

AK PADHEE & PK JOSHI

For agri-marketing reforms to work, Centre must incentivise states

EDITORIAL

Ban Chinese vendors from BSNL's 4G tender, but don't delay it after having cancelled earlier

NEW DELHI, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 2020

AHEAD OF RETIREMENT

HDFC Bank's Puri gets Euromoney's lifetime achievement award



BEATING MICROSOFT

ByteDance picks Oracle as partner to try to save TikTok US

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■ IN THE NEWS

CPI inflation a tad lower; WPI in positive territory

RETAIL INFLATION eased only marginally to 6.69% year-on-year in August, against a revised 6.73% in July, as lockdown-related supply disruptions outweighed any purported Covid-induced demand compression in the economy, reports **fe Bureau** in New Delhi. Wholesale price inflation, meanwhile, touched 0.16% in August.

Govt bans export of onions with immediate effect

THE GOVERNMENT on Monday banned the export of all varieties of onions with immediate effect, a move aimed at increasing availability and checking price of the commodity in the domestic market, reports PTI. "The export of all varieties of onions... is prohibited with immediate effect," the DGFT said.

GST: States willing to borrow want process to start

STATES that have opted for exercising the borrowing options suggested by the Centre to make good their GST revenue shortfall want the process to start without having to wait for the others, reports **Sumit Jha** in New Delhi.

COVID-19

Cities running out of hospital space

This is despite the 24.6-fold hike in ICU beds the health minister spoke of in Parliament

ISHAAN GERA
New Delhi, September 14

THE SURGE IN Covid-19 infections, from 2.5 million a month ago to 4.9 million on September 14, has meant that, once again, several cities in the country could be running short of critical health infrastructure and need to create some on a war footing.

In a suo-moto statement in Parliament on Monday, Union health minister Harsh Vardhan said the number of dedicated isolation beds in

Around 30 MPs test positive for Covid

AROUND 30 MPs, including BJP's Meenakshi Lekhi and Pravesh Verma, and over 50 employees of Parliament have tested positive for Covid-19 so far, sources said on Monday, reports PTI. Many of them tested positive after undergoing compulsory tests on Parliament premises before the start of the monsoon session.

the country had increased 36.3 times since March 2020 while the number of dedicated ICU beds had increased 24.6 times.

Continued on Page 2



Prime Minister Narendra Modi, defence minister Rajnath Singh, finance minister Nirmala Sitharaman and others during the opening day of Parliament's Monsoon Session on Monday

Covid capacity crunch

(some cities have reached breaking point, others could soon)

	Total	% of hospital beds occupied	% of ICU beds occupied	% of ventilators occupied	
Delhi	45.9	62.9	72.5	74.6	60.2
Mumbai	66.2	93.8	94.1		
Bengaluru	61.7	60.3	58.3	59.5	65.5
Pune	85.5	89.1	97.8	99.6	100
Chennai		55.5	71.7		49.4

● GOING GREEN

BP says the era of oil demand growth is over

RAKTEEM KATAKEY
September 14

BP PLC SAID the relentless growth of oil demand is over, becoming the first supermajor to call the end of an era many thought would last another decade or more.

Oil consumption may never return to levels seen before the coronavirus crisis took hold, BP said in a report on Monday. Even its most bullish scenario sees demand no better than "broadly flat" for the next two decades as the energy transition shifts the world away from fossil fuels.

BP is making a profound break from orthodoxy. From the bosses of corporate energy giants to ministers from OPEC states, senior figures from the industry have insisted that oil consumption will see decades of growth. Time and again, they have described it as the only commodity that can satisfy the demands of an increasing global population and expanding middle class.

Continued on Page 2

Despite large revenue shortfall, govt signals FY21 Budget size may rise

FE BUREAU
New Delhi, September 14

AMID A CRASH in tax collection and calls for more fiscal stimulus to soften the Covid-19 blow and spur growth, finance minister Nirmala Sitharaman on Monday sought Parliament's approval for an additional spending of ₹2,35,852.87 crore during the current fiscal. This implies the government may look at expanding the budget size for the year from the estimated ₹30.4 lakh crore, though a precise estimate of the expansion will be clear only later.

THE CENTRE on Monday introduced three Bills in Parliament that seek to replace the recent Ordinances to allow barrier-free inter-state trading of farm goods and contract farming. ■ Page 3

KEY PROPOSALS
₹1,66,984 cr
Net cash outgo

₹46,602 cr	Post-devolution revenue deficit grant and grants-in-aid to states
₹40,000 cr	Enhanced spending on MGNREGS
₹20,000 cr	Capital infusion into state-run banks
₹10,000 cr	For subsidy under Food Security Act

This first batch of supplementary demand includes ₹20,000 crore to shore up the capital base of state-run banks (infusion was not part of the FY21 Budget) to facilitate further lending and ₹40,000 crore towards enhanced expenditure under the Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS).

Continued on Page 14

Agri marketing reforms: 3 Bills tabled

FOR MEETING expenditure towards recapitalisation of public-sector banks (PSBs) through the issue of government securities, the government sought Parliament's authorisation for ₹20,000 crore.

Bank recap bonds of ₹20,000 crore

Banking regulation Bill introduced by FM

FINANCE MINISTER Nirmala Sitharaman on Monday introduced a Bill that seeks to enable RBI to make a scheme to restructure a stressed bank without imposing a moratorium on deposit withdrawal. ■ Page 2

● FREE FLOWING

OTT platforms don't need regulation: Trai

FE BUREAU
New Delhi, September 14

INA HUGE relief for over-the-top (OTT) players such as Facebook, WhatsApp, Google, Viber, Telegram, etc, the Telecom Regulatory Authority of India (Trai) has ruled out bringing them under any form of regulatory framework, stating that market forces should be allowed to respond to the situation.

In its recommendations

submitted to the department of telecommunication (DoT) on Monday, the regulator also rejected the need for any regulatory interventions in respect of issues related with privacy and security of OTT services at the moment, adding that market developments need to be monitored and if required an intervention can be made at an appropriate time.

Continued on Page 17

Rebound

Business activity picks up pace

Business resumption has been defying the pandemic, picking up through August and accelerating further in mid-September. Nomura economists remain cautious on its sustainability, as a rising number of cases could lead to localised lockdowns or a more cautious consumer.

Nomura India Business Resumption Index



Source: Google, Apple, CMIE, Bloomberg and Nomura Global Economics

A Monk Who Trades

Few hours back
Sir, I am calling from your bank.
Please provide us with the OTP to process your loan.

I didn't withdraw this money. I will sue the bank!
It is impossible to withdraw without an OTP.

Didnt think he had anything worth stealing!

It is your responsibility to be careful!
OTP is like your toothbrush! Never share it!

The more careless you are, the more it will cost you.

DO NOT SHARE YOUR INTERNET TRADING ACCOUNT'S PASSWORD WITH ANYONE.

Issued in public interest by Multi Commodity Exchange Investor Protection Fund

MCX
METAL & ENERGY
Trade with Trust

MCX INVESTOR PROTECTION FUND

EXPRESS INVESTIGATION - PART 2

Tech start-ups, apps under China watch

KAUNAIN SHERIFF M & JAY MAZOMDAAR
New Delhi, September 14

FROM AN ENGINEERING student interning with the Indian Railways to the chief investment officer at the venture capital company set up by Azim Premji, the Overseas Key Individual DataBase (OKIDB), built by Chinese firm Zhenhua Data, has at least 1,400 entries covering the entire spectrum of India's new economy, an investigation by *The Indian Express* has revealed.

Those targeted include venture capitalists, angel investors, founders and chief technology officers of



BINNY BANSAL AZIM PREMJI ABHAY KARANDIKAR DEEPAK PHATKAR

country's promising startups and e-commerce platforms, and foreign investors based in India.

They form part of the 10,000 Indian individuals and entities targeted in the database and comes when Chinese investment in Indian startups surged by over 10 times

Continued on Page 14

from \$ 381 million in 2016 to \$4.6 billion in 2019.

However, the ongoing border stand-off has caused uncertainties about the future of this investment boom.

Continued on Page 14

Economy

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 2020



INVESTMENT-FRIENDLY

Anurag Singh Thakur, minister of state for finance
The govt, in its endeavour to make India a globally competitive and favoured destination for investment, reduced the corporate tax rate for new companies in the manufacturing sector to 15% and to 22% for existing companies in September 2019. The impact of this landmark reform would be felt in the coming years.

Quick View



India GDP to shrink by 9% in FY21: S&P

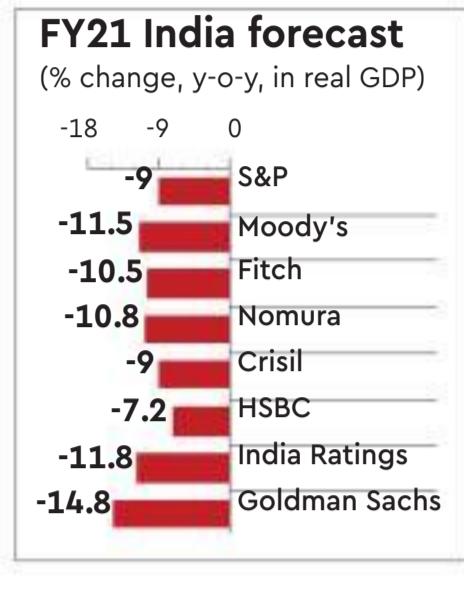
FE BUREAU
New Delhi, September 14

GLOBAL RATING AGENCY
Standard and Poor's (S&P) on Monday revised down its forecast of a contraction in India's real gross domestic product (GDP) to a record 9% in FY21 from 5% announced earlier, suggesting that the continued escalation of Covid will likely keep a leash on both private spending and investment for a longer-than-expected period.

With this, S&P joins its peers — Moody's and Fitch — and other established agencies in predicting a sharper slide in India's GDP, after the government announced a record 23.9% contraction, the steepest among the G-20 economies, in the June quarter. Last week, Moody's forecast India's GDP to shrink by 11.5% in FY21, while Fitch predicted a fall of 10.5% and Goldman Sachs 14.8%.

While most agencies have predicted a recovery in FY22 (S&P projects a 10% expansion next fiscal), some of them have cautioned that it will be greatly aided by a favourable base and a meaningful rebound will take time to materialise. S&P expects a permanent loss of 13% in output over the next three years.

India's elevated deficits will limit the scope for large fiscal stimulus, while the potential for further support monetary support is curbed by inflation worries, the rating agency said. S&P said: "While fiscal spending increased during the March-June quarter, the targeted fiscal stimulus measures announced so far amounts to about 1.2% of GDP. This magnitude is lower



compared with global averages. The IMF estimates that on average comparable stimulus measures across global emerging markets have been about 3.1% of GDP."

The RBI has trimmed the benchmark lending rate by as much as 115 basis points so far in 2020 to 4%. However, retail inflation remained above its tolerance band of 4 (+/-2%) for seven out of the past eight months through July, complicating the central bank's job.

Despite easing of lockdown, Covid will continue to weigh on economy and that recovery has been more gradual than anticipated, according to the agency.

The agency said although industrial activity is witnessing a faster recovery than services, leading economic indicators suggest that output is still lower than a year ago, so growth for the September quarter will also be negative.

"The larger adverse shock to growth will be driven by corporate balance sheet damage, with small and midsize enterprises closing shop, and larger firms holding back capital expenditure, which will constrain their growth capacity," the agency added.

BANKING REGULATION BILL Revival sans moratorium on withdrawal of deposits

FE BUREAU
New Delhi, September 14

FINANCE MINISTER NIRMALA
Sitharaman on Monday introduced a Bill that seeks to enable the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) to make a scheme for restructuring a stressed bank without imposing a moratorium on the withdrawal of deposits.

The Banking Regulation (Amendment) Bill also aims to bring urban and multi-state cooperative banks under the RBI regulation and make it easier for them to access capital. The idea is to protect the interests of depositors and better scrutinise the affairs of these co-operative banks following the Punjab Maharashtra Co-operative (PMC) Bank crisis.

The minister also introduced the Factoring Regulation (Amendment) Bill, 2020. The Bill aims to offer relief to the cash-strapped MSMEs, whose payments against supplies are stuck for more than 90 days, by allowing all non-banking financial companies to participate in the trade receivables discount-

ing system, instead of limiting it to only select shadow lenders.

Sitharaman introduced the new Banking Regulation (Amendment) Bill after withdrawing an earlier one that didn't contain the provision to allow the central bank to frame a reconstruction or amalgamation scheme for all banks "even without making an order of moratorium, so as to avoid disruption of the financial system".

The government had come out with an ordinance in June for this purpose, which, of course, incorporated the change. Once cleared, the new Bill will replace the ordinance.

Sitharaman cited the case of PMC Bank where depositors couldn't withdraw their money beyond a limit for months, as the central bank had to impose a moratorium in September 2019 due to a non-performing asset crisis there.

The proposed amendments, however, are not applicable to primary agricultural credit societies, cooperative land mort-

gage banks and any entities which did not use the terms 'bank', 'banker' or 'banking' in their name or in connection with their business.

The Bill enables cooperative banks to raise money via public issue and private placement, of equity or preference shares and unsecured debentures, subject to the central's bank's approval. Prior to the Ordinance, cooperative banks' access to capital was limited.

There are 1,540 urban cooperative and multi-state co-operative banks in the country with 8.60 crore depositors, having total savings of close to ₹5 lakh crore.

The Ordinance will add to the central bank's power to regulate these entities. However, administrative issues at these co-operatives will still continue to be guided by the Registrar of Cooperative. Also, the changes do not affect the existing powers of the state registrars of co-operative societies under state laws.

With this, retail inflation remains above the MPC's tolerance band of 4 (+/-2%) for eight out of the past nine months, complicating the central bank's task at a time when economic growth is sliding.

Wholesale price inflation, meanwhile, touched 0.16% in August, having entered the positive territory for the first time since March, as manufacturing inflation hardened even though price pressure in food eased.

As for retail inflation, the headline print for April and May was 7.22% and 6.27%, respectively, but the price pressure was mostly aided by dearer food articles. However, even core retail inflation has risen from about 4% in March to 5.6% in August.

The marginal moderation in inflation in food and housing segments was offset by worsen-

CPI inflation eases only a tad to 6.69% in Aug; WPI in positive territory

FE BUREAU
New Delhi, September 14

RETAIL INFLATION EASED

only marginally to 6.69% year-on-year (y-o-y) in August, against a revised 6.73% in July, as lockdown-related supply disruptions outweighed any purported Covid-induced demand compression in the economy. This has dashed hopes for another round of reprieve cut in the next meeting of the Reserve Bank of India's monetary policy committee (MPC), analysts said.

Food inflation moderated to 9.05% in July from 9.27% in the previous month but core inflation hardened further to a three-month peak of 5.6%, according to an Icra estimate, reflecting underlying price pressure in the economy.

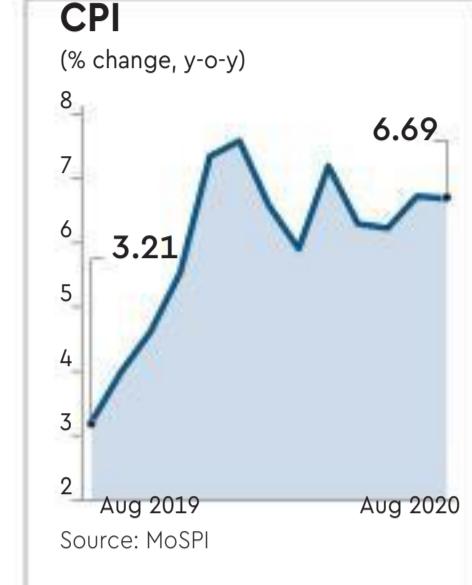
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The marginal moderation in inflation in food and housing segments was offset by worsen-



ing price pressure in pan, tobacco and intoxicants, fuel and light and miscellaneous items. Supply disruptions due to localised lockdowns and heavy monsoon in certain regions prevented a deeper fall in food inflation. This was reflected in the fact that inflation in vegetables and protein-based food items remained in double digits.

Icra principal economist Aditi Nayar said with the CPI inflation for August remaining sticky, and unlikely to recede meaningfully in September, a repo cut in the upcoming policy review "seems to be virtually ruled out."

"Moreover, the CPI inflation is expected to print sub-4% only in December 2020-February 2021, based on which a continuation of the accommodative stance appears doubtful," she added.

India Ratings principal economist Sunil Sinha said: "Base effect will have a favourable effect now onwards on CPI inflation till January 2021. Consumer food prices although declined sequentially, they remained high at 9.05%."

PM to launch 7 urban infra projects in Bihar

PRIME MINISTER

NARENDRA Modi will on Tuesday inaugurate and lay the foundation stone of seven urban infrastructure projects worth ₹541 crore in the poll-bound Bihar via video conference. Four projects are related to water supply, two to sewage treatment and one to riverfront development.

Exporters facing huge liquidity challenges: FIEO

SEEKING SUPPORT FROM

the government to execute new orders, the FIEO on Monday said exporters are facing huge liquidity challenges due to the stoppage of MEIS benefits of over ₹10,000 crore from April 1 and IGST refunds. The Centre has already announced the Remission of Duty or Taxes on Export Products scheme to replace MEIS.

EPF withdrawals at ₹39,400 cr since lockdown; most from Maha

FE BUREAU

New Delhi, September 14

with the EPFO, 81,91,735 were from low-wage earners, earning less than ₹15,000 a month.

Gangwar said in order to ameliorate the hardships faced by the labourers, the labour and employment ministry, as part of the Pradhan Mantri Garib Kalyan Yojana and Atmanirbhar Bharat, took various measures that include non-refundable Covid advance from the EPF by amending the EPF Scheme, 1952. Under the scheme, non-refundable advances were provided to EPF members not exceeding the basic wages and dearness allowances for three months or up to 75% of the amount in the members' EPF account, whichever is less.

The dispute resolution scheme meant for direct taxes was passed as an Act earlier this year but the deadline for the scheme to avail concessional settlement provision has since been extended to December 31 due to Covid-19.

In a separate question, the minister said of the total 1,04,05,051 claims raised

Over 35k direct tax disputes resolved

FE BUREAU
New Delhi, September 14

THE GOVERNMENT ON

Monday said that 35,074 direct tax-related disputes have been resolved under the Vivad se Vishwas scheme as on September 8. This is even as nearly 6 lakh such cases are pending in different forums, including commission of appeals, tribunals, high courts and the Supreme Court.

The dispute resolution scheme meant for direct taxes was passed as an Act earlier this year but the deadline for the scheme to avail concessional settlement provision has since been extended to December 31 due to Covid-19.

In case the appeal is filed by the department, the taxpayers choosing to settle dispute and make payment before December 31 will only have to pay half the disputed amount while penalty and interest would be

wedged off. However, if the case is related to dispute of penalty and interest then only 12.5% of the amount is payable.

If a taxpayer makes the payment after the deadline, the scheme will still be operational but its terms would be less attractive. For instance, taxpayers will pay 55% of the disputed amount even though penalty and interest would still be waived off. If dispute pertains to penalty and interest then payment for settlement is pegged at 15%.

The terms of the scheme change for appeals that are filed by taxpayers and also for cases involving search and seizure. Some cases have been excluded from the scheme.

At the current rate of using ventilators — 2.6% of Covid-affected need ventilation in the capital — the 1,222 ventilators will all be occupied in another 14-15 days.

and the share is over 80% in the case of ventilators in private hospitals.

Delhi has a total of 1,074 ICU beds, of which 796 are occupied right now. Given that 2.8% of Delhi's active cases need ICUs — and keeping in mind the number of patients who recover every day — this means Delhi will run out of ICUs in 9-10 days; that is why the government has asked hospitals to dedicate more of their ICUs to Covid-19 patients.

At the current rate of using ventilators — 2.6% of Covid-affected need ventilation in the capital — the 1,222 ventilators will all be occupied in another 14-15 days.

payable to only one family member at a time.

According to the new EPS system being proposed, at the age of superannuation, the corpus accumulated in individual pension accounts shall be utilised to pay monthly pension in accordance with an actuarial-based option table to be notified by the government from time to time in consultation with the actuary. Family pension shall be payable on member's death to widow, orphan, dependent father or dependent mother, in that order. Family pension will be

payable to only one family member at a time.

EPS is under the exempt-exempt system of taxation, meaning no tax payable at the three stages of contribution, accumulation and withdrawal.

In line with its intent to rationalise the EPF and attune it to the market, the government in the Budget for FY17, proposed that withdrawal above 40% of the accumulated EPF corpus will be taxed. It, however, had to roll back the proposal due to a backlash from the salaried taxpayers.

But the effort to streamline the taxation system for pension

Over 1 crore migrant workers returned to home states since lockdown began

FE BUREAU
New Delhi, September 14

ATOTAL OF

1.04 crore migrant workers returned to their home states since a nationwide lockdown was first imposed on March 25 to curb the spread of the coronavirus, Parliament was informed on Monday.

Replies to a written question in the Lok Sabha on Monday on the migrant workers, perhaps the worst hit in the pandemic, labour minister Santosh Gangwar, however, said the government has not done any assessment on the job loss among the migrant workers due to the pandemic.

Also, it does not have any data on the number of migrant workers who lost their lives during their return journey and as such "question does not arise" on providing any compensation to the victim's family.

The Indian Railway has operated more than 4,611 Shramik Special Trains for convenience of the workers. More

than 63.07 lakh migrant workers have been shifted to various destinations located in Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, Jharkhand, Odisha, Madhya Pradesh and other states," the minister said, adding that they were provided with food and water free of cost during their journey.

The minister's answer, however, did not make it clear what mode of transport others used to go back to their respective states.

Of the total returnee migrant workers, 32.5 lakh followed by 15 lakh to Bihar, 14 lakh to West Bengal and 13 lakh to Rajasthan, among others.

EPS overhaul: Personal pension accounts on cards

The government is acutely aware that the 'administered' EPF interest rate is in conflict with its policy intent to align all fixed-income instruments, including small savings schemes, with market dynamics; the smaller the EPF size, the lesser the distortion and attendant costs. The EPFO, whose corpus still has less than 5% exposure to equity investments, is struggling to release interest amounts to its subscribers for FY20, after it approved a rate of 8.5%, one of the highest among all fixed income instruments.

According to the proposal, the individualised pension accounts will be created out of 'defined contribution', which will be 8.33% of the employer's share of basic salary-plus-DA, for those with salary above the statutory limit of ₹15,000 a month. For workers with salary up to the statutory ceiling of ₹15,000 a month, the defined contribution will include the employer's contribution of 8.33% (which by definition can't exceed ₹1,250 a month) plus the centre's contribution of 1.16% (which by definition can't exceed ₹174 a month).

The Centre will cease to contribute to pension of employees with salary above ₹15,000 per month (currently, it contributes 1.16% subject to a cap of ₹174 per month to the

EPS pool on behalf of all 4.5 crore EPF subscribers, irrespective of their income levels).

The proposal was scheduled to be discussed and decided upon at last week's meeting of the board of trustees of the EPFO, but due to stiff opposition from representatives of trade unions, it had to be dropped. Sources said the matter will again be taken up at the board's December meeting.

The government is keen to mitigate the apparent conflict between the sovereign's interest to keep its borrowing cost low and the need to draw high returns on investments

Agri marketing reforms: Three Bills tabled in House

FE BUREAU
New Delhi, September 14

THE GOVERNMENT ON Monday introduced three Bills in Parliament which seek to replace the recent ordinances to allow barrier-free inter-state trading of farm goods and contract farming.

The roll-out of the laws heralded a transition of India's agri-marketing as signs of a weakening of the Agriculture Produce Marketing Committee (APMC) networks are now seen across major farm production centres, which may bolster bargaining strength of farmers.

Introducing two of these bills — The Farmers' Produce Trade and Commerce (Promotion and Facilitation) Bill, 2020 and



BILLS INTRODUCED

- The Farmers' Produce Trade and Commerce (Promotion and Facilitation) Bill, 2020
- The Farmers (Empowerment and Protection) Agreement on Price Assurance and Farm Services Bill, 2020
- The Essential Commodities (Amendment) Bill, 2020

space of the notified market yards under the State APMC Act. It has become necessary to enact Central legislation to provide a more competitive and hassle-free eco-system where farmers and traders have the choice to sell their products in an efficient, transparent and competitive environment to realise remunerative prices," Tomar said.

The Farmers' Produce Trade and Commerce (Promotion and Facilitation) Bill, 2020 provides for freedom of choice to the farmer or trader to conduct trade and commerce while any trader having a permanent account number (PAN) is allowed to buy directly from farmers. The Farmers (Empowerment and Protection) Agreement on Price Assurance and Farm Services Bill, 2020 allows farmers to get a share of post-

contract price surge after they sign agreements of contract farming with private players. Also, they will have the cover of the minimum guaranteed price if open market/mandi rates fall drastically.

Separately, Raosaheb Patil Danve, minister of state for consumer affairs and food, also introduced The Essential Commodities (Amendment) Bill, 2020 in the Lok Sabha.

Tomar also said that the Covid-19 pandemic and the nationwide lockdown threw up challenges to the agriculture sector and impacted the livelihood of farmers. "As the sector has immense potential to make a significant contribution to the economic growth, there was a need to find long-term solutions for farmers and for agriculture as a whole," he said.

While six more states are likely to convey their borrowing preference sometime this week, many states, including Punjab, Kerala, Tamil Nadu, West Bengal and Delhi, have objected to the idea of market borrowing. A few other states have also expressed their views on the plan without indicating a preferred option.

Bihar deputy chief minister Sushil Kumar Modi told FE that the state would borrow its quota of about ₹3,000 crore compensation and has conveyed this to the GST Council. "It is imperative that we get the money as soon as possible at a time of fund crunch where no compensation has been paid to us for April-July period." GST compensation is paid to states on a bi-monthly basis.

Another state government official said that the Council can continue to engage with those who are either opposed to the plan or unable to decide on one of the options but the disbursement should start for states which have decided. The next GST Council meeting is now scheduled for October 5.

Minister for state for finance Anurag Thakur said in

GST shortfall: States willing to borrow want process to start soon

SUMIT JHA
New Delhi, September 14

THE STATES THAT have opted for exercising the borrowing options suggested by the Centre to make good their GST revenue shortfall want the process to start without having to wait for the states that are not in favour of the plan. As many as 12 states have agreed to borrow according to the 'option 1' presented to them in the last GST Council meeting.

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"It is imperative that we get the money as soon as possible at a time of fund crunch where no compensation has been paid to us for April-July period." GST compensation is paid to states on a bi-monthly basis.

The 12 states ready to borrow are Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Gujarat, Haryana, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh, Meghalaya, Sikkim, Tripura, UP, Uttarakhand and Odisha. Manipur has chosen the 'option 2' of the borrowing plan. Six states, including Goa, Assam, Arunachal Pradesh, Nagaland, Mizoram and Himachal Pradesh, will also borrow but are likely to indicate their preferred option this week.

The 'option 1' of the borrowing plan allows states to



As many as 12 states have agreed to borrow according to the 'option 1' presented to them in the last GST Council meeting. MoS for finance Anurag Thakur said the compensation dues to states for April-July stood at ₹1.51 lakh crore

a written reply tabled in Parliament on Monday that provisional GST compensation dues to the states for April-July stood at ₹1,51,365 crore.

The average monthly GST collection in April-August was down by nearly 30% compared with the same period a year ago.

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The 'option 1' of the borrowing plan allows states to

borrow an aggregate amount of ₹97,000 crore through a central-assisted special window to ensure interest rates are at G-sec level. The option comes with no interest or principal repayment burden on the state and would also not reflect as states' debt in their books. Further, it also allows states to

carry forward to next year any unutilised borrowing of 2 percentage point.

While the 'option 1' amount has been arrived at considering the shortfall only due to GST implementation but the total shortfall in states' GST mop-up from a guaranteed 14% y-o-y growth is esti-

mated at ₹2.35 lakh crore. The second borrowing option is for this amount but it comes with the burden of interest payment. Further, the amount over ₹97,000 crore would be considered states' debt and there will not be any carry forward of the borrowing limit not used this year.

PC Jeweller Limited

Extract of un-audited consolidated financial results for the quarter ended June 30, 2020

S. No.	Particulars	Quarter Ended 30.06.2020	Year Ended 31.03.2020	Quarter Ended 30.06.2019
		Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited
1.	Total Income from Operations	60.87	5206.77	1411.45
2.	Net (Loss)/Profit for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(76.46)	125.32	64.97
3.	Net (Loss)/Profit for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(76.46)	125.32	64.97
4.	Net (Loss)/Profit for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(73.55)	83.04	39.21
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising (Loss)/Profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(78.85)	96.49	38.30
6.	Equity Share Capital	395.00	395.00	394.65
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year	-	3608.02	-
8.	Earnings Per Share (of Rs.10/- each)	(Not annualised)	(Annualised)	(Not annualised)
1.	1. Basic:	(1.86)	2.10	1.04
2.	Diluted:	(1.86)	2.10	1.04

Key figures of Un-audited standalone financial results:

S. No.	Particulars	Quarter Ended 30.06.2020	Year Ended 31.03.2020	Quarter Ended 30.06.2019
		Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited
1.	Total Income from Operations	46.54	4938.59	1348.59
2.	Net (Loss)/Profit for the period before tax	(80.91)	123.54	74.30
3.	Net (Loss)/Profit for the period after tax	(78.04)	78.50	48.11

Note:

The above is an extract of the detailed format of financial results for the quarter ended June 30, 2020 filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the financial results for the quarter ended June 30, 2020 are available on the websites of BSE Limited (www.bseindia.com), National Stock Exchange of India Limited (www.nseindia.com) and on the website of the Company at the URL <https://corporate.pcjeweller.com/financial-results-and-annual-report/>.

For and on behalf of the Board

PC Jeweller Limited

Sd/-

Balram Garg

(Managing Director)

DIN: 00032083

Place: New Delhi

Date: September 14, 2020

Regd. Office: C-54, Preet Vihar, Vikas Marg, Delhi - 110092, CIN: L36911DL2005PLC134929

Phone: 011-49714971, Fax: 011-49714972, Website: www.pcjeweller.com, e-mail: investors@pcjeweller.com

स्टील अथॉरिटी ऑफ इण्डिया लिमिटेड STEEL AUTHORITY OF INDIA LIMITED

CIN: L27109DL1973GO1006454

REGISTERED OFFICE: ISPAT BHAWAN, LODI ROAD, NEW DELHI - 110 003

Tel: +91-11-24367481, Fax: +91-11-24367015, E-mail: investor.relation@sail.in, Website: www.sail.co.in

Reinforcing the Vision of Atmanirbhar Bharat



Extract of Standalone Unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter ended 30th June, 2020

Sl. No.	Particulars	STANDALONE			
		Quarter ended		Year ended	
		30 th June, 2020	31 st March, 2020	30 th June, 2019	31 st March, 2020
1.	Total Income from Operations	9067.48	16171.79	14820.01	61660.55
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(1984.66)	4952.93	103.93	3942.42
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before Tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(1984.66)	4181.17	103.93	3170.66
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after Tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(1270.27)	2725.16	68.84	2021.54
5.	Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the period (comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	(1268.57)	2595.86	69.65	1905.83
6.	Paid-up Equity Share Capital (Face Value of ₹ 10/- each)	4130.53	4130.53	4130.53	4130.53
7.	Reserves excluding Revaluation Reserve				35646.85
8.	Earnings per equity share (of ₹10/- each) (not annualised)				
1.	1. Basic (₹)	(3.08)	6.60	0.17	4.89
2.	Diluted (₹)	(3.08)	6.60	0.17	4.89

Extract of Consolidated Unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter ended 30th June, 2020

Sl. No.	Particulars	CONSOLIDATED			

Companies

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 2020

Quick View



Tata Steel announces ₹235-cr bonus payout to employees for 2019-20

TATA STEEL ON Monday said it will pay ₹235.54 crore in bonus to its employees for FY 2019-20. A memorandum of settlement was signed on Monday between the management of Tata Steel and Tata Workers' Union (TWU) for the payment of the annual bonus, Tata Steel said. The memorandum was signed by Tata Steel CEO and managing director T V Narendran and TWU President R Ravi Prasad, it said.

SAIL reports ₹1,226-crore net loss in June quarter

DOMESTIC STEEL MAJOR SAIL on Monday posted a consolidated net loss of ₹1,226.47 crore for the first quarter ended June 30, mainly on account of reduced income. The firm had posted ₹102.68 crore net profit in the year-ago quarter, Steel Authority of India (SAIL) said in a BSE filing. Its total income stood at ₹11,325.10 crore as against ₹14,893.07 crore a year ago.

Langhard enters into JV with Divinity Studios

HOLLYWOOD'S ENTERTAINMENT POWERHOUSE Langhard announced its foray in the Asian territory, through a joint venture with the launch of Divinity Studios, to bring high quality-driven, engaging, and entertaining content under one umbrella for the Indian audiences. The joint venture will see the two entities develop, commission, produce, and distribute over 20 films / series in the next 36-45 months.

PhonePe in pact with BEST to provide safe payment

PHONEPE ANNOUNCED THAT it has partnered with Brihanmumbai Electricity Supply and Transport Undertaking (BEST), Mumbai to provide frictionless, contactless and safe payment options to commuters across Mumbai. Commuters who use these services everyday will now be able to pay fare through UPi based interoperable QR code without worrying about carrying cash or exact change for their fare.

Paytm arm ropes in Sachin as brand ambassador

PAYTM ANNOUNCED THAT its subsidiary Paytm First Games (PFG) has roped in global sporting legend Sachin Tendulkar as the brand ambassador.

