



# Economy

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 2020



## INDIA STORY

Charles Kaye, CEO, Warburg Pincus

India has all the powerful tailwinds of demography and so much else, but that's not destiny, it's not foreordained and requires continued vigilance and significant action to continue to take advantage of that opportunity

## Quick View

### Goldman Sachs' Mishra returns to IMF

PRAACHI MISHRA, CHIEF India economist at Goldman Sachs, has stepped down and will join the International Monetary Fund from the end of this month. Mishra had joined the US bank in August 2018.

**Visva Bharati Univ ex-VC booked**  
THE CBI HAS registered an FIR against former Visva Bharati University vice-chancellor Sushanta Duttagupta for alleged corrupt activities during his tenure at the historic university, officials said on Wednesday. The action comes after a two-year-long preliminary enquiry (PE) into the allegations levelled against him during 2012 and 2013.

**Shourie's arrest warrant stayed**

THE RAJASTHAN HIGH Court on Wednesday stayed the arrest warrant against former union minister Arun Shourie and one other in a case involving the sale of an Udaipur hotel at an alleged loss of ₹244 crore to the exchequer.

**Retail trade policy being framed: Min**

THE GOVERNMENT HAS proposed to formulate a National Retail Trade Policy and stakeholder consultations are being held for the same, Parliament was informed on Wednesday. "Yes. The government proposes to formulate National Retail Trade Policy," commerce and industry minister Piyush Goyal said in reply to a question.

### COVID-RELATED DEFAULTS

## Insolvency suspension may be extended by 6 months in one go

A final call on the extension, however, will be taken by the finance minister

FE BUREAU  
New Delhi, September 23

**THE GOVERNMENT WILL** likely extend the suspension of insolvency cases against fresh Covid-related default by another six months from September 25 in one go, once the current six-month deadline is over, to soften the blow to thousands of Covid-ravaged firms, a source told *FE*.

The government has already secured Parliamentary



clearance to the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (Second Amendment) Bill, 2020, which provides for up to one-year suspension of the initiation of insolvency proceedings for fresh defaults from March 25.

A final call on the extension, however, will be taken by finance and corporate affairs minister Nirmala Sitharaman, said the source. "It makes more sense to extend the suspension for six months in one go,

instead of doing it in phases, because it will bring in more predictability to the insolvency system," added the source.

The Bill was brought in to replace an ordinance that was promulgated in June to protect thousands of firms from being dragged into insolvency proceedings. The government had sought to suspend invocation of three sections – 7, 9 and 10 – of the IBC for Covid-related defaults. These sections deal with the initiation of the insolvency proceedings by financial and operational creditors and corporate debtors.

Sitharaman had, on Monday, said a surge in insolvency cases was unlikely once the suspension of such proceedings against Covid-related

default was lifted, as other modes of debt resolutions were still operational and a large number of companies were expected to get back on their feet by then.

As for other modes of resolution, the RBI has already come out with a one-time debt recast scheme, under which as many as 26 sectors, hit hard by Covid-19, are being eligible for relief. The government is working on a special resolution framework for MSMEs and the work has started on a pre-pack framework as well. Already, the government has raised the default threshold for initiating insolvency proceedings to ₹1 crore from ₹1 lakh crore, which will prevent many MSMEs from being dragged to the NCLT.

## RS passes three labour Codes, industry welcomes reforms

FE BUREAU  
New Delhi, September 23

**SIGNIFICANT LABOUR MARKET** reforms are close to be a reality. With the Rajya Sabha passing three labour Codes on Wednesday, only the President's assent is now required for these to become a law. Another code that provided statutory backing for minimum wages came into force in August last year.

Some 29 central acts, one of which dates back to 1923, have been subsumed into four Codes, with the aim of simplifying the laws and ensuring higher productivity and generation of decent employment.

EPFO's coverage would be applicable on all establishments having 20 workers. At present, it is applicable only on establishments included in the relevant Schedule.

The industry gave the Modi government a thumbs-up for carrying out reforms of such magnitude and bringing in

provisions which will reduce their compliance burden to a great extent and ensure the ease of doing business.

Organised workers, gig workers, platform workers and even those self-employed should also be happy as the government proposes to provide all of them some sort of social security cover.

of the county's over 50-crore workforce who do not now come under any sort of social security cover. The financial implications and the source of funding are yet to be determined. Through the Code on wages, passed in August last year, the government has made universal minimum wages a statutory right for all workers.

Fixed-term employment will get benefit as that of a permanent worker and will be entitled to proportionate gratuity even if the contract is for one year. All employees will get appointment letter, a move that might promote formalisation of workforce. Contractors have to pay wages electronically. They will be issued pan-India licence for five years as against work order-based licensing at present.

In order to promote gender equality, employment of women has been allowed in all establishments for all types of works and in the night shift, subject to their consent.

Netting law to help banks unlock capital, spur lending: FM

**THE BILATERAL NETTING OF** Qualified Financial Contracts Bill, which would help banks release a portion of their capital locked in transactions in the over-the-counter (OTC) derivatives market and spur lending, was passed by the Rajya Sabha on Wednesday.

Stressing that the Bill is "absolutely critical" for the country's financial stability, finance minister Nirmala Sitharaman said the absence of a bilateral netting law prevented banks from on-lending as much as ₹2.14 lakh crore during the FY17-20 period, as they were forced to lock up higher capital against trades in the OTC market.

A bilateral netting agreement typically allows two counterparties in a financial contract to offset claims against each other to determine a single net payment obligation due from one counterparty to the other.

— FE BUREAU

## About 40% of cess receipts parked in CFI instead of relevant reserve funds: CAG

FE BUREAU  
New Delhi, September 23

**POINTING OUTLACK** of transparency and disclosures with regard to accounting of cesses and levies, the Comptroller and Auditor General of India (CAG) told Parliament on Wednesday that the Centre has only transferred ₹1.64 lakh crore or 60% of the proceeds from cess/levies in FY19 to the relevant reserve funds and retained the balance in the Consolidated Fund of India (CFI).

The Centre had collected ₹2.75 lakh crore from 35 cesses/levies in FY19. Under the scheme, such cesses and levies are required to be first transferred to designated Reserve Funds and utilised for the specific purposes intended by Par-

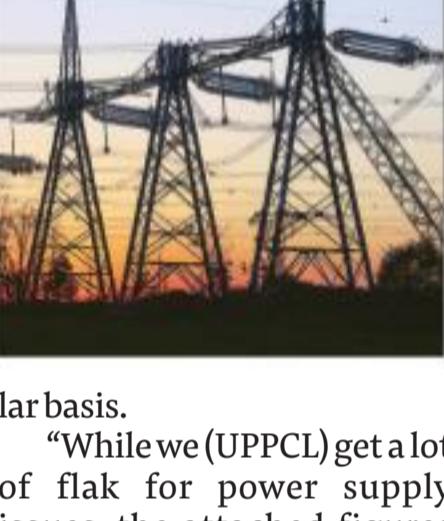
liament. "Social Welfare Surcharge" on Customs amounting to ₹8,871 crore was levied but not dedicated fund for the same was envisaged. Non-creation/non-operation of Reserve Funds makes it difficult to ensure that cesses and levies have been utilised for the specific purposes intended by the Parliament," CAG said in its analysis of the Union Government Finance Accounts for FY19.

It may be noted that in recent years, the Centre's cess receipts have surged due to hikes in rates and new imposts and this has helped it to cushion the blow from the higher transfers to the states from the divisible pool of taxes under the 14th Finance Commission recommendations.

"During the year, GST Com-

72.05 lakh) have paid electricity bills since April, while nearly 20 lakh have not paid even once in the current financial year. While the situation in urban areas is better than the rural, the progressive turn-up has come down from 81.68% in August last year to 72.49% this year, registering a fall of 9.19%.

According to data, in both rural and urban areas, the Purvanchal Vidyut Vitaran Nigam (PuVVNL) or the Varanasi discom, which the state government is planning to privatise, is lagging behind other discoms. While in rural areas, Paschimanchal Vidyut Vitan Nigam (PVVNL) (Meerut discom) has a progressive turn-up of 28.26%, Dakshinanchal Vidyut Vitan Nigam (DVVNL) or the Agra discom has a turn-up of 21.26%, followed by Madhyanchal Vitan Nigam (MVVNL) or the Lucknow discom with a turn-up of 14.32%. The PuVVNL has fared the worst with a turn-up of 12.51%.



## UP discoms' losses mount as Saubhagya consumers don't pay their bills

DEEPA JAINANI  
Lucknow, September 23

**THE CENTRE'S AMBITIOUS** Pradhan Mantri Sahaj Bijli Har Ghar Yojana (Saubhagya) scheme is turning out to be an overload on the finances of Uttar Pradesh's loss-making power distribution companies (discoms).

Under the scheme, launched in October 2017 with an aim to provide last-mile power connection to all un-electrified rural households and poor households in urban areas, electricity connection has been given to nearly 80,000 houses in the last three years. However, nearly 82.27% of over 2 crore rural consumers have not paid power bills even once since April this year.

Additional chief secretary (ACS) (energy) and chairman of UP Power Corporation (UPPPCL) Arvind Kumar, in a series of tweets, lamented the lack of consumers' cooperation in clearing power dues on a regu-

lar basis.

"While we (UPPPCL) get a lot of flak for power supply issues, the attached figures indicate that only 17.73% (36.98 lakh) of our rural consumers have paid at least once since April 1, 2020. The rest about 171.64 lakh, out of total 208.62 lakh consumers, have not paid even once," he tweeted without mentioning the Saubhagya scheme.

UP discoms' losses in FY19 were to the tune of ₹6,000 crore.

Similarly, in urban areas, 72.49% (52.23 lakh out of

### From the Front Page

**Farm Bills row: Tomar rules out legal backing for MSPs**

HE STRONGLY refuted the notions of the carpings critics in the Opposition that the reforms proposed in the Bills would kill the APMC mandis and the system of MSPs, to the detriment of large sections of farmers.

The Bills had little to do with the MSP system or government procurement of agriculture commodities, he stressed. MSPs were administrative measures and these had never been part of any law. If anything, procurement only increased under the current dispensation, he pointed out, adding that the NDA government made MSPs more meaningful with the rule that these prices must be at least 50% above cost (A2+FL).

Tomar, who is also the rural development minister, said the government would consider raising the minimum guaranteed days of work under the National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (NREGS) from the current 100 days a year per household, so far this fiscal have already reached 35.17, against 48.39 in the entire 2019-20 fiscal.

The average days of work per household so far this fiscal have already reached 35.17, against 48.39 in the entire 2019-20 fiscal.

The objective of the two Bills is to uplift the economic conditions of the farmers... Opposition (Congress) was in power for long years. If there was need to make law on MSP, why did they not do it? MSP was not part of law earlier and is not part of law even now," the minister said. He added: "When the prime minister has clarified

that the procurement will continue at MSPs, where is the need for any fear?"

The fact is MSPs even now benefit only small segment of farmers. Though the Centre announces MSPs of 22 crops every year, the official procurement is limited to just ten – wheat, paddy, masur, urad, moong, arhar, mustard, gram, groundnut and cotton. Of course, there has been some improvement in procurement at MSPs over the last five years. The total procurement of nine crops (barring cotton) in 2013-14 was 61 million tonne, which increased to nearly 114 million tonne in 2019-20.

An FE analysis of nine crops with MSPs show that pan-India average mandi prices of three out of four rabi crops were 2-17% below their MSPs while only masur was 1% above MSP during the harvesting period (March-June). Similarly, five out of six kharif crops were 3-17% below their MSPs during harvesting period (October-January) and only paddy was 3.5% above MSP.

As far as APMC mandis are concerned, there are already some signs of them losing the grip. But a vanishing of these mandis, which results in an unreasonable burden of taxes and other imposts on agriculture trade, might not occur overnight. These could likely co-exist with other markets, the physical infrastructure for which is still under development.

During the June 6-August 31 period, mandi arrivals of crops – from fruits and vegetables to cereals and pulses – have dropped. The fall was up to 49% for fruits, 57% for vegetables and 45% for grains, according to data reviewed by FE. These could be seen as early signs of a weakening of the APMC

## Banks seek bids as Matix Fertilisers puts OTS on table

APART FROM IDBI, the other lenders in the consortium are Punjab National Bank (PNB), Axis Bank, Central Bank of India, Canara Bank, Bank of India (BoI), State Bank of India (SBI), Union Bank of India, EXIM Bank, Bank of Baroda (BoB) and IIFC (UK).

"Since the ability of the company to service its debt obligation has been adversely impacted due to unavailability of gas and working capital, lenders signed an inter-creditor agreement on July 05, 2019, for resolution of the debt outstanding," the document said. SBICaps was then mandated by the lead bank for the resolution of outstanding debt of the company. On September 15, 2020, Matix submitted its OTS offer for full and final settlement of all debt outstanding with the lenders. The lead bank responded to the letter on September 17, 2020, which was accepted by Matix.

The interested lenders are now soliciting bids for settlement of their debt through the Swiss challenge method, with the existing OTS offer as the anchor offer. "Other lenders who would subsequently

work and new markets emerging.

Tomar said: "When there is nothing to oppose, they (opposition parties) are saying APMCs will be closed. How can they be, as APMCs are set up by law of the state governments?"

Commenting on the ban export of onions on the day when the Bill was introduced in Parliament, the minister said:

"There is process in the government. Normally, there are certain commodities which may have shortage (which could lead to) increase in prices. In such situation, the commerce ministry keeps a watch on the market regularly whether to allow import or (restrict) export. They have taken the step (to ban export) in that direction (to control prices). However, I feel the

agreement for settlement of their total outstanding debt, would also get included in the above-mentioned process. However, the interested bidders would have an option whether to include a bid for such lenders who would subsequently agree for settlement," the document said.

The company has set up a gas-based greenfield urea manufacturing plant at Panagarh Industrial Park, West Bengal. The plant has a capacity of 2200 TPD (0.73 mtpa) of anhydrous liquid ammonia and 3850 TPD (1.27 mtpa) of prilled urea, along with 54 MW captive power plant, a dedicated water reservoir, railway siding, steam generation and other utilities. The company started production from October 1, 2017 at nominal capacity but could operate the plant only for 45 days. It had to suspend operations for want of working capital and availability of adequate gas. Thereafter, the plant has been non-operational although it continues to be well preserved and is ready to restart production on receipt of gas and completion of balance capex," the document said.

The company is conscious that onion rates should increase. The issue has come to my notice."

India's onion exports are roughly ₹3,500 crore per annum. Any fall in India's exports of the vegetable is taken advantage of by Pakistan.

Despite the Operation Greens announced in FY19 Budget to give price stability support to all-season vegetables, for the second year in a row, the government has had to ban onion exports to check rising prices of the vegetable. It has been employing such market intervention tools recurrently to quell domestic prices as and when they skyrocket, although the efficacy of such steps have remained doubtful. Last year, for instance, the government imposed minimum export

price for onion in October, put stocking limits on wholesalers and retailers and later banned its exports altogether. However, these steps yielded little and the retail prices went up to even the ₹100-120/kg range in many places, including Delhi, by December-January.

As per the MG-NREGS dashboard, the Centre has released nearly ₹62,000 crore to the states so far in the current fiscal under the scheme. About 208 crore person (work) days have been created under the scheme so far during the current fiscal year, up by around 52% over the year ago period. This is against a revised target of 300 crore days set for the whole of the year.

In the first five months of the current fiscal, 14.89 crore

households demanded MG-NREGS work compared with 10.5 crore in the same period in 2019-20.

Tomar defended the government's decision not to refer the two farm Bills to the select committee. "Normally, Bills, which are lengthy, long-pending or complex, are sent to select committees. These bills are very small and the provisions are also very clear. Also no member had any objections on any provision of these Bills, so there was no need to send to a select committee," the minister said.

With the acquisition of Future Group's assets, Reliance Retail's share in the organised retail market is expected to be in the region of 15% and the retailer now accounts for nearly 10% sales of top FMCG firms.

Prior to it Reliance Retail had signalled its entry into the e-commerce business to take on the likes of big players like Amazon and Flipkart by launching its venture JioMart in tie-up with Facebook's popular platform, WhatsApp. JioMart has already been launched in around 200 cities. Analysts maintain that quite like Jio Platforms, other financial and strategic investors may also invest in Reliance Retail.

Jio Platforms has attracted investments from 13 global investment firms investing Rs 1,18,318.45 crore for 25.24% stake.

The considerable scale that Reliance Retail will enjoy due to the Future Group acquisition along with fresh capital

# Vacancy reporting may soon be a must for some employers

FE BUREAU  
New Delhi, September 23

EVERY ESTABLISHMENT EMPLOYING 20 or more workers may soon be required to report to Career Centres any vacancy that needs to be filled up, government-run modernised employment exchanges being planned to be set up.

According to Section 139 of the Social Security Code, "The appropriate government may, by notification, require that from such date as may be specified in the notification, the employer in every establishment or any class or category of establishments, before filling up any vacancy in any employment in that establishment or such class or category of establishments, as the case may be, shall report or cause to be reported, that vacancy to such career centre as may be specified in the notification, and the employer shall thereupon comply with such requisition."

However, the Code does not make it mandatory for the employer to recruit any person through the Career Centre to fill any vacancy merely because such vacancy was reported.

The provision would not apply to any employment in agriculture and horticulture workplaces in the private sector; though would apply for the plantation sector.

Also the provision would not apply for any employment in domestic service; in parliament or in state assemblies; and in cases where the total duration of employment is less than 90 days.

The provision will also not apply for independent recruitment agencies such as UPSC, Staff Selection Commission and State Public Service Commission. This will also not apply in a vacancy which carries a monthly remuneration of less than an amount notified by the appropriate government.

However, Section 140 says the provisions of Section 139 shall not apply in relation to vacancies "in any establishment (other than government establishment) with less than twenty or such number of employees as

or such class or category of establishments, as the case may be, shall report or cause to be reported, that vacancy to such career centre as may be specified in the notification, and the employer shall thereupon comply with such requisition."

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The top court asked the Centre to file a fresh affidavit by September 25, with regard to issues relating to modalities of ticket refunds on which Solicitor General Tushar Mehta conceded that the instant affidavit was poorly drafted.

A Bench of Justices Ashok Bhushan, R Subhash Reddy and M R Shah said it was only concerned with refund and non-refund of money for tickets booked during the lockdown period.

It was hearing a plea which has raised the money refund issue owing to cancellation of flights due to Covid-19-induced lockdown that had commenced from March 25.

—PTI

## Centre told to clarify on air ticket refund modalities to fliers, agents

**THE SUPREME COURT** on Wednesday asked the Centre to clarify by Friday the modalities of refund of air tickets to be made to passengers and travel agents in view of cancellation of flights during the Covid-19 induced lockdown period.

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## Mumbai-Ahmedabad bullet train project: L&T, Tatas among 7 bidders

FE BUREAU  
New Delhi, September 23

**SEVEN MAJOR INFRASTRUCTURE** companies have emerged as bidders for the design and construction of 237 km of mainline for the Mumbai-Ahmedabad High Speed Rail (MASHR) corridor.

The National High Speed Rail Corporation opened technical bids for one of the biggest tenders, covering 47% of MASHR alignment and four stations — viz. Vapi, Billimora, Surat and Bharuch — 24 river and 30 road crossings. The entire section is in Gujarat, where more than 83% of the land has been acquired for the project.

The bidders include Larsen & Toubro, a consortium of Afcons Infrastructure, IRCON International and JMC Projects India,

and another consortium of NCC, Tata Project, J Kumar Infraprojects and HSR.

The MAHSHR project alone will create more than 90,000 direct and indirect jobs during its construction. Not just that, production and manufacturing markets are also expected to gain from the project. Close to 75 lakh MT of cement, 21 lakh MT of steel, and 1.4 lakh MT of structural steel is estimated to be used in the construction.

Prime Minister Narendra Modi and his Japanese counterpart Shinzo Abe had laid the foundation of the ambitious \$17-billion project. The Japan International Cooperation Agency and the railway ministry have inked a memorandum of understanding for the 508-km corridor, with Japan to partially fund the project.

—PTI

YES SECURITIES (INDIA) LIMITED  
(A Govt. of India Undertaking)  
Web: www.yesinvest.in  
e-Procurement Notice

e-Tender No.: IRCON/MECH/P&E/TRANSFW/JAYANAGAR-COLMOB/0645 Dated: 23/09/2020

e-Tender for and on behalf of IRCON INTERNATIONAL LIMITED is invited from bidders meeting qualifying requirements for the work of "Transportation of one no. Flash Butt Welding Machine along with its accessories from Jayanagar (Bihar) to Colombo Port, Sri Lanka".

Last Date and Time of e-Bid Submission 14.10.2020, 15.00 Hrs. (IST)

For further details, visit website <https://tenders.gov.in/eProcure/app>, Corrigendum, if any.

CMM/Mechanical C-4, District Centre, Saket, New Delhi 110 017

SOUTH DELHI MUNICIPAL CORPORATION (HEALTH DEPARTMENT)

Office of Addl. Director Hosp. Admin. (M&TB)

18th Floor, Dr. S.P.M. Civic Centre, J.L.N. Marg, New Delhi-110002

Ph. 23226824-23226859

No./Addl.DHA(M&TB)/SDMC/744 Dated: 23/9/2020

NOTICE FOR EMPANELMENT OF PRIVATE HOSPITALS, EYE CENTRES, DENTAL CLINICS & DIAGNOSTIC CENTRES IN RESPECT OF MUNICIPAL BENEFICIARIES

Applications are invited from interested private hospitals, eye centres, dental clinics & diagnostic centres that are empanelled under CGHS

Delhi or DGEHS Govt. or NCT of Delhi for empanelment in respect of employees and members of Municipal Pensioner's Health Scheme of South Delhi Municipal Corporation, North Delhi Municipal Corporation and East Delhi Municipal Corporation. The details of the medical facilities to be provided eligibility criteria and draft agreement are available on website [www.mcdonline.gov.in](http://www.mcdonline.gov.in)

For any query undersigned or any of the following nodal officers can be contacted on phone or in person (with prior appointment):

• Dr. Virender Singh Mobile No.: 9717787403

• Dr. Rupal Maurya Mobile No.: 9868360858

• Dr. I. Ghanshyam Mobile No.: 8130892291

The applications along with requisite documents, duly completed draft agreement and requisite security deposit (if applicable) in the form of demand draft in favour of Commissioner South Delhi Municipal Corporation, should be deposited in the office of undersigned within 30 days of publication of this press advertisement.

Sd/- Dr. (Ms.) Alka Gupta Addl.DHA (M&TB)

R.O. No. 40/DPI/S/2020-21

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# MAZAGON DOCK SHIPBUILDERS LIMITED

Our Company was incorporated in Bombay as a private limited company on February 26, 1934 as Mazagon Dock Private Limited with the Registrar of Companies, Bombay under the Indian Companies Act, 1931. For further details in connection with change in name and registered office of our Company, see "History and Certain Corporate Matters - Brief history of our Company" and "History and Certain Corporate Matters - Changes in the Registered Office" on pages 149 and 149 respectively, of the Red Herring Prospectus dated September 19, 2020 ("RHP").

Registered and Corporate Office: Dockyard Road, Mumbai - 400010, Maharashtra, India. Contact Person: Vijayalakshmi Kumar, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer. Telephone: +91 22 2376 2000

E-mail: investor@mazdock.com Website: <https://mazdock.in>; Corporate Identity Number: U35100MH1934G01002079

## OUR PROMOTER: THE PRESIDENT OF INDIA, ACTING THROUGH THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING OF 30,599,017 EQUITY SHARES OF FACE VALUE OF ₹10 EACH ("EQUITY SHARES") OF MAZAGON DOCK SHIPBUILDERS LIMITED ("OUR COMPANY" OR THE "ISSUER") THROUGH AN OFFER FOR SALE BY THE PRESIDENT OF INDIA, ACTING THROUGH THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA (THE "SELLING SHAREHOLDER"), FOR CASH AT A PRICE OF ₹[•] PER EQUITY SHARE (THE "OFFER PRICE"), AGGRGATING TO ₹[•] MILLION (THE "OFFER").

345,517 EQUITY SHARES HAVE BEEN RESERVED FOR ELIGIBLE EMPLOYEES (AS DEFINED IN THE RHP) (THE "EMPLOYEE RESERVATION PORTION"). THE OFFER LESS EMPLOYEE RESERVATION PORTION IS REFERRED TO AS THE NET OFFER. THE OFFER WILL COMPRIZE OF A NET OFFER OF 30,253,500 EQUITY SHARES AND THE EMPLOYEE RESERVATION PORTION OF 345,517 EQUITY SHARES. THE OFFER AND THE NET OFFER WILL CONSTITUTE 15.17% AND 15.00% RESPECTIVELY OF THE POST-OFFER PAID-UP EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL OF OUR COMPANY.

QIB Portion: Not more than 50% of the Net Offer

Retail Portion: Not less than 35% of the Net Offer

Non-Institutional Portion: Not less than 15% of the Net Offer

Employee Reservation Portion: 345,517 Equity Shares

Price Band: ₹ 135 to ₹ 145 per Equity Share of face value of ₹ 10 each.

The Floor Price is 13.5 times the face value of the Equity Shares and the Cap Price is 14.5 times the face value of the Equity Shares.

Bids can be made for a minimum of 103 Equity Shares and in multiples of 103 Equity Shares thereafter.

**ASBA\***

Simple, Safe, Smart way of Application!!!

\*Applications Supported by Blocked Amount (ASBA) is a better way of applying to issues by simply blocking the fund in the bank account. For further details, check section on ASBA below.

Mandatory in public issues. No cheque will be accepted.

**UPI**  
UNIFIED PAYMENTS INTERFACE

## UPI-Now available in ASBA for Retail Individual Investors ("RIIs")\*\*.

Investors are required to ensure that the bank account used for bidding is linked to their PAN.

UPI – Now available in ASBA for Retail Individual Bidders applying through Registered Brokers, DPs & RTAs. Retail Individual Bidders also have the option to submit the application directly to the ASBA Bank (SCSBs) or to use the facility of linked online trading, demat and bank account.

\*ASBA has to be availed by all the investors. UPI may be availed by RIIs.

For details on the ASBA and UPI process, please refer to the details given in ASBA Form and Abridged Prospectus and also please refer to the section "Offer Procedure" beginning on page 360 of the RHP. The process is also available on the website of AIBI and Stock Exchanges in the General Information Document. ASBA Forms can be downloaded from the websites of BSE Limited ("BSE") and National Stock Exchange of India Limited ("NSE"), and together with BSE, the "Stock Exchanges" and can be obtained from the list of banks that is displayed on the website of SEBI at [www.sebi.gov.in](http://www.sebi.gov.in).

\*List of banks supporting UPI is also available on the website of SEBI at [www.sebi.gov.in](http://www.sebi.gov.in). For the list of UPI Apps and Banks live on IPO, please refer to the link: [www.sebi.gov.in](http://www.sebi.gov.in). ICICI Bank Limited has been appointed as Sponsor Bank for the Offer, in accordance with the requirements of the SEBI Circular dated November 1, 2018. For offer related grievance investors may contact: YES Securities (India) Limited - Mr. Mukesh Garg/ Mr. Pratik Pednekar (+91 22 3012 6919) (gic@ysil.in); Axis Capital Limited - Ms. Mayuri Arya/ Mr. Akash Agrawal (+91 22 4325 2183) (complaints@axiscap.in); Edelweiss Financial Services Limited - Ms. Nishita John (+91 22 4009 4400) (customerservice.mr@edelweissfin.com); Edelweiss Securities Limited - Ms. Madhuri Tawde (+91 22 4063 5569) (grievance.tbd@edelweissfin.com); DAM Capital Advisors Limited (Formerly known as IDFC Securities Limited) - Mr. Gaurav Mittal (+91 22 4202 2500) (complaint@damcapital.in) or JM Financial Limited - Ms. Prachee Dhuri (+91 22 6630 3030) (grievance.ibd@jmfi.com). For UPI related queries, investors can contact NPCI at the toll free number: 18001201740 and Mail Id: ipo.upi@npci.org.in.

### Risks to Investors:

- The five Book Running Lead Managers associated with the Offer have handled 23 public offers in the past three years, out of which 9 issues closed below the offer price on listing date.
- Price/Earning ratio based on diluted EPS for Fiscal 2020 for the Issuer at the upper end of the Price Band is as high as 6.79.
- Average cost of acquisition of Equity Shares for the Selling Shareholder in Offer is ₹ (16.47) per Equity Share and Offer Price at upper end of the Price Band is ₹ 145.
- Weighted average return on Net Worth for Fiscals 2020, 2019 and 2018 is 16.21%.

