

RENU KOHLI

The return of fiscal dominance will test inflation targeting

EDITORIAL

CJI's statements on marital rape, marriage as redressal for rape set a bad precedent

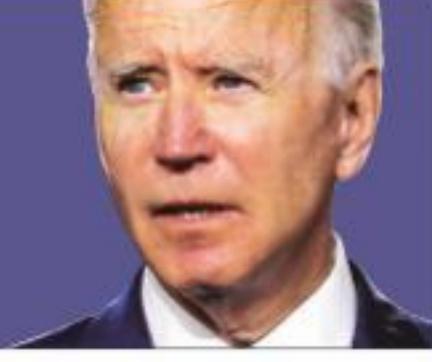
'MAKE IN INDIA'

Govt woos Tesla with cheaper production costs than China



ACTING TOUGH

US imposes sanctions on Russia over poisoning of Navalny



NEW DELHI, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3, 2021

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■ IN THE NEWS

63% UNSOLD

Spectrum sale fetches Centre ₹77,815 crore

Upfront payment by operators would be ₹27,000 crore; Jio biggest buyer

Total spectrum put on auction: 2308.80 MHz worth ₹3.92 lakh cr

TOTAL SPECTRUM SOLD: 855.60 MHz
TOTAL REVENUE: ₹77,814.80 cr

■ Upfront payment by operators in FY21: ₹20,000 cr
■ Upfront in FY22: ₹7,000 cr

Jio: ₹57,122.65 crore (488.35 MHz spectrum bought)

Bharti Airtel: ₹18,698.75 crore (355.45 MHz spectrum bought)

Vodafone Idea: ₹1,993.40 crore (11.80 MHz spectrum bought)

No bids for 700 MHz and 2500 MHz

AUCTIONS FOR TELECOM airways concluded on Tuesday with operators committing to buy a total of 855.60 MHz of spectrum worth ₹77,814.80 crore. The auctions were completed in the shortest time since the process started in 2010.

The government will receive an upfront amount of around ₹27,000 crore from the operators — ₹20,000 crore in FY21 and the remaining ₹7,000 crore in FY22 when some spectrum would be made available.

The government put up a brave front, saying the outcome was satisfactory given the pandemic and financial position of the industry and that the revenues were higher than its internal esti-

mate of around ₹45,000 crore. However, from objective accounts, what was sold was far less than what was put up for sale.

Continued on Page 2



CHAI PE CHARCHA

All India Congress Committee (AICC) general secretary Priyanka Gandhi Vadra during an interaction with tea workers at Sadhu tea garden in Biswanath, Assam, on Tuesday

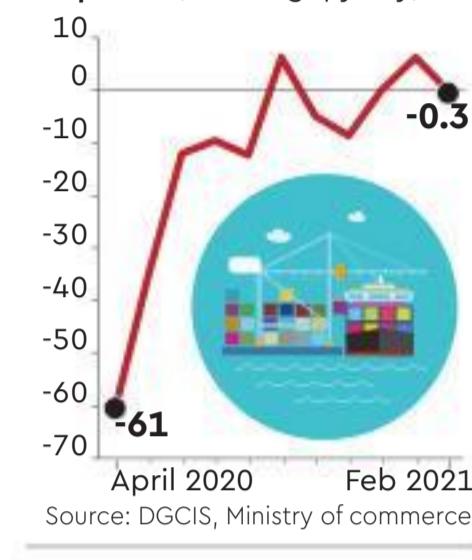
SLIGHT FALL

Export recovery hits a bump in February

FE BUREAU
New Delhi, March 2

HAVING GROWN AT the fastest pace in 22 months in January, merchandise exports slipped again in February, though marginally, continuing its roller-coaster ride in the aftermath of the Covid-19 pandemic.

Of course, growth in exports (year-on-year) may accelerate again in the coming months but that would be driven more by an ultra-favourable base effect than any meaningful recovery. Exports had crashed between March and May 2020, as the govern-



ment was forced to impose a stringent lockdown to battle the pandemic.

Continued on Page 2

SC RULING

Payments to non-resident firms for software not taxable as royalty

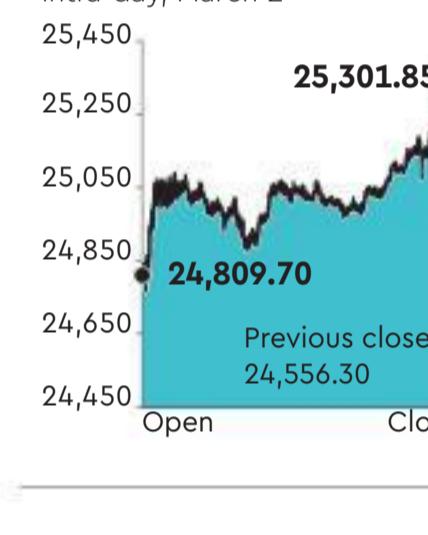
INDU BHAN
New Delhi, March 2

THE SUPREME COURT on Tuesday ruled that payments made to non-residents for software purchase can't be taxed as royalty, setting at rest a long-standing row. This means tax liability of foreign software seller without a permanent establishment in India would reduce to the 2% equalisation levy introduced via Finance Act 2020, from the 10% royalty tax,

which the Indian buyer has hitherto been liable to withhold.

The ruling will lower the cost of software purchases for Indian firms as the overseas sellers may choose to lower prices, taking advantage of the tax relief. Software firms such as IBM India, Samsung Electronics, GE India, Hewlett Packard India, Mphasis and others, which import software for sale in India, are among the principal beneficiaries.

Continued on Page 2



Continued on Page 2

● MEET WITH PM

Firms to seek 'right price' for vaccines

PRASANTA SAHU
New Delhi, March 2

TOP EXECUTIVES OF vaccine manufacturers, including Serum Institute (SII) and Bharat Biotech, will meet Prime Minister Narendra Modi on Wednesday to seek doubling of the price at which the government procures the prophylactic products. They would also urge the PM against any ceiling on the vac-

cine price for the private sector, according to a person privy to the matter. Currently, the government procures the vaccines — Covishield and Covaxin — at a fixed price of ₹150 per dose.

"The government can procure at ₹300–400 per dose and order the quantity it requires on a priority basis," the person said.

Continued on Page 2

● COVID VACCINATION 2.0

Nearly 50 lakh register on Co-WIN portal

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, March 2

Cases rising again

(Daily infections, 5-day moving avg)



Mumbai 1,015
Feb 1, 2021 Mar 1, 2021

lakh beneficiaries above 60 or those aged 45-60 with comorbidities have received the first dose of Covid-19 vaccine till this afternoon.

The vaccination drive for those over 60 years of age and within the age bracket of 45-60 years with specified comorbidities began on March 1, and

the registration opened at 9 am Monday on the Co-WIN portal — cowin.gov.in.

In the first two phases so far, 1,48,55,073 Covid-19 vaccine doses have been administered in the country till 1 pm on Tuesday.

Continued on Page 2

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QuickPicks

PM says \$82 bn being invested in ports, invites global firms to join in

INDIA WILL invest \$82 billion or ₹6 lakh crore in port projects by 2035, raise share of clean renewable energy source in maritime sector, develop waterways, augment seaplane services and boost tourism around lighthouses, Prime Minister Narendra Modi said on Tuesday, urging global players to make India a "preferred investment destination". As many as 400 projects with investment potential to the tune of \$31 billion are ready for investors, who can be a part of India's growth trajectory, he said, inaugurating the Maritime India Summit. **PAGE 2**

Centre to raise about ₹662 crore from Ircon offer for sale

THE CENTRE will raise around ₹662 crore by selling up to 16% stake in Ircon International at a floor price of ₹88 per share via an offer for sale (OFS) on March 3-4, reports **fe Bureau** in New Delhi. "Offer for Sale in Ircon opens tomorrow for non retail investors. Day 2 for retail investors. Govt. would divest 10% equity with an additional 6% as green shoe option," the department of investment and public asset management (DIPAM) secretary Tuhin Kanta Pandey tweeted.

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Economy

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3, 2021



Quick View



Sanyal: Need to keep growth momentum

INDIAN ECONOMY IS recovering faster than expected and the government will spend on building infrastructure rather than boosting consumer demand artificially, principal economic advisor to the finance ministry Sanjeev Sanyal said on Tuesday.

India urges WTO to reach consensus on TRIPS waiver

India has urged WTO members to reach consensus on a proposal on waiver of certain provisions in a multilateral agreement on intellectual property to deal with Covid crisis, stating that one cannot continue to engage in endless discussions when millions of lives are lost. The agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights or TRIPS came into effect in January 1995.

Tax rationalisation for foreigners living in India: Forum

THE FOREIGN INVESTORS India Forum has urged the Centre to relax tax provisions for foreign nationals working in India and align them with similar provisions in countries like Singapore and China, in a bid to attract investment and encourage high-flying corporate executives and fund managers having overseas incomes to stay in India.

Power demand rises for sixth straight month in February

FE BUREAU
New Delhi, March 2

WITH THE SHARP rise in temperatures in northern India, the average daily power demand in the country increased 3.4% to 3.7 billion units (BUs) on year in February, offsetting the impact of lower demand recorded in Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, Kerala and Tamil Nadu.

On an absolute basis, the 104.7 BU of electricity consumption in February was 0.1% lower than last year, mainly because 2020 was a leap year.

February marked the sixth straight month to record an annual rise in electricity demand. Electricity usage in Gujarat, Punjab, Maharashtra and West Bengal, where industrial and commercial requirement comprise more than 40% of the demand, grew by 3.9%, 5.5%, 1% and 9.1%, respectively. Power supply in Tamil Nadu, Karnataka, Andhra Pradesh and Kerala fell 4.3%, 3.2, 1.2% and 0.4%, respectively,



compared with February 2020. Power consumption fell 8.5% y-o-y to 625.6 BU in H1FY21 as industrial and commercial activities remained muted amid lockdowns. Power consumption started increasing from September, and in October it was 1.2% higher than last year. However, the larger surge in

October also reflects the effect of a lower base, as power sales in October 2019 was exceptionally muted, down 12.8% y-o-y.

Moody's recently upgraded the outlook

for the Indian power

sector from 'negative' to 'stable' as the country recorded consecutive months of power generation growth y-o-y. In the first ten months of FY21, power generation growth declined 2.9% y-o-y, compared to the rating agency's earlier expectations of a 4.5% decline in FY21. Lower electricity volumes consumed by highly industrialised states in FY20 had dragged down India's annual demand growth to a six-year low of 1.3%.

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, March 2

THE MARITIME INDIA Vision-2030, a 10-year blueprint with the aim of overhauling the Indian maritime sector, envisages ₹3-lakh-crore investment in port projects that in turn promises to generate employment for 20 lakh people. Prime Minister Narendra Modi unveiled the Maritime India Vision 2030 on Tuesday while inaugurating the three-day Maritime India Summit 2021, participated by 24 nations.

"Maritime India Vision 2030 would involve an investment of over ₹3 lakh crore, which would generate more than 20 lakh jobs and unlock annual revenue potential for major ports worth over ₹20,000 crore," according to the ministry of ports, shipping and waterways' document.

As per the document, ₹1-1.25 lakh crore investments are planned in augmenting the infrastructure of major ports, which would help in creating 7-

10 lakh jobs. It envisages developing mega capacity ports in high potential areas of Gujarat, Maharashtra and Odisha-West Bengal Cluster at an investment of over ₹80,000 crore.

The government plans to

increase the transhipment volumes of Indian cargo at Indian ports from 25% in 2020 to more than 75% by 2030 by operationalisation of Vizhinjam port and development of Transshipment zone in Kanyakumari and Campbell Bay. Initiatives to enhance Ease of Doing Business are

planned under it which include implementing Enterprise Business System to simplify and digitise processes

across Major Ports by 2021, developing National Marine Logistics Portal to implement 100% paperless processes, including online payment and implementing unified ship e-registration portal.

"Port-led industrialisation would help realise a revenue of over ₹10,000 crore for major ports, while generating a cost savings of ₹20,000 crore," it said. It said shift from road/rail to coastal shipping could generate cost savings of ₹9,000-10,000 crore. It plans development of green sustainable ports with an aim to increase the share of renewable energy to over 60% by 2030 from current levels of less than 10%.

'Cess, surcharge share doubles to near 20% of central taxes in FY21'

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
Mumbai, March 2

THE SHARE OF cesses and surcharges in the gross tax revenue of the Centre has nearly doubled to 19.9% in 2020-21 from 10.4% in 2011-12, leading to the 15th Finance Commission to recommend a higher grant-in-aid and lower tax devolution to the states,

according to a report.

Under the existing Finance Commission (FC) framework, the cesses and surcharges collected by the

Centre are not part of the tax devolution. And, the massive spike in the same has forced the FC to suggest higher grant-in-aid to the states to compensate for the low growth in tax devolution which is pegged at 41%

during the operation of the 15th FC award, India Ratings said on Tuesday in the report.

The key reason for higher growth in grants-in-aid and lower growth in tax devolution to the states is the increase in the proportion of the central cess



and surcharges as they are not part of the tax devolution to the states, said the agency's principal economist Sunil Kumar Sinha. As a result, the transfer from the Centre to the states including non-finance commission transfers declined to 48.6% in 2019-20 from 53.4% in 2011-12, he said. The Centre is yet to accept the proposals

on grants to the states totalling ₹1.8 lakh crore, said the report.

According to the latest FC award, the share in central taxes has declined for eight states. Andhra Pradesh saw a decrease of 35 bps to 4.05%, Assam by 24 bps to 3.13%, Karnataka by 118 bps to 3.64% and Kerala by 60 bps to 1.93%, it added. Odisha saw a decline of 22 bps to 4.53%, Tamil Nadu by just 2 bps to 4.08%, Telangana by a sharp 40 bps to 2.10% and Uttar Pradesh by 27 bps to 17.94%. This makes Karnataka the biggest loser with a loss of 118 bps, followed by Kerala (60 bps) and Telangana (40 bps), the report said.

Goyal asks CWC to work on ways to reduce logistics cost, boost farmers' income

FE BUREAU
New Delhi, March 2

EXPRESSING CONCERN OVER the higher logistics cost in India, food and consumer affairs minister Piyush Goyal has asked public sector Central Warehousing Corporation (CWC) to provide comprehensive services like testing labs to reduce logistics cost and boost farmers' income.

He has also asked CWC, whose main business is storage of food grains, to modernise its facilities and increase the storage capacity by manifold at the earliest from current 130 lakh tonne to meet challenges of a growing farm sector and ensuring holistic storage solutions for the farmers.

Addressing the foundation day of the CWC, the minister

said that the logistics cost in India is 13-14% of the total value of the products as compared with 7-8% in many other countries. "The logistics cost has become competitive across the world," Goyal said adding, India becomes uncompetitive because of this reason and cheaper products from other countries flooded the country.

He asked top officials of CWC to set a target for exponential growth in the next five years. He also directed them to complete all the 177 projects, sanctioned since 2014, so that 14 lakh tonne of additional storage can be created.

Earlier, food secretary Sudhanshu Pandey said that announcement on asset monetization was an important aspect of FY22 Budget and CWC's "step by step approach

'We need to ensure start-ups are not afraid of failure'

START-UPS NEED TO be encouraged to experiment and ensure that they are not afraid of failure, commerce and industry minister Piyush Goyal on Tuesday said.

He said that so in some sense, failure also has its importance, particularly in research, innovation and invention.

"Our start-ups need to be

encouraged to experiment, to go beyond the run of the mill thinking. We need to ensure that our startups are not afraid of failure. I believe that the country should celebrate failure because it is only when somebody fails, he knows how not to do something," he said at CII's Global Bio India Startup Conclave.

— PTI



perhaps is no longer acceptable." He further said: "we want a big leap forward. Your (CWC) presence across 423 centres should now demonstrate that you can leverage over 3,500 acres of land parcel for mobilizing private sector invest-

ment, technology and best practices."

Pandey also advised CWC to select some clusters under the Operation Green scheme and provide a complete logistics chain and warehousing services to farmers by collaborating with

them as well as with the private sector. Finance Minister Nirmala Sitharaman had announced in her FY22 Budget speech that 22 perishable crops will be covered under Operation Green from current three — tomato, onion and potato.

Under the scheme, the government subsidises freight by 50% to transport the crops from producing region to consuming centres, besides disbursing assistance to build cold chain infrastructure.

The minister also said that the CWC should collaborate with the Bureau of Indian Standards (BIS) and Quality Control of India to provide "holistic solutions" at its warehouses. Goyal said the CWC should provide services such as measuring and testing facilities, which will not only boost the demand of warehouses but reduce the logistics cost, thereby benefitting both farmers and industry.

Complimenting CWC's contribution in the distribution of foodgrains during the Covid-19 pandemic, he said it is expected

to post a record turnover of ₹1,800-1900 crore this fiscal and also distribute a record dividend. The CWC achieved the highest ever turnover of ₹1,710 crore during 2019-20.

He said the CWC's warehouses should provide a safety net to farmers by providing storage facilities at a reasonable price and helping farmers in achieving better price realisation for their produce. The minister said that the CWC should fulfill the warehousing needs of the country through partnership with private sector enterprises.

Goyal said public and private sector firms should work together to improve efficiency and output. They must learn from each other. "Let's not limit our vision by any constraints whatsoever," he told the public sector company's officials.

From the Front Page

Export recovery hits a bump in February

Between June 2020 (when the lockdown curbs started to ease) and February, monthly exports have risen only three times from a year before (See the chart).

Exports dropped by 0.3% year on year in February to \$27.67 billion against a 6.2% rise in the previous month, showed the preliminary data released on Tuesday, indicating a bumpy road to recovery.

However, what comes as partial relief is that imports rose 7% on year in February to \$40.55 billion against 2% in the previous months, suggesting a gradual return of domestic demand that was battered by the pandemic. This may also augur well for import-sensitive exports segments, including gems and jewellery.

Trade deficit narrowed to \$12.88 billion in February from \$14.54 billion in the previous month but it's almost 27% higher from a year earlier.

Importantly, growth in core exports (excluding petroleum and gem and jewellery), which reflect the competitiveness of the economy, slowed to 5.8% in February from 13.4% in January. Growth in such imports eased only a tad to 7.4% in February from 7.5% in the previous month.

The data show the overall outbound shipments until January this fiscal remained 12.3% lower than a year earlier, while imports dropped at almost double the pace of 23.1%.

The products that witnessed impressive growth in exports in February included iron ore (16.8%), rice (30%) and drugs and pharmaceuticals (15%).

Imports of gold spiked by 124% on year in February to \$2,93 billion, while those of electronics jumped 38% to \$1.3 billion and chemicals by 38% to

63% unsold: Spectrum sale fetches Centre ₹77,815 crore

Consider the numbers. A total 2,308 MHz of spectrum was put on auction which, at the reserve price, was worth ₹3.92 lakh crore. This means that only 37% of airwaves were sold and two bands, 700 MHz and 2500 MHz, drew a blank. The 700 MHz had drawn a blank even in 2016 due to the high reserve price and the government now has no option but to write to the Trai to reduce the price.