Raymond Q1 net loss widens to ₹247.60 cr

RAYMOND ON MONDAY reported widening of its consolidated net loss to ₹247.60 crore in the first quarter ended June 2020, impacted by Covid-19 and subsequent lockdowns. It had a net loss of ₹12.20 crore during the June quarter of the previous fiscal, Raymond said in a regulatory filing.

Apollo Hospitals posts net loss of ₹149 cr

APOLLO HOSPITALS ENTERPRISE (AHEL) on Monday reported a net loss of ₹149.11 crore for the first quarter of FY21. The firm had ₹79.31-crore net profit in the year-ago period. Total income of the company was lower at ₹1,963 crore as compared to ₹2,234 crore, said a company regulatory filing with stock exchanges.

Dabur forays into edible oil segment

LEADING AYURVEDIC AND natural health care company Dabur India on Monday forayed into the edible oil segment with the launch of its cold pressed mustard oil. Dabur cold-pressed mustard oil has been launched exclusively on e-commerce platforms like Amazon and MilkBasket.

Amitabh Bachchan to lend voice on Alexa devices

MEGASTAR AMITABH BACHCHAN, has partnered with Amazon and will lend his voice for a unique user experience on Alexa-enabled devices. Amazon, in a blog post, said the company and Amitabh Bachchan have collaborated to create a unique celebrity voice experience.

DEAL TAKING OFF?

Govt weighs dropping debt condition in Air India sale

SIDDHARTHA SINGH & ANURAG KOTOKY
September 14

INDIA IS PROPOSING to drop a condition that the winning bidder for Air India will have to take on \$3.3 billion of aircraft debt, people with knowledge of the matter said, as the government struggles to sell the loss-making carrier kept afloat by taxpayer-funded bailouts.

Prime Minister Narendra Modi's administration is being advised to drop the rule on concern it will deter buyers, the people said, asking not to be identified as the proposal isn't public.

A group of bureaucrats has vetted the plan, and under the new proposition, potential buyers will be allowed to bid on the enterprise value and not on the entity value, the people said.

A renewed attempt to sell Air India, which hasn't made money since 2007, has been hurt by the pandemic, forcing the government to keep extending a deadline to bid. The offer, announced in January, was sweetened to pass on only the debt related to plane purchases to the new owner. The airline had ₹8.4 billion in total debt at the end of March, 2019 and posted a loss of \$1.2 billion that year – its highest ever.

Despite the losses, the airline has some lucrative assets which include prized slots at India's Tata Group.



London's choked Heathrow airport, a fleet of more than 100 planes and thousands of trained pilots and crew. The airline will have to shut down if it can't find a buyer, aviation minister Hardeep Singh Puri told the parliament last year. The new proposal sweetens the deal.

A spokesman for the aviation ministry referred queries to the department of investment and public asset management, a unit of the finance ministry. A finance ministry spokesman wasn't immediately available for comment. At least two previous attempts to sell the airline – once about two decades ago and another in 2018 – have flopped. In 2001, Singapore Airlines dropped its bid for a stake in Air India, citing political opposition as one of the reasons. The Southeast Asian carrier was seeking a 40% stake with India's Tata Group.

A group of bureaucrats has vetted the plan, and under the new proposition, potential buyers will be allowed to bid on the enterprise value and not on the entity value, the people said

Deadline extension

Potential buyers this time have requested the government to extend the deadline to submit initial bids due to the coronavirus pandemic, the government said last month. Tata SIA Airlines, a joint venture between Singapore Airlines and Tata Group which operates under the brand Vistara, is evaluating a possible bid, its chairman Chairman Bhaskar Bhat said earlier this year.

IndiGo, India's biggest airline that's operated by InterGlobe Aviation, showed interest in Air India's international operations and low-cost carrier Air India Express in a previous offer to sell, but it pulled out saying the no-frills airline is unable to buy and turn around Air India's operations in their entirety. Indian officials met with as many as nine companies during roadshows to gauge interest in a stake sale including British Airways' parent IAG SA, IndiGo, SpiceJet as well as the Tata Group, Bloomberg News reported earlier this year.

—BLOOMBERG

IPL 2020

Tata Altroz is official partner for upcoming T20, Dream11 IPL'20

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, September 14

TATA MOTORS ON Monday said its premium hatchback, Altroz will be an official partner for the upcoming T20 cricket, Dream11 Indian Premier League (IPL) 2020.

The Altroz follows in the path of its stablemates, the Nexon and the Harrier, both of which have been the tournament's official partners, during the 2018 and the 2019 seasons, respectively, Tata Motors said.

Commenting on the development, Tata Motors Head, Marketing Passenger Vehicle Business Unit (PVBU) Vivek Srivatsa said: "The festive season has kicked in well for us and IPL is nothing short of a festival for the cricket fans across the country. We are elated to be back for the third consecutive year with IPL..." He further said: "At Tata Motors, we have always innovatively engaged with the consumers at large, the current need for which is more pronounced than ever before."

The company has elaborate plans to capture the viewer's attention who will be virtually supporting their favourite teams, on-air and across digital platforms, Srivatsa added.

"We are positive to drive tremendous value from this association and hope to



share the joy of watching live cricket with the fans yet again," he said.

IPL chairman Brijesh Patel said: "Tata Motors has been the official partners since 2018 and our relationship with them continues to grow. Over the last two years, we have seen Tata Motors do some great activations for fans."

Patel further said: "In this challenging and unprecedented year, I am looking forward to Tata Altroz embracing technology to engage IPL fans further. We look forward to delivering great value to Tata Motors in 2020 and growing our partnership further."

The IPL 2020 begins on September 19 and will be played across three venues, located in Dubai, Abu Dhabi & Sharjah, in the UAE, over a period of 50 days.

DP World ties up with RCB to act as logistics partner

DP WORLD HAS teamed up with Royal Challengers Bangalore (RCB) to act as a logistics partner of the Virat Kohli-led squad ahead of the commencement of the 13th edition of the Indian Premier League (IPL) in Dubai from September 19, a release said on Monday.

The T20 this year has moved to the UAE due to the rising COVID-19 cases in India.

"DP World and Royal Challengers Bangalore have signed a long-term sponsorship agreement, making DP World the global logistics partner of the team," DP World said. Under the partnership, the company will leverage its global logistics experience to support RCB in their logistics requirements.

With the decision to move the T20 tournament to the United Arab Emirates, the two parties are collaborating closely to ensure seamless movement and time-definite delivery of training gears as well as match kits from India to UAE, it said.

"We are thrilled to partner with Royal Challengers Bangalore... Given the added logistics complexities that are unique to this year's tournament, we at DP World have been able to leverage our global logistics experience to support RCB," said Rizwan Soomar, CEO & MD (subcontinent), DP World.

—PT



QUALITY OF BROADBAND

SK Gupta, secretary, Trai

I personally feel that singularly criticising the telecom service providers for not providing good quality of broadband may not be right. It is rather a group effort which can be done, so we can have a good-quality broadband

Ambani mulls putting SoftBank & Carlyle on hold for retail stake

BAJU KAESH, P R SANJAI & MAHMOUD HABBOUSH
New Delhi/Abu Dhabi, September 14

INVESTOR DEMAND FOR Reliance Industries's retail business is so strong that Carlyle Group and SoftBank Group are among those that have been put onto a waiting list, according to people familiar with the matter.

Carlyle and SoftBank have recently expressed interest in investing in Mukesh Ambani's Reliance Retail Ventures, said the people, who asked not to be identified as the information is private.

Reliance Industries (RIL) has asked the two companies to wait on the sideline since the Indian conglomerate is already in advanced talks with other financial investors, the people said.

Reliance is tapping the backers of its digital services business, which has secured \$20 billion in recent months, as it seeks funding for Reliance Retail.

Silver Lake Partners, an investor in Jio Platforms, last week agreed to chip in \$1 billion.

Other Jio investors, including private equity funds KKR & Co and L Catterton, are also considering investing, Bloomberg News has reported.

Abu Dhabi's Mubadala Investment, which is a Jio investor as well, is weighing an investment of about \$750 million in Reliance Retail, the people said. Abu Dhabi Investment Authority and Saudi Arabia's Public Investment Fund are also mulling investments, one of the people said.



The strong response from Jio's financial investors means there's not enough for others. Reliance Industries plans to sell about a 10% stake in Reliance Retail to financial investors and almost all the \$5.7 billion worth of shares have been taken up, the people said.

The largest allocation is reserved for Amazon.com, Bloomberg News reported last week. Ambani is offering to sell a roughly \$20 billion stake in the retail business to the US tech giant, which could be equivalent to as much as a 40% holding.

A deal, if successful, would be the biggest ever in India as well as for Amazon, according to data compiled by Bloomberg.

Potential investors including Carlyle and SoftBank could still get their hands on Reliance Retail shares should others cut their commitments, the people said. Negotiations are ongoing and could still be delayed or fall apart, the people said.

Representatives for Reliance, Carlyle, SoftBank, ADIA and Mubadala declined to comment, while a representative for PIF didn't immediately respond to requests for comment.



Neemuchwala will be working closely with the start-ups and provide the business network in Texas and other US sub-markets. Some of the start-ups in the DVP portfolio include Kore.ai, Altia Systems, Hyperverb, Felix Healthcare, CoreStack, Amplifai and Viviota. The firm has already generated a combined portfolio enterprise value of \$1 billion.

"As per Nasscom's recent reports on start-ups in India, more than 55,000 start-ups came up in the last five and a half years alone, out of which over 3,200 start-ups raised \$63 billion in funding. India currently contributes nearly 2% to the \$400-billion huge global SaaS market and this is a great opportunity in the post-covid times," Neemuchwala said. One of the recent exits for DVP was with Altia systems for \$125 million. It will continue to follow its 'invest, engage, collaborate, grow and exit' strategy with the new fund.

Supreme Court stays NGT fines on Tata Power, Vedanta, others

SRINATH SRINIVASAN
Bengaluru, September 14

DALLAS VENTURE PARTNERS (DVP) ON Monday announced its plans for investing in start-ups in India and Dallas, Texas, in the US. A fund of \$300-500 million will be invested over a period of 10 years on early stage and growth stage companies working in cloud infrastructure, artificial intelligence/machine learning, mobile and other emerging technology spaces. This will largely fall under B2B SaaS (software as a service) model. The firm was previously known as Naya ventures.

Former Wipro CEO and MD Abidali Neemuchwala, who is based in Dallas, Texas, has also joined the fund with Dayakar Puskoor, managing director of DVP. The venture capital firm has around 20 start-ups in its portfolio across Chennai, Bengaluru and Texas, and aims to increase this number to over 100 via the newly announced fund.

"We will be looking to create \$7-10 billion in enterprise value and focusing on creating global unicorns from India," said Neemuchwala. Speaking on the occasion Puskoor said, "a majority of startups require a second act during their growth stage. Our ticket size will range from \$2 - 10 million in both early and growth stage startups."



appointed the joint committee, which has representatives from the MoEF and various other ministries of power, coal, housing and urban affairs, Central Pollution Control Board and the Odisha State Pollution Control Board, was contrary to the statutory mandate where setting up of a statutory expert committee and monitoring committee is provided for monitoring implementation of the notification.

It further alleged that there is no evaluation on case-to-case basis of the steps being taken by TPPs in compliance of the MoEF notification as directed by the SC. Besides there has been no determination of nature of breach on the basis of obligation cast on various parties under the MoEF notification for 100% utilisation of fly ash, Vedanta added.

While stating that the tribunal had only examined the facts pertaining to pollution caused by TPPs in Singrauli and Sonebhadra districts, the appeal filed through counsel Divya Roy argued that "the defaults and environmental damage caused by TPP ought not to have been taken as the yardstick for arriving at a conclusion regarding fly ash utilisation by all other TPPs including Vedanta and imposing environmental compensation."

Besides a thermal power plant of 2400 MW capacity operational since August 2010, Vedanta also has two captive power plants of 1215 MW and 75 MW capacities for its aluminium smelter refinery.

As per the MoEF notifications of 1999, 2003 and 2009, fly ash can be used in construction activity like road laying, embankments or used as land fill to reclaim lowlying areas including backfilling in abandoned mines or pitheads or for any such other use as permitted strictly in accordance with the provisions of notifications.

Grasim capex plan for FY21 calibrated to ₹1,615 cr: KM Birla

FE BUREAU
Mumbai, September 14

KUMAR MANGALAM BIRLA, chairman of Grasim Industries, said on Monday that the company's capex plan for the financial year 2020-2021 has been calibrated to ₹1,615 crore while the firm has decided to continue the Vilayat VSF (viscose staple fibre) brownfield expansion with revised timelines.

Addressing the shareholders at the company's 73rd annual general meeting, Birla said across the businesses, Grasim's fixed costs have reduced by 35% in Q1, which amounts to savings of ₹256 crore compared to the FY20 quarterly average.

Commenting on India's economy, he said that contraction in GDP during the first quarter of FY21 was expected. "Despite Q1 GDP slump, activity levels are normalising. Confident that India's long-term growth potential remains intact despite the Covid



setback," Birla said.

With the restart of operations post-lockdown, Birla said Grasim was able to swiftly improve capacity utilisation in most of the major plants to over 75% within the June quarter. "Both the VSF and chemicals businesses are now operating at about 80% of pre-Covid capacity. We expect to be back to pre-Covid capacity by Q4," he said. Meanwhile, pulp and fibre business forayed into antimicrobial fibre. The fabric produced using the special fibre inherently possesses antimicrobial properties, he said.

Vodafone Idea had posted one of its biggest losses during the April-June quarter at ₹25,467 crore, largely due to provisioning for AGR dues. Operationally, Vodafone Idea has continued to lose market share.

Vodafone Idea launches GIGAnet

FE BUREAU
Mumbai, September 14

VI, THE UNIFIED brand of Vodafone Idea announced the launch of GIGAnet, the largest network integration done through spectrum refarming exercise, company said on Monday. Calling it to be the strongest 4G network, the company said it will enable users to get ahead by staying connected.



National Engineers' Day

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Engineering is a way of thinking

Celebrated in the memory of Sir M Visvesvaraya, one of India's finest engineers of all times, National Engineers' Day celebrates the noble profession of engineering and its various contributions to mankind

BORN ON September 15, 1861, in Muddenhalli village of Karnataka, the Bharat Ratna awardee Sir Mokshagundam Visvesvaraya was a stellar Indian civil engineer of his time. He contributed significantly to India's progress and went on to become the country's "most prolific civil engineer, dam builder, economist, statesman, and can be counted among the last century's foremost nation-builders." He studied Bachelor of Arts (BA) from the University of Madras and pursued civil engineering at the College of Engineering, Pune. Among his notable contributions are the construction of the Krishna Raja Sagara Dam in Mysore as well as the flood protection system for the city of Hyderabad. While he was the chief engineer for the former, he was the chief designer for the latter.

"Known world over for his contribution to harnessing water resources, Visvesvaraya was, among other things, responsible for the building and consolidation of dams across the country. He is also credited with inventing the Block System — automated doors that close in the conditions of overflow." Well-known for his sincerity, time management and dedication to his cause, Sir M Visvesvaraya "implemented an intricate system of irrigation in the Deccan Plateau, and designed and patented a system of automatic weir water floodgates that were first installed in 1903 at Khadakwasla Reservoir near Pune. These gates raised the storage level in the reservoir to the highest level likely to be attained without causing damage to the dam."

Honouring Sir M Visvesvaraya's innovative and novel engineering solutions, every year our country celebrates National Engineers Day on September 15, as a tribute towards his remarkable achievements for the betterment of our society. "Due to his outstanding contribution to the society, Government of India conferred 'Bharat Ratna' on this legend in the year 1955. He was also awarded the British knighthood by King George V, and hence has the honorific 'sir'."

It is a given that for growth of our society and its success in various realms, engineering as a profession is of immense importance to mankind. Since time immemorial, engineers have put their efforts in "transforming the theoretical to the practical for the betterment of all." The term engineering is derived from the Latin ingenium, meaning "cleverness" and ingeniare, meaning "to contrive, devise".

As per The American Engineers' Council for Professional Development (ECPD, the predecessor of ABET), "engineering" is defined as: "The creative application of scientific principles to design or develop structures, machines, apparatus, or manufacturing processes, or works utilizing them singly or in combination; or to construct or operate the same with full cognizance of their design; or to forecast their behavior under specific operating conditions; all as respects an intended function, economics of operation and safety to life and property."

As a profession, engineering has been a key driver of innovation and human development. The modern world is governed by innovations and majority of today's products and services have "some element of engineering involved in their conception at least, paving the way to long, fulfilling and healthy lives for the people influenced by them."

Infused with creativity, capability and blessed with a wealth of knowledge, engineers don't sit back and relax until and unless they've found solutions to the problems persisting in the society today. Today, the world is changing rapidly, and much of these changes are brought about by engineers. In this increasingly advanced world, engineers apply the principles of mathematics and sci-



IN THIS INCREASINGLY ADVANCED WORLD, ENGINEERS APPLY THE PRINCIPLES OF MATHEMATICS AND SCIENCE TO DEVELOP SOLUTIONS TO CONQUER CHALLENGING ISSUES AND PROBLEMS



ence to develop solutions to conquer challenging issues and problems, thus bringing an idea into a reality. Their satisfaction rests on the fact that they have done and achieved something "that's going to impact people's lives for the better."

Offering a variety of specialties and diverse career options, the demand for pursuing engineering has always seen an uptick among students. Being a well-paid profession, engineering always attracts students as they find it as a meaningful career choice.

The field of engineering offers a vast scope to students interested in pursuing it as a career option. Depending upon what entities and fasci-

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Opinion

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 2020



CONTROLLING THE SPREAD
Union health minister Harsh Vardhan
We are in the stage of unlock to revive the economy and it is important that sustained community support is ensured consistently to control the spread of Covid-19 infection and break its chain of transmission

BSNL can't be a pawn in the battle against China

Even if Chinese vendors were to be banned, what was the need to cancel the tender and then to delay the new one?

GIVEN THE UNENDING Chinese hostilities in Ladakh, it is not surprising that the government should want to ensure that telecom PSU BSNL's 4G tender does not go to a Chinese vendor like Huawei. Indeed, several other contracts where Chinese firms were involved have been cancelled, and the government has, in three tranches, even banned various Chinese apps. But, the question is whether the tender needed to be cancelled altogether; couldn't BSNL be allowed to proceed with the tender with the rider that no Chinese firms would be allowed to participate? After all, while Chinese firms are amongst the most competitive in the world, it is not as if there aren't other suppliers; firms like Nokia and Ericsson come to mind immediately. It has been nearly six months since the tender was first floated—it was subsequently cancelled—and it is still not clear how long it will take for a new tender to be finalised and then acted upon.

Indeed, even before the Chinese angle came in, the tender seemed to be in trouble with some local vendors complaining that they had been shut out thanks to its turnover requirements. Indeed, now that the tender has been cancelled, the government has decided that the initial plan of getting a telecom equipment supplier to roll out the 4G network is no longer good enough. Instead, BSNL will go in for a mix-and-match approach; it will buy equipment from different suppliers—this will allow smaller Indian vendors to participate in the tender—and appoint a system-integrator to put it together. It is true that this is being tried out by some companies; indeed, in India, Rjio has announced that it will set up its own 5G network.

A solution like this may be a good idea for a firm that has well-established project execution capabilities and which can, in case things go wrong, afford the time that it takes to fix things. Time, however, is something BSNL simply doesn't have, and that is why it needs to deal with one telecom equipment vendor with a well-established record of delivering networks on time. In the last five years, from FY15 to FY19, BSNL's turnover has fallen from ₹28,645 crore to ₹18,865 crore, and its losses have risen from ₹8,234 crore to ₹13,804 crore. Indeed, even at the time the government announced a ₹70,000 crore bailout package for BSNL-MTNL, it was always clear a recovery was going to be an uphill task; and also that the ₹70,000 crore number being talked about was actually an understatement. Had the two PSUs paid for the renewal of their 900 MHz spectrum last year, this would have cost them around ₹27,000 crore or so. Similarly, while the 80% increase in revenues assumed by FY25—over the likely FY20 revenue—in the BSNL-MTNL recovery plan itself is optimistic, this means BSNL-MTNL returning to profitability only in FY24. But, if a year is lost in the new tendering process, that will push BSNL-MTNL's revival that much further down the road. In the mid-2000s, BSNL lost its premier position in rural mobile telephony precisely because it was asked to cancel two of its tenders and to rebid them when firms argued the tenders discriminated against them. The last thing a government trying to revive BSNL-MTNL should be doing is to slow down its network addition at a time when it so desperately needs to be able to offer 4G connections to subscribers.

Stop airport monopolies

Govt must put a cap on how many airports a firm can own

WHILE ENTREPRENEURSHIP IS to be encouraged in any economy, facilitating monopolistic trends can be harmful not merely for consumers using the concerned products or services but also for other stakeholders operating in the particular ecosystem. The absence of competition, in any sector, is unhealthy, and it is the responsibility of sector regulators to ensure there are enough players in the space and that there is a level playing field. Again, the regulator must regulate fairly else the troubles of smaller stakeholders and consumers could be compounded; going by past evidence, few regulators in India have done much to encourage competition or to take action against those abusing their dominant positions.

In this context, it is somewhat surprising that little has been done to prevent a single player from acquiring control over a chain of airports across the country. Having successfully bid for six airports, the Adani group has now taken over the Mumbai airport, thanks to the inability of the GVK Group to retain control over the asset. It is unfortunate that the GVK Group received no support to help it overcome the stress due to the stringent lockdown enforced by the Centre. At a time when banks are working to help scores of promoters revive their businesses, by recasting loans and offering moratoriums, the GVK Group, which has been running the Mumbai airport for years, could surely have been given some support; indeed, the probe by central investigative agencies into its operations need not have disrupted negotiations with lenders and investors.

With one of the country's busiest airports, and licences for more under its belt, the Adani Group will enjoy enormous clout. Indeed, it is somewhat disconcerting to think the group will also be operating the Navi Mumbai airport. It is time the regulator revisited the rule of the ROFR—or the right of first refusal—because it is somewhat unfair to the competition not to be allowed to bid in the first round. Indeed, if the same operator controls two large airports—in close proximity—as is the case in Mumbai, it would also hurt other stakeholders. Already, customers are suffering because the business models—based on revenue sharing—are skewed in favour of promoters. Today, customers have no option but to bear the higher charges that airports levy—as user development fees—to recoup revenues. A regime in which there is just one dominant player with a disproportionate market-share will leave the other stakeholders—retailers and providers of other services—with very little bargaining power. Without undermining the financial muscle or the strategic acumen of the Adani Group, building six airports is not an easy task. The country should not find itself in a situation where it is short of infrastructure because the build-out of the airports has been delayed.

Breaks IT

That is what the UK's new draft law does to Brexit agreement with the EU, by disregarding the Northern Ireland protocol

WHAT IF THERE is a contract and then one party unilaterally changes it? That may not only be legally challengeable, it would perhaps make everybody else wary of entering into a contract with a malevolent party. That is exactly what stares the UK in the face, thanks to the Boris Johnson-led Conservative government introducing a Bill giving itself powers to fundamentally alter an area over which it has already ended negotiations with the European Union as part of the Brexit agreement. The Johnson-led government's Internal Market Bill, which "reinterprets the arrangements for Northern Ireland under the Brexit agreement with the EU" will break international law. What's more, the government even admitted this in the House of Commons—the Northern Ireland secretary told the UK parliament that the Bill "does break international law in a very specific and limited way" and that the government was "taking the powers to disapply the EU law concept of direct effect". Experts believe the move could bury Brexit talks, which had only recently restarted, apart from having implications for how the global community views the UK's trustworthiness.

Indeed, the move is considered so questionable that three former Conservative prime ministers, including Johnson's immediate predecessors (in that order) Theresa May and David Cameron, have come out against the move. While party members and government committee members have voiced strong opposition, the Johnson administration nevertheless seems quite intent upon it—indeed, the text of the draft legislation bluntly says that the Bill's provisions "are not to be regarded as unlawful on the grounds of any incompatibility or inconsistency with relevant international or domestic law..." How this affects the Brexit talks remain to be seen, but what this does set a precedent for countries to walk out of all manner of international agreements.

RBI WILL LIKELY CONTINUE TO PROVIDE A SOFT CAP TO 10-YR GSEC YIELDS, BUT AGGRESSIVE OUTRIGHT PURCHASES MAY HAVE TO WAIT UNTIL INFLATIONARY PRESSURE RECESSES

New twists and turns for RBI's playbook

BACK IN MAY 2020, we stated that RBI had outlined a more realistic borrowing plan to increase the full-year issuance of Gsec for FY20/21 by ₹4.2trn to ₹12trn. However, since then the growth outlook has turned even weaker (GDP 2Q2020: -23.9% y-o-y, consensus: -18.0% y-o-y) and the centre's tax collection is running far below the February budget numbers, suggesting that the additional borrowings announced in May will largely cover the tax revenue shortfall. And, it is not just the central government, but state governments that also face increasing pressure to borrow more. The central government has proposed that state governments could cover the estimated ₹2.35trn shortfall in GST compensation, either through a partial borrowing of ₹970bn via RBI's special window or through market borrowings.

Moreover, fiscal support is likely to be needed, given the rising growth headwinds worsening the fiscal outlook. Consequently, we raise our estimate of combined net supply of Gsec and State Development Loans (SDLs) to ₹19trn (Gsec: ₹11.7trn, SDL: ₹7.3trn) from ₹15.9trn (Gsec: ₹9.6trn, SDL: ₹6.3trn). We expect full-year gross Gsec borrowings to be increased by another ₹2trn, from ₹12trn to ₹14trn. RBI will announce the borrowing calendar for the H2FY20/21 (October 1 2020 to 31 March 2021) by end September.

For state governments, gross issuance will depend on the proportion of SDL repayments met by the Consolidated Sinking Fund (CSF). State government gross borrowings in H2FY20/21 will reach ₹4.85trn, and states will need to issue at least ₹200bn of SDLs every week in H2FY20/21 vs ₹120-160bn now.

To some relief, Gsec issuance has been quite aggressively front-loaded in the first half of the year with regular exercise of green-shoe options for a total amount ₹720bn. As such, ₹7.06trn of Gsec have already been issued and with

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two remaining auctions in September, the gross Gsec issuance will reach at least ₹7.66trn by the end of September. This means that gross Gsec issuance of ₹6.34trn will be needed in the second half of the fiscal year and supply at weekly Gsec auctions will fall to around ₹250bn (vs ₹300-340bn now) in H2FY20/21 even if the additional Gsec borrowing of ₹2trn is announced.

However, we note that demand dynamics for Gsecs are likely to be more challenging in the second half of the year. We also note that increasing share of SDLs in combined net supply in H2FY20/21 is likely to lead to a widening of the spread between SDL and Gsec yields unless RBI announces additional measures to reduce the SDL supply at auctions.

Where is the demand for bonds?

We estimate that at least ₹12.5trn of ₹19trn combined net supply in FY20/21 will need to be absorbed by commercial banks and RBI. Banks have already net added ₹3.8trn to their government debt holding (i.e. SDL and Gsecs) in H1FY20/21 so far. RBI bought sizeable amount of Treasury bills in April and May while it purchased only ₹470bn of Gsec through five operation twist. RBI's Gsec holdings are going to further increase by another ₹100bn with upcoming operation twist on September 17. But this still means that additional net combined supply of at least ₹8.1trn will need to be absorbed by RBI and banks during the rest of FY20/21.

The central bank will continue to do

so through 'Operation Twist', but any outright purchases of Gsec by RBI will require the liquidity to normalise first or concerns around inflation to recede. What is needed is better management of duration supply while banks can further scale-up their SLR holdings with investments in short-dated bonds. The central bank can also to take out duration from the markets through operation twist auctions and increase its holdings of Gsecs, but such operations are constrained by RBI's treasury bill holdings.

SLR holdings of banks have reached 29% of Net Demand and Time Liabilities (NDTL) on the back of aggressive buying of government debt by banks. It is not unreasonable to assume that further aggressive increase in SLR holdings of banks up to 32% of NDTL can create additional net demand of up to ₹7trn for government debt from banks. The remaining supply-demand gap of ₹1.1trn will need to be bridged by either the central bank or by other sets of investors that may be willing to scale up their investments with higher bond yields.

We also note that banks will be reluctant to take duration risks with interest rates close to bottoming out and policy backdrop becoming more uncertain with rising inflation and fiscal headwinds. This implies the need for a certain shift in issuance strategy.

Higher short-dated issuance and more operation twist

Banks are now allowed to hold more SLR securities (which include Gsecs and SDLs) on their held-to-maturity (HTM) book. Previously, banks could hold investments in excess of HTM cap (i.e. 25% of investments) provided that excess investments are in SLR securities not exceeding the overall limit of 19.5% of NDTL. But, this limit has been increased to 22% from 19.5% effective from September 1, which is equivalent to ₹3.5trn.

In H2FY20/21, we think that the proportion of bonds (both Gsecs and SDLs) in less than 5-year maturity tenors will need to be increased to 30-40% so that such supply can be easily absorbed by banks. In comparison, over 26% of issuance at Gsec auctions and 25% of SDL issuance in H1FY20/21 so far has



Lagarde has bigger problems than the €

A strong euro is far from being the most dangerous threat. More alarming is the resurgence of the virus on the continent

FERNANDO GIUGLIANO

Bloomberg

THE EUROPEAN CENTRAL Bank (ECB) has a problem, and, no, it is not the exchange rate. The recent appreciation of the euro may have caught all the headlines, but it pales in comparison with the broader challenge the pandemic poses for monetary policy. Rather than simply talking down the currency, the ECB must take more substantive steps to support economic growth and lift inflation back to target.

Since the start of the summer, the euro has soared to nearly \$1.20, its highest level in more than two years. A stronger currency can damage growth, since it makes euro zone exports more expensive relative to other foreign goods. It also lowers import prices, pushing down the inflation rate. Last Thursday, ECB president Christine Lagarde presented the bank's new set of forecasts and explained that the stronger euro was one reason why inflation was expected to stay underneath the central bank's target of "below but close to 2%" in the coming years.

The ECB's governing council mentioned the euro in the introductory statement that accompanied Lagarde's press conference, but the president took some heat for not reassuring currency traders that the ECB would intervene if the euro did not pare its gains or, worse, continued to soar. The exchange rate against the dollar climbed throughout the day, causing some embarrassment.

And yet, keeping mum about the euro

was undoubtedly the right approach. As Lagarde mentioned, the ECB does not set a target for the exchange rate, but includes the strength of the currency in its analysis of inflation. The world's leading central bankers have long avoided explicitly referencing the need for a depreciation of their own currency for fear of sparking retribution from other countries. A full blown "currency war" would destabilise the global monetary system to the detriment of all.

Additionally, a strong euro is far from being the most dangerous threat to Europe's economic recovery. More alarming is the resurgence of the virus on the continent and the risk that it will require more draconian social-distancing measures. This will have an effect on how fast business and consumer confidence will return. The central bank must also consider the effectiveness of fiscal plans that governments will unveil in the autumn. Even if one were to concentrate solely on the euro zone's ability to export, the strength of overseas demand and the state of global trade will be more important than the future path of the exchange rate.

This is not to say that the ECB should be relaxed about the outlook. Lagarde was cautious, but optimistic in her press conference, noting "a strong rebound in activity". In a blog post on Friday, ECB chief economist Philip Lane was more wary, as he left the door open for a new

round of stimulus. However, given the central bank's admission it will fail to hit its inflation target by 2022, one wonders why it hasn't already announced a fresh set of measures.

The ECB probably wants to see more solid evidence of what is happening to the economy, and the coming weeks will provide better data to assess it. But to the extent that policymakers decide to act, they should not target the exchange rate alone. One possible approach would be to only consider reducing the deposit rate from its current level of -0.5% to, say, -0.6%, since this is the best way to affect the currency market. A deposit rate cut would make it more expensive for lenders to keep the money with the central bank, pushing them to move their money overseas.

But, if the generalised weakness in domestic and foreign demand persists, a better choice would be to accompany a rate cut with an expansion and extension of the asset purchase scheme launched to deal with the pandemic. Such a package of stimulus measures would pull several levers of economic activity, including exports.

It is fair to criticise the ECB for failing to act last week, but the reason cannot be the exchange rate. The euro zone will be in a very lucky position if a strong euro were its primary concern.

This column does not necessarily reflect the opinion of the editorial board or Bloomberg LP and its owners

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

On climate change

Climate change-induced adverse weather events manifested itself in a debilitating deluge, crippling droughts and forest fires have now become a ubiquitous phenomenon afflicting every part of the globe. No country can claim to be immune to catastrophic effects stemming out from climate change even as political leaders such as Donald Trump outrightly deny it and dub it as a hoax. The ongoing raging fires in the northern parts of the US, which included its largest state of California, has evoked the dark memories of an unprecedented apocalypse decimating larger parts of Amazon forest, considered as the lungs of the earth, in 2019. The blaze that now sweeps California is among 29 major wildfires burning from Oregon border to just north of Mexico. More than 12,500 square kilometres of forest have burned so far. While forest fires are mostly being counted as annual events in the scorching summer season, the ferocity and speed of fire and the resultant devastating impact it caused to biodiversity and human lives in places like California, Australia and in parts of South America is a stark reminder to the international community to get its act together to mitigate the adverse effects of climate change with the seriousness it truly deserves.