## BID/OFFER PROGRAMME

**BID/OFFER OPENING DATE: SEPTEMBER 29, 2020**

**BID/OFFER CLOSING DATE: OCTOBER 01, 2020**

In case of any revision in the Price Band, the Bid/Offer Period shall be extended for at least three additional Working Days after such revision of the Price Band, subject to the total Bid/Offer Period not exceeding 10 Working Days. In cases of force majeure, banking strike or similar circumstances, our Company may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, extend the Bid/Offer Period for a minimum of three Working Days, subject to the Bid/Offer Period not exceeding 10 Working Days. Any revision in the Price Band, and the revised Bid/Offer Period, if applicable, shall be widely disseminated by notification to the Stock Exchanges by issuing a public notice and also by indicating the change on the websites of the BRLMs and at the terminals of the Syndicate Members.

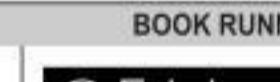
The Offer is being made in terms of Rule 19(2)(b) of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, as amended ("SCRR"), read with Regulation 31 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended ("SEBI ICDR Regulations"). The Offer is being made through the Book Building Process in accordance with Regulation 6(1) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, wherein not more than 50% of the Net Offer shall be available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Qualified Institutional Buyers ("QIB Portion"). 5% of the QIB Portion shall be available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Mutual Funds only. The remainder of the QIB Portion shall be available for allocation on a proportionate basis to all QIBs, including Mutual Funds, subject to valid bids being received from them at or above the Offer Price. However, if the aggregate demand from Mutual Funds is less than 5% of the QIB Portion, the balance Equity Shares available for allocation in the Mutual Fund Portion will be added to the remaining QIB Portion for proportionate allocation to QIBs. Further, not less than 15% of the Net Offer shall be available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Non-Institutional Bidders and not less than 35% of the Net Offer shall be available for allocation to Retail Individual Bidders in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, subject to valid bids being received from them at or above the Offer Price. Further, 345,517 Equity Shares have been offered for allocation and allotment on a proportionate basis to the Eligible Employees Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion, conditional upon valid bids being received at or above the Offer Price. All Bidders shall participate in the Offer mandatorily through the Applications Supported by Blocked Amount ("ASBA") process by providing the details of their respective bank accounts (including UPI ID, in case of RIBs) which will be blocked by the SCSBs or the bank accounts linked with the UPI ID, as applicable, to participate in the Offer. For details, see "Offer Procedure" on page 360 of the RHP.

Bidders/Applicants should ensure that DP ID, PAN and the Client ID (as applicable) are correctly filled in the Bid cum Application Form. The DP ID, PAN and Client ID provided in the Bid cum Application Form should match with the DP ID, PAN, Client ID available in the Depository database, otherwise, the Bid cum Application Form is liable to be rejected.

Bidders/Applicants should ensure that the beneficiary account provided in the Bid cum Application Form is active.

Bidders/Applicants should note that on the basis of the PAN, DP ID and Client ID as provided in the Bid cum Application Form, the Bidder/Applicant may be deemed to have authorized the Depositories to provide to the Registrar to the Offer, any requested Demographic Details of the Bidder/Applicant as available on the records of the Depositories. These Demographic Details may be used, among other things, for giving Allotment Advice or unblocking of ASBA Account or for other correspondence(s) related to the Offer. Bidders/Applicants are advised to update any changes to their Demographic Details as available in the records of the Depository Participant to ensure accuracy of records. Any delay resulting from failure to update the Demographic Details would be at the Bidders/Applicants' sole risk.

### BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGERS



AXIS CAPITAL

# Companies

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 2020

**TAX TROUBLE**

Masakazu Yoshimura, MD, Toyota Kirloskar Motor

We have to carefully look at the taxation system with regulation system in parallel. If taxation goes another direction, which is not supporting or not creating demand, it is very difficult... if the market demand gives us the feasibility to introduce those (new) cars, we can always bring (them) to India.

## Quick View



### Airtel buys 10% stake in Kerala start-up Waybeo Tech

BHARTI AIRTEL has picked up a strategic 10% stake in the Thiruvananthapuram-based Waybeo Technology Solutions, Kerala Startup Mission said on Wednesday. The startup works with focus on deep AI analytics for cloud telephony. The deal will help Waybeo earn larger distribution reach.

### Ircor Int'l wins ₹400-cr contracts from railways

IRCON INTERNATIONAL on Wednesday said it has won contracts worth over ₹400 crore from the railway ministry. The contracts pertain to works of nine road over bridges. "Ircor International has secured works of total 9 Road Over Bridges valuing more than ₹400 crore from the ministry of railways," the company said in a BSE filing.

### Melorra raises \$12.5 m in round led by Lightbox, others

JEWELLERY BRAND Melorra has raised \$12.5 million in an oversubscribed funding round led by Symphony Asia, Lightbox Ventures and Alteria Capital. Others who participated in the round included existing and new family offices of Burman, Jeejeebhoy and others.

### Pixxel partners Momentus for 2nd satellite launch

SPACE TECH start-up Pixxel on Wednesday said it has signed an agreement with Momentus to launch its second satellite in 2021. Under the agreement, Pixxel's second satellite launch will be done in Sun-synchronous orbit using a SpaceX Falcon-9 rocket and it will have the option to fly again in 2022.

### Flipkart partners Max to expand fashion category

WALMART-OWNED Flipkart on Wednesday said it has partnered with Max Fashion, a move that will help the e-commerce major offer an expanded portfolio of apparel and accessories to customers ahead of the festive season.

### EESL appoints Rajat Sud as managing director

STATE-RUN Energy Efficiency Services (EESL) on Wednesday announced the appointment of Rajat Sud as its MD. Sud has taken over the charge of MD of EESL, a company statement said. Sud has taken over from S Gopal, director (commercial), who had been given additional charge of interim MD.

### Biocon appoints Anupam Jindal its CFO

BIOPHARMACEUTICALS COMPANY Biocon has announced that Anupam Jindal has been appointed its new chief financial officer. Prior to joining the Bengaluru-headquartered company, Jindal worked with the Vedanta Group for 22 years, where he held the position of Group CFO at Sterlite Technologies.

### OYO app downloads cross 50 million led by India

OYO HOTELS & Homes crossed 50 million app downloads mark on Wednesday, with India leading with the most downloads followed by Indonesia, Malaysia, the US and Brazil. In 2020, on average, the company witnessed 32 app installs per minute.

### Honda Cars introduces virtual showroom

HONDA CARS India on Wednesday launched a 'virtual showroom' as part of its digital plans to move closer to customers. Rajesh Goel, SVP & director, marketing & sales, said: "We have brought this experience to our customers so they can digitally explore and experience our features from the comfort of their homes."

### Mercedes-Benz India launches 'AMG 53 series'

MERCEDES-BENZ India on Wednesday launched the AMG GLE 53 4MATIC+ Coupé priced ₹1.2 crore (ex-showroom). With this, the GLE model is now available in 300d, 400d, 450 and AMG GLE 53 Coupé variants.

### JIO POSTPAID PLANS

## Airtel, Vi may start offering Netflix subscription to counter threat

KIRAN RATHEE  
New Delhi, September 23

**WITH RELIANCE JIO** foraying into the postpaid segment in a big way, challenging the strong presence of incumbents Bharti Airtel and Vodafone Idea, it is the customers who are going to be the biggest beneficiaries once again.

Since Jio's postpaid plans offer more content options and data than both Bharti and Vodafone Idea (Vi) across price points — its comparable offerings have been priced at a 20% discount to Bharti Airtel's — incumbents are sure to beef up their content and data offerings to hold on to their higher Arpu (average realisation per user) customers.

Reliance Jio, which earlier had only one postpaid plan (₹199 per month) on Tuesday unveiled plans starting from ₹399 going up



to ₹1,499. All the plans come bundled with Netflix (mobile-only, single-device plan), Amazon Prime, Disney-Hotstar and Jio TV/Saavn/Cinema. All the plans offer unlimited voice and data ranges between 75 GB and 300 GB per month

### TARIFF WAR

- All of Jio's new postpaid plans offer subscriptions of Netflix, Amazon Prime & Disney-Hotstar
- They also offer unlimited voice and data ranges between 75 GB and 300 GB per month
- In Airtel & Vi plans, data offered is less and there is also no Netflix or Disney-Hotstar subscription

to ₹300 GB per month.

Netflix and Amazon Prime subscriptions are co-terminous with the plans, whereas in the comparable plans of Airtel and Vi, not only is the data offering less,

there is no Netflix or Disney-Hotstar subscription. In case of Amazon Prime, the two incumbent players offer subscription only for a year.

Jio's entry plan is ₹100 cheaper than Bharti's — in fact, if one adds the free monthly subscription of mobile-only Netflix which otherwise costs ₹199, the price gap widens to around ₹300.

Vi's plan is priced at the same ₹399, but offers lower data — 40 GB compared with Jio's 75 GB. Amazon Prime and Disney-Hotstar VIP cost ₹999 and ₹399 per annum, respectively, on a stand-alone basis.

The postpaid market is worth around ₹22,000 crore in revenues and forms 15% of the sector's revenues and 5% of its active subscribers, according to Jefferies estimates.

Around 50-60% of these subscribers

are enterprise customers, and 34% of postpaid subscribers are situated in the three metros and another 36% in urban centric A-circles. Among operators, Vodafone Idea has the highest 43% market share followed by Airtel at 28%.

Analysts maintain that in case of Bharti, it's the 40% postpaid users who are not enterprise customers who could be open to moving to Jio in case Bharti does not match its offering with that of Jio's.

Enterprise customers are generally not very price-sensitive but focus more on quality and network issues. Postpaid forms 5% of Airtel's subscribers and 16% of its India mobile revenues.

Since Vodafone Idea is facing network quality issues, it faces an even bigger threat from Jio's postpaid offerings and could see a high churn.

## Volunteers at Serum's Covid vaccine phase III trials test positive

FE BUREAU  
Pune, September 23



**VACCINE MAKER SERUM** Institute of India's phase III trials of Covishield are facing minor hiccups. Trials of the Oxford University-AstraZeneca vaccine resumed on Tuesday in Pune's Sasson General Hospital. Three of the seven volunteers recruited tested positive for antibodies after both antigen and RT-PCR tests were conducted. This indicated they had already got infected by the coronavirus and would not be able to participate in the trials. The hospital will now have to recruit a fresh set of volunteers.

This was a repeat of what happened in the trial at another hospital in Pune last month. Bharati Hospital and Research Centre, one of the sites for the Serum Covid vaccine trial, too, witnessed volunteers turning positive prior to the vaccination. At Bharati, three of the five volunteers tested positive for antibodies just before they could be vaccinated. They did not have any symptoms and were not aware that they had the virus, health officials said. The volunteers, who are above 18 years of age and without any comorbidity, will have to test negative on both RT-PCRs as well as antigen tests to be fit for vaccination.

A Serum spokesperson said the company would not comment on trials while the process was going on and would speak only after the results were out.

## China capital came with expertise, Indian start-ups to miss the know-how, says SoftBank's Misra

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA  
Mumbai, September 23

**CHINESE CAPITAL COMES** with a lot of expertise on business, and Indian start-ups will be missing this input the most following the clampdown on investments from China, a top executive of Japanese investment major SoftBank Group said on Wednesday.

Pegging the financial setback as a result of the government's moves at \$10-15 billion, Rajeev Misra, a board director of the group and chief executive of SoftBank Investment Advisers, said the capital can be replaced from others in a market flooded with liquidity.

India has banned over 200 Chinese apps and also put severe restrictions on Chinese investments into the country following border clashes in eastern Ladakh.

"Chinese capital was not just capital. It also came with a lot of expertise," Misra said, speaking at the Global Business Summit.

Citing the example of its China-based investee company Alibaba's investment in Paytm, he said this was a strategic and not a financial investment where the domestic payments major gained in know-how.

Similarly, companies across various fledgling sectors like food delivery and ride hailing have benefited, courtesy the knowledge they gained from their Chinese investors, he said. "A few billion dollars... \$10-15 billion of financial capital will be replaced, it is the technical knowledge that a ride shar-

A few billion dollars... \$10-15 billion of financial capital will be replaced. It is the technical knowledge that a ride-sharing firm gets from a Chinese ride-sharing (firm), which will be missed. Right or wrong is not for you and me to discuss.

—RAJEEV MISRA, CEO, SOFTBANK INVESTMENT ADVISERS

ing co can get from a Chinese ride sharing (firm) which will be missed. Right or wrong is not for you and me to discuss," he said.

Misra also said establishing technological supremacy is the next frontier of strength which will have a bearing on GDP growth because of the importance of areas like genome mapping, medical technology and chip design on economic activity.

## CIL board clears 18 new mining projects with ₹2,125-cr investment

FE BUREAU  
Kolkata, September 23

**COAL INDIA HAS** taken possession of 4,083.51 hectares of land for expansion of its mining projects, CMD Pramod Agarwal said at the company's 46th annual general meeting on Wednesday.

The board has cleared 18 new mining projects with rated capacity of 132.04 mt with a sanctioned capital of ₹2,124.55 crore. This has been done to enhance its production with the company given a revised target to produce 650 million tonne in FY21.

Since the company has decided to reopen its underground mines, CIL has decided to deploy 26 continuous miners in 19 underground mines to start with.

Agarwal told shareholders that CIL and its subsidiaries payed ₹43,508.72 crore

towards royalty, GST cess, District Mineral Foundation and National Mineral Exploration Trust during the fiscal.

Though worldwide the power sector is moving towards green energy, in India coal continues to remain the primary source of energy, accounting for 72% of the country's total electricity generation, he said.

For FY20, the company reported a net profit of ₹16,700.34 crore on net sales of ₹89,373.34 crore. All subsidiaries earned profit during the fiscal, Agarwal said.

## Suzuki tie-up: Toyota launches Urban Cruiser, hopes to attract new set of buyers

VIKRAM CHAUDHARY  
New Delhi, September 23



Toyota officials at the launch of Urban Cruiser on Wednesday

continued earlier this year.

On Wednesday, TKM launched the Urban Cruiser sub-4 metre SUV — a rebadged version of Maruti Suzuki Vitara Brezza — priced ₹8.4 lakh (ex-showroom) onwards. "This SUV offers all the high-end

features that customers today seek in their cars. Moreover, it offers an early entry into the Toyota SUV family and comes with Toyota's famed global standards of sales and after-sales service," Naveen Soni, senior vice-president, sales & service, TKM, said.

"We are anticipating increased demand for SUVs in the coming months and years. The Urban Cruiser will play an important role in catering to this demand, particularly from first-time Toyota buyers who are brand conscious and want to experience an international brand," Soni added.

With Urban Cruiser, the automaker is offering a warranty of three years or 1 lakh km, whichever is earlier.

TKM expects that, like the Glanza, the Urban Cruiser will also attract a new set of customers.

### INTERVIEW: IRFAN RAZACK, chairman & managing director, Prestige Group

## 'Our long-term vision is to replace old assets with new & better ones'

**Bengaluru-based Prestige Group, which is in advanced talks with Blackstone to sell its various commercial assets for more than ₹12,000 crore, believes in monetising an opportunity to replace older offices with newer and better ones in anticipation of demand picking up in coming years on the back of digital and IT-ITeS sectors. Without disclosing the contours of the deal, Irfan Razack, chairman and managing director of Prestige Group, told Rishi Ranjan Kala that the sale could materialise in a week. Edited excerpts:**

### What has been Prestige's experience with Covid-19?

It's reality, but we also have to go on with life. The main thing is to keep the team motivated as we have a responsibility towards customers. We adopted innovative methods like virtual launches and others which worked. In April, our sales were down. But after we opened up, June to August and even in September, the sales have done well.

How are construction timelines looking? We did lose about 3-4 months due to the nationwide lockdown. But today, I am happy to say that 100% of labour is back on all our

sites, especially with the large contractors. I do not think we would go to our customers for an extension. Even if there is time overrun, it would be for a couple of months. Another good part is that even our customers are paying on time.

### What is the rationale behind selling rental assets to Blackstone?

We are in the business of building and selling and we are also in the business of building, keeping and renting. When REITs came, there was an opportunity for us to do that, but we are not fixed in our mind over it. We are not possessive about assets.

The whole idea is that when a churn happens, it should be beneficial for the company as it can become zero debt and cash-rich and use the money to create new assets. So we keep exploring. If the deal happens (with Blackstone) in the next week or so, we can talk about it. I can't say much at present as we have our limitations. Our larger vision is to replace older assets with newer and better ones. As long as that asset is giving you some upside, you move on from one to the other. After all, we are not shutting shop. We still believe in office space.

retail malls and residential. It was a question that at some point in time you have an opportunity, monetise it and move on.

### What changes do you see in the customer's purchasing decisions?

Large residential properties are selling as people now want large spaces. For instance, Prestige Golfshire, which is outside Bangalore has large open spaces and mansions. Not everybody can afford it, but people with wherewithal are coming now as they realise its value. Then, NRIs are buying too. Also, there was this section of people, who thought why do I buy a house when I can rent it. Now this section is also coming forward. Ready properties are selling faster than under-construction ones.

Do you anticipate consolidation in the sector? Also, does it benefit large, listed players?

Many unlisted players also are doing a good job. Any player who did a proper professional job and created a brand and a good reputation will survive. Making a quick buck won't happen. Consolidation was imminent due to RERA and it brought in that much discipline that people who did not create a brand, were not professional got themselves into trouble and now they are running to established players. What we need not do is put in more supply and deliver projects on time.

### Do you feel real estate needs some course correction?

We need to balance our needs with our greed. So you can say that this is my capacity and this is the off-take, and let me not throw



New Delhi

more supply in the market. Another course correction does not over-leverage yourself. The bane of this industry is that many developers have their balance sheets overstretched, they cannot service loans, let alone pay them.

### What do you anticipate for the sector in the next 6-12 months?

We have to see how the economy behaves. Retail is slowly picking up and the pain should ease in 6-9 months. But hospitality will be the last, maybe 12-18 months to come back.

There is talk about work from home (WFH), but it is not a practical thing. Right now all companies, especially IT companies are paying rents and their employees are working from home. Maybe we will have a hybrid model of some employees WFH and some working from the office.

## FINANCIAL EXPRESS

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# UTI Asset Management Company Limited

UTI Asset Management Company Limited (our "Company") was incorporated as 'UTI Asset Management Company Private Limited', a private limited company under the Companies Act, 1956, pursuant to a certificate of incorporation dated November 14, 2002 issued by the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra at Mumbai (the "RoC"). Subsequently, pursuant to a special resolution approved at the Annual General Meeting on September 18, 2007, our Company was converted to a public limited company and consequently the name of our Company was changed to 'UTI Asset Management Company Limited' and a fresh certificate of incorporation dated November 14, 2007 was issued by the RoC. For details in relation to changes in the name and the registered office of our Company, see "History and Certain Corporate Matters" beginning on page 187 of the Red Herring Prospectus dated September 21, 2020 ("RHP") filed with the RoC and thereafter with Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"), BSE Limited ("BSE") and National Stock Exchange of India Limited ("NSE", and together with BSE, the "Stock Exchanges").

Registered and Corporate Office: UTI Tower, 'Gn' Block, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai 400051, Maharashtra, India. Tel: +91 22 6678 6666

Contact Person: Arvind Patkar, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer, E-mail: cs@uti.co.in; Website: https://www.utm.com. Corporate Identity Number: U65991MH2002PLC137867

## OUR COMPANY IS A PROFESSIONALLY MANAGED COMPANY AND DOES NOT HAVE AN IDENTIFIABLE PROMOTER

(i) QIB Portion: Not more than 50% of the Net Offer

(ii) Retail Portion: Not less than 35% of the Net Offer

(iii) Non-Institutional Portion: Not less than 15% of the Net Offer

(iv) Employee Reservation Portion: Up to 200,000 Equity Shares

INITIAL PUBLIC OFFER OF UP TO 38,987,081 EQUITY SHARES OF FACE VALUE OF ₹ 10 EACH (THE "EQUITY SHARES") OF UTI ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY LIMITED (OUR "COMPANY") FOR CASH AT A PRICE OF ₹ [●] PER EQUITY SHARE (INCLUDING A SHARE PREMIUM OF ₹ [●] PER EQUITY SHARE) AGGRAGATING UP TO ₹ [●] MILLION (THE "OFFER") THROUGH AN OFFER FOR SALE OF UP TO 10,459,949 EQUITY SHARES AGGRAGATING UP TO ₹ [●] MILLION BY STATE BANK OF INDIA ("SBI"), UP TO 10,459,949 EQUITY SHARES AGGRAGATING UP TO ₹ [●] MILLION BY LIFE INSURANCE CORPORATION OF INDIA ("LIC"), UP TO 10,459,949 EQUITY SHARES AGGRAGATING UP TO ₹ [●] MILLION BY BANK OF BARODA ("BOB"), UP TO 3,803,617 EQUITY SHARES AGGRAGATING UP TO ₹ [●] MILLION BY PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK ("PNB") AND UP TO 3,803,617 EQUITY SHARES AGGRAGATING UP TO ₹ [●] MILLION BY T. ROWE PRICE INTERNATIONAL LTD ("TRP") AND TOGETHER WITH SBI, LIC, BOB AND PNB, THE "SELLING SHAREHOLDERS"). THE OFFER INCLUDES A RESERVATION OF UP TO 200,000 EQUITY SHARES (CONSTITUTING UP TO 0.16% OF THE POST-OFFER PAID-UP EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL OF OUR COMPANY) FOR PURCHASE BY ELIGIBLE EMPLOYEES (THE "EMPLOYEE RESERVATION PORTION"). THE OFFER LESS THE EMPLOYEE RESERVATION PORTION IS HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AS THE "NET OFFER". THE OFFER AND THE NET OFFER WOULD CONSTITUTE AT LEAST 30.75% AND 30.59% OF OUR POST-OFFER PAID-UP EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL, RESPECTIVELY.

Price Band: ₹ 552 to ₹ 554 per Equity Share of face value of ₹ 10 each.

The Floor Price is 55.20 times of the face value of the Equity Shares and the Cap Price is 55.40 times of the face value of the Equity Shares.

Bids can be made for a minimum of 27 Equity Shares and in multiples of 27 Equity Shares thereafter.

**ASBA<sup>#</sup>**

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Mandatory in public issues. No cheque will be accepted.



UPI-Now available in ASBA for Retail Individual Bidders ("RIBs") applying through Syndicate Members, sub-syndicate members, Registered Brokers, CDPs and RTAs. RIBs also have the option to submit the application directly to the ASBA Bank (SCSBs) or to use the facility of linked online trading, demat and bank account.

**Investors are required to ensure that the bank A/c used for bidding is linked to their PAN.**

- The seven BRLMs associated with the Offer have handled 28 public issues in the past three years out of which 9 public issues closed below the issue price on listing date.
- Weighted Average Return on Net Worth for financial years 2018, 2019 and 2020 is 12.02%.
- The Net Asset Value per Equity Share of our Company as on March 31, 2020 is ₹ 217.88 and as on June 30, 2020 is ₹ 223.60.
- Average cost of acquisition of the Equity Shares by the Selling Shareholders included in the Offer ranges from ₹ 99.76 per Equity Share to ₹ 200.73 per Equity Share

### Risks to Investors

The Offer Price will be determined by our Company, in consultation with the BRLMs, on the basis of assessment of market demand for the Equity Shares offered through the Book Building Process and on the basis of quantitative and qualitative factors as described below. The face value of the Equity Shares is ₹ 10 each and the Offer Price is 55.20 times the face value at the lower end of the Price Band and 55.40 times the face value at the higher end of the Price Band.

Bidders should read "Our Business", "Risk Factors", "Restated Financial Information" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" beginning on pages 146, 24, 213 and 314 respectively of the RHP, to have an informed view before making an investment decision.

**Qualitative Factors:** We believe that some of the qualitative factors which form the basis for computing the Offer Price are as follows: (a) Well-positioned to capitalise on favourable industry dynamics, including the under penetration of mutual fund products. (b) Pure-play independent asset manager with strong brand recognition and diverse portfolio of funds and services. (c) Multiple distribution channels with wide reach and broad and stable client base. (d) Long-term track record of product innovation, consistent and stable investment performance and AUM growth. (e) Established position in retirement solutions through product innovation and large retirement fund mandates. (f) Experienced management and investment teams supported by strong governance structures and human resources programs. (g) Enhanced profitability driven by our size and product mix.

For further details, see "Our Business—Our Strengths" on page 148 of the RHP.

**Quantitative Factors :** Certain information presented below, relating to our Company, is based on the Restated Financial Information. For details, see "Restated Financial Information" beginning on page 213 of the RHP.

Some of the quantitative factors which may form the basis for computing the Offer Price are as follows:

1. Basic and Diluted EPS as adjusted for changes in capital:

As per the Restated Financial Information:

Financial Period	Basic EPS (in ₹)	Diluted EPS (in ₹)	Weight
Financial Year 2020	21.53	21.53	3
Financial Year 2019	27.83	27.83	2
Financial Year 2018	28.73	28.73	1
Weighted Average	24.83	24.83	-
Three months ended June 30, 2020*	7.93	7.93	-

\* Not annualized

Notes: (1) EPS has been calculated in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standard (IndAS) 33 (earnings per share) issued by the ICAI. The face value of the Equity Shares is ₹ 10. (2) The above statement should be read with significant accounting policies and the notes to the Restated Financial Information as appearing in "Restated Financial Information" beginning on page 213 of the RHP.

2. Price/Earning ("P/E") ratio in relation to Price Band of ₹ 552 to ₹ 554 per Equity Share:

Particulars	P/E at the lower end of Price band (no. of times)	P/E at the higher end of Price band (no. of times)
Based on Basic EPS for Financial Year 2020	25.64	25.73
Based on Diluted EPS for Financial Year 2020	25.64	25.73

Industry P/E ratio

P/E Ratio	Notes:
Highest	The industry high and low has been considered from the industry peer set provided later in this section. The industry composite has been calculated as the arithmetic average of P/E for industry peer set disclosed in this section. For further details, see "Basis for Offer Price - Comparison of Accounting Ratios with Listed Industry Peers" on page 88 of the RHP.
Lowest	
Average	

FOR FURTHER DETAILS, SEE "BASIS FOR OFFER PRICE" BEGINNING ON PAGE 87 OF THE RHP.

### BASIS FOR OFFER PRICE

3. Average Return on Net Worth ("RoNW")

As per the Restated Financial Information of our Company:

Particulars	RoNW %	Weight
Financial Year 2020	9.88	3
Financial Year 2019	13.55	2
Financial Year 2018	15.38	1
<b>Weighted Average</b>	<b>12.02</b>	-
<b>Three months ended June 30, 2020*</b>	<b>3.55</b>	-

4. Net Asset Value per Equity Share of face value of ₹ 10 each

Net Asset Value per Equity Share	(₹)
As on March 31, 2020	217.88
As on June 30, 2020	223.60
<b>Offer Price</b>	<b>[●]</b>

Notes:

(1) Offer Price per Equity Share will be determined on conclusion of the Book Building Process

(2) Net Asset Value per Equity Share represents net worth as at the end of the fiscal year, as restated, divided by the number of Equity Shares outstanding at the end of the period/year

(3) There will be no change in the net worth post Offer as the Offer is by way of Offer for Sale by the Selling Shareholders

### 5. Comparison of Accounting Ratios with Listed Industry Peers

Name of Company	Face Value (₹ per equity share)	Closing price on September 21, 2020 (₹ per equity share)	Total Income, for Financial Year 2020 (in ₹ million)	EPS <sup>(*)</sup> (₹)	NAV <sup>(*)</sup> (₹ per share)	P/E(times) <sup>(*)</sup>	RoNW <sup>(*)</sup> (%)
	Basic	Diluted					
UTI AMC	10	-	8,909.61	21.53	21.53	217.88	-
<b>Peer Group</b>							9.88%
HDFC Asset Management Company Limited	5	2,164.55	21,434.30	59.37	59.24	189.34	36.54
Nippon Life Asset Management Limited	10	272.60	11,932.10	6.78	6.69	42.36	16.03%

Source: All the financial information for listed industry peers mentioned above is on a consolidated basis (unless otherwise available only on standalone basis) and is sourced from the financial results of the respective company for the year ended March 31, 2020 submitted to the Stock Exchanges.

Source for our Company: Based on the Restated Financial Information for the year ended March 31, 2020.

Notes: (1) Basic EPS and Diluted EPS referred to the Basic EPS and Diluted EPS sourced from the annual reports of the respective company for the year ended March 31, 2020, except for Company in which case it is sourced from Restated Financial Information. (2) P/E Ratio has been computed based on the closing market price of equity shares available on NSE on September 21, 2020, divided by the Diluted EPS provided under Note 1 above. (3) RoNW is computed as profit after tax (after removing profit attributable to non-controlling interest, if applicable) divided by closing net worth. Net worth has been computed as sum of equity share capital and other equity as on March 31, 2020. (4) NAV is computed as the closing net worth divided by the number of equity shares outstanding as on March 31, 2020.

