testing datasets

```
diabetes_y_train = diabetes.target[:-20]
```

```
diabetes_y_test = diabetes.target[-20:]
```

Creating object for Linear Regression.

```
reg = linear_model.LinearRegression()
```

Train model using training datasets

```
reg.fit(diabetes_X_train, diabetes_y_train)
```

Input data.

```
print("Input values")
```

```
print(diabetes_X_test)
```

Making prediction using testing set

```
diabetes_y_pred = reg.predict(diabetes_X_test)
```

```

# Predicted Data
print ("Predicted output values")
print (diabetes - y - pred)
# Plotting outputs
plt. scatter (diabetes - x - test, diabetes - y - test, color = 'black')
plt. plot (diabetes - x - test, diabetes - y - pred, color = 'red', line width = 1)

plt. show()

```

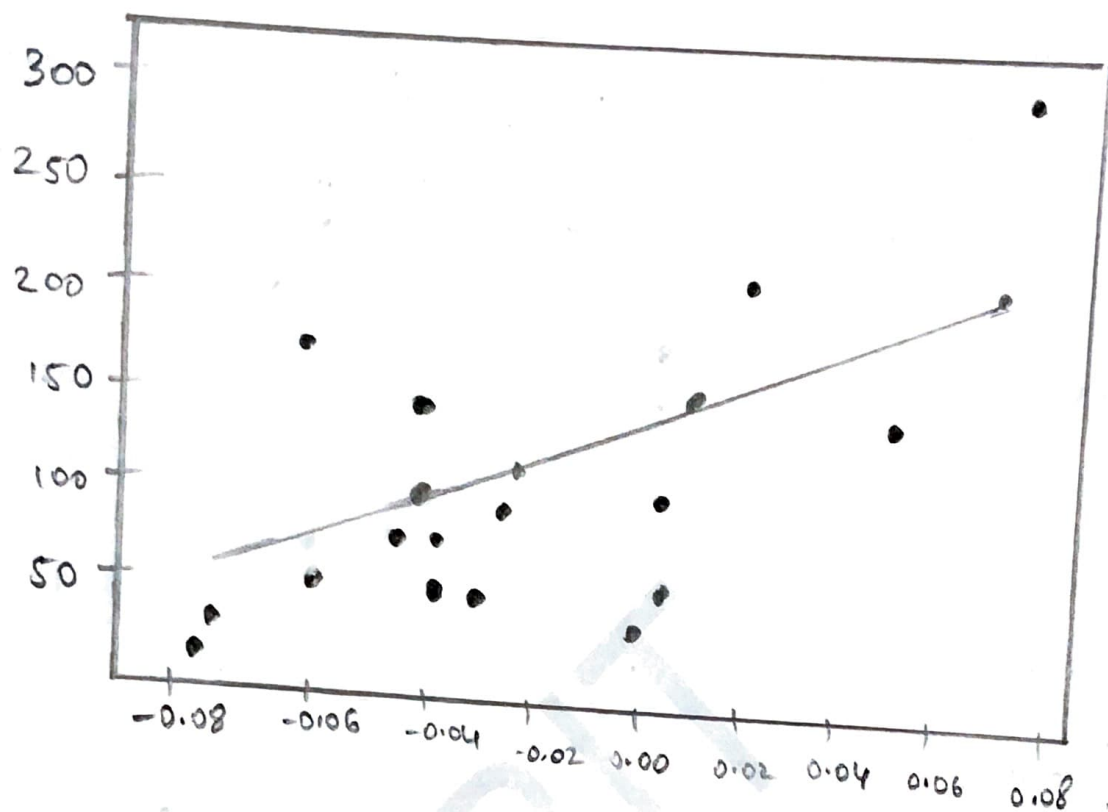
Output :

Input values

[[0.07786339], [-0.03961813], [0.01103900], [-0.04069594],
 [-0.03422907], [0.00564998], [0.08866151], [-0.03315126],
 [-0.05686312], [-0.03099563], [0.05522933], [-0.06009656],
 [0.00133873], [-0.02345095], [-0.07410811], [0.01966154],
 [-0.01590626], [-0.01590626], [0.03906215], [-0.0730303]]

Predicted output values

[225.9732401 115.74763774 163.27610621 114.73638965 120.8038544
 158.21988574 236.08568105 121.81509832 99.56772822 123.83758651
 204.73711411 96.53399594 154.17490936 130.91629517 83.3878227
 177.36605897 137.99500384 137.99500384 189.56845268 84.3990668]



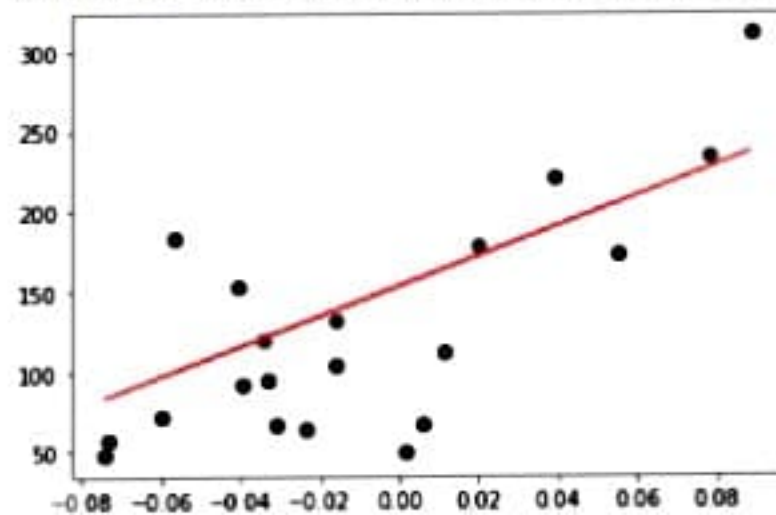


Input Values

```
[[ 0.07786339]
 [-0.03961813]
 [ 0.01103904]
 [-0.04069594]
 [-0.03422907]
 [ 0.00564998]
 [ 0.08864151]
 [-0.03315126]
 [-0.05686312]
 [-0.03099563]
 [ 0.05522933]
 [-0.06009656]
 [ 0.00133873]
 [-0.02345095]
 [-0.07410811]
 [ 0.01966154]
 [-0.01590626]
 [-0.01590626]
 [ 0.03906215]
 [-0.0730303 ]]
```

Predicted Output Values

```
[225.9732401 115.74763374 163.27610621 114.73638965 120.80385422
 158.21988574 236.08568105 121.81509832 99.56772822 123.83758651
 204.73711411 96.53399594 154.17490936 130.91629517 83.3878227
 171.36605897 137.99500384 137.99500384 189.56845268 84.3990668 ]
```



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