Jio bought the maximum

spectrum, 488.35 MHz worth ₹57,122.65 crore and will pay ₹19,939 crore upfront. Bharti was next with 355.45 MHz for ₹18,698.75 crore and will pay around ₹7,000 crore upfront. Vodafone Idea bought the least, 11.80 MHz for a total amount of ₹1,993.40 crore. The spectrum bought and the amounts committed are on expected

lines as the maximum amount of spectrum coming up for renewal, later during the year, belongs to Jio. Also, Vodafone Idea being financially weak had submitted the lowest earnest money deposit. Operators need to pay 25% of the total bid amount for spectrum below 1 GHz like 800 MHz, 900 MHz, and 50% for above 1 GHz like 2300 MHz, 1800 MHz. The balance can be

paid in instalments spread over 16 years after a two-year moratorium.

In terms of mix, of the total 488.35 MHz spectrum bought by Jio, 74.60 MHz was in the 1800 MHz band, and 280 MHz was in the 2300 MHz band. Of the total 355.45 MHz bought by Bharti, the mix was as follows: 48.85 MHz in the 800 and 900 MHz bands; 86.6 MHz in the 2100 and 1800 MHz bands; and 220 MHz in the 2300 MHz band.

the states may be asked to foot part of the vaccination cost.

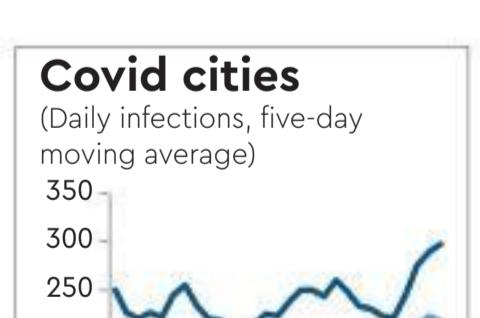
SC ruling: Payments to non-resident firms for software not taxable as royalty

Tax liability of foreign software supplier without Indian PE would reduce from 10% royalty tax to 2% equalisation levy

Ruling to lower cost of software induction for Indian firms across sectors as overseas software sellers might choose to cut rates, taking advantage of tax relief

Covid cities

(Daily infections, five-day moving average)



vaccine till now, they said.

As many as 2,08,791 people above 60 years of age and those aged 45-60 years with co-morbidities have taken the first dose of the vaccine, Union health secretary Rajesh Bhushan told the weekly press conference.

RS Sharma, the chairman of the empowered group (EG) on Covid-19 vaccine administration, said there were no glitches in the system.

Meet with PM: Firms to seek 'right price' for vaccines

"Vaccine makers can pro-

duce more and sell to the private hospitals and others at a price to be arrived at through negotiations. It is not sustainable for them (companies) to supply at ₹150 a dose. Price capping would demotivate the vaccine makers when what we need is augmented production of the vaccines to meet the needs of population," the person added.

Among others, SII CEO Adar Poonawalla, Bharat Biotech CMD Krishna Ella, Dr Reddy's Laboratories chairman Kallam Satish Reddy and Cadila Healthcare chairman Pankaj Ramanbhai Patel are scheduled to meet Modi on Wednesday.

The Centre has supplied two Covid-19 vaccines, Covishield of SII and Covaxin of Bharat Biotech, free of cost to the states/UTs to vaccinate health care workers and front line workers. These two vaccines have been rolled out from March 1 to cover the priority group — people above 60 years of age and those in the age group of 45 years to 59 years suffering from pre-specified co-morbidities.

Dr Reddy's Laboratories is in

COVID-19

Five states account for over 84% of total active infections

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, March 2

INDIA'S TOTAL COVID-19 active cases stand at 1.68 lakh with five states accounting for 84.16% of the active infections, while six states and UTs have a weekly positivity rate higher than the national average of 2%, the Union Health Ministry said on Tuesday.

Maharashtra and Kerala alone account for 67.84% of total active cases, it said. Six states and UTs including Maharashtra, Kerala, Goa, Chandigarh, Punjab and Gujarat have a weekly positivity rate higher than the national average of 2%. Maharashtra leads all the states with a weekly positivity rate of 10.02%, the ministry said.

India's total Covid-19 active caseload stands at 1,68,358 as the country added 12,286 new cases in a span of 24 hours. The country's present active case-load now consists of 1.51% of India's total infections.

The ministry said 80.33% of the new cases are from five states. Maharashtra continues to report the highest daily new

India exhibited capacity to innovate, make vaccines: WHO chief scientist

INDIA HAS SHOWN the capacity to be a global-scale manufacturer and also an innovator when it comes to coronavirus vaccines, World Health Organization's Chief Scientist Soumya Swaminathan said Monday.

Speaking at the Global Bio-India 2021, she opined that the fight against the coronavirus pandemic is at a very critical juncture now as cases have suddenly gone up, particularly in Europe and America. There are many uncertainties now, especially on the different variants of



the virus, she noted.

"India has shown the capacity to be a manufacturer at the global scale and also be an innovator when it came to vaccine development. There is a huge amount of scope to study the impact of vaccines, which needs to be thought-through by a very coordinated approach," she said. —PTI

cases at 6,397. It is followed by Kerala with 1,938 while Punjab reported 633 new cases.

The Centre is continuously engaging with the states and UTs manifesting higher case-load of active cases and those reporting a rise in the daily new Covid-19 cases. The ministry said.

Gadkari: Infra projects to boost tourism and create opportunities for MSMEs

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
Mumbai, March 2

the basis of a webinar held on Monday, was issued by Ficci on Tuesday.

The minister said the government's initiatives such as collateral-free automatic loans for business, including MSMEs, and ₹50,000-crore equity infusion through MSME Fund of Funds, which benefits companies with higher credit ratings, will generate tremendous business opportunities.

"The domestic tourist destinations, including hills, forests, and religious pilgrimage, will benefit from upcoming projects such as Char Dham Road, New Delhi-Dehradun Expressway, 22 Green Express Highways, and others. There's a huge potential for small hotel partners, agents to tap into this and look at expanding their offerings catering to the needs of tourists," he added.

"Industry players such as Ficci, OYO Hotels and Homes and IATO should take advantage of the government schemes to come together and support MSMEs," Gadkari was quoted as saying in a statement. The statement, on

CCTVs in ED, CBI, NIA offices: SC says govt dragging its feet

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, March 2

was representing the Centre. The apex court had on December 2 last year directed the Centre to install CCTV cameras and recording equipment at the offices of investigating agencies — the Central Bureau of Investigation, National Investigation Agency, Enforcement Directorate, Narcotics Control Bureau, Department of Revenue Intelligence, and any other agency which carries out interrogations, and has the power of arrest.

During the hearing conducted via video-conferencing on Tuesday, Mehta told the bench that adjournment has been sought as the matter may have ramifications. "This concerns the rights of citizens," the bench said, adding, "We are not accepting the excuses."

"We are getting a distinct impression that you are dragging your feet," the bench, also comprising Justices B R Gavai and Hrishikesh Roy, told Solicitor General Tushar Mehta who

Saradha scam: ED interrogates TMC's Ghosh for over 6 hours

THE CENTRAL BUREAU of Investigation (CBI) on Tuesday conducted search operations at several places in Uttar Pradesh and Madhya Pradesh in connection with an alleged illegal coal mining and transportation case in the Asansol-Raniganj belt of West Bengal, sources said.

The anti-corruption branch of the CBI raided premises of people in the two states, who it suspected have links with Anup Majee alias Lala, the prime accused in the case, sources in the investigating agency said.

Majee, the director of a company engaged in purchase and sale of the dry fuel, has been evading arrest. The CBI has also issued a look-out notice against him. —PTI

The Saradha group allegedly cheated thousands of depositors, promising abnormally high returns on investments in its illegal schemes. —PTI

India's fuel demand to rebound in 2021-22 with 10% growth

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, March 2

INDIA'S FUEL CONSUMPTION is likely to rise nearly 10% in the fiscal year beginning April 1, as a refloating economy drives petrol and diesel demand, according to Oil ministry's projections.

Petroleum product consumption in 2021-22 could hit 215.24 million tonnes, compared to the revised estimate of 195.94 million tonnes consumption of the current fiscal year ending March 31, the ministry's Petroleum Planning and Analysis Cell (PPAC) said.

This will be the fastest pace of fuel product consumption in six years.

As the economy rebounds from its worst contraction on record and industrial activity picks up, fuel consumption is projected to rise. An over two-month-long lockdown imposed to curb the spread of the Covid-19 pandemic had shrunk demand to less than half as most vehicles went off roads, trains stopped plying and airlines halted operations.

The reopening of the econ-



omy has brought demand back but diesel — the most consumed fuel in the country — is yet to reach pre-pandemic levels.

This, industry officials say, is mostly because of not all roads and trains operating at a lower capacity.

Two successive quarters of shrinking GDP saw fuel consumption drop by 13.5% during April-January period of the current fiscal year.

PPAC projected a 13.3% rise in petrol and diesel sales while jet fuel (ATF) consumption is seen rising 74%.

Cooking gas LPG demand is seen expanding 4.8% to 29 million tonne. Petrol sales are expected to climb to 31.3 million tonne in 2021-22 while diesel sales would grow to 83.67 million tonne.

Centre closing down departments systematically to ease regulations

FE BUREAU
Kolkata, March 2

IN A PRIVATISATION drive, the Centre is systematically shutting down government departments to get rid of absurd regulations that hamper while starting a new business or exiting from a business. "We are systematically shutting down departments (and) autonomous bodies," said Sanjeev Sanyal, principal economic advisor to the ministry of finance.

The government has already closed down bodies like Jute Advisory Board to remove 'patently absurd regulations' that are coming in the way of starting a new business or exiting from a business

casting a 14.5% GDP growth for FY22 of which 10% is real GDP and 4.5% is inflation. The IMF has projected India's GDP growth at 16% and Moody's even higher for FY22. The forecasts signal strong recovery post-pandemic with the recovery being possible for the government's denial to create any artificial demand by rolling out large stimulus like many other countries.

At an absolute lockdown situation, there was no point in creating artificial demand. Cash flows went into the system from October onwards. The government is focused on creating more assets laying emphasis on infrastructure buildings that would lead to create more jobs, Sanyal said.

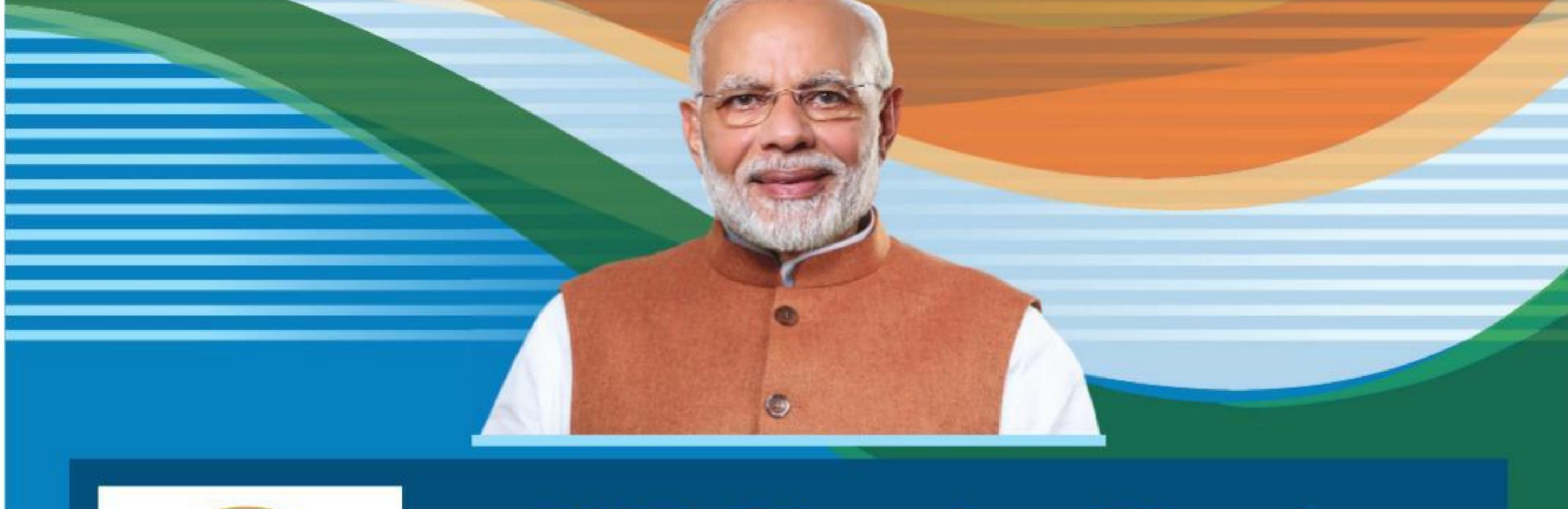
BOI STAR HOME LOAN
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better managed privately," Sanyal said at a session of the Bharat Chamber of Commerce.

But the government can create new PSUs and at present is working to put together the New Development Finance Institution (DFI), which would be 100% government-owned initially and later on get more stakeholders. It will look into the financing needs of the private sector. But disinvestment will be done on a case-to-case basis leaving it to the Dipam's prerogative.

"We are happy to support the private sector with lower capital cost and lower taxes," Sanyal said. But the private sector needs to get their animal spirit to get the mechanism of growth running, he added.

The Budget, he said, has been conservative in fore-



PHD Chamber Thanks Hon'ble Prime Minister Shri Narendra Modi ji for a growth stimulating Budget 2021-22

The Historic Budget has brought a string of positive surprises, considering the aspirations of all sections of the society for improvement of standards of living of the people, ease of doing business for the industry and welfare of the farmers.

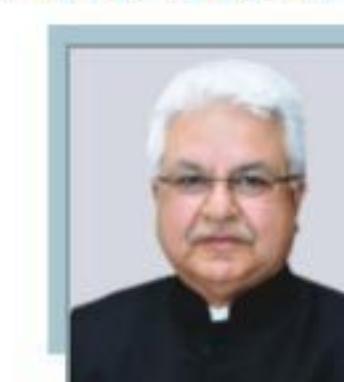
We are grateful to the Government for considering PHD Chamber's recommendations in the 'Budget 2021-22' on

- Reforms for encouraging private investments in the country including aggressive disinvestment strategy with proposed plan of privatization of two Public Sector Banks and one General Insurance company in the year 2021-22 along with the proposed IPO of LIC. Launch of National Monetisation Pipeline for disposal of surplus Government land and other assets through an SPV.
- Large scale infrastructure investments and expansion of National Infrastructure Pipeline, 26% increase in budget support for capital expenditure of Rs 5.54 crore in FY 22 and total capital expenditure of Rs 11.37 lakh crore in FY 22.
- Setting up a Development Finance Institution (DFI), with capitalization of Rs 20,000 crores and plan to lend at least Rs 5 lakh crores for infrastructure investments in the next three years.
- Strengthening of MSMEs by increased allocation of Rs 15,700 crores and revisions in custom duties in sectors such as iron and steel, textiles, chemicals, renewable energy and finished synthetic gemstones, amongst others.
- Reduction in cost of doing business, especially logistics cost, through planned dedicated freight corridor projects and a big boost to road transport and highways.
- Ease of doing exports through Mega Investment Textiles Parks (MITRA) scheme, enlarged scope of Operation Green Scheme, among others.
- Enhanced outlay for healthcare sector by 137% to Rs 2.23 lakh crore in FY 22 and launch of the PM AtmaNirbhar Swasth Bharat Yojana with an outlay of about Rs 64,180 crores over 6 years.
- In the affordable housing segment, the extension of tax sops to homebuyers and developers will create ample liquidity for both demand and supply sides.
- Development of social infrastructure through setting up of new schools and universities and enhanced emphasis on skill development would mobilize economic growth in the country.
- Enhanced allocation to Rural Infrastructure Development Fund from Rs 30,000 crores in FY 21 to Rs 40,000 crores in FY 22. Hike in agriculture credit Rs. 16.5 lakh crore in FY 22 for the welfare of farmers.

PHD Leadership



Mr. Sanjay Aggarwal
President,
PHD Chamber of Commerce and Industry



Mr. Pradeep Multani
Senior Vice President,
PHD Chamber of Commerce and Industry



Mr. Saket Dalmia
Vice President,
PHD Chamber of Commerce and Industry

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Companies

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3, 2021



LEADERSHIP TEAM

Kiran Mazumdar-Shaw, executive chairperson, Biocon With Dr Arun Chandavarkar taking over as managing director of Biocon Biologics, Shreehas Tambe as deputy CEO and Susheel as CCO, I believe we now have a strong leadership team to drive the future growth of our biosimilars business

Quick View

Tata Motors delivers 100 Safari units in Delhi-NCR in one day

TATA MOTORS ON Tuesday said it has delivered 100 units of the new Safari in Delhi/NCR in a single day. The majority of the customers have chosen the XZA+ trim, the auto major said in a statement. "We are elated to see the response coming in for the all-new Safari. The delivery of 100 Safaris on a single day is a proof of the same," Tata Motors Passenger Vehicles Business Unit zonal manager (North) Ritesh Khare said.

Swappable batteries consortium set up

JAPANESE AUTO MAJORS Honda and Yamaha along with European firms Piaggio & C SpA and KTM on Tuesday announced setting up of a 'swappable batteries consortium' for motorcycles and light electric vehicles (EVs). The aim of the consortium will be to define standardised technical specifications of swappable battery systems for vehicles belonging to the L-category -- mopeds, motorcycles, tricycles and quadricycles.

Lamborghini Urus crosses 100 units sales milestone

ITALIAN SUPER LUXURY car maker Lamborghini on Tuesday said its SUV Urus has crossed the 100 units sales milestone in India since its launch in India in September 2018. The model, which is priced from ₹3.15 crore (ex-showroom) onwards, has been the mainstay of the company in India ever since it hit the roads, contributing over 50% of sales.

GAIL issues tender to buy & sell LNG for April-May

GAIL (INDIA) HAS issued a tender seeking to buy two liquefied natural gas (LNG) cargoes for delivery into India and offering two cargoes for loading from the United States, two industry sources said. It is seeking one cargo for delivery into Dabhol LNG terminal over April 13 to 15 and another for Hazira LNG terminal over May 1 to 2, the sources said. GAIL is also offering two cargoes for loading from Cove Point LNG over April 20 to 22 and May 10 to 12. The tender closes on March 2, the sources said.

Apna.co raises \$12.5 m led by Sequoia Capital

APNA.CO, A PROFESSIONAL networking platform, on Tuesday said it has raised \$12.5 million (about ₹91.7 crore) led by Sequoia Capital India and Greenoaks Capital. Existing investors Lightspeed India and Rocketship.vc also participated in the round, which brought the total fund raised by Apna.co to over \$20 million in the last six months, a statement said.