— M Jeyaram, Sholavandan

● Write to us at feletters@expressindia.com

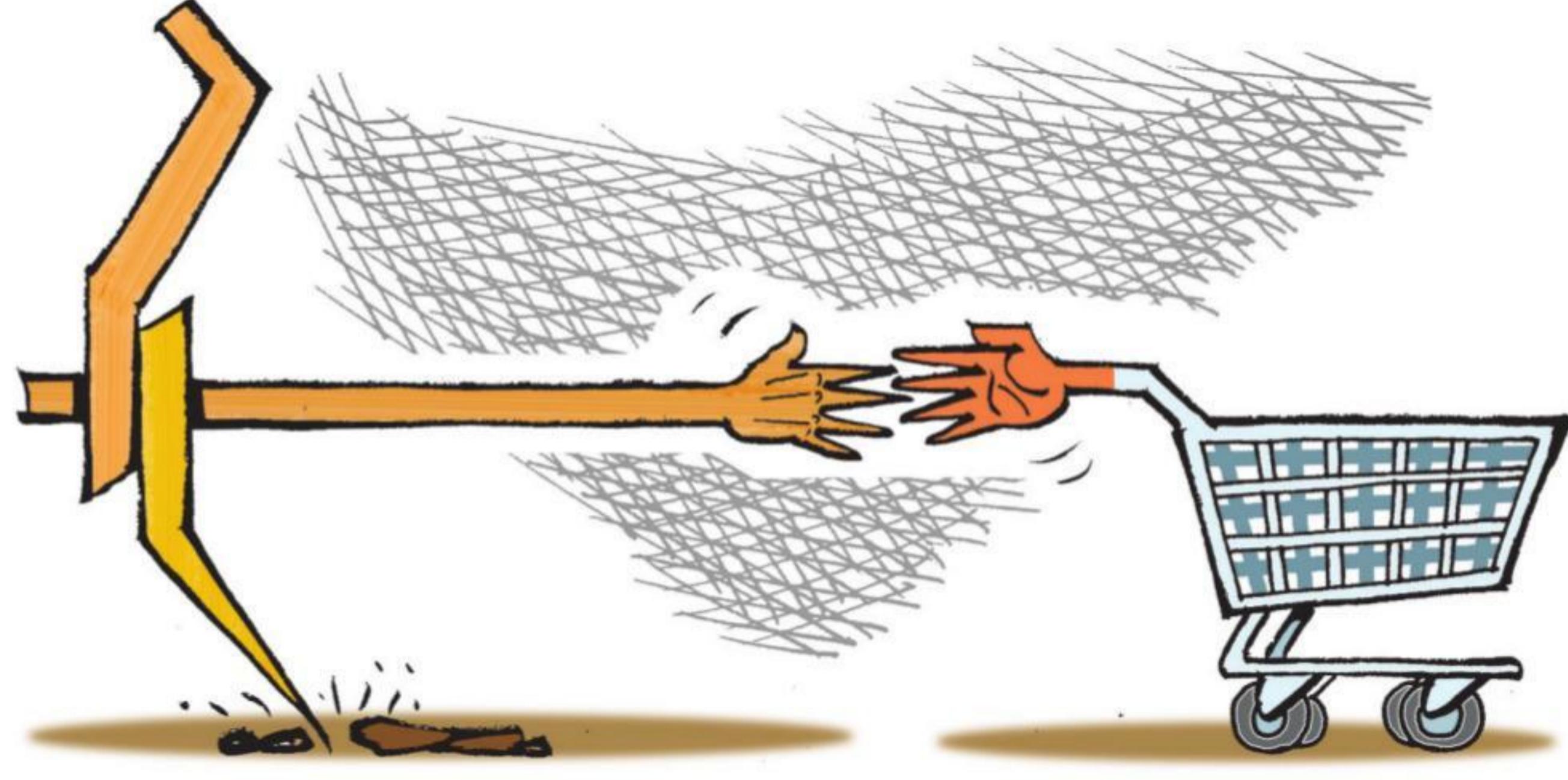


ILLUSTRATION: ROHINI PHORE

AGRI-MARKETING REFORMS have been described as key to harnessing the untapped potential of the farm sector. With enhanced agricultural production and a resultant 'marketable surplus' from an increasing number of farm households over the years, liberalising the existing marketing scenario has long been advocated by farmers' organisations, think tanks, researchers and experts.

The promulgation of three specific ordinances, relating to deregulation under the Essential Commodities Act, agri-trade and commerce, and contract farming, in early June this year was hailed by many noted economists and other stakeholders connected to Indian farming. However, the recent spate of protests from some parts of the country, especially Punjab and Haryana, is interesting to analyse and is an opportunity to seek a solution for better acceptance of the objectives of these legislations and let farmers benefit from market efficiency.

As we understand from Constitutional provisions, all these ordinances must be approved by Parliament in both the houses (within six weeks of reassembling). Otherwise, they would cease to operate. Therefore, there is still an opportunity for debate and discussion on various provisions of these ordinances, for improvement/modification that is imperative to safeguard interests of farmers.

In the past two decades, the government of India has brought out several model Acts to correct the inefficiencies of the agricultural marketing systems that have persisted. The model Agricultural Produce Marketing Committee (APMC) Act, 2003, which, among other things, provided for establishment of consumers' and farmers' markets to facilitate direct sale of agricultural produce to consumers, did not find enthusiastic takers among state governments. The growing politicisation of the market committees and cartelisation by traders and intermediaries that suited vested interests, apart from a business-as-usual approach taken by the government machinery, impeded the desired outcomes. In 2013 and 2017, two more model Acts were recommended to states without perceptible buy-in from them. The e-NAM, brought out in 2015, promised to facilitate transparent trade via the electronic platform, with better returns to farmers for their produce. However, this initiative, too, has not taken off commensurate to expectations.

Covid-19's initial threat of disruption of the agricultural sector was mitigated largely by a series of measures, by both the Union and state governments. There was the apprehension that the procurement operations of the bumper

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Making the agri-marketing reforms work

Any reforms in a federal set-up will yield desired results only when the Centre and states closely work together. The Centre must keep in mind the Fifteenth Finance Commission's recommendation (in its interim report for 2020-21) to incentivise states to move to the new agri-marketing regime

rabi harvest would be affected. However, due to proactive steps taken by the government agencies, farmers didn't face much trouble. The promulgation of the three ordinances relating to the agricultural sector, in our opinion, has been able to give much-needed confidence and chart a way forward to liberalise the agricultural markets and ensure remunerative returns to farmers.

However, these ordinances have been criticised by certain quarters, citing a lack of effective consultation with the state governments and other stakeholders, including farmers' organisations. As mentioned earlier, there still exists the scope for meaningful discussions for corrections and improvements in certain provisions, when the ordinance passes through parliamentary scrutiny in the ensuing session. We wish to drive home the fact that state actions are absolutely essential to successfully implement the ordinances (Acts, once passed by Parliament) on the ground. For example, as per the Farmers' Produce Trade and Commerce (Promotion and Facilitation) Ordinance, 2020, state governments are required to make their APMC Acts compliant with Section 6 of the ordinance so that no market fee (any cess or any other levy) is collected on

transactions carried out outside the physical boundaries of the notified market yards. Likewise, effective dispute resolution by the conciliation boards (section 8) can't effectively happen without support of the state machinery. Similarly, the Farmers' (Empowerment and Protection) Agreement on Price Assurance and Farm Services Ordinance, 2020, requires proactive coordination and support of the state institutions in respect of dispute resolution (section 14). It is practically unthinkable to implement the proposed market reforms if the state governments do not come forward to transform the intentions into action in the field.

So, how to bring the unwilling or fence-sitting states or, for that matter, other stakeholders into confidence? For the reforms agenda to reach fruition, few desirable changes/course corrections, as advised by policy think tanks or interest groups, should be taken into consideration for discussion in Parliament before the final Acts are shaped.

We find the present circumstances a fresh opportunity to leverage recommendations of the Fifteenth Finance Commission; in its interim report for FY21, the Commission has already recommended incentivising states going

for agricultural reforms. The final report of the Commission, expected in October 2020, should incorporate a monitorable framework for incentivisation of states by compensating them for revenue losses.

There is a conceivable fear amongst farmer-organisations that these reforms will end the MSP system and promote corporate farming. There may be little truth to such apprehensions. On the contrary, the experiences from the East and Southeast Asian countries show that such reforms lead to evolution of competitive markets and benefit both producers as well as consumers. In India, there are numerous examples from poultry and dairy sectors, where private sector players and cooperatives are providing alternative markets to farmers. The private sector is expected to invest in agri-logistics, provide improved technology and offer guaranteed procurement. Such a scenario opens enormous opportunities for agricultural diversification, towards high-value commodities, processing and exports. The Agriculture Infrastructure Fund, recently created by the government, would be of much use in this direction. The apprehension of states losing market fees may not entirely materialise as FCI and other government agencies usually procure farmers' marketable surpluses (paddy and wheat) in the APMC yards/*mandis*. The paradigm shift in agricultural marketing will trigger a demand-driven and technology-led revolution in the agricultural sector.

The condition for success is to strengthen farmers through farmer producer organisations or cluster farming at the back-end and incentivise front-end actors (such as e-retail, organised retail and delivery companies, big buyers, processors and exporters). Agri-tech start-ups can play a meaningful role in all these activities. Failing to do that, we fear, would mean that the reforms again don't yield the desired results. The government should also launch an aggressive campaign to counter rumours/fears of the farmers and explain benefits of these reforms through print and electronic media.

Needless to mention, any reforms in a federal set-up will yield desired results only when the Centre and states closely work together. Moreover, agriculture being a state subject, proactive and sincere implementation at the bottom-level of governance is absolutely essential. The agricultural marketing legislations can't be wished away through avoidable delays or non-cooperation by the states—any such tactics will 'irreparably' harm the prospects of Indian agriculture in the long run.

Putting energy reach on track

TANMOY CHAKRABORTY

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The Indian Railways will play a defining role in delivering energy security

OVER COFFEE, AS I sat with a group of old schoolmates, a common friend of ours started narrating the wonderful theme of Hunny Hunt—based on the fictional anthropomorphic comic character Winnie the Pooh. It is a dark trackless ride located at Tokyo Disneyland. It was imagined in 1977. Being a core sector engineer, the conversation took me to my fascination towards supply chain.

The importance of logistics

India spends 1.3% of GDP on logistics, which is more than the US (0.9%) and Germany (0.8%), still we hear about the lack of connectivity and increase in logistics costs. The reasons may be attributable to the many challenges and geographic issues; for any nation to leap from developing to developed stage, connectivity is one of the defining parameters. The current government's direction towards logistics is noteworthy, and yet India has to take even larger leaps now.

The modal mix for cargo transportation is suboptimal and skewed towards roads, which account for 60-65% of the total freight transported—the railways carry 30-35% and the remaining 5% is being fulfilled by air and water. In developed countries, the share of railways is close to 50%, with China at 47% and the US at 48%. It is also important to note that in terms of CO₂ emission per tonne km, the contributions are 64% by road, 28% by railway and 15% by water.

Commercial mining and 300 MT steel capacity

The government's decision to open up the coal mining

The SECR zone has 3.78% railway track km of the Indian Railways, and yet it carries 15.01% of the total volume of freight traffic

We must also keep in mind that India has a plan to reach 300 million tonnes of steel capacity by 2030: This will require approximately 430 million tonnes of iron ore, 160 million tonnes of coking coal, 105 million tonnes of non-coking coal for DRI along with nickel, magnetite, limestone, ferro alloys cumulating to about 100 million tonnes.

To fulfil the logistics connectivity and to give impetus to Swadeshi Coal to reduce import and thus the exchequer bills, the following four action points may be deliberated by a steering committee to implement a logistics plan in line with the gestation period of the mines:

1. Develop a blueprint and implement railway connectivity to all major mineral-bearing areas;
2. Incentivise players who are willing to construct railway siding;
3. Reduce the GST compensation fee as imposed in coal and impose a certain rupee per tonne fee as infrastructure fee to be used by the Indian Railways; the revenue thus generated will help the Indian Railways build infrastructure;
4. Construct 'mining freeways' in major coalfields areas where railway connectivity may take a longer time.

It is seen that the track density is not uniformly maintained in coal-bearing states. For example, in the South East Central Railway zone, we find that even though it has only 3.78% railway track km of the Indian Railways, it carries 15.01% of total volume of freight traffic on the Indian Railway. Of course it is tough and takes several hurdles to construct a railway line, but we cannot wait in the policy and decision-making stage.

The railways will play a defining role in delivering energy security. The penetration of railways in coal fields has to be looked at with the same lens as the policy governing commercial mining or a vision to produce 300 million tonnes steel capacity. The density of railway tracks in coal-bearing states must be ramped up. The roles of the NHAI, the PWD and the state governments must be framed along with the gestation period of mines.

AREVISION TO INDIA'S foreign direct investment (FDI) policy in April, primarily directed at China, requires investors from bordering nations to apply for prior government approval. Press Note 3 was originally meant to prevent opportunistic takeovers during the Covid-19 pandemic, but after the border fracas in Ladakh it became a tool to exert economic pressure on China. Despite hundreds of applications from Chinese investors, approvals are not forthcoming. The measure was a useful short-term tactic in bringing Chinese investments to a standstill. However, after five months, its effectiveness is wearing thin.

Start-up founders and their Chinese backers are increasingly exploring investment structures that will circumvent the need for FDI approval. This is not surprising since China was among the fastest-growing sources of inward FDI and Chinese investors have invested in a majority (60%) of local unicorns.

Indian FDI restrictions follow the Chinese playbook to keep foreigners from controlling local companies. Chinese FDI rules from 1995 first divided foreign investments into four categories: encouraged, allowed, restricted and prohibited. Even today, over 30 types of investments are classified as either restricted or prohibited. These rules disallow foreign ownership of companies in industries like telecom, internet, media and education. Despite such restrictions, a Chinese inter-

Switching to the stealth mode

Instead of focusing on beneficial ownership, India can insist on residents retaining control

SANTOSH PAI & VIVAN SHARAN

Pai is a corporate lawyer and Sharan is a public policy consultant. Views are personal

net news company called Sina raised foreign capital through a 'Variable Interest Entity' (VIE) structure at the turn of the century. Subsequently, over 150 Chinese companies have used this structure, now common knowledge in China.

Over the last 20 years, leading tech giants like Alibaba, Tencent and Baidu have used lawyers in the US and China to perfect the VIE structure over successive rounds of capital raises. Scores of Chinese companies raised large amounts of capital from American investors in exchange for 'contractual rights' rather than 'beneficial ownership' in the underlying busi-

ness. The Chinese government turned a blind eye since it is concerned with control not capital.

A typical VIE structure is a suite of contracts including equity pledge, call option and business operator agreements involving at least three entities—the actual company operating in China, a holding company incorporated in a tax haven such as Cayman Islands or British Virgin Islands to which foreign investors provide capital, and a wholly foreign-owned enterprise in Hong Kong. The holding company can be thought of as a venture capital (VC) provider that funds the operating com-

In 2019, India saw a total of 1,053 investment deals, of which 750 were from VC and the remaining from PE firms. The large share of VC deals makes it tough for India to determine beneficial interest. VCs are generally established in tax-friendly jurisdictions with investment partners from different countries.

An unintended consequence of India's FDI framework is that it incentivises circumvention and increases compliance costs. The main impact is on start-ups, which are already on an uneven playing field with larger firms that enjoy economies of scale. Many start-ups would prefer to avail

the government approval route, were it not for a long processing time. It has taken India three to four months to process FDI applications, whereas the technology markets are fast-paced. For instance, edtech start-ups like Vedantu and Classplus witnessed extraordinary growth during the lockdown. The edtech industry raised \$795 million in the first half of 2020 alone, an increase of over 600% from last year. If such firms were made to wait for funding, they would have lost the opportunity to scale.

The Indian government must reduce the FDI processing time to optimise outcomes. It can establish a one-time registration system for investors availing the official approval process, in lieu of monitoring every transaction.

And instead of focusing on beneficial ownership, India can insist on residents retaining control.

According to India's official statistics, the cumulative FDI stock from China is only in the range of \$3-4 billion. However, deals reported locally suggest that cumulative investments are in excess of \$12 billion. This large discrepancy is on account of routing of capital through intermediary jurisdictions. Delays in approvals under Press Note 3 will prompt widespread use of the VIE structure, and cause the gulf between official statistics and reality to widen. Going forward, India must take stock of extant restrictions on capital flows, or it may fail to even detect that which it seeks to regulate.

International

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 2020

**CARBON-FREE ENERGY**

Sundar Pichai, Google CEO

As of today, Google is the 1st major company to eliminate our entire carbon legacy, including before we became carbon neutral in 2007. We're also proud that by 2030, we aim to operate on 24/7 carbon-free energy in our data centres & campuses worldwide.

Quick View



FB allows users to watch videos together online

FACEBOOK SAID ON Monday that its users would now be able to watch videos with their friends online using the social media company's Messenger app, enabling them to see reactions in real time. The "Watch Together" feature will allow a user to add up to eight people through a video call and up to 50 people through its videoconferencing tool Messenger Rooms. The company launched the tool in July as it looks to take on Zoom Video communications that became a household name driven by the coronavirus-driven boom in demand for its platform.

Alibaba in talks to invest \$3 billion in Grab

ALIBABA GROUP IS in talks to invest \$3 billion into Southeast Asian ride-hailing giant Grab, said people familiar with the matter. The Chinese e-commerce giant, a sole investor in the round, will spend a portion of the funds to acquire some of the Grab stock held by Uber Technologies, one of the people said. The deal may represent one of Alibaba's biggest bets on Southeast Asia since its first investment in Lazada in 2016.

Airbus CEO warns of compulsory layoffs

THE HEAD OF European planemaker Airbus has warned staff of compulsory layoffs as air travel fails to recover as quickly as expected from the Covid crisis. The warning in a letter to its 130,000 staff from CEO Guillaume Faury, seen by *Reuters*, marks a more pessimistic tone from the planemaker, which had previously said only that it could not rule out compulsory measures. "I owe it to you to be transparent: it's unlikely that voluntary departures will be enough," Faury wrote in the letter.

Drugmaker jumps 1,900% over bet on Covid cure

THE BEST-PERFORMING stock in South Korea this year has risen a gain of over 1,900% to a market value of more than \$6 billion as the nation's retail investor horde bets on a possible coronavirus treatment. Shin Poong Pharmaceutical's 1,923% share price rise is the biggest rise of any Korean stock in 2020, according to data compiled by Bloomberg.

MAPPING THE VIRUS

- Googling for gut symptoms predicts Covid hot spots, study says
- Pfizer CEO said it's likely the US will deploy a Covid-19 shot before end of the year
- Israel's cabinet backed a second national lockdown
- Hospital ICU lean on telemedicine amid US Covid-19 crisis
- Trump holds indoor rally despite Nevada regulations
- Eli Lilly's rheumatoid arthritis drug accelerates recovery in Covid-19 patients



New Zealand has decided on a short extension to current restrictions in Auckland and for the rest of the country, Prime Minister Jacinda Ardern said at news conference.

Romania reopened schools for 2.8 million children on Monday after a six-month closure to fight the coronavirus outbreak, ordering pupils to wear face masks as infections rise.

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Personal Finance

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 2020

ON SMALL-CAPS

Varun Lohchab, Head, Institutional Research, HDFC Securities

Quality small-caps impacted in the past two years by investor apathy and flight to safety might continue their strong show, which has been visible in FY21 YTD.

STOCK SELECTION

Value investing is essential in today's market

While selecting stocks, pay attention to companies with strong fundamentals that are trading at low valuations currently due to business mix and Covid-19 led disruptions

P SARAVANAN

THERE ARE TWO values assigned to an equity share traded in a regulated stock market. One is the market value and the other is the intrinsic value. Intrinsic value is nothing but the expected cash flows from the security discounted at an appropriate discount rate.

Stock selection based on the intrinsic value is known as value investing. This concept was originally proposed by Benjamin Graham and later followed by many, including Warren Buffet and others. Let us discuss whether value stock picking strategy works in the current market trend.

Ideal time for value investing

The Covid-19 pandemic followed by a series of lockdowns has disrupted many industries and a significant number of companies are suffering as both top line and bottom line are affected. However, investors should look beyond the current

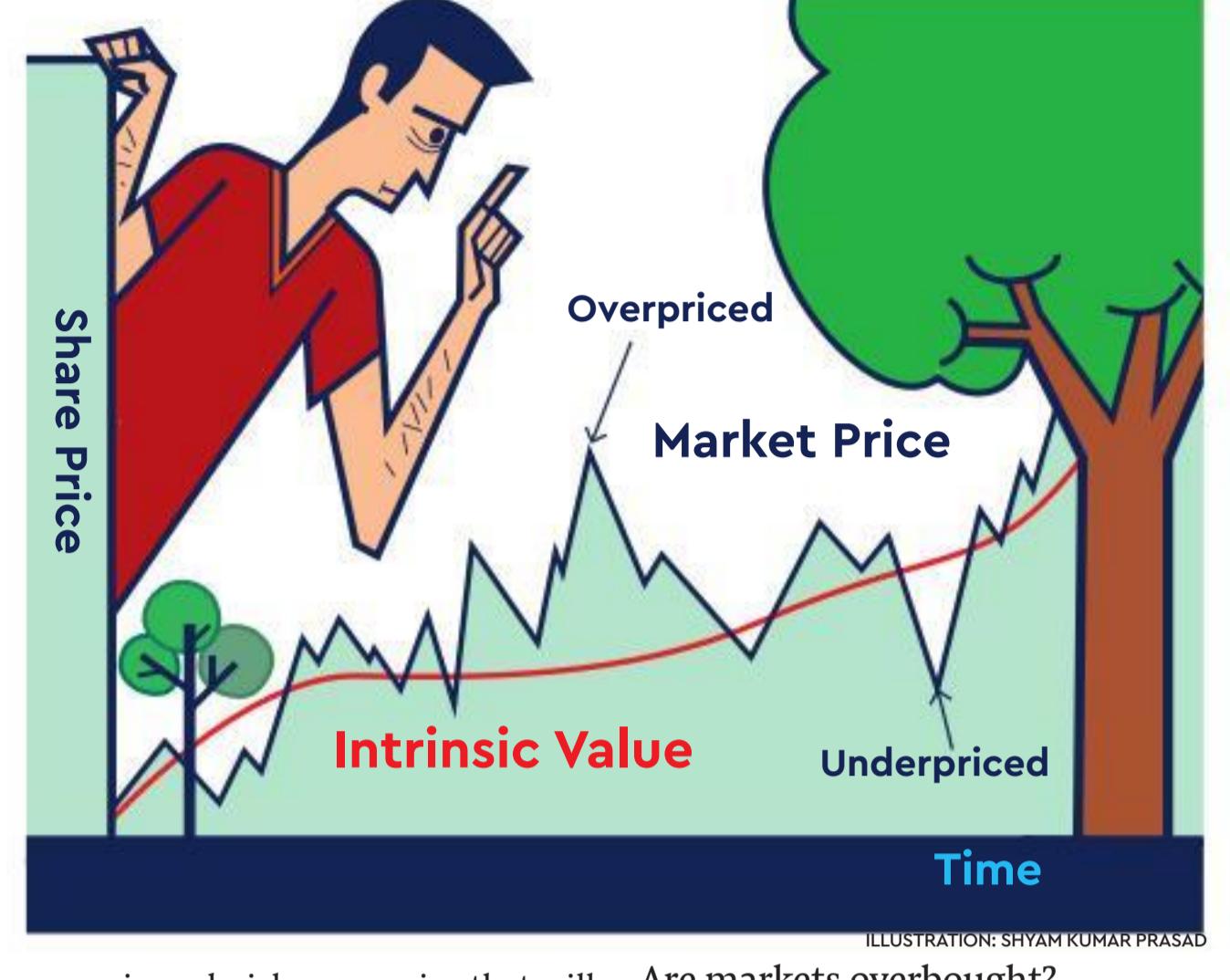


ILLUSTRATION: SHYAM KUMAR PRASAD

scenario and pick companies that will emerge stronger once when the pandemic is over. Thus, one should identify such kinds of companies that are currently undervalued compared to their fair value/intrinsic value. We saw BSE Sensex hit a three-year low on March 23, 2020, closing at 25,981. After about three months, it was at 38,435, up by almost 50%.

Are markets overbought?

We often see reports stating that markets are overvalued. In such a situation, investors should approach the market with the 'bottom-up' stock selection strategy where one should look out for shares which are available at a fair valuation. In this case, investors should consider broader markets and consider sectors

FINDING VALUE

- In the current market built around weak economic fundamentals, investors must adopt value stock selection strategy
- Identify companies that are currently undervalued compared to their fair value / intrinsic value
- Avoid companies with huge debts or high percentage of promoter shares pledged in spite of their low valuations and high trading volumes
- Consider sectors such as FMCG, power, auto and steel, and compare the stocks with their historical P/E multiple and then take a call

shares in sectors such as FMCG, power, auto, steel, etc. and compare the same with their historical P/E multiple and take a call.

Many companies in the above sectors have their businesses across the globe. While doing stock selection, investors should pay attention to companies with strong fundamentals that are trading at low valuations currently due to business

mix and Covid-19 led disruptions. Once the situation stabilises and demand picks up, these shares gain attention from the market and other investors. So, investors may start accumulating shares that have the above characteristics and fall within the segment as discussed above.

Always keep an eye on the future

All investors should understand that the money they pay today to buy a share is not for its past performance but always for its future performance. However, today, most of the investors are looking for a higher but quick return in a volatile market. A large numbers of retail investors including millennials and people who have lost their jobs owing to this pandemic, have no patience to wait it out in the current market scenario. Thus, they tend to neglect basic valuation philosophies and end up losing their hard-earned money. Even if you follow value investing, look at the future of the companies wherein you are investing.

To conclude, in the current market built around weak economic fundamentals, it is essential for investors to adopt value stock selection strategy and avoid companies with huge debts on their balance sheet or high percentage of promoter shares pledged in spite of their low valuations and high volumes in the market.

The writer is a professor of finance & accounting, IIM Tiruchirappalli

YOUR MONEY

RAJ KHOSLA

Check out your options for debt repayments

THE LOAN MORATORIUM has been extended till September 28, but borrowers who opted for the payment holiday should not expect further relief. The government is firmly against any waiver of interest that piled up on unpaid EMIs during the moratorium. As things stand, these borrowers would be saddled with bigger loans than at the beginning of the moratorium.

If you had opted for the moratorium, your first priority should be to pay off high-cost debt such as credit cards and personal loans. You should not have put credit card dues under the moratorium in the first place, because these outstandings charge a very high rate of interest. But if you made that mistake, rectify it by paying off these dues as soon as possible. This should be done even if you need to liquidate some investments or assets.

Another option is to convert the outstanding amount into easy monthly installments. There is a cost to be paid for this convenience, but the 15-18% charged on EMI payments is still less than what a credit card will charge.



ILLUSTRATION: SHYAM KUMAR PRASAD

Loan restructure

Banks have been asked to restructure the loans, but the terms and modalities will vary across lenders and customer profiles. In most cases, customers may be given a choice to extend the repayment tenure or increase the monthly EMI to account for the interest. If you can afford a higher EMI, the second option is better than extending the loan tenure. Extending the tenure would increase your interest burden, so increase the EMI amount to keep it under check.

Of course, the best option would be to pay off at one go the entire interest that accrued on the loan during the moratorium. But it is unlikely that borrowers who opted for the relief would have the liquidity necessitated by such a payment.

Though banks are not obliged to extend the moratorium, some customers may be given this choice by lenders. The offer of another repayment holiday may be tempting, but it would be a mistake. Opting for the moratorium amounts to taking a loan. You are only digging yourself deeper into the debt trap.

The offer of another repayment holiday may be tempting, but it would be a mistake. Opting for the moratorium amounts to taking a loan. You are only digging yourself deeper into the debt trap

Collateralised loan

If you have too many outstanding loans, it would be a good idea to consolidate them under one collateralised loan. Collateralised loans are cheaper because they are less risky than unsecured loans. Take a loan against assets such as property or gold or even your NSCs and fixed deposits to repay the costlier loans. If you have a home loan running and have repaid for a few years, you can take a top-up loan to pay off other high-cost borrowings and consolidate debt under one cheaper loan. For instance, an unsecured personal loan will charge 16-18% while a top-up home loan will cost barely 7-8%.

As you work out your debt repayments, keep a close watch on your credit score. The RBI had stressed that non-payment of dues during the moratorium will not impact credit scores. But now that the payment holiday is over, any slip-up can sully your credit report and jeopardise your chances of accessing credit in future. You may also be slapped with late payment or non-payment charges. These charges had been waived during the moratorium period but will now comeback with a vengeance. Keep in mind that lower credit scores translate into higher rates of interest, so it pays to keep your credit history squeaky clean.

The writer is managing director, MyMoneyMantra.com

YOUR QUERIES



Chaitali Dutta

Pay accrued interest in small amounts as early as possible

I availed the moratorium for six months and will pay my EMI this month. After a few months should I also pay some of the accumulated interest for the moratorium period?

—S Rao

Yes, absolutely. That will reduce your burden. Pay small accumulated amounts as and when you have surplus to clear the six EMIs as well as the accrued interest in this six-month period.

Can I ask my bank to restructure my loan as I cannot pay EMIs for at least one year?

—Manoj Malhotra

As of now the RBI is figuring out the way forward and no clear instructions have been given to the bank. Officially the moratorium is over in Aug 2020. You may put in a request to your banker for further relief giving the reasons as to why they should consider your request.

Attaching proof of your situation with the request letter is advisable.

I cleared my car loan a year ago but forgot to take the papers from the bank. I have relocated and want to sell the car now. What should I do now?

—K Dhangra

You may write to your bank to send you the papers by courier. Another option would be to request a friend/relative to visit the branch personally to get the RTO forms and loan account closure letter. You may have to give an authority letter to the person visiting the bank.

I have two years of home loan repayment left. As I am paying interest of 8.7%, should I balance transfer to a bank lending at repo rate?

—A K Gupta

Talk to your existing bank and reduce your interest rate with it. A balance transfer will involve expenses and paperwork which may not be worth the interest saved in the next 20-24 months.

My home loan is sanctioned and I have paid the token amount. Now I want to wait till the Covid pandemic settles. I have convinced the seller. What should I do with the loan as the manager is keen for disbursement?

—Mohit Sinha

For the bank manager, it will be a loss of business therefore he will suggest otherwise. But you are the consumer, you should decide when you want to go ahead with the purchase. Tell the bank you will reapply when you decide to buy later.

The writer is founder, AZUKE Personal Finance Advisory (www.azukefinance.com). Send your queries to fpersonalfinance@expressindia.com

Investor

ICICI LOMBARD RATING: BUY

Poised to tap industry's growth prospects

Pick-up in motor segment is better than expected; health can be key growth driver; coverage assumed with Buy and TP of ₹1,570

WE ASSUME COVERAGE on ICICI Lombard GI (ILOM) with a Buy rating & price target of ₹1,570 as we see it as a key beneficiary of rising penetration that is one-fourth of global. Scope for doubling of health insurance and normalisation of motor business to anchor growth & share gains from PSUs; driving 14% FY20-23 CAGR in premiums & 17% in PAT. Bharti-Axa was expensive purchase but non-cash & offers synergies over 18-24 months.

Long runway for growth: India's non-life insurance market is under-penetrated with premium/GDP ratio of 0.9% at one-fourth of global level of 3.8%. In fact, globally (even developed markets) are still seeing rise in penetration. Growth has held up despite Covid. GDP growth, rising penetration & new products will aid 12% CAGR in premium over FY20-23. Private insurers to gain share (15% CAGR) from PSUs (7% CAGR) as they leverage latter's under-capitalisation & need to improve profits.

ICICI Lombard – tactical at capitalising opportunity: ICICI Lombard has a 7% share in premium and has been tactical at balancing growth with profitability. Innovations, network expansion & gain

ICICI Lombard has seen high growth in health insurance, expected to grow at a CAGR of 21%+ over FY20-23

■ Health Premiums (₹ bn, LHS)

— Growth (% Y-o-Y, RHS)



from PSUs have helped. Moreover, better underwriting (lower share in calamity claims), ability to tap opportunities (fire insurance), willingness to withdraw from risky-segments (crop/mass-health) and investment in digital platforms have helped to deliver better profitability.

17% CAGR in profit over FY20-23:

Two key drivers of growth will be health insurance & normalisation in motor-business. Health insurance can emerge as key growth driver in post Covid-era — penetration can rise and we see market doubling in 5 years. In motor, pick-ups has been better than expected. We see scope for Combined Ratio to fall to 98% that will

JEFFERIES

Financials

	Year to Mar (Std)	FY19	FY20	FY21E	FY22E
Revenue (₹ bn)	304	215	218	278	
Net Income (₹ bn)	12	(15)	(1)	11	
DEPS (₹)	3.5	(4.5)	(0.4)	3.5	
% chg Y-o-Y	58.0 (228.9)	(92.1)	(1,073.6)		
P/E (x)	10.7	(8.3)	(10.4)	10.7	
CEPS (₹)	4.8	(2.9)	1.1	5.2	
EV/E (x)	3.4	(46.3)	42.4	7.4	
Dividend Yield (%)	5.1	—	—	3.7	
RoCE (%)	4.1	(1.0)	0.7	4.4	
RoE (%)	3.8	(4.9)	(0.4)	3.9	

Source: Company, I-Sec research

Delay in order finalisation indicates lack of urgency at client-end: BHEL is L1 in NTPC Talcher 2x 660MW and some FGD orders. It is also hopeful of finalisation of orders from SCLL Adilabad, NLC Talabira, NTPC Lara, NTPC Singrauli, and orders from Nuclear Power Corporation. Order intake fell 62% y-o-y to ₹15 bn in Q1FY21 and order book stands at ₹11 tn.