The Offer Price of ₹ [●] has been determined by our Company, in consultation with the BRLMs, on the basis of assessment of market demand for investors for Equity Shares through the Book Building Process, and is justified in view of the above qualitative and quantitative parameters. The trading price of Equity Shares could decline due to factors mentioned in "Risk Factors" beginning on page 24 of the RHP and you may lose all or part of your investments.

### BID/OFFER PERIOD

OPENS ON: TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 2020<sup>(1)</sup>

CLOSES ON: THURSDAY, OCTOBER 1, 2020

<sup>(1)</sup> Our Company and the Selling Shareholders, in consultation with the BRLMs, shall consider participation by Anchor Investors in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations (defined below). The Anchor Investor Bid/Offer Period shall be one Working Day prior to the Bid/Offer Opening Date.

In case of any revision to the Price Band, the Bid/Offer Period will be extended by at least three additional Working Days following such revision of the Price Band, provided that the BRLMs may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, extend the Bid/Offer Period for a minimum of three Working Days, subject to the Bid/Offer Period not exceeding 10 Working Days. Any revision in the Price Band and the revised Bid/Offer Period, if applicable, will be widely disseminated by notification to the Stock Exchanges by issuing a public notice, and also by indicating the change on the websites of the BRLMs and at the terminals of the Syndicate Members and by intimation to the

# Opinion

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 2020

## RationalExpectations

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## Few farmers really worry about MSP

Just 5-6% of the value of agricultural output is sold at MSP, and this is mainly restricted to a few north Indian states

**G**IVEN THE FURORE created over the link between the APMC reforms and the possible discontinuation of the Centre's Minimum Support Price (MSP) operations—the government has continuously asserted MSPs will continue—it is natural to feel MSPs are critical to the well-being of the farm sector. The truth, however, is that MSPs are largely irrelevant, they matter just to a small number of farmers in a small number of north Indian states like Haryana and Punjab.

Indeed, they have wrought havoc on the land as higher prices for wheat and rice, along with a government promise to procure, have resulted in farmers in states like Haryana and Punjab growing water-intensive crops that have drained the land. Nearly 80% of the land in Punjab is over-exploited, and the number is around 50% in the case of Haryana. In fact, while most attribute the Punjab farmer's prosperity to the MSP policy, it has more to do with free water and massive electricity subsidies; were either to be properly priced, farmers would not be able to afford to pump out water from a rapidly depleting water-table to grow the water-guzzling crops they do today.

While the Shanta Kumar committee report had pointed out several years ago that just six percent of India's farmers benefited from MSP operations—that is, their crops were purchased at the MSP—the value of output that is bought at MSP appears to be similar. The total value of all agriculture output was around ₹40 lakh crore in FY20 while the total value of MSP operations was around ₹2.5 lakh crore; call this MSP's 6x6 matrix if you will!

Keep in mind (see graphic), while 46% of farm output is not crops—it comprises milk, fishing, forestry, etc—fruit and vegetables (F&V) production is greater than that of cereals, but F&V get no MSP support from the government; nor does milk production, the success of which is almost entirely due to the cooperative movement like Amul.

Indeed, as this newspaper pointed out a few days ago, the agitation against the three farm Bills brought in by the government is almost entirely driven by vested interests, particularly in states like Punjab and Haryana. With 3% *mandi* taxes, Punjab collected ₹1,750 crore by way of *mandi* taxes in FY20 and a similar amount by way of a rural development cess that is also imposed on sales in *mandis*. Amazingly, for a state where most of the crop is bought by Food Corporation of India (FCI) at a price fixed by the central government, *arhatiya* earned a commission of ₹1,460 crore in FY20! If the government's APMC reforms result in alternative markets getting created, and farmers are able to sell directly to buyers like processing units or big retail chains, a large part of sales will then take outside the *mandis*; the state's *mandi* taxes, rural development cess and even the unconscionable *arhatiya* commissions will all get hit.

With nearly ₹5,000 crore at stake every year, apart from an assured market for its farmers, not surprisingly, Punjab is at the forefront of the agitation. Farmers in a state like West Bengal hardly sell anything to government agencies, so if the Trinamool joined the opposition to the farm Bills, it is because this presented an opportunity to embarrass the Centre; indeed, the fact that the government did not allow even a division of votes in the Rajya Sabha suggests it was struggling to get the requisite numbers to have the Bills passed. Such is India's politics, while the Congress party is against the Bills today, in its 2019 manifesto, it had promised to abolish the APMC to free up the farm sector.

And while former finance minister P Chidambaram, who is leading the Congress charge against the Bills, has said that the government should have stipulated that the private sector would pay farmers the MSP for all crops, he ignores the fact that even before the Bills were passed—and that includes all the decades the Congress was in power—most farm prices remain 15-20% below the MSP, and it can be even higher in certain states.

Two years ago, an Icrier analysis of prices in Madhya Pradesh, which had introduced a direct income support scheme called *Bhavantar Bhugtan Yojana*, had found that the average price of soybean was ₹2,594 per quintal between October 16 and December 31, or around 15% lower than the MSP of ₹3,050 per quintal. In the case of urad, the *mandi* price of ₹2,601 per quintal between October 16 and December 22 was 52% lower than the MSP of ₹5,400. The annexure to the report ([bit.ly/3hWISZd](http://bit.ly/3hWISZd)) has historical details on the difference between market prices and MSPs for several crops.

Chidambaram is right, of course, when he says the removal of APMC will help only if there are alternative *mandis*. Indeed, the reason why the attempts to reduce the monopoly power of big *mandis* like Azadpur in Delhi and Vashi in Mumbai—for F&V—some years ago made little difference is that farmers had no other place to sell their crops in. So if PM Narendra Modi's ₹1 lakh crore agriculture investment plan does not result in alternative *mandis* getting created, or is not able to help various Farmers Producers Organisations establish themselves, the Bills may not really help free up farmers.

It is understandable that the government doesn't want to create more opposition to the Bills right now, but sooner rather than later, it must look at the huge costs of running the current MSP-system for the farmer aristocracy in states like Punjab and Haryana. More so since the alternatives are cheaper and more equitable; FCI's inefficiency ensures grain procured by it is more costly than that bought by private traders, and the open-ended system of procurement ensures it has ₹1.5 lakh crore or so worth of extra foodgrain in its godowns. Even with the Food Security Act's over-general 90-95% subsidy to two-thirds of the population, moving to cash transfers would save another ₹50,000-60,000 crore per year. Think of what this money would achieve if it was ploughed into government investment every year or was given to every farmer instead of being spent for just 6% of farmers. And, this is apart from the massive soil and water degradation in states like Punjab and Haryana that MSP causes.

## Unrecognised LABOUR

FLWs, such as ASHA workers, need to be incentivised by the government

**A**RECENT REPORT, by Women in Global Health India (WGHI), highlights the fact that frontline workers (FLWs), especially ASHA workers, are not being given due incentives for the work they are doing in these hard times. Against the backdrop of the pandemic having interrupted delivery of healthcare services, thereby impacting access for the most vulnerable, even the regular work of ASHA workers—from linking pregnant women to antenatal care to ensuring post-natal care for lactating mothers and babies, etc.—had become both more important and incredibly challenging to execute. Add to this new responsibilities such as screening migrants, contact tracing, etc, and it is fair to say FLWs have rendered crucial services to the nation.

Yet, there has been no extra honorarium forthcoming from the government. On the contrary, an Oxfam survey notes, only 23% of ASHA workers were provided bodysuits; with respect to the usage of PPEs, nearly one in four ASHA workers never received any training. The government must recognise the work of ASHA workers via financial and non-financial incentives, and establish capacity-building strategies concerning technology, and develop a support system for their physical and mental well-being. Though ASHA workers are eligible for state support in the Covid times under the Pradhan Mantri Garib Kalyan Yojana, the Oxfam survey showed that only 38% of the ASHA workers knew about the scheme. Without efforts to support FLWs, the battle against corona will be hard to win.



## LACK OF DIPLOMACY

Congress leader Rahul Gandhi

Mr Modi has destroyed the web of relationships that the Congress built and nurtured over several decades. Living in a neighbourhood with no friends is dangerous

## AGRARIAN REFORMS

DEPENDENCE ON MSP-LED PROCUREMENT OF GRAINS HAS LED TO LOW CROP DIVERSIFICATION IN STATES LIKE PUNJAB, KEEPING FARMERS FROM REAPING THE BENEFITS OF HIGH-VALUE CROPS

# Can over-reliance on MSP harm agricultural states?

**F**ARMER AGITATIONS AGAINST the recently promulgated farm Bills are growing in northern states of Punjab, Haryana, Madhya Pradesh, and Uttar Pradesh. Interestingly, these are states benefitting most from the government's MSP operations. What are their concerns, and if any underlying assumptions guide those? We explore this and more in this article.

On June 5, the president of India promulgated three Ordinances for improving the farming environment in the country. Most contentious of the three is the Farmers' Produce Trade and Commerce (Promotion and Facilitation) Ordinance 2020 (FPTC).

Indian agricultural markets are studied to have suffered at the hands of oligopolistic APMC traders/middlemen. The FPTC Bill provides an alternate to state APMCs and offers the freedom to sell and purchase agri-produce to both farmers and buyers. By creating alternate and competing markets, which do not levy taxes/fees, FPTC will help farmers by reducing transaction costs, increasing transparency, and improving their share in consumer's rupee.

The biggest issue of agitating farmers is that they were not consulted while framing these Bills. They fear that with the implementation of FPTC, among other things, state APMCs will slowly die due to constraints of resources, leaving farmers to the whims of exploitative traders and corporate buyers. Farmers also equated the Bill with the eventual phasing-out of government's MSP operations, but those fears were allayed by PM Modi, who confirmed their continuity.

According to us, there are two basic assumptions of these agitating farmers. For them, the only alternative to APMC is a 'villainous' and 'exploitative' corporate buyer/trader. And, by producing MSP crops (mainly rice and wheat) and selling them in assured markets at

**SHWETA SAINI & SIRAJ HUSSAIN**

Saini is senior consultant and Hussain is senior visiting fellow, ICRIER. Views are personal

assured prices, farmers think they are maximising their gains and are safe-guarded for future.

We visit both assumptions below. Repeated reference is of two states—Punjab and Bihar. These represent two extreme examples—Punjab, on the one hand, has a robust procurement system, and financially thriving APMCs (used mainly for procurement), Bihar on the other, had repealed APMC in 2006 and has a relatively small and insignificant level of procurement operations.

Let's start by looking at data on farmer incomes.

NAFIS or NABARD All-India Rural Financial Inclusion Survey 2016-17 report gives state-wise estimates of farmer incomes and its components, for 2015-16. We use the income component that farmers earned from cultivation activities. By dividing this income with average landholding size in the state (taken from GoI's Agriculture Census 2015-16), we get a state-wise estimate of incomes generated per hectare (see graphic).

Let's take a closer look at Punjab, Bihar, and Kerala. Their average monthly income from cultivation were: ₹12,481, ₹1,652 and ₹6,284, respectively, and average landholding sizes were: 3.62ha, 0.39ha, and 0.18ha. Upon dividing respective incomes with sizes, we find that on per hectare basis, Kerala farmers generated the highest incomes (₹34,910), followed by Bihar (₹4,236) and then by Punjab (₹3,448). Even though a Punjab farmer earns more than

a Bihar or a Kerala farmer, average incomes generated from every hectare in the state are much lower (perhaps, large differences in landholding sizes between these states could mathematically explain this counterintuitive trend).

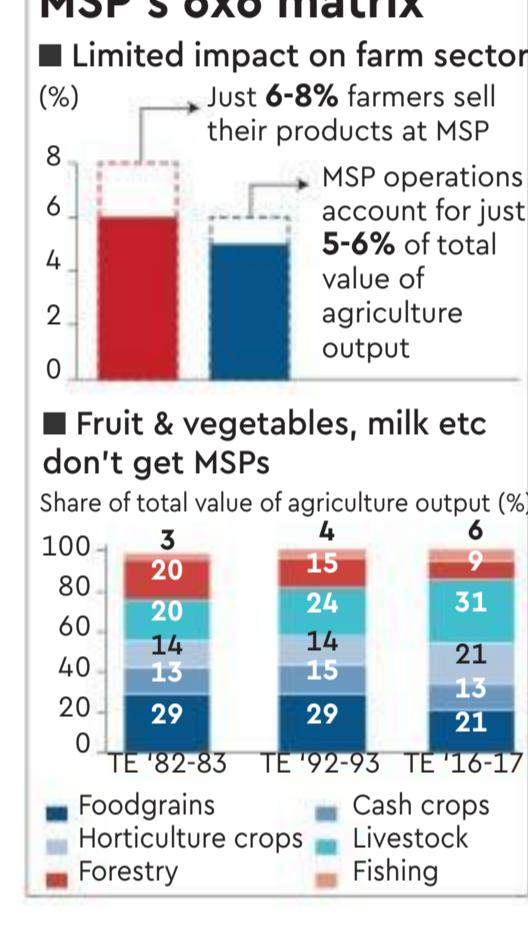
But how can farmers in Bihar, for example, generate more income per hectare than in Punjab?

We looked at what crops were produced in these states using data on the value of output (VOO) from GoI. In 2015-16, Punjab's agricultural output (current prices) valued at about ₹1.3 lakh crore and Bihar's at ₹1.1 lakh crore. While Punjab's agricultural basket emerged cereal-centric, Bihar's was more diversified (see graphic). Cereals constituted only 40% share in Bihar, but 70% in Punjab. Share of fruits and vegetables (F&V) in Bihar was high at 35%, but only 11% in Punjab. Bihar also generated higher value from pulses, oilseeds, sugarcane, among others, unlike Punjab.

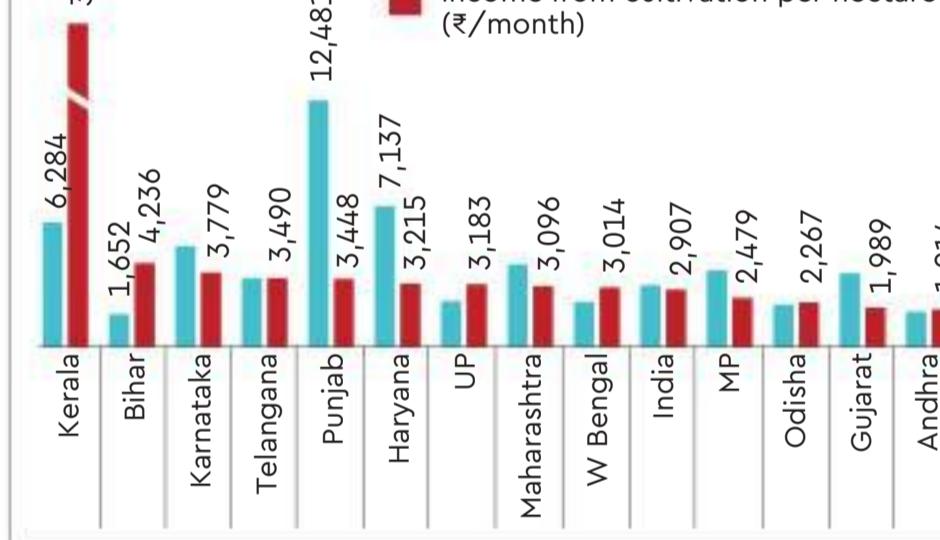
Cereals are low-valued crops compared to F&V, oilseeds, or pulses. In 2019-20, MSPs of major cereal crops were below ₹20/kg (wheat ₹19.25/kg, paddy ₹18.35/kg, maize ₹17.6/kg).

But for pulses, MSPs averaged ₹60/kg (gram ₹48.75/kg, moong ₹70.5/kg, tur ₹58/kg), and for oilseeds, MSPs averaged ₹44/kg (groundnut ₹50.9/kg, soybean ₹37.1/kg, mustard about ₹44.25/kg). Average yearly prices of F&V are also higher than cereal prices.

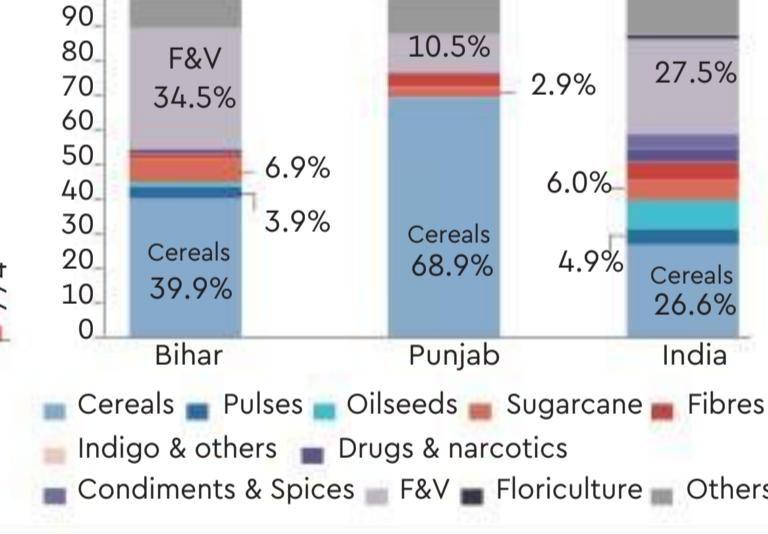
By focusing on lower-valued crops, Punjab is missing benefits of diversification



### Farmer incomes-per month and per hectare per month



### Composition of VOO agriculture (TE 2015-16) (%)



## It is dumb to bash the WTO

The US should stay in the WTO at least until someone has offered a plausible account of how leaving it would make American life better

**RAMESH PONNURU**

Bloomberg

**WHEN THE WORLD** Trade Organization (WTO) was created in the mid-1990s, the US Senate voted 76-24 to establish it. But, it is now facing more opposition than ever, and from both parties.

"The World Trade Organization has not been good for the United States", president Donald Trump said in a mid-September press conference. "It has been good for everybody else, but it has not been good. It was a method, in my opinion, of taking advantage of the United States".

Bob Woodward's new book, "Rage", reports that Trump threatened to leave the organisation if it did not classify the US as a "developing country" able to have more leeway to restrict trade. Senator Josh Hawley, a Missouri Republican, says "we should abolish" the WTO. Representative Peter DeFazio, a Democrat from Oregon, wants the US to leave it. The criticisms of the organisation tend, though, to be either vague or mistaken.

Trump's comments fall into the first category, and probably reflect his general hostility to imports. The president sees imports as losses in American wealth. So do some of his trade advisers, including White House aide Peter Navarro and commerce secretary Wilbur Ross, a view that seems to be based on a misunderstanding of national income accounting.

Economists generally believe that trade, and the post-World War II expansion of trade assisted by the WTO and its precursor organisation, the General

Agreement on Tariffs and Trade, has produced large net benefits for the US and the world. They agree as well that trade deficits do not correlate with the most significant economic outcomes, from employment to wage growth.

Trump has also been known to complain that other countries levy higher tariffs on American products than the US imposes on theirs, and may consider the WTO responsible for this state of affairs. But, the difference between US trade policies and those of other countries is frequently exaggerated. The average US tariff is about the same as Canada's or the European Union's. Policymakers in all these countries have usually recognised that tariffs have harmful effects on the countries that impose them.

The specific indictments of the WTO are not more compelling. DeFazio objects to features of it that do not exist in reality. He complains that it protects foreign investors and that it bans "Buy American" procurement policies. Neither assertion is true. He is on slightly stronger ground in saying that the US loses most cases that are brought against its trade restrictions. But, he ignores the fact that the US wins most cases that it brings against other countries' trade restrictions. That is not a bias against the US, as the congressman (like the president) claims. It is a bias against trade restrictions that was rightly built into the organisation's design.

Hawley argues that the US should negotiate favourable trade deals outside

the WTO. He wants Americans to start "building a new network of trusted friends and partners to resist Chinese economic imperialism". Those aren't bad ideas, but they don't conflict with membership in the WTO either. (Other WTO critics, including the US trade representative Robert Lighthizer, think it allows too many bilateral agreements).

The senator's description of the network



ILLUSTRATION ROHIT PHORE

**U**NDER THE ATMANIRBHAR Bharat Abhiyaan, states will be permitted to borrow more money than before. Of this, additional borrowing of nearly ₹50,000 crore has been linked to an increase in urban local body (ULB) revenues. As property tax is the biggest source (approximately 60%) of self-generated revenue for ULBs, this automatically means a greater focus on property tax reforms. ICRER reports that property tax collections as a share of India's GDP stood at only 0.15% in 2017-18. This is less than one-sixth the OECD average of 1%—and suggests that there is an opportunity to ramp up property tax revenues in our cities significantly. For instance, if we could raise this figure to 0.5% of GDP, it would represent approximately ₹60,000 crore in additional revenue. Successful reforms of the property tax system could thus help both individual cities as well as states with better access to resources.

Indian cities lag on property tax revenues for several reasons. There are systemic gaps in the enumeration of properties and maintenance of records; this excludes a significant number of properties from the tax base. Further, informal urban growth makes it difficult to estimate what percentage of properties are excluded. The valuation formula, which determines how much tax is charged on a property, is often indexed to outdated rental values—a poor reflection of the market value of the property today. Finally, low collection rates compound the challenge: on average, only 37% of billed tax is collected.

One explanation for this state of affairs is that municipalities across India are often reliant on pen-and-paper records and manual processes to administer property tax. Dues are calculated manually, based on entries in physical registers; bills are printed and then delivered by post or hand, and citizens pay their taxes in person at ULB offices or service counters, often carrying stacks of paper receipts from previous years—just in case a dispute arises. Even where some data is digitised, records tend to be split across different departments and offices. For instance, registration data is with the property department, but the revenue department records changes of ownership.

The good news is that we know how to improve this situation. We need a concerted effort to digitise both property records and property tax collection mechanisms. The first and most important step is the creation of a digital property register. This will create a

**SHILPA KUMAR & VIRAJ TYAGI**

Kumar is investment partner, Omidyar Network India and Tyagi, CEO, eGovernments Foundation. Views are personal

## ● STRENGTHENING CITIES

# Property tax is the key to unlocking potential

State and local governments across India should digitise property tax systems to unlock their revenue-raising potential

baseline record of properties in the tax net, which can then be updated through means like self-assessment, door-to-door surveys, and drone/satellite mapping. It will also enable automated valuation and digitised billing at scale. This can be combined with online payment options to make the process of paying dues and getting receipts faster and more convenient for citizens and governments alike.

A digital property register can inte-

grate records from multiple departments or silos, serving as a "single source of truth" to which various users can refer. For instance, one source of revenue loss is that industrial or commercial properties—which would be charged higher taxes—are misclassified as residential properties. This is often a result of deliberate misrepresentation by owners/residents, rather than administrative error. With an integrated registry, such anomalies become

apparent: a residential property registered for a trade license, or with an industrial-grade electricity connection, can be inspected and reclassified as needed.

Automating the billing process and making bills accessible through a website or mobile app can also improve collections significantly. In Andhra Pradesh, an integrated e-bill, combining property taxes and utility charges, was found to particularly enhance the convenience for citizens. They could receive real-time updates on payments due, and make a single consolidated payment at one click. It also cut down the time taken to raise bills from four months to one week and saved considerable money and effort on the billing process.

We have seen firsthand the gains from digitising state-wide property registries and property tax collection systems in Andhra Pradesh. Between 2015-16 and 2018-19, eGovernments Foundation worked with the Government of Andhra Pradesh to put in place an urban e-governance system across all 110 ULBs in the state; a digitally-enabled increase in property tax collection was a core objective of this effort. The number of properties enumerated

**A digital property register can integrate records from multiple departments or silos, serving as a "single source of truth" which various users can use for reference**

across the state rose from approximately 27 lakh to 33 lakh properties, an increase of over 20% in four years. The revenue collected more than doubled, from about ₹548 crore in 2015-16 to ₹1,157 crore in 2018-19.

For ULBs, there is no more reliable source of revenue than property tax: the volume and value of other payments can vary, whereas property tax is stable and predictable. This makes it central to any credit rating exercise, which can open up the possibility of fundraising through municipal bonds. Digitisation is, in itself, a key first step to enhance property tax collection; it will also enhance the quality of subsequent analyses and policy decisions, by providing high-quality data from cities' own administrative systems. State and local governments across India should see digitisation as a key to unlocking their revenue-raising potential.

**KAUSHALYA VENKATARAMAN**

Partner, Chandhok and Mahajan.

Views are personal

Should the government give regulators and licensing authorities the power to act in national interest?

**I**N MARCH 2020, amidst the lockdown, there were reports that the People's Bank of China had increased its stake in HDFC Limited to 1.1%. This created a furore in the market as many people viewed this as opportunistic buying amid a stock market crash. In response, the Indian government came out with the Press Note 3 of 2020, which stated that an entity of a country which shares land borders with India (neighbouring country) or where the beneficial owner of investment into India is situated or is a citizen of a neighbouring country, can invest only under the government route. The rule was also to transfer of ownership of any existing or future FDI in an entity in India. Though the rule itself was simplistic, many questions remain unanswered. The biggest ones being the definition of 'beneficial ownership', the definition of neighbouring countries, and whether the rule extended only to foreign direct investment (FDI) or whether it applied to all types of foreign investment as referred to in the PN 3 of 2020, including FPI/ FVCI.

In the meanwhile, political tensions with China reached an all-time high, and there was a military standoff at the LAC. At this time, reports suggested that the Indian government was obtaining information from RBI and SEBI on the registered FPI from China in India for closer scrutiny of their investment, though no final decision had yet been made in this regard.

At the end of April 2020, the Indian government notified the amendment to the Foreign Exchange Management (Non-Debt Instruments) Rules, 2019, through which it was made clear that the restriction applied only for investments or transfers under the foreign direct investment route. The argument, in this case, to have the restriction apply only under the FDI Route is that FPI investment in any one company is capped at 10% shareholding of the company (thus making opportunistic takeovers unlikely) and when it comes to FVCI this limit is 25% shareholding of the company.

In light of this clarification in early May 2020, the FPI registration of the People's Bank of China (PBoC) was renewed until May 2023 (as per the public records available in NSDL). Once again, this created a furore in the market. Many questioned how the FPI registration of PBoC was renewed, given the political tensions. To this, the regulator clarified that as per the law, as it currently stands, a certificate of registration granted by SEBI was permanent and remained valid, unless it was surrendered by the FPI or suspended or cancelled under the prescribed law and procedure. The renewal process has also been delegated to the depository participant (DP), and there is automatic renewal upon payment of the requisite fee. Thus, the FPI registration of PBoC got renewed. Further to this, PBoC has also been buying stocks in the stock market, including its recent acquisition of shares in ICICI Bank Limited through a qualified institutional placement.

The renewal of the PBoC FPI license does raise some pertinent questions on the measures that the executive can take. Take, for instance, the ban on Chinese apps; the Central Government has been systematically weeding out Chinese apps from the ecosystem using its powers under Section 69A of the Information Technology Act, 2000, in the interest of 'sovereignty and integrity' of India. Though the executive in this case (Sebi) does have very broad residual powers it does not have an explicit residual power to act in the interest of 'sovereignty and integrity'. It is perhaps worth considering whether the executive (especially regulators and licensing authorities) should have this residual power to act in the interest of the 'sovereignty and integrity' with the appropriate checks and balances in place.

**The renewal of the PBoC FPI licence does raise some pertinent questions on the measures that the executive can take**

**A**T THIS CRITICAL juncture of India's development journey, where inclusive economic growth has emerged as a new exemplar of development, the empowerment of scheduled tribes (ST), which are largely economically and socially backward, has assumed special significance. And what better way than to help them become self-employed entrepreneurs.

A major chunk of the scheduled tribe population—tribal cultivators and artisans—already belong to the self-employed category. In fact, according to the Periodic Labour Force Survey (PLFS) 2018-19 report, a large proportion of scheduled tribe workers (57%) are self-employed, basically in the agriculture & allied activities and handicrafts.

Around 30% are casual and agricultural labour, and only around 13% are engaged in salaried employment. Hence, it is essential to explore skilling avenues which would help them earn more in the same occupation.

Under the circumstances, would the provision of geographical indicators (GIs), which certify products as belonging to a geographical location and protects identity, help promote and revitalise traditional production practices and increase the employability of the scheduled tribes? In other words, would

## TRIBAL WELFARE

# GI tag can help ST entrepreneurs thrive

States must identify how traditional products can qualify for GI tags

**SHOBHA AHUJA**

Independent policy consultant

the GI tag help the tribes to become entrepreneurs?

There is no doubt that GI holds the potential for increasing the value and market price of a wide variety of potential GI forest products for local ST communities. Many communities have benefited enormously from the GI recognition granted to their traditional products. For instance, post the GI tag, the price of Kadaknath Chicken, a native breed of the Dhar and Jhabua districts in Madhya Pradesh and primarily nurtured by the Bhil tribals, has gone up significantly. Greater awareness about the exotic nature of Kadaknath

has resulted in a huge spike in its demand and breeders are making respective profits.