Phonepe processed 970 m UPI transactions in Feb

LEADING DIGITAL PAYMENTS platform Phonepe has said it has processed over 970 million UPI transactions, and over 1.07 billion total transactions across UPI, cards and wallets in February, making it the market leader. February is the third consecutive month that Phonepe has processed over 1 billion transactions, it said, and credited the success for the rapid expansion it has seen in offline payments across tier-II and III cities, having already digitized over 17.5 million kiranas.

Clairco raises ₹4.2 crore in angel funding

CLEANTECH START-UP CLAIRCO on Tuesday said it has raised ₹4.2 crore in angel funding. The fund round was led by Sanjiv Bajaj (joint chairman and managing director, Bajaj Capital) at Anicut Angel Fund, and Investors like Max Group and Angel List also participated in the round, a statement said.

Vatika group retired over ₹1,100 cr debt this fiscal

REALTY FIRM VATIKA has sold land worth ₹450 crore and completed properties of about ₹500 crore to repay its debt. Gurugram-based Vatika Group and its associated companies have retired debt worth ₹1,109 crore within a period of 11 months, the company said in a statement. "The debt has been cleared by selling combinations of lands worth ₹450 crore, finished inventories worth ₹500 crore and company's shares worth ₹170 crore, among others," it added.

India woos Tesla with offer of cheaper production costs than China

AFTAB AHMED & ADITI SHAH
New Delhi, March 2

INDIA IS READY to offer incentives to ensure Tesla's cost of production would be less than in China if the carmaker commits to making its electric vehicles in the south Asian country, transport minister Nitin Gadkari told Reuters.

Gadkari's pitch comes weeks after billionaire Elon Musk's Tesla registered a company in India in a step towards entering the country, possibly as soon as mid-2021. Sources familiar with the matter have said Tesla plans to start by importing and selling its Model 3 electric sedan in India.

"Rather than assembling (the cars) in India they should make the entire product in the country by hiring local vendors. Then we can give higher concessions," Gadkari said in an interview, without giving details of what incentives would be on offer.

"The government will make sure the production cost for Tesla will be the lowest when compared with the world, even China, when



they start manufacturing their cars in India. We will assure that," he said.

India wants to boost local manufacturing of electric vehicles (EVs), batteries and other components to cut costly imports and curb pollution in its major cities.

This comes amid a global race by carmakers to jump-start EV production as coun-

tries work towards cutting carbon emissions.

But India faces a big challenge to win a production commitment from Tesla, which did not immediately respond to an email requesting comment about its plans in the country.

India's fledgling EV market accounted for just 5,000 out of a total 2.4 million cars sold

in the country last year as negligible charging infrastructure and the high cost of EVs deterred buyers.

In contrast, China, where Tesla already makes cars, sold 1.25 million new energy passenger vehicles, including EVs, in 2020 out of total sales of 20 million, and accounted for more than a third of Tesla's global sales.

India also doesn't have a comprehensive EV policy like China, the world's biggest auto market, which mandates companies to invest in the sector.

Gadkari said that as well as being a big market, India could be an export hub, especially with about 80% of components for lithium-ion batteries being made locally now.

"I think it's a win-win situation for Tesla," Gadkari said, adding he also wanted to engage with Tesla about building an ultra high-speed hyperloop between Delhi and Mumbai.

India is drawing up a production-linked incentive scheme for auto and auto component makers as well as for setting up

advanced battery manufacturing units, but the details are yet to be finalised.

Switching to cleaner sources of energy and reducing vehicle pollution are seen as essential for India to meet its Paris Accord climate commitments.

India last year introduced tougher emission rules for carmakers to bring them up to international standards. It is now looking at tightening fuel efficiency rules from April 2022, which industry executives say may compel some automakers to add electric or hybrid vehicles to their portfolios.

Battered by the Covid-19 pandemic, the industry says it needs longer to make the transition.

Gadkari said he was not directly responsible for making the decision on whether to delay, but was confident India would meet its Paris treaty commitments without disrupting economic growth.

"Development and environment will go hand in hand. We will take some time but we will soon reach the international standard norms," he said.

— REUTERS

JSPL keen to acquire Reliance Naval

A successful sale of the company will help creditors, including IDBI Bank and SBI, recoup part of the company's debt worth \$1.5 billion

SWANSY AFONSO & P R SANJAI
New Delhi, March 2

JINDAL STEEL & Power, India's third-largest producer of the alloy by market value, and two other groups were the latest to express interest in bidding for Reliance Naval & Engineering, according to people familiar with the matter.

For Jindal Steel, controlled by Naveen Jindal, Reliance Naval can be a captive client for the company's shipbuilding plates, said Vidya Rattan Sharma, managing director at the steelmaker, who confirmed Jindal's interest. Dubai-based shipping firm GMS and Kotak Special Situations Fund were among the others that registered to bid as of the February 28 deadline, according to the people, who asked not to be identified as the matter is private.

The process to find a buyer for the



indebted shipyard, once controlled by former billionaire Anil Ambani, began in May with deadlines being extended four times already. A successful sale of Reliance Naval will help creditors including IDBI Bank and State Bank of India recoup part of the company's ₹108 billion (\$1.5 billion) of debt.

GMS, one of the world's largest buyers of ships for recycling, the Kotak fund and Sudip Bhattacharya, the insolvency resolution professional for Reliance Naval, didn't immediately respond to emails for comment.

"We are looking at it in two ways," Jindal Steel's Sharma said in an interview. "One is the strategic location as it is port based and the other is that it can be a good outlet to consume our own plates."

Jindal isn't partnering with any company for the bid, Sharma said. The company's shares fell 2.1% in Mumbai on Tuesday. The port unit of AP Moller-Maersk A/S, the world's largest container carrier, and 11 other groups had bid for the asset last year. Maersk's unit though pulled out, the Hindu Businessline

Prestige, Blackstone sign ₹9,160-cr deal

REALTY FIRM Prestige Estates Projects on Tuesday said it has signed definitive agreements with global investment firm Blackstone to sell 12 assets/undertakings comprising completed office, retail and hotel properties in the first phase of ₹9,160-crore deal.

In November last year, the Bengaluru-based firm had signed term sheet to sell a large portfolio of completed as well as under-construction office, retail and hotel properties to Blackstone for an enterprise value of ₹9,160 crore. The company will use the fund to retire its debt and future expansion.

In a regulatory filing, Prestige Estates Projects informed that the company Tuesday executed the asset specific agreements or definitive documents with 'BREP Acquirers' (Backstone enti-

ties) for sale of twelve assets/undertakings comprising of completed retail, office and hotel assets as Phase I of the proposed transaction.

"Upon consummation of the transactions contemplated in the Definitive Documents, further intimation will be made to the stock exchanges," it said. Sources had earlier said that promoters have separately sold solar park for around ₹800-900 crore, taking the total deal size to around ₹10,000 crore. In November filing, Prestige group had shared the list of assets to be sold under this deal.

This includes sale of up to 100% stake in six entities holding completed office assets and 85-87% stake in nine entities owning nine malls.

— PTI

reported in October.

Reliance Naval is "naturally interesting" for Maersk's AP Terminals, the company said in response to a query on Tuesday. "However, it would be too early to say whether the RNEL restructuring will result in a realistic business opportunity for us."

— BLOOMBERG

Cox & Kings' total dues to financial creditors stands at ₹5,838 crore. Of all the banks, private lender Yes Bank has a highest exposure of ₹2,267 crore, followed by ₹1,065 crore from Axis Bank, ₹635 crore from SBI and ₹270 crore from IndusInd Bank. The company has been undergoing insolvency proceedings at the NCLT since October 2019.

Many lenders, including State Bank of India (SBI), IndusInd Bank and Indian Bank have declared the account as 'fraud'.

This classification requires banks to make provisions of 100% of the total amount due to them as per Reserve Bank of India (RBI) guidelines. Suspecting a fraud, the lenders to Cox & Kings had roped in Price-waterhouse Coopers (PwC) for a forensic investigation into the matter and the role of senior executives of the company. The audit report submitted to lenders have reportedly found that transactions worth ₹21,000 crore between 2015 to 2019 were done mainly to siphon off funds. The Enforcement Directorate (ED) is conducting a separate investigation for alleged fraud by the promoters.

Banks' exposure to Cox & Kings (₹ crore)

	₹ crore
Yes Bank	2,267
Axis Bank	1,065
SBI	635
IndusInd Bank	270
Bank of Baroda	188
Kotak Mahindra Bank	148
HDFC	51
Lakshmi Vilas Bank	36
Indian Bank	30
IDFC Bank	27
Total	5,838

Source: Cox and Kings

operations.

Ivanhoe Cambridge will leverage their expertise in investment.

"The platform will have an investment capacity of ₹500 million with Ivanhoe Cambridge and Embassy investing in an 80:20 ratio, with an initial focus on the Southern Indian markets of Bengaluru and Chennai," the statement said.

The platform will invest in develop-to-core and acquisition of partially developed business park opportunities.

Both the partners seek to cater to the preferences of the millennial workforce in providing flexible workplaces and building sustainable communities across key Indian urban centres.

The concept aims at meeting the demand in the expansion of Global Capability Centres and Research and Development Campuses.

The seed asset for the platform will be the first phase of the 60-acre Embassy East Business Park located in Whitefield Main Road in Bengaluru.

Press Trust of India
New Delhi, March 2

REALTY FIRM EMBASSY Group on Tuesday announced partnership with Canadian fund Ivanhoe Cambridge to set up a ₹500 million investment platform to develop commercial properties, primarily premium office space.

Ivanhoe Cambridge is a subsidiary of the Caisse de dépôt et placement du Québec, one of Canada's leading institutional fund managers.

As per the agreement, Ivanhoe Cambridge will infuse ₹400 million and Embassy group ₹100 million in the platform.

The Embassy Group said in a statement

that it has partnered with Ivanhoe Cambridge to "launch an investment platform focused on office business parks in campus-based and mixed use environments in India".

The Bengaluru-based Embassy Group will be responsible for all real estate development, project management, leasing and

operations.

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Flipkart plans to expand grocery services to 70 cities in 6 mths



PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, March 2

FLIPKART ON TUESDAY said it plans to expand its grocery services to more than 70 cities in the next six months as the Walmart-owned company looks to cash in on the burgeoning e-grocery segment in the country. Flipkart, which competes with US e-commerce major Amazon and billionaire Mukesh Ambani-led Reliance in the country's digital commerce space, has expanded its grocery services to more than 50 cities, including Kolkata, Ahmedabad and Vellore.

This expansion will provide users of seven large cities and more than 40 neighbouring cities access to high-quality grocery products, offers, quick deliveries and the most seamless grocery shopping experience, Flipkart said on Tuesday.

The pandemic has led to millions of people turning to e-commerce for their grocery purchases that has driven the sharp growth in the e-grocery not only in metros but also from tier II cities and beyond.

E-grocery is projected to grow to touch \$24 billion GMV (gross merchandise value) by 2025 from about \$3.3 billion in 2020, as per consulting firm RedSeer. Players like BigBasket, Grofers and others too compete with giants like Flipkart, Amazon and Reliance in the e-grocery segment in the country.

In its statement, Flipkart said it has invested in the rapid expansion of its grocery services over the years and has managed to scale up "exponentially" in the past year. "This expansion has brought the convenience of Flipkart's grocery service to users of metro cities such as Kolkata, Pune and Ahmedabad, with the help of Flipkart's dedicated grocery fulfillment centres... Flipkart Grocery has witnessed 3X growth in the last one year," it added.

Flipkart has also expanded its services to cities beyond the metros such as Mysore, Kanpur, Warangal, Allahabad, Aligarh, Jaipur, Chandigarh, Rajkot, Vadodara, Vellore, Tirupati and Daman, through a satellite-expansion marketplace model.

Shell Energy to take part in renewable, gas-based power value chain for grid stability

VIKAS SRIVASTAVA
Mumbai, March 2

SHELL ENERGY ASIA plans to participate in the power value chain in India to resolve the issues of renewable intermittency by using the idle gas-based power assets.

The LNG supplier is working with the government and regulators in various geographies to achieve a connection between the renewable plus gas-based power generation for maximum cost and environment benefits, even as it promises to provide round-the-clock (RTC) electricity to the government.

Shell, one of the largest oil and gas explorer and supplier, sees natural gas as the most suitable alternative to bundle with renewables to meet the grid intermittency challenge during night or when sun is not visible. Bundling natural gas with renewables will allow unhindered power generation for any-time of the day or night.

Ajay Shah, VP, Shell Energy Asia, told *FE* that Shell through its global pronouncements has expressed its aspirations to participate in the power or electricity value chain and form partnerships on the renewables and gas.

"Some of the early steps have been taken and the industry is open to such partnerships. We are also working with the government and regulators to see how this connection should be made. There are enough idle assets and we hope this connection should be made," Shah said.

The firm believes as the renewable portfolio will achieve scale, in the medium to long term, grid stability will become a serious challenge. "We believe the flexibility of gas can be partnered with the intermittency of renewables to create grid stability. Gas can be brought onstream very fast compared with coal to generate power." Also there are quite a few assets which are lying idle in India that can be efficiently used to bundle with renewables. "I am very optimistic of this energy clubbing and convinced that it is the piece of the puzzle for India," Shah said.

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EASY TRIP PLANNERS LIMITED

Our Company was incorporated as 'Easy Trip Planners Private Limited', a private limited company under the Companies Act, 1956, pursuant to the certificate of incorporation dated June 4, 2008 issued by the Registrar of Companies, National Capital Territory of Delhi and Haryana at New Delhi ('RoC'). Thereafter, upon conversion to a public limited company, the name of our Company was changed to 'Easy Trip Planners Limited' pursuant to our Shareholders' resolution dated April 12, 2019 and a fresh certificate of incorporation dated May 11, 2019 issued by the RoC. For details of change in the name and registered office of our Company, see 'History and Certain Corporate Matters' beginning on page 161 of the red herring prospectus dated February 28, 2021 (the 'RHP').

Registered and Corporate Office: 223, FIE Patparganj Industrial Area, East Delhi, Delhi - 110 092, India; Telephone: +91 11 4313 1313; Contact Person: Ms. Preeti Sharma, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer; Telephone: +91 011 4003 3844

E-mail: emt.secretaria@easemytrip.com Website: www.easemytrip.com Corporate Identity Number: U63090DL2008PLC179041

OUR PROMOTERS: MR. NISHANT PITTI, MR. RIKANT PITTE AND MR. PRASHANT PITTI

INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING OF UP TO [+] EQUITY SHARES OF FACE VALUE OF ₹ 2 EACH (THE "EQUITY SHARES") OF EASY TRIP PLANNERS LIMITED ("OUR COMPANY" OR THE "ISSUER") FOR CASH AT A PRICE OF ₹ [+] PER EQUITY SHARE (INCLUDING A SHARE PREMIUM OF ₹ [+] PER EQUITY SHARE) AGGRGATING UP TO ₹ 5,100 MILLION (THE "OFFER"), COMPRISING OF AN OFFER FOR SALE OF UP TO [+] EQUITY SHARES AGGRGATING UP TO ₹ 2,550 MILLION BY MR. NISHANT PITTI AND UP TO [+] EQUITY SHARES AGGRGATING UP TO ₹ 2,550 MILLION BY MR. RIKANT PITTE (TOGETHER WITH MR. NISHANT PITTI, THE "PROMOTER SELLING SHAREHOLDERS"). THE OFFER SHALL CONSTITUTE [+]% OF THE POST-OFFER PAID-UP EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL OF OUR COMPANY.

QIB Portion: Not less than 75% of the Offer | Retail Portion: Not more than 10% of the Offer | Non-Institutional Portion: Not more than 15% of the Offer

Price Band: ₹ 186 per Equity Share to ₹ 187 per Equity Share of face value of ₹ 2 each.

The Floor Price is 93 times the face value of the Equity Shares and the Cap Price is 93.50 times the face value of the Equity Shares.

Bids can be made for a minimum of 80 Equity Shares and in multiples of 80 Equity Shares thereafter.



Simple, Safe, Smart way of Application!!!

**Mandatory in public issue.
No cheque will be accepted.**

*Application supported by blocked amount (ASBA) is a better way of applying to issues by simply blocking the fund in the bank account. For further details, check section on ASBA below.



UPI-Now available in ASBA for Retail Individual Investors.**

Bidders are required to ensure that the bank account used for bidding is linked to their PAN.

**UPI-Now available in ASBA for Retail Individual Bidders ("RIBs") (up to ₹ 2,00,000), applying through Registered Brokers, Syndicate, DPs & RTAs. Retail Individual Bidders also have the option to submit the application directly to the ASBA Bank (SCSBs) or to use the facility of linked online trading, demat and bank account.

For details on the ASBA & UPI process, please refer to the details given in ASBA form and abridged prospectus and also please refer to the section "Offer Procedure" beginning on page 426 of the Red Herring Prospectus. The process is also available on the website of AIBI and Stock Exchanges in the General Information Document. ASBA bid cum application forms can be downloaded from the websites of BSE Limited ("BSE") and National Stock Exchange of India Limited ("NSE"), and together with NSE, the "Stock Exchanges" and can be obtained from the list of banks that is available on the website of SEBI at www.sebi.gov.in. List of banks supporting UPI is also available on the website of SEBI at www.sebi.gov.in. HDFC Bank Limited has been appointed as Sponsor Bank for the Offer, in accordance with the requirements of the UPI Circular dated November 1, 2018, as amended.

Risks to Investors

- I. The two book running lead managers associated with the Offer have handled 23 issues in the past three financial years, out of which 8 issues closed below the issue price on listing date.
- II. The Price/Earnings ratio based on diluted EPS (consolidated) for Fiscal 2020 for our Company at the upper end of the Price band is as high as 61.51 as compared to the Nifty Fifty Price/Earnings ratio of 40.28 (as on March 1, 2021).
- III. Average cost of acquisition of Equity Shares for the Promoter Selling Shareholders ranges from ₹0.65 per Equity Share to ₹0.66 per Equity Share and the Offer Price at upper end of the Price Band is ₹ 187 per Equity Share.
- IV. Weighted Average Return on Net Worth for Total Operations for last three financial years is 28.08%.

BID/OFFER PROGRAMME

OPENS ON MONDAY, MARCH 8, 2021*
CLOSES ON WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10, 2021

* Our Company and the Promoter Selling Shareholders may, in consultation with the BRLMs, consider participation by Anchor Investors in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations. The Anchor Investor Bidding Date shall be one Working Day prior to the Bid/Offer Opening Date.