We believe, apart from NTPC Talcher, other orders may be postponed to FY22e.

High receivables impacting working capital: Debtors remained high at ₹353 bn impacted by delay in collection from certain SEBs and private sector.

Retention money has decreased marginally to ₹154 bn from ₹157 bn in March 2020. This continues to be a major issue in terms of weakening of the return on capital employed.

DOWNGRADE TO SELL: Macro challenges in thermal power may further impact execution and revenue growth prospects. Order intake outlook is weak and most of the order finalisation is getting delayed. High receivables at ₹353 bn and risk in terms of state and private sector is expected to impact ROCE. Absence of any meaningful alternative to thermal power and weak balance sheet are likely to impact return on capital.

ICICI SECURITIES

BHARAT HEAVY ELECTRICALS RATING: SELL

Covid-19 impacted execution in Q1

FY22 EPS cut by 10% given muted outlook; downgraded to 'Sell' with revised TP of ₹24

BHARAT HEAVY ELECTRICALS (BHEL) witnessed 56% y-o-y drop in revenues to ₹20 bn implying continued weak execution. The company reported Ebitda loss of ₹10.6 bn as material costs increased 830bps y-o-y to 65.9%; however, 48% y-o-y drop in other expenditure due to focus on cost reduction and lower provision partially mitigated losses.

Given subdued execution, high raw material and fixed expense, we estimate a net loss of ₹1.5 bn in FY21e and cut FY22e earnings by 10%. Given the macro challenges, weak balance sheet and uncertainty regarding strategic initiatives that can meaningfully substitute thermal power equipment, we downgrade the stock to Sell (from Reduce) with a revised TP of ₹24 (previously: ₹27).

Execution impacted by lockdown: Overall execution was weak in Q1FY21 due to the lockdown. The lack of urgency to execute thermal projects and the focus on renewables by the government is likely to impact overall growth prospects of BHEL. We expect execution weakness to continue in near to medium term.</

MULTICAP FUNDS

MFs seek more time to comply with Sebi fiat

FE BUREAU
Mumbai, September 14



According to the MF industry, if all fund houses follow changes in asset allocation of multicap schemes, ₹35,000-40,000 crore will move into mid and smallcap stocks

course of action. "It will be difficult to invest as announced in the circular. While the point of regulator regarding being "true to label" in multicap schemes is well taken, the current high exposure in largecap stocks is because fund managers are not finding enough opportunity in the smallcap stocks," said the CEO of a mid-size fund house.

Multicap schemes had net assets of ₹1.46 lakh crore under management as of August 2020. These funds had the flexibility to invest in largecap, midcap and smallcap stocks. But the regulator observed that some multicap schemes had skewed portfolios, with over 80% of investment in largecap stocks akin to largecap schemes, and some multicap schemes have near zero or insignificant asset allocation to smallcap companies.

"It will be very difficult for funds with high assets size to reallocate from largecap to smallcap stocks in the next four months. We will recommend the regulators to give us more time to comply with the circular. Even the criteria for minimum of 25% of investments should be brought down to 10% while buying the smallcap stocks," said a fund manager from a leading fund house on condition of anonymity.

On Sunday, Sebi said mutual funds would have several options to meet with the requirements of the circular, based on the preference of their unitholders. Apart from rebalancing their portfolio in the multicap schemes, fund houses can facilitate switch to other schemes by unitholders, merge their multicap scheme with their largecap scheme or convert their multicap scheme to another scheme category.

Market participants said the clarification from the regulator is welcome, but they will wait for more changes in the circular before deciding the future

Sebi for clarity on Kalyan Jewellers IPO

MARKETS REGULATOR SEBI has sought clarification from merchant bankers of the proposed initial public offering (IPO) of Kalyan Jewellers India, which last month filed draft papers to raise an estimated ₹1,750 crore. The proposed IPO comprises issuance of fresh equity aggregating up to ₹1,000 crore and an offer for sale (OFS) worth ₹750 crore, according to the Draft Red Herring Prospectus (DRHP).

In an update on Friday, the regulator said it was awaiting response to the clarification sought on September 11 from the lead manager of the public issue. However, details of the clarification sought for the IPO could not be ascertained.

—PTI

Covid-19 insurance claims cross ₹3k cr

FE BUREAU
Mumbai, September 14

GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANIES in India continue to witness increasing number of claims for coronavirus treatment. Officials in the insurance industry said insurers had received around 2.07 lakh claims amounting to over ₹3,300 crore. Insurance companies have settled over 1.30 lakh claims amounting to ₹1,260 crore as on September 10.

The Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India (Irdai) has also indicated that they are looking to increase the timelines of both the pandemic-specific policies.

The average ticket size for a Covid claim is around ₹1.5 lakh in urban areas and around ₹50,000-75,000 in semi-urban or rural areas.

Where the condition of patient is serious, and the individual has been admitted to the intensive care unit (ICU), the claims are in the range of ₹6 to 8 lakh.

The current health crisis has prompted many to buy health insurance policies in the past few months.

The Irdai data revealed that in the current financial year till August, standalone health insurance companies have seen premiums of ₹6,268 crore compared to ₹4,981 crore in the same period last year, registering 8.5% growth. Health premiums are the biggest segment in non-life insurance industry, in terms of premium, followed by motor insurance.

The pandemic has created

an increased awareness about health insurance in the country. Investors have continued to buy Covid-19-specific policies in the last few months. The insurance regulator had allowed companies to launch Corona Rakshak and Corona Kavach policies. From July till August-end, over 15 lakh people were covered under both the policies.

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The pandemic has created

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Not for release, publication or distribution, directly or indirectly outside India.

Our Mission... Your Growth

CAMS

COMPUTER AGE MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED

Our Company was incorporated as 'Computer Age Management Services Private Limited' on May 25, 1988 at Madras, Tamil Nadu as a private limited company under the Companies Act, 1956, and was granted the certificate of incorporation by the Registrar of Companies, Tamil Nadu at Chennai ('RoC'). Our Company became a deemed public limited company under section 43A of Companies Act, 1956 on April 15, 2000 and the name of our Company was changed to 'Computer Age Management Services Limited' and the certificate of incorporation of our Company was endorsed by the RoC to that effect. Our Company became a private limited company, pursuant to Section 43A(2A) of Companies Act, 1956 with effect from March 29, 2001 and the name of our Company was changed back to 'Computer Age Management Services Private Limited'. The certificate of incorporation of our Company was again endorsed by the RoC to that effect. Subsequently, our Company was converted from a private limited company to a public limited company, pursuant to a special resolution passed by our Shareholders at the EGM held on September 9, 2019 and the name of our Company was changed to 'Computer Age Management Services Limited'. Consequently, a fresh certificate of incorporation was issued by the RoC on September 27, 2019. For further details, see "History and Certain Corporate Matters" on page 123 of the red herring prospectus dated September 11, 2020 ('RHP').

Registered Office: New No. 10, Old No. 178, M.G.R. Salai, Nungambakkam, Chennai 600 034, Tamil Nadu, India; **Tel:** +91 44 2843 2770. **Corporate Office:** No.158, Rayala Towers, Tower - I, Anna Salai, Chennai 600 002, Tamil Nadu, India; **Tel:** +91 44 2843 2650. **Website:** www.camsonline.com; **Contact Person:** Manikandan Gopalakrishnan; **E-mail:** secretarial@camsonline.com; **Corporate Identity Number:** U65910TN1988PLC015757

OUR PROMOTER: GREAT TERRAIN INVESTMENT LTD

INITIAL PUBLIC OFFER OF UP TO 18,246,600 EQUITY SHARES OF FACE VALUE OF ₹10 EACH ("EQUITY SHARES") OF COMPUTER AGE MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED ("COMPANY" OR "ISSUER") FOR CASH AT A PRICE OF ₹[•] PER EQUITY SHARE, THROUGH AN OFFER FOR SALE OF UP TO 18,246,600 EQUITY SHARES AGGREGATING UP TO ₹[•] MILLION ("OFFER"/"OFFER FOR SALE") BY NSE INVESTMENTS LIMITED ("SELLING SHAREHOLDER"). THIS OFFER INCLUDES A RESERVATION OF UP TO 182,500 EQUITY SHARES (CONSTITUTING UP TO 0.37% OF THE POST-OFFER PAID-UP EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL) FOR PURCHASE BY ELIGIBLE EMPLOYEES (THE "EMPLOYEE RESERVATION PORTION"). THE OFFER LESS THE EMPLOYEE RESERVATION PORTION IS HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AS THE "NET OFFER". THE OFFER AND THE NET OFFER WOULD CONSTITUTE AT LEAST 37.40% AND 37.03%, RESPECTIVELY, OF OUR POST-OFFER PAID-UP EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL.

Qualified Institutional Buyers Portion: Not more than 50% of the Net Offer
Retail Individual Bidders Portion: Not less than 35% of the Net Offer
Non-Institutional Bidders Portion: Not less than 15% of the Net Offer
Employee Reservation Portion: Upto 182,500 Equity Shares

Price Band: ₹[•] to ₹[•] per Equity Share of face value of ₹ 10 each.

The Floor Price is [•] times the face value of the Equity Shares and the Cap Price is [•] times the face value of the Equity Shares.
Bids can be made for a minimum of [•] Equity Shares and in multiples of [•] Equity Shares thereafter.

ASBA* | Simple, Safe, Smart way of Application!!!

*Applications Supported by Blocked Amount (ASBA) is a better way of applying to issues by simply blocking the fund in the bank account. For further details, check section on ASBA below.
Mandatory in public issues. No cheque will be accepted.

UPI-Now available in ASBA for Retail Individual Investors ("RIIs").**
Investors are required to ensure that the bank account used for bidding is linked to their PAN.
UPI – Now available in ASBA for Retail Individual Bidders applying through Registered Brokers, DPs & RTAs. Retail Individual Bidders also have the option to submit the application directly to the ASBA Bank (SCSBs) or to use the facility of linked online trading, demat and bank account.

*ASBA has to be availed by all the investors except anchor investors. UPI may be availed by RIIs.
For details on the ASBA and UPI process, please refer to the details given in ASBA Form and abridged prospectus and also please refer to the section "Offer Procedure" beginning on page 277 of the RHP. The process is also available on the website of AIBI and Stock Exchanges in the General Information Document. ASBA Forms can be downloaded from the websites of BSE Limited ("BSE") and National Stock Exchange of India Limited ("NSE", and together with BSE, the "Stock Exchanges") and can be obtained from the list of banks that is displayed on the website of SEBI at www.sebi.gov.in.

**List of banks supporting UPI is also available on the website of SEBI at www.sebi.gov.in. For the list of UPI Apps and Banks live on IPO, please refer to the link: www.sebi.gov.in. HDFC Bank Limited has been appointed as Sponsor Bank for the Offer, in accordance with the requirements of the SEBI Circular dated November 1, 2018. For other related grievance investors may contact: Kotak Mahindra Capital Company Limited - Mr. Ganesh Rane (+91 22 4336 0000) (kmcreddressal@kotak.com); HDFC Bank Limited - Mr. Ravi Sharma/ Mr. Harsh Thakkar (+91 22 3395 8233) (investor.redressal@hdfcbank.com); ICICI Securities Limited - Mr. Shekher Asnani/ Ms. Nidhi Wangnoo (+91 22 2288 2460) (customercare@icicisecurities.com); or Nomura Financial Advisory and Securities (India) Private Limited - Mr. Vishal Kanjani/ Ms. Aneesa Chandra (+91 22 4037 4037) (investorgrievances-in@nomura.com). For UPI related queries, investors can contact NPCI at the toll free number: 18001201740 and Mail Id: ipo.upi@npci.org.in.

BID/ OFFER PERIOD

BID/ OFFER OPENS ON MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 2020⁽¹⁾
BID/ OFFER CLOSES ON WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 2020

⁽¹⁾ Our Company (through the IPO Committee) in consultation with the Selling Shareholder and the BRLMs, shall consider participation by Anchor Investors in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations. The Anchor Investor Bid/Offer Period shall be one Working Day prior to the Bid/Offer Opening Date

CONTENTS OF THE MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF OUR COMPANY AS REGARDS ITS OBJECTS: For information on the main objects of our Company, investors are requested to see "History and Certain Corporate Matters" on page 123 of the RHP and Clause III of the Memorandum of Association of our Company. The Memorandum of Association of our Company is a material document for inspection in relation to the Offer. For further details, see "Material Contracts and Documents for Inspection" on page 296 of the RHP.

LIABILITY OF THE MEMBERS OF OUR COMPANY: Limited by shares.

AMOUNT OF SHARE CAPITAL OF OUR COMPANY AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE: As on the date of the RHP, the authorised share capital of our Company is ₹ 502,500,000 divided into 50,250,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each. The issued, subscribed and paid-up Equity share capital of our Company is ₹ 487,868,000 divided into 48,786,800 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each. For details of the capital structure, see "Capital Structure" on page 60 of the RHP.

NAMES OF THE SIGNATORIES TO THE MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF OUR COMPANY AND THE NUMBER OF EQUITY SHARES SUBSCRIBED BY THEM: The signatories to the Memorandum of Association is B.H. Kothari and N.B. Kothari who subscribed to 1,000 Equity Shares each as initial subscription. For details of the share capital history and capital structure of the Company see "Capital Structure" beginning on page 60 of the RHP.

LISTING: The Equity Shares issued through the RHP are proposed to be listed on the BSE. Our Company has received 'in-principle' approval from BSE for the listing of the Equity Shares pursuant to letter dated January 17, 2020. For the purposes of the Offer, the Designated Stock Exchange shall be BSE. A signed copy of the RHP has been filed with the RoC and the Prospectus shall be filed with the RoC in accordance with Section 26(4) of the Companies Act, 2013. For details of the material contracts and documents available for inspection from the date of the RHP up to the Bid/Offer Closing Date, see "Material Contracts and Documents for Inspection" on page 296 of the RHP.

DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA ("SEBI"): SEBI only gives its observations on the offer documents and this does not constitute approval of either the Offer or the specified securities stated in the Offer Document. The investors are advised to refer to page 260 of the RHP for the full text of the Disclaimer Clause of the SEBI.

DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF BSE (The Designated Stock Exchange): It is to be distinctly understood that the permission given by BSE Limited should not in any way be deemed or construed that the RHP has been cleared or approved by BSE nor does it certify the correctness or completeness of any of the contents of the RHP. The investor is advised to refer to the page 262 of the RHP for the full text of the Disclaimer clause of the BSE.

GENERAL RISKS: Investments in equity and equity-related securities involve a degree of risk and investors should not invest any funds in the Offer unless they can afford to take the risk of losing their entire investment. Investors are advised to read the risk factors carefully before taking an investment decision in the Offer. For taking an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of our Company and the Offer, including the risks involved. The Equity Shares in the Offer have not been recommended or approved by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"), nor does SEBI guarantee the accuracy or adequacy of the contents of the RHP. Specific attention of the prospective investors is invited to "Risk Factors" on page 20 of the RHP.

BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGERS

kotak® Investment Banking
Kotak Mahindra Capital Company Limited
1st Floor, 27 BKC, Plot No. 27, G Block,
Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East)
Mumbai 400 051 Maharashtra, India
Tel: +91 22 4336 0000
E-mail: cams.ipo@kotak.com
Investor grievance e-mail: kmcreddressal@kotak.com
Website: www.investmentbank.kotak.com
Contact Person: Ganesh Rane
SEBI Registration No.: INM000008704

HDFC BANK
We understand your world
HDFC Bank Limited^{*}
Investment Banking Group, Unit No. 401 & 402, 4th Floor
Tower B, Peninsula Business Park, Lower Parel
Mumbai 400 013 Maharashtra, India
Tel: +91 22 3395 8233
E-mail: cams.ipo@hdfcbank.com
Investor grievance e-mail: investor.redressal@hdfcbank.com
Website: www.hdfcbank.com
Contact Person: Ravi Sharma/ Harsh Thakkar
SEBI Registration No.: INR000004058

ICICI Securities
ICICI Securities Limited**
ICICI Centre, H. T. Parekh Marg
Churchgate, Mumbai 400 020
Maharashtra, India
Tel: +91 22 2288 2460
E-mail: cams.ipo@icicisecurities.com
Investor grievance e-mail: customercare@icicisecurities.com
Website: www.icicisecurities.com
Contact Person: Shekher Asnani/ Nidhi Wangnoo
SEBI Registration No.: INN000011179

BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGERS

NOMURA
Nomura Financial Advisory and Securities (India) Private Limited
Ceejay House, Level 11 Plot F, Shivsagar Estate,
Dr. Annie Besant Road, Worli, Mumbai 400 018 Maharashtra, India
Tel: +91 22 4037 4037
E-mail: camsipo@nomura.com
Investor grievance e-mail: investorgrievances-in@nomura.com
Website: www.nomuraholdings.com/company/group/asia/index.html
Contact Person: Vishal Kanjani/ Aneesa Chandra
SEBI Registration No.: INM000011149

REGISTRAR TO THE OFFER

LINK Intime
Link Intime Private Limited
C-101, 1st Floor, 247 Park, Lal Bahadur Shastri Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai 400 083
Maharashtra, India. Tel: +91 22 4918 6200; E-mail: cams.ipo@linkintime.co.in
Investor grievance e-mail: cams.ipo@linkintime.co.in; Website: www.linkintime.co.in
Contact Person: Shanti Gopalakrishnan
SEBI Registration No.: INR000004058

COMPANY SECRETARY AND COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Mr. Manikandan Gopalakrishnan
Computer Age Management Services Limited
No. 158, Rayala Towers, Tower-I, Anna Salai, Chennai 600 002
Tamil Nadu, India. Tel: +91 44 6109 2992
Email: secretarial@camsonline.com; Website: www.camsonline.com

Investors can contact the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, the BRLMs or the Registrar to the Offer in case of any pre-Offer or post-Offer related problems such as non-receipt of Allotment Advice, non-delivery of Allotted Equity Shares in the respective beneficiary account, non-receipt of refund orders or non-receipt of funds by electronic mode, etc.

***HDFC Bank Limited was identified as an associate of HDFC Limited, one of the selling shareholders in the Offer, as of the date of the Draft Red Herring Prospectus and hence, in view of the requirements under the proviso to Regulation 21A of the SEBI Merchant Banker Regulations and Regulation 23(3) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, HDFC Bank Limited will be involved only in marketing of the Offer. HDFC Bank Limited has signed the due diligence certificate and has been disclosed as a BRLM for the Offer.**

****In compliance with the proviso to Regulation 21A of the SEBI Merchant Banker Regulations and Regulation 23(3) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, ICICI Securities Limited has signed the due diligence certificate and has been disclosed as a BRLM for the Offer.**

AVAILABILITY OF RHP: Investors are advised to refer to the RHP and the "Risk Factors" beginning on page 20 of the RHP before applying in the Offer. A copy of the RHP will be made available on the website of the SEBI at www.sebi.gov.in, the websites of the BRLMs, Kotak Mahindra Capital Company Limited at www.investmentbank.kotak.com; HDFC Bank Limited at www.hdfcbank.com; ICICI Securities Limited at www.icicisecurities.com and Nomura Financial Advisory and Securities (India) Private Limited at www.nomuraholdings.com/company/group/asia/index.html and the Stock Exchanges at www.bseindia.com and www.mseindia.com.

AVAILABILITY OF BID CUM APPLICATION FORM: Bid cum Application Form can be obtained from the Registered Office of Company, Computer Age Management Services Limited: Tel: +91 44 6109 2992; BRLMs: Kotak Mahindra Capital Company Limited, +91 22 4336 0000; HDFC Bank Limited, +91 22 3395 8233; ICICI Securities Limited, +91 22 2288 2460 and Nomura Financial Advisory and Securities (India) Private Limited, +91 22 4037 4037; Syndicate Members: Kotak Securities Limited, 022 6218 5470; HDFC Securities Limited, 022 3075 3400 and at selected locations of Sub-Syndicate Members (as given below). Registered Brokers, SCBS, Designated RTA Locations and Designated CDP Locations for participating in the Offer. Bid cum Application Forms will also be available on the websites of the Stock Exchanges at www.bseindia.com and www.mseindia.com and at all the Designated Branches of SCBS, the list of which is available on the websites of the Stock Exchanges and SEBI.

SUB-SYNDICATE MEMBERS: Achievers Equities Limited; Almondz Global Securities Ltd.; Amrapali Capital & Finance Services Ltd.; Anand Rathi Share & Stock Brokers Ltd.; Axis Capital Limited; Bansal Investment; Centrum Broking Limited; Centrum Wealth Management Ltd.; Choice Equity Broking Private Limited; Dalal & Broacha Stock Broking Private Limited; DBI(B)ational Stock Brokers Ltd.; Edelweiss Broking Limited; Eureka Stock & Share Broking Services Limited; Global Capital Market Limited; ICICI Securities Limited; Inventure Growth & Securities Ltd.; Motilal Oswal Securities Limited; Prabhudas Lilladher Pvt Ltd.; Pravin Ratilal Share & Stock Brokers Limited; RR Equity Brokers Pvt Ltd.; SAFAL Capital (INDIA) Limited; SBICap Securities Ltd.; Sharekhan Ltd.; SMC Global Securities Ltd.; Systematic Shares & Stocks (India) Limited; Trade Bulls Securities (P) Ltd.; Viren M Shah; Way2wealth Brokers Pvt Ltd. and YES Securities (India) Limited.

BANKERS TO THE OFFER AND SPONSOR BANK: HDFC Bank Limited.

UPI: Retail Individual Bidders can also bid through UPI mechanism.

All capitalised terms used herein and not specifically defined shall have the same meaning ascribed to them in the RHP.

For Computer Age Management Services Limited
On behalf of the Board of Directors
Sd/-
Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

Computer Age Management Services Limited is proposing, subject to receipt of requisite approvals, market conditions and other considerations, to make an initial public offer of its Equity Shares and has filed the RHP with the SEBI and the RoC situated at Tamil Nadu at Chennai. The RHP will be available on the website of the SEBI at www.sebi.gov.in as well as on the websites of the book running lead managers, Kotak Mahindra Capital Company Limited, HDFC Bank Limited, ICICI Securities Limited and Nomura Financial Advisory and Securities (India) Private Limited at www.investmentbank.kotak.com, www.hdfcbank.com, www.icicisecurities.com and www.nomuraholdings.com/company/group/asia/index.html, respectively. Investors should note that investment in equity shares involves a high degree of risk and for details relating to such risk, see "Risk Factors" on page 20 of the RHP. Potential investors should not rely on the DRHP for making any investment decision. The Equity Shares offered in the Offer have not been and will not be registered under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended ("U.S. Securities Act") or any state securities laws in the United States, and unless so registered may not be offered or sold within the United States, except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the U.S. Securities Act and applicable state securities laws. Accordingly, such Equity Shares are being offered and sold (i) outside of the United States in offshore transactions

MAYURBHANJ TRADES AND AGENCIES LIMITED						
Regd. Office: 7 WATERLOO STREET, 2ND FLOOR, KOLKATA-700069 CIN-L24117WB1979PLC023322. Website: www.mayurbhanjtrades.in. Email:info.mayurbhanj@gmail.com; Ph No.: 033 2248 0602 Extract of Statement of Standalone Unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter ended June 30, 2020 (₹ In Lacs)						
Sl. No.	Particulars	Quarter ended	Quarter ended	Year ended		
		30-June-2020	30-June-2019	31-Mar-2020	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
1	Total income from operations (net)	10.87	26.47	68.48		
2	Net Profit/ (Loss) for the quarter(before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	0.71	1.33	2.37		
3	Net Profit/(Loss) for the quarter before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	0.71	1.33	2.37		
4	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	0.71	1.33	1.82		
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	0.71	1.33	5.29		
6	Equity Share Capital	20.00	20.00	20.00		
7	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each)					
	Basic :	0.35	0.66	0.91		
	Diluted :	0.35	0.66	0.91		

Notes:
 a) The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing and Other Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly Financial Results are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the listed entity www.msei.in. and www.mayurbhanjtrades.in respectively.
 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
 Harendra Singh
 (DIN - 06870959)
 Whole-Time Director & CFO
 Place : Kolkata
 Date: 14.09.2020

TEMBO GLOBAL INDUSTRIES LIMITED

(CIN: L29253MH2010PLC204331)

NOTICE is hereby given that the 1st Extra Ordinary General Meeting of TEMBO GLOBAL INDUSTRIES LIMITED will be held on Thursday, 24th September, 2020 at 12:00 pm. through video conferencing & Registered office of the company add is Plot No-PAP D-146/ 147, TTC MIDC, Turbhe, Navi Mumbai - 400705

TO TRANSACT THE FOLLOWING BUSINESS:-

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

1. To consider and, if thought fit, to get the consent of the Company for giving loan to the overseas subsidiary under section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 (Loan and investment by the company to subsidiary), in compliance with the RBI overseas investment guidelines and FEMA Act.

In view of the outbreak of COVID-19 pandemic, social distancing measures are a pre-requisite and in terms of Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") Circular No. 20/2020 dated 8th April, 2020, Circular 17/2020 dated 13th April, 2020 ("MCA Circulars") and Securities Exchange Board of India (SEBI) Circular dated 12th May, 2020, physical presence of the Members at common venue the Extraordinary General Meeting (AGM) is being conducted through Video Conference ("VC")/ Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM"). The deemed venue for the EOGM shall be the Registered Office of the Company. The meeting will be held through video conferencing and the respective link and details along with explanatory statement will be available on Companies website :- www.nutclamps.com. and on the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.nseindia.com. and on the website of M/s. Bigshare Private Limited, Registrar and Share Transfer Agent of the Company and nsdl portal

By order of the Board of Directors
 FOR TEMBO GLOBAL INDUSTRIES LIMITED
 (SANJAY JASHBHAJ PATEL)
 Managing Director.
 DIN- 01958033

Place: Navi Mumbai. Date: 12th September, 2020

WALLFORT FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED						
Regd. Off: 205A, Hari Chambers, S. B. Marg, Fort, Mumbai - 400001 (CIN : L65920MH1994PLC092902) Tel: 66184016 / 66184017, Email:deepak.lahoti@wallfort.com; cosec@wallfort.com; Website: www.wallfort.com						
Extract of Standalone Unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter ended 30 June 2020 (Rs. In Lacs except EPS)						
PARTICULARS	Current Quarter ended 30 June 2020 (Unaudited)	Corresponding 3 months ended in Previous Year 30 June 2019 (Unaudited)				
Total income from operations	820.42	-476.62				
Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	614.17	-727.74				
Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	615.07	-727.74				
Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	519.27	-728.51				
Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)] *	517.56	-728.51				
Equity Share Capital (Face value of Rs. 10/- each)	968.72	968.72				
Earnings Per Share (not annualised) of Rs. 10/- each/-						
Basic:	5.36	-7.52				
Diluted:	5.36	-7.52				

NEIL INDUSTRIES LIMITED						
CIN: L51109WB1983PLC036091 R/o: 88B, (Ground Floor), Lake View Road, Kolkata-700029 Corporate Office: 14/113, Civil Lines, 402-403, Kan Chambers, Kanpur-208001 E-mail: neill@editmail.com, neilindustrieslimited@gmail.com Ph: Corp Office: 0512-2303325, WEB: www.neil.co.in						
UN-AUDITED QUARTERLY RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 30TH JUNE, 2020 All amts. In Lakhs						
Sl. No.	PARTICULARS	Quarter ended 30th June, 2020	Year to date Figures till 30th June, 2020	Corresponding 3 months ended in the previous year 30th June, 2019		
1.	Total Income from Operations	66.59	66.59	169.27		
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items#)	57.88	57.88	36.13		
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items#)	57.88	57.88	36.13		
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items#)	42.88	42.88	26.63		
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	42.88	42.88	26.33		
6.	Equity Share Capital	1955.32	1955.32	1955.32		
7.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year	3572.91	3572.91	3414.20		
8.	Earnings Per Share(Rs/10/-each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)-					
1.	Basic:	0.22	0.22	0.14		
2.	Diluted:	0.22	0.22	0.14		

Note :
 a) The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly/Annual Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing and Other Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly/Annual Financial Results are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange(s) and the listed entity.

For NEIL INDUSTRIES LIMITED

Sd/-

Ashok Baradia

Managing Director (DIN- 0047830)

Place : Mumbai Date : 12/09/2020

ADVANCE METERING TECHNOLOGY LIMITED						
Regd. Off.: LGF, E-8/1, Malviya Nagar, Near Geeta Bhawan Mandir, New Delhi - 110017 Corporate Office: 6th Floor, Plot No-19 and 20, Sector-142, Noida-201304, Uttar Pradesh Tel: 0120 4531400, Email: corporate@pkrgroup.in, Web: www.pkrgroup.in CIN # L31401DL2011PLC271394 Unaudited standalone & consolidated Financial Results for the Quarter Ended 30th June, 2020 (₹ in '000)						
Particulars	Standalone			Consolidated		
	Quarter Ended	Year Ended	Quarter Ended	Year Ended	Mar-20 (Audited)	Mar-20 (Audited)
Total income from operations (net)	42,135.28	91,736.74	70,117.55	333,342.22	41,894.98	91,496.26
Net Profit/ (Loss) for the period (before tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(20,106.49)	(33,429.78)	(101,522.44)	(185,580.83)	(22,339.57)	(36,713.67)
Net Profit/(Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(20,106.49)	(33,429.78)	(101,522.44)	(185,580.83)	(22,339.57)	(36,713.67)
Net Profit/(Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(20,106.49)	(33,429.78)	(101,522.44)	(185,580.83)	(22,339.57)	(36,713.67)
Total Comprehensive Income for the period (Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and other comprehensive income (after tax))	(20,083.75)	(33,429.78)	(101,718.32)	(185,776.71)	(22,526.91)	(36,543.08)
Equity Share Capital	80,287.33	80,287.33	80,287.33	80,287.33	80,287.33	80,287.33
Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year					1,038,716.18	988,567.95
Earning Per Share (Face value of Rs. 5/- each)						
Basic:	(1.25)	(2.08)	(6.32)	(11.56)	(1.39)	(2.29)
Diluted:	(1.25)	(2.08)	(6.32)	(11.56)	(1.39)	(2.34)

This is a public announcement for information purposes only and is not a prospectus announcement. This does not constitute an invitation or offer to acquire, purchase or subscribe to securities.

Not for publication or distribution, directly or indirectly outside India.



CHEMCON SPECIALITY CHEMICALS LIMITED

Our Company was originally incorporated as Gujarat Quinone Private Limited at Vadodara, Gujarat, India, as a private limited company under the Companies Act, 1956, pursuant to a certificate of incorporation dated December 15, 1988 issued by the RoC. Our Promoters and Promoter Group completed the acquisition of 100% of the Equity Share Capital of our Company in 2004 from the shareholders of our Company at the time, Chemcon Engineers Private Limited ("CEPL") was incorporated at Vadodara, Gujarat, India as a private limited company under the Companies Act, 1956, pursuant to a certificate of incorporation dated April 30, 1996 issued by the RoC. CEPL, a company largely owned and promoted by our Promoters and Promoter Group, merged into our Company pursuant to an order of the High Court of Gujarat dated May 6, 2004 approving the Scheme of Amalgamation between CEPL and our Company. Thereafter, to reflect the nature of activities of our Company consequent to the Scheme of Amalgamation, the name of our Company was changed to "Chemcon Speciality Chemicals Private Limited" pursuant to the approval of our Shareholders at an extra-ordinary general meeting held on July 24, 2004 and the fresh certificate of incorporation on change of name issued by the RoC on July 27, 2004. Subsequently, our Company was converted into a public limited company pursuant to the approval of our Shareholders at an extra-ordinary general meeting held on November 28, 2018. Consequently, the name of our Company was changed to "Chemcon Speciality Chemicals Limited" and a Fresh certificate of incorporation consequent upon conversion to public limited company was issued by the RoC on April 10, 2019. For further details relating to the changes in the registered office and name of our Company, see "History and Certain Corporate Matters" on page 162 of the Red Herring Prospectus dated September 12, 2020 ("RHP").

Registered Office: Block Number 355, Manjusar Kunjap Road, Manjusar Village, Taluka Savli, Vadodara 391 775, Gujarat; Tel: +91 98795 64107. **Corporate Office:** 9th Floor, Onyx Business Centre, Akshar Chowk, Old Padra Road, Vadodara 390 020, Gujarat

Tel: +91 265 298 1195 **Contact Person:** Shahalkumar Maheshbhai Kapateli, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer; Tel: +91 265 298 3754; E-mail: investor.relations@csclp.com; Website: www.csclp.com

Corporate Identity Number: U24231GJ1988PLC0116522

OUR PROMOTERS: KAMALKUMAR RAJENDRA AGGARWAL, NAVDEEP NARESH GOYAL AND SHUBHARANGANA GOYAL

INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING OF UP TO [•] EQUITY SHARES OF FACE VALUE OF ₹ 10 EACH ("EQUITY SHARES") OF CHEMCON SPECIALITY CHEMICALS LIMITED ("OUR COMPANY" OR THE "ISSUER") FOR CASH AT A PRICE OF ₹ [•] PER EQUITY SHARE (INCLUDING A PREMIUM OF ₹ [•] PER EQUITY SHARE) ("ISSUE PRICE") AGGRAGATING UP TO ₹ [•] MILLION. THE ISSUE COMPRISES OF A FRESH ISSUE OF UP TO [•] EQUITY SHARES AGGRAGATING UP TO ₹ 1,650 MILLION ("FRESH ISSUE") AND AN OFFER FOR SALE OF UP TO 4,500,000 EQUITY SHARES AGGRAGATING UP TO ₹ [•] MILLION, COMPRISING OF UP TO 2,250,000 EQUITY SHARES BY KAMALKUMAR RAJENDRA AGGARWAL AGGRAGATING UP TO ₹ [•] MILLION, AND UP TO 2,250,000 EQUITY SHARES BY NARESH VIJAYKUMAR GOYAL AGGRAGATING UP TO ₹ [•] MILLION, (TOGETHER, THE "SELLING SHAREHOLDERS") (THE "OFFER FOR SALE", AND TOGETHER WITH THE FRESH ISSUE, THE "ISSUE"). THE ISSUE WILL CONSTITUTE [•] % OF OUR POST-ISSUE PAID-UP EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL OF OUR COMPANY.