Similarly, the GI tagged aromatic Araku Valley Coffee, originally produced by the tribal population of Andhra Pradesh, is now being exported as a premium lifestyle and health product. It has also received global acclaim by winning the Gold Medal for the best coffee pod in the Prix Epicures OR 2018 Award in Paris, France. There are many such success stories.

Considering the advantages, it is important that states where the tribal population is domiciled, do their utmost



to identify and explore how traditional products, which incorporate the knowledge and skills of the scheduled tribes, could qualify for GIs. However, presently states with high tribal population may not rank high in terms of the number of geographical indications.

Having said so, getting the GI tag alone may not be enough to economically upstage the tribal population. The benefit of the GI registered tribal product, in many cases, accrues not to the artist but to traders or middlemen. Second, traditional hand-woven designs are often duplicated and sold at a lower price through mass production, which

deprives the tribes of their legitimate income. A case in point is the GI registered unique hand-woven embroidery and textile designs made by the Toda tribe of the Nilgiris. Third, marketing and brand promotion is an issue. The GI tag enhances the value—in terms of sales and profits—of only those products which are known, are already profitable, and the enhanced revenue reaches the actual producer of the traditional product.

Hence, it should be ensured that the provisions of GI are strictly implemented and any infringements, such as cases of proliferation of duplicate and fake products, are dealt with severely. Moreover,

at a time when the government is working on the 'One District, One Product' plan and considers the use of GI tag for better results, the experience of scheduled tribes could help.

there is a need to upgrade the GI Act, 1999, and make it more inclusive and responsive to ground realities so that more products are GI registered.

It is also critical that NGOs and corporates support the branding and marketing of GI products. In fact, the credit for establishing Araku Valley coffee as an international brand owes essentially to the marketing efforts of an NGO and select corporates. This transformed the lives of adivasis in the area. Government support also helps. For instance, Kadaknath chicken was promoted by the government of Madhya Pradesh and has contributed towards tribal uplift. Many such cases can be cited.

Further, an enterprise-facilitating platform such as a chamber of commerce, governmental help desk or a voluntary organisation dedicated to GI must be constituted. This would help connect the buyer with the original seller/tribal, thereby helping in reducing the exploitative gap between owner and seller within the GI ecosystem. The inclusion of legal support services within the chamber and voluntary organisations also helps protect the rights of tribes.

At a time when the government is

# International

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 2020



## KEY ENDORSEMENT

Donald Trump @realDonaldTrump  
I hardly know Cindy McCain other than having put her on a Committee at her husband's request. Joe Biden was John McCain's lapdog. So many BAD decisions on Endless Wars & the V.A., which I brought from a horror show to HIGH APPROVAL. Never a fan of John. Cindy can have Sleepy Joe!

## Quick View

### Goldman, Citi, HSBC halt UK office return

BANKS FROM GOLDMAN Sachs Group to Citigroup, and HSBC Holdings has hit pause on plans to return workers in London after Prime Minister Boris Johnson appealed to Britons to work from home. Goldman Sachs is encouraging its London employees to go back to working remotely if possible. Deutsche Bank AG, HSBC and Citigroup will pause the return of some teams. Barclays, Societe Generale and Lloyd's of London have told some staff to return home.

### FB tool for finding voting misinfo falls short: study

A FACEBOOK TOOL that state election officials are using to find and report voting misinformation doesn't effectively monitor most posts on the social media service, according to a watchdog group. CrowdTangle's dashboard covers public Facebook pages and groups but "doesn't include posts from most individual users or from private Facebook groups," according to the report from the Tech Transparency Project.

### Mobile World Congress pushed to June 2021

THE ORGANISERS OF the Mobile World Congress, the telecoms industry's biggest annual gathering, said on Wednesday they were postponing next year's event to late June to make it possible to convene safely. MWC 2021, originally scheduled for early March, will now be held in Barcelona, Spain, from June 28 to July 1.

### IN A BIND

## Rethink 'attack' on supply chain, Huawei urges US

Modified sanctions have brought great challenges to production, operations says Huawei chairman

JOSH HORWITZ AND BRENDA GOH SHANGHAI, September 23

CHINESE TELECOM GIANT Huawei Technologies said on Wednesday its supply chain was under attack from the United States and called on Washington to reconsider its trade restrictions which were hurting suppliers globally.

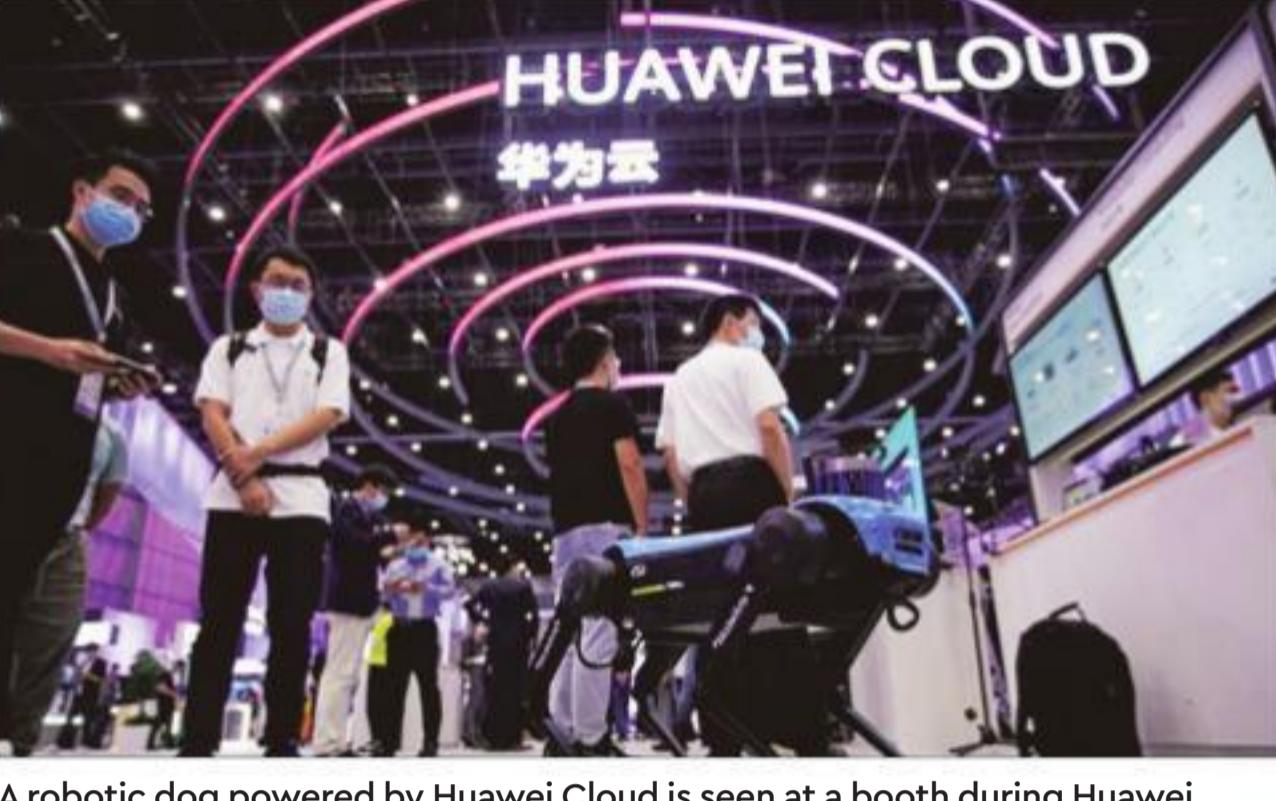
The world's biggest maker of mobile telecommunications equipment and smartphones is under pressure from US trade curbs designed to choke Huawei's access to commercially available chips.

"The US has modified their sanctions for the third time and that has indeed brought great challenges to our production and operations," Huawei Chairman Guo Ping told reporters in Shanghai.

Washington says Huawei is a vehicle for Chinese state espionage and from September 15 imposed new curbs barring US companies from supplying or servicing the company. Huawei has repeatedly denied being a national security risk.

Guo said that although Huawei had sufficient chips for its business-to-business operations, including its 5G network enterprise, it was feeling the pinch of the US restrictions on its smartphone chip stocks.

It understood that suppliers such as Qualcomm were applying for US licences which would allow them to continue serving Huawei, he added.



A robotic dog powered by Huawei Cloud is seen at a booth during Huawei Connect in Shanghai on Wednesday.

PHOTO: REUTERS

Intel has already received licences to supply certain products to Huawei, while China's Semiconductor Manufacturing International, which uses US-origin machinery to produce chips for Huawei, will run out next year.

Consumers have rushed to buy Huawei phones amid concerns its mobile division is about to fold. Vendors say that prices have spiked by as much as 500 yuan (\$74) for some devices.

Washington has shown little sign that it is willing to back down from its fight with Huawei, which comes at a time when relations between the United States and China are at their worst in decades.

The United States said last month it would expand a programme it called "Clean Network" to prevent various Chinese apps and telecoms companies from accessing sensitive information on American citizens and businesses.

Huawei has said that from September 15 it would stop manufacturing its most advanced chips under its Kirin line which power its high-end phones. Analysts expect its existing supply of Kirin chips

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**Lenovo has introduced a host of services and solutions enabling Indian SMBs for their current IT needs in this time of pandemic. It has also debuted its latest product offering for SMBs—ThinkBook Plus, "the perfect device solution for the new workforce," says Ashish Sikka, director - SMB, Lenovo India. "With remote working, there is no constant place of work making device management, security, maintenance, etc., a key priority. With the workforce comprising more GenZ and millennials—the requirements from devices are demanding higher productivity tasked with multitasking and good looks," he tells Sudhir Chowdhary in an interview. Excerpts:**

**Have the requirements for businesses changed with the current millennial workforce in play?**

The modern workforce known as the multitasking generation, consisting of Gen Z and millennials, are digital natives who constantly strive to do more. They are productivity-hungry individuals who can be found working on various projects concurrently across multiple devices. Yet, switching between tasks and platforms often results in the loss of efficiency. Hence, the young workforce requires powerful devices, ubiquitous internet access, and cloud-based applications that make working anywhere, anytime, possible. Remote working increases the importance of digital technologies and flexible infrastructure, especially for the current millennial workforce who already crave cutting-edge technologies. The level of workplace transformation can be dramatic or subtle but the use

**During the lockdown, we saw an exponential increase in demand from sectors such as edutech, e-commerce and logistics**

During the lockdown, we saw an exponential increase in demand from sectors such as edutech, e-commerce, logistics, etc., and a dip in demand from SMBs seeing impact of low customer demand such as hospitality, etc.

How does Lenovo enable SMBs to be more productive in their day-to-day operations?

There are certain concerns which are taking precedence for SMBs and that makes the products and solutions we announced this week even more relevant. SMBs need a solution provider which can handle all their IT needs right from hardware requirements to services and software solution requirements. We are introducing several initiatives under Lenovo's end-to-end Lifecycle Solutions for SMBs, meant for solving their challenges, enhancing productivity and ensur-



ing SMBs get time on their side. From initial strategic planning to configuration, deployment, security and more, Lenovo has solutions to help companies embrace new workplace technologies.

For instance, Lenovo Premier Support is a priority service support providing 24x7x365 direct access for advanced hard-

ware and software customer support. It delivers unscripted tech support by a Lenovo engineer to every employee in every location of the SMB, allowing the IT staff to manage routine support tasks, freeing up their time to focus on strategic efforts that move the organisation forward and benefit from priority on service parts delivery.

Lenovo ThinkShield is a custom solution that secures critical data and business technologies with comprehensive end-to-end protection, making it an ideal secure service for SMBs. Lenovo Smart Fleet Services is an IT asset management service designed to help SMBs gain control of their endpoints (both hardware and software), increase security and compliance, optimise end user experience, and automate routine manual tasks to free up IT time and resources.

Lenovo's (Device-as-a-Service) DaaS combines hardware, services and software into a single, configurable solution for a predictable, affordable periodic fee. This model provides a faster device refresh that ensures companies have the latest technology in order to remain competitive, ensure productivity and satisfy an increasingly demanding workforce.

**How does the launch of Thinkbook Plus expand the Thinkbook range of laptops?**

ThinkBook Plus features an innovative e-Ink cover display that helps users be more productive when multitasking by improving focus, collaboration and creativity. A user can collaborate better by staying focused during meetings, receiving only essential notifications on the cover display such as calendar appointments, instant messages or important emails. She can take notes instantly with the integrated Precision Pen, which can be synced with Microsoft OneNote, control VoIP calls quickly with meeting hotkeys and experience better audio clarity with Harman speakers and Skype-certified microphones. With Amazon Alexa for PC integrated, users can quickly execute several common tasks, without the need to open the laptop. Prices for the Thinkbook Plus start from ₹99,990 and it is available on [Lenovo.com](http://Lenovo.com) and Amazon.

## ● CYBERCRIME

# Staying real in a world of everything remote

Companies need to choose genuine software not just for productivity and performance, but also for security and protection



**Farhana Haque**

**PEOPLE, TEAMS, AND** organisations everywhere are being tested during the pandemic. How well each organisation navigates these challenging times will be defined by their tech intensity and how effectively they are using digital tools and capabilities. However, the technology that is enabling continuity amid one of our biggest moments of socio-economic disruption can also be cause for concern. Cybercriminals are opportunistically using Covid-themed content as people are actively looking for information around the coronavirus and solutions to combat this crisis. Targeted attacks are on the rise. And so is the sophistication of these attacks. Pirated software creates inroads for malware that can soon infect entire IT systems.

Malware from counterfeit software and targeted attacks are intrinsically linked. Countries with higher piracy rates tend to be more severely impacted by cyber threats, since the software cannot fend off attacks as effectively. Software piracy preys on people's desperation to urgently bridge the digital gap, and targeted attacks leverage people's ongoing sense of concern, confusion, and search for resolution.



Enterprises with a weak cybersecurity posture to take on these threats are at significant risk of financial loss and erosion of trust. The latest edition of Microsoft's Security Endpoint Threat Report highlights that India registered the seventh-highest malware encounters and the third-highest ransomware encounters across the Asia Pacific region in 2019.

As we commit to building a resilient tech ecosystem, it is essential that organisations choose genuine software not just for productivity and performance, but also for best-in-class security and protection as well as hassle-free updates and 24X7 support resources. Two core pathways are critical for staying protected:

**Make security a collaborative journey**

The Zero Trust security model is no longer a business option but is an imperative. Based on the principle of "never trust, always verify," the security posture treats each step across the network and each request for access to resources as a unique risk to be evaluated and verified.

While organisations put in place necessary access and preventive controls, use cloud storage services to automatically backup important data, leverage cloud technology to limit attackers' access to data and help security operations respond better to attacks, employees should also be educated on safe cyber practices. Employees should know how to spot phishing and social engineering attacks and practice credential hygiene.

## Buy genuine software

Genuine software gives enterprises a stable and secure digital backbone to ensure business continuity. Buying software from trusted sources, using only licensed software, checking product key sources, not falling for discounts or cheaper packages and being wary of physical product packaging are some of the ways to ensure you know your software prior to the purchase.

The digital threat landscape is constantly evolving, and only an updated security strategy that is enhanced by genuine software can effectively protect organisations and employees.

*The writer is Group Director – Devices, Microsoft India*

## Tech Bytes



### Mobile malware on the prowl

AS MOBILE AND internet consumption goes up, cybercriminals too are evolving their tactics. A recent report by Kaspersky says that there has been a drastic increase in the number of mobile malware threats detected and blocked by the cybersecurity firm's solutions in the second quarter of the year when compared to Q1 2020. In Q2 2020, Kaspersky detected 1,245,894 malicious installers, an increase of 93,232 over the previous quarter. "Some of the most popular threat actors include Adware, banking and SMS trojans as well as stalkerware, all these are greatly used by the cybercriminals to earn huge money by targeting smartphone users, and even stealing their important data to later sell it on the dark web or underground market. Consumers today need to understand the importance of having a basic antivirus or internet security solution installed on their devices to keep their data safe", noted Dipesh Kaura, general manager for South Asia, Kaspersky. The top three countries with the largest share of users attacked by mobile malware remained unchanged in Q2: Iran (43.62%) followed by Algeria (21.97%) and Bangladesh (19.30%), India ranked sixth on the list with 13.54%.

### Microsoft tech grant for SRL Diagnostics

DIAGNOSTICS MAJOR SRL Diagnostics has announced the second phase of its AI solution development engagement with a technology and data science grant from Microsoft's 'AI for Health' programme. The second phase will delve into AI models in histopathology, majorly focusing on breast, colo-rectal and orosarcoma cancers. As a part of this engagement, senior histopathologists from SRL will not only lead and set processes for the AI algorithm development but will also provide research insights required for digitalisation of pathology in India.

Anand K, CEO, SRL Diagnostics said, "The AI platform we will build is expected to create a software environment infused with millions of data points and knowledge gained from SRL's expert laboratory professionals." SRL's efforts will help improve the quality and reach of pathology by bringing together Microsoft's Azure and AI technology innovations and SRL's infrastructure and expertise in the study of human cells and tissues.

## Gadgets

### ● SMARTER PHOTOGRAPHY

# Taking your phone shots to the next level

AI in the camera has not only delivered innovative new features, it has made clicking photos fun & easy



**Zia Askari**

**ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)** is transforming the capabilities of mobile phones, cameras in particular. Whether it is Samsung, OnePlus, Oppo or vivo—most of the latest smartphone camera advancements are powered by AI capability and not merely sensors and lenses. This AI infusion has not only delivered new-age innovative features, it is also driving ease of use for the consumers and reducing complex functionalities in phone usage.

For instance, the recently announced

Samsung Galaxy M51 (₹24,999) uses a lot of AI-powered features that considerably enhance the photography as well as gaming experience for consumers. The phone sports a quad-camera setup, with 64MP main Sony IMX 682 sensor. The 12MP Ultra-Wide lens has a 123-degree field of view, while the dedicated 5MP Macro lens captures close-up shots.

Galaxy M51 combines camera hardware with Intelli-Cam features such as 'Single Take' to elevate the camera experience to a completely different level. With 'Single Take', all you have to do is press record at the right moment and Galaxy M51 can capture the footage, upto 10 seconds of it, and then use its inbuilt AI capability to produce upto 10 different outputs—seven photos and three videos. This Samsung device also enables AI-driven gaming capabilities.

Vivo X50 Pro (₹49,990) is billed as a photography powerhouse. The device is full of AI-enabled photography capabilities. The Extreme Night Vision feature offered by this device comes packed with its innovative new AI de-noise algorithm. This kicks in automatically whenever extreme darkness is detected by its camera. The X50 Pro's background segmentation algorithm further separates subjects from backgrounds, making both look stunning.

OnePlus 8 (₹41,999) is another device which is using the power of AI to deliver great photography experiences. This device can produce portrait shots for a pleasant Bokeh effect with the help of AI. The AI-generated portrait shots are quite rich in colour and carry a balanced focus on

the subject. It also has Nightscape mode which uses AI driven multi-frame processing to add brightness, clarity, and detail to low-light cityscapes.

Oppo F17 (₹17,990) is another device equipped with cameras powered by AI to enable enhanced photography. The 16MP main camera is enhanced by AI Dazzle Colour that beautifies portraits based on the surrounding environment's brightness and colours with the help of inbuilt deep learning algorithms. The 16MP Front Camera with AI Beautification 2.0 automatically removes blemishes, retains skin texture, and adjusts to the user's skin color for clearer and brighter photos.

*Askari writes on communications, technology and gadgets at TelecomDrive.com*



### ● WINGS TECHNO EARBUDS

# Audio is crisp and well-balanced

Wings Techno gives a comfortable fit, crisp audio for music and phone calls, and a hands-free experience

**SUDHIR CHOWDHARY**

**WINGS LIFESTYLE**, a fast-growing brand in the audio segment, has seen a decent amount of success in the wireless earbuds space with its previous models—Wings Powerpods, Wings Touch, Wings Alpha and Wings Troopers. The company has now come up with Wings Techno, a

truly wireless Bluetooth 5.0 earbuds at ₹3,999. Available on Amazon, it has a dual mic with passive noise cancellation and clear calling. One mic is for transmitting voice and the other for canceling background noise. In the present day setup when most of us are working from home, this Wings product can be your perfect tool to ace that zoom call.

Wings Techno has graphene drivers with a powerful base. It comes with a clear and punchy bass with strong mids and highs making it ideal for listening to all genres of music. The earbuds come in a 24-hour charging case with six hours playtime charge and an additional 18 hours. Being touch-driven, these earbuds incorporate the latest technology and come in an elegant

design with a sleek finish. Each earbud has sensors, allowing users to adjust the volume, activate voice assistants, play



with the songs, answer calls, and use Siri and Google Assistant over a touch. All these actions can be done with considerable ease without ever having to hold your mobile phone.

Interestingly, Wings Techno enables auto-pairing upon opening the box. You just need to flip open the case and the earbuds will automatically power on and connect with your device. Take out one earbud or both and you will stay connected. Company officials inform that the Wings Techno has been designed specially keeping in mind daily activities, indoors or outdoors. Its sturdy design and trendy look makes it the perfect fit for all the consumers. It allows the user to live free from wires and have a great listening experience.

Overall, Wings Techno deliver more than just freedom from wires. They give you a comfortable fit and crisp audio for music streaming and phone calls.

**Estimated street price: ₹3,999**

# Markets

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 2020

## EXPERTVIEW

We have a large negative trigger at the back of our minds in terms of Covid and its implications.

—Deepak Jasani, head of retail research, HDFC Securities

## Money Matters

## G-SEC

Benchmark yield fell due to buying support **0.021%**

## ₹/\$

The rupee ended higher amid gains in local equities **0.020%**

## €/\$

The euro rose against the dollar **0.026%**

## Quick View

## IDFC First Bank launches 'SafePay'

**IDFC FIRST BANK** on Wednesday launched SafePay, which will enable a smartphone to be used as a contactless debit card at point of sale (POS) terminals. Customers can make payments of up to ₹2,000 per transaction and up to a limit of ₹20,000 per day through this facility. This is the second announcement of a contactless debit card facility by a bank, after State Bank of India launched Titan Pay watches which can be used at POS terminal for payments.

## Federal Bank EMI facility for buying two-wheelers

**FEDERAL BANK** SAID on Wednesday that it has introduced a EMI facility for holders of the bank's debit cards to purchase two-wheelers. Eligible customers of the bank can purchase a two-wheeler by making a payment of ₹1. The financing process involves no paper work or bank visit and is done completely online.

## Likhitha Infra sets IPO price band at ₹117-120

**OILAND GAS** pipeline infrastructure service provider Likhitha Infrastructure on Wednesday said it has fixed price band of ₹117-120 per share for its IPO, which will open on September 29. The initial public offering (IPO) consists of fresh issue of up to 51 lakh equity shares, representing 25.86% of the post-issue shareholding. Likhitha Infrastructure said in a statement.

Vaibhav Guliani, a practicing advocate

## CAMS IPO subscribed 47 times on final day

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA  
New Delhi, September 23

**COMPUTER AGE MANAGEMENT** Services' initial public offer was subscribed 46.93 times on the final day of bidding on Wednesday.

The ₹2,242-crore IPO of Warburg Pincus-backed CAMS received bids for 60,19,36,188 shares against the offer size of 1,230,27,370 shares.

The portion meant for qualified institutional buyers (QIBs) was subscribed 73.18 times, non-institutional investors 111.85 times and retail individual investors 5.44 times.

The company's initial public offer consists of an offer for sale of over 1.82 crore shares and is in a price range of ₹1,229-1,230 apiece. CAMS had raised a little over ₹666 crore from anchor investors.

The public offer of Computer Age Management Services (CAMS), which acts as a registrar and transfer agent (RTA) for mutual funds, opened for subscription on Monday. It is a technology-driven financial infrastructure and services provider to mutual funds and other financial institutions.

## FOLLOWING GLOBAL TREND

## RBI paper lays down 11 indicators of fiscal stress

FE BUREAU  
Mumbai, September 23

**STAFF MEMBERS** AT the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) have identified 11 indicators of financial stress across five market categories. All the three financial stress indicators (FSIs) were found to be negatively correlated with real economic activity (IIP growth), and can be used as a leading indicator for predicting real economic activity, said a working paper released by the central bank.

The paper, titled 'Measuring Financial Stress in India' and authored by Manjusha Senapati and Rajesh Kavediya, said, "The world over, central banks measure financial stress by constructing the financial stress index (FSI) to monitor the functioning and resilience of financial system. Such an index provides an aggregate measure of financial stability to policymakers."

The paper has identified the indicators from the money market, debt market, equity market, forex market and the banking system.

The indicators in the money market sub-index are the realised volatility of the three-month interbank rate and the TED spread, or interbank spread.

The Mumbai interbank offered rate (MIBOR) is a benchmark interest rate at which banks borrow funds from the interbank market. Any financial stress is likely to emerge first in this segment, the paper said.

The TED spread is calculated as the difference between the three-month MIBOR and the three-month treasury bill (T-Bill)



## AT A GLANCE

- The paper has identified the indicators from the money market, debt market, equity market, forex market and the banking system
- Banking-related sub-indices are the realised volatility of the banking sector equity index, Cmax for the banking sector equity index and the banking sector beta
- The paper found when the FSIs are above the 90th percentile, they correspond to substantial declines in IIP growth

rate from January 2002 onwards. The widening of the spread between risky and safe assets reflects the flight to quality, implying a decline in investors' willingness

to hold risky assets. The higher the spread, higher will be the liquidity and counterparty risks in the interbank loan market.

The indicators in the debt market sub-index are the realised volatility of 10-year government bond yields and the 10-year government bond yields spread over global yields. The first is expected to measure the stress level in the government bond market. The second is calculated as the difference between 10-year government bond yields and 10-year US government bond yields.

"The yield gap between Indian and foreign government bonds is a key determinant of cross-border arbitrage flows in the bond markets and is often the source of carry trade, but from the perspective of the financial stress, elevated domestic yields often imply that global investors have gone into risk-off mode, thus contributing to financial stress in the domestic markets," the paper said.

The equity market sub-index consists of two indicators — the realised volatility of the equity market index and Cmax for the equity market index. Crises in the equity markets can be identified by determining maximum cumulative loss over a specified period using the Cmax method, the paper said.

The banking-related sub-indices are the realised volatility of the banking sector equity index, Cmax for the banking sector equity index and the banking sector beta.

The banking-related sub-indices are the realised volatility of the banking sector equity index, Cmax for the banking sector equity index and the banking sector beta.

The forex market indicators are the realised volatility of the exchange rate and the Cmax for the exchange rate.

## UTI AMC IPO slated to hit markets this month

FE BUREAU  
Mumbai, September 23

**THE INITIAL PUBLIC** offering (IPO) of UTI AMC is slated to hit the markets this month. Sources in the industry said the fund house will launch its IPO on September 29.

However, the price band of the issue is not known.

The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Sebi) had given its approval for the IPO in June this year.

The issue is likely to fetch shareholders around ₹3,000-3,500 crore, claim market participants.

Five shareholders of the UTI AMC will be selling nearly 3.89 crore shares through the IPO.

The IPO will see the shareholding of three public sector undertaking (PSU) shareholders — State Bank of India (SBI), Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC) and Bank of Baroda — go down to just below 10% each, while that of Punjab National Bank (PNB) will go down to 15.24%.

Currently, SBI, LIC, BoB and PNB hold 18.24% each in the fund house.

The shareholding of US investment firm T Rowe Price will go down to 23%, from the current 26%, after the IPO.

Data from the Association of Mutual Funds in India show that UTI MF has an average assets under management of ₹1.33 lakh crore during the April-June quarter.

In December last year, Sebi had directed LIC, SBI and BoB to bring down their shareholding and voting rights in UTI AMC and UTI Trustee to below 10% on or before December 31, 2020.

It had said that in the event of non-



The IPO will see the shareholding of three public sector undertaking shareholders — State Bank of India, Life Insurance Corporation of India and Bank of Baroda — go down to just below 10% each, while that of Punjab National Bank will go down to 15.24%.

compliance with the directions, the shareholding and voting rights of the three companies in UTI AMC and UTI Trustee in excess of 9.99% and corporate benefits shall stand frozen till such time they comply with the aforesaid directions.

Currently, there are two fund houses — HDFC AMC and Nippon Life India AMC — which have their shares listed on the exchanges.

Kotak Mahindra Capital, Axis Capital, Citigroup Global Markets India, DSP Merrill Lynch, ICICI Securities, JM Financial and SBI Capital Markets are the book running lead managers to the offer.

The trends that emerge from here would significantly shape how lenders open the supply for new loans in the months ahead.

The pandemic has left many fintech lenders vulnerable, with their credit models now being put to test.

Their survival and the access to capital they get to lend to low-income segments would be critical to the overall recovery of the sector.

"If there's steady recovery in the economy and incomes start getting restored steadily, we can expect supply of loans to be back to pre-Covid levels in seven-nine months," Kukreja said, adding, "After the lockdown jolt, most players are now building the capability and infrastructure to make lending end-to-end digital."