In case of any revision to the Price Band, the Bid/Offer Period will be extended by at least three additional Working Days after such revision of the Price Band, subject to the Bid/Offer Period not exceeding 10 Working Days. In cases of force majeure, banking strike or similar circumstances, our Company and the Promoter Selling Shareholders in consultation with the BRLMs may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, extend the Bid/Offer Period for a minimum of three Working Days, subject to the Bid/Offer Period not exceeding 10 Working Days. Any revision in the Price Band and the revised Bid/Offer Period, if applicable, will be widely disseminated by notification to the Stock Exchanges by issuing a press release, and also by indicating the change on the websites of the BRLMs, and at the terminals of the Syndicate Members and by intimation to Designated Intermediaries and the Sponsor Bank. The Offer is being made in terms of Rule 19(2)(b) of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Rules, 1957, as amended (the "SCRR") read with Regulation 31 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, as amended (the "SEBICDR Regulations").

This Offer is being made through the Book Building Process in compliance with Regulation 6(2) of the SEBI ICDR Regulations, wherein not less than 75% of the Offer shall be available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Qualified Institutional Buyers ("QIBs"), and such portion the "QIB Portion", provided that our Company and the Promoter Selling Shareholders may, in consultation with the BRLMs, allocate up to 60% of the QIB Portion to Anchor Investors on a discretionary basis (the "Anchor Investor Portion"). At least one-third of the Anchor Investor Portion shall be reserved for domestic Mutual Funds only, subject to valid bids being received from the domestic Mutual Funds at or above the price at which allocation is made to Anchor Investors ("Anchor Investor Allocation Price"). Further, 5% of the Net QIB Portion shall be available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Mutual Funds only, and the remainder of the QIB Portion shall be available for allocation on a proportionate basis to All QIBs (other than Anchor Investors), including Mutual Funds, subject to valid bids being received at or above the Offer Price. If at least 75% of the Offer cannot be allotted to QIBs, the Bid Amounts received by our Company shall be refunded. Further, not more than 15% of the Offer shall be available for allocation on a proportionate basis to Non-Institutional Bidders ("Non-Institutional Portion") and not more than 10% of the Offer shall be available for allocation to Retail Individual Bidders ("Retail Portion"), in accordance with the SEBI ICDR Regulations, subject to valid bids being received at or above the Offer Price. All potential investors (other than Anchor Investors) shall mandatorily participate in this Offer, subject to valid bids being received at or above the Offer Price. The Bidders/Applicants shall mandatorily participate in this Offer cum Application Form. The PAN, DP ID and Client ID and the UPI ID, as applicable, are correctly filled in the Bid cum Application Form. The PAN, DP ID and Client ID provided in the Bid cum Application Form should match with the PAN, DP ID and Client ID available in the depository database, otherwise, the Bid cum Application Form is liable to be rejected. Bidders/Applicants should ensure that the beneficiary account provided in the Bid cum Application Form is active.

Contents of the Memorandum of the Company as regards its objects: For information on the main objects and other objects of our Company, see

"History and Certain Corporate Matters" on page 161 of the RHP and Clause III of the Memorandum of Association of our Company. The Memorandum of Association of our Company is a material document for inspection in relation to the Offer. For further details, see the section "Material Contracts and Documents for Inspection" on page 463 of the RHP.

Liability of the members of the Company: Limited by shares.

Amount of share capital of the Company and Capital Structure: The authorised share capital of our Company is divided into 125,000,000 Equity Shares of face value ₹ 2 each constituting ₹ 250,000,000. The issued, subscribed and paid up share capital of our Company is ₹ 108,645,000 divided into 127,290,000 Equity Shares of face value ₹ 217,290,000 each. For further details, see "Capital Structure" on page 84 of the RHP.

Names of initial signatories to the Memorandum of Association of our Company and the number of Equity Shares subscribed by them: The initial signatories to the Memorandum of Association of our Company and the number of Equity Shares subscribed by them are Mr. Nishant Pitti and Mrs. Reni Pitti who subscribed to 5,000 Equity Share each of face value of ₹ 10 each of our Company. The liability of the members of the Company is limited. For details of the main objects of the Company as contained in the Memorandum of Association, see "History and Certain Corporate Matters" on page 161 of the RHP.

Listing: The Equity Shares offered through this Red Herring Prospectus are proposed to be listed on the Stock Exchanges. Our Company has received "in-principle" approvals from NSE and BSE for the listing of the Equity Shares pursuant to the letters dated January 24, 2020 and January 3, 2020, respectively. For the purposes of the Offer, NSE is the Designated Stock Exchange. A signed copy of this Red Herring Prospectus and the Prospectus shall be delivered for registration to the RoC in accordance with Section 26(4) of the Companies Act, 2013. For details of the material contracts and documents available for inspection from the date of this Red Herring Prospectus up to the Bid/Offer Closing Date, see "Material Contracts and Documents for Inspection" beginning on page 463 of the RHP.

Disclaimer Clause of SEBI: SEBI only gives its observations on the draft issue documents and this does not constitute approval of either the issue stated in the specified securities or the issue document. The investors are advised to refer to page 408 of the RHP for the full text of the disclaimer clause of SEBI.

Disclaimer Clause of NSE (the Designated Stock Exchange): It is to be distinctly understood that the permission given by NSE should not in any way be deemed or construed that the issue document has been cleared or approved by NSE nor does it certify the correctness or completeness of any of the contents of the issue document". The investors are advised to refer to page 410 of the RHP for the full text of the disclaimer clause of NSE.

Disclaimer Clause of BSE: It is to be distinctly understood that the permission given by BSE should not in any way be deemed or construed that the RHP has been cleared or approved by BSE nor does it certify the correctness or completeness of any of the contents of the RHP". The investors are advised to refer to page 410 of the RHP for the full text of the disclaimer clause of BSE.

General Risks: Investments in equity and equity-related securities involve a degree of risk and investors should not invest any funds in the Offer unless they can afford to take the risk of losing their entire investment. Investors are advised to read the risk factors carefully before taking an investment decision in the Offer. For taking an investment decision, investors must rely on their own examination of our Company and the Offer including the risks involved. The Equity Shares in the Offer have not been recommended or approved by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI"), nor does SEBI guarantee the accuracy or adequacy of the contents of this Red Herring Prospectus. Specific attention of the investors is invited to "Risk Factors" on page 24 of the RHP.

COMPANY SECRETARY AND COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Ms. Preeti Sharma
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Telephone: +91 011 4003 3844

E-mail: emt.secretaria@easemytrip.com Website: www.easemytrip.com

Corporate Identity Number: U63090DL2008PLC179041

Investors can contact the Company Secretary and Compliance Officer or the BRLMs or the Registrar to the Offer in case of any pre-Offer or post-Offer related problems such as non-receipt of letter of allotment, non-credit of Allotted Equity Shares in the respective beneficiary account, non-receipt of refund intimations and non-receipt of funds by electronic mode.

BOOK RUNNING LEAD MANAGERS	REGISTRAR TO THE OFFER	COMPANY SECRETARY AND COMPLIANCE OFFICER
AXIS CAPITAL Axis Capital Limited Axis House, Level 1, C-2, Wadia International Centre, Pandurang Budkar Marg, Worli, Mumbai - 400 025, Maharashtra, India Telephone: +91 22 4325 2183 E-mail: emt@axiscap.in, Website: www.axiscapital.co.in Investor Grievance E-mail: complaints@axiscap.in Contact Person: Mr. Pratik Pednekar SEBI Registration Number: INM000012029	K FINTECH KFin Technologies Private Limited (formerly known as "Karvy Fintech Private Limited") Selien Tower-B, Plot No. 31 & 32 Gachibowli, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Serilingampally, Hyderabad - 500 032, Telangana, India Telephone: +91 40 6716 2222 E-mail: easytrip.ipo@kfintech.com, Website: www.karisma.kfintech.com Investor Grievance E-mail: einward.ris@kfintech.com Contact Person: Mr. M. Murali Krishna SEBI Registration No. INR00000221	Ms. Preeti Sharma Company Secretary and Compliance Officer Telephone: +91 011 4003 3844 E-mail: emt.secretaria@easemytrip.com Website: www.easemytrip.com Corporate Identity Number: U63090DL2008PLC179041

Availability of RHP: Investors are advised to refer to the RHP, and the "Risk Factors", beginning on page 24 of the RHP, before applying in the Offer. Full copy of the RHP is available on the website of SEBI at www.sebi.gov.in, websites of the BRLMs at www.axiscapital.co.in and www.jmfinl.com and the websites of BSE and NSE i.e. www.bseindia.com and www.nseindia.com, respectively.

Availability of Bid-cum-Application Forms: Bid-cum-Application Forms can be obtained from the Registered Office of the Company, Easy Trip Planners Limited, Tel: +91 11 4313 1313; the BRLMs: Axis Capital Limited, Telephone: +91 22 4325 2183 and JM Financial Limited, Telephone: +91 22 6630 3030, at selected location of the sub-Syndicate Members (as given below), Registered Brokers, RTAs and CDPs participating in the Offer. Bid cum Application Forms will also be available on the websites of BSE and NSE and the Designated Branches of SCSBs, the list of which is available at websites of the Stock Exchanges and SEBI.

Syndicate Members: JM Financial Services Limited.

Sub-Syndicate Members: Almondz Global Securities Pvt Limited, Amrapali Capital & Finance Services Limited, Anand Rathi Share & Stock Brokers Limited, Anand Share Consultancy, ANS Pvt Limited, Ashwani Dandia & Co., Axis Securities Limited, Bajaj Financial Securities Limited, Bonanza Portfolio Limited, Centillion Capital (P) Limited, Centrum Broking Limited, Centrum Capital Ltd., Dalal & Broacha Stock Broking Pvt Limited, Edelweiss Broking Ltd., Eureka Stock & Share Broking Services Limited, G Raj & Co. (Consultants) Limited, Gold Rock Investments, HDFC Securities Ltd., ICICI Securities Limited, IDBI Capital Markets & Securities Limited, Jhaveri Securities, Kalpataru Multiplier Limited, Keynote Capitals Limited, KJMC Capital Market Services Limited, Kotak Securities



Opinion

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3, 2021



SC must not send the wrong signals

CJI's statements on marital rape, marriage redressing rape set a bad precedent for judiciary

THE SUPREME COURT—or rather, its collegium headed by Chief Justice of India SA Bobde—was hailed when it decided to withdraw its recommendation for making Justice Pushpa Ganediwala a permanent judge of the Bombay High Court, following her controversial interpretations of the Protection of Children from Sexual Offences (PoCo) Act. Ganediwala had acquitted the accused in three separate cases with rather regressive interpretations of the Act. So, it is unfortunate that CJI Bobde's statements on Monday, in two separate cases involving allegations of rape, should show the Indian higher judiciary in poor light.

One case pertains to rape and PoCo charges invoked against a government employee by a woman who alleges that the man had raped her repeatedly when she was 16 years of age—thus, legally unable to give consent for sexual activity—and pressured her family to sign an affidavit saying that the sex between her and the accused was consensual; the man, as per a report in *The Economic Times*, has claimed that he had initially offered to marry the survivor, but the latter had refused subsequent to which he had gotten married to another woman. While the Bombay High Court had overturned the bail order granted to the accused in the case by a session court, the man was challenging this in the SC since arrest would mean that he would lose his government job. While the SC gave the man protection from arrest for four weeks, CJI Bobde asked him if he was willing to marry the survivor—this was before the accused told the court that he was already married. It is hard to see why the court, in any scenario, would see marriage as commensurate, or even justifiable, redressal of rape and child sexual assault. Even in the second case, involving rape charges brought by a woman against a man during the course of a live-in relationship—the live-in was under false promises of marriage made by the man, the woman has alleged—the SC stayed the man's arrest while a High Court (Allahabad) had rejected his bail plea. Even while the woman had submitted medical records as evidence of rape, the CJI wondered “if a man and a woman are living together, however insincerely... as man & wife... the man may be brutal and may do many wrongs (but) can you call it (any sexual conduct of such nature) rape?” Many would likely view CJI Bobde's statements, as reported in the media, as misogynistic, though he is handicapped by existing rape laws. Consent remains as important within perceived long-term relationships as it is outside these, but why blame CJI Bobde if India's laws don't recognise this? The Centre, in 2017, had told the Delhi High Court that criminalisation of marital rape “may destabilise the institution of marriage apart from being an easy tool for harassing the husbands”.

With ill-thought statements—the CJI's in the present instance and Ganediwala's judgements—the higher judiciary is setting a poor example, of attitude and judicial precedent both, for the lower judiciary where there have been many reports of sexist, misogynistic interpretations of the law. The SC had already come under a cloud in the episode of sexual harassment allegations made by a former junior court assistant against then sitting CJI Ranjan Gogoi. It is important to note that Bobde, who was tasked by Gogoi to probe the woman's allegations, had found, along with Justices Indu Malhotra and Indira Banerjee, against the woman after the woman withdrew from the probe saying that her objections to manner of the panel's functioning weren't needed. This was despite at least one fellow SC judge imploring against an *ex parte* conclusion and a senior law official of the Union government asking for an external member to be included in the panel. The judiciary, if it wishes to remain independent in the manner of its choosing (that is, outside an NJAC), must ensure that it avoids such controversies as the present one.

Upgrade cybersecurity now

Guidelines not revised since 2016, architecture dated, too

WHETHER OR NOT Chinese hackers gained access to the power utilities in Maharashtra during last October's grid failure—*The New York Times* cites cybersecurity concern Recorded Futures to say Chinese group RedEcho did this while the Union government denied it—India really needs to stay ahead of threats when it comes to cybersecurity. Even if it wasn't the Chinese, lingering suspicion that a cyberattack caused the outage only underscores the vulnerabilities of India's cybersafety architecture. Two years ago, the Kudankulam nuclear power plant had fallen prey to a malware attack. Meanwhile, Indian banks and companies have been constant targets for hacking groups. India was one of the first countries to act on cybersecurity and securing critical information infrastructure. The government released guidelines for critical information infrastructure in 2015, outlining six priority areas. But, the response has lagged since. The guidelines have not been revised after 2016—despite cybersecurity needing to be as dynamic as evolving threats—and only prescribe basic procedures instead of setting sector-wise standards. A power utility can't be asked to keep the same level of security as, say, a bank or a data repository like UIDAI. The other problem is that the nodal agency, National Critical Information Infrastructure Protection Centre (NCIIPC), has itself been vulnerable to attacks. Last month, a hacking group had reportedly found eight security gaps in NCIIPC architecture, claiming that it was leaking sensitive information. Furthermore, even three weeks into the attack, the security group found that NCIIPC had patched only one of the eight vulnerabilities.

India has done well to partner with global security agencies to strengthen the cybersecurity framework. However, it also needs to revise local guidelines and make processes simpler. First, there is a need to introduce the National Cybersecurity Policy, 2020. This needs to be complemented with sector-specific standard operating procedures. RBI and Sebi have done this for banks and financial firms, but the purview needs to be expanded to other domains. Second, the government has to upgrade its systems, which have been running legacy software, and incorporate new technologies like AI/ML for threat detection. As more services get connected to utilities with IoT devices, there is a need to better India's cyberdefence.

More important, coordination between different bodies has to improve. At present, India has 36 different coordination agencies under different departments; besides, each state has a state-level computer emergency response team. All these need to be brought under a single umbrella organisation, in line with what exists in the UK and Singapore. This would ensure faster reporting and better coordination in case of a cyberattack. It would also remove red-tape. At present, financial entities in India have to abide by RBI, Sebi, CERT and NCIIPC guidelines and report to all these bodies in case of a breach. The state also needs to start spending more on cybersecurity. Budget data shows that the FY21 allocation for cybersecurity was a mere ₹170 crore. In contrast, the UK had allocated ₹18,050 crore for five years starting 2016.

Planting PROBLEMS

Unscientific plantation leading to no gains for environment, a new report points out

AST YEAR, *The Independent*, a UK-based newspaper, reported that unscientific planting of trees was causing environmental harm instead of the benefits intended. The UK government had carbon sinks in mind when it ordered the planting of trees in large numbers, but planting in peatlands and wetlands destroyed soil quality and led to more emissions. India, with plans to create a 3 billion tonne carbon sink from forests by 2030, seems to have failed to learn from this episode. *The Times of India* cites a study by the Legal Initiative for Forest and Environment (LIFE) to report that tree plantation under the National Clean Air Programme is just a target-driven exercise with little planning and application. In Delhi, for instance, trees were planted in the Eastern and Central Delhi region, whereas polluting clusters like Dwarka, Mundka, Narela and Bawana were left out. In other cities, the situation was similar—in Hyderabad, out of the 43 plantations done, only one was in a pollution hotspot. In Chandigarh, parks and community centres were chosen as preferred locations. Moreover, the report states that the tree species planted were ornamental or incompatible with their local environment and barely absorbed emissions.

The need is to become scientifically rigorous on tree plantation; with drastic climate change becoming an unyielding threat, there will be a need for more such drives. But if it is done with earnest sans awareness, the results, as the UK example shows, could be disastrous. To that end, the states and the Centre need to reimagine regulation with local environmental contexts in mind.

LOSING ITS WAY

Senior Congress leader, Anand Sharma

Congress' alliance with parties like ISF and other such forces militates against the core ideology of the party and Gandhian and Nehruvian secularism, which forms the soul of the party

THE NUMBER GAME

THE SECTOR-WISE ESTIMATE FOR Q4, DECIPHERED FROM THE THREE QUARTER ESTIMATES AND THE SECOND ADVANCE ESTIMATE FOR THE WHOLE YEAR, DOES NOT MAKE MUCH SENSE

Making sense of GDP estimates

THE SECOND ADVANCE ESTIMATES of GDP for the current year, along with the third quarter estimates, released by the Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (MoSPI) do not come as a surprise. The estimates of 1% GVA and 0.4% growth in GDP mark the end of the recessionary phase.

As expected, agriculture continues to perform well. In fact, all the sectors except (i) mining and quarrying, (ii) trade, hotels, transport and communication services and (iii) public administration, defence and other services have recorded positive growth in the third quarter; even in other sectors, the contraction is lower by varying magnitudes. And industry as a whole too has moved into the positive territory. Services, which face higher restrictions due to social distancing norms, continued to shrink, but by just 1%. Significant improvement is seen in the performance of construction, up from -7.2% in Q2 to 6.2% in Q3, and financial and real estate sector (up from -9.5% in Q2 to 6.6% in Q3). The contraction in trade, hotels and transport continues to be high at -7.7% in Q3, though this is a significant improvement from -15.3% in Q2.