QIB Portion: Not more than 50% of the Issue | Retail Portion: Not less than 35% of the Issue

Non-Institutional Portion: Not less than 15% of the Issue

Price Band: ₹ [•] to ₹ [•] per Equity Share of face value of ₹10 each.

The Floor Price is [•] times the face value of the Equity Shares and the Cap Price is [•] times the face value of the Equity Shares.

Bids can be made for a minimum of [•] Equity Shares and in multiples of [•] Equity Shares thereafter.

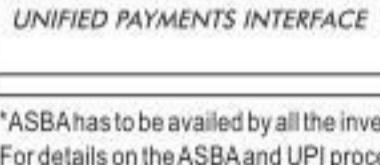
Risks to Investors

- The two Book Running Lead Managers associated with the Issue have not handled public issues in the past three years.
- The Price/Earnings ("PE") ratio based on diluted EPS for Fiscal 2020 for the Issuer at the upper end of the Price Band is as high as [•]. As compared to the average industry peer group PE ratio of 31.30.
- Average cost of acquisition of Equity Shares for the Selling Shareholders namely Kamalkumar Rajendra Aggarwal and Naresh Vijaykumar Goyal is ₹ 0.33 per Equity Share and ₹ 0.57 per Equity Share respectively and the Issue Price at the upper end of the Price Band is ₹ [•] per Equity Share.
- Weighted Average Return on Net Worth for Fiscals 2020, 2019 and 2018 is 40.30%.

ASBA *

Simple, Safe, Smart way of Application!!!

*Applications Supported by Blocked Amount (ASBA) is a better way of applying to issues by simply blocking the fund in the bank account. For further details, check section on ASBA below.
Mandatory in public issues. No cheque will be accepted.



UPI-Now available in ASBA for Retail Individual Bidders ("RIBs")**.

Investors are required to ensure that the bank account used for bidding is linked to their PAN.

UPI – Now available in ASBA for Retail Individual Bidders applying through Registered Brokers, CDPs & RTAs. Retail Individual Bidders also have the option to submit the application directly to the ASBA Bank (SCSBs) or to use the facility of linked online trading, demat and bank account.

*ASBA has to be availed by all the investors except anchor investors. The UPI Mechanism may be availed by RIBs. For details on the ASBA and UPI process, please refer to the details given in ASBA Form and abridged prospectus and also please refer to the section "Issue Procedure" beginning on page 296 of the RHP. The process is also available on the website of Association of Investment Bankers of India ("AIBI"), Stock Exchanges and in the General Information Document. ASBA-Forms can be downloaded from the websites of BSE Limited ("BSE") and National Stock Exchange of India Limited ("NSE"), and together with BSE, the "Stock Exchanges") and can be obtained from the list of banks that is displayed on the website of Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") at www.sebi.gov.in. *List of banks supporting UPI is also available on the website of SEBI at www.sebi.gov.in. For the list of UPI Banks and Banks live on Initial Public Offering ("IPO"), please refer to the link: www.sebi.gov.in. HDFC Bank Limited has been appointed as Sponsor Bank for the Issue, in accordance with the requirements of the SEBI Circular dated November 1, 2018. For issue related grievance investors may contact: Intensive Fiscal Services Private Limited- Mr. Harish Khajanchi/ Mr. Anand Rawal (+9122 2287043/44/45) (ipo@intensivefiscal.com) or Ambit Capital Private Limited- Mr. Gaurav Rana/ Mr. Sandeep Sharma (+9122 3043 3000) (investorgrievance.acpl@ambit.co). For UPI related queries, investors can contact NPCI at the toll free number: 18001201740 and Mail Id: ipo.upi@npci.org.in.

BID/ISSUE PROGRAMME

BID/ISSUE OPENS ON SEPTEMBER 21, 2020*

BID/ISSUE CLOSES SEPTEMBER 23, 2020**

* Our Company and the Selling Shareholders may, in consultation with the BRLMs, consider participation by Anchor Investors in accordance with the SEBI (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 as amended ("SEBI ICDR Regulations"). The Anchor Investor Bidding Date shall be one Working Day prior to the Bid/Issue Opening Date, being September 18, 2020.

** Our Company and the Selling Shareholders may, in consultation with the BRLMs, consider closing the Bid/Issue Period for QIBs one Working Day prior to the Bid/Issue Closing Date in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations.

In case of any revision in the Price Band, the Bid/Issue Period will be extended by at least three additional Working Days after such revision in the Price Band, subject to the Bid/Issue Period not exceeding 10 Working Days. In cases of force majeure, banking strike or similar circumstances, our Company may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, extend the Bid / Issue Period for a minimum of three Working Days, subject to the Bid/ Issue Period not exceeding 10 Working Days. Any revision in the Price Band and the revised Bid/ Issue Period, if applicable, shall be widely disseminated by notification to the Stock Exchanges, by issuing a press release, and also by indicating the change on the respective websites of the BRLMs and at the terminals of the Syndicate Members and by intimation to Designated Intermediaries and the Sponsor Bank.

This Issue is being made in terms of Rule 19(2)(b) of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, as amended ("SCR") read with Regulation 31 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations. This Issue is being made through the Book Building Process in accordance with Regulation 6(1) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations wherein not more than 50% of the Issue shall be available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Qualified Institutional Buyers ("QIBs") (the "QIB Portion"), provided that our Company and the Selling Shareholders in consultation with the BRLMs may allocate up to 50% of the QIB Portion to Anchor Investors on a discretionary basis (the "Anchor Investor Portion"). One-third of the Anchor Investor Portion shall be reserved for domestic Mutual Funds, subject to valid Bids being received from the domestic Mutual Funds at or above the Anchor Investor Allocation Price, 5% of the QIB Portion (excluding the Anchor Investor Portion) shall be available for allocation on a proportionate basis to all QIB Bidders (other than Anchor Investors), and the remainder of the QIB Portion shall be available for allocation on a proportionate basis to all QIB Bidders, subject to valid Bids being received from them at or above the Issue Price. All Bidders, other than Anchor Investors, are mandatorily required to participate in the Issue through the Application Supported by Blocked Amount ("ASBA") process by providing details of their respective ASBA Account, which will be blocked by the Self Certified Syndicate Banks ("SCSBs"). Anchor Investors are not permitted to participate in the Anchor Investor Portion through the ASBA Process. For details, see "Issue Procedure" beginning on page 296 of the RHP.

Bidders/Applicants should ensure that DP ID, PAN and the Client ID and UPI ID as applicable are correctly filled in the Bid cum Application Form. The DP ID, PAN and Client ID provided in the Bid cum Application Form should match with the DP ID, PAN, Client ID available in the Depository database, otherwise, the Bid cum Application Form is liable to be rejected.

Bidders/Applicants should ensure that the beneficiary account provided in the Bid cum Application Form is active. Bidders/Applicants should note that on the basis of the PAN, DP ID and Client ID as provided in the Bid cum Application Form, the Bidder/Applicant may be deemed to have authorized the Depositories to provide to the Registrar to the Issue, any requested Demographic Details of the Bidder/Applicant as available on the records of the Depositories. These Demographic Details may be used, among other things, for giving Allotment Advice or unblocking of ASBA Account or for other correspondence(s) related to the Issue. Bidders/Applicants are advised to update any changes to their Demographic Details as available in the records of the Depository Participant to ensure accuracy of records. Any delay resulting from failure to update the Demographic Details would be at the Bidders/Applicants' sole risk.

CONTENTS OF THE MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF OUR COMPANY AS REGARDS ITS OBJECTS: For information on the main objects of our Company, investors are requested to see "History and Certain Corporate Matters" on page 162 of the RHP and Clause 3 of the Memorandum of Association of our Company. The Memorandum of Association of our Company is a material document for inspection in relation to the Issue. For further details, see "Material Contracts and Documents for Inspection" on page 341 of the RHP.

GENERAL RISKS: Investments in equity and equity-related securities involve a degree of risk and investors should not invest any funds in the Issue unless they can afford to take the risk of losing their investment. Investors are advised to read the risk factors carefully before taking an investment decision in the Issue. For taking an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of our Company and the Issue, including the risks involved. The Equity Shares in the Issue have not been recommended or approved by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"), nor does SEBI guarantee the accuracy or adequacy of the contents of the Red Herring Prospectus. Specific attention of the investors is invited to "Risk Factors" beginning on page 23 of the RHP.

DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA ("SEBI"): SEBI only gives its observations on the offer documents and this does not constitute approval of either the Issue or the specified securities stated in the Issue Document. The investors are advised to refer to page 282 of the RHP for the full text of the Disclaimer Clause of SEBI.

DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF NSE (The Designated Stock Exchange): It is to be distinctly understood that the permission given by BSE Limited should not in any way be deemed or construed that the Red Herring Prospectus has been cleared or approved by BSE nor does it certify the correctness or completeness of any of the contents of the Red Herring Prospectus. The investors are advised to refer to the page 285 of the Red Herring Prospectus for the full text of the Disclaimer clause of the BSE.

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POST OFFER PUBLIC ANNOUNCEMENT TO THE EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS OF LYKIS LIMITED ("LYKIS"/ "TARGET COMPANY")

(CIN: L99999MH1992PLC067004)

Registered Office: 57B, C.R. Avenue, 1st Floor, Kolkata- 700 012, West Bengal

Tel No.: 033-22625265; E-Mail: cs@lykis.in; Website: www.lykis.in

OPEN OFFER FOR ACQUISITION OF 67,81,305 EQUITY SHARES FROM SHAREHOLDERS OF LYKIS BY MR. NADIR UMEDALI DHROLIA (HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AS THE "ACQUIRER") PURSUANT TO REGULATION 3(1) & 4 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (SUBSTANTIAL ACQUISITION OF SHARES AND TAKEOVERS) REGULATIONS, 2011, AS AMENDED ("SEBI (SAST) REGULATIONS").

This Post Offer Advertisement ("Post-Offer PA") is being issued by CapitalSquare Advisors Private Limited, the Manager to the Offer, on behalf of the Acquirer, in connection with the Offer made by the Acquirer, in compliance with Regulation 18 (12) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011, as amended ("SEBI (SAST) Regulations, 2011") in respect of Open Offer for the acquisition of 67,81,305 fully paid up equity shares of ₹ 10.00 each representing 35.00% of total equity and voting share capital of the Target Company, at a price of ₹ 20.00 (Rupees Twenty Only) per equity share ("Offer Price") payable in cash ("Offer" or "Open Offer"). The Post Offer Advertisement should be read in continuation of and in conjunction with the Public Announcement dated June 22, 2020 ("PA"), the Detailed Public Statement, which was published on June 26, 2020, and Offer Opening and Corrigendum to the Detailed Public Statement which was published on August 12, 2020 in Financial Express (English) (All Editions), Jansatta (Hindi) (All Editions), Mumbai Lakshadeep (Marathi) (Mumbai Edition) and Duranta Barta (Bengali) (Kolkata Edition).

- 1) Name of the Target Company : Lykis Limited
- 2) Name of the Acquirer : Mr. Nadir Umedali Dhrolia
- 3) Name of Manager to the Offer : CapitalSquare Advisors Private Limited
- 4) Name of Registrar to the Offer : R&D Infotech Private Limited
- 5) Offer details
 - a) Date of Opening of the Offer : August 13, 2020 (Thursday)
 - b) Date of Closing of the Offer : August 26, 2020 (Wednesday)
 - c) Date of Payment of Consideration : September 09, 2020

7)	Details of the Acquisition	Proposed in the Offer Document	Actual
7.1.	Offer Price	₹ 20.00 (Rupees Twenty only)	₹ 20.00 (Rupees Twenty only)
7.2.	Aggregate number of shares tendered	67,81,305	63,29,124
7.3.	Aggregate number of shares accepted	67,81,305	63,29,124
7.4.	Size of the Offer (Number of shares multiplied by Offer price per share)	₹13,56,26,100	₹12,65,82,480
7.5.	Shareholding of the Acquirer before Agreements/ Public Announcement (No. & %)	46,59,370 24.05%	46,59,370 24.05%
7.6.	Shares Acquired by way of Agreements		
	- Number	23,76,472	23,76,472
	- % of Fully Diluted Equity Share Capital	12.27%	12.27%
7.7.	Shares Acquired by way of Open Offer		
	- Number	67,81,305	63,29,124
	- % of Fully Diluted Equity Share Capital	35.00%	32.67%
7.8.	Shares acquired after Detailed Public Statement		
	- Number of shares acquired		
	- Price of the shares acquired		
	- % of the shares acquired		
7.9.	Post Offer shareholding of Acquirer		
	- Number	1,38,17,147	1,33,64,966
	- % of Fully Diluted Equity Share Capital	71.32%	68.98%
7.10.	Pre and Post Offer shareholding of Public Shareholders	Pre Offer Post Offer	Pre Offer Post Offer
	- Number	1,04,04,801 53.70%	55,58,008 28.68%
	- % of Fully Diluted Equity Share Capital	104,04,801 53.70%	50,020 28.68%

- *Assuming full acceptance in the Open Offer.
- 8) The Acquirer accepts full responsibility for the information contained in this Post-Offer PA and also for the obligations under SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers), 2011.
- 9) Share Purchase Agreement transaction is yet to complete and is under process.
- 10) A copy of this Post-Offer PA will be available on the websites of SEBI, BSE Limited and the Target Company.

Issued by Manager to the Offer:

MANAGER TO THE OFFER
CapitalSquare Advisors Private Limited
 208, 2nd Floor, AARPEE Center, MIDC Road No 11, CTS 70, Andheri (E), Mumbai-400093, Maharashtra, India.
 Tel: +91-22-66849999 / 9874283532
 Fax: +91-22-66849998
 Website: www.capitalsquare.in
 Email Id: tammy.banerjee@capitalsquare.in/mb@capitalsquare.in
 Contact Person: Mr. Tammy Banerjee
 SEBI Registration No: INM000012219

Date: 14/09/2020

Place: Mumbai

On behalf of Acquirer

Sd/-

Nadir Umedali Dhrolia

RAGHUNATH INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

CIN No.: L52312UP1994PLC022559

Registered Office : 8/226, Second Floor, SGM Plaza, Arya Nagar, Kanpur UP 208002

Corporate Office: 6926, Jaipuria Mills, Clock Tower, Subz Mandi, Delhi-110007

Tel. No.: 011-23852583, Fax No.: 011-23852666 Website: www.rtclimited.in, E-mail: rgc.secretarial@gmail.com

EXTRACT OF UNAUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 30TH JUNE, 2020

(Rs. in Lacs)

S. No.	PARTICULARS	STANDALONE			CONSOLIDATED		
		Quarter ended 30.06.2020 Unaudited	Quarter ended 30.06.2019 Unaudited	Year ended 31.03.2020 Audited	Quarter ended 30.06.2020 Unaudited	Quarter ended 30.06.2019 Unaudited	Year ended 31.03.2020 Audited
		-	-	-	-	-	-
1.	Total income from operations (net)	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.	Net Profit/(Loss) from ordinary activities before tax	50,750	2,196	18,587	50,750	2,196	18,587
3.	Net Profit/(Loss) after tax (after Extraordinary items)	39,848	1,877	18,587	39,848	1,877	18,587
4.	Minority Interest (Share of profit/(loss) of associates)*	-	-	-	3,197	36,292	54,768
5.	Net Profit/(Loss) after tax and minority interest*	39,848	1,877	18,587	43,045	38,169	73,355
6.	Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-	-	-
7.	Net Profit after Comprehensive Income for the period	39,848	1,877	18,587	43,045	38,169	73,355
8.	Equity Share Capital	500,020	500,020	500,020	500,020	500,020	500,020
9.	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserves as shown in the Balance Sheet of previous year)	-	-	250,843	-	-	566,966
10.	Earning Per Share (of ₹10/- each)	0.797	0.038	0.372	0.861	0.763	1.467
	Basic :						
	Diluted :						

Note:

- The above is an extract of the details format of the Standalone and Consolidated Quarter ended on 30th June, 2020 filed with Stock Exchange under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results for Quarter ended on 30th June, 2020 are available on the Stock Exchange Website (www.bseindia.com) and on the Company's website (www.raghunathinternational.in).

14

From the Front Page

Supplementary demand: Nod sought for extra spend of ₹ 2.36L cr

"Of this, the proposals involving net cash outgo aggregate to ₹ 1,66,983.91 crore and gross additional expenditure, matched by savings of the ministries/ departments or by enhanced receipts/recoveries aggregates to ₹ 68,868.33 crore".

The supplementary demand includes a total of 54 grants and one appropriation.

Demand for certain new items of expenditure, including the extra allocation for MGNREGA and ₹ 4,000 crore for the credit guarantee scheme for MSMEs, had to be made to provide for the relief package announced earlier this year.

The Centre has sought ₹ 46,602.43 crore to provide additional allocation under the post-devolution revenue

deficit grant to states, in accordance with the recommendations of the Fifteenth Finance Commission.

Some analysts have said the revenue shortfall and extra stimulus requirements could warrant an additional resource mobilisation of ₹ 8.5-9.5 lakh crore over and above the likely Budget revenue receipts in FY21.

Given the massive plunge in revenue, the Centre was forced to raise its FY21 borrowing by ₹ 4.2 lakh crore from the budgeted level to ₹ 12 lakh crore. Of this, it has already raised ₹ 7.1 lakh crore from the market, which is 73% higher than a year earlier.

Nevertheless, mindful of its fragile fiscal position, the government of late applied brakes on certain spending. Its expenditure in July grew just 6% on year, compared with 46% growth achieved in June and the budgeted spending growth of 13.2% for the whole of FY21.

The government's budgeted fiscal deficit target for FY21 was 3.5% of GDP.

sharp 47% on year.

With net tax revenues declining 40% on year in April-July (the budgeted growth was 21% in FY21 over the actual of FY20), analysts see fiscal deficit more than doubling from the budgeted target of ₹ 8 lakh crore. Meanwhile, the April-July fiscal deficit has exceeded the budgeted target for the full year.

Commenting on the supplementary demand, Icra Ratings' principal economist Aditi Nayyar said: "The extent to which savings can be found via the expenditure management measures that were put in place, will contribute to determining the eventual fiscal outcome for FY21 in light of the ongoing revenue shock of around ₹ 6 lakh crore. Our baseline expectation is now that the Centre's fiscal deficit will widen to at least ₹ 14 lakh crore, or 7.4% of GDP in FY21."

The government's budgeted fiscal deficit target for FY21 was 3.5% of GDP.

Express investigation - part 2: Tech start-ups, apps under China watch

The prominent faces being tracked in OKIDB include TK Kurien, the Chief Investment Officer at the Premji Invest, a venture capital company set up by Azim Premji; Anish Shah, Group CFO, Mahindra Group; PK X Thomas, CTO, Reliance Brands; Brian Badie, chief executive, Reliance Retail; and Vineet Sekhsaria, country Head, Morgan Stanley, Real Estate Investing.

Also in OKIDB are Flipkart co-founder Binny Bansal; Zomato founder and CEO Deepinder Goyal; Swiggy co-founder and CEO Nandan Reddy; Nykaa co-founder and CEO Falguni Nayar; Uber India's head of driver operations Pavan Vaish, and PayU business head Nameet Bansal.

Also under watch are Professor Abhay Karandikar, director, IIT, Kanpur; and professor Deepak B Phatak, IIT, Bombay, known for upgrading Akash, advertised by its manufacturer as the "world's cheapest tablet."

An analyses of the entries show that venture capitalists and angel investors are the most tracked persons in OKIDB. The focus is also on founders, CEO, CFOs, CTOs, and COOs of key sectors.

The rapidly growing digital health sector is the one most tracked portfolio, followed by the digital education sector. Post-demonetisation, the Modi government has been pushing for digital payments. Unsurprisingly, the top payment apps are part of the database. So are the supply chain portfolio and delivery apps. Also under watch are the tech startups in the urban transportation segment.

Some of the entries in OKIDB under key segments are:

Angel investors and venture capitalists:

Matrix Partners India, whose portfolios include Indian ride sharing company Ola, Practo (a

platform that connects patients with doctors), and the Indian payment gateway app Razor Pay.

Kalaari Capital, whose portfolios include Indian e-commerce companies Snapdeal, Mynta & Urban Ladder.

Seed Fund, who portfolios include sports media firm sportskeeda, and RedBUS.in, an aggregator of routes, tickets and inventory for inter-city bus network.

Fireise Ventures that has backed brands such as MamaEarth and the Ayurveda Experience.

The list includes the Japanese officials on Incubate fund in India, whose portfolios in the country include ShopKi

rana, leading Go-to-Market platform brand, Yulu, the rental bike-sharing platform, and Gaming Monk, an esports gaming platform.

Also in OKIDB are German officials of NEXT STEP India, which is a market discovery program for German startups to explore opportunities in India; and top officials of the Everstone Capital, which manages assets worth \$5 billion across private equity, real estate, and venture capital.

Digital Healthcare

Cipla-backed Wellthy Therapeutics, that delivers clinically-validated digital therapies.

Strand Life Sciences, the Bengaluru based silico technology company named as the

technology pioneer twice at the World Economic Forum.

Gramin Healthcare, that provides primary healthcare services in Rural India.

Digital Education

Byjus, adda247, Oliveboard, the country's top learning apps.

Learnyt, the

FINANCIAL EXPRESS

UNITED CREDIT LIMITED

CIN: L65993WB1970PLC027781
 Regd. Office: 27B, Camac Street (8th Floor), Kolkata-700016
 Ph. No. (033) 2287-9359 / 9360. Fax No. (033) 2287-2047
 Email: unitedcreditltd@gmail.com, Website: www.unitedcreditltd.com

EXTRACT OF UNAUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS
FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 (₹ in Lakhs)

Sl. No.	Particulars	Quarter ended 30/06/2020	Quarter ended 30/06/2019
1	Total income from operations	59.13	70.38
2	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	26.68	22.57
3	Net Profit /(Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	26.68	22.57
4	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	17.58	18.19
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [comprising Profit/(Loss) for the period (after tax) and other comprehensive Income (after tax)]	17.58	18.19
6	Equity Share Capital	549.30	549.30
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year ended 31st March		
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs.10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) - (i) Basic (ii) Diluted	0.33 0.33	0.34 0.34

NOTE:
 i) The above is an extract of the detailed format of unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter ended 30.06.2020 filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
 ii) The Company has adopted Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 from 1st April, 2019.
 iii) The full format of the Quarterly Financial Results are available on the websites of the Stock Exchanges at www.bseindia.com, www.cse-india.com and also on the Company's website at www.unitedcreditltd.com.

By ORDER OF THE BOARD
(A. K. DABIRIWALA)Place : Kolkata
Dated : 14th September, 2020Chairman & Managing Director
DIN : 00024498

JAYSYNTH DYESTUFF (INDIA) LIMITED

CIN: L24114MH1985PLC035564

Registered Office: 301, Sumer Kendra, P. B. Marg, Worli, Mumbai - 400 018

Tel. No.: +91 22 3042 3048 • Fax No.: +91 22 3042 3434 • Website: www.jaysynth.com • E-mail Id: jsec@jaysynth.com

Extract of Un-audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results for the Quarter ended 30th June, 2020

(₹ in lakhs, except EPS)

Sr. No.	Particulars	STANDALONE			CONSOLIDATED		
		Quarter Ended		Year Ended	Quarter Ended		Year Ended
		30 th June, 2020	31 st Mar, 2020	30 th June, 2019	31 st Mar, 2020	30 th June, 2020	31 st Mar, 2020
1	Total Income from Operations	1,966	2,867	2,662	11,249	2,085	3,295
2	Net Profit for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	78	(50)	109	301	114	(32)
3	Net Profit for the period before tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	78	(50)	109	301	114	(32)
4	Net Profit for the period after tax (after Exceptional and Extraordinary items)	60	(47)	81	228	88	(28)
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	51	(34)	75	216	79	(18)
6	Equity share capital (Face Value ₹ 1/-)	87	87	87	87	87	87
7	Earnings Per Share (of ₹ 1/- each) (for continuing operation) a) Basic b) Diluted	0.59 (0.39)	0.86 (0.39)	2.48 0.86	0.91 (0.21)	1.30 (0.21)	2.78 1.30
8	Earnings Per Share (of ₹ 1/- each) (for discontinued operation) a) Basic b) Diluted	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -

Note:
 1 The above mentioned Un-audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results for the quarter ended 30th June, 2020 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors at the meeting held on 14th September, 2020.
 2 The above is an extract of the detailed format of Un-audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results for the quarter ended 30th June, 2020, filed with the BSE Ltd. under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of Un-audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results for the quarter ended 30th June, 2020, are available on the website of BSE Ltd. i.e. www.bseindia.com and on the Company's website i.e www.jaysynth.com.
 3 This statement has been prepared in accordance with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (Ind AS), prescribed u/s 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other recognised accounting practices and policies to the extent applicable.
 4 Previous period figures are regrouped, rearranged, wherever necessary.
 5 The Company has only one Segment.
 6 Due to continuing lockdown during April 20-June 20, owing to Covid-19 pandemic, figures for the quarter ended 30th June, 2020 are impacted.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD
FOR JAYSYNTH DYESTUFF (INDIA) LIMITED
sd/-
(PARAG SHARADCHANDRA KOTHARI)
CHAIRMAN AND MANAGING DIRECTOR
DIN: 00184852Place: Mumbai
Date: 14th September, 2020

PSL LIMITED

Regd. Office : Kachigan, Daman, U.T. of Daman & Diu-396210
Tel No: (0260) 2242989 FAX No: (0260) 2241932
website : www.psllimited.com Email: psllflegal@gmail.com

EXTRACT OF UNAUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS (STANDALONE & CONSOLIDATED) FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 30TH JUNE 2020 (Rs. in Crores)

S. No.	Particulars	STANDALONE		CONSOLIDATED	
		QUARTER ENDED 30.06.2020 (Unaudited)	YEAR ENDED 31.03.2020 (Unaudited)	QUARTER ENDED 30.06.2020 (Audited)	YEAR ENDED 31.03.2020 (Unaudited)
1.	Total Income from Operations	5.10	34.79	69.93	19.30
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(26.72)	(16.62)	(96.82)	(47.73)
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before Tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(26.72)	(16.62)	(96.82)	(47.73)
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary item)	(26.72)	(16.62)	(96.82)	(47.73)
5.	Total Comprehensive income for the period (comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and other Comprehensive income (after tax))	(26.72)	(16.62)	(96.82)	(47.73)
6.	Equity Share Capital (Face Value ₹ 10/- per share)	124.93	124.93	124.93	124.93
7.	Other Equity (As per audited balance sheet as at 31st March)				
8.	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)- 1. Basic : 2. Diluted:	(2.14)	(1.33)	(7.75)	(3.82)
					(2.99)
					(10.99)

NOTES :
 a) The above is an extract from the detailed format of quarter ended Financial Results filed with Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing and other Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The Full format of the Quarterly Financial Results are available on the Stock Exchange Websites "www.nseindia.com" & "www.bseindia.com" and on the company's website "www.psllimited.com".
 b) That the Unaudited Financial Results of the company for the quarter ended 30th June 2020 were placed at the meeting of the Directors of PSL on its Board (Powers suspended). Auditors, Finance & Accounts Head and the RP held on 14.09.2020. Accordingly, the said Financial Results of the company have been approved by the RP in consultation with Directors, Auditors and Finance & Accounts head of the company at the said meeting.

For PSL LIMITED

Sd/-

(ASHOK PUNJ)
(MANAGING DIRECTOR) Resolution Professional in the matter of PSL Limited
Date : Sept. 14, 2020
(Registration No. IBBI/IPA-001/IP-P-01562/2019-2020/12462)

• Since the Company is undergoing Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process under Chapter II of Part II of the Insolvency & Bankruptcy Code 2016, the powers of the Board of Directors stood suspended and be exercised by the Resolution Professional

** The Resolution Professional, in exercise of responsibilities mentioned u/s 17(2)(e) of the Insolvency & Bankruptcy Code, 2016, signed these quarterly results based on the information provided by the Corporate Debtor, its directors, auditors, managerial staff etc.



PICTUREHOUSE MEDIA LIMITED

Reg Off : D. No. 2, 9th Floor, KRM Centre, Harrington Road, Chetpet, Chennai-600031;

Web: www.pvpmedia.com; Email: ir.telephoto@pvpglobal.com; Tel: 044 30285570

CIN:L92191TN2000PLC044077

EXTRACT OF UNAUDITED STANDALONE AND CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS
FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 30th June, 2020

(as per format of Newspaper Publishing Purpose of Regulation 33 of SEBI Listing Regulations, 2015)

Rs in lacs

Quarter ended 30.06.2020

Unaudited

Quarter ended 31.03.2020

Unaudited

Quarter ended 31.03.2020

Audited

Quarter ended 30.06.2020

Unaudited

Quarter ended 30.06.2019

Unaudited

Year ended 31.03.2019

Audited

Quarter ended 31.03.2020

Audited

Quarter ended 31.03.202

SWADESHI INDUSTRIES AND LEASING LTD
 Munisuvrat Complex, Phase III, Building A 1, 1st floor,
 Near Anjir Phata, Bhivandi Thane MH 421302
 CIN: L45209MH1983PLC031246

NOTICE TO THE SHAREHOLDERS FOR 36THANNUAL GENERAL MEETING AND E-VOTING INFORMATION

NOTICE is hereby given that the 36th Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of Swadeshi Industries And Leasing Limited will be held on Tuesday, 29th September, 2020 at 12:30 p.m. through Video Conferencing ('VC')/Other Audio-Visual Means ('OAVM') facility to transact business as set out in the notice of AGM which is being circulated for convening this AGM. The Company has sent notice of AGM on 4th September 2020, through electronic mode to the Members whose email address are registered with the Company/Depositories in accordance with the circulars issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs dated May 5, 2020 read with circular dated April 08, 2020 and April 13, 2020 followed by SEBI Circular dated May 12th 2020. The Annual Report for the financial year 2019-2020 is available and can be downloaded from the Company's website www.swadeshiglobal.com and the website of National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) www.evoting.nsdl.com.

In Compliance with provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended) the Members are provided with facility to cast their votes on all resolutions set forth in the Notice of AGM using electronic voting system (e-voting) provided by NSDL. The voting rights of members shall be in proportion to the equity shares held by them in the paid up equity share capital of the Company as on Tuesday, 22nd September, 2020 ("cut-off date"). The remote e-voting period commences at 9:00 a.m. on Saturday, 26th September, 2020 and shall close at 5:00 p.m. on Monday, 28th September, 2020. During this period, Members may cast their votes electronically. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL thereafter. Those members who shall be present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and had not cast their votes on the Resolutions through remote e-voting and otherwise are not barred from doing so shall be eligible to vote through remote e-voting system during the AGM.

The members who have cast their votes by remote e-voting prior to the AGM may also attend/participate in the AGM through VC/OAVM but shall not be entitled to cast their votes again.

Any person who acquires shares of the Company and becomes a Member of the Company after the Notice has been sent electronically by the Company and holds shares as of the cutoff date may obtain the Login ID and password by sending request to evoting@nsdl.co.in. However, if he/she is already registered with NSDL for remote e-voting then he/she can use his/her existing User ID and password for casting their Votes.

For details relating to remote e-voting please refer to the Notice of AGM. In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Shareholders and e-voting user manual for Shareholders available at the download section of www.evoting.nsdl.com or call on toll free no.: 1800-222-990 or send a request to (Name of NSDL Official) at evoting@nsdl.co.in.

The details of the AGM are available on the website of the Company at www.swadeshiglobal.com, NSDL at www.evoting.nsdl.com, BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com.

For Swadeshi Industries And Leasing Limited
 Sd/-
 Gaurav Jain
 Managing Director
 DIN: 06794973

INTERTEC TECHNOLOGIES LIMITED
 CIN No. U85110KA1989PLC010456.
 Registered Office: 28, Shankar Mutt Road, Bangalore-560004.

Phone: 080-26679094/26611317. Email: compliance@intertec1.com, URL: www.intertec1.com.