55% of the customers responded that they would approach their lender to restructure their loan in some form to provide relief.

Many of them may not be eligible for recast, though, as their income has not been affected due to the coronavirus pandemic.

Of those who have already availed the moratorium, 70% said they would like their lenders to provide them some form of relief in their loan repayment.

Most customers want their loan tenure to be extended by up to six months only.

Among the findings of the survey was that while 53% of the salaried professionals availed the moratorium, over one-third (34%) of them did not suffer any impact on their salaries.

With the moratorium over, lenders are closely monitoring how existing customers who took the moratorium repay their EMIs



## Stock markets fall for fifth straight session

FE BUREAU  
Mumbai, September 23

**THE STOCK MARKETS** continued their losing streak for the fifth straight session on Wednesday as the benchmarks ended with minor losses. The lack of directional cues led to the markets bucking positive global trends. The Sensex was down by 65.66 points, or 0.17%, to close at 37,668.42 while the Nifty was down by 21.8 points, or 0.20%, to close at 11,131.85.

Ahead of the monthly expiry, the mar-



kets initially rose on strong volumes, with the futures and options segment on NSE witnessing a turnover worth ₹25.61 lakh crore, against the six-month average of ₹15.52 lakh crore. The cash market saw a turnover worth ₹57,458.02 crore, against six-month average of ₹53,128 crore.

Broader markets too ended flat, with the Nifty Midcap 100 declining by 0.33% and the Nifty Smallcap 100 gaining 0.1%.

The markets had been tanking in the last few trading sessions because of the resurgence of novel coronavirus cases in Europe and fears of a second lockdown.

Kotak Institutional Equities said, "The recent resurgence in cases in Europe highlights the risk of subsequent waves upon relaxation of lockdowns. India's hopes now rest on medical (vaccine) or natural (herd) immunity as the economic cost of lockdowns is enormous. Both are some time away."

Upside trigger is gold price correction or volatility leading to surge in volumes (recall the 67% volume growth in Q1FY14). That said, introduction of fixed making charges, even though a small proportion currently, is something that we will watch carefully. Profitability under pressure (in FY21) from inferior

## ANALYST CORNER

## Retain 'hold' on Mahindra Finance with TP at ₹125

HSBC GLOBAL RESEARCH

Demand picking up in pockets: Agri demand continues to be strong on the good monsoon and harvest. Government initiatives towards the infrastructure and mining sectors are likely to shore up demand going forward.

Product-wise, tractors, passenger cars and utility vehicles (UVs) are seeing healthy demand.

The company has adopted a conservative approach towards the heavy commercial vehicles (HCV)/construction equipment (CE) segment due to concerns over utilisation.

Demand in the pre-owned segment is currently slow on fewer transactions, which is likely to pick up going forward.

MFMS expects new business overall to reach pre-Covid-19 levels in 4QFY21.

## Upgrade Titan Company to 'add' with TP at ₹1,250

ICICI SECURITIES

TANISHQ REVENUES HAVE recovered to 90% of pre-Covid levels — significantly ahead of consensus expectations —

likely drivers are boost to volumes due to (somewhat) stable gold prices, consumers have (likely) started accepting higher gold prices and expect further inflation and market share gains (liquidity challenges for smaller competitors).

Upside trigger is gold price correction or volatility leading to surge in volumes (recall the 67% volume growth in Q1FY14). That said, introduction of fixed making charges, even though a small proportion currently, is something that we will watch carefully. Profitability under pressure (in FY21) from inferior

Largely stable gold prices (after a steep rise) could drive revenue growth, gold price volatility may lead to volume surge: We note that after a steep rise, if gold price corrects, volume growth recovers — case in point being 67% volume growth in Q1FY14 after gold price fell 6%. We believe that this trend is driven by consumers getting used to a high gold price and therefore the rush to buy post correction.

Market share gains could further accelerate: Regional unorganised jewellers have been under pressure driven by liquidity constraints and funding issues and limited ability to sell through digital channels.



### Chemcon IPO sees huge demand, subscribed 149 times on last day

MIRRORING MASSIVE investor demand, the initial public offer of Chemcon Speciality Chemicals was subscribed a whopping 149 times on the last day of bidding on Wednesday.

The ₹318-crore initial public offer received bids for 97,64,26,440 shares against 65,47,063 shares on offer. Qualified institutional buyers (QIBs) category was subscribed 113.40 times, non-institutional investors 450.52 times and retail individual investors 40.40 times. Earlier this month, the initial public offering of Happiest Minds Technologies was subscribed a whopping 151 times. In the past also, companies like Avenue Supermarkets, IRCTC, Advanced Enzyme Technologies and Capacite Infraprojects have received

more than 100 times subscription for their initial public offerings. Chemcon Speciality Chemicals on Friday raised over ₹95 crore from anchor investors. The initial public offer comprises a fresh issue aggregating up to ₹165 crore and an offer for sale of up to 45 lakh shares. The company intends to utilise the net proceeds from the fresh issue to meet the capital expenditure for expansion of its manufacturing facility, fund working capital requirements and general corporate purposes. — PTI



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# MAZAGON DOCK SHIPBUILDERS LIMITED

Our Company was incorporated in Bombay as a private limited company on February 26, 1934 as Mazagon Dock Private Limited with the Registrar of Companies, Bombay under the Indian Companies Act, 1913. For further details in connection with change in name and registered office of our Company, see "History and Certain Corporate Matters - Brief history of our Company" and "History and Certain Corporate Matters - Changes in the Registered Office" on pages 149 and 149 respectively, of the Red Herring Prospectus dated September 19, 2020 ("RHP").

Registered and Corporate Office: Dockyard Road, Mumbai - 400010, Maharashtra, India. Contact Person: Vijayalakshmi Kumar, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer; Telephone: +91 22 2376 2000; E-mail: investor@mazdock.com

Website: <https://mazagondock.in>; Corporate Identity Number: U35100MH1934G01002079

## OUR PROMOTER: THE PRESIDENT OF INDIA, ACTING THROUGH THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING OF 30,599,017 EQUITY SHARES OF FACE VALUE OF ₹10 EACH ("EQUITY SHARES") OF MAZAGON DOCK SHIPBUILDERS LIMITED (OUR "COMPANY" OR THE "ISSUER") THROUGH AN OFFER FOR SALE BY THE PRESIDENT OF INDIA, ACTING THROUGH THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA (THE "SELLING SHAREHOLDER"), FOR CASH AT A PRICE OF ₹[●] PER EQUITY SHARE (THE "OFFER PRICE"), AGGRAGATING TO ₹[●] MILLION (THE "OFFER"). 345,517 EQUITY SHARES HAVE BEEN RESERVED FOR ELIGIBLE EMPLOYEES (AS DEFINED IN THE RHP) (THE "EMPLOYEE RESERVATION PORTION"). THE OFFER LESS EMPLOYEE RESERVATION PORTION IS REFERRED TO AS THE NET OFFER. THE OFFER WILL COMPRIZE OF A NET OFFER OF 30,253,500 EQUITY SHARES AND THE EMPLOYEE RESERVATION PORTION OF 345,517 EQUITY SHARES. THE OFFER AND THE NET OFFER WILL CONSTITUTE 15.17% AND 15.00% RESPECTIVELY OF THE POST-OFFER PAID-UP EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL OF OUR COMPANY.

QIB Portion: Not more than 50% of the Net Offer | Retail Portion: Not less than 35% of the Net Offer | Non-Institutional Portion: Not less than 15% of the Net Offer | Employee Reservation Portion: 345,517 Equity Shares

Price Band: ₹ 135 to ₹ 145 per Equity Share of face value of ₹ 10 each.

The Floor Price is 13.5 times the face value of the Equity Shares and the Cap Price is 14.5 times the face value of the Equity Shares.

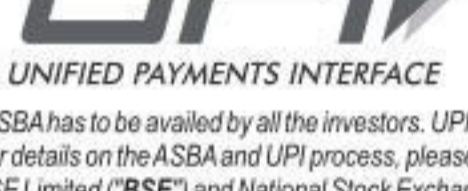
Bids can be made for a minimum of 103 Equity Shares and in multiples of 103 Equity Shares thereafter.

**ASBA \***

Simple, Safe, Smart way of Application!!!

\*Applications Supported by Blocked Amount (ASBA) is a better way of applying to issues by simply blocking the fund in the bank account. For further details, check section on ASBA below.

Mandatory in public issues. No cheque will be accepted.



**UPI-Now available in ASBA for Retail Individual Investors ("RIIs")\*\*.**

Investors are required to ensure that the bank account used for bidding is linked to their PAN.

UPI – Now available in ASBA for Retail Individual Bidders applying through Registered Brokers, DPs & RTAs. Retail Individual Bidders also have the option to submit the application directly to the ASBA Bank (SCSBs) or to use the facility of linked online trading, demat and bank account.

\*ASBA has to be availed by all the investors. UPI may be availed by RIBs.

For details on the ASBA and UPI process, please refer to the details given in ASBA Form and Abridged Prospectus and also please refer to the section "Offer Procedure" beginning on page 360 of the RHP. The process is also available on the website of AIBI and Stock Exchanges in the General Information Document. ASBA Forms can be downloaded from the websites of BSE Limited ("BSE") and National Stock Exchange of India Limited ("NSE"), and together with BSE, the "Stock Exchanges" and can be obtained from the list of banks that is displayed on the website of SEBI at [www.sebi.gov.in](http://www.sebi.gov.in).

\*List of banks supporting UPI is also available on the website of SEBI at [www.sebi.gov.in](http://www.sebi.gov.in). For the list of UPI Apps and Banks live on IPO, please refer to the link: [www.sebi.gov.in](http://www.sebi.gov.in). Axis Capital Limited has been appointed as Sponsor Bank for the Offer, in accordance with the requirements of the SEBI Circular dated November 1, 2018. For offer related grievance investors may contact: YES Securities (India) Limited - Mr. Mukesh Garg/ Mr. Pratik Pednekar (+91 22 3012 6919) ([gco@ysil.in](mailto:gco@ysil.in)); Axis Capital Limited - Ms. Mayuri Arya/ Mr. Akash Aggarwal (+91 22 4325 2183) ([complaints@axiscap.in](mailto:complaints@axiscap.in)); Edelweiss Financial Services Limited - Ms. Nishita John (+91 22 4009 4400) ([customerservice.mba@edelweissfin.com](mailto:customerservice.mba@edelweissfin.com)); Edelweiss Securities Limited - Ms. Madhuri Tawde (+91 22 4063 5569) ([Madhuri.Tawde@edelweissfin.com](mailto:Madhuri.Tawde@edelweissfin.com)); DAM Capital Advisors Limited (Formerly known as IDFC Securities Limited) - Mr. Gaurav Mittal (+91 22 4202 2500) ([complaint@damcapital.in](mailto:complaint@damcapital.in)) or JM Financial Limited - Ms. Prachee Dhuri (+91 22 6630 3030) ([grievance.ibd@jmfl.com](mailto:grievance.ibd@jmfl.com)). For UPI related queries, investors can contact NPCI at the toll free number: 18001201740 and Mail Id: [ipo.upi@npci.org.in](mailto:ipo.upi@npci.org.in).

- i. The five Book Running Lead Managers associated with the Offer have handled 23 public offers in the past three years, out of which 9 issues closed below the offer price on listing date.
- ii. Price/Earning ratio based on diluted EPS for Fiscal 2020 for the Issuer at the upper end of the Price Band is as high as 6.79.
- iii. Average cost of acquisition of Equity Shares for the Selling Shareholder in Offer is ₹ (16.47) per Equity Share and Offer Price at upper end of the Price Band is ₹ 145.
- iv. Weighted average return on Net Worth for Fiscals 2020, 2019 and 2018 is 16.21%.

### Risks to Investors:

#### 3. Return on Net Worth ("RoNW"): As per Restated Financial Statements:

Period ended	RoNW (%)	Weight
March 31, 2020	15.54	3
March 31, 2019	16.55	2
March 31, 2018	17.51	1
<b>Weighted Average</b>	<b>16.21</b>	

Note: Return on net worth (%) = Net profit attributable to equity shareholders / net worth as at the end of year or period

4. Minimum Return on Increased Net Worth needed after the Offer for maintaining Pre-Offer EPS for the year ended March 31, 2020

There will be no change in Net Worth post the completion of the Offer as the Offer consists of an Offer for Sale by the Selling Shareholder.

#### 5. Net Asset Value ("NAV") per Equity Share

NAV	(in ₹)
As on March 31, 2020	152.17

There will be no change in the NAV post the Offer as the Offer is by way of Offer for Sale by the Selling Shareholder.

Note: Net asset value (₹) = Net Worth / Number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year or period

#### 6. Comparison of accounting ratios with Industry Peers

Name of Company	Consolidated	Face value (₹ per share)	EPS (₹ per share)	NAV (₹ per share)	P/E <sup>1</sup>	RonW (%)
Company			Basic	Diluted		
Mazagon Dock Shipbuilders Limited*	Consolidated	10	21.36	21.36	152.17	[●] 15.54
Cochin Shipyard Limited**	Consolidated	10	48.05 <sup>(1)</sup>	48.05 <sup>(1)</sup>	283.02 <sup>(2)</sup>	7.60 16.98 <sup>(2)</sup>
Reliance Naval and Engineering Limited**	Consolidated	10	(23.87) <sup>(1)</sup>	(23.87) <sup>(1)</sup>	(165.10) <sup>(2)</sup>	NA <sup>(1)</sup> NA <sup>(2)</sup>
Garden Reach Shipbuilders & Engineers Limited**	Unconsolidated	10	14.27 <sup>(1)</sup>	14.27 <sup>(1)</sup>	90.81 <sup>(2)</sup>	14.91 7.01 <sup>(2)</sup>

\*Based on Restated Financial Statements as on and for the year ended March 31, 2020. \*\*Source: Based on audited financial statements as on and for the year ended March 31, 2020, 2020 available at [www.bseindia.com](http://www.bseindia.com). P/E ratio for the peers is computed based on closing market price as on August 27, 2020 as available at BSE website (available at [www.bseindia.com](http://www.bseindia.com)) divided by Basic EPS for Fiscal 2020 in the filings made with stock exchanges

<sup>1</sup> Basic and diluted EPS refer to basic and diluted EPS sourced from the audited financial statements for Fiscal 2020

<sup>2</sup> Computed as equity share capital + other equity divided by closing outstanding number of fully paid up equity shares as sourced from the audited financial statements for Fiscal 2020

<sup>3</sup> Computed as net profit after tax for the year divided by equity share capital + other equity as sourced from the audited financial statements for Fiscal 2020

<sup>4</sup> P/E ratio and RoNW for the aforesaid peer is not applicable since the aforesaid peer reported loss for Fiscal 2020

#### 7. The Offer price is [●] times of the face value of the Equity Shares

The Offer Price has been determined by our Company in consultation with the Selling Shareholder and the BRLMs, on the basis of the demand from investors for the Equity Shares through the Book Building Process.

Investors should read the above mentioned information along with "Risk Factors", "Our Business", "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Financial Statements" on pages 20, 126, 292 and 183, respectively of the RHP. The trading price of the Equity Shares could decline due to the factors mentioned in "Risk Factors" and you may lose all or part of your investments.

For further details, please see the chapter titled "Basis for Offer Price" beginning on page 87 of the RHP.

## BID/OFFER PROGRAMME

### BID/OFFER OPENING DATE: SEPTEMBER 29, 2020 | BID/OFFER CLOSING DATE: OCTOBER 01, 2020

In case of any revision in the Price Band, the Bid/Offer Period shall be extended for at least three additional Working Days after such revision of the Price Band, subject to the total Bid/Offer Period not exceeding 10 Working Days. In cases of force majeure, banking strike or similar circumstances, our Company may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, extend the Bid/Offer Period for a minimum of three Working Days, subject to the Bid/ Offer Period not exceeding 10 Working Days. Any revision in the Price Band, and the revised Bid/Offer Period, if applicable, shall be widely disseminated by notification to the Stock Exchanges by issuing a public notice and also by indicating the change on the websites of the BRLMs and at the terminals of the Syndicate Members.

The Offer is being made in terms of Rule 19(2)(b) of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, as amended ("SCR"), read with Regulation 31 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended ("SEBI ICDR Regulations"). The Offer is being made through the Book Building Process in accordance with Regulation 6(1) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, wherein not more than 50% of the Net Offer shall be available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Qualified Institutional Buyers ("QIB Portion"). 5% of the QIB Portion shall be available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Mutual Funds only. The remainder of the QIB Portion shall be available for allocation on a proportionate basis to all QIBs, including Mutual Funds, subject to valid bids being received from them at or above the Offer Price. However, if the aggregate demand from Mutual Funds is less than 5% of the QIB Portion, the balance Equity Shares available for allocation in the Mutual Fund Portion will be added to the remaining QIB Portion for proportionate allocation to QIBs. Further, not less than 15% of the Net Offer shall be available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Non-Institutional Bidders and not less than 35% of the Net Offer shall be available for allocation to Retail Individual Bidders in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, subject to valid bids being received from them at or above the Offer Price. Further, 345,517 Equity Shares have been offered for allocation and allotment on a proportionate basis to the Eligible Employees Bidding in the Employee Reservation Portion, conditional upon valid bids being received at or above the Offer Price. All Bidders shall participate in the Offer mandatorily through the Applications Supported by Blocked Amount ("ASBA") process by providing the details of their respective bank accounts (including UPI ID, in case of RIBs) which will be blocked by the SCSBs or the bank accounts linked with the UPI ID, as applicable, to participate in the Offer. For details, see "Offer Procedure" on page 360 of the RHP.

**Bidders/Applicants should ensure that DP ID, PAN and Client ID and UPI ID (as applicable) are correctly filled in the Bid cum Application Form. The DP ID, PAN and Client ID provided in the Bid cum Application Form should match with the DP ID, PAN, Client ID available in the Depository database, otherwise, the Bid cum Application Form is liable to be rejected. Bidders/Applicants should ensure that the beneficiary account provided in the Bid cum Application Form is active. Bidders/Applicants should note that on the basis of the PAN, DP ID and Client ID as provided in the Bid cum Application Form, the Bidder/Applicant may be deemed to have authorized the Depositories to provide to the Registrar to the Offer, any requested Demographic Details of the Bidder/Applicant as available on the records of the depositories. These Demographic Details may be used, among other things, for giving Allotment Advice or unblocking of ASBA Account or for other correspondence(s) related to the Offer. Bidders/Applicants are advised to update any changes to their Demographic Details as available in the records of the Depository Participant to ensure accuracy of records. Any delay resulting from failure to update the Demographic Details would be at the Bidders/Applicants' sole risk.**

**CONTENTS OF THE MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF OUR COMPANY AS REGARDS ITS OBJECTS:** For information on the main objects of our Company, investors are requested to see "History and Certain Corporate Matters" on page 149 of the RHP and Clause III of the Memorandum of Association of our Company. The Memorandum of Association of our Company is a material document for inspection in relation to the Offer. For further details, see "Material Contracts and Documents for Inspection" on page 380 of the RHP.

**LIABILITY OF THE MEMBERS OF OUR COMPANY:** Limited by shares.

**AMOUNT OF SHARE CAPITAL OF OUR COMPANY AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE:** As on the date of the RHP, the authorised share capital of our Company is ₹ 3,237,200,000 divided into 323,720,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each. The issued, subscribed and paid-up Equity share capital of our Company is ₹ 2,016,900,000 divided into 201,690,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each. For details of the capital structure, see "Capital Structure" on page 66 of the RHP.

**NAMES OF THE SIGNATORIES TO THE MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF OUR COMPANY AND THE NUMBER OF EQUITY SHARES SUBSCRIBED BY THEM:** A.O. Brown, R.R. Haddow, A.K.G. Hogg and W. Keay were the initial signatories to the Memorandum of Association of our Company pursuant to the subscription of one Equity Share each by them.

**LISTING:** The Equity Shares when offered through the Red Herring Prospectus are proposed to be listed on BSE and NSE. Our Company has received in-principle approvals from BSE and NSE for listing of the Equity Shares pursuant to their letters dated August 22, 2019 and August 27, 2019, respectively. For the purposes of this Offer, the BSE Limited shall be the Designated Stock Exchange. A signed copy of the Red Herring Prospectus and the Prospectus shall be delivered for registration to the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra ("RoC") as on and for the Bid/Offer Closing Date, see "Material Contracts and Documents for Inspection" on page 380 of the RHP.

**DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA ("SEBI"):** SEBI only gives its observations on the offer documents and this does not constitute approval of either the Offer or the specified securities stated in the Offer Document. The investors are advised to refer to page 341 of the RHP for the full text of the Disclaimer Clause of SEBI.

**DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF BSE (The Designated Stock Exchange):** It is to be distinctly understood that the permission given by BSE Limited should not in any way be deemed or construed that the RHP has been cleared or approved by BSE nor does it certify the correctness or completeness of any of the contents of the RHP. The investor is advised to refer to the page 349 of the RHP for the full text of the Disclaimer clause of BSE.

**DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF NSE:** It is to be distinctly understood that the permission given by NSE should not in any way be deemed or construed that the Offer Document has been cleared or approved by NSE nor does it certify the correctness or completeness of any of the contents of the Offer Document. The investors are advised to refer to the Offer Document for the full text of the 'Disclaimer clause' of the N



**ICICI Prudential Asset Management Company Limited**  
Corporate Identity Number: U99999DL1993PLC054135

Registered Office: 12<sup>th</sup> Floor, Narain Manzil, 23, Barakhamba Road, New Delhi - 110 001.  
Corporate Office: One BKC, 13<sup>th</sup> Floor, Bandra Kurla Complex, Mumbai - 400 051.  
Tel.: +91 22 2652 5000, Fax: +91 22 2652 8100, Website: www.iciciprumpf.com,  
Email id: enquiry@iciciprumpf.com

Central Service Office: 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Block B-2, Nirlon Knowledge Park, Western Express Highway, Goregaon (E), Mumbai - 400 063. Tel.: 022 2685 2000 Fax: 022 26868313

**Notice-cum-Addendum to the Scheme Information Document (SID)/Key Information Memorandum (KIM) of the Schemes of ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund (the Fund)**

**Closing of Official Point of Acceptance of Transactions (OPAT) of ICICI Prudential Asset Management Company Limited (the AMC).**

Notice-cum-addendum is hereby given to all the unit holders/investors of the Fund that the AMC is closing its OPAT at the below mentioned address with effect from September 30, 2020.

Sl. No.	Address
1.	Ground Floor, Unit No. 16-17, Heera Panna Shopping Centre, A. S. Marg, Powai, Mumbai - 400 076.
2.	Ground Floor, Shop No. 3 and 4, Saloni Apartments, Plot No. 9, S. No. 129/9, CTS 830, Ideal Colony, Kothrud - 411 038, Pune.

This Notice-cum-addendum forms an integral part of the SID and KIM of the Schemes of the Fund, as amended from time to time.

All other provisions of the SID and KIM except as specifically modified herein above remain unchanged.

For ICICI Prudential Asset Management Company Limited

Place : Mumbai

Sd/-  
Authorised Signatory

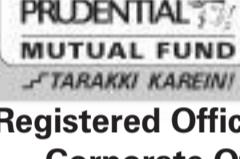
No. 010/09/2020

To know more, call 1800 222 999/1800 200 6666 or visit [www.iciciprumpf.com](http://www.iciciprumpf.com)

As part of the Go Green Initiative, investors are encouraged to register/update their e-mail id and mobile number to support paper-less communications.

To increase awareness about Mutual Funds, we regularly conduct Investor Awareness Programs across the country. To know more about it, please visit <https://www.iciciprumpf.com> or visit AMFI's website <https://www.amfiindia.com>

**Mutual Fund investments are subject to market risks, read all scheme related documents carefully.**



**ICICI Prudential Asset Management Company Limited**  
Corporate Identity Number: U99999DL1993PLC054135

Registered Office: 12<sup>th</sup> Floor, Narain Manzil, 23, Barakhamba Road, New Delhi - 110 001.  
Corporate Office: One BKC, 13<sup>th</sup> Floor, Bandra Kurla Complex, Mumbai - 400 051.

Tel.: +91 22 2652 5000, Fax: +91 22 2652 8100, Website: www.iciciprumpf.com,  
Email id: enquiry@iciciprumpf.com

Central Service Office: 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Block B-2, Nirlon Knowledge Park, Western Express Highway, Goregaon (E), Mumbai - 400 063. Tel.: 022 2685 2000 Fax: 022 26868313

**Notice to the Investors/Unit holders for declaration of dividend under ICICI Prudential Liquid Fund, ICICI Prudential Short Term Fund, ICICI Prudential Bond Fund, ICICI Prudential All Seasons Bond Fund, ICICI Prudential Regular Savings Fund and ICICI Prudential Long Term Bond Fund (the Schemes)**

Notice is hereby given that ICICI Prudential Trust Limited, Trustee to ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund has approved declaration of the following dividend under the dividend option of the Schemes, subject to availability of distributable surplus on the record date i.e. on September 29, 2020\*:

Name of the Scheme/Plans	Dividend (₹ per unit) (Face value of ₹ 100/- each)@#	NAV as on September 22, 2020 (₹ Per unit)
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**ICICI Prudential Liquid Fund**

Quarterly Dividend	0.7750	101.1374
Direct Plan - Quarterly Dividend	0.8102	101.9205
Half Yearly Dividend	2.0743	105.5819
Direct Plan - Half Yearly Dividend	2.1561	106.6829

Name of the Schemes/Plans	Dividend (₹ per unit) (Face value of ₹ 10/- each)##	NAV as on September 22, 2020 (₹ Per unit)
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**ICICI Prudential Short Term Fund**

Half Yearly Dividend	1.0683	14.1792
Direct Plan - Half Yearly Dividend	1.1406	14.4661

**ICICI Prudential Bond Fund**

Half Yearly Dividend	1.0333	11.9131
Direct Plan - Half Yearly Dividend	1.0316	11.5735

**ICICI Prudential All Seasons Bond Fund**

Annual Dividend	1.3069	12.2049
Direct Plan - Annual Dividend	1.3812	12.2395

**ICICI Prudential Regular Savings Fund**

Quarterly Dividend	0.4571	11.7994
Direct Plan - Quarterly Dividend	0.5873	14.4775

**ICICI Prudential Long Term Bond Fund**

Quarterly Dividend	0.5182	12.7386
Direct Plan - Quarterly Dividend	0.5588	13.1090

@ The dividend amount payable will be dividend per unit as mentioned above or the distributable surplus to the extent of NAV movement since previous record date, available as on record date.

\$ The dividend payout will be subject to the availability of distributable surplus and may be lower depending upon the extent of distributable surplus available on the record date under the dividend option of the Schemes.

# Subject to deduction of applicable statutory levy.

\* or the immediately following Business Day, if that day is a Non - Business Day.

Dividend will be paid to all the unit holders/beneficial owners whose names appear in the register of unit holders/Statement of beneficial owners maintained by the Depositories, as applicable under the dividend option of the Schemes, at the close of business hours on the record date.

**It should be noted that pursuant to payment of dividend, the NAV of the dividend option of the Schemes would fall to the extent of dividend payout and statutory levy (if applicable).**

For ICICI Prudential Asset Management Company Limited

Place : Mumbai

Sd/-  
Authorised Signatory

No. 010/09/2020

To know more, call 1800 222 999/1800 200 6666 or visit [www.iciciprumpf.com](http://www.iciciprumpf.com)

As part of the Go Green Initiative, investors are encouraged to register/update their e-mail id and mobile number to support paper-less communications.

To increase awareness about Mutual Funds, we regularly conduct Investor Awareness Programs across the country. To know more about it, please visit <https://www.iciciprumpf.com> or visit AMFI's website <https://www.amfiindia.com>

**Mutual Fund investments are subject to market risks, read all scheme related documents carefully.**

**Citigroup's consumer banking head in India to leave**

CITIGROUP INC'S HEAD of consumer banking in India, Shinjini Kumar, plans to step down from her role after three years with the US bank. Kumar, 53, who handled Citigroup's consumer businesses across India, including retail banking, wealth management, credit cards and mortgages, will leave at the end of September, according to a representative for the bank.

— BLOOMBERG

**FUND-RAISING MADE EASY**

# Sebi rationalises rights issues criteria

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA  
New Delhi, September 23

TO MAKE FUND-RAISING easier, faster and cost effective, markets regulator Sebi on Wednesday rationalised the eligibility criteria and disclosure requirements for rights issue. Sebi has decided to amend the ICDR (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations to this effect, it said in a statement.

The move is aimed at making fund-raising through this route, easier, faster and cost effective, it added.

Under the amendments, Sebi said the issuer will be eligible to make truncated disclosures (Part B), where it has been filing periodic reports, statements, information in compliance with listing regulations, for last one year instead of last three years as required earlier.