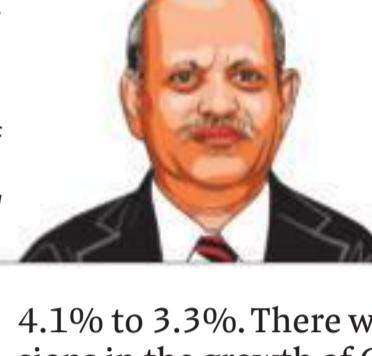
Public administration, defence and other services performed better than the -9.3% growth recorded in Q2, but continued to contract at -1.5% in Q3. It was hoped that increase in the Centre's spending after October would take it to positive growth. However, the state governments, which contribute to over 70% of public consumption spending, seem to continue their austerity given the revenue constraints. Sectors like education and healthcare too have not recovered to the pre-Covid levels. The increased GST collections of more

than ₹1 lakh crore and the record collection of ₹1.2 lakh crore in January also indicated recovery. However, increased collections seem to as much due to an increase in consumption as due to better enforcement. With the technology platform stabilising, the government could use the data to undertake invoice matching to detect taking false input tax credit through fake invoicing. With businesses having turnovers of more than ₹100 crore required to issue e-invoicing from January 2021, both enforcement and compliance of the tax are likely to show further improvement in the coming months.

It is, however, too early to celebrate the news of the economy entering the positive growth phase. It is true that there has been a steady recovery of almost all the sectors, as indicated by the leading indicators. In fact, the median market expectation for the third quarter was a growth of 0.6%. While it is futile to quibble over a few decimal points, it is necessary to note that one reason for the lower than the expected growth is the significant downward revision in the third quarter growth of FY20. The GDP growth in the third quarter of FY20 was revised from

M GOVINDA RAO

Councillor, Takshashila Institution and chief economic adviser, Brickwork Ratings.
Views are personal



4.1% to 3.3%. There were large revisions in the growth of GVA for several sectors.

If the whole year contraction of 8% as against the earlier estimate of 7.7% holds true, then the fourth-quarter estimate of GDP will be negative 1.1%, though the GVA will continue to be positive at 2.5%. The downward revision of GDP in the first quarter from 23.9% to 24.4%, even though there was a marginal upward revision in the second quarter, reduces the overall growth rate for the year as well as for the fourth quarter.

Besides, as the GDP at constant prices is now estimated at market prices rather than factor cost, indirect taxes and subsidies also pull down the GDP estimate for the year as well as for the fourth quarter.

It is noted that the revised estimate of subsidies for FY21 is at ₹5.9 lakh crore as against the budget estimate of ₹2.5 lakh crore. This seems to be mainly due to the clearing of the off-budget liabilities on food subsidies arising from FCI borrowing from the NSSF.

While it is a favourite pastime of economists to quibble on the growth rates on a few decimal point differ-

ences from what they had expected, it is important to note for the current year, all these estimates are likely to undergo substantial revisions. The revision in the first quarter estimate from 23.9% to 24.4% is not surprising. Even in normal years, significant revisions are made, as was seen in the case of Q3 in FY20, and in this abnormal year, as more information on the urban informal sectors become available, there would be further revisions. In the meantime, we will continue to characterise growth in terms of alphabets we choose—“V”, “K”, or “W”.

The sector-wise estimate for the fourth quarter, deciphered from the estimates for the three quarters and the second advance estimate for the whole year, does not make much sense. Agriculture and allied sectors are estimated to grow just at about 1.9% in Q4, it has already registered an average growth of 3.4% in the three quarters, and the whole year growth of the sector is pegged at 3%! The mining sector is estimated to contract by 9.2% during the year and having progressively reduced the contraction from 18% in Q1 to 5.3% in Q3, it is estimated to contract by 16.3% in the fourth quarter. In contrast, the construction sector is estimated to show a negative growth of 10.3% during the year, and that would require it to register a positive growth of 12.5% in Q4. Even a sector like trade, hotels, transport and communication is estimated to register positive growth in Q4 at 1.8%. For the optimists, the good news is that in Q4, both agriculture, industry and services will see positive growth. It is difficult to make much sense of these estimates, but let us keep our fingers crossed

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How not to reform the economy

There is no excuse for the lack of analysis and expert consultation. Political strength should not lead to intellectual weakness in designing economic reforms

AS INDIA'S FARMER protests drag on, with high associated human and economic costs, it is useful to reflect on what the government might have done differently for a better outcome. Some of the old conventional wisdom, or rules of thumb, might have supported the government's approach. A political economy of “multiple vetoes,” with a “strong consensus for weak reforms,” would have aligned with the idea that a good crisis should not be wasted and major reforms pushed through.

Indeed, the government had been signalling its intent with respect to labour law reforms and went ahead with them in this pandemic crisis period without causing the same upheaval as the farm bills did. One might have even made the case that agricultural marketing reforms had a much greater foundation since several states had been liberalised in this sphere already. In other states, the existing marketing restrictions did not seem to have much support among farmers in any case. So, despite the way that the government bulldozed through with the farm bills, one can make a plausible argument that they thought it was going to be another easy win for them. One can even argue that the timing was desirable because these reforms have the potential to bring down food inflation and prevent premature monetary tightening as the Indian economy recovers.

What went wrong? Initially, there was concern about deficiencies in the design of the reforms, as well as the manner in which the bills were passed. The greatest opposition came from a quarter that the government might not have expected—farmers in Punjab who are, on the face of it, not affected at all by the marketing reforms. Nothing in the legislation changes the existing foodgrain procurement system and its price supports. But the farmers saw the reforms as the first in a likely row of dominoes that would undermine their current protections.

The serious problem is the structure of the public procurement system for wheat and rice and the production system that feeds into it. Too much wheat and rice are being produced, and too much rice is being produced in the wrong places. There are enormous subsidies for

This view was fuelled by the general perception that powerful corporate interests were driving these changes.

There has been something quite compelling and sympathetic generating about the nature of the farmers' protests, and global media attention came quickly. The government fed the narrative by trying to brand the protesters as traitors and terrorists. The human rights violations have only made the government look worse, and farmers' and human rights organisations from many places have expressed their support for the protesters. At the end of the day, this is an object lesson in how not to do economic reforms, at least in an open and democratic society.

Certainly, a more sympathetic and less ugly response by the government would have helped the situation. But perhaps the problem would have been the same, of farmers demanding the withdrawal of the laws and a government unwilling to do so—though they have backpedalled so much that there is little or no face-saving that remains, and they may as well start fresh. It is ironic that such a strong government has ended up looking so weak. It is even more ironic that the protests have finally turned attention to a major problem of Indian agriculture that is more serious than the restrictions on marketing that were being eroded anyway, and could have been tackled quickly by working with state governments.

A strong government can rationally choose to ignore losers from reform if it thinks that the political costs are outweighed by the gains from doing the reforms and doing them quickly. But there is no excuse for the lack of analysis and expert consultation. Political strength should not lead to intellectual weakness in designing economic reforms.

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NIRVIKAR SINGH

Professor of Economics,
University of California, Santa
Cruz. Views are personal



inputs that cripple the budgets of state governments and hurt the central government too. The end result is an environmental disaster that has no compensating benefits at all. This is a problem that is an order of magnitude greater than marketing restrictions.

State governments that are part of this system have been trying to edge out of this system, but the lock-in is too deep, and only the central government has the capacity to undertake the needed reforms, including providing resources that would get farmers to switch out of their current modes of production. The protesting farmers are not pampered defenders of supernormal profits—they know that they are on the edge of disaster, with or without the marketing reforms: those have just brought them mentally closer to that edge.

Any agricultural marketing reform should have followed on, or been bundled with, a reform of the public procurement system

run survival. Even minimal analysis or consultation by the government would have suggested that this was how they should proceed, purely on the grounds of net benefits to the nation, and completely aside from the details of the agricultural marketing reforms—which would also have benefitted from even minimal consultation.

A strong government can rationally choose to ignore losers from reform if it thinks that the political costs are outweighed by the gains from doing the reforms and doing them quickly. But there is no excuse for the lack of analysis and expert consultation. Political strength should not lead to intellectual weakness in designing economic reforms.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Engage more with the private sector

Apropos “Govt needs to free up the vaccination process” (March 2, FE). The third phase of vaccination was kicked off with a loud message from the prime minister leading from the front and getting inoculated at All India Institute of Medical Sciences. Though approximately 1.5 crore frontline and healthcare workers have been administered vaccines so far, the vaccination drive is yet to match up to the huge expectations and potential.

And it is not right to keep a price cap for private players when the prime minister himself has stressed the importance of private enterprises in the country's growth and economy. The government should rather subsidise it for government hospitals, where poor and underprivileged class can get it, while others who can afford it should shell out more to make it a profitable venture for private players to engage constructively. And besides that, all ruling party leaders should get the shot to send a strong message to the common man. Leading healthcare professionals should also pitch in to send convincing messages. We can not let fear or distrust grow, especially when we are exporting it to many countries.

— Bal Govind, Noida

Fuelling inflation
The national oil marketing companies hiking the price of LPG cooking gas cylinders by ₹25 each from March 1 has hit the average person hard. The hike is the second revision in five days and the fourth since February 4. Besides domestic LPG, the price of a 19-kg cylinder meant for commercial establishments was also increased. Rising fuel prices can send the cost of essentials and transport soaring through the roof.

— NJ Ravi Chander, Bengaluru

● Write to us at feletters@expressindia.com

THE CPI HEADLINE inflation target, set at 4% under the new flexible inflation targeting (FIT) framework, is up for review beginning April 2021. The amended RBI Act requires the inflation target be determined once in every five years by the Union government in consultation with RBI. The central bank's in-house view has been made public in the *Report on Currency and Finance, 2020-21*—it wants to retain the framework for another five years. As the RBI Governor recently stated: FIT regime has been successful in anchoring inflationary expectations; it should be preserved, nurtured and consolidated. The government, apparently, thinks somewhat differently, as articulated by the chief economic adviser. One hopes though it will let the FIT regime continue unchanged as this hasn't been sufficiently tested—neither over varied business cycles nor against challenging shocks.

How has the regime performed in a downswing?

The FIT regime has barely been tested since it was officially notified in August 2016, barring the recent exceptional time of Covid-19. The output gap during this period was so large—GDP growth actually halved from 8.3% in FY17 to 4% in FY20—that it was easier for the monetary policy committee (MPC) to look through even though inflation expectations had inched up. For the record, in the 54 months since its adoption, CPI headline inflation averaged closer to 4%; more pressingly, it was even lower 3.4% in the first 40 months to November 2019, thus staying mostly within the 2% tolerance band (*see graphic*). It crossed the 6% upper bound for the next 12 months, a period largely dominated by Covid-related supply disruptions. With returning normalisation, inflation has fallen back closer to 4%.

Therefore, the FIT regime has barely been challenged in its first term, save these incomparable twelve months. This tenure is described by a steady and sharp economic slowdown. Even the exchange rate pressure episode stemming from the global oil-price surge in 2018 was short-lived.

Its smooth sailing though, could be attributed to developments prior to the official August 2016 rollout. It was almost two years before, in August 2014, that CPI inflation fell below 6%, remaining within the tolerance band thereafter. RBI claims it was the signalling effect of regime change in September 2013, the informal rollout in January 2014, combined with some good luck that tamed the beast. The central bank reports an important counterfactual exercise which tells us that had CPI inflation been the nominal anchor in the 2009-11 high inflation phase, the policy rate would have been tightened much earlier, not allowing inflation expectations reach high double digit.

Now this might have been true, but it is far-fetched to claim the IT regime (informal one) led to collapse of inflationary expectations within a quarter—from 13.5% in September 2014 to 9.3% in December 2014!

In fact, RBI had announced a disinflationary glide path for lowering CPI inflation to 8% by January 2015 and 6% by January 2016. Much to its surprise, though, inflation declined to 6.8% in June 2014 and 5.6% by September 2014, a full sixteen months ahead of time!

What these narratives also do not tell you is that WPI inflation had fallen under 5% in April 2013, turned negative by November 2014. A larger divergence between WPI and CPI was untenable and CPI inflation would likely have fallen anyway, irrespective of whether there was FIT or no FIT regime!

Are inflation expectations well-anchored?

The moot point is whatever may have happened in the past, has monetary policy gained credibility to anchor expecta-

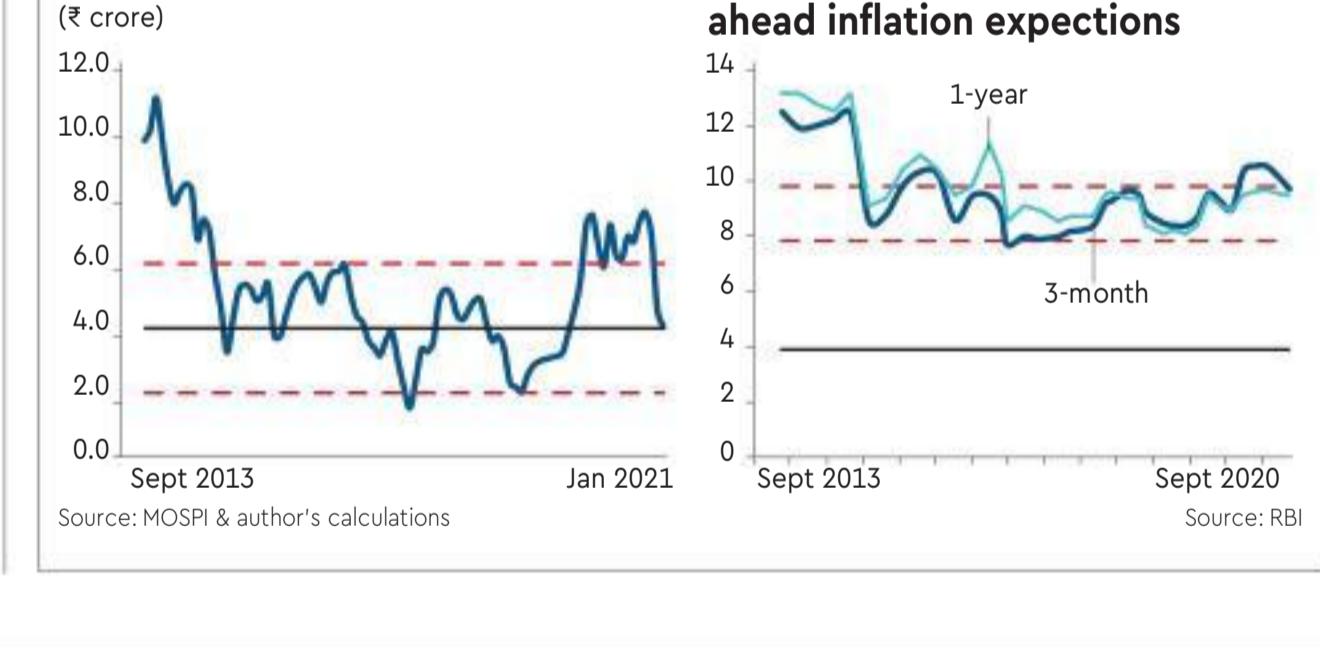


RENU KOHLI

New Delhi-based economist

Inflation targeting regime had an easy run

Testing time may unfold as fiscal dominance returns with vengeance, global trends reverse



Mining reform: What the govt got right...

...and what still remains to be done, especially on taxation and royalties, as also incentivising exploration

ARUNA SHARMA

Practising development economist & former secretary, GoI

tions in the last five years? Without doubt, professional forecasters' expectations have been fairly aligned like many other IT economies. But the survey-based households' inflation expectations (both 3-month and 1-year ahead) tell a different story (*see graphic*): These have never fallen below 8%, swinging in the 8-10% region through these 54 months. When expectations suddenly collapsed in December 2014, RBI was quick to claim early success. Stuck above 8% since then, the focus was shifted to their direction and away from level!

The RCF draws attention to some other countries where household inflation expectations remained above-target in the initial years and took long to align.

But India's urgencies were different: it is critical to recall the entire edifice of the Patel Committee was based upon anchoring household inflation expectations that go into wage negotiations and consequent second-round effect. This was also the reason why core inflation in India converged towards the headline, compelling the committee to recommend targeting headline inflation, contrary to other countries.

Indeed, there could be several sound and alternate reasons why persistently high household expectations have not led to a wage-price spiral after 2014: a large output gap, then statistically measured; high unemployment rate relative to pre-2014 period; increased manufacturing capacity slack confirmed by RBI surveys; low producer price expectations captured in WPI; lower productivity growth; and weak bargaining power with increasing casualisation of labour. With expectations of a cyclical recovery, things could change.

Has macroeconomic stability been secured?

If one recalls developments in 2018, it is easy to see how fragile India's external account is to oil-price spikes. The current account deficit rapidly expanded within few quarters, pressuring the exchange rate, notwithstanding the level of forex reserves and actual capital outflow. What then saved the day was a modicum of fiscal discipline, weak private investment demand and extraordinary supply management efforts to restrain food prices. Now, global commodity and oil prices are on the boil once again after their collapse in 2014 and rekindling cost-push elements. Domestic agricultural marketing reforms could also impart some price volatility. With the return of fiscal dominance to revive post-pandemic growth, we are back to square one.

For more than a decade since the 2008 global financial crisis-induced recession, most advanced economies are experiencing what can be aptly described a period of 'Inflation Drought'. From the euphoria of success in taming inflation below 2% target, the situation has fast degenerated into growth pessimism, reflected in concerns like secular stagnation or Japanification. Post-pandemic, many of these countries are trying to reflate their economies out of the slumber. It is too early to gauge if these policies will spark inflationary pressures or even if they do, inflation will sustain. But the recent turbulence in bond markets could be an early indicator of a period of volatility in international financial flows.

It is to be hoped these developments are a fleeting phenomenon. If international oil and commodity prices continue to move up and bond market rout festers, then emerging market economies like India could face extreme uncertainty and capital outflows. This may not augur well as the shadow of fiscal dominance, on which the central bank has gone silent, returns with force. As RBI prepares to facilitate huge government borrowing programs for the next several years, the situation could soon be ripe for testing times for the FIT regime.



announce incentives to attract private sector investment in exploration. The need to meet conditions set by the Minerals (Evidence of Mineral Contents) Rules 2015 for notifying unexplored blocks should be removed and investors should be allowed to invest in exploration with policy giving weightage to either the investment commitment for technology-intensive extraction of deep-lying minerals or faster production of bulk minerals.

The system of state governments choosing blocks that may not be optimal from the bidders' perspective results in undue delays. The need is to shift to a single stage licensing system for exploration and mining of non-notified minerals.

Another major step in the Cabinet-approved amendment is rationalisation of stamp duty. In order to bring uniformity across the states, necessary amendments in the Indian Stamp Act, 1899, will be brought, but the need is rationalise all royalty. The present amendment stops short of this. Effective tax rate (ETR) on mining in India is 64%, while the global average is 34-38%.

At present, in addition to MMDR Act requirement of royalty, payment towards DMF and National Mineral Exploration Trust (NMET), a mine-operator is also required to pay other fees and levies for use of forest-land under the Forest Conservation Act 1980 and the Indian Forest Act 1927, including forest tax levied on forest produce procured from forest areas and compensatory afforestation charges.