Extract of the Standalone and Consolidated Un-Audited Financial Results for the Quarter ended 30/06/2020 (Rs. In Lakhs except as otherwise stated)

SI No	PARTICULARS	CONSOLIDATED			STANDALONE		
		Quarter Ended	Quarter Ended	Year Ended	Quarter Ended	Quarter Ended	Year Ended
		30.06.20	31.03.20	31.03.20	30.06.20	31.03.20	31.03.20
1	Total Income from Operations	0	1,000	5,370	0	1,000	5,370
2	Net Profit before tax	(1.47)	(5,950)	(13,630)	(0.960)	(5,950)	(10,930)
3	Net profit for the period after tax	(1.47)	(5,950)	(13,630)	(0.960)	(5,950)	(10,930)
4	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (Comprising Profit/Loss) for the period (after tax) and other Comprehensive Income (after tax)	(1.47)	(5,950)	(13,630)	(0.960)	(5,950)	(10,930)
5	Paid-up Equity Share Capital (Face value Rs.10/- per share)	756.07	756.070	756.070	756.070	756.070	756.070
6	Earning per share of Rs.10/- each Basic (Rs) Diluted (Rs)	(0.008) (0.008)	(0.018) (0.018)	(0.017) (0.017)	(0.008) (0.008)	(0.014) (0.014)	(0.017) (0.017)

Notes : 1. The above is an extract of the detailed format of Un-audited (standalone & consolidated) financial results for the Quarter ended June 30th 2020 filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI LODR(2015) The full format of the Financial Results are available at the Company website: www.intertec1.com and the website of MSEI i.e. www.msei.in

2. These results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee. The same has been approved at Board meeting held on: 14.09.2020

By the Order of the Board
 T S Ravichandar (Managing Director)
 DIN: 01684760

Place : Bangalore
 Date:14.09.2020

K G DENIM LIMITED

CIN : L17115TZ1992PLC003798

Regd. Office: Then Thirumalai, Coimbatore - 641 302. Phone : 04254-235401, Fax : 04254-235400

Website : www.kgdenim.com, E-mail : cskgd1@kgdenim.in

Extract of Statement of Standalone & Consolidated Un-Audited Financial Results for the Quarter Ended on 30th June 2020 (Rs. in Lakhs)

Particulars	STANDALONE			CONSOLIDATED		
	Quarter ended		Year ended	Quarter ended		Year ended
	30.06.2020	31.03.2020	30.06.2019	31.03.2020	30.06.2019	31.03.2020
1 Total Income from Operations	5,031	11,054	12,551	49,556	5,250	11,808
2 Net Profit/(Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional items)	(523)	(698)	(420)	(1,901)	(565)	(1,004)
3 Net Profit/(Loss) for the period (after Exceptional items)	(523)	(1,148)	(420)	(2,351)	(565)	(1,004)
4 Net Profit/(Loss) for the period after Tax (after Exceptional items)	(350)	(877)	(421)	(1,651)	(392)	(644)
5 Total Comprehensive Income for the period (Comprising Profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	(351)	(751)	(421)	(1,527)	(393)	(513)
6 Equity Share Capital (Face Value Rs.10/- Per Share)	2,565	2,565	2,565	2,565	2,565	2,565
7 Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year				7,111		5,594
8 Earning Per Share (for total comprehensive income) (of Rs 10/- Each)	1. Basic & Diluted	(1.36)	(3.42)	(1.64)	(6.44)	(1.53)
9 Earnings per share(Basis & Diluted) (Face value Rs. 10/- per share)					(2.51)	(2.05)
10 Total Income from Operations						(6.40)

Note:
 1. The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarter ended unaudited Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchange under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing and Other Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The Un-Audited Financial Results and this extract were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company in its meeting held on 14th September 2020. The full format of the Un-Audited Financial Results is available on the website of the Stock Exchange [BSE](http://www.bseindia.com): <http://www.bseindia.com>, and Company's website: <http://www.kgdenim.com>.

Coimbatore
 14th September, 2020

By order of the Board
 B SRIRAMULU
 Managing Director

THE INDIAN WOOD PRODUCTS COMPANY LIMITED

CIN: L20101WB1919PLC003557

Regd. Office: 9, Brabourne Road, Kolkata – 700 001

Email id: iwpho@iwpkatha.co.in, Website: www.iwpkatha.com, Phone: 82320 23820, Fax: 033 - 22426799

STATEMENT OF UNAUDITED STANDALONE & CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 30TH JUNE, 2020

Particulars	STANADLONE			CONSOLIDATED		
	Quarter Ended	Year Ended	Quarter Ended	Year Ended	Quarter Ended	Year Ended
	30.06.2020	30.06.2019	31.03.2020	31.03.2020	30.06.2020	31.03.2020
Total Income From Operation	3,078.74	4,764.36	4,556.38	19,491.15	3,078.74	4,764.36
Net Profit for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary item)	(384.28)	351.49	80.46	1,047.64	(360.87)	353.25
Net Profit for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(384.28)	351.49	80.46	1,047.64	(360.87)	353.25
Net Profit for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(387.05)	257.04	17.62	758.98	(363.65)	258.79
Total Comprehensive Income for the period (Comprising Profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	(395.26)	255.60	(9.10)	727.71	(371.86)	257.35
Equity Share Capital	1,279.75	1,279.75	1,279.75	1,279.75	1,279.75	1,279.75
Reserves excluding Revaluation reserve	-	-	-	34,178.90	-	-
Earnings per share(Basis & Diluted) (Face value Rs. 1/- per share)	(0.61)	0.40	0.03	1.19	(0.57)	0.40
1) The above results were reviewed by the Audit Committee and thereafter approved and taken on record by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on September 14, 2020.						
2) The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly Result filled with the Stock Exchange under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly Results are available on the stock exchange's website i.e. www.bseindia.com and also at the website of the Company i.e. www.iwpkatha.com .						
3) The Consolidated results has been prepared in accordance to Equity Method as per Ind AS and includes our share of Profit in the Joint Venture Company i.e. M/s Agric and Spice Trading Pte Ltd, Singapore and its subsidiaries and the results of the Joint Venture Company for the quarter ended June 30, 2020, March 31, 2020 & June 30, 2019 have been approved by the Companies Board of Directors but have not been subject to Audit or Review.						

1) The above results were reviewed by the Audit Committee and thereafter approved and taken on record by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on September 14, 2020.

2) The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly Result filled with the Stock Exchange under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly Results are available on the stock exchange's website i.e. <a href="http://www.bseindia

FINANCIAL EXPRESS

OTT platforms don't need regulation: Trai

This brings down curtains on an issue flagged by the telecom operators some 5-6 years ago demanding that OTTs be brought under a regulatory

framework under what they called "one service, one rule". However, times were different then with operators charging for voice services and data being quite expensive — almost ₹50 per GB.

Subscribers were increas-

ingly using OTT services to make voice calls, thus causing revenue loss to the telecom operators. However, with the coming of Reliance Jio in September 2016 and voice becoming free and telcos starting to charge only for data, the prices

of which crashed to around ₹3-5 for a GB, usage of data exploded and with various entertainment OTTs coming up, the old loss of revenue

complaint evaporated. Back then, the telcos had complained that while they paid for spectrum and other charges, the OTTs just rode on

their networks without any regulatory charges.

However, most of the internet activists and associations representing digital application providers like IAMAI, Nasscom, US-India Business Council, etc., were

against any kind of regulatory framework for the OTTs.

The OTT players had maintained that their services are different from mobile operators as they transmit communication data over IP networks and there is no dedicated end-to-end

channel being established for the duration of the communication. However, Trai has earlier brought in regulation in some other aspects which touches OTT services like maintenance of net neutrality and stopping discriminatory tariffs.

HMT LIMITED

CIN:L29230KA1953GOI000748

No. 59, Bellary Road, Bangalore 560 032.

EXTRACT OF THE STANDALONE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE FIRST QUARTER ENDED 30TH JUNE 2020

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Sl. No.	Particulars	Three months ended		Year Ended	
		30.06.2020	31.03.2020	30.06.2019	31.03.2020
		Unaudited	Audited*	Unaudited	Audited*
1	Total income from Continuing Operations	1,580	2,002	1,036	6,944
2	Net profit/ (loss) for the period (before tax, exceptional items)	353	385	409	2804
3	Net profit/ (loss) for the period before tax (after exceptional items)	353	385	409	2804
4	Net profit/ (loss) for the period after tax (after exceptional items)	353	385	409	2804
5	Net Profit/(Loss) from Discontinued Operations	-	22135	(59)	22014
6	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (comprising profit for the period and other comprehensive income (net of tax))	294	22068	354	24378
7	Paid up Equity Share Capital (face value of Rs.10/- each)	35,560	35,560	35,560	35,560
8	Other Equity	-	-	-	539
9	Earnings Per Share from continuing operations (face value of Rs.10/- each)	0.10	0.11	0.12	0.79
	Basic :	0.10	0.11	0.12	0.79
	Diluted :	0.00	6.22	(0.02)	6.19
	Earnings Per Share from discontinued operations (face value of Rs.10/- each)	0.00	6.22	(0.02)	6.19
	Basic :	0.00	6.22	(0.02)	6.19
	Diluted :	0.00	6.22	(0.02)	6.19

EXTRACT OF THE CONSOLIDATED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE FIRST QUARTER ENDED 30TH JUNE 2020

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Sl. No.	Particulars	Three months ended		Year Ended	
		30.06.2020	31.03.2020	30.06.2019	31.03.2020
		Unaudited	Audited*	Unaudited	Audited*
1	Total income from Continuing Operations	3,546	7,717	5,596	30,792
2	Net profit/ (loss) for the period (before tax, exceptional items)	(4357)	(309)	(4079)	(6592)
3	Net profit/ (loss) for the period before tax (after exceptional items)	(4357)	(309)	(4079)	(6592)
4	Net profit/ (loss) for the period after tax (after exceptional items)	(4357)	(426)	(4079)	(6709)
5	Net Profit/(Loss) from Discontinued Operations	(24)	22157	(123)	22298
6	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (comprising profit for the period and other comprehensive income (net of tax))	(4464)	20955	(4209)	14731
7	Profit/(Loss) for the year attributable to : Equity holder of the parent	(4381)	21730	(4202)	15587
	Non-Controlling Interest	-	1	-	2
8	Other Comprehensive Income attributable to : Equity holder of the parent	(83)	(776)	(7)	(858)
9	Total Other Comprehensive income for the year attributable to : Equity holder of the parent	(4464)	20954	(4209)	14729
	Non-Controlling Interest	-	1	-	2
10	Paid up Equity Share Capital (face value of Rs.10/- each)	35,560	35,560	35,560	35,560
11	Other Equity	-	-	-	(495958)
12	Earnings Per Share from continuing operations (face value of Rs.10/- each)	Basic :	(1.23)	(0.12)	(1.15)
	Diluted :	(1.23)	(0.12)	(1.15)	(1.89)
	Earnings Per Share from discontinued operations (face value of Rs.10/- each)	Basic :	(0.01)	6.23	(0.03)
	Diluted :	(0.01)	6.23	(0.03)	6.27

Note:
1. The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchanges under regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly Financial Results are available on the websites of Stock Exchanges of www.nseindia.com and www.bseindia.com and on the Company's website www.hmtindia.com

2. Figures of previous year have been regrouped wherever necessary.

By order of the Board of Directors
(S. Girish Kumar)
Chairman and Managing Director

Place : Bangalore

Date : September 14, 2020

From the Front Page**ACI INFOCOM LIMITED**

CIN-L72200MH1982PLC175476

121, V. Mall, Thakur Complex, Kandivali East, Mumbai 400101

Email: compliance@acirealty.co.in

Extract of un-audited financial result for the 1st quarter ended on 30th June 2020

(Rs. in Lacs)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Quarter ended			Year Ended
		30.06.2020 Un-audited	31.03.2020 Audited	30.06.2019 Un-audited	
1	Total Income from Operations	13.16	5.50	16.86	153.64
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before Tax	6.75	-12.54	2.28	-3.43
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after Tax	6.75	-11.67	2.28	-2.55
4	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	-	-	-	-
5	Equity Share Capital	1104.91	1104.91	1104.91	1104.91
6	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year	-	-	-	543.45
7	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -	-	-	-	-
	1. Basic	0.01	-0.01	0.00	0.00
	2. Diluted	0.01	-0.01	0.00	0.00

Notes

The Company has dealt in realty business. The above financial result has been duly reviewed by audit committee and approved by the Board of Directors Meeting held on 14th Sept., 2020. The Limited Review has been done by Statutory Auditor of the company. Covid -19 has not significantly impacted the business of the entity. In assessing the recoverability of Company assets such as Investments, Loan, Trade receivable, Inventories,etc the company has considered internal and external information upto date of approval of these financial results. The company has performed sensitivity analysis and expects to recover the carrying amounts of the assets.

Income Tax will, if any, be provided at the end of the year.

Previous Year have been regrouped/rearranged where ever necessary.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of ACI Infocom Limited

Sd/-
Kushal Chand Jain
Director
DIN: 03545081

Place : Mumbai

Date : 14th September 2020

TAKE® TAKE SOLUTIONS LTD

CIN: L63090TN2000PLC046338

Regd. Office : 27, Tank Bund Road, Nungambakkam, Chennai - 600 034, Tamil Nadu. www.takesolutions.com**Extract of Consolidated Unaudited Financial Results for the quarter ended June 30, 2020**

(₹ In Lakhs, except per share data)

S. No.	Particulars	3 Months ended Jun 30, 2020 (Unaudited)			Year ended Mar 31, 2020 (Audited)	3 Months ended Jun 30, 2019 (Unaudited)
		30.06.2020 Un-audited	31.03.2020 Audited	30.06.2019 Un-audited		
1	Revenue from operations	16,589.16		221,289.95	58,274.30	
2	Profit/(Loss) before exceptional items and tax	(8,313.70)		(1,291.73)	5,511.73	
3	Profit/(Loss) before tax	(23,976.03)		(1,291.73)	5,511.73	
4	Profit/(Loss) after tax	(24,092.88)		(1,094.19)	4,608.46	
5	Equity Share Capital	1,462.25		1,462.25	1,461.91	
6	Total comprehensive income	(23,162.80)		6,093.38		

IDBI BANK LIMITED, NPA Management Group
E-1, First Floor, Videcon Tower, Jhandewalan
Extension, New Delhi-110055. Ph: 011-66084836, 66083042
Show cause Notice(SCN)

Borrower: Holystar Infrastructure Pvt. Ltd., GB 10, B-Block, Ground Floor, Centrum Mall, Khasra No. 369, Main M.G. Road, Village Sultanpur, South West New Delhi- 110030
Notice is hereby given to the persons mentioned below that the proceedings for identification of Wilful Defaulters as laid down by RBI Master Circular has been initiated and the Show Cause Notice issued by IDBI Bank has been returned/un served.

Name & Address Designation Criteria for Wilful Default

M/s Holystar Infrastructure Pvt. Ltd. GB 10, B-Block, Ground Floor, Centrum Mall, Khasra No. 369, Main M.G. Road, Village Sultanpur, South West New Delhi- 110030

Shri Pradeep Palwal S/o Ramesh Promoter-Director of HIPL Chand Palwal: B-9/13, Vasant Vihar, New Delhi - 110049

Shri Vinayaka Bhat S/o Vasudeva Bhat: C-1, Green Park Extension, 1st Floor, Delhi-110016

The above persons, if they desire, may show cause within 15 days from the date of this notice as to why they should not be declared and reported to RBI as Wilful Defaulter.

Date: 15.09.2020 Yours faithfully,
Place: New Delhi (Hari Kumar Meena)
Deputy General Manager

L&T bags multiple orders across segments in domestic mkt

INFRASTRUCTURE COMPANY LARSEN & Toubro (L&T) on Monday said its construction arm has received multiple orders across business segments in the domestic market.

The company did not provide the value of the contracts, but said the orders fall under the 'significant' category, which ranges between ₹1,000 crore and ₹2,500 crore according to the classification of contracts.

"The construction arm of L&T has secured orders from prestigious clients for its varied businesses," L&T said in a regulatory filing.

L&T said its buildings and factories business has secured a design-and-build order from a client in India to construct office space in two locations in Bangalore, with a total built-up area of 2 million square feet.

Its water and effluent treatment business has received an order from Punjab Water Supply and Sewerage Board, Punjab, to provide surface-based bulk drinking water supply to Jalandhar town, Punjab, on design, build, operate and transfer basis.—PTI

Only a fifth of large projects under infra pipeline tender-ready: Report

FE BUREAU
New Delhi, September 14

AS MANY AS 6,633 projects involving potential investments of ₹128 lakh crore over a six-year period through FY25 are showcased under the government's National Infrastructure Pipeline (NIP), but only a fraction of the large projects is ready for tenders.

According to a research report by Emkay Global that reviewed the top 1,000 projects accounting for over 80% of the pipeline value, only a fifth are "close to tender-ready stage".

Nevertheless, there are "niche opportunities" for regional road EPC (engineering, procurement and construction) companies and metro rail contractors in the near term, while water, railways and affordable housing segments offer longer-term opportunities, the report says, after collating data from the dashboard for the NIP.

NIP split by sectors (₹ bn)

Social Infrastructure 13,956

Commercial Infrastructure 5,768

Communications 980

Water & Sanitation 21,514

Energy 28,558

Logistics 2,741

Transport 54,677

Only 57% of transport projects may materialise by FY25

(Value of projects, in ₹ bn)	NIP	Emkay estimate
Roads	28,300	16,359
Railways	15,001	9,594
Urban transport	8,890	3,962
Ports	635	265
Airports	1,600	700
Inland waterways	232	100
Shipyards	19	15
Transport (total)	54,677	30,995

Source: Emkay Research, India Investment Grid

ready stage, with the remaining in either idea/nascent stage or already ordered out," it added.

In the transport segment, against a total NIP estimate of ₹54.7 lakh crore, projects worth only ₹31 lakh crore (57%) are likely to materialise over the stipulated FY20-25 period, the report has forecast.

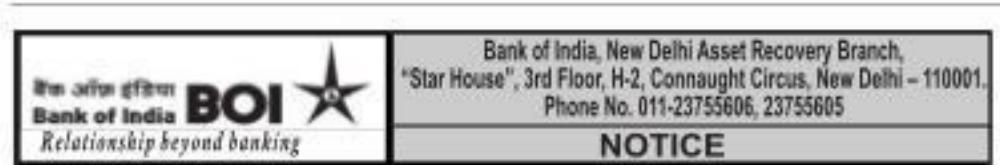
Trai suggests DoT set up industry-led body for cloud service providers

FE BUREAU
New Delhi, September 14

THE TELECOM REGULATORY
Authority of India (Trai) has recommended that Department of Telecommunications (DoT) should initiate setting up of an industry-led body for cloud service providers that will regulate the sector. The scope of cloud service providers (CSPs) initially, to be limited to infrastructure as a service (IaaS) and platform as a service (PaaS), which are providing services in India.

Major CSPs in India include Amazon Web Services, Microsoft Azure, VMware, Google compute engine, Netmagic, Red Hat, Sales-force and Zoho.

The CSPs had earlier opposed the Trai proposal to set up a regulatory body as it would negatively impact the growth of the industry. Moreover, the industry felt that the creation of a regulatory framework does not fall within the ambit of the Telegraph Act and Trai Act, as CSPs cannot be classified as telecom operators. Trai had issued a consultation paper on October 23, 2019 seeking comments from stakeholders regarding registration of an industry body for CSPs and what should be the terms and conditions for the same.



NOTICE

Notice is hereby given to Mrs. Narmada Mosun W/O Shri Prem Sukh Verma Mosun C/o M/s Nav Durga Diamonds Pvt. Ltd, 2502/8, First Floor Beadonpur, Karol Bagh, New Delhi-110005 and also at M/S Nav Durga Jewellers, 3147, 2nd floor, Galli No. 33, Beadonpur, Karol Bagh, New Delhi-110005 (Mortgagor in the NPA C/o M/s Nav Durga Jewellers, Proprietor: Sh. Prem Sukh Verma Mosun) to remove the moveable assets lying in the premises of mortgaged residential property situated at **Floor without roof rights** Municipal Corporation No. 11089 and **Western Side half portion of Property No. 11059, ward no. XIV, Gali No. 2 and 3, Dorivalan, Sidhpura, East Park Road, Karol Bagh Delhi**, as the Bank of India, New Delhi Asset Recovery Branch has sold the property under the provision of the SARFAESI Act, 2002 through E-Auction on 30.07.2020, and in case Mortgagor fails to remove the moveable assets from the said premises within 15 days from the date of this notice, the authorized officer of the Bank shall remove and sell the moveable assets at the cost and risk of the borrower/mortgagor.

Date : 15.09.2020
Place : New Delhi
Authorised Officer, Bank of India

ARCOTECH LIMITED

CIN: L34300HR1981PLC012151

Regd. Off.:181, Sector-3, Industrial Growth Centre, Bawali, Distt. Rewari, Haryana-123501
Website: www.arcotech.in, email: contact@arcotech.in, Tel: 0128-4264160

Extracts of Statement of Standalone Unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter ended 30th June, 2020

(Rs. in lacs, except per share data)

S.N	Particulars	Quarter ended 30.06.2020 (Unaudited)	Quarter ended 30.06.2019 (Unaudited)	Year ended 31.03.2020 (Audited)	Year ended 31.03.2019 (Audited)
1	Total income from operations (net)	0.25	4049.53	7548.97	
2	Net Profit / (Loss) from ordinary activities after tax	(862.96)	(4724.14)	(8957.65)	
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Extraordinary items)	(862.96)	(4724.14)	(8957.65)	
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(559.10)	(3098.45)	(5871.42)	
5	Total Comprehensive income for the period [Comprising Profit/(Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(558.77)	(3097.70)	(5870.13)	
6	Equity Share Capital	2100.00	2100.00	2100.00	
7	Earnings Per Share (before Extraordinary items) - Basic & Diluted	(0.53)	(2.95)	(5.59)	
	Basic (Rs.)	(0.53)	(2.95)	(5.59)	
	Diluted (Rs.)				

Note:
1. The above Financial results were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors at their meeting held on September 14th, 2020.
2. The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly and Yearly Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing and Other Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly/Annual Financial Results are available on the Stock Exchange websites and Company's website : www.arcotech.in
By the order of Board of Directors
For Arcotech Limited
Sd/-
RN Pattanayak
Whole Time Director
Din: 01189370

Place: New Delhi
Date: 14.09.2019

TATA POWER DELHI DISTRIBUTION LIMITED

A Tata Power and Delhi Government Joint Venture
Regd. Office : NDPL House, Hudson Lines, Kingsway Camp, Delhi - 110 009
Tel : 66112222, Fax : 27468042, Email : TPDDL@tatapower-dl.com
CIN No.: U40109DL2001PLC111526, Website : www.tatapower-dl.com

NOTICE INVITING TENDERS Sep. 15, 2020

TATA Power-DL invites tenders as per following details:

Tender Enquiry No. Work Description	Estimated Cost/EMD (Rs.)	Availability of Bid Document	Last Date & Time of Bid Submission/ Date & time of Opening of bids
TPDDL/PMG/Tender/Banking-2020-21/03	N.A.	16.09.2020	06.10.2020:1600 Hrs/ 06.10.2020:1630 Hrs
Notice Inviting bids for banking of up to 200 MW RTC/Slot wise power on firm basis for the period of 01.11.2020 to 30.09.2021.			

CORRIGENDUM / TENDER DATE EXTENTION

Tender Enquiry No. Work Description	Previously Published Date	Revised Due Date & Time of Bid Submission/ Date & time of opening of bids
TPDDL/ENGU/ENQ/200001230/20-21 For Supply Installation, Testing and Commissioning of Power Quality Meter	05.08.2020	21.09.2020 at 1600 Hrs/ 21.09.2020 at 1630 Hrs

Complete tender and corrigendum document is available on our website www.tatapower-dl.com → Vendor Zone → Tender / Corrigendum Documents Contracts - 011-66112222

SAMTEX FASHIONS LIMITED

Regd. Office & Works: Plot No. 163, Udyog Vihar, Greater Noida, Gautam Budha Nagar, U.P. 201308

CIN :L17112UP1993PLC022479, Email:samtex.compliance@gmail.com, Website: samtexfashions.com

Statement of Standalone & Consolidated Unaudited Financial Results for Quarter ended 30.06.2020

(Rs. In Lakhs, except per share data)

Sl. No	Particular	Standalone			Consolidated			
		Quarter ended		Year ended	Quarter ended		Year ended	
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited	Audited	
1	Total income from operations (net)	0.00	0.00	0.52	0.68	2.40	0.30	7.91
2	Net Profit / (Loss) from ordinary activities after tax	(17.70)	(20.97)	(16.36)	(81.20)	(207.05)	(225.22)	(233.59)
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Extraordinary items)	(17.70)	(20.97)	(16.36)	(81.20)	(207.05)	(225.22)	(233.59)
4	Equity Share Capital	1490.00</td						



The Jammu And Kashmir Bank
Human Resources & Development
Department
Corporate Headquarters, M.A.Road
Srinagar, J&K 190 001

e-RFP Notice (e-NIT)

for Empanelment of Agency / Agencies for Providing Skilled Manpower to the Bank

Tender Notice along with Complete tender document outlining the minimum requirements can be downloaded from and BIDs can be submitted on the Banks' e-Tendering Service Provider Portal <https://eauction.auctontiger.net> w.e.f September 15, 2020 16.00 Hrs. Tender Document can also be downloaded from Bank's Official Website www.jkbank.com. Last date for submission of Bids is October 06, 2020, 17.00 Hrs.

e-RFP Ref. No. JK/B/HRDC/Skill/2020-097

Dated : 11-09-2020

PUBLIC NOTICE

Form No. INC 26
[Pursuant to rule 30 of the Companies (Incorporation) Rules, 2014]
Before the Central Government, Northern Region
In the matter of the Companies Act, 2013, Section 13(4) of Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 30(6)(a) of the Companies (Incorporation) Rules, 2014 AND
In the matter of ASHIMA GREENS INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED having its Registered office at: WZ-37, Raj Nagar Part - II, Near Ration Card Office, Palam Colony, New Delhi-110045, India, Applicant

Notice is hereby given to the General Public that the company proposes to make application to the Regional Director, Northern Region under section 13 of the Companies Act, 2013 seeking confirmation of alteration of the Memorandum of Association of the Company in terms of the special resolution passed at the Extra-ordinary General Meeting held on 11th September, 2020 to enable the company to change its Registered office from "National Capital Territory of Delhi" to "State of Haryana". Any person whose interest is likely to be affected by the proposed change of the registered office of the company may deliver or cause to be delivered or send by registered post of his/her objections supported by an affidavit stating the nature of his/her interest and grounds of opposition to the Regional Director, Northern Region Bench, B-2 Wing, 2nd Floor, Pt. Deendayal Antyodaya Bhawan, CGO Complex, New Delhi - 110003 within fourteen days of the date of publication of this notice with a copy to the applicant company at its registered office at the address mentioned below:

Registered Office: WZ-37, Raj Nagar Part - II, Near Ration Card Office, Palam Colony, New Delhi-110045

For and behalf of ASHIMA GREENS INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED

SD/-
Date: 15-09-2020
Place: Delhi (SHALENDRA GOYAL) Director
DIN: 02682585

RASANDIK ENGINEERING INDUSTRIES INDIA LIMITED

Registered Office: 14 Roj-Ka-Meo Industrial Area, Solna, Haryana-122103

CIN: L74210HR1984PLC032233 www.rasandik.com

Extract of Unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter ended 30th June, 2020

S. No.	Particulars	(Rs. In Lacs)			
		30.06.2020 Unaudited	31.03.2020 Audited	30.06.2019 Unaudited	31.03.2020 Audited
1	Total Income	874.90	3,955.63	6,628.24	20,915.83
2	Profit/(Loss) for the period before tax and exceptional items	(560.98)	(775.85)	108.85	(1,870.40)
3	Profit/(Loss) before tax	(560.98)	(775.85)	108.85	(1,870.40)
4	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period after tax	(416.48)	(48.68)	40.52	(331.96)
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (net off tax) (OCI)	(416.48)	(36.12)	40.52	(319.40)
6	Paid up Equity Share Capital (Face Value of Rs.10/- each)	597.50	597.50	597.50	597.50
7	Other Equity	-	-	-	9,805.09
8	Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share for the period (Rs.)	(6.97)	(0.81)	0.68	(5.56)

Notes:
1. The above is an extract of the detailed format of Unaudited Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Financial Results is available on the Investor Section of our website www.rasandik.com and under Corporate Section of BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com.
2. The above Unaudited Financial Results have been reviewed and recommended by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on 14th September, 2020.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Rasandik Engineering Industries India Limited
Sd/-
Rajiv Kapoor
Chairman & Managing Director
(DIN:00054659)

Place : New Delhi
Dated: 14th September, 2020

ADINATH TEXTILES LIMITED

UN-AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 30TH JUNE 2020

(Rs. in Lacs except EPS data)

Particulars	Quarter Ended 30.06.2020 (Unaudited)	Quarter Ended 30.06.2019 (Unaudited)	Year Ended 31.03.2020 (Audited)
Total Income	36.19	43.84	138.71
Net Profit/(Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional Items and/or Extraordinary Items)	5.92	(1.01)	0.14
Net Profit/(Loss) for the period before Tax (after Exceptional Items and/or Extraordinary Items)	5.92	(1.01)	0.14
Net Profit/(Loss) for the period after Tax (after Exceptional Items and/or Extraordinary Items)	4.93	(1.63)	(6.82)
Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	4.93	(1.63)	(5.89)
Equity Share Capital (Face value per share Rs 10/-)	681.44	681.44	681.44
Other Equity as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year	-	-	(578.24)
"Earnings Per Share" (of ₹ 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) Basic & Diluted	0.07	(0.02)	(0.10)

Note : The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchange under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of Quarterly Financial Results is available on the website of Company and BSE Limited at www.adinathtextiles.com and www.bseindia.com respectively.

For and on behalf of the Board of
Rajneesh Oswal
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN-00002668

Date : 14.09.2020
Place : Ludhiana

Regd. Office: Village Bholapur, P.O. Sahabana, Chandigarh Road, Ludhiana-141123.
Tel. No. 91-161-2685270, 98761-00948, Email: at@shreyansgroup.com,
website: www.adinathtextiles.com, CIN: L17115PB1979PLC003910

UJJIVAN SMALL FINANCE BANK

SECOND FLOOR, GMTT BUILDING D-7 SECTOR 3 NOIDA (U.P.) 201301

POSSESSION NOTICE (for Immovable property) [Rule 8(1)]

Whereas, The undersigned, being the Authorised Officer of Ujjivan Small Finance Bank Ltd., under the Securitisation and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002 and in exercise of powers conferred under section 13(12) read with rule 3 of the Security Interest (Enforcement) Rules, 2002 issued demand notice to borrower / Guarantor on the dates mentioned hereunder; calling upon the Borrower(s) / Guarantor(s) to repay the amount mentioned in the respective demand notice within 60 days of the date of the notice.

The Borrower/Mortgagor, Co-Borrower/Mortgagor and Co-Borrower having failed to repay the amount, notice is hereby given to the Borrower/Mortgagor, Co-Borrower/Mortgagor, Co-Borrower and the public in general that the undersigned has taken **SYMBOLIC POSSESSION** of the property described herein below in exercise of powers conferred on him under sub-section (4) of section 13 of the said Act read with rule 8 of the Security Interest Enforcement Rules, 2002, on the dates mentioned against each account. The Borrower/Mortgagor, Co-borrower/Mortgagor's and Co-borrower's attention is invited to provisions of sub-section (8) of section 13 of the Act, in respect of time available, to redeem the secured assets. The Borrower/Mortgagor, Co-Borrower/Mortgagor and Co-Borrower in particular and the public in general is hereby cautioned not to deal with the property and any dealings with the property will be subject to the charge of Ujjivan Small Finance Bank Ltd. for an amount of for the amount(s), mentioned herein below besides interest and other charges / expenses against each account.

Name of Borrower/
Mortgagor Description of the
Immovable property Date of
Demand
Notice Date of
Possession Amount as per
demand notice

Mr. Kuldeep Singh Rana @
Kuldeep S/o Mr. Balbeer Singh,
House No. 44, East Hope Town,
U m e d p u r , D e h r a d u n ,
Uttarakhand- 248007 and Co-
Borrower/ Mortgagor - Mrs. Sonia
Rana W/o Mr. Kuldeep Singh
Rana, House No. 44, East Hope
Town, Ummepur, Dehradun,
Uttarakhand- 248007. In Loan
Account No. 2231610000004.

All that piece and parcel of
land with building property
bearing Khata No.1212 Khasra no.574 area 150 Sq.
Meter in which covered area is 89.21 Sq. meters
Situated at Mauza East Hope Town Pargana Pachawa
Doon Tehsil Vikasnagar, District Dehradun
Uttarakhand, together with buildings, structures and all improvements
thereon. Boundaries: East: 7 Feet wide road. Side measuring 35.6 feet.,
West: Land of Shri Pradeep, North: Land of Puran, South: Land of Shri
Dharmendra Gairola.

Mohd. Sarfraz S/o Mohd. Saleem
R/o Behedeki, Saidabad, Iqbalpur
Roorkee Haridwar, Uttarakhand,
Pin- 247668 and Co-Borrower/
Mortgagor Vaseem S/o Mohd.
Saleem R/o Behedeki, Saidabad,
Iqbalpur Roorkee Haridwar,
Uttarakhand, Pin- 247668 and
Nisha W/o Mohd. Sarfraz R/o
Behedeki, Saidabad, Iqbalpur
Roorkee Haridwar, Uttarakhand, Pin- 247668 Also At- Khasra No. 400/4, Mohila Mahigan, Roorkee, Haridwar,
Uttarakhand, Pin- 247667. In Loan Account No. 22287630000001.

Date: 14.09.2020 Place: Dehradun/Roorkee Authorised Officer

PREMIER POLYFILM LTD.