All other issuers not satisfying the truncated disclosures eligibility conditions will make disclosures in terms of new set of proposed disclosures. Sebi said the new proposed disclosure would be more detailed than the truncated one, but less exhaustive compared to the current disclosure requirement.

"Disclosure requirements under Part

Trustees get more time to appoint dedicated officer

SEBI ON Wednesday gave time till January 1 to mutual funds' trustees for appointing a dedicated officer, who will assist them in monitoring various activities of asset management companies (AMCs). Earlier, trustees were required to appoint a dedicated officer by October 1 to assist them in their work. Now, the deadline has been extended till January 1, 2021, after receiving representation from industry body Amfi, Sebi said in a circular.

— PTI

B have been rationalised to avoid duplication of information in letter of offer, especially the information which is already available in public domain and is disclosed by companies in compliance with the disclosure requirements under Sebi Listing Regulations," Sebi said.

# RBI won't allow big rupee gains despite high CPI: ICICI Bank

SUBHADIP SIRCAR  
September 23

**THE RESERVE BANK** of India (RBI) will continue to intervene to prevent any sharp appreciation in the rupee, even after signs of leniency toward currency gains in recent weeks, according to ICICI Bank.

The RBI's forex strategy has been in sharp focus after it stepped away from dogged dollar buying amid large inflows. The perception that the RBI was easing back on greenback purchases was accentuated by a rare comment from policymakers in late August that the appreciating rupee had helped tackle imported inflation.

Inflation has spiked in India, with the headline figure above the upper 6% limit of the RBI's tolerance band for five months. The central bank has a fine balancing act: It is trying to keep liquidity adequate as the economy slumps, while managing large capital flows and trying to keep inflation in check.

"We believe that the RBI is cognizant of the fact that an overvalued rupee is an adverse terms of trade for local industries, and given the challenges on the growth front, a sharp appreciation of the rupee is not desirable," said B. Prasanna, group head for global markets sales, trading and research at ICICI Bank in Mumbai.



The currency has advanced in recent months amid a reduction in RBI intervention.

The recent surge in inflation is largely due to supply-side issues related to the coronavirus pandemic and high food inflation, rather than imported inflation, he said. "So from macro standpoint, we believe there is scope for rupee appreciation. But from a trade-off between growth and inflation, I think that appreciation might be limited by RBI intervention."

The rupee gained 1.6% against the dollar in August, its biggest rise since March 2019, helped by large inflows into stocks. There is low tail risk of sharp rupee depreciation. In fact, the pressure will remain on the rupee to appreciate," he said, forecasting a 72.5-74.5 per dollar trading band for the next six months.

— BLOOMBERG

# Some onion imports on cards as prices soar

NANDA KASABE  
Pune, September 23

**WITONION PRICES** continuing to rise, some importers have decided to import the commodity from Egypt, Iraq, Iran and Turkey. FE has learnt from traders in Nashik and Vashi.

Traders at Vashi – one of the largest wholesale markets in the country – said around 20-25 containers from Egypt are expected to arrive in a fortnight at a landed cost of ₹35,40 per kg. One container is of nearly 20 tonne.

This is only an advertisement for information purposes and not for publication, distribution or release directly or indirectly outside India. This is not an announcement for the offer document. All capitalized terms used and not defined herein shall have the meaning assigned to them in the Letter of Offer dated September 11, 2020 (the "Letter of Offer" or the "LoF" filed with Stock Exchanges namely BSE Limited ("BSE") and National Stock Exchange of India Ltd ("NSE" and together with BSE, "Stock Exchanges") and Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI").



DEEPAK FERTILISERS  
AND PETROCHEMICALS  
CORPORATION LIMITED

# DEEPAK FERTILISERS AND PETROCHEMICALS CORPORATION LIMITED

Deepak Fertilisers and Petrochemicals Corporation Limited ("the Company" or "our Company") was originally incorporated as 'Deepak Fertilisers and Petrochemicals Corporation Private Limited' at Mumbai pursuant to a certificate of incorporation dated May 31, 1979 issued by the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra ("RoC") under the Companies Act, 1956. Subsequently, the name of the Company changed to 'Deepak Fertilisers and Petrochemicals Corporation Limited' and a fresh certificate of incorporation consequent on change of name dated June 14, 1979, was issued by the RoC. For further details regarding change in the registered and corporate office of the Company, please refer to "History and Corporate Structure" on page 65 of the Letter of Offer.

**Registered and Corporate Office:** Sai Hira, Survey No. 93, Mundhwa, Pune - 411 036

**Contact Person:** K Subharaman, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer | **Telephone:** +91 20 6645 8000 | **E-mail Id:** [investorgrievance@dfpcl.com](mailto:investorgrievance@dfpcl.com) | **Website:** [www.dfpcl.com](http://www.dfpcl.com) | **Corporate Identity Number:** L24121MH1979PLC021360

**PROMOTERS OF OUR COMPANY: CHIMANLAL KHIMCHAND MEHTA, SAILESH CHIMANLAL MEHTA, PARUL SAILESH MEHTA, NOVA SYNTHETIC LIMITED, ROBUST MARKETING SERVICES PRIVATE LIMITED AND SOFOTEL INFRA PRIVATE LIMITED**

**FOR PRIVATE CIRCULATION TO THE ELIGIBLE EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS OF DEEPAK FERTILISERS AND PETROCHEMICALS CORPORATION LIMITED**

ISSUE OF 1,33,92,663 EQUITY SHARES OF FACE VALUE OF ₹ 10 EACH OF OUR COMPANY (THE "EQUITY SHARES") FOR CASH AT A PRICE OF ₹ 133 PER EQUITY SHARE (INCLUDING A PREMIUM OF ₹ 123 PER EQUITY SHARE) AGGREGATING TO ₹ 17,812.24 LAKHS\* ON A RIGHTS BASIS TO THE ELIGIBLE EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS OF OUR COMPANY IN THE RATIO OF 3 EQUITY SHARES FOR EVERY 20 FULLY PAIDUP EQUITY SHARES HELD BY THE ELIGIBLE EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS ON THE RECORD DATE, THAT IS THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 2020 (THE "ISSUE"). FOR FURTHER DETAILS, SEE "TERMS OF THE ISSUE" BEGINNING ON PAGE 185 OF THE LETTER OF OFFER.

\*Assuming full subscription

## NOTICE TO ELIGIBLE EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS OF OUR COMPANY

**ISSUE OPENS ON:  
MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 2020**

**LAST DATE FOR ON MARKET RENUNCIATIONS\*:  
WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 07, 2020**

**ISSUE CLOSES ON#:  
MONDAY, OCTOBER 12, 2020**

\*Eligible Equity Shareholders are requested to ensure that renunciation through off-market transfer is completed in such a manner that the Rights Entitlements are credited to the demat account of the Renouncees on or prior to the Issue Closing Date.

#The Board or a duly authorized committee thereof will have the right to extend the Issue Period as it may determine from time to time but not exceeding 30 days from the Issue Opening Date (inclusive of the Issue Opening Date). Further, no withdrawal of Application shall be permitted by any Applicant after the Issue Closing Date.

**ASBA\***

Simple, Safe, Smart way of making  
an application - Make use of it

\*Application supported by block amount (ASBA) is a better way of applying to issues by simply blocking the fund in the bank account, for further details check section on ASBA below

### Facilities for Application in the Issue:

#### (i) ASBA Facility

In accordance with Regulation 76 of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, the SEBI Rights Issue Circulars and the ASBA Circulars, all Investors desiring to make an Application in this Issue are mandatorily required to use either the ASBA process or the R-WAP (Instituted only for resident Investors in this Issue, in the event the Investors are not able to utilize the ASBA facility for making an Application despite their best efforts). Investors should carefully read the provisions applicable to such Applications before making their Application through ASBA or using the R-WAP. For further details, please see "Terms of the Issue - Making of an application through the ASBA process" beginning on page 188 of the LoF.

Please note that subject to SCSBs complying with the requirements of the SEBI Circular CIR/CFD/DIL/13/2012 dated September 25, 2012, within the periods stipulated therein, Applications may be submitted at the Designated Branches of the SCSBs. Further, in terms of the SEBI Circular CIR/CFD/DIL/1/2013 dated January 2, 2013, it is clarified that for making Applications by SCSBs on their own account using ASBA facility, each such SCSB should have a separate account in its own name with any other SCSB registered SCSB(s). Such account shall be used solely for the purpose of making an Application in this Issue and clear demarcated funds should be available in such account for such an Application.

#### (ii) Registrar's Web based Application Platform

In accordance with the SEBI Relaxation Circular SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL/2/CIR/P/2020/78 dated May 06, 2020 read with the SEBI Relaxation Circular bearing reference SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL/2/CIR/P/2013/136 dated July 24, 2020, a separate web based application platform, i.e., the R-WAP facility (accessible at [www.kfintech.com](http://www.kfintech.com)), has been instituted for making an Application by resident Investors. Further, R-WAP is only an additional option and not a replacement of the ASBA process and R-WAP facility should be utilized only in the event that Investors are not able to utilize the ASBA facility for making an Application despite their best efforts. At R-WAP, the resident Investors can access and submit the online Application Form in electronic mode. Resident Investors, making an Application through R-WAP, shall make online payment using internet banking or UPI facility. For further details, see "Terms of the Issue - Making of an Application through the Registrar's Web-based Application Platform ("R-WAP") Process" beginning on page 189 of the Letter of Offer.

Further, R-WAP is a new facility which has been instituted due to challenges arising out of COVID-19 pandemic. Company cannot assure you that R-WAP facility will not suffer from any unanticipated system failure or breakdown or delay, including failure on part of the payment gateway, and therefore, your Application may not be completed or rejected. These risks are indicative and any failure to manage them effectively can impact the efficacy and functioning of the payment mechanism for this Issue. Since Application process through R-WAP is different from the ASBA process, there can be no assurance that investors will not find difficulties in accessing and using the R-WAP facility.

**PLEASE NOTE THAT ONLY RESIDENT INVESTORS CAN SUBMIT AN APPLICATION USING THE R-WAP. R-WAP FACILITY WILL BE OPERATIONAL FROM THE ISSUE OPENING DATE. OUR COMPANY, THE REGISTRAR AND THE LEAD MANAGER SHALL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE IF THE APPLICATION IS NOT SUCCESSFULLY SUBMITTED OR REJECTED DURING THE BASIS OF ALLOTMENT ON ACCOUNT OF FAILURE TO BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE SAME. FOR RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THE R-WAP PROCESS, SEE "RISK FACTORS - THE R-WAP PAYMENT MECHANISM FACILITY PROPOSED TO BE USED FOR THIS ISSUE MAY BE EXPOSED TO RISKS, INCLUDING RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH PAYMENT GATEWAYS" BEGINNING ON PAGE 35 OF THE LoF.**

**APPLICATION SUPPORTED BY BLOCK AMOUNT (ASBA):** An Investor, wishing to participate in this Issue through the ASBA facility, is required to have an ASBA enabled bank account with an SCSB, prior to making the Application. Investors can submit either the Application Form in physical mode to the Designated Branch of the SCSBs or online/ electronic Application through the website of the SCSBs (if made available by such SCSB) authorizing the SCSB to block the Application Money payable on the Application in their respective ASBA Accounts with respective SCSBs. Investors should ensure that they have correctly submitted the Application Form and have provided an authorisation to the SCSB, via the electronic mode, for blocking funds in the ASBA Account equivalent to the Application Money mentioned in the Application Form, as the case may be, at the time of submission of the Application.

For the list of banks which have been notified by SEBI to act as SCSBs for the ASBA process, please refer to <https://www.sebi.gov.in/sebiweb/other/OtherAction.do?doRecognizedFil=yes&mtId=34>. For details on Designated branches of SCSBs collecting Application form, please refer the above mentioned link.

**ELIGIBLE EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS UNDER THE ASBA PROCESS MAY PLEASE NOTE THE EQUITY SHARES UNDER THE ASBA PROCESS CAN BE ALLOTTED ONLY IN DEMATERIALIZED FORM AND IN THE SAME DEPOSITORY ACCOUNT IN WHICH THE EQUITY SHARES ARE HELD BY SUCH ASBA APPLICANT ON THE RECORD DATE.**

**APPLICATION ON PLAIN PAPER:** An Eligible Equity Shareholder who is eligible to apply under the ASBA process may make an Application to subscribe to this Issue on plain paper in case of non-receipt of Application Form as detailed above. An Eligible Equity Shareholder shall submit the plain paper Application to the Designated Branch of the SCSB for authorising such SCSB to block Application Money in the said bank account maintained with the same SCSB. Applications on plain paper will not be accepted from any Eligible Equity Shareholder who has not provided an Indian address.

Please note that the Eligible Equity Shareholders who are making the Application on plain paper shall not be entitled to renounce their Rights Entitlements and should not utilize the Application Form for any purpose including renunciation even if it is received subsequently.

**Please note that the Application on plain paper cannot be submitted through R-WAP.**

The Application on plain paper, duly signed by the Eligible Equity Shareholder including joint holders, in the same order and as per specimen recorded with his/her bank, must reach the office of the Designated Branch of the SCSB before the Issue Closing Date and should contain the following particulars: 1. Name of our Company, being Deepak Fertilisers and Petrochemicals Corporation Limited; 2. Name and address of the Eligible Equity Shareholder including joint holders in the same order and as per specimen recorded with our Company or the Depository; 3. Folio Number (in case of Eligible Equity Shareholders who hold Equity Shares in physical form as on Record Date)/DP and Client ID; 4. Except for Applications on behalf of the Central or State Government, the residents of Sikkim and the officials appointed by the courts, PAN of the Eligible Equity Shareholder and for each Eligible Equity Shareholder in case of joint names, irrespective of the total value of the Equity Shares applied for pursuant to this Issue 5. Number of Equity Shares held as on Record Date; 6. Allotment option – only dematerialized form; 7. Number of Equity Shares entitled to; 8. Number of Equity Shares applied for within the Rights Entitlements; 9. Number of additional Equity Shares applied for, if any (applicable only if entire Rights Entitlements have been applied for); 10. Total number of Equity Shares applied for; 11. Total amount paid at the rate of ₹133 per Equity Share; 12. Details of the ASBA Account such as the SCSB account number, name, address and branch of the relevant SCSB; 13. In case of non-resident Eligible Equity Shareholders making an application with an Indian address, details of the NRE/FCNR/NRO account such as the account number, name, address and branch of the SCSB with which the account is maintained; 14. Authorisation to the Designated Branch of the SCSB to block an amount equivalent to the Application Money in the ASBA Account; 15. Signature of the Eligible Equity Shareholder (in case of joint holders, to appear in the same sequence and order as they appear in the records of the SCSB); and 16. All such Eligible Equity Shareholders are deemed to have accepted the following:

"I/ We understand that neither the Rights Entitlements nor the Equity Shares have been, or will be, registered under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "U.S. Securities Act"), or any United States state securities laws, and may not be offered, sold, resold or otherwise transferred within the United States or to the territories or possessions thereof ("the United States"), except pursuant to an exemption from, or in a transaction not subject to, the registration requirements of the U.S. Securities Act. If we understand the Equity Shares and the Rights Entitlements referred to in this application are being offered and sold in offshore transactions outside the United States in compliance with Regulation S under the U.S. Securities Act ("Regulation S") to existing shareholders located in jurisdictions where such offer and sale of the Equity Shares and the Rights Entitlements are permitted under laws of such jurisdictions. If we understand that the issue is not, and under no circumstances is to be construed as, an offering of any Equity Shares or Rights Entitlements for sale in the United States, or as a solicitation therein of an offer to buy or transfer any of the said Equity Shares or Rights Entitlements in the United States, and to the extent that neither the Company, nor the Registrar, the Lead Manager or any other person acting on behalf of the Company will accept subscriptions from any person, or the agent of any person, who appears to be, or who the Company, the Registrar, the Lead Manager or any other person acting on behalf of the Company have reason to believe is in the United States or is outside of India and ineligible to participate in this issue under the securities laws of their jurisdiction.

I/ We will not offer, sell or otherwise transfer any of the Equity Shares which may be acquired by us in any jurisdiction or under any circumstances in which such offer or sale is not authorized or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer, sale or invitation. If we satisfy, and each account for which I/ we are acting satisfies, (a) all suitability standards for investors in investments of the type described for herein imposed by the jurisdiction of my/our residence, and (b) is eligible to subscribe and is subscribing for the Equity Shares and Rights Entitlements in compliance with applicable securities and other laws of my/our jurisdiction of residence.

If we hereby make the representations, warranties, acknowledgments and agreements set forth in the section of the Letter of Offer titled "Restrictions on Purchases and Re-sales" on page 216 of the Letter of Offer.

I/ We understand and agree that the Rights Entitlements and Equity Shares may not be reoffered, resold, pledged or otherwise transferred except in an offshore transaction in compliance with Regulation S, or otherwise pursuant to an exemption from, or in a trans-action not subject to, the registration requirements of the U.S. Securities Act.

I/ We acknowledge that we, the Lead Manager, its affiliates and others will rely upon the truth and accuracy of the foregoing representations and agreements."

In cases where multiple Application Forms are submitted for Applications pertaining to Rights Entitlements credited to the same demat account or in demat suspense escrow account, as applicable, including cases where an Investor submits Application Forms along with a plain paper Application, such Applications shall be liable to be rejected. Investors are requested to strictly adhere to these instructions. Failure to do so could result in an Application being rejected, with our Company, the Lead Manager and the Registrar not having any liability to the Investor. The plain paper Application format will be available on the website of the Registrar at [www.kfintech.com](http://www.kfintech.com).

Our Company, the Lead Manager and the Registrar shall not be responsible if the Applications are not uploaded by the SCSB or funds are not blocked in the Investors' ASBA Accounts on or before the Issue Closing Date.

**OVERSEAS SHAREHOLDERS:** The distribution of the Letter of Offer, the Abridged Letter of Offer, the Application Form, the Rights Entitlement Letter, any other offering material and the issue of the Rights Entitlement and the Equity Shares on a rights basis to persons in certain jurisdictions outside India are restricted by legal

requirements prevailing in those jurisdictions. Persons into whose possession the Letter of Offer, the Abridged Letter of Offer, the Application Form or the Rights Entitlement Letter may come, are required to be aware of and observe such restrictions. For details, see "Restrictions on Purchases and Resales" beginning on page 216 of the Letter of Offer.

Our Company is making this Issue on a rights basis to the Eligible Equity Shareholders and will dispatch the Letter of Offer, Abridged Letter of Offer, the Application Form and other applicable Issue materials (a) only to the e-mail addresses of Eligible Equity Shareholders who have provided an Indian address to our Company; and (b) only to the Indian addresses of the Eligible Equity Shareholders whose email addresses are not available with the Company or the Eligible Equity Shareholders who have not provided the valid e-mail address to the Company. Those overseas shareholders who do not update our records with their Indian address or the address of their duly authorised representative in India, prior to the date on which we propose to e-mail the Letter of Offer, the Abridged Letter of Offer, the Application Form and other applicable Issue materials shall not be sent the Letter of Offer, the Abridged Letter of Offer, the Application Form and other applicable Issue materials.

**NO OFFER IN UNITED STATES: THE RIGHTS ENTITLEMENTS AND THE EQUITY SHARES HAVE NOT BEEN AND WILL NOT BE REGISTERED UNDER THE UNITED STATES SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED (THE "US SECURITIES ACT"), OR ANY U.S. STATE SECURITIES LAWS AND MAY NOT BE OFFERED, SOLD, RESOLD OR OTHERWISE TRANSFERRED WITHIN THE UNITED STATES OR THE TERRITORIES OR POSSESSIONS THEREOF ("THE UNITED STATES" OR "U.S."), EXCEPT IN A TRANSACTION EXEMPT FROM THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE US SECURITIES ACT. THE RIGHTS ENTITLEMENTS AND EQUITY SHARES REFERRED TO IN THE LETTER OF OFFER ARE BEING OFFERED AND SOLD IN OFFSHORE TRANSACTIONS OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES IN COMPLIANCE WITH REGULATION S UNDER THE US SECURITIES ACT ("REGULATION S") TO EXISTING SHAREHOLDERS LOCATED IN JURISDICTIONS WHERE SUCH OFFER AND SALE OF THE EQUITY SHARES AND/ OR RIGHTS ENTITLEMENTS ARE PERMITTED UNDER LAWS OF SUCH JURISDICTIONS. THE OFFERING TO WHICH THE LETTER OF OFFER RELATES IS NOT, AND UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES IS TO BE CONSTRUED AS, AN OFFERING OF ANY EQUITY SHARES OR RIGHTS ENTITLEMENT FOR SALE IN THE UNITED STATES OR AS A SOLICITATION THEREIN OF AN OFFER TO BUY OR TRANSFER ANY OF THE SAID SECURITIES ACCORDINGLY, YOU SHOULD NOT FORWARD OR TRANSMIT THE LETTER OF OFFER IN OR INTO THE UNITED STATES AT ANY TIME. THE EQUITY SHARES AND/ OR RIGHTS ENTITLEMENTS AND THE RIGHTS ENTITLEMENTS ARE NOT TRANSFERABLE EXCEPT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RESTRICTIONS DESCRIBED IN THE SECTION ENTITLED "RESTRICTIONS ON PURCHASES AND RESALES" ON PAGE 216 OF THE LETTER OF OFFER.**

Neither our Company, nor any person acting on behalf of our Company, will accept a subscription or renunciation or purchase of the Equity Shares and/ or Rights Entitlements from any person, or the agent of any person, who appears to be, or who the Company, or any person acting on behalf of our Company, has reason to believe is in the United States when the buy order is made. No Application Form should be postmarked in the United States, electronically transmitted from the United States or otherwise dispatched from the United States or from any other jurisdiction where it would be illegal to make an offer of securities under the letter of Offer. Our Company is making this Issue on a rights basis to the Eligible Equity Shareholders and will dispatch the letter of Offer or the Abridged Letter of Offer, the Application Form and other applicable Issue materials primarily to the e-mail addresses of the Eligible Equity Shareholders who have provided an Indian address to our Company. Any person who acquires Rights Entitlements or Equity Shares will be deemed to have declared, warranted and agreed, by accepting the delivery of the letter of Offer, that it is not and that at the time of subscribing for the Equity Shares or the Rights Entitlements, it will not be, in the United States and is authorized to acquire the Rights Entitlements and the Equity Shares in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations.

Our Company and the Lead Manager are not making, and will not make, and will not participate or otherwise be involved in any offers or sales of the Rights Entitlements, the Equity Shares or any other security with respect to this Issue in the United States.

The Rights Entitlements and the Equity Shares have not been approved or disapproved by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "US SEC"), any state securities commission in the United States or any other U.S. regulatory authority, nor have any of the foregoing authorities passed upon or endorsed the merits of the Rights Entitlements, the Equity Shares or the accuracy or adequacy of The Letter of Offer. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offence in the United States. The above information is given for the benefit of the Applicants/Investors. Our Company and the Lead Manager are not liable for any amendments or modification or changes in applicable laws or regulations, which may occur after the date of the Letter of Offer. Investors are advised to make their independent investigations and ensure that the number of Equity Shares applied for do not exceed the applicable limits under law.

**LAST DATE FOR APPLICATION:** The last date for submission of the duly filled in the Application Form or a plain paper Application is Monday, October 12, 2020 i.e., Issue Closing Date. The Board or any committee thereof may extend the said date for such period as it may determine from time to time, subject to the Issue Period not exceeding 30 days from the Issue Opening Date (inclusive of the Issue Opening Date).

If the Application Form is not submitted with an SCSB, uploaded with the Stock Exchanges and the Application Money is not blocked with the SCSB or if the Application Form is not accepted at the R-WAP, on or before the Issue Closing Date or such date as may be extended by the Board or any committee thereof, the invitation to offer contained in the Letter of Offer shall be deemed to have been declined and our Board or any committee thereof shall be at liberty to dispose of the Equity Shares hereby offered, as provided under the section, " Basis of Allotment" beginning on page 206 of the Letter of Offer.

Please note that on the Issue Closing Date, (i) Applications through ASBA process will be uploaded until 5.00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) or such extended time as permitted by the Stock Exchanges, and (ii) the R-WAP facility will be available until 5.00 p.m. (Indian Standard Time) or such extended time as permitted by the Stock Exchanges.

**ALLOTMENT OF EQUITY SHARES ONLY IN DEMATERIALIZED FORM:** Please note that the Equity Shares applied for in this issue can be allotted only in dematerialized form and to the same depository account in which our Equity Shares are held by such Investor on the Record Date, for details, see "Allotment advice or refund/unblocking of ASBA accounts" on page 209 of the LoF.

**INVESTORS MAY PLEASE NOTE THAT EQUITY SHARES CAN BE TRADED ON THE STOCK EXCHANGES ONLY IN DEMATERIALIZED FORM.**

**LISTING:** The existing Equity Shares of our Company are listed on BSE Limited ("BSE") and National Stock Exchange of India Limited ("NSE") (collectively, the "Stock Exchanges"). Our Company has received "in-principle" approvals from BSE and NSE for listing the Equity Shares to be allotted pursuant to the Issue through their letters dated September 9, 2020 and September 8, 2020, respectively. Our Company will also make applications to the Stock Exchanges to obtain their trading approvals for the Rights Entitlements as required under the SEBI circular bearing reference number SEBI/HO/CFD/DIL2/CIR/P/2013 dated January 22, 2020. For the purposes of the Issue, the Designated Stock Exchange is BSE.

**DISCLAIMER CLAUSE OF SE**

JM FINANCIAL MUTUAL FUND  
NOTICE-CUM-ADDENDUM

NOTICE-CUM-ADDENDUM TO THE STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION (SAI), SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT (SID) AND KEY INFORMATION MEMORANDUM (KIM) OF THE SCHEMES OF JM FINANCIAL MUTUAL FUND ("THE FUND").

## CHANGE IN ADDRESS OF OFFICIAL POINT OF ACCEPTANCE

Investors are requested to take note that the following Official Point of Acceptance (PoA) of the Schemes of JM Financial Mutual Fund managed by M/s. KFin Technologies Private Limited will be functioning from new address as under:

Location/ Branch	Date	Old Address	New Address
Salem	September 24, 2020	No. 3/250, 6 <sup>th</sup> Cross Perumal Kovil back side of Fairland's, Salem - 636016. Tel : 0427-4020300.	No. 6, NS Complex, Omalar main Road, Salem - 636009. Tel: 0427-4020300.

This notice cum addendum forms an integral part of SID, KIM and SAI of the Schemes of the Fund, as amended from time to time. All the other terms and conditions of SID, KIM and SAI of the Schemes of the Fund will remain unchanged.

Place : Mumbai  
Date : September 23, 2020  
Authorised Signatory  
JM Financial Asset Management Limited  
(Investment Manager to JM Financial Mutual Fund)

## For further details, please contact :

JM Financial Asset Management Limited  
(Formerly known as JM Financial Asset Management Private Ltd.),  
Registered Office: 7th Floor, Cnergy, Appasaheb Marathe Marg, Prabhadevi, Mumbai - 400025.  
Corporate Office: Office B, 8th Floor, Cnergy, Appasaheb Marathe Marg, Prabhadevi, Mumbai-400025.  
Corporate Identity Number: U65991MH1994PLC078879. • Tel. No.: (022) 6198 7777  
• Fax No.: (022) 6198 7704. • E-mail: investor@jmfl.com • Website : www.jmfinancialmf.com

**Mutual Fund investments are subject to market risks, read all scheme related documents carefully.**

REF No. 16/2020-21

## EXIT OFFER PUBLIC ANNOUNCEMENT TO THE EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS OF AMALGAMATED DEVELOPMENT LIMITED

CIN: L70109WB1948PLC016546

Registered Office: 7, Munshi Premchand Sarani, Hastings, Kolkata- 700 022,  
Tel No.: 033- 2223 0016, Fax No.: 033- 2223 1569,  
Email: compliance@amalgatedgroup.com, Website: www.amalgamateddevelopment.in

This Exit Offer Public Announcement ("Exit Offer PA") is being issued in accordance with Regulation 21 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009 as amended (the "Delisting Regulations") by M/s. Placid Limited forming part of the Promoters/ Promoter Group (hereinafter referred to as the "Acquirer") of M/s. Amalgamated Development Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Company" / "ADL"), to provide the remaining public shareholders ("Residual/ Remaining Public Shareholders") of ADL an exit opportunity. The Acquirer intends to acquire 1554 One Thousand Five Hundred Fifty Four equity shares representing 8.88% of fully paid up equity share capital of the Company held by the Residual Public Shareholders. This Exit Offer PA is in continuation of, and should be read in conjunction with the Public Announcement dated 08.02.2020, published on 10.02.2020 ("Public Announcement"/ "PA"), the Letter of Offer ("LOF") dated 08.02.2020 and the Post Offer Public Announcement dated 03.03.2020, published on 04.03.2020 ("Post Offer PA") in accordance with Regulation 18 of the Delisting Regulations.

Capitalized terms used but not defined in this Exit Offer PA shall have the same meaning assigned to them as in the Original PA, Letter of Offer, Post Offer PA and Exit Offer Letter (As defined below).

## 1. INTIMATION OF DATE OF DELISTING

1.1 Following the closure of the Delisting Offer and in accordance with the Delisting Regulations, the Company applied for the delisting of its Equity Shares on 18.03.2020 from The Calcutta Stock Exchange Limited ("CSE") (hereinafter referred to as the "CSE" / "Stock Exchange") i.e. the only Stock Exchange where the equity shares of the Company were listed.

1.2 CSE, vide its letter dated 16.09.2020 received on 21.09.2020 has communicated to the Company that its equity shares will be delisted from official list of CSE with effect from 18.09.2020.

**DELISTING OF THE EQUITY SHARES OF THE COMPANY MEANS THAT THE EQUITY SHARES OF THE COMPANY CANNOT AND WILL NOT BE TRADED ON STOCK EXCHANGE THEREAFTER.**

## 2. OUTSTANDING EQUITY SHARES AFTER DELISTING

2.1 In accordance with regulation 21(1) of the Delisting Regulations, and as announced earlier in the Post Offer PA, the remaining Public Shareholders of the Company who did not or were not able to participate in the reverse book building process ("RBB Process") or who unsuccessfully tendered their equity shares in RBB process will be able to offer their equity shares to the Acquirer at the price of Rs. 4,883/- (Rupees Four Thousand Eight Hundred Eighty Three Only) ("Exit Price") for a period of one year starting from the date of Delisting i.e., 18.09.2020 to 17.09.2021 ("Exit Period").

2.2 The offer letter ("Exit Offer Letter") in this regard shall be dispatched to the remaining Public Shareholders whose names appear in the register of members of the Company as on 18.09.2020. In the event of any shareholder not receiving, or misplacing their Exit Offer Letter, they may obtain a copy by writing to the Registrar to the Offer i.e., Maheshwari Datamatics Private Limited, clearly marking the envelope "ADL- EXIT OFFER" at 23, R.N. Mukherjee Road, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor, Kolkata- 700 001. Alternatively, the soft copy of the exit offer letter may be downloaded from the website of the Company at www.amalgamateddevelopment.in.

## 3. PAYMENT OF CONSIDERATION TO RESIDUAL SHAREHOLDERS:

Subject to any regulatory approvals as may be required, the Acquirer intends to make payments on monthly basis, within 15 days of the end of the relevant calendar month ("Monthly Payment Cycle"). The first Monthly Payment Cycle shall commence within 15 days from November 01, 2020 for Equity Shares tendered upto October 31, 2020. Payments will be made only to those shareholders who have validly tendered their equity shares, by following the instructions laid out in the Exit Offer Letter and the application form enclosed therewith ("Exit Application Form"). Please note that the Acquirer reserves the right to make payments earlier.

If the Public Shareholders have any query, they may contact the Manager to the Exit Offer or the Registrar to the Exit Offer (details appearing below).

**MANAGER TO THE EXIT OFFER:**  
VC Corporate Advisors Private Limited  
CIN: U67120WB2005PTC106051  
SEBI REGN No.: INM000011096  
Validity of Registration: Permanent  
(Contact Person: Ms. Urvi Belani/  
Mr. Premjeet Singh)  
31 Ganesh Chandra Avenue, 2nd Floor,  
Suite No -2C, Kolkata-700 013  
Tel No.: (033) 2225-3940  
Fax : (033) 2225-3941  
Email: mail@vc corporate.com  
Website: www.vccorporate.com

**REGISTRAR TO THE EXIT OFFER:**  
Maheshwari Datamatics Private Limited  
CIN: U20221WB2019PLC034886  
SEBI REGN No.: INR000000353  
Validity of Registration: Permanent  
(Contact Person: Mr. S. Rajagopal)  
23, R.N. Mukherjee Road, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor,  
Kolkata - 700 001  
Tel No.: (033) 2248-2248  
Fax No.: (033) 2248 4787  
Email: mdpldc@yahoo.com  
Website: www.mdpldc.in

Signed by the Acquirer:  
For Placid Limited  
Sd/-  
LN Bangur  
Director  
DIN: 00012617

Date: 23.09.2020

Place: Kolkata

**CreditAccess Grameen Limited**  
Grameen

Registered Office : New No. 49 (Old No725), 46<sup>th</sup> Cross, 8th Block,  
Jayanagar, (Next to Rajalakshmi Kalyana Mantap) Bengaluru KA-560070 IN  
Website : www.creditaccessgrameen.com  
CIN : L51216KA1991PLC053425

**Extract of unaudited Special Purpose Interim Condensed Standalone & Consolidated Financial results of the Company and its subsidiaries for the four months period ended July 31, 2020**

Rs in crores

Sr. No.	Particulars	Period ended July 31, 2020	
		Unaudited	
		Standalone	Consolidated
1	Total Income from Operations	672.09	817.88
2	Net Profit for the period before Tax, Exceptional and Extraordinary items	146.77	162.81
3	Net Profit for the period before Tax and after Exceptional and Extraordinary items	146.77	162.81
4	Net Profit for the period after Tax, Exceptional and Extraordinary items	109.39	121.24
5	Total Comprehensive Income for the period [comprising Profit for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax)]	118.45	130.32
6	Paid-up Equity Share Capital (Face value ₹10 per share)	144.08	144.08
7	Reserves excluding Revaluation Reserves as shown in the Audited Balance Sheet of previous year	2,525.09	2,590.23
8	Earnings Per Share (Face value ₹10 per share) (for continuing and discontinued operations) - not annualized - Basic (₹) - Diluted (₹)	7.60 7.55	8.22 8.17

## Notes:

1 The above financial results were reviewed and approved by the Audit Committee and thereafter taken on record by the Board of Directors at their respective meetings held on September 23, 2020. The Statutory Auditors have carried out a review of both the consolidated and standalone condensed interim financial statements for the said period and expressed an unmodified conclusion thereon.

2 The above is only an extract of the condensed format of Unaudited Special Purpose Interim Condensed Consolidated and Standalone Financial Information of the Company for the said period, which have been prepared for a specific purpose and hence the comparable figures are not available for the said period.

Date : September 23, 2020

Place : Bengaluru

Udaya Kumar Hebbar

Managing Director &amp; CEO

Adfactors 344

# Despite 70% surge in domestic prices, Indian tea exports feel pandemic heat

INDRONIL ROYCHOWDHURY

Kolkata, September 23

**EVEN AS TEA** prices in the domestic market have gone up by an average of more than 70% over last year's prices, the export market has been hit

with price realisation down by an average 31% over last year's realisation. There has been a low price syndrome overseas in the wake of Covid-19 with the markets choosing for cheaper variants.

Indian tea exports fell both

in volume and value terms between January to June 2020 but the declining trend between April and June further deepened in volume terms though price realisation during this period was a little higher compared to the prices realised

between January and March.

Though the auction price in

August for tea from 13 districts of Assam fetched an average ₹271 per kg with auction at the Sibsagar district fetching the highest price of ₹300.54 per kg, West Bengal's auction prices for tea from 4 districts were quite low at an average of ₹230 per kg, which brought down the average auction price of the two states. Monem said this has been due to an increase in supply at the spot markets, though overall production has been near 25%

down. June, July and August are high productivity months and production in these months have increased supplies in the spot markets to some extent.

The lock down period lost 120 million kg of production and thereafter the floods in Assam triggered a loss of around 60 million kg. The industry expected that productions during June, July and August would offset production loss by 40 million kg but Monem finds 10-12% loss in production of Assam tea in September alone. He said, "production loss means loss in net cash flow but the loss can be made up if the trend of high prices continue."

Just in a month's gap average auction price fell by ₹22.50. "So it has to be watched where the price finally settles," said Monem. Vivek Goenka, president, Warren Tea, opined, with both fall in production and prices, the market is extremely volatile but it still hopes to be in profit when the year ends.

## India's high growth path not foreordained: Warburg Pincus CEO

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA  
Mumbai, September 23

**INDIA HAS TAILWINDS** like the demographic advantage to make it a high-growth economy, but the same cannot be considered foreordained and requires continued action, global private equity major Warburg Pincus' CEO Charles Kaye said on Wednesday.

Implementing the reforms vision is the "principal challenge" for India, Kaye said, specifying that both the challenges and opportunities for the country are domestic in nature.

Warburg Pincus has invested \$5 billion in India since 1995. Its bets include HDFC, Kotak Mahindra Bank and Bharti Airtel, where it made handsome returns, setting a milestone for risk capital investing.

The remarks come at a time when India has implemented reforms on the farm and labour fronts. India has all the powerful tailwinds of demography and so much else, but that's not destiny, it's not foreordained and requires continued vigilance and significant action to continue to take advantage of that opportunity," Kaye emphasised.

Speaking at the Economic Times Global Business Sum-

### TRIVENI TURBINE LIMITED

Regd. Office: A-44, Hosiery Complex, Phase-II Extn., Noida - 201 305, U.P.  
Corp. Office: 8th Floor, Express Trade Towers, 15-16, Sector - 16A, Noida - 201301, U.P.

Tel: 91 120 4308000 | Fax: 91 120 431010-11 | Email: shares.ttl@triventurbines.com

Website: www.triventurbines.com | CIN: L29110UP1995PLC041834

#### NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

TRANSFER OF EQUITY SHARES TO INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND  
Notice is hereby given pursuant to the provisions of Section 124(6) of the Companies Act 2013 read with the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016, all shares in respect of which dividend has remained unclaimed/unpaid for seven consecutive years or more are required to be transferred by the Company in favour of the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF).

In pursuance of the IEPF Rules, the Company has sent necessary intimation to the concerned shareholders who have not claimed/cashed the interim dividend for the Financial Year 2013-14 and whose shares are liable to be transferred to IEFP. The details of such shareholders have been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.triventurbines.com under the section 'Investors' Web Link: https://www.triventurbines.com/transfer-shares-iepf.html. The shareholders may access the website of the Company to verify the details of the shares liable to be transferred to IEFP.

The concerned shareholders are requested to claim their unpaid interim dividend for the Financial Year 2013-14 onwards, by making an application to the company or its Share Transfer Agent i.e. Alankit Assignments Ltd. (Unit: Triveni Turbine Limited) at Alankit House, 4E/2, Jhandewalan Extension, New Delhi - 110055 or through email at rta@alankit.com. In case a valid claim for the unpaid dividend is not received or before 10.12.2020, the Company shall have a week to comply with prescribed legal provisions transfer such shares to IEFP in accordance with the procedure prescribed under the IEPF Rules.

Shareholders may kindly note that the shares transferred to IEFP including the benefits accruing on such shares, if any, can be claimed back by them from the IEFP Authority after following the procedure prescribed under the IEPF Rules.

For any queries on the above matter Shareholders are requested to contact either of the following:

Corporate Office of the Company | Registrar and Transfer Agent Office

Triveni Turbine Limited | Alankit Assignments Limited

(Nodal Officer and Company Secretary) | (Unit: Triveni Turbine Limited)

Express Trade Towers, 8th Floor, Plot No. 15-16, Sector 16-A, Noida - 201301 (U.P.)

Tel. No. 0120-4308000 | Email: shares.ttl@triventurbines.com

## Indian cos can produce 3.48 cr RT-PCR combo kits per month

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA  
New Delhi, September 23

INDIAN MANUFACTURERS CAN produce around 3.48 crore RT-PCR combo kits per month, which will give the country a capacity to conduct around 11.35 lakh RT-PCR Covid-19 tests daily, the government said on Wednesday.

The Central Drugs Standard Control Organisation (CDSCO) has granted manufacturing licences for RT-PCR kits to 30 companies and import licences to 119 firms, minister of state for health Ashwini Choubey said in a written reply. Quoting an ICMR survey, he said Indian manufacturers can produce around 348.1 lakh RT-PCR test kits per month.

"During March to June 2020, around 60% of RT-PCR kits procured were from foreign manufacturers and the remaining 40% were from Indian manufacturers. "However, currently, 100% procurement of RT-PCR combo kits is from Indian manufacturers, whereas the COBAS, CNAAT etc kits are still being imported," he said.

The minister was responding to a question on the percentage of kits that are being manufactured indigenously and imported.

## PM reviews Covid situation with CMs

**PRIME MINISTER NARENDRA MODI** on Wednesday reviewed the Covid-19 pandemic situation with chief ministers and other representatives of seven high-case-load states through video conference. The virtual meeting, also attended by health ministers of these states, began in the evening.

These states are Maharashtra, Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, Uttar Pradesh, Tamil Nadu, Delhi and Punjab, officials said, noting that more than 63% of the active cases in the country are concentrated in these seven states. They also account for 65.5% of the total confirmed cases and 77% of the total deaths, a statement had said earlier.

Along with the other five states, Punjab and Delhi have reported an increase in the number of cases recently, they said, adding that Maharashtra, Punjab and Delhi are also reporting high mortality with more than two per cent case fatality rate (CFR).

Other than Punjab and Uttar Pradesh, the case positivity rate of these states has also been observed to be above the national average of 8.52%. The Centre, as the statement states, has been leading the fight against virus in effective collaboration and close coordination with the state and union territory governments. —PTI

## Govt allows ISO tank containers to carry liquid O<sub>2</sub>

**AMID THE COVID-19** pandemic, the government has allowed the Petroleum and Explosives Safety Organisation (PESO) to grant permission to stakeholders for carrying liquid oxygen in tank containers in bulk.

According to an official statement issued on Wednesday, PESO has also devised a system to receive online applications from the stakeholders to expediently grant permission to transport liquid oxygen in ISO tank containers.

These containers are manufactured in compliance with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) requirements. These are designed to carry liquids in bulk. One tank can carry 20 MT of liquid oxygen.

The statement said due to the pandemic, an urgent need was felt to transport oxygen in sufficient quantities, at a short notice, from surplus areas to deficit ones. Due to this, it was felt necessary to give permission to PESO for the purpose.

"The Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (DPIIT) has given permission to PESO to introduce ISO tank containers for movement of liquid oxygen for domestic transport," it said. —PTI

ADVERTISEMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH REGULATION 18(7) OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (SUBSTANTIAL ACQUISITION OF SHARES AND TAKEOVERS) REGULATIONS, 2011, AS AMENDED, AND CORRIGENDUM TO THE DETAILED PUBLIC STATEMENT FOR THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC SHAREHOLDERS OF

## STAMPEDE CAPITAL LIMITED

Registered Office: Flat No. 1003, 10<sup>th</sup> Floor, Block-A, Royal Pavilion Apartment, H. No. 6-3-787, Ameerpet, Hyderabad - 500016, Ranga Reddy District, Telangana, India. Tel.: +91-40-2340 5683/44; Telefax: +91-40-2340 5684 E-mail: cs@stampedecap.com / info@stampedecap.com, Website: www.stampedecap.com Corporate Identification Number (CIN): L67120TG1995PLC020170

OPEN OFFER FOR ACQUISITION OF UP TO 7,44,28,560 (SEVEN CRORE FORTY FOUR LAKH TWENTY EIGHT THOUSAND SIX HUNDRED FIFTY ONLY) SHARES ("OFFER SHARES"), CONSISTING OF 5,95,42,920 (FIVE CRORE NINETY FIVE LAKH FORTY TWO THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED AND TWENTY ONLY) FULLY PAID-UP ORDINARY EQUITY SHARES OF FACE VALUE OF INR 1 (INDIAN RUPEE ONE) EACH ("EQUITY SHARES") AND 1,48,85,730 (ONE CRORE FORTY EIGHT LAKH EIGHTY FIVE THOUSAND SEVEN HUNDRED THIRTY ONLY) FULLY PAID-UP EQUITY SHARES WITH DIFFERENTIAL VOTING RIGHTS OF FACE VALUE OF INR 1 (INDIAN RUPEE ONE) EACH ("DVR SHARES") OF STAMPEDE CAPITAL LIMITED ("TARGET COMPANY"), REPRESENTING 26% OF THE VOTING SHARE CAPITAL FROM THE PUBLIC SHAREHOLDERS OF THE TARGET COMPANY BY JONNA VENKATA TIRUPATI RAJU ("ACQUIRER") ALONG WITH GAYI ADI MANAGEMENT AND TRENDS PRIVATE LIMITED ("PAC") IN ITS CAPACITY AS A PERSON ACTING IN CONCERT WITH THE ACQUIRER PURSUANT TO AND IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SEBI (SAST) REGULATIONS, 2011 ("OPEN OFFER" OR "OFFER").

This advertisement pursuant to and in compliance with Regulation 18(7) of the SEBI (SAST) Regulations, 2011 and Corrigendum to the Detailed Public Statement ("Corrigendum") in connection with the Open Offer ("Offer Opening Public Announcement cum Corrigendum") is being issued by Ashika Capital Limited ("Manager to the Offer"), for and on behalf of the Acquirer and the PAC, and should be read in conjunction with (a) the public announcement in connection with the Open Offer, made by the Manager to the Offer on behalf of the Acquirer and PAC on July 08, 2020 ("Public Announcement") (b) the detailed public statement, in connection with the Open Offer, dated July 14, 2020 ("Detailed Public Statement"), published on behalf of the Acquirer and PAC on July 15, 2020 in all editions of Financial Express (English), all editions of Jansatta (Hindi), in the Mumbai edition of Mumbai Lakshadweep (Marathi) and in the Hyderabad edition of NavaTelangana (Telugu); and (c) the Letter of Offer dated September 17, 2020, in connection with the Open Offer, along with the Form of Acceptance-cum-Acknowledgement ("Letter of Offer").

Capitalised terms used in this Offer Opening Public Announcement cum Corrigendum and not defined herein, shall have the same meaning as ascribed to such terms in the Letter of Offer.

### 1. Offer Price:

The Offer Price is INR 0.45/- (Forty Five Paise only) per Equity Share and INR 0.55/- (Fifty Five Paise only) per DVR Share. There was no revision in Offer Price since the date of PA. The Offer Price will be paid in cash in accordance with Regulation 9(1)(a) of the SEBI (SAST) Regulations, 2011.

### 2. Recommendations of the Committee of Independent Directors of the Target Company:

The Committee of Independent Directors ("IDC") of the Target Company opined that the Offer Price, being offered by the Acquirer and the PAC, is in compliance with the SEBI (SAST) Regulations, 2011 and appears to be fair and reasonable. The public shareholders of the Target Company are, however, recommended to independently evaluate the Offer and take informed decision whether or not to tender their shares in the Open Offer.

The Recommendation of IDC was published on September 23, 2020 in the same newspapers in which the Detailed Public Statement was published.

3. This Offer is not a Competing Offer in terms of Regulation 20 of the SEBI (SAST) Regulations, 2011. There has been no Competing Offer to this Offer and the last date for making such competing offer has expired.

4. In terms of the SEBI Circular Number SEBI/CIR/CFD/DCR1/CIR/P/2020/83 dated May 14, 2020 read along with the SEBI Circular Number SEBI/HO/CDF/DCR2/CIR/P/2020/139 dated July 27, 2020 (collectively referred to as "Relaxation Circulars"), on account of impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and the lockdown measures undertaken by the Central Government and State Governments, the Letter of Offer has been electronically dispatched on September 18, 2020, to all the Public Shareholders holding Shares as on Identified Date i.e. September 11, 2020 and who have registered their email ids with the Depositories and/or the Target Company on September 18, 2020 (Friday). Physical dispatch of the Letter of Offer has not undertaken, in compliance with the Relaxation Circulars. Further a Dispatch Advertisement dated September 18, 2020, was published on September 19, 2020, in the same newspapers in which the Detailed Public Statement was published.

5. Please note that a copy of the Letter of Offer along with the Form of Acceptance-cum-Acknowledgement will also be available on the respective websites of SEBI (<https://www.sebi.gov.in>), the Target Company ([www.stampedecap.com](http://www.stampedecap.com)), the Manager to the Offer (<https://www.ashikagroup.com>), the Registrar to the Offer ([www.vccilindia.com](http://www.vccilindia.com)), BSE ([www.bseindia.com](http://www.bseindia.com)) and NSE ([www.nseindia.com](http://www.nseindia.com)). An Eligible Shareholder / Public Shareholders, may access the Letter of Offer, including those who have acquired the Shares after the Identified Date, if they so desire, may download the Letter of Offer from the websites indicated above. The Public Shareholders can also contact the Registrar to the Offer or the Manager to the Offer for receiving a soft copy of the Letter of Offer and the Form of Acceptance-cum-Acknowledgement.

6. In accordance with the SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CDF/CM1/CIR/P/2020/144 dated July 31, 2020, shareholders holding securities in physical form are allowed to tender shares in an open offer and such tendering shall be as per the provisions of the SEBI (SAST) Regulations, 2011. The Public Shareholders are requested to refer to section titled 'Procedure for Acceptance and Settlement of the Offer' of the Letter of Offer, in relation to, *inter alia*, the procedure for tendering the shares in the Open Offer and also required to adhere and follow the procedure outlined therein.

7. Further, in case of non-receipt/non-availability of the Letter of Offer, the application can be made on plain paper, before the date of closure of Tendering Period i.e. October 09, 2020 (Friday), along with the following details:

i. **In case of Shares held in physical form:** Public Shareholders with Shares held in physical form may participate in the Offer, by approaching their broker(s) and providing the following details: Name(s) and address(s) of sole/joint holder(s) (if any), number of Share held, number of Shares tendered, distinctive numbers, folio number, self attested PAN card copy, self attested copy of address proof, original share certificate(s), original broker contract note of a registered broker (in case of unregistered shareholders) and valid share transfer form(s) and other relevant documents, as applicable.

ii. **In case of Shares held in dematerialized form:** Public Shareholders with Shares held in dematerialized form may participate in the Open Offer by approaching their broker(s) indicating the details of Shares they intend to tender in the Open Offer.

**Public Shareholders have to ensure that their order is entered in the electronic platform of BSE, which will be made available by BSE, before the closure of the Tendering Period.**

8. In terms of Regulation 16(1) of the SEBI (SAST) Regulations, 2011, the Draft Letter of Offer had been submitted to SEBI on July, 22, 2020. In terms of the proviso to Regulation 16(4) of the SEBI (SAST) Regulations, 2011, SEBI, through email, vide its letter dated September, 11, 2020 (Friday), conveyed its comments on the Draft Letter of Offer and all the changes suggested by SEBI have been incorporated in the Letter of Offer.

9. **Status of the Statutory and other Approval:**

The acquisition of Offer Shares is subjected to receipt of approval from the SEBI, BSE, NSE, MSEI, ICEX, as applicable, by the Target Company for change in the control of the Target Company, including for change in the dominant promoter group of the Target Company and appoint directors on the Board of the Target Company and the necessary approvals for these regulatory / statutory approvals are being made.

Except as mentioned above, as on the date of the Letter of Offer, to the best knowledge of the Acquirer and the PAC, there are no statutory or regulatory approvals required by the Acquirer and / or the PAC, to complete the Underlying Transaction and this Open Offer. However, in case of any further statutory or regulatory approvals being required by the Acquirer and / or the PAC, at a later date, this Open Offer shall be subject to such approvals and the Acquirer and / or the PAC shall make the necessary applications for such approvals.

10. **Revised Schedule of Activities:**

The original and revised schedule of major activities pertaining to the Offer is set out below:

Activity	Original Schedule (Date & Day)	Revised Schedule (Date & Day)
Issue of Public Announcement	July 08, 2020 (Wednesday)	July 08, 2020 (Wednesday)
Publication of Detailed Public Statement in the newspapers	July 15, 2020 (Wednesday)	July 15, 2020 (Wednesday)
Filing of the Draft Letter of Offer with SEBI	July 22, 2020 (Wednesday)	July 22, 2020 (Wednesday)
Last date for public announcement for competing offer(s)	August 05, 2020 (Wednesday)	August 05, 2020 (Wednesday)
Last date for receipt of comments from SEBI on the Draft Letter of Offer (in the event SEBI has not sought clarification or additional information from the Manager to the Offer)	August 12, 2020 (Wednesday)	September 11, 2020 (Friday)@
Identified Date#	August 14, 2020 (Friday)	September 11, 2020 (Friday)
Last date for dispatch of the Letter of Offer to the Public Shareholders, whose name appears on the Register of Members on the Identified Date	August 21, 2020 (Friday)	September 18, 2020 (Friday)
Date of publication of the dispatch advertisement in accordance with the SEBI Relaxation Circulars	-	September 19, 2020 (Saturday)
Last date for upward revision of the Offer Price and/or Offer Size	August 26, 2020 (Wednesday)	September 23, 2020 (Wednesday)
Last date by which committee of independent directors of the Target Company shall give its recommendation to the Shareholders of the Target Company for this Offer	August 26, 2020 (Wednesday)	September 23, 2020 (Wednesday)
Date of publication of Offer opening public announcement, in the newspapers in which the DPS has been published	August 27, 2020 (Thursday)	September 24, 2020 (Thursday)
Date of commencement of the Tendering Period ("Offer Opening Date")	August 28, 2020 (Friday)	September 25, 2020 (Friday)
Date of closure of the Tendering Period ("Offer Closing Date")	September 10, 2020 (Thursday)	October 09, 2020 (Friday)
Last date of communicating the rejection/ acceptance and completion of payment of consideration or refund of shares to the shareholders of the Target Company	September 24, 2020 (Thursday)	October 23, 2020 (Friday)

@ Actual date of receipt of SEBI Comments, in terms of the proviso to regulation 16(4) of the SEBI (SAST) Regulations, 2011.

Note: Where last date is mentioned, such activity may happen on or before that date.

### FOR THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC SHAREHOLDERS OF THE TARGET COMPANY

The Open Offer is being implemented through the stock exchange mechanism as provided under the SEBI Circular No. CIR/CFD/POLCYCELL/1/2015 dated April 13, 2015 and CFD/DCR2/CIR/P/2016/131 dated December 09, 2016 issued by SEBI. The Acquirer and PAC have selected BSE as the Designated Stock Exchange for this mechanism (in the form of a separate acquisition window) and has appointed Ashika Stock Broking Limited ("Buying Broker") for the Open Offer through whom the purchases and settlement of the Open Offer shall be made during the Tendering Period. The detailed procedure for tendering of Shares is given under the section titled 'Procedure for Acceptance and Settlement of the Offer' of the Letter of Offer.

The Acquirer, the PAC and its Directors accept full responsibility, jointly and severally, for the information contained in this Offer Opening Public Announcement cum Corrigendum. The Acquirer and PAC accept full responsibility for the obligations under the Offer and shall be liable for ensuring compliance with the SEBI (SAST) Regulations, 2011.

A copy of this Offer Opening Public Announcement cum Corrigendum is expected to be available on SEBI's website at [www.sebi.gov.in](http://www.sebi.gov.in).

**Issued by Manager to the Offer:**

**ASHIKA CAPITAL LIMITED**  
(CIN: U30009WB2000PLC091674)

1008, 10<sup>th</sup> Floor, Raheja Centre, 214, Nariman Point, Mumbai-400021.

Tel: +91-22-66111700; Fax: +91-22-66111710; E-mail: mbd@ashikagroup.com

SEBI Registration Number: INM000010536; Validity of Registration: Permanent

Contact Person: Mr. Narendra Kumar Gamini / Ms. Varshika Sarda

**For and on behalf of the Acquirer and PAC:**

**For Gayi Adi Management and Trends Private Limited**

Sd/- Authorised Signatory

Place: Hyderabad Date: September 23, 2020

(This is only an advertisement for information purposes and is not a prospectus announcement)



## G M POLYPLAST LIMITED

(Formerly known as "G. M. Polyplast Private Limited) | Corporate Identification Number: U25200MH2003PLC143299

Our Company was originally incorporated as G. M. Polyplast Private Limited on November 27, 2003 at Mumbai, Maharashtra as a Private Limited Company under the Companies Act, 1956 with the Registrar of Companies, Mumbai, Maharashtra. Subsequently, our Company was converted into Public Limited Company pursuant to Shareholders Resolution passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting of our Company held on July 06, 2020 and the name of our Company was changed to "G M Polyplast Limited" and a Fresh Certificate of Incorporation consequent upon conversion from Private Company to Public Company dated July 30, 2020 was issued by Registrar of Companies, Mumbai, being Corporate Identification Number U25200MH2003PLC143299.

Registered Office: A-66, New Empire Industrial Estate, Kondivita Road, Andheri East, Mumbai - 400059, Maharashtra, India  
Tel. No.: +91 - 022-2820 9552 | E-mail: info@gmpolyplast.com | Website: www.gmpolyplast.com

Contact Person: Ms. Dimple Amrit Parmar, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

**PROMOTERS OF OUR COMPANY: MR. DINESH BALBIRISINGH SHARMA AND MS. SARITA DINESH SHARMA**

&lt;p

## POSSESSION NOTICE DCB BANK

Undersigned the Authorised Officer of the DCB Bank Limited, under the Securitization and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act 2002 and in exercise of powers conferred under section 13(2) read with rule 3 of the Security Interest (Enforcement) Rules, 2002 issued demand notice under section 13(2) of the said Act, 2002, calling upon the borrowers / co-borrowers as mentioned in column no. 3 to repay the amount mentioned in the said Demand Notice within 60 days from the date of receipt of the said notice.