The cost of doing business is creeping up primarily due to issues pertaining to royalty. As the royalty study group has

acknowledged, corrective action is required on royalty on royalty. Due to exemptions from stacking and analysis, most mechanised mines are compelled to pay royalty at the rate charged for the highest grade of the ore, irrespective of the actual grade. The Centre, along with the governments of iron-rich states like Jharkhand, Odisha and Chhattisgarh, must develop a mechanism for accepting mechanised/joint sampling during wagon loading and reconciliation of royalty payments at actual grade. While the Odisha High Court and the Supreme Court are hearing matters on this, statutory enactments and intervention before the judiciary by the Centre is essential.

In India, the combined cascading effect of taxes on mining is close to 64%. This is very high as compared to other mineral-rich countries. This makes India less competitive internationally. For instance, Indian iron-ore miners are one of the highest royalty payers in the world as compared to other major iron-ore producing countries. Iron ore in India attracts royalty of 15%, while that in Australia attracts 5.35-7.5%, in Brazil 2% and in China 0.5-4%. In the current statutory framework, royalty is included in average selling price of minerals and then it is deducted on an ad valorem basis, leading to double taxation. It has been proposed to constitute a committee to examine this.

There are some state-specific taxes Goa and Karnataka, wherein, 10% of sale proceeds have to be contributed for similar activities as specified for the DMF. This double taxation further increases the burden on the industry.

CARBON EMISSIONS

Now back to pre-Covid levels

LIAM DENNING

Bloomberg

But a structural change, driven by the power sector's embrace of renewables, will last

THE CHIEF BENEFIT of the International Energy Agency's new monthly data on global carbon emissions, published Tuesday, is getting to see just how awful our predicament is on a much more up-to-date basis.

In its latest Global Energy Review, the IEA found that Covid-19 touched off the biggest annual drop in carbon emissions ever, down almost two billion tonnes, or about 6%. Within that, though, there was wide disparity between countries: China's emissions actually rose slightly for the year. Plus, following the contours of the pandemic itself, emissions plunged last spring but recovered from there in many countries. This is where the monthly data come in. In April, global emissions were down almost 15%, year over year; but by December, they were up 2%, year over year.

To get the obvious out of the way, relying on worldwide pestilence, societal lockdowns and economic destruction isn't the preferred method of dealing with our emissions problem.

Yet there are a couple of lessons to be drawn from the 2020 figures. First, the biggest swing factor was mobility, accounting for "well over 50%" of the total drop in emissions, according to the IEA. Conversely, as restrictions have been lifted, so demand for gasoline and diesel have picked up, particularly in emerging markets such as India and Brazil, where emissions from road transport were back up year-over-year by the fall. Recovery in the U.S. has been more subdued, with vehicle miles traveled still 11% lower in December, year over year, having slumped by more than 40% in April.

Still, the message is quite clear. As vaccination expands and restrictions are lifted, the behavioral slump in carbon emissions from going slowly mad inside your own four walls is reversing.

Second, and in contrast, lower emissions from the global power sector wasn't just a result of Covid-19. Yes, last year did see the biggest decline ever for that sector, down 3.3%, contributing about a fifth of the overall drop. But lower demand for electricity wasn't the biggest factor behind that. The vast majority of it was explained by increasing penetration of renewable energy, whose share of global generation recorded its biggest annual gain ever. Over the past decade, renewables have risen from 20% of the mix to 29%, surpassing natural gas; coal's, meanwhile, has dropped from 40% to about 35%.

The contrasting impact of 2020 on the transportation and power sectors—one mostly behavioral, one mostly structural—gets at a fundamental aspect of the energy transition.

The day before the IEA's figures dropped, Bernard Looney, CEO of BP Plc, was speaking on a virtual panel at CERAWeek, IHS Markit's annual get-together for the oil business which has taken on an increasingly greenish tinge in recent years. Asked about the role of customers in reinventing the energy business, he said "it's not enough to just lay it at the door of the customer or consumer," adding "we have to change the product."

The power sector's technology-based decline in emissions, which will outlast the pandemic, is an example of changing the product. Transport's lockdown-related decline, on the other hand, is what happens when you just lay it at the door of the consumer.

The rebound seen there toward the end of 2020 shows the inadequacy of that approach. A systemic problem like climate change demands systemic solutions. Last Friday, the newly installed Biden administration reinstated higher figures for the social cost of carbon to be used in federal regulation. Such actions reset the economics of energy and related fields to take account of the climate challenge—pushing industry to change the product and, ultimately, the behaviors they engender.

This column does not necessarily reflect the opinion of the editorial board or Bloomberg LP and its owners

MINING FELL BY 17% this fiscal. The sector can be enhanced to 7% of the economy, as is the case with many mineral-rich countries, from the current 1.7%. The recent Cabinet decision recommending the amendment of the MMDR Act 2015 and the Rules related to this should bring a course correction, with ease of surveys, FDI, environment and forest clearances, getting possession of land, the rationalisation of royalties and double taxation, logistics improvement, etc. While the Cabinet decision reflects intent, many concerns remain unaddressed.

According to a 2014 McKinsey Global Institute report, India needs to create an additional 115 million non-farm jobs by 2022 to reduce poverty. Mining has the potential to provide 12% of these non-farm jobs. India currently produces 95 minerals (four fuel, three atomic, 10 metallic and 23 non-metallic and 55 minor minerals). So far, 5.71 lakh square km has been identified by the Geological Survey of India (GSI) as an area of Obvious Geological Potential; only 10% of this is being mined. India has significant reserves of coal, bauxite, titanium, chromite, natural gas, diamonds, petroleum, and limestone that are yet to be made productive.

The reforms that the Cabinet approval talks about are the amendment of 10A(2)(b) & 10A(2)(c) of the MMDR Act, with the aim to make a large number of mines available for auctions. This will bring a large number of mines into production, while making PSUs efficient and competitive. The original two provisions have been a bone of contention for industry and have affected decision-making in the

issue of mining in Goa. A related issue is of imposing charges on extension of mining leases for government companies to create a level playing field. This may help resolve the long-pending Goa mining issue, via a small extra charge on the extension of leases, as is the demand of the Goa government.

An equally important consideration is that any new tax or raising of existing ones will only make the final product more expensive, and will add to the cost of infrastructure development. The decision to end the distinction between captive and merchant mines aims to provide more mineral in the market by allowing captive-miners to sell up to 50% of the minerals excavated; this is welcome, but then the end-user is securitising the raw material and would be less interested in profiting from sale of mineral. Thus, the presumption of such a

move adding to mineral availability needs to be tested against ground reality over a period of time.

Another major concern is low production by miners to manipulate demand pressure by restricting supply. Thus, the amendment recommending incentivisation of production and dispatch of mineral earlier than the scheduled date will enable continuous flow of minerals.

The district mineral fund (DMF) remains grossly under-utilised due to restrictive guidelines. The mineral districts also get nearly ₹1,200 crore per annum for development (minus salaries) from the Finance Commission, rural development schemes, road construction, irrigation, agriculture and other social protection schemes. The need is to allow expenditure from this fund for road construction, health, education, etc.

One long-awaited correction on transfer of mineral concessions proposes that

there will no charges on transfer of mineral concessions for non-auctioned captive mines. However, the amendment proposed falls short another much-needed change: giving the first right of refusal on mining or selling the rights to the explore. Therefore, in order to boost exploration, the National Mineral Exploration Trust must be made an autonomous body; this was also recommended by the parliamentary Standing Committee.

Out of the total Obvious Geological Potential (OGP) area of 0.571 million sq. km, only 10% has been explored so far, and mining happens in just 1.5% of the OGP area. It is crucial to get a detailed exploration profile for India. Exploration needs to be treated as a scientific process driven by corporations, and the Geological Survey of India must develop baseline data and make it available to attract exploration investment. The government should

announce incentives to attract private sector investment in exploration. The need to meet conditions set by the Minerals (Evidence of Mineral Contents) Rules 2015 for notifying unexplored blocks should be removed and investors should be allowed to invest in exploration with policy giving weightage to either the investment commitment for technology-intensive extraction of deep-lying minerals or faster production of bulk minerals.

The system of state governments choosing blocks that may not be optimal from the bidders' perspective results in undue delays. The need is to shift to a single stage licensing system for exploration and mining of non-notified minerals.

Another major step in the Cabinet-approved amendment is rationalisation of stamp duty. In order to bring uniformity across the states, necessary amendments in the Indian Stamp Act, 1899, will be brought, but the need is rationalise all royalty. The present amendment stops short of this. Effective tax rate (ETR) on mining in India is 64%, while the global average is 34-38%.

At present, in addition to MMDR Act requirement of royalty, payment towards DMF and National Mineral Exploration Trust (NMET), a mine-operator is also required to pay other fees and levies for use of forest-land under the Forest Conservation Act 1980 and the Indian Forest Act 1927, including forest tax levied on forest produce procured from forest areas and compensatory afforestation charges.

The cost of doing business is creeping up primarily due to issues pertaining to royalty. As the royalty study group has

International

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3, 2021



UPDATING TO HELP CONNECT

Sundar Pichai, CEO, Google and Alphabet

@sundarpichai

We're introducing updates in @GoogleWorkspace designed to help businesses work better across distributed teams, including tools to help build in focused time for work, and to connect & collaborate from anywhere.

● NON-IMMIGRANT VISA

Biden 'undecided' on ending Trump-era H-1B visa ban

In January, Trump had extended the ban on issuing new H-1B visas till March 31

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
Washington, March 2

THE BIDEN ADMINISTRATION has indicated that it is still undecided on ending the Trump-era ban on issuing new H-1B visas, with the Homeland Security Secretary Alejandro Mayorkas asserting that the US government's top priority is the acute needs of individuals fleeing persecution.

The H-1B visa, the most sought after among Indian IT professionals, is a non-immigrant visa that allows US companies to employ foreign workers in specialty occupations that require theoretical or technical expertise.

Technology companies depend on it to hire tens of thousands of employees each year from countries like India and China.

In January, then-President Donald Trump had extended the ban on issuing new H-1B visas till March 31, arguing that the country is having a very high unemployment rate and the US cannot afford to have more foreign workers.

His successor President Joe Biden has revoked dozens of the executive orders of Trump including several of those related to immigration like the lifting of the Muslim visa ban or those related to Green Card, the



The H-1B visa is the most sought after among Indian IT professionals

FILE PHOTO

one that imposed ban on issuing H-1B has still not been lifted. It will expire on March 31, if Biden does not issue a fresh proclamation."

"What is the status of the review of the Trump era visa bans for H-1B visas and has the White House decided to lift those bans before they expire at the end of the month?" Mayorkas was asked at a White House news conference on Monday.

"I don't really know - I hate to end the questioning on a question. The answer to which I am not certain. But this goes to what preceded us. We have so much work to do to repair and to restore and to rebuild that we have a prioritisation matrix and of course, the acute needs of individuals fleeing persecution is a high priority. Which

brings me to this meeting this morning," Mayorkas said in response.

At the same time, the US Citizenship and Immigration Services has gone ahead with its H-1B application allocation process for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2021.

Last month, it announced that it had received enough applications to allocate 65,000 H-1B visas and another 20,000 H-1B visas to those who have completed their higher education from US universities. Biden has revoked a policy issued by his predecessor during the Covid-19 pandemic that blocked many Green Card applicants from entering the US, a move that will benefit many Indians working in America on the H-1B visa.

Bill introduced in US Congress to scrap 'one-China' policy

TWO TOP REPUBLICAN

lawmakers

have introduced a legislation in the

House of Representatives calling for

the US to resume formal diplomatic

relations with Taiwan and end the

outdated and counter-productive

'one-China' policy.

The US maintained normal diplomatic

relations with the government

in Taiwan until 1979, when then-

President Jimmy Carter abruptly cut

off formal ties with Taipei and recognises the Communist regime in

Beijing. China views Taiwan as a rebel

province that must be reunified with the mainland, even by force.

Introduced by congressmen Tom Tiffany and Scott Perry, the bill directs the Biden administration to support Taiwan's membership in international organisations, and to initiate negotiations with Taipei on crafting a US-Taiwan Free Trade Agreement.

For more than 40 years, American presidents of both political parties have repeated Beijing's bogus lie that Taiwan is part of Communist China "despite the objective reality that it is

not," said Tiffany. "It is time to do away with this outdated policy," he said.

"As an independent Nation that proudly collaborates with Taiwan across a wide spectrum of issues, it's long past time The United States exercised our sovereign right to state what the world knows to be true: Taiwan is an independent country, and has been for over 70 years," said Perry.

Lawmakers responded by approving the bipartisan Taiwan Relations Act (TRA), the cornerstone of continued US ties with the island.

—PTI

Personal Finance

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3, 2021

ON STOCK MARKETS

Ajit Mishra, VP, Research, Religare Broking

It is prudent to continue with a stock-specific trading approach in the present market scenario while keeping a check on leveraged positions.

SMART INVESTING

What is your debt fund investment strategy?

In 2021, debt fund investors must keep a close watch on the interest rate trend and take their investment decision accordingly

ADHIL SHETTY

WHEN YOU INVEST to achieve your financial goals, you must select the right types of investment products that belong to the asset classes best suited for you. While equity investment is meant for investors who are ready to take medium to high risk and are looking for a high return, debt investments can allow stability along with a decent return with low to medium levels of risk depending on the product.

Debt mutual funds offer several options to invest in the debt asset class. You can choose the appropriate debt fund scheme as per your investment horizon, risk appetite, and return expectation. So, to decide your debt investment strategy for 2021, you must first use your learnings from 2020.

Learnings from 2020

In 2020, people had expected huge volatility in the equity mutual funds due to the outbreak of the Covid-19 pandemic while assuming debt funds would remain



ILLUSTRATION: SHYAM KUMAR PRASAD

immune. However, debt funds came under huge liquidity pressure, and some of the fund houses went into side pocketing (a technique exercised by fund houses to protect investor interests who have exposure to risky assets by segregating illiquid or bad quality assets from liquid or good quality assets in a debt portfolio). That being said, short-term debt funds performed well despite the liquidity issues and heightened credit risk in the market in 2020.

What to expect in 2021? Liquidity is not expected to be an issue anymore for the debt funds in 2021. However, global bond yields have recently shown a big upside move. There are also chances of a surge in inflation in the coming months and throughout 2021. In India, the interest rate may not be hiked immediately as inflation is hovering around 4%. However, with a consistent rise in crude price, inflation may shoot up in the coming months. In India, the bond yield may also increase in the near

LOOKING AHEAD

■ Liquidity is not expected to be an issue anymore for debt funds in 2021

■ There are also chances of a surge in inflation in the coming months and throughout 2021

■ Go for a debt fund that has high-quality debt instruments such as AAA or at least AA+ rated bonds and G-secs

■ Invest across various asset classes in line with your risk appetite and return expectations to keep overall investment risk under control

future or probably during the second half of 2021. You must be wondering what's the relationship between the bond yield and debt funds. Well, when the bond yield increases, the debt fund value falls and vice-versa. So, the NAV of your debt fund will decrease when the bond yield increases.

Debt fund investment strategy

Investors should focus on goal-based investment in debt funds. If you invest for a short-term goal, then stick to short-term

funds, and if you want to invest for long-term goals, invest in long-term funds. However, when there is an increase in the bond yields, long-term funds usually react more sharply than short-term funds. If you don't want to face volatility risk, investing in top-rated debt funds is the right choice.

A fall in the debt fund NAV can also bring in an opportunity for new investors to invest money for the long-term. In the current situation, when the debt fund NAVs may go down, it's better to focus on a staggered investment plan than invest lump-sum. In a volatile debt market, it's always advisable to check the quality of the fund's assets in which you invest money. You should ideally prefer a debt fund that consists of high-quality debt instruments such as AAA or at least AA+ rated bonds and government securities.

In 2021, debt fund investors must keep a close watch on the interest rate trend and take the investment decision accordingly. Long-term investors should prefer staggered investing, whereas short-term investors should stick to liquid funds as the debt market is expected to be volatile in the near future.

Lastly, you must invest in a diversified manner across various asset classes in line with your risk appetite and return expectations to keep the overall investment risk under control and bag desired returns in time. When in doubt, don't hesitate to consult a certified investment advisor.

The writer is CEO, BankBazaar.com

YOUR MONEY

BRIJESH DAMODARAN

Tracing your investment journey: Lessons from the last 12 mths

IT WAS AROUND this time last year when the first of the Covid-19 cases were being reported in the country. After touching an all-time high, the Sensex fell more than 40% in less than three weeks. However, the index bounced back in the last 12 months refining the way one looks at the investing journey.

The various approaches

With the lockdown imposed, all economic activities had come to a standstill, except the stock markets. Again this was a new phenomenon. No one in the world had ever seen this and it was new to everyone. While investors were spooked, a combination of measured calls, luck and tenacity helped in these times. So, how did investors approach and adapt to this ecosystem?

As category of investors actually cashed in all their investments, thinking that the markets would fall further. The logic being if there is no economic activity, then the stock markets can go only one way – down and south. Nothing wrong with this thought. Another category of investors, cashed in 50% of the investments and let the rest ride. The logic being that if the markets go down further, they can re-enter and/or keep it in a less volatile and more secured asset class.

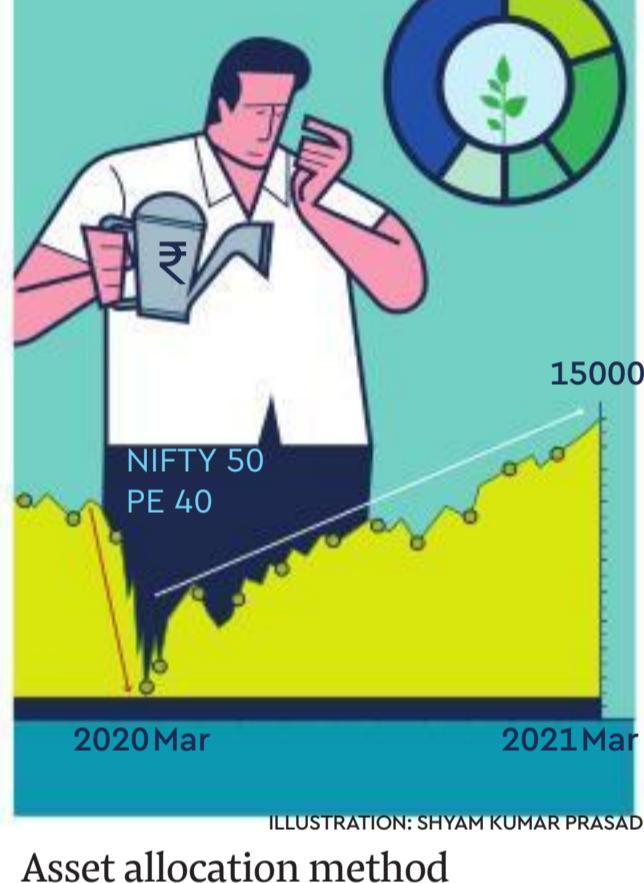


ILLUSTRATION: SHYAM KUMAR PRASAD

Asset allocation method

There was another category of investors who had allocated the investments as per the time horizons and asset allocation method. They actually followed the plan and did not exit the markets. As their cash flow timings were known in advance, panic did not set in and they continued to stay put and grow their investments.