Regd. Office: 305, III Floor, Elite House, 36, Community Centre, Kalash Colony Ext., Zamroodpur, New Delhi -110048
CIN No. L25209DL1992PLC049590, Phone: 011-29246481 Email: premierpoly@premierpoly.com

EXTRACT OF STANDALONE UN-AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED ON 30TH JUNE, 2020

(Rupees in Lakhs)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Quarter Ended 30/06/2020	Quarter Ended 30/06/2019	Year Ended 31/03/2020
	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited	
1	Total Income from Operations	2,001	4,079	16,953
2	Net Profit for the period (before tax, Exceptional and/ or Extraordinary items)	(6)	103	870
3	Net Profit for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/ or Extraordinary items)	(6)	103	870
4	Net Profit for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/ or Extraordinary items)	(6)	80	621
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (comprising profit for the period (after tax) and other Comprehensive Income (after Tax))	(6)	78	590
6	Equity Shares Capital (Face value Rs.1/- per equity share)	1,059	1,059	1,059
7	Reserve (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited balance sheet of previous accounting year	3,570	3,106	3,106
8	Earning Per Share of Rs. 5/- each (for continuing and discontinued Operations) Basic and diluted	(0.03)	0.38	2.97

Notes:-

1. The above extract is an extract of the detailed format of Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchanges under the Regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the financial results are available on the stock exchanges website : www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com. The same is also available on the company's Website: [premierpoly.com](http://www.premierpoly.com).

2. The above results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the company at their Meeting held on 14th September, 2020.

3. Figures for the previous Quarter / year have been regrouped / rearranged wherever necessary to correspond with the Current year figures.

4. The Company suspended its operations with effect from 23rd March 2020 due to lockdown announced by the Government of India in view of the COVID-19 pandemic. The Company recommenced its partial operations with effect from 21st April, 2020 after obtaining special approvals from the concerned authorities. During the quarter ended 30th June, 2020 production facilities were operating at 45% capacity comparable to quarter ended on 30th June, 2019. Lockdown due to COVID-19 has affected supply lines, demand channels and labour force. These factors have substantial effect on profitability of the company. It will take time before normal operations start reaching pre COVID Level. However, situation is slowly improving.

For PREMIER POLYFILM LTD,
Sd/-
AMAR NATH GOENKA
MANAGING DIRECTOR
DIN : 00061051

Place : New Delhi
Date : 14.09.2020

TATA CAPITAL HOUSING FINANCE LTD.

Regd. Office: 11th Floor, tower A, Peninsula Business Park, Ganpatrao Kadam Marg, Lower

Dr. No.	Particulars	Quarter ending (30.06.2020)	Year ended (31.03.2020)	Corresponding 3 months ended in the previous year (30.06.2019)
			Unaudited	Audited
1	Total Income from Operations	973.01	9862.22	2712.28
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items	(70.07)	(733.33)	5.09
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(70.07)	(733.33)	5.09
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(71.46)	385.29	5.09
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (Comprising Profit / Loss for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	(71.46)	385.29	5.09
6	Equity Share Capital	400.87	400.87	400.87
7	Reserves including Revaluation Reserves as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year	849.45	820.90	540.12
8	Earnings Per Share (Rs. 10/- each) for continuing and discontinued operations:			
	(1) Basic	(1.78)	8.94	0.13
	(2) Diluted	(1.78)	8.94	0.13

NOTES: The above is an extract of the detailed format of Unaudited Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchanges or per Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing and Other Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Unaudited Financial Results is available on the website of Stock Exchange(s) and the period of Bombay Stock Exchange.

(Periodic Reporting System - For Garg Furnace Limited)

Place: LUDHIANA Date: 14/09/2020

(Periodic Reporting System - For Garg Furnace Limited)

Date: 03/05/2020

(Periodic Reporting System - For Garg Furnace Limited)

Date: 03/05/2020

(Periodic Reporting System - For Garg Furnace Limited)

Date: 03/05/2020

(Periodic Reporting System - For Garg Furnace Limited)

Date: 03/05/2020

(Periodic Reporting System - For Garg Furnace Limited)

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Russian leader Navalny able to leave his bed

ASSOCIATED PRESS
Berlin

RUSSIAN OPPOSITION LEADER Alexei Navalny's health has improved so that he is now able to leave his bed briefly, the Berlin hospital treating him said Monday, while Germany announced that French and Swedish labs have confirmed its findings that he was poisoned with the Soviet-era nerve agent Novichok.

Navalny, the most prominent opponent of Russian President Vladimir Putin, was flown to Germany two days after falling ill on August 20 on a domestic flight in Russia and is being treated at Berlin's Charite hospital. Berlin has demanded that Russia investigate the case.

The Charite said Navalny has now been "successfully removed from mechanical ventilation."

"He is currently undergoing mobilisation and is able to leave his bed for short periods of time," it added.

Monday's statement didn't address the long-term outlook for the 44-year-old Russian politician and anti-corruption investigator. Doctors have cautioned that even though Navalny is recovering well, long-term health problems from the poisoning cannot be ruled out.

Wildfires raise fight over climate before Trump visit

ASSOCIATED PRESS
Beavercreek, September 14

WITH CREWS BATTING wildfires that have killed at least 33 people, destroyed neighbourhoods and enveloped the West Coast in smoke, another fight has emerged: leaders in the Democratic-led states and President Donald Trump have clashed over the role of climate change ahead of his visit Monday to California.

California, Oregon and Washington state have seen historic wildfires that have burned faster and farther than ever before. Numerous studies in recent years have linked big wildfires in the US to global warming from the burning of coal, oil and gas.

The Democratic governors say the fires are a consequence of climate change, while the Trump administration has blamed poor forest management for the flames.

Trump is headed to McClellan Park, a former air base just outside Sacramento, California, White House spokesman Judd Deere said. California Gov. Gavin Newsom's office said he would be meeting with Trump.

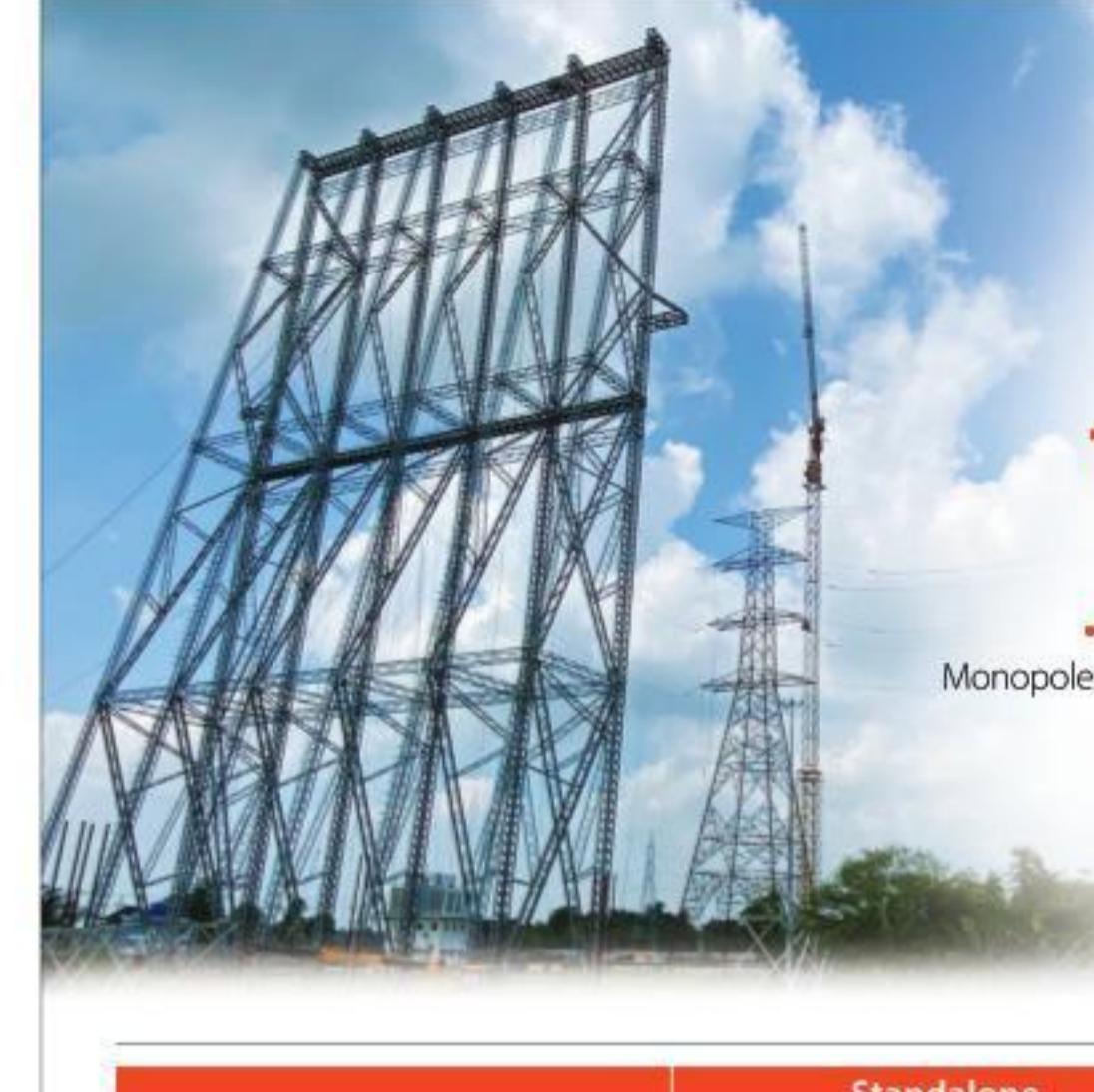
With Ghosn gone, his alleged accomplice faces trial

BLOOMBERG
September 14

ALMOST TWO YEARS after arriving in Japan for what he thought would be a quick two-day business trip, former Nissan Motor Co director Greg Kelly faces a trial in Tokyo scheduled to last 10 months, but which could land him in jail for as long as a decade if convicted.

The sole individual defendant in a case that has drawn global attention after former Nissan Chairman Carlos Ghosn's audacious escape from Japan, the criminal trial of Kelly is set to start September 15, his 64th birthday. The US citizen has been charged by Japanese prosecutors for his role in an alleged conspiracy to understate Ghosn's compensation by tens of millions of

dollars, something Kelly strongly denies. Kelly's family and attorneys have questioned his ability to get a fair trial without his ex-boss's testimony and criticised the slow pace of judicial proceedings in Japan. The trial has already been delayed multiple times, and will extend through July with a verdict not anticipated until next fall. Kelly and his lawyers won't discuss details about their strategy, but he has plead innocent and hopes to be fully exonerated. "I feel like I've already lost," Kelly said in an interview. "I was detained shortly after I turned 62, and I'm going to be 65 before the court makes a decision on this case. It's a violation of my human rights." Kelly, along with Ghosn and Nissan, was charged in December 2018 of helping Ghosn.



SKIPPER Limited

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- Ultimate destination for OHTL contractors & manufacturers for Prototype Testing
- Towers up to 1200kV with 120m height (highest in the world) can be tested seamlessly

(₹ in millions)

Sl No.	Particulars	Standalone			Consolidated		
		Quarter Ended 30.06.2020	Quarter Ended 30.06.2019	Year Ended 31.03.2020	Quarter Ended 30.06.2020	Quarter Ended 30.06.2019	Year Ended 31.03.2020
1	Total Income from Operations	2,210.06	3,388.33	13,924.72	2,210.06	3,388.33	13,924.72
2	Revenue from Operations	2,207.11	3,385.64	13,905.07	2,207.11	3,385.64	13,905.07
3	EBIDTA (Earning before Interest, Depreciation, Tax and Other Income)	90.47	426.49	1,391.26	93.48	422.94	1,388.91
4	Profit/(Loss) Before Tax (PBT)	(185.92)	120.03	182.32	(182.91)	116.48	179.97
5	Profit/(Loss) After Tax	(118.94)	82.16	414.90	(115.93)	78.61	412.55
6	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after Tax)]	(119.00)	82.93	414.75	(116.10)	79.38	411.95
7	Equity Share Capital	102.67	102.67	102.67	102.67	102.67	102.67
8	Reserves			6,773.12			6,770.16
9	Earnings Per Share (of ₹ 1/- each)						
	Basic	(1.16)	0.80	4.04	(1.13)	0.77	4.02
	Diluted	(1.16)	0.80	4.04	(1.13)	0.77	4.02

Note: The above is an extract from the detailed format of Unaudited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results for the Quarter ended 30th June, 2020 filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of Unaudited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Results for the quarter ended 30th June, 2020 is available on the Stock Exchanges website (www.bseindia.com & www.nseindia.com) and on the company's website www.skipperlimited.com.

Place: Kolkata Dated: 14th September '2020

For and on behalf of the Board

Sajan Kumar Bansal
Managing Director
DIN: 00063555

Extract of Standalone and Consolidated Statement of Unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter ended 30th June, 2020

SKIPPER LIMITED
CIN:L40104WB1981PLC033408

Registered Office: 3A, Loudon Street, Kolkata – 700 017, India.
Email: investor.relations@skipperlimited.com
Website: www.skipperlimited.com

China warns US: China warned the United States on Monday of potential "serious

damage" to their relations if it does not withdraw from an upcoming economic meeting with Taiwan that is expected to be attended by a senior American official. -AP



Monnet Industries Limited

Regd. Office : Plot No. 216, Sector - C, Ural Industrial Complex, Raipur, Chhattisgarh- 493221
Tel. No. 011-29218542-46; Fax: 011-29218541; e-mail : isc_min@monnetgroup.com
website: www.monnetgroup.com; CIN : L51103CT1982PLC009717

STATEMENT OF STANDALONE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 30th JUNE, 2020 (Rs. in Lakhs except for share data)

Sl. No.	Particulars	Quarter ended 30.06.2020 Unaudited	Quarter ended 31.03.2020 Audited	Quarter ended 30.06.2019 Unaudited	Year ended 31.03.2020 Audited
1	Total income from operations (gross)	-	-	-	-
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(41.22)	1.87	(35.79)	(109.35)
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(41.22)	1.87	(35.79)	(109.35)
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items	(41.22)	3.42	(36.37)	(109.45)
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(41.22)	3.42	(36.37)	(109.45)
6	Equity Share Capital	368.13	368.13	368.13	368.13
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year	-	-	-	-
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) - Basic: Diluted:	(1.12) (1.12)	0.09 0.09	(0.99) (0.99)	(2.97) (2.97)

Notes :-

1. The above unaudited financial statements have been reviewed by the Audit Committee in its meeting held on 14th September 2020 and then approved by the Board of Directors in its meeting held on 14th September 2020.
2. The results for the quarter ended 30.06.2020 have been subject to a Limited Review by the Auditors.
3. Figures for the quarter ended 31st March 2020 are the balancing figures between the audited figures for the full financial year ended 31st March 2020 and the published unaudited year to date figures upto nine months ended 31st December 2019.
4. The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly Annual Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly and Annual Financial Results is available on the Stock Exchanges website (www.bseindia.com) and Company's website www.monnetgroup.com.

FOR MONNET INDUSTRIES LIMITED
(MAHESH KUMAR SHARMA)
WHOLE-TIME DIRECTOR & CFO

Place: New Delhi

Date: 14.09.2020

SONI MEDICARE LIMITED

Regd Office: 38, Kanota Bagh, Jawahar Lal Nehru Marg, Jaipur-302004

CIN L51397RJ1988PLC004569, Phone No. 0141-5163700, FAX: 0141-2564392
Email: cs@sonihospitals.com, Website: www.sonihospitals.com

STATEMENT OF UNAUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED ON 30th JUNE, 2020

(Rs. in Lakhs)

PARTICULARS	QUARTER ENDED			YEAR ENDED
	30.06.2020	31.03.2020	30.06.2020	
Total income from operations (net)	108.90	355.94	406.85	1,575.02
Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(86.80)	(17.40)	(13.77)	(72.50)
Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(86.80)	(16.79)	(13.80)	(72.50)
Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(86.80)	(70.81)	(13.80)	(126.52)
Total Comprehensive Income for the period (Comprising Profit/ (Loss) for the period (after tax) and other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	(86.80)	(70.81)	(13.80)	(126.52)
Equity Share Capital (Face value per Share Rs. 10/- per Share)	426.49	426.49	426.49	426.49
Reserve excluding Revaluation Reserve	--	--	--	--
Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (not annualized)				
Basic	(2.04)	(1.66)	(0.32)	(2.97)
Diluted	(2.04)	(1.66)	(0.32)	(2.97)

NOTE:

1. The above Unaudited Financial Results of the company for the quarter ended June 30th, 2020 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and on its recommendation, have been approved by the Board of Directors at its meeting held on 14th September 2020.
2. The rapid spread of the COVID-19 pandemic globally followed by lockdown in the country has impacted our performance during the quarter. The Company has put in various measures to protect its employees as well as customers from the spread of infection by introducing social distancing, wearing of masks, frequent sanitization of facilities and regular trainings to employees for spreading awareness. The Company has been operating its truncated services all through the lockdown in compliance with the guidelines issued by the Central/State and local authorities from time to time. The Company has taken into account the impact of COVID-19 in preparation of the standalone financial results including its assessment of going concern and recoverability of the carrying amounts of financial and non-financial assets. The extent to which the pandemic will impact our future financial results is currently uncertain and will depend on further developments and social distancing rules.
3. The Company has only one business segment "Healthcare Facilities".
4. Figures in respect of the previous year/period have been rearranged/regrouped wherever necessary to correspond with the figures of the current year/period.
- 5.

ENGINEERS DAY



Yatish Kumar

Chairman & Managing Director, Braithwaite & Co. Ltd.

Braithwaite adds new verticals to its business

The company bets on exports for growth

After qualifying all the pre requisite criteria of entering into the Mini Ratna club following profits for the three consecutive years, it will be for the first time in the history of Braithwaite & Co. Ltd. (BCL) that the railway PSU will pay dividend to the government. Once a PSU under Bharat Bhari Udyog Ltd, BCL has been unleashing its potential after it has come under the Ministry of Railways. The company, which was suffering from acute cash crunch and was on the verge of closure a few years back has at present started thinking not only in terms of paying dividend to the government but also in terms of playing an active role in corporate social responsibility (CSR). But to fructify all such plans BCL would need enough liquidity, which can be ensured only through steady cash flow.

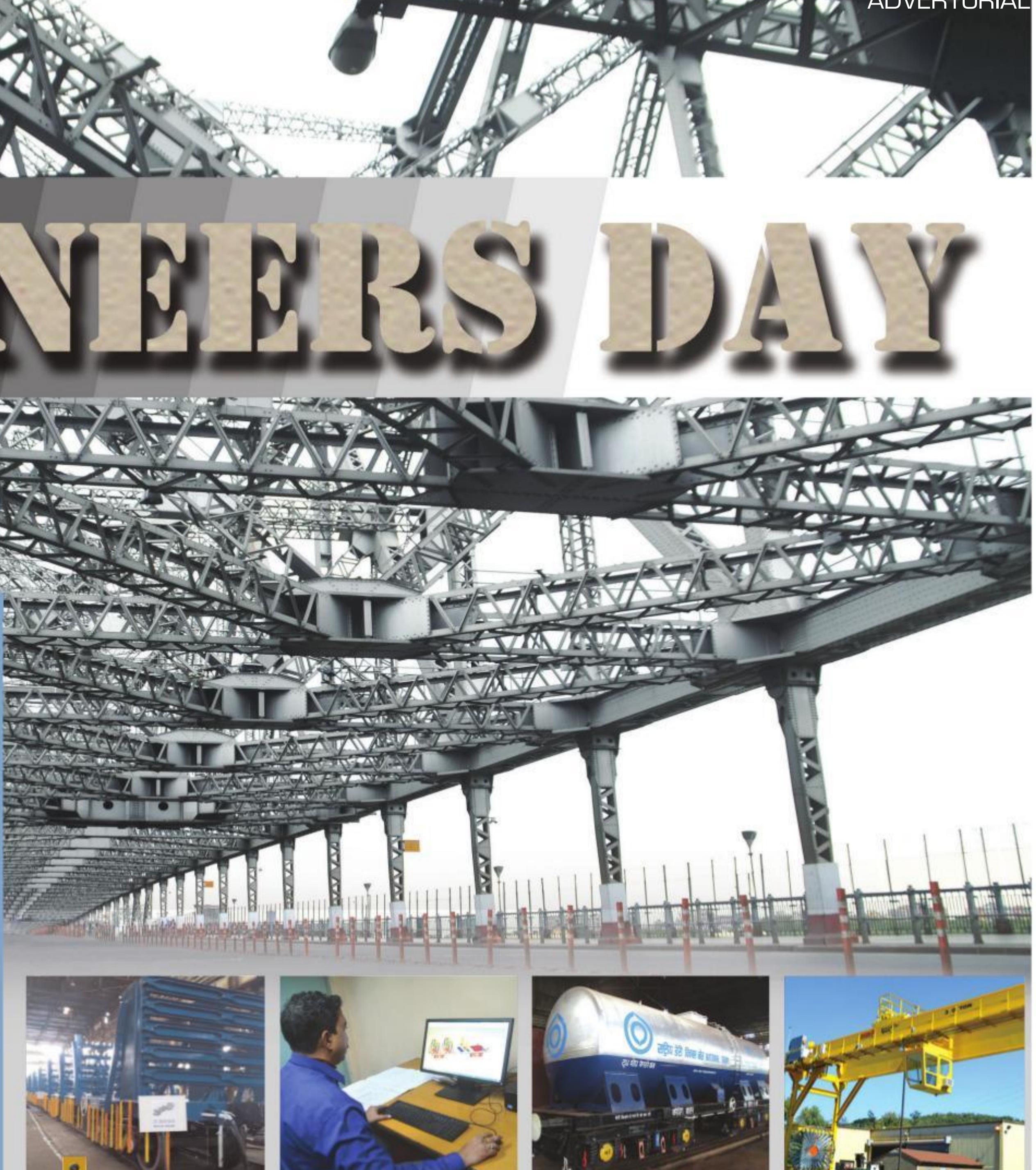
So long depending only on wagon manufacturing had not fetched BCL the desired results. The company failed miserably in 2013-14 relying only on wagon manufacturing and profits crashed because there was a sudden drop in demand for wagons. This has prompted BCL to realign its operational strategy by foraying into new verticals, aligned to its core competence. As a wagon manufacturer, it was easy for BCL to get into wagon repairing. Though it cannot be called as a new vertical, it became a new stream of revenue, which certainly added to the top line and bottom line. As for new verticals BCL started making bridges, pontoons and are now foraying into container manufacturing. It is now looking to have its footprint overseas setting up fabrication units in Bangladesh and Myanmar.

An eligible Mini Ratna category 2 company BCL after becoming one will be entitled to explore foreign markets, drive into exports and even participate in global tenders to execute projects abroad. BCL will provide service support to PSUs and the Indian Railways has plans to rope in BCL as an operation and maintenance partner. "We will be operating their workshops, which will be a new vertical," BCL chairman and managing director Yatish Kumar said adding this would formidably add to our revenues enabling us to realise our aspirations.

The government wants BCL to be an export driven company which has led it to take export orders from Myanmar for 360 cast bogies. While it will take some time for BCL to carry out exports directly since it is on the anvil of entering the Mini Ratna club, the government has allowed it to execute exports through an agency, giving BCL an exposure to the overseas market ahead of its time. The company is focusing on exporting wagon components, cranes and bogies to other countries. It is also entering into a new vertical called welding training centre, a critical path of any fabrication. This venture will be brought under the government's skill development programme, wherein BCL will set up its own school. The training centres will be gradually rolled out in different states, under different ministries, in different PSUs, as well as in neighbouring countries like Bangladesh, Nepal and other countries, where the railways is making a penetration. A complete different cell has been set up for this since it is a different business model pertinent to services only.

As the company is in a growth trajectory entering into new business verticals, it is also in a spree of hiring people. Even at a pandemic situation, when other companies are firing people from jobs, BCL has hired 14 engineers. The company is now at par with latest pay revision in any PSU. Its credit rating has gone up to BBB+ from earlier BB+ and it has been graded 'excellent' by the department of public sector undertaking in its latest round of assessment.

According to Kumar, if all the staff and workers of the company keep their hearts at the right place, every target is achievable. "My aim has always been to keep my team happy. If there is personal touch in your relationship with the employees, there will be no dearth of dedication from the employees towards the company. Even in the pandemic situation my employees have worked day and night maintaining all safety norms," Kumar said.



BRAITHWAITE & CO. LTD.

Strategising HR : Braithwaite's key to success



Braithwaite & Company Ltd, which till recently was considered as a sick railway PSU, is writing a turnaround story. The company was put to the disinvestment list in 2010 but there was no buyer for it since no one was ready to take up the challenge of making it viable. But the company witnessed a sea change in ten years and at present is in a position to be categorised as a Mini Ratna -2 category company. It aims to become a Mini Ratna-1 category company next fiscal and is in its way toward achieving the status.

The main action for the turnaround started in 2017-18 after Yatish Kumar took over as the chairman and managing director of the railway PSU. He identified the strength and weakness of the company and started giving leverage to the strength areas, which naturally overshadowed the weaknesses. As Kumar said, the company had a number of experienced workers. "I give value to experience. There is no alternative to experience," Kumar stressed adding, "There are a lot of industrialists who do not have any academic background. All they have is experience learned from life."

But soon after joining I realised that many experienced employees have either left and have joined some other organisation or have been given voluntary retirement due to the financial crunch the company had. I thought it was important bringing them back to retain our core activities. But skill ageing also remains a factor for which a fresh batch of employees had also to be inducted. When all dynamic capabilities and appropriate environmental conditions worked together, a stronger synergy resulting in a better performance was created. Coming together of fresh minds and experienced engineers worked wonderfully in our favour. That's where our key to turnaround lied. But there should be continuity in acquiring the same skills from one generation to another," Kumar said.

Yatish Kumar as a team leader has always kept the morale of his team high. As in his early days at the BCL, he strategised the company's human resource management, to tide over the problems arising out of Covid-19 pandemic, he adopted a strategy of



giving a boost to his workforce. Since the operations were halted during the first quarter of 2020-21, the company went at a loss of Rs 10 crore. Kumar told the workers that in his initial days as the CMD of BCL, the company was facing a loss of Rs 15 crore. "If we could alter that situation, then why not this. We had a much tougher situation then. Corona is nothing compared to that situation then," Kumar told his employees. "This year has surpassed last year's figure and I am sure that in the coming

Kumar is of the opinion that communication matters in managing an organisation and if one is able to keep everything transparent with everyone including vendors, employees, ministries and all involved in the process, an organisation has to run smoothly. "We have taken the pandemic as a challenge. At present we have embarked on a process of adding verticals concentrating



on all the items that our country has to import. With the guidance of the ministry the company is foraying into container manufacturing since it will align with the products which BCL was already making. BCL is looking forward to become a category 1 vendor, where the contribution of indigenous products is more than 50%. BCL's strength is its huge tract of land, in which adding new verticals wouldn't create any space constraint. BCL at present was running at a 70% capacity and it was moving forward towards utilising 100% of its capacity.

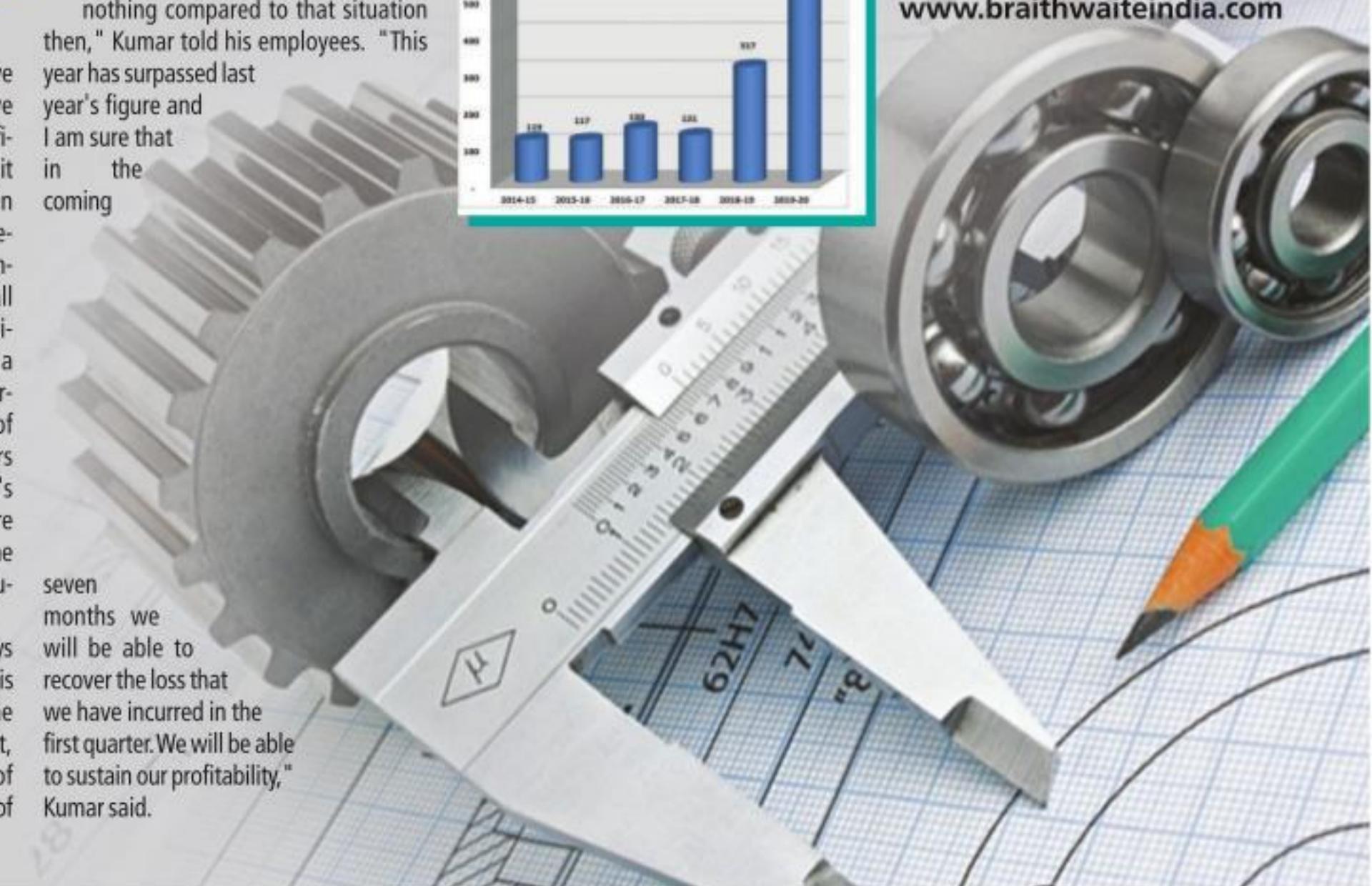
"We are investing in innovation. We have submitted four new designs to the railway board and all of them have been approved. The designs will change the course of transportation in our country," Kumar said. The railway at

present moves only 1% of the total containers carried in the country but it has more potential, which Braithwaite is poised to fully utilise.

Among the products placed for approval of the Ministry, one is the End Unloading Roller (EUR) for carrying 260 meter rails.

Similarly, company who had contributed in building The Howrah Bridge was struggling to survive 5 years back which is now leading to successful diversification and enriching skills to build a healthy economy.

www.braithwaiteindia.com



FINANCIAL EXPRESS**KONARK COMMERCIAL LIMITED**

CIN : L51109AS1988PLC002916

Regd. Office : B. R. Chandak Market, Marwari Paty, Ward No. 6, Guwahati, Jorhat, AS-785001

Email : info.konarkcommerciallimited@gmail.com, Website : www.konarkcommercial.com

Extract of Statement of Standalone Unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter ended June 30, 2020

(` in lakhs)

S. No.	Particulars	Quarter ended 30.06.2020 (Unaudited)	Quarter ended 30.06.2019 (Unaudited)	Year ended 31.03.2020 (Audited)
1	Total income from operations (net)	-	6.30	31.25
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(3.18)	0.60	1.68
3	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period before tax(after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(3.18)	0.60	1.68
4	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period after tax(after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(3.18)	0.60	1.25
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	(3.18)	0.60	1.25
6	Equity Share Capital	50.00	50.00	50.00
7	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (Not annualised)			
Basic:	(0.64)	0.12	0.25	
Diluted:	(0.64)	0.12	0.25	

NOTES:
a) The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing and Other Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly Financial Results are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the listed entity www.msei.in and www.konarkcommercial.com respectively.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-

Vishal Kumar Sharma

DIN: 07310503

Whole-Time Director

Date : 14.09.2020

Place : Kolkata

MPDL LIMITED

(formerly Monnet Project Developers Limited)

Regd. Office : Plot No. 216, Sector - C, Ural Industrial Complex, Raipur (Chhattisgarh)-493221

Tel. No. 011-29218542-46; Fax : 011-29218541; e-mail : isc_mpdl@monnetgroup.com

website : www.monnetgroup.com; CIN : L70102CT2002PLC015040

STATEMENT OF STANDALONE AND CONSOLIDATED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 30TH JUNE, 2020

Rs. in Lakh except per share data

Sl. No.	Particulars	Standalone				Consolidated			
		Quarter Ended 30.06.2020 Unaudited	Quarter Ended 31.03.2020 Audited	Quarter Ended 30.06.2019 Unaudited	Year Ended 31.03.2020 Audited	Quarter Ended 30.06.2020 Unaudited	Quarter Ended 31.03.2020 Audited	Quarter Ended 30.06.2019 Unaudited	Year Ended 31.03.2020 Audited
1	Total income from operations (net)	13.35	105.13	-	566.27	13.35	105.13	-	566.27
2	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	65.05	(189.89)	(58.68)	(230.06)	65.05	(189.89)	(23.58)	(230.06)
3	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	65.05	(189.89)	(58.68)	(230.06)	65.05	(189.89)	(23.58)	(230.06)
4	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	65.05	(189.89)	(58.68)	(230.06)	44.19	(43.92)	(19.61)	(190.48)
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	65.05	(189.89)	(58.68)	(230.06)	44.19	(43.92)	(19.61)	(190.48)
6	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of the previous year	-	-	-	4619.29	-	-	-	4787.94
7	Equity share Capital (Face Value of Rs. 10/- each)	741.25	741.25	741.25	741.25	741.25	741.25	741.25	741.25
8	Earnings Per Share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations) -								
	(a) Basic	0.88	(2.56)	(0.79)	(3.10)	0.60	(0.59)	(0.26)	(2.57)
	(b) Diluted	0.88	(2.56)	(0.79)	(3.10)	0.60	(0.59)	(0.26)	(2.57)

Notes:-
1) The above Unaudited Financial Results were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on 14th September 2020.
2) The Company has unabsorbed income tax losses hence provision for income tax on income show in Q1 is not required.
3) The results for the quarter ended 30.06.2020 have been subject to a Limited Review by the auditors.