The borrowers and co-borrowers having failed to repay the amount as mentioned in column no. 6, notice is hereby given to them and the public in general that the undersigned has taken possession of the property as described herein below in column no. 4 in exercise of powers conferred on him under section 13(4) of the said Act read with the Rule 8 of the said Rules

Sr. No.	Loan Account	Borrower / Co-borrower	Date of Demand Notice	Amount Demanded
1	DRBLDE00463692	Madan Gopal/ Prakash Chand/ Saroj Devi / Nand Lal	11-07-2019	INR 90,74,428/-

Date of Possession: 21-09-2020

Description of Secured Assets: DH 5/327 and MCF No. 145/159/152 Ward No. 8 Banawara, Distt Ballabgarh, Faridabad Haryana - 121004

The borrowers in particular and the public in general are hereby cautioned not to deal with the aforesaid property and any dealing with the said property will be subject to the charge of the DCB Bank Limited for the amount mentioned therein and further interest and cost thereon.

Date : Authorised Officer  
Place : Faridabad DCB Bank Limited

## INDO GULF INDUSTRIES LIMITED

4237/I,11th Floor, Narendra Bhawan, 1, Ansari Road,Daryaganj, New Delhi-110002

CIN:L7490DL981PLC011425

Website : www.indogulfind.com, Email-r.jeadoc@gmail.com

Extract of Audited Standalone Financial Results for the Quarter and Year Ended 30/06/2020 Regulation 47(1)(b) of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015

(Rs. In Lacs)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Quarter Ended 30.06.2020	Quarter Ended 30.06.2019 (Audited)
1)	Total Income from operations	1,101.49	1,077.79
2)	Net Profit/(loss) for the period (before tax and exceptional items)	12.66	(103.65)
3)	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period before tax (after exceptional items)	12.66	(103.65)
4)	Net Profit/(Loss) for the period after tax (after exceptional items)	12.66	(105.04)
5)	Total Comprehensive Income for the period (comprising Profit/(loss) for the period (after tax) and Other Comprehensive Income (after tax))	12.66	95.67
6)	Equity Share Capital	95.67	95.67
7)	Reserves (excluding Revaluation Reserve) as shown in the audited Balance Sheet of the Previous year	-	-
8)	Earnings per share (of Rs. 1/- each): a) Basic (Rs.) b) Diluted (Rs.)	0.13 0.13	(1.10) (1.10)

Notes :  
1) The above is an extract of the detailed format of Annual Financial Results with the Stock Exchanges under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 The full format of the Annual Financial Results are available on the Stock Exchange website i.e. www.bseindia.com and on the Company's website i.e. www.indogulfind.com

2) The Standalone financial results of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian accounting Standards) Rules,2015 as amended by the Companies, (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules,2016. The Company has adopted Ind AS from 1st April, 2016, with a transition date of 1st April, 2015 and accordingly these results (including for period ended 31st December, 2016 presented in accordance with Ind AS 101.

For and on behalf of  
Indo Gulf Industries Limited

Sd/-  
Rajesh Jain  
Director

DIN : 01200502

## ABM INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

Registered Office: 10/60, Industrial Area, Kirti Nagar, New Delhi-110015

Tel: 011- 41426055 Website: www.abminitl.in

E-mail: vgkand@abminitl.in CIN: L51909DL1983PLC015585

## NOTICE

(For the attention of Equity Shareholders of the Company)

Sub: Transfer of Unpaid or Uncclaimed Equity Shares of the Company to Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) Demat Account

NOTICE is hereby given to the members pursuant to section 124(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 6 of Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit Transfer and Refund) Rules 2016, as amended (the Rules).

In terms of section 124(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rules, all dividends remaining unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven years from date of transfer to unpaid Dividend Account are required to be transferred by the Company to the Investor Education Fund (IEPF), Authority established by the Central Government.

Shareholders are requested to note that the dividend declared for the financial year 2012-2013, which remained unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven years will be due to be credited to the IEPF in 01st November, 2020. The corresponding shares on which dividend remains unpaid or unclaimed for seven consecutive years will also get due to be transferred as per the procedure set out in the Rules. The details of such shares liable to be transferred to IEPF are also made available on the website of the Company at: www.abminitl.in

In view of the COVID-19 pandemic in India, there is a possibility that the individual notice to the shareholders who have not claimed their dividend for seven consecutive years or more in terms of the said Rule may not be received by them. At the same time, the company is making all efforts to dispatch the notices to the shareholders physically or by email.

The borrower's attention is invited to provisions of sub-section (8) of section 13 of the Act, in respect of time available, to redeem the secured assets. Details of Property taken in possession are herein below

To the registered shareholders of the Company:

Whereas, the undersigned being the Authorized Officer of Magma Housing Finance of above Corporate office under the Securitisation and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002 (hereinafter referred as the "said Act") and in exercise of the powers conferred under Section 13 (12) of the said Act read with Rule 3 of the Security Interest (Enforcement) Rules 2002, issued a demand notice below dated calling upon the below Borrowers to repay the amount mentioned in the notice within 60 days from the date of receipt of the said notice.

The borrowers having failed to repay the amount, notice is hereby given to the borrowers and the public in general that the undersigned has taken symbolic possession of the property described herein below in exercise of powers conferred on him/her under Section 13 (4) of the said Act read with Rule 8 of the said rules of the Security Interest Enforcement Rules 2002 on this 18th day of September of the year 2020.

The borrowers in particular and the public in general are hereby cautioned not to deal with the property and any dealings with the property will be subject to the charge of Magma Housing Finance for the amount and interest thereon.

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## FINANCIAL EXPRESS

## DELI RIOTS

# SC directs no coercive action to be taken against Facebook India head till Oct 15

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA  
New Delhi, September 23



**THE SUPREME COURT** on Wednesday directed a Delhi Legislative Assembly panel not to take coercive action against Facebook India VP and MD Ajit Mohan till October 15 in connection with a summon asking him to depose before it with regard to north east Delhi riots.

Delhi Assembly's peace and harmony committee had issued a notice to Facebook India vice president and managing director in connection with complaints accusing the social media giant of deliberately not taking action to curb hateful content on its platform.

A bench of justices Sanjay Kishan Kaul, Aniruddha Bose and Krishna Murari issued notices to the secretary of the Legislative Assembly, the ministries of law and justice, home affairs, electronics and IT, Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha, represented by the secretary general, and Delhi Police, asking them to respond to the plea.

"Counter affidavit will be filed within one week. Rejoinder affidavit will be filed within one week thereafter," the bench said. It orally observed that "no coercive action shall be taken against the petitioner till October 15."

The apex court noted that the only purpose of serving notice to Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha is because in the perception of the petitioner's lawyer there may be some interplay of the powers of the Delhi Assembly and the secretariat in question.

The apex court's order came on the plea filed by Mohan, Facebook India Online Services and Facebook, which contended that the committee lacks the power to summon or hold petitioners in breach of its privileges for failing to appear and it was exceeding its constitutional limits.

They challenged the September 10 and 18 notices issued by the committee that sought Mohan's presence before the panel which is probing the Delhi riots in February and FB's role in spread of alleged hate speeches.

Senior advocate Harish Salve, appearing for Mohan, submitted that committee cannot decide the breach of privilege of the house and administrative control over social media is with the Central government.

"Privilege is something to be decided by the Assembly. A committee cannot decide whether

The top court noted the submission of senior advocate AM Singhvi, appearing for the legislative committee, that the meeting scheduled for today already stands deferred and no further meeting will be fixed qua the petitioners till the next date.

However, Singhvi submitted that it is not proper for the court to stay the proceedings in

the matter.

"I have sought instructions from the Committee that Mohan has been asked (to appear) only as a witness and there is no question of coercive action," Singhvi said.

The petition by Mohan said "the committee seeks to compel petitioner No. 1 (Ajit Mohan) to provide testimony

on subjects within the exclusive domain of the Union of India. Specifically, the Committee is seeking to make a "determination of the veracity of allegations levelled against Facebook" in the Delhi riots, which intrudes into subjects exclusively allocated to the Union of India."

action on privilege can be taken or not," Salve said, adding that the Delhi government could not put Mohan "in the pain of punishment" by asking him to appear before the Committee.

The senior advocate submitted that Mohan has the fundamental right not to speak under Article 19(1)(a) of the Constitution and being an employee of a US-based company he does not want to comment on this "politically sensitive issue."

"Issue is very sensitive and has political overtones. I don't want to comment on the issue which has the political overtones," Salve said.

He said that no coercive action can be taken against his client for not appearing before the Committee.

Senior advocate Mukul Rohatgi, appearing for Facebook, argued that if he (Mohan) does not go before the Committee, it is not breach of privilege.

"I personally as a lawyer have been called by Parliament for giving opinions number of times. You cannot compel and say non-appearance will be breach of privilege. There is no penalisation," he said.

The apex court noted that the only purpose of serving notice to Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha is because in the perception of the petitioner's lawyer there may be some interplay of the powers of the Delhi Assembly and the secretariat in question.

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"Privilege is something to be decided by the Assembly. A committee cannot decide whether

any kind of their act."

S. K. Chaudhary (Advocate)

Ch. No. E-307, 3rd Floor,

Lalita Park, Laxmi Nagar,

Dehi-110092 Mob. No. 9310466556

Place : New Delhi Date : 22.09.2020

For Brahmaputra Infrastructure Limited Sd/- Vivek Malhotra AGM Finance & Company Secretary

Notice

Notice is hereby given in terms of the provisions of Section 110 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Rule 22 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 ("the Rules") (including any statutory modification(s), clarification(s), substitution(s) or re-enactments thereof for the time being in force) and Regulation 44 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended (the "Listing Regulations") and in accordance with the guidelines prescribed by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA"), that the resolution appended below is proposed to be passed by the Members of M/s Brahmaputra Infrastructure Limited ("the Company") through postal ballot.

3. Resolution Summary

1. Re-classification of Mr. Suresh Kumar Prithani from 'promoter' category to 'public' category.

2. Re-classification of Suresh Kumar Prithani & HUF from 'promoter' category to 'public' category.

3. Re-classification of Mrs. Shobna Prithani from 'promoter' category to 'public' category.

Voting rights shall be reckoned on the Paid up value of equity shares registered in the name of members as on Friday, September 11, 2020 i.e. Cut off date. A person who is not a Member on the Cut-off Date should treat this Notice for information purpose only.

The Board of Directors of the Company has in compliance with the said Rules, appointed Mr. Sachin Kumar Shrivastav, Company Secretary in Whole Time Practice (Membership No. ACS : 55362 / CP : 21647) as the Scrutinizer for conducting the postal ballot and e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner. Further, the Company has engaged Link Intime India Private Limited ("LIILP") to provide e-Voting facility to the Equity Shareholders of the Company.

Voting period for Postal Ballot / E-voting will commence from Friday, 25th September, 2020 at 10.00 am (IST) and will end on Saturday, 24th October, 2020 at 5.00 pm (IST).

Any members who does not receive the Postal Ballot or any of the Shareholder whose id is not registered may contact Mr. Swapnil, Asst. Vice President, Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd., Noble Heights, 1st floor, Plot No. NH-2, C-1 Block, LSC, Near Savitri Market, Janakpuri, New Delhi - 110058, Phone: 011-41410592/93/94 & swapnil@linkintime.co.in, or Mr. Vivek Malhotra, AGM Finance & Company Secretary, at the Register Office of the Company at A-7, Mahipalpur Brahmaputra House, New Delhi, 110037, tel: 011-42290200, E-mail ID: cs@brahmaputragroup.com, for any grievances connected with voting by postal ballot including voting by electronic means.

The results of the Voting ( along with the Scrutinizer report ) will be announced by Chairman/ Whole Time Director of the Company on or before Monday 26th October 2020 at the Registered Office of the Company and will also displayed on the Website of the Company www.brahmaputragroup.com besides being Communicated to the Stock Exchange, Depositories and Registrar and Share transfer agent.

For Brahmaputra Infrastructure Limited Sd/- Vivek Malhotra AGM Finance & Company Secretary

Place : New Delhi Date : 22.09.2020

For Brahmaputra Infrastructure Limited Sd/- Vivek Malhotra AGM Finance & Company Secretary

Notice

Notice is hereby given in terms of the provisions of Section 110 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Rule 22 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 ("the Rules") (including any statutory modification(s), clarification(s), substitution(s) or re-enactments thereof for the time being in force) and Regulation 44 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended (the "Listing Regulations") and in accordance with the guidelines prescribed by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA"), that the resolution appended below is proposed to be passed by the Members of M/s Brahmaputra Infrastructure Limited ("the Company") through postal ballot.

3. Resolution Summary

1. Re-classification of Mr. Suresh Kumar Prithani from 'promoter' category to 'public' category.

2. Re-classification of Suresh Kumar Prithani & HUF from 'promoter' category to 'public' category.

3. Re-classification of Mrs. Shobna Prithani from 'promoter' category to 'public' category.

Voting rights shall be reckoned on the Paid up value of equity shares registered in the name of members as on Friday, September 11, 2020 i.e. Cut off date. A person who is not a Member on the Cut-off Date should treat this Notice for information purpose only.

The Board of Directors of the Company has in compliance with the said Rules, appointed Mr. Sachin Kumar Shrivastav, Company Secretary in Whole Time Practice (Membership No. ACS : 55362 / CP : 21647) as the Scrutinizer for conducting the postal ballot and e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner. Further, the Company has engaged Link Intime India Private Limited ("LIILP") to provide e-Voting facility to the Equity Shareholders of the Company.

Voting period for Postal Ballot / E-voting will commence from Friday, 25th September, 2020 at 10.00 am (IST) and will end on Saturday, 24th October, 2020 at 5.00 pm (IST).

Any members who does not receive the Postal Ballot or any of the Shareholder whose id is not registered may contact Mr. Swapnil, Asst. Vice President, Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd., Noble Heights, 1st floor, Plot No. NH-2, C-1 Block, LSC, Near Savitri Market, Janakpuri, New Delhi - 110058, Phone: 011-41410592/93/94 & swapnil@linkintime.co.in, or Mr. Vivek Malhotra, AGM Finance & Company Secretary, at the Register Office of the Company at A-7, Mahipalpur Brahmaputra House, New Delhi, 110037, tel: 011-42290200, E-mail ID: cs@brahmaputragroup.com, for any grievances connected with voting by postal ballot including voting by electronic means.

The results of the Voting ( along with the Scrutinizer report ) will be announced by Chairman/ Whole Time Director of the Company on or before Monday 26th October 2020 at the Registered Office of the Company and will also displayed on the Website of the Company www.brahmaputragroup.com besides being Communicated to the Stock Exchange, Depositories and Registrar and Share transfer agent.

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**TOP VACANCY**

# Trump-appointed justice could signal major Supreme Court shift on abortion

**The landmark 1973 Roe v. Wade decision had legalised abortion**

**REUTERS**  
Washington, September 23

**WITH PRESIDENT DONALD TRUMP** poised to nominate a US Supreme Court justice to fill the vacancy created by the death of liberal icon Ruth Bader Ginsburg, a new 6-3 conservative majority could be emboldened to roll back abortion rights.

The ultimate objective for US conservative activists for decades has been to overturn the landmark 1973 Roe v. Wade decision that legalised abortion nationwide. But short of that, there are other options the court has in curtailing abortion rights.

Republican-led states including Ohio, Georgia, Missouri, Arkansas and Alabama have passed a variety of abortion restrictions in recent years. Some that seek to ban abortion at an early stage of pregnancy are still being litigated.

The leadership of the Republican-controlled Senate

gated in lower courts and could reach the justices relatively soon.

Abortion is one of the most divisive issues in the United States. Conservative opposition to it has been a driving force behind Republicans, including Trump, making a high priority of judicial appointments in recent years.

"Roe v. Wade is on the line in a way it never has been before," said Julie Rikelman, a lawyer with the Center for Reproductive Rights, which regularly challenges abortion restrictions.

Even if Roe is not overturned, "we could be in a situation where the court is upholding even more restrictions on abortion," Rikelman added.

Trump has said he intends to announce his nomination on Saturday, with conservative appeals court judges Amy Coney Barrett and Barbara Lagoa considered the frontrunners to be named to succeed Ginsburg, who was a strong defender of abortion rights. Ginsburg died on Friday at age 87.

The leadership of the Republican-controlled Senate



is poised to move forward with the nomination even as Trump seeks re-election on Nov. 3.

Even though the court had a 5-4 conservative majority before Ginsburg's death, some activists on the right were concerned about Chief Justice John Roberts' incremental approach.

Roberts angered conservatives by siding with the court's liberals in June when the court ruled 5-4 to strike down a Louisiana abortion restriction involving a requirement imposed on doctors who perform the procedure.

Roberts, who wrote a separate opinion explaining his views, signaled he may back

other abortion restrictions in future cases but said he felt compelled to strike down Louisiana's law because the justices just four years earlier had invalidated a similar law in Texas.

Trump vowed during the 2016 presidential campaign to appoint justices who would overturn Roe v. Wade. He already has appointed conservatives Neil Gorsuch and Brett Kavanaugh to the court. Both voted to uphold the Louisiana law. Anti-abortion groups are pushing for Trump to pick Barrett, a conservative Roman Catholic who he appointed to the Chicago-based 7th US Circuit Court of Appeals in 2017.

Although she has not yet ruled directly on abortion as a judge, Barrett has twice signaled opposition to rulings that struck down abortion-related restrictions.

Abortion rights activists have voiced concern that Barrett would vote to overturn Roe v. Wade. Broadly speaking, Republican-controlled states have enacted two types of abortion laws: measures that would impose burdensome regulations on abortion providers and those that would ban abortions during the early stages of pregnancy.

The latter laws in particular directly challenge Roe v. Wade and a subsequent 1992 ruling that upheld it. Those two rulings made clear that women have a constitutional right to obtain an abortion at least up until the point when the fetus is viable outside the womb, usually around 24 weeks or soon after. Legal challenges to laws recently enacted in conservative states that directly challenge the Roe precedent by banning abortion outright or in early stages of pregnancy are still being litigated in lower courts.

# China threatens to kill TikTok deal over 'dirty' Trump tactics

**BLOOMBERG**  
September 23

**JUST A FEW** days ago, the TikTok deal looked like a win for China. Now its state-run media are denouncing it as "an American trap" and a "dirty and underhanded trick."

The quick shift in sentiment shows the complications of concluding an agreement that is about much more than finding a proper valuation for an addictive video app that has enthralled teenagers around the world. It also has big ramifications for how the world's biggest economies handle security threats related to new technologies that will drive growth over the next few decades.

For China, the political stakes are similar to the marathon trade talks that ended with a phase-one deal in January. Any agreement that makes it look like the Trump administration forced China's hand could hurt President Xi Jinping, who has repeatedly hailed the Communist Party's emergence as a great power in contrast to the humiliations suffered under colonial powers centuries ago.

"Beijing basically doesn't want to set a precedent where the US can be allowed to uni-



laterally flex in this way," said Kendra Schaefer, head of digital research at the Trivium consultancy in Beijing. "Having some role to play in the decision balances things out a bit."

Over the weekend, Oracle Corp and Walmart Inc agreed to take 20% of a new US-based entity called TikTok Global that would ringfence the app's international operations and data, said to be worth up to \$60 billion. ByteDance, which owns TikTok, "It's going to be controlled, totally controlled by Oracle, and I guess they're going public and they're buying out the rest of it -- they're buying out a lot, and if we find that they don't have total control then we're not going to approve the deal."

On Wednesday, two of China's most prominent state-backed media mouthpieces denounced the deal.

"What the United States has done to TikTok is almost the same as a gangster forcing an unreasonable and unfair business deal on a legitimate company," the state-run China Daily wrote in a Wednesday opinion piece. Hu from the Global Times tweeted that Beijing likely wouldn't approve the current agreement.

# China blasts US House bill, denies forced labour in Xinjiang



**ASSOCIATED PRESS**  
Beijing, September 23

**CHINA ON TUESDAY** lashed out at the passage of a bill by the US House of Representatives that threatens sanctions over the alleged use of forced labour in China's Xinjiang region, calling the accusation a lie.

Foreign ministry spokesman Wang Wenbin said the bill "maliciously slandered the human rights situation in Xinjiang" and sought to curb development and progress in the region while stirring up ethnic divisions and interfering in China's internal affairs.

"The so-called problem of forced labour is totally a lie fabricated by some organizations and personnel in the United States and the West," Wang told reporters at a daily briefing.

The House voted 406-3 to declare that any goods produced in Xinjiang are presumptively made with the forced labour of detained Uighurs and other ethnic minorities, and therefore banned from being imported to the US

The US House voted 406-3 to declare that any goods produced in Xinjiang are presumptively made with the forced labour of detained Uighurs and other ethnic minorities, and therefore banned from being imported to the US

the measure is needed to press China to stop a campaign that has resulted in the detention of more than 1 million Uighurs and other predominantly Muslim ethnic groups under brutal conditions.

Some companies and trade groups oppose a Xinjiang-wide declaration because it puts the burden on private enterprises to ensure that an often complex global supply chain is free of materials that have been produced with forced labour.

The US has banned imports made with forced labour since 1930 to ensure fair trade. Enforcement has increased in recent years and US Customs and Border Protection has blocked shipments by eight companies and entities operating in Xinjiang over the past year. The bill passed Tuesday would go further, shifting the burden to any company that operates in Xinjiang or buys goods from there to prove their goods are not tainted.

Members of Congress say

# Retirees kept apart by Covid defy an isolated, lonely future

**BLOOMBERG**  
SEPTEMBER 23

**FOR YEARS, THE** Phoenix coffee house on Lee Road was a haven for a group of old friends in Cleveland Heights, Ohio. It started when they were working, continued after they retired. They showed up every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8 a.m., told jokes and talked politics. They got out of the house.

Then came Covid-19. After meeting three days a week, many of them for 30 years, the Phoenix Phellows - as they call themselves - are largely stuck at home and fighting the strains of isolation even as their Cleveland suburb begins to reopen.

"If a list was made of who was going to still be inside in September, it was always going to be us," said Art Brooks, a retired real-estate lawyer. "Even if things are better in January, forget us. We're still going to be locked away because we're the ones most vulnerable."

As Covid-19's US death toll tops 200,000, the virus' fatal toll on the elderly has been well documented. Tens of thou-



sands have died in nursing homes and assisted-living facilities. The Phoenix Phellows reveal the hidden cost, one paid by retirees still living at home who were suddenly severed from active and fulfilling lives.

The pandemic disrupted routines that had animated their post-work years, separating them from friends and family, killing travel plans and putting off-limits the places that once got them out of the house: museums, restaurants, community centres, movie theatres and public libraries as well as the odd coffee house.

Such activities help older adults live longer and stay healthier and happier, according to the National Institute on Aging.

Social isolation can have the opposite effects, making seniors more vulnerable to a host of maladies, including heart disease, depression and cognitive decline.

Active seniors have largely been excluded from the discussion about reopening the economy and left to fend for themselves, structuring their own strategies to avoid risk.

At times, even President Donald Trump seems to have brushed off their susceptibility. "It affects elderly people, elderly people with heart problems and other problems," he said at an Ohio rally on Monday before quickly moving on.

"Take your hat off to the young, because they have a hell of an immune system. But it affects virtually nobody."

The virus has exposed the US's biases, according to Ashton Applewhite, 68, the author of "This Chair Rocks, A Manifesto Against Ageism." She said Americans would have confronted the pandemic earlier if the young had been dying at the same rate as nursing-home residents did. "Older people would be dying of Covid no matter what, but not in these numbers."

itan authorities.

The pandemic, which has infected millions worldwide, has cast a shadow over the viability of next year's Games, even as Japan's new Prime Minister Yoshihide Suga has emphasised their importance.

Earlier on Wednesday, Suga spoke to International Olympic Committee President Thomas Bach by phone and had a discussion about holding a successful Games. Suga promised to cooperate closely on holding a safe event for athletes and spectators, his office said.

In the draft plan, Tokyo organisers also proposed to limit travel within Japan for athletes, who would register all domestic travel routes and would be transported to towns hosting national delegations in dedicated vehicles.

Williams must also make a quick switch from hard court to clay, after an Achilles injury kept her out of the Rome event.

She has come close to winning a 24th major on several occasions, reaching the finals in four since she returned from maternity leave in 2018 but

coming up short each time.

Her most recent bid ended at the hands of her long-time rival Azarenka, who triumphed after taming early nerves in a three-set US Open battle earlier this month. Azarenka went on to lose in the final to Japan's Osaka.

Speaking to reporters at Flushing Meadows, Williams had said she tried to embrace the pressure of chasing records.

"As Billie Jean King said, 'Pressure is a privilege'. So I wouldn't want it any other way," said Williams, who will be 39 when the French Open women's singles main draw begins.

"So I just try to think about

are, but we want to prove it."

HIV/AIDS crisis.

"When you talk about the concentrated explosion of a pandemic that essentially can involve virtually anybody and everybody on the planet," he said.

And because the shots were paid for by the US government, they will be available for free, he added.

Though there may be costs to administer a vaccine, that should not be something that gets in the way of poor people receiving it," Fauci said.

When the shots are shown to be safe and effective, "we want to be able to say with confidence that they are safe and effective in all demographic groups," Fauci said. "You can make an assumption that they

are, but we want to prove it."

Once a vaccine is available, minorities will likely be in a priority group to receive it, he said.

And because the shots were paid for by the US government, they will be available for free, he added.

Though there may be costs to administer a vaccine, that should not be something that gets in the way of poor people receiving it," Fauci said.

Fauci also sketched out a realistic timeline for a vaccine during his interview, and talked about safeguards that should insulate the vaccine approval process from political pressure. Here's what he had to say.

Olympics: Japan to require Covid test for athletes

**REUTERS**  
Tokyo, September 23

**ORGANISERS OF NEXT** year's delayed Tokyo Olympics will require coronavirus tests of foreign athletes upon their arrival in Japan, but may not mandate a two-week quarantine period, according to draft measures released on Wednesday.

Japanese athletes and other participants living in Japan would face similar requirements when travelling to training camps and competition venues under the planned measures, which were released after a meeting between the Tokyo 2020 organising committee, the Japanese government and the Tokyo metropolitan government.

Citigroup vowed to become 'antiracist,' review internal policies

**BLOOMBERG**  
September 23

**CITIGROUP INC** will spend \$1 billion over the next three years on efforts to help close the racial wealth gap as it seeks to become an "antiracist institution."

More than half of the funds will go toward supporting homeownership for people of colour and affordable housing by minority developers, Citigroup said in a statement Wednesday.

The bank also earmarked \$350 million for procurement opportunities for Black-owned suppliers.

"We are in the midst of a national reckoning on race, and words are not enough," Chief Financial Officer Mark Mason, one of Wall Street's most senior Black executives, said in the statement. "We need awareness, education and action that drive results."

Citigroup research found that if the US could instantly end the most severe forms of economic discrimination against African Americans, it could give a \$5 trillion boost to gross domestic product over the next five years.

During the past 20 years, race-based inequalities shaved about \$16 trillion from GDP,

the New York-based firm estimated in a study released Tuesday.

Citigroup said it studied the costs of lost wages, fewer opportunities for higher education and less access to home and small-business loans.

"What this report underscores is that this tariff is levied on us all and, particularly in the US, that cost has a real and tangible impact on our country's

communications and legal partners it works with to ensure people of colour work on the bank's accounts.

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"Addressing racism and closing the racial wealth gap is the most critical challenge we face in creating a fair and inclusive society, and we know that more of the same won't do," Chief Executive Officer Michael Corbat said in the statement. "This is a moment to stand up and be counted, and Citi is committed to leading the way."

# FRENCH OPEN

## Williams embarks on latest quest for 24 majors

**REUTERS**  
September 23

**SERENA WILLIAMS' LATEST** quest to make history begins when the curtain rises on the French Open at Roland Garros next week.

While a Grand Slam brings enormous pressure for all, the weight of expectation is greater on Williams than anyone else in her sport, with speculation renewed as to whether she can equal Australian Margaret Court's record 24 major titles.

With world number one

and holder Ash Barty plus 2019 and 2020 US Open winners Bianca Andreescu and Naomi Osaka out of the tour



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coming up short each time.

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Speaking to reporters at Flushing Meadows, Williams had said she tried to embrace the pressure of chasing records.

"As Billie Jean King said, 'Pressure is a privilege'. So I wouldn't want it any other way," said Williams, who will be 39 when the French Open women's singles main draw begins.

"So I just try to think about

how fortunate I am to have been in this position, and honestly, to be Serena. It