And finally, a new category of investors or traders or enthusiasts entered the stock markets. With time in their hand, they started dabbling in the markets and many of them got quick returns. A few of them, over time, will graduate into serious investors which add to the investing community.

Investing is not carried out by driving with a rear-view mirror. It is forward looking and one has to embrace the possibilities the unknown brings in.

Over the last few weeks, if we talk about opening of the Indian economy further, we have seen:

■ PM Wani project being announced, which aims to make wi-fi affordable and reachable across the towns and villages. More than baby steps have been taken in this regard. This could revolutionise the eco-system in a manner, unknown today. Again, execution is the key.

■ Opening up of the geospatial space has been welcomed by entrepreneurs and the ecosystem of mapping and other services. Here again, execution is the key.

■ More privatisation of PSUs is welcome as it will unlock the economic potential of the companies.

In fact, the Nifty PE is at all-time high in excess of 40. It was at levels of less than 18 in March 2020. What it indicates is that prudence needs to be exercised in fresh allocations and for any tactical investments being carried out, one has to have a strategy in place.

Regular investing with a process is the approach at all times. This has been displayed very clearly in the last 12 months. What goes down, also goes up and vice-versa. The volatility at all levels and times should not in any way hinder the wealth creation journey.

The writer is managing partner, BellWether Associates LLP

eFE

INTERVIEW: SRINIVAS SATYA, President & MD, Applied Materials India

Materials engineering solutions for the AI era is our primary aim



Applied Materials, the Santa Clara, California-based semiconductor and materials engineering firm, believes that the rise of Artificial Intelligence (AI) and the data economy are fueling a new era of growth for chipmakers and the semiconductor equipment industry. "While consumer devices drove electronics demand over the past decade, non-discretionary commercial investments in IoT, Big Data, AI and 5G infrastructure are poised to lead the next decade," says Srinivas Satya, president & MD, Applied Materials India, in an interview with Sudhir Chowdhary. Excerpts:

How is Applied Materials via its semiconductor innovations laying the ground for mainstreaming of technologies such as 5G, IoT and automation?

Among all the emerging technology megatrends, AI in particular has major implications for the electronics and semiconductor ecosystem. AI will move us from an application-centric world to a data-first model where almost all data will be generated by machines. Thus the industry's growth will not be limited by the ability of humans to create or consume data.

In order to make sense of the massive volumes of available data, a new approach to computing is needed—one that is based on workload-specific hardware built from customised and entirely new types of chips. And while AI has the ability to bring many benefits, it also consumes an increasing amount of power. This places a huge imperative on the industry to deliver major improvements in the performance-per-watt of computing solutions.

At Applied Materials, we have aligned our strategy and investments around this

vision of the future. We are focused on delivering materials engineering solutions that improve the performance, power, area, cost and time-to-market (PPACT) of semiconductor devices for the AI era.

Due to AI and the data economy, there is growth in demand for semiconductor equipment. Which industries are driving this demand and how does the nature of demand differ between industries?

The dependency between the global economy and technology is greater today. This is creating robust demand for semiconductors and semiconductor equipment. Several major technology inflections are accelerating as work-from-home, home schooling and online retail drive significant investments in cloud data centres

and communications infrastructure.

The digital transformation of companies and the economy as a whole is also broadening the long-term growth drivers for the semiconductor industry. While consumer devices drove electronics demand over the past decade, non-discretionary commercial investments in IoT, Big Data, AI and 5G infrastructure are poised to lead the next decade.

With Moore's law growing obsolete, is there a new law the industry is looking at to ensure continuous improvement?

At a time when the need for semiconductor innovation has never been greater, the traditional driver of chip technology progress—classic Moore's Law scaling—has run out of steam. As a result, the semi-

conductor industry is adopting a new playbook for delivering the required improvements in PPACT needed to unlock the potential of IoT, Big Data and AI. This new PPACT playbook includes five key elements: new semiconductor architectures, 3D structures, novel materials, new ways to shrink chips and new ways to connect individual chips together with advanced packaging. Applied Materials is positioned to accelerate the new PPACT playbook with the largest portfolio of technologies to create, shape, modify, analyse and connect chip structures and devices.

The demand for AI-dedicated chips has grown significantly. What are you doing to meet this growing demand?

The breadth of Applied's portfolio allows us to combine technologies in innovative new ways and enable the breakthroughs in PPACT needed to unlock the potential of AI. In addition to advancements in our traditional wafer process systems, we are bringing to market new products called Integrated Materials Solutions. These can combine multiple technologies in a single system to help customers create new types of semiconductor devices and structures.

Recently we introduced an Integrated Materials Solution for selective tungsten deposition that removes a major bottleneck to continued scaling of transistors in advanced foundry-logic nodes.

How does the company fit into India's push to establish itself as an electronics manufacturing hub?

The Indian electronics sector is witnessing tremendous growth, as demand is poised to exceed \$400 billion by 2023-24. Domestic production has grown from \$29 billion in 2014-15 to nearly \$70 billion in 2019-20 (CAGR of 25%). The government has unveiled three schemes with an outlay of ₹48,000 crore to promote electronics manufacturing. Just as the government seeks to enable development through 'Making India Atmanirbhar in electronics' initiative, we look to encourage partnerships across different industry sectors.

■ PM Wani project being announced, which aims to make wi-fi affordable and reachable across the towns and villages. More than baby steps have been taken in this regard. This could revolutionise the eco-system in a manner, unknown today. Again, execution is the key.

■ Opening up of the geospatial space has been welcomed by entrepreneurs and the ecosystem of mapping and other services. Here again, execution is the key.

■ More privatisation of PSUs is welcome as it will unlock the economic potential of the companies.

In fact, the Nifty PE is at all-time high in excess of 40. It was at levels of less than 18 in March 2020. What it indicates is that prudence needs to be exercised in fresh allocations and for any tactical investments being carried out, one has to have a strategy in place.

Regular investing with a process is the approach at all times. This has been displayed very clearly in the last 12 months. What goes down, also goes up and vice-versa. The volatility at all levels and times should not in any way hinder the wealth creation journey.

Drones are extensively used by the military in today's world. Drones can be used in rural areas to improve the life of the people, besides monitoring and surveillance of standing crops, crowd management, search and rescue operations and mapping of infrastructure facilities.

FLYING HIGH

IIT Roorkee opens centre for drone research

This facility will undertake advanced research on several aspects of drone technology, including development, applications and anti-drone technology

FE BUREAU

LIKE THE INTERNET and GPS before them, drones are evolving beyond their military origin to become powerful business tools. They have already made the leap to the consumer market, and now they are being put to work in commercial and civil government applications from firefighting to farming. That's creating a market

opportunity that's too large to ignore. A Goldman Sachs Research forecast a \$100 billion market opportunity for drones between 2016-2020—helped by growing demand from the commercial and civil government sectors.

"The drone segment has witnessed a surge in demand by leaps and bounds and is currently being harnessed by 50-60 academic institutions for developing a variety of applications," said VK Saraswat, member, NITI Aayog and former director-general DRDO, as he inaugurated a state-of-the-art Centre for Drone Research at Indian Institute of Technology (IIT) Roorkee. He also stressed upon the significance of indigenisation in the design process of drones and the need for prudent business models to make it commercially viable.

The IIT Roorkee initiative has secured a seed funding of ₹1 crore from alumni of



the 1994 batch on the occasion of their Silver Jubilee Reunion. State-of-the-art and frontier research would be conducted on several aspects of Drone technology, including Drone development, Drone applications and Anti-Drone technology at this centre.

RK Tyagi, IIT Roorkee's distinguished

alumnus and former chairman, Hindustan Aeronautics, said: "The starting of drone research is very timely. The year 2020 has been very disruptive and the drone technology in the last year has impacted every area of activity like transport, medical, pipeline, agriculture and defence. In fact, next to internet and GPS, the drone and anti-drone technology is making a transformative effect and impact on mankind. India will become a drone hub by 2030 and drones and anti-drones will define the core combat capabilities of tomorrow."

Drones are extensively used by the military in today's world. Drones can be used in rural areas to improve the life of the people, besides monitoring and surveillance of standing crops, crowd management, search and rescue operations and mapping of infrastructure facilities.

Markets

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3, 2021

EXPERTVIEW

We could see some moderation in FPI flows when valuations catch up. If the market stabilises, there will be some risk-on trade

—Nirav Sheth, CEO - institutional equities, Emkay Global Financial Services

Money Matters

10-year GILT

Benchmark yield rose under selling pressure **0.025%**



₹/\$

The rupee ended higher on gains in equities **0.248%**



€/\$

The euro fell against the dollar **0.174%**



Quick View

Credit Suisse hires two bankers for India wealth push

CREDIT SUISSE HAS hired two senior bankers for its wealth management team in India to tap growing opportunities in the country, according to a statement. Suveer Modi and Sudipto Sinha have joined as senior relationship managers in the Swiss bank's onshore wealth team.

Piramal Finance appoints Saurabh Mittal as CTO

PIRAMAL FINANCE on Tuesday announced the appointment of Saurabh Mittal as the chief technology officer of its retail finance business. Mittal, who was with Amazon India, will be tasked with leading the technology strategy for building an AI-led lending business.

ManipalCigna launches lifetime health plan

MANIPALCIGNA HEALTH Insurance has launched a lifetime health plan offering sum insured from ₹50 lakh to ₹3 crore to cover treatments and procedures globally for up to 27 illnesses. There is no room rent capping for hospitalisation outside India and the policy offers restoration of sum insured for unrelated illnesses in India.

Altico lenders sign settlement agreement

LENDERS TO ALTICO Capital have signed a settlement agreement with Ares SSG Capital to resolve the real estate financier, sources close to the development told FE.

The agreement will pave the way for the implementation of the resolution plan approved by the lenders in March 2020. The lenders had approved Ares SSG Capital's ₹2,759-crore bid, against the total debt of ₹4,300 crore. Additionally, ₹354 crore was promised in the form of security receipts.

Altico's board approved the implementation of a settlement in its meeting on February 23. The company had earlier filed an application with the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) to transfer the ownership to Ares SSG Capital from existing investors Clearwater Capital Partners, Varde Partners and Abu Dhabi Investment Council. The company also intends to make an application to the RBI to surrender its certificate of registration as an NBFC. "The RBI did not provide any regulatory concessions for a direct company sale, which means that Altico has to forego its FPI license," a senior official who was involved in the deal said. "We expect this deal to be completed by the end of this month."

Altico Capital was faced with a liquidity crunch in 2019. It defaulted on a ₹19-crore external commercial borrowing repayment to Mashreq Bank in September 2019, which led to a few lenders recalling loans.

— FE BUREAU

RECLAIMING 50,000-MARK

Sensex rises for second day on gains in IT, auto shares

NSE Nifty also climbed 157.55 points to settle above 14,900-mark

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA Mumbai

BENCHMARK BSE SENSEX spurted by 447 points to close above the psychological 50,000-mark on Tuesday following hectic buying in auto and IT counters amid positive domestic and global cues. The 30-share index swung nearly 633 points during the session before ending at 50,296.89, showing a rise of 447.05 points or 0.9%.

Likewise, the NSE Nifty climbed 157.55 points or 1.07% to settle at 14,919.10, extending gains to a second day.

Among Sensex stocks, Mahindra & Mahindra was lead gainer, rising by 4.98%. NTPC rose by 3.83%, Bajaj Auto by 3.53%, and Tech Mahindra by 3.44%. TCS, Maruti, Infosys, HCL Tech, Nestle and Bharti Airtel were among the gainers. On the other hand, ONGC, HDFC, Dr Reddy's, PowerGrid and SBI suffered losses. Of the Sensex constituents, 25 shares ended with gains.

Sectorally, BSE auto surged the most with 3.18% gains, followed by IT (2.85%), teck (2.84%) and industrials (2.2%). All the 19 sectoral indices closed in the green. Broader smallcap, midcap and largecap indices too rallied 1.6%, 1.55% and 1.11%, respectively, outperforming the benchmark.

Analysts said investor sentiment remained upbeat due to encouraging GDP numbers for the third quarter as well as returning of calmness in global bond markets after the last week's turmoil.

Vinod Nair, head of research at Geojit Financial Services, said, "An improved outlook post-February auto sales numbers resulted in continued buying in auto stocks with IT sector also being a major



contributor in the rally."

S Ranganathan, head of research at LKP Securities, said markets exhibited buoyancy despite its share of volatility in afternoon trade. IT and auto stocks led the rally while the broader market saw keen interest in paper stocks on rising product prices.

A strong buying was seen in midcap and smallcap packs and outperformed broader indices as visible earnings recovery is attracting investors in this space.

Notably, the volatility index contracted sharply for the second consecutive day by over 6%, Binod Modi, head - strategy at Reliance Securities, said. "Concerns pertaining to rising bond yields appear to have softened a bit after central bankers across the world have begun to push back against higher rates.

"This should offer some comfort to Indian equities and INR as rising bond yields in the USA and declining spread between USA Treasury yields and India's GSec yields had started putting pressure on INR," Modi said.

Elsewhere in Asia, bourses in Tokyo, Shanghai and Hong Kong closed with losses after a selloff in US Treasury debt eased. Meanwhile, Brent Futures rose 0.71% to trade at \$63.76 per barrel.

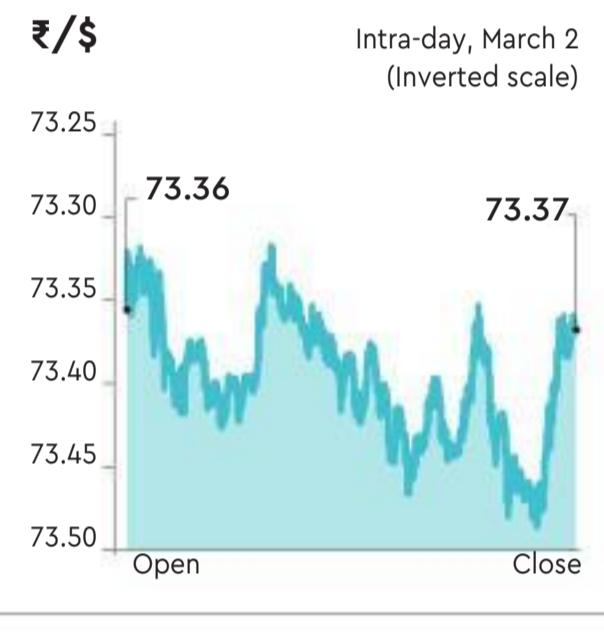
Rupee rises by 18 paise to 73.37, ends losing streak

THE RUPEE ROSE by 18 paise to close at 73.37 against the US dollar on Tuesday, ending its three-day losing streak on the back of gains in domestic equities amid improving risk appetite. Dollar demand eased after a pullback in crude oil and bond yields which supported the rupee sentiment, analysts said.

At the interbank forex market, the local unit opened at 73.32 against the greenback and witnessed an intra-day high of 73.31 and a low of 73.48. It finally ended at 73.37 against the American currency. On Monday, the rupee had settled at 73.55 against the dollar. The rupee had lost 1.66 per cent in three sessions to Monday.

"Indian rupee strengthened after a sharp fall in past two sessions as rebound in domestic equities improved sentiment and demand for dollar eased after a pullback in crude oil and yields," said Devarsh Vakil, deputy head of Retail Research.

The dollar index, which gauges the greenback's strength against a basket of six currencies, advanced 0.0% to 91.29. — PTI



Non-food credit growth rises to 6.61% in Feb

FE BUREAU Mumbai, March 2

THE INCREASE IN non-food credit improved in February, rising to 6.61% year-on-year (y-o-y) for the fortnight ended February 12, up from 5.92% in the previous fortnight.

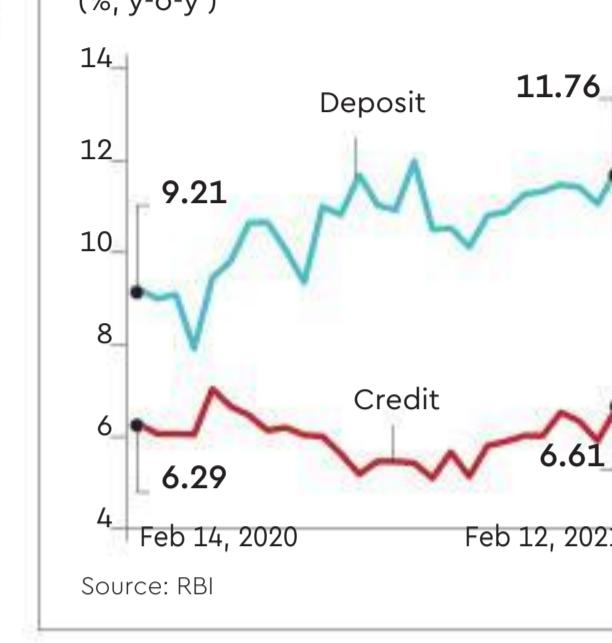
As on February 12, outstanding non-food credit stood at ₹106.28 lakh crore, showed data released by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI). Commercial paper (CP) issuances fell during the fortnight ended February 15 to ₹88,216 crore from ₹89,041 crore during the previous fortnight. The CPs outstanding declined to ₹3.99 lakh crore from ₹4.11 lakh crore at the end of January.

Deposits with banks continued to grow and stood at ₹147.81 lakh crore, up 11.76% y-o-y. The credit-deposit ratio was 71.9%.

Muted growth in lending to large industries, the housing sector and non-banking financial companies (NBFCs), restricted the increase in bank credit growth during the period under review. According to a recent note by Care Ratings, the three segments account for 27%, 14% and 7% respectively, of gross bank credit.

The RBI said in its 'State of the Economy' report that bank credit to large industries remained in contraction in December 2020, even as other segments showed signs of

Credit and deposit growth (% y-o-y)



recovery. Several of these borrowers, particularly those with high ratings, are raising funds through bonds, debentures and other market-based instruments to take advantage of the low interest rate regime and to retire past high cost debt. Loans for professional services were also in contraction. Growth in bank credit to NBFCs slumped to 8% in December 2020, as against a growth of 28% a year ago.

On Monday, Crisil said that in the current fiscal, bank credit is seen rising 4-5%. This is a revision of the ratings agency's projection of 0-1% growth from June 2020.

RBI restricting banks from raising stakes in insurance companies

REUTERS Mumbai, March 2

THE RESERVE BANK of India (RBI) wants banks to limit ownership stakes in capital intensive insurance companies at a maximum 20%, less than half of what the current regulations permit, three sources with knowledge of the discussions told Reuters.

RBI rules allow banks to hold up to 50% stakes in insurers and on a selective basis equity holdings can be higher, but must eventually be brought down within a certain period.

The sources, who asked not to be named as the discussions are private, however said the central bank in 2019 unofficially advised banks seeking to acquire stakes in insurers, to limit such stakes to 30%, and more recently directed them to cap stake purchases in insurers at 20%.

"Unofficially, banks have been told that the regulator is not comfortable with lenders increasing their stakes because the insurance business is seen as a money guzzler," one source said.

The central bank did not respond to a request seeking comment.

ANALYST CORNER

‘Neutral’ on SBI Cards and Payment Services

MOTILAL OSWAL

SBI CARDS AND Payments Services (SBI CARD) has strengthened its position as the second-largest card player in the country — with market share of ~19% in o/s cards and ~20% in overall spends. The company has an o/s card base of ~11.5m and has doubled its card base over the past three years at an average incremental market share of 23%. SBICARD has access to parent SBIN's vast network of ~22k branches and customer base of ~450m, along with strong open market sourcing capabilities. Thus, it remains well-placed to capitalise on growth opportunities in a highly underpenetrated market. The company has delivered average RoA/RoE of ~5%/29.5% over FY18-20.

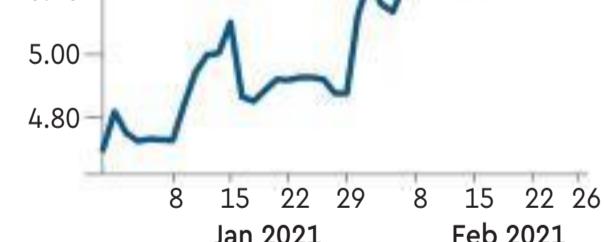
While Covid-19 has disrupted the growth trajectory, recovery has been fairly sharp, with retail spends surpassing pre-Covid levels. We estimate a loan book/earnings CAGR of 27%/47% over FY21-23E, while margins are likely to remain broadly stable. We estimate credit cost to moderate gradually, and expect the company to report healthy return

ratios with RoA/RoE of 6.6%/28.4% in FY23. We initiate coverage with a Neutral rating and TP of ₹1,200 (43x FY23 EPS).

India's credit card base has increased at a 22% CAGR over the past five years to ~60m, while total spends have improved at a faster 31% CAGR during this period. Thus, the credit card penetration rate has increased ~230bp to 3.8% in the past five years. However, this remains much lower v/s most other countries. Furthermore, the credit card penetration to banks' internal customers stands at a meagre ~7% (the lowest for SBI Cards at 3.8%), providing ample cross-sell opportunities. Therefore, we believe a highly underpenetrated market — coupled with a higher thrust for digital payments, rising e-commerce, and efforts towards making the economy cashless one — provides strong structural growth opportunities.

SBI Cards has strengthened its position as the second-largest player — with market share of ~19% in o/s cards and ~20% in spends. It enjoys SBI's strong parentage, with an extensive network of ~22k branches and a vast customer base of ~450m.

Surging costs Yield on AAA three-year corporate bonds jumped the most since 2013 in February



upswing in rates globally are sticking to shorter tenors.

While India's economy returned to growth in the last three months of 2020, higher yields, rising oil prices and more infectious strains of Covid-19 all threaten the recovery.

"We are maintaining low or very low duration in credit market to hedge against volatility," said Dwijendra Srivastava, chief investment officer for debt at Sundaram Asset Management.

"Sharp increases in bond yields will hit the small companies the most that drive the Indian economy, and are needed the most at this time to help push growth," he said.

Yields on shorter-dated rupee corporate bonds have fallen somewhat this week as inflation concerns globally have receded, but they remain near an eight-month high.

— BLOOMBERG

to increase target market; innerwear scale-up to continue. Ethnic makes up the largest segment of apparel. ABFRL expects ethnic wear to drive a significant share of growth (~20% of incremental revenue over FY20-26). In the wake of its acquisitions and via Pantaloons, ABFRL has five brands spread across various price points. For innerwear, ABFRL is targeting ₹1.5bn in revenue driven by expansion of its EBO network to 500 (from 44 at present), majorly via franchisees.

There is an evident sharpening of focus from the Aditya Birla Group in driving ABFRL's performance, which we believe is a clear reflection of Kumar Mangalam Birla becoming the chairman. Through its interaction at the analyst meet, ABFRL has set clear targets for each segment ... We maintain the target EV/EBITDA at 18x June 2022E, which yields an unchanged TP of ₹224. Maintain 'Buy/SO'. Flawed capital allocation remains a key risk though.

New Delhi

— BLOOMBERG

With \$4.9 bn inflows in 2021, India continues to draw FPIs

URVASHI VALECHA

Mumbai, March 2

WITH THE LEVEL of Covid-19 infections tapering off and the economy recovering faster than expected, foreign portfolio investors (FPIs) continue to buy into Indian equities.

With inflows of \$4.9 billion so far in 2021, India is among the favourite emerging markets so far this year. While Brazil and Indonesia have received inflows of \$3.2 billion and \$

Raise oil output, India tells Opec+

DINA KHRENNIKOVA &
OLGA TANAS

March 2

INDIA HAS REITERATED its call to Opec+ to increase oil production from April as the alliance meets this week to discuss future steps.

"Artificial cuts to keep the price going up is not something we support," Tarun Kapoor, secretary at ministry of petroleum and natural gas, told reporters in Moscow on Wednesday at the opening ceremony of India's energy center.

It's not the first time India, one of the biggest buyers of the producer group's crude, has urged the Organization of Exporting Petroleum Countries and its partners to pump more oil. In January, when Saudi Arabia surprised the market with a voluntary production cut of 1 million barrels a day in February and March, Indian oil and gas minister Dharmendra Pradhan said such policy "contradiction" is "creating confusion for the consuming countries." Higher crude prices amid the Opec+ deal were also harming the global economic recovery, Pradhan said last month.

The 23-nation coalition con-



The 23-nation coalition on Thursday will decide whether to revive a 500,000-barrel tranche in April

tinues to idle just over 7 million barrels of daily output — about 7% of global supply — and on Thursday will decide whether to revive a 500,000-barrel tranche in April. In addition, the Saudis will confirm whether an extra 1 million barrels they've recently taken offline will return as scheduled.

Crude prices rallied to pre-pandemic levels at the end of February, buoyed by the rapid drawdown of stockpiles and US production being impacted by severe winter storms.

While the market expects that the coalition, led by Saudi Arabia and Russia, will agree to an increase in production, the pace of recovery in output remains unclear.

—BLOOMBERG

Oil steady before Opec+ talks

NOAH BROWNING
London, March 2

OIL PRICES WERE steady on Tuesday before this week's Opec+ meeting where producers are expected to ease supply curbs as economies start to slowly recover from the coronavirus crisis.

Opec secretary general Mohammad Barkindo said the outlook for oil demand was looking more positive, particularly in Asia, and headwinds from last year continued to abate. Brent crude was little changed at \$63.66 a barrel by 1350 GMT, after easing back from last week's more than one-year peak above \$67. US West Texas Intermediate (WTI) was also barely changed at \$60.67, also down from last week's high. Prices slipped after a recent rally on expectations that the Organization of Petroleum Exporting

Countries and its allies, a group known as Opec+, would add more oil to the market from April as they ease back on last year's deep supply cuts.

"With the speculative market heavily long, the past three sessions' falls look corrective ahead of Thursday's meeting," said Jeffrey Halley, market analyst at OANDA.Opec+, which meets on Thursday, could discuss allowing as much as 1.5 million barrels per day (bpd) back into the market.

OPEC oil output fell in February as a voluntary cut by Saudi Arabia added to reductions agreed to in a previous Opec+ pact, a Reuters survey found, ending a run of seven consecutive monthly increases. In Asia, China; factories activity growth slipped to a nine-month low in February, which could curtail Chinese crude demand. —REUTERS

Tur prices firm up above MSP on crop shortage worries

FE BUREAU
Pune, March 2

TUR PRICES ACROSS the country have firmed up and crossed the minimum support price (MSP) levels of ₹6,000 per quintal in the current crop year of June 2020-July 2021.

The national agricultural cooperative marketing federation of India (Nafed) has not been able to procure tur (arhar) from Maharashtra due to the rally in prices. Nafed had given five states a procurement target of 15 lakh tonne. Wholesale tur prices are currently hovering between ₹6,100 per quintal to ₹7,250 per quintal in key markets in Maharashtra and Karnataka.

Jitu Bheda, chairman, India Pulses and Grain Association (IPGA), said that initially tur production was expected to touch 40 lakh tonne, but according to the second advance estimates, production is likely to drop to 38 lakh tonne.

has sought early imports because the millers only had a 43-day window last year to import tur. This time we are seeking a 10-month span to be able to plan the imports better," Agrawal said.

Yogesh Thorat, MD, Maharashtra Farmers Producers Company (MahaFPC) — an umbrella body of farmer producer companies and one of the agencies to participate in the government procurement process in the state — said that farmers are not coming forward to sell their stock to the government procurement centres since they were getting better prices from traders.

Lower than expected yields and the decision of small and medium farmers to hold on to their produce have kept the tur prices up, which are ruling ₹700-800 per quintal above the MSP, he said. Ex-dal mill prices of the lentil in Latur — the country's biggest tur market — was ₹6,900 to ₹7,500 per quintal, with further correction of prices not being ruled out by traders.

Nafed had given five states a target of nearly 15 lakh tonne, and out of this Maharashtra has been given a target of 2.89 lakh tonne for tur. This was being undertaken by the Maharashtra State Cooperative Marketing Federation, Vidarbha Cooperative Marketing Federation and the Maharashtra Farmers Produce Company (MahaFPC) and Prithashakti Farmer Producer Company (PFPC).

Thorat attributed the rise in prices to a lower-than-expected yield and decision of the farmers to hold onto their stocks. Ahead of the harvesting season, the spectre of a bumper crop had brought down the prices below the MSP.

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MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS (Government of India)

Re: Offer for Sale of equity shares of face value of ₹2 each ("Equity Shares") of IRCON International Limited (the "Company"), by its Promoter, the President of India acting through Ministry of Railways, Government of India (the "Seller"), through the stock exchange mechanism.

I am directed to refer to Clause 5(b) of the circular number CIR/MRD/DP/18/2012 dated July 18, 2012 notified by the Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") pertaining to comprehensive guidelines on offer for sale of shares by promoters through the stock exchange mechanism, as amended by circular number CIR/MRD/DP/14/2013 dated January 25, 2013, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/17/2013 dated May 30, 2013, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/2/2014 dated August 8, 2014, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/32/2014 dated December 1, 2014, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/36/2016 dated February 15, 2016, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/65/2017 dated June 27, 2017 and circular number SEBI/HOMR/D/OPIC/RP/2018/159 dated December 28, 2018 ("SEBI OFS Circular") read with Section 21 of Chapter I of the Master Circular for Stock Exchange and Clearing Corporation – circular no. CIR/MRD/DP/1/2012 dated December 25, 2012, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/2/2013 dated January 25, 2013, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/3/2013 dated February 15, 2013, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/4/2013 dated March 20, 2013, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/5/2013 dated April 15, 2013, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/6/2013 dated May 20, 2013, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/7/2013 dated June 15, 2013, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/8/2013 dated July 10, 2013, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/9/2013 dated August 15, 2013, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/10/2013 dated September 10, 2013, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/11/2013 dated October 15, 2013, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/12/2013 dated November 10, 2013, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/13/2013 dated December 10, 2013, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/14/2013 dated January 25, 2014, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/15/2013 dated February 15, 2014, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/16/2013 dated March 20, 2014, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/17/2013 dated April 15, 2014, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/18/2013 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number CIR/MRD/DP/87/2013 dated February 15, 2020, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/88/2013 dated March 20, 2020, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/89/2013 dated April 15, 2020, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/90/2013 dated May 20, 2020, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/91/2013 dated June 10, 2020, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/92/2013 dated July 10, 2020, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/93/2013 dated August 15, 2020, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/94/2013 dated September 10, 2020, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/95/2013 dated October 15, 2020, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/96/2013 dated November 10, 2020, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/97/2013 dated December 10, 2020, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/98/2013 dated January 15, 2021, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/99/2013 dated February 15, 2021, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/100/2013 dated March 20, 2021, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/101/2013 dated April 15, 2021, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/102/2013 dated May 20, 2021, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/103/2013 dated June 10, 2021, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/104/2013 dated July 10, 2021, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/105/2013 dated August 15, 2021, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/106/2013 dated September 10, 2021, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/107/2013 dated October 15, 2021, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/108/2013 dated November 10, 2021, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/109/2013 dated December 10, 2021, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/110/2013 dated January 15, 2022, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/111/2013 dated February 15, 2022, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/112/2013 dated March 20, 2022, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/113/2013 dated April 15, 2022, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/114/2013 dated May 20, 2022, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/115/2013 dated June 10, 2022, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/116/2013 dated July 10, 2022, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/117/2013 dated August 15, 2022, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/118/2013 dated September 10, 2022, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/119/2013 dated October 15, 2022, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/120/2013 dated November 10, 2022, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/121/2013 dated December 10, 2022, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/122/2013 dated January 15, 2023, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/123/2013 dated February 15, 2023, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/124/2013 dated March 20, 2023, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/125/2013 dated April 15, 2023, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/126/2013 dated May 20, 2023, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/127/2013 dated June 10, 2023, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/128/2013 dated July 10, 2023, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/129/2013 dated August 15, 2023, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/130/2013 dated September 10, 2023, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/131/2013 dated October 15, 2023, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/132/2013 dated November 10, 2023, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/133/2013 dated December 10, 2023, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/134/2013 dated January 15, 2024, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/135/2013 dated February 15, 2024, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/136/2013 dated March 20, 2024, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/137/2013 dated April 15, 2024, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/138/2013 dated May 20, 2024, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/139/2013 dated June 10, 2024, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/140/2013 dated July 10, 2024, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/141/2013 dated August 15, 2024, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/142/2013 dated September 10, 2024, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/143/2013 dated October 15, 2024, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/144/2013 dated November 10, 2024, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/145/2013 dated December 10, 2024, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/146/2013 dated January 15, 2025, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/147/2013 dated February 15, 2025, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/148/2013 dated March 20, 2025, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/149/2013 dated April 15, 2025, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/150/2013 dated May 20, 2025, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/151/2013 dated June 10, 2025, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/152/2013 dated July 10, 2025, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/153/2013 dated August 15, 2025, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/154/2013 dated September 10, 2025, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/155/2013 dated October 15, 2025, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/156/2013 dated November 10, 2025, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/157/2013 dated December 10, 2025, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/158/2013 dated January 15, 2026, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/159/2013 dated February 15, 2026, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/160/2013 dated March 20, 2026, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/161/2013 dated April 15, 2026, circular number CIR/MRD/DP/162/2013 dated May 20, 2026

Bokaro Power Supply Co. (P) Ltd.
 (A Joint Venture of SAIL & DVC)
 Hall No.: M-01, Old Administrative Building
 Ispat Bhawan, Bokaro Steel City-210001 (Jharkhand)
 CIN No.: U04300DL2001PTC112074

NOTICE INVITING TENDER

Dated : 01.03.2021

Ref. No.	HIT No. / Date	Description	BOD & Time
1.	BPSCL/MM20-21/C-178/ NIT-968/594 dt. 26.02.2021	Assistance in Miscellaneous Jobs of F&A Department of BPSCL.	26.03.2021 at 12.15 Hrs
2.	BPSCL/MM20-21/PUR-218/ NIT-969/500 dt. 26.02.2021	Procurement, Commissioning & Post Warranty Comprehensive AMC of Sox, NOx & CO Analyzer System.	26.03.2021 at 12.15 Hrs
3.	BPSCL/MM20-21/PUR-211/ NIT-970/561 dt. 26.02.2021	Procurement of Tri-Sodium Phosphate.	26.03.2021 at 12.15 Hrs
4.	BPSCL/MM20-21/PUR-212/ NIT-971/662 dt. 26.02.2021	Procurement of Thrust Ring.	30.03.2021 at 12.15 Hrs
5.	BPSCL/MM20-21/PUR-213/ NIT-972/664 dt. 26.02.2021	Procurement of Spectrophotometer.	26.03.2021 at 12.15 Hrs
6.	BPSCL/MM20-21/C-018/ NIT-973/598 dt. 26.02.2021	Assistance in Material Handling in Planning Cell.	26.03.2021 at 12.15 Hrs
7.	BPSCL/MM20-21/C-179/ NIT-974/595 dt. 26.02.2021	Annual Maintenance Contract of ESP and Ash Handling System including Dredge pump house - 2 of CPP Boilers.	30.03.2021 at 12.15 Hrs

For Tender documents kindly visit Website : www.bpscl.com. Bidders are requested to visit website regularly.

GUJARAT ENERGY TRANSMISSION CORPORATION LIMITED.
 Sardar Patel Vidyut Bhavan, Race Course, Vadodara 390 007

e-TENDER NOTICE OF GETCO**TENDER NOTICE NO.: GETCO/TR/400kv K-C Line/2021**

Chief Engineer (TR) invites "On line Tenders" (e-tendering) for the work "Supply & dismantling/erection work for restoration/repair of 400kv Kosambo - Chorania & Kosambo Charal D/C line" at an estimated cost of Rs. 75,01,212.87

Interested bidders having qualification as per terms of the tender, may please visit our website www.getcojagrat.com (for view and download only) and <https://getco.nprocure.com> (for view, download and on line submission) from 02/03/2021 onwards. It is mandatory for all the bidders to submit their tender documents by both form viz. on-line (E-tendering) and physically in schedule time. **"NO COURIER SERVICE OR HAND DELIVERY"** will be allowed.

Interested bidders are also requested to be in touch with our above web site for any amendment till the last date of receipt of tender document.

"Energy Saved is Energy Generated"

Chief Engineer (TR)

DELHI JAL BOARD GOVT. OF NCT OF DELHI
OFFICE OF THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER (EAST) I
M 16 MAYUR VIHAR PKT E PHASE II NEW DELHI-110091

Stop Corona: 1. Wash Your Hands 2. Wear Mask 3. Maintain Social Distance

PRESS NOTICE TENDER**NIT NO.39/East-I/ (2020-21)**

SI. No.	Name of work	Estimated Contract Value (ECV) Amount put to tender	Tender Fees	Date of Release of Corrigendum in E-Procurement Solution & Tender ID No.	Last Date/Time of receipt of tender E-Procurement Solution
01.	Demolishing of De-functioning and abandoned Over Head Tank at OHG Kondli sewer store in AC-56 in East-I	29,55,348.00	500.00	26.02.2021 2021_DJB_200621_1	15.03.2021 At 03:15 PM

Further details in this regard can be seen at <https://govt.procurement.delhi.gov.in>ISSUED BY P.R.O. (WATER)