4) Figures for the quarter ended 31st March 2020 are the balancing figures between the audited figures for the full financial year ended 31st March 2020 and the published unaudited year to date figures upto nine months ended 31st December 2019.

5) The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly / Annual Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly Financial Results is available on the Stock Exchanges website (www.bseindia.com) and Company website (www.monnetgroup.com)

FOR MPDL LIMITED
(formerly Monnet Project Developers Limited)
(B.D BHARDWAJ)
WHOLE -TIME DIRECTOR

Place: New Delhi

Date: 14.09.2020

THE BIRLA COTTON SPINNING & WEAVING MILLS LTD.

Corporate Identity Number: L65100DL1920PLC099621

Regd. Office: Hindustan Times House, 9th Floor, 18-20, Kasturba Gandhi Marg, New Delhi 110 001

Phone: 011-66561206, Email : secretarial.ht@rediffmail.com, Website: www.birlacotton.com**EXTRACT OF STATEMENT OF UNAUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2020**

(` in Lakhs, except per share data)

Sl. No.	Particulars	Three Months ended				Year ended			
		30.06.2020	30.06.2019	31.03.2020	31.03.2020	30.06.2020	30.06.2019	31.03.2020	31.03.2020
		Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited	Audited	Unaudited	Unaudited	Audited	Audited
1	Total Income from Operations (Net)	135	118	104	354				
2	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period (before Tax, exceptional and/or Extraordinary items) #	(40)		108	88	297			
3	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period before Tax (after exceptional and/or Extraordinary items) #	(40)		108	88	297			
4	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period after Tax (after exceptional and/or Extraordinary items) #	(63)		80	26	453			
5	Total comprehensive income for the period (comprising Profit/(-) Loss for the period (after tax) and other comprehensive income (After tax)) *	(3)		-	(127)	(127)			
6	Equity Share Capital	114	114	114	114				
7	Earnings per share (of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing operations-not annualised)								
	Basic	(5.51)	6.98	2.27	39.56				
	Diluted	(5.51)	6.98	2.27	39.56				

NOTES:
1) The above unaudited Financial Results for the quarter ended June 30, 2020 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved and taken on record by the Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on September 14, 2020.
2) The Statutory Auditors have carried out a Limited Review of the above Financial Results for the Quarter ended June 30, 2020.
3) The Company has adopted Indian Accounting Standard (Ind-AS) effective 1st April, 2019 and accordingly unaudited financial results for the quarter ended 30th June, 2020 are in compliance with Ind-AS prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read together with the companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended).
4) The above financial results have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles as prescribed vide Ind-AS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting".
5) i) Investment in shares (other than investment in Associates) have been measured and classified under "Fair Value through Profit & Loss as per option available under Ind-AS and Schedule III (Division-II) to the Companies Act.
ii) Investments in Debt based Mutual Funds (held not for trading) have been measured and classified under "Fair Value through Profit & Loss".
6) The above is an extract of the detailed format of unaudited financial results for the quarter ended June 30, 2020, filed with the Stock Exchange under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the unaudited financial results for the quarter ended June 30, 2020 along with review report of the Statutory Auditors is available on our website at www.birlacotton.com and under Financial Results at Corporate section of www.cse-india.com.
7) The figures of the corresponding quarter have been regrouped/reclassified, whenever necessary to confirm to current quarter classification/presentation.
The Company does not have any exceptional and extraordinary items to report in above periods.

For The Birla Cotton Spinning & Weaving Mills Ltd.
sd/-
(Virender Kumar Charoria)
Director
DIN 00046895

PLACE : New Delhi

DATE : 14.09.2020

NEWAGE MARKETING LIMITED

Regd. Office: 59/17, Ground Floor, Bahubali Apartments, New Rohitk Road, New Delhi-110005

Email Id: newagemarketing1984@gmail.com Tel No.: +91 11-28711851

CIN: L51909DL1984PLC018695, Website: www.newagemarketing.in

Statement of Standalone Un-Audited Financial Results for the Quarter ended June 30, 2020

(Amount in Rs.)

Particular	3 Months ended in the previous year 30.06.2020 Un-Audited	3 Months ended in the current year 30.06.2019 Un-Audited
Total income from operations (net)	1178000	
Net Profit / (Loss) from ordinary activities after tax	482220	(78467)

**RDB REALTY & INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED**

Regd. Office: Bikaner Building, 8/1 Lal Bazar Street, 1st Floor, Room No. 10, Kolkata - 700 001, Phone: 033-22420588; Email: i.d.secretarial@rdbindia.com; Website: www.rdbindia.com CIN: L16003WB2006PLC110039

Extract of Un-audited Financial Results for the Quarter ended 30th June, 2020 (₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	STANDALONE			CONSOLIDATED		
	Quarter Ended 30.06.20	Quarter Ended 30.06.19	Year Ended 31.03.20	Quarter Ended 30.06.20	Quarter Ended 30.06.19	Year Ended 31.03.20
Total income from operations	446.46	1,519.75	3913.23	577.56	1,565.48	4,516.05
Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	25.48	35.95	274.61	125.82	139.86	776.59
Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	25.48	35.95	274.61	125.82	139.86	776.59
Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	18.48	26.60	211.35	91.93	100.93	588.60
Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	18.48	26.60	117.74	91.93	100.93	500.86
Equity Share Capital	1,728.34	1728.34	1728.34	1,728.34	1728.34	1728.34
Earnings Per Share (of ₹ 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)						
Basic:	0.11	0.15	1.22	0.53	0.58	3.28
Diluted:	0.11	0.15	1.22	0.53	0.58	3.28

Note :

1. The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly/Annual Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly/Annual Financial Results are available on the website of the Stock Exchange(s) where the Company is listed, and on the company's website (www.rdbindia.com)

2. The above un-audited financial results (both Standalone and Consolidated) have been duly reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on 14th September, 2020

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD
sd/-
Pradeep Kumar Pugalia
Whole-Time Director
DIN: 00501351

Place: Kolkata

Date: 14.09.2020

**WINSOME TEXTILE INDUSTRIES LIMITED**

Regd. Office: 1, Industrial Area, Baddi, Distt. Solan (H.P.)-173205

CIN: L17115HP1980PLC005647, Ph. No. 01795-244045 Fax. 01795-244287

e-mail: cswtl@winsometextile.com, www.winsometextile.com

EXTRACT OF UNAUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 30TH JUNE, 2020

(Rs. in Lacs except EPS Data)

Particulars	Quarter Ended		Year Ended	
	30.06.2020 (Un-Audited)	31.03.2020 (Audited)	30.06.2019 (Un-Audited)	31.03.2020 (Audited)
Total Income from operations	9598	15530	17032	66400
Net Profit/Loss before tax, exceptional and/or extra ordinary items	(1352)	(1149)	266	(443)
Net Profit/Loss before tax (after exceptional and/or extra ordinary items)	(1352)	(1149)	266	(443)
Net Profit / (Loss) after tax	(867)	(772)	204	(292)
Total Comprehensive Income	(857)	(790)	223	(253)
Paid-up equity share capital (Face Value - Rs. 10/- each)	1982	1982	1982	16704
Reserves	-	-	-	-
Earning Per Share (of Rs.10/- each) (from continuing & discontinued operations) (not annualized)	(4.33)	(3.99)	1.12	(1.28)
- Basic	(4.33)	(3.99)	1.12	(1.28)
- Diluted	(4.33)	(3.99)	1.12	(1.28)

Note : The above is an extract of the detailed format of quarterly Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchange under Regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015. The full format of said quarterly Financial Results is available on the Stock Exchange website i.e. www.bseindia.com and on the Company's website i.e. www.winsometextile.com.

For and on behalf of the Board

sd/-

Ashish Bagrodia

Chairman & Managing Director

DIN : 00047021

F MEC INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED

Registered Office: 1Ind Floor, Central Bank Building 13B, Netaji Subhash Marg,

Daryaganj- 110002 Website: www.fmcinternational.com

Email: fmcinternational@gmail.com, Contact: 011-43680407

Extract of unaudited financial results for the quarter ended 30 June 2020

(Rs. in Lacs)

Particulars	Quarter ended		Quarter ended	
	30.06.2020 Unaudited	31.03.2020 Unaudited	30.06.2019 Unaudited	31.03.2020 Unaudited
Revenue from operations	10.65		36.44	87.91
Profit before tax	2.54		(2.43)	10.00
Profit after tax	2.54		(2.43)	7.16
Total Comprehensive Income (Comprising profit for the period and other comprehensive income after tax)	2.54		(2.43)	7.16
Paid-up equity share capital	310.07		310.07	
Other equity as shown in the balance sheet of the previous year				
Earnings Per Share (Not annualised) (Face value of Rs. 10 each)				
Basic	0.0820		(0.0784)	0.2308
Diluted	0.0820		(0.0784)	0.2308

NOTES:

1. The above is an extract of the unaudited financial results for the quarter ended 30 June 2020 which have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors at its meeting held on 14-09-2020, subjected to limited review by statutory auditors and filed with the stock exchanges under regulation 33 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended.

By order of the Board

F MEC INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED

Sd/-

Date : 14.09.2020

Apoorve Bansal

(Managing Director)

R/o: A-708, Unesco Apartment 55, I.P. Extension, Patparganj, East Delhi - 110092

State Bank of India भारतीय स्टेट बैंकDetails Address of the Branch Email ID: sbi.51521@sbi.co.in (Phone Nos. of Branch: 011-28752163, 011-28755674)**MEGA E-AUCTION NOTICE - 30.09.2020****SALE OF MOVEABLE & IMMOVABLE ASSETS CHARGED TO THE BANK UNDER THE SECURITISATION AND RECONSTRUCTION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND ENFORCEMENT OF SECURITY INTEREST ACT, 2002.**

The undersigned as Authorized Officer of State Bank of India has taken over possession of the following property/ies u/s 13(4) of the SARFAESI Act. Public at large is informed that e-Auction (under SARFAESI Act, 2002) of the charged property/ies in the below mentioned cases for realisation of Bank's dues will be held on "AS IS WHERE IS BASIS" and "AS IS WHAT IS BASIS"

DATE & TIME OF E-AUCTION: 2 hours with unlimited extension of 5 minute each on 30.09.2020 from 12 noon to 2 pm

Sr. No.	Name Of Borrower(s)	Name of Guarantor(s)	Outstanding Dues for Recovery of which Property/ies are being Sold	Names of Title Deed Holders	Description of property/ies	Reserve Price (Rs.)	Status of possession	Earnest Money(EMD)	Bid Increment Amount	Name of the contact person
1.	M/s Veins India Pharma	--	Rs. 28.56lacs upto 31.05.2020 Future interest and Other charges extra	Sh. Radha Mohan	Commercial Shop No.15 (Upper ground floor) Madhav Palace, Plot No.4&5, Sector 3B, Pandit Deen Dayal Upadhyay Puram, Avas Vikas Colony Sikandra, Tershil Distt.Agra measuring 19.23 Sq mtr.	13.13 lacs below which property will not be sold	(Physical Possession with the Bank)	10 % of the Reserve Price . Viz Rs. 1.32 lacs.	Rs. 20,000/-	
2.	Smt. Meena Singh & Shri Atul Pratap	--	Rs. 24.75 lacs as on 31.03.2020 Future interest and Other charges extra	Smt. Meena Singh	House No. 50 on Khasra No.1903&1908 KH situated at Shivani Dham Phse-II, Mauza Naraich, Tehsil Etmdpur,Agra measuring 83.61 Sq mtr	13.96 lacs below which property will not be sold	(Symbolic Possession)	10 % of the Reserve Price viz Rs 1.40 lacs.	Rs. 20,000/-	Sh. S.K. Srivastava
3.	Bankey Bihari Bajrang Flour Mills	1. Rakesh Kumar Gupta 2. Jawhar Lal	134.35 lakhs as on 31.07.2020 (Future interest and charges extra)	Rakesh Kumar Gupta	Lot 1 -Factory land & Building including Plant and Machinery at Gata No.99M (Khata No. (38) Mauza Navoli, Makhanpur, Shikhabad, Distt Firozabad (U.P)) Lot 2 - Plant and Machinery at Gata No.99 (Khata No. (38) Mauza Navoli, Makhanpur, Shikhabad, Distt Firozabad (U.P)) Lot 3 - Factory land & Building at Gata No.99 (Khata No. (38) Mauza Navoli, Makhanpur, Shikhabad, Distt Firozabad (U.P))	1. Rs. 21.76 lacs for lot 1 2. Rs. 4.07 lacs lakhs for lot 2 3. Rs. 17.69 lacs for lot No.3	(Physical Possession with the Bank)	Earnest money(10% o R.P) 1. Rs.2.18 lacs for lot 1 2. Rs.0.41 lacs for lot 2 3. Rs.1.77 lacs for lot 3 Lot 1 is first, Sale of lot 2 would be conducted only if lot 2 is sold. Further handing over of lot 3 would take place once lot 2 is dismantled and removed by purchaser of Lot 2. Auction purchaser of Lot 2 would be given 2 weeks time to remove Plant and Machinery	Bid increment Amount Rs. 20,000/- Rs. 20,000/- Rs. 20,000/-	Mobile No.8283955009 (Authoised Officer) Sh. A.K. Dixit
4.	Sh. Bijendra Singh S/O Sh. Ram Chitr Singh	--	Rs. 22.22 lacs upto 31.03.2020 Future interest and Other charges extra	Sh. Bijendra Singh	Residential House Property bearing House No.54 on Khasra No.1903 & 1908KH, situated at Shivani Dham Ph-3 Near Jagjevan Nagar Mauza Naraich Tehsil Etmdpur Ara measuring 83.61 Sq mtr	10.81 lacs below which property will not be sold	(Physical Possession with the Bank)	10 % of the Reserve Price viz. Rs. 1.09 lac.	Rs. 20,000/-	
5.	M/s Mohan Traders	Smt. Sushila Devi	Rs. 257.74 lacs upto 31.12.2019 Future interest and Other charges extra	Smt. Sushila Devi W/o Sh. Ram Kumar	250 sq yards residential plot No.					

FINANCIAL EXPRESS



UJJIVAN SMALL FINANCE BANK LIMITED

CIN: L65110DL2016PLC032481

Registered Office- Plot No. 2364/8, Khampur Raya Village, Shadi Kampur, Main Patel Road, New Delhi-110 008, Delhi, India
E-mail Id: corporatesecretarial@ujjivan.com, Website: www.ujjivansfb.in

Form No. INC-26

[Pursuant to Rule 30 of the Companies (Incorporation) Rules, 2014]

Before the Central Government

Regional Director, Northern Region

In the matter of sub-section (4) of Section 13 of Companies Act, 2013 and clause (a) of sub-rule (5) of rule 30 of the Companies (Incorporation) Rules, 2014

And

In the matter of Ujjivan Small Finance Bank Limited ("Company") having its Registered Office at Plot No. 2364/8, Khampur Raya Village, Shadi Kampur, Main Patel Road, New Delhi-110 008, Delhi, India.PETITIONER

Notice is hereby given by the General Public that the Company proposes to make application to the Central Government (power delegated to the Regional Director) under Section 13 of the Companies Act, 2013 seeking confirmation of alteration of the Memorandum of Association of the Company in terms of the special resolution passed at the 4th Annual General Meeting held on September 02, 2020 to enable the Company to change its Registered Office from "New Delhi", the "National Capital Territory (NCT) of Delhi" to "Bengaluru" in the "State of Karnataka".

Any person whose interest is likely to be affected by the proposed change of the Registered Office of the Company may deliver either on the MCA-21 portal (www.mca.gov.in) by filing investor complaint form or cause to be delivered or send by registered post of his/her objections supported by an affidavit stating the nature of his/her interest and grounds of opposition to the Regional Director, Northern Region, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, at the address: B-2 Wing, 2nd Floor, Parivarayan Bhawan, CGO Complex, New Delhi- 110003 within Fourteen (14) days of the date of publication of this Notice with a copy to the Company at its Registered Office at Plot No. 2364/8, Khampur Raya Village, Shadi Kampur, Main Patel Road, New Delhi-110 008, Delhi, India.For and on behalf of
Ujjivan Small Finance Bank Limited

Sd/-

Date : September 15, 2020

Place : Bengaluru

Chanchal Kumar
Company Secretary

BHARAT EKANSH LIMITED

Regd. Office- Plot No. 568, Pocket C, IFC, Ghaziabad Delhi 110096

Email: bharat.ekansh.ltd@gmail.com website: www.bharatekansh.com

Contact No. 935577335-36 : CIN: L74899DL200973

Extract of Un-audited Financial Results for the

Quarter Ended 30th June, 2020

(Rs. In Rs)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Quarter ended (30-06-2020) (Un-audited)	Year to date figures for the period ended (31-03-2020) (Audited)	Quarter ended (30-06-2019) (Un-audited)
1	Total income from operations	5,00,000.00	23,00,000.00	5,00,000.00
2	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(7,03,463.86)	3,23,794.96	1,20,633.00
3	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period before tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(7,03,463.86)	3,23,794.96	1,20,633.00
4	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period after Tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	(7,03,463.86)	1,78,490.96	1,20,633.00
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the Period (Comprising Profit/(Loss) for the period (after Tax) and other Comprehensive Income (after Tax) (Refer Note No. 2)	(7,03,463.86)	1,78,490.96	1,20,633.00
6	Equity share capital (Face Value of Rs. 10/- each)	82,69,210.00	82,69,210.00	82,69,210.00
7	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of previous year)	19,55,375.84	26,58,839.70	26,05,796.07
8	Earnings Per Share Face Value of Rs. 10/- (not annualised) Basic (Rs.) Diluted (Rs.)	(0.851)	0.216	0.146 (0.851)

NOTES:

- The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly Un-audited Financial Results for the Quarter and Three Months Ended 30th June, 2020, filed with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- The Company has adopted Indian Accounting Standard ("Ind AS") from 1st April, 2019 and accordingly these financial results have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles laid down in the Ind AS 4 "Interim Financial Reporting", prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with relevant rules issued thereunder and the other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

For Bharat Ekansh Limited

Sd/-

Mukesh Kumar Sharma
(CFO)

Date : 14.09.2020

Place : Delhi

Phone : 0120-4351485

Email : csit@seasonsworld.com, Website : www.seasonsworld.com, Phone No. 0120-4690000 FAX : 0120-4351485

SEASONS TEXTILES LIMITED

CIN - L74999DL1986PLC024058

Registered office: 26, Feroze Gandhi Road, Lower Ground Floor, Lajpat Nagar – III, New Delhi – 110024

Email : csit@seasonsworld.com, Website : www.seasonsworld.com, Phone No. 0120-4690000 FAX : 0120-4351485EXTRACTS OF AUDITED STANDALONE FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED ON 30TH JUNE, 2020

Particulars	Quarter ended		year ended	
	30.06.2019	31.03.2020	30.06.2019	31.03.2020
1 Total income from operations (Net)	271.49	103.39	920.77	3363.90
2 Net Profit/(Loss) for the period (before tax and exceptional items)	(18.42)	(80.92)	18.29	(49.22)
3 Net Profit/(Loss) for the period (before tax and after exceptional items)	(18.42)	(80.92)	18.29	(49.22)
4 Net Profit/(Loss) for the period (after tax and after exceptional items)	(9.77)	(58.33)	18.68	(20.58)
5 Total comprehensive Income for the period after comprising Profit/(Loss) for the period (After tax) and other comprehensive Income (after Tax)	(9.77)	(49.58)	18.68	(11.83)
6 Equity Share Capital	749.03	749.03	749.03	749.03
7 Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve as shown in the Balance Sheet of previous year)				1585.18
8 Earnings Per Share (Face Value of Rs. 10/- each) (for continuing and discontinued operations)				
Basic:	(0.13)	(0.77)	0.25	(0.27)
Diluted:	(0.13)	(0.77)	0.25	(0.27)

Note:

1. The above results have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS), The above results have been reviewed by Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company at their respective meeting held on 14-09-2020 and have been subjected to limited review by the statutory auditor of the Company. The IND AS compliant corresponding figures for the quarter ended on 30th June 2020 have been subjected to limited review. However, the Company's management has exercised necessary due diligence to ensure that such financial results provide a true and fair view of its affairs.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-

(Indeep Singh Wadhwa)
Chairman & Managing Director

Place : New Delhi

Date : 14-09-2020

G GARG ACRYLICS LTD.

Regd. Office : A-50/1, Wazirpur Industrial Area, Delhi-110052
CIN : L74999DL1983PLC017001
E-mail : gargacrylics@yahoo.com

Extract of Unaudited Consolidated Financial Results for the Quarter Ended 30th June, 2020

(Rs. In Lacs)

Particulars	Quarter ended		Year ended	
	30-06-2020 (Unaudited)	31-03-2020 (Audited)	30-06-2019 (Unaudited)	31-03-2020 (Audited)
1 Total Income from Operations	17836.61	27256.93	45181.98	139782.89
2 Net Profit before Tax	-2106.77	-1743.49	73.63	-2209.49
3 Net Profit after tax & minority Interest	-1922.91	-1309.15	42.00	-1635.07
4 Total Comprehensive Income after Minority Interest (Comprising Net Profit and Other Comprehensive Income net of tax)	-1918.11	-1337.24	57.38	-1615.88
5 Paid up Equity Share Capital	664.28	664.28	664.28	664.28
6 Earnings Per Share (Rs. 10/- each) (EPS): Basic: Diluted:	-28.95	-19.71	0.63	-24.61

Notes :

- The above is an extract of the detailed format of Quarterly Financial Results for Quarter ended 30-06-2020 filed with the Stock Exchange under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing and Other Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the Quarterly Financial Results are available on the Stock Exchange website "www.mseaindia.com" and Company's Website "www.gargltd.com".
- Key Standalone financial information is given below:-

(Rs. In Lacs)

Particulars	Quarter ended		Year ended	
	30-06-2020 (Unaudited)	31-03-2020 (Audited)	31-03-2019 (Unaudited)	31-03-2020 (Audited)
Income from Operations	17836.61	27256.95	45181.87	139782.67
Profit Before Tax	-2106.77	-1743.55	73.63	-2209.52
Profit After Tax	-1922.91	-1309.17	42.00	-1635.07

By order of the Board
For Garg Acrylics Limited

Sd/-

Sanjiv Garg
Managing Director
(Dir: 00217156)Place : Ludhiana
Dated : 14th September, 2020Dated : 14th September, 2020
Place : New Delhi

POSSESSION NOTICE

DCB BANK

Undersigned the Authorised Officer of the DCB Bank Limited, under the Securitization and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act 2002 and in exercise of powers conferred under section 13(2) read with rule 3 of the Security Interest (Enforcement) Rules, 2002 issued demand notice under section 13(2) of the said Act, 2002, calling upon the borrowers / co- borrowers as mentioned in column no. 3 to repay the amount mentioned in the said Demand Notice within 60 days from the date of receipt of the said notice.

The borrowers and co- borrowers having failed to repay the amount as mentioned in column no. 6, notice is hereby given to them and the public in general that the undersigned has taken possession of the property as described herein below in column no. 4 in exercise of powers conferred on him under section 13(4) of the said Act read with the Rule 8 of the said Rules.

<tbl_header

Regd Office: Plot No. 84, Khasra No. 143/84, Ground Floor, Extended Lal Dora, Kanjhawla, Delhi-110081

Website: www.advikgroup.com/all. Email: info@advikgroup.com, cs@advikgroup.com

Extract of unaudited financial results for the quarter ended 30 June 2020

PUBLIC NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the share certificate for 50 shares in Folia no. 118830, Certificate no. 81107, Distinctive no. 3880822- 3880871 held in the name of late Mr. Sankar Ghosh in M/s Nestle India Ltd. (CIN:15202DL1959PLC003786) having Registered Office at 100/101 World Trade Centre, Barakhamba Lane, New Delhi-110001 is misplaced and the advertiser (legal heir Ms. Suchanda Ghosh) has applied to the Company for release of such share from IEPF. Any person who has/have claim on the said shares should lodge such claims with the Company at its registered office mentioned above within 15 days from the date of this notice failing which the Company will proceed further in respect of the said shares.

Place : Kolkata

Date : 14.09.2020

Mrs. Suchanda Ghosh

I get the inside information and get inside the information.

Inform your opinion with investigative journalism.

The Indian Express.
For the Indian Intelligent.

The Indian EXPRESS
JOURNALISM OF COURAGE

NAME CHANGE

1, SONU S/O ADHEER ROY T/o A-136, Near Park and MCD Office, Phase-II Metro Vihar, Holambi Kalan, Delhi have changed my name to SAPAN ROY.

FSL FRONTLINE SECURITIES LIMITED

Registered Office: M-6, 1nd Floor, M Block Market, Greater Kailash-II, New Delhi-110048

Corporate Office: B-22, Sector-4, Noida-201301

CIN: L65100DL1994PLC058837

Tel: +91-120-2534067, 68;

Fax: +91-120-2534111

Notice regarding 26th

Annual General Meeting

This is in reference to the earlier notice issued by the company Financial Express and Jansatta on September 08, 2020 regarding 26th Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the company. The shareholders of the company are informed that due to the extension given by Registrar of Companies, NCT of Delhi & Haryana ("ROC") on account of rising cases of covid-19 pandemic, the company has decided to cancel its 26th AGM which is to be held on September 30, 2020. Now the 26th AGM of the company will be conducted within the extended time period as given by ROC. The Notice of 26th AGM will be issued to the shareholders in due course as per the law.

For and on behalf of Frontline Securities Limited

Sd/- Date: 14.09.2020 Poja Gupta Place: Noida Company Secretary

"Form No. INC-25A"

Advertisement to be published in the newspaper for Conversion of Public Company into a Private Company

Before the Regional Director, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Northern Region, New Delhi

In the matter of the Companies Act, 2013, Section 14 of Companies Act, 2013 and rule 41 of the Companies (Incorporation) Rules, 2014

.....Applicant

NOTICE is hereby given to the General Public that the company intending to make an application to the Central Government under section 14 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with aforesaid rules and is desirous of Converting into a Private Limited company in terms of the special resolution passed at the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 14th September, 2020 to enable the company to give effect for such conversion.

Any person whose interest is likely to be affected by the proposed change of status of the company, may deliver or cause to be delivered or send by registered post of his/her objections supported by an affidavit stating the nature of his/her interest and grounds of opposition to the Regional Director, Northern Region, B-2 Wing, 2nd Floor, Pt. Deen Dayal Anthyodaya Bhawan, CGO Complex, New Delhi-110003 within Fourteen days from the date of publication of this notice with a copy to the applicant company at its Registered Office address mentioned below :-

809, 8th FLOOR, ARUNACHAL BUILDING 19, BARAKHAMBA ROAD NEW DELHI-110001

For & on behalf of Applicant SOLOMON CAPITAL LIMITED Sd/-

VIKAS GARG (Director) Date : 15.09.2020 Place : New Delhi DIN: 00009963

MBL Infrastructures Ltd.

(CIN-L27109DL1995PLC338407)

Registered & Corporate Office: Baani Corporate One, Suite No. 306, 3rd Floor,

Plot No. 5, Commercial Centre, Jasola, New Delhi - 110025

Tel No. 011-48593300; Fax No. 011-48593320, www.mblinfra.com; email : cs@mblinfra.com

STATEMENT OF STANDALONE AND CONSOLIDATED UN-AUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

(Rs. In Lakhs except earnings per share data)

Sl. No.	Particulars	STANDALONE				CONSOLIDATED			
		Quarter Ended 30.06.2020	Quarter Ended 31.03.2020	Year Ended 30.06.2019	Year Ended 31.03.2020	Quarter Ended 30.06.2020	Quarter Ended 31.03.2020	Year Ended 30.06.2019	Year Ended 31.03.2020
1.	Total Income from Operations	3,824	9,538	5,447	25,203	5,027	11,168	7,169	31,557
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	78	343	500	1,637	(1,419)	(4,369)	(561)	(7,260)
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before Tax (After Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	78	28,810	500	30,104	(1,419)	24,098	(561)	21,207
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after Tax (After Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	1,655	33,680	417	35,432	137	28,973	(379)	26,521
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	1,655	33,682	419	35,436	137	28,971	(377)	26,525
6.	Equity Share Capital	10,475	10,475	10,475	10,475	10,475	10,475	10,475	10,475
7.	Reserves	-	-	-	96,978	-	-	-	65,185
8.	Earning Per Share (before / after extraordinary items) (of Rs. 10/- each)								
	(i) Basic	1.58	4.98	0.40	6.65	0.13	0.48	(0.36)	(1.85)
	(ii) Diluted	1.58	32.15	0.40	33.83	0.13	27.66	(0.36)	25.32

NOTES :

1. The above is an extract of the detailed format of quarterly and year ended Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchange under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing and other Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of the said quarter and year end are available on the stock exchange website www.bseindia.com

2. The Management has assessed the potential impact of COVID-19 on the Company and based on its review there is no significant impact on its financial results and on its financial results and on operations of the company.

3. The above result are review by the audit committee and taken on record by the Board of Directors in their meeting held on 14th September, 2020

For SMC Credits Limited

sd/-

Prasahesh Arya

Chairman & Executive Director

DIN: 00006507

1. The above is an extract of the detailed format of standalone and consolidated financial results of quarter ended 30th June, 2020 filed with the stock exchanges under regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Detailed un-audited standalone and consolidated financial results are available on the stock exchanges website (www.bseindia.com & www.nseindia.com) and are available on Company's website www.mblinfra.com/financial_results.php

2. The above Un-audited financial results have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") prescribed under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant amendment rules issued thereafter. The Un-audited financial results of the Company have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved and taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Company in their meeting held on September 14, 2020.

3. Figures for the previous period/quarter have been reworked/regrouped/recasted wherever considered necessary.

For MBL Infrastructures Ltd.

Anjanee Kumar Lakhota

Chairman & Managing Director

(DIN 00357695)

NOTES :

1. The above is an extract of the detailed format of standalone and consolidated financial results of quarter ended 30th June, 2020 filed with the stock exchanges under regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full formats of quarterly/annual Financial results are available on the stock exchange website i.e. www.bseindia.com and on the Company's website www.grmrice.com.

2. The above Un-audited financial results have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") prescribed under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant amendment rules issued thereafter. The Un-audited financial results of the Company have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved and taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Company in their meeting held on September 14, 2020.

3. Figures for the previous period/quarter have been reworked/regrouped/recasted wherever considered necessary.

GRM OVERSEAS LIMITED

CIN:L74899DL1995PLC064007

REGD. OFF: 128, FIRST FLOOR, SHIVA MARKET PITAMPURA NORTH DELHI-110034

Email Id: grmrice1@gmail.com | Website: www.grmrice.com | Ph: 011-47330330 | Fax No: 011-0180-2653673

EXTRACT OF CONSOLIDATED AND STANDALONE FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR QUARTER ENDED 30TH JUNE, 2020

[IN TERMS OF REGULATION 47(1) (B) OF THE SEBI (LODR) REGULATIONS, 2015]

(Amount in Lakhs.)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Standalone				Consolidated			
		Quarter Ended June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Quarter Ended June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)	Quarter Ended March 31, 2020 (Audited)	Year Ended March 31, 2020 (Audited)	Quarter Ended June 30, 2020 (Unaudited)	Quarter Ended June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)	Year Ended March 31, 2020 (Audited)	Year Ended March 31, 2020 (Audited)
1.	Total Income from Operations	11,821.71	31,615.52	20,173.17	76,651.82	12,006.97	32,205.78	20,721.32	77,715.26
2.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period (before Tax, Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	747.62	826.22	2,905.81	4,750.91	805.77	458.06	2,816.15	4,304.66
3.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period before Tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	747.62	826.22	2,905.81	4,750.91	805.77	458.06	2,816.15	4,304.66
4.	Net Profit / (Loss) for the period after Tax (after Exceptional and/or Extraordinary items)	559.47	537.51	2,237.77	3,616.23	617.62	169.35	2,148.11	3,169.98
5.	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [Comprising Profit / (Loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	559.75	537.51	2,238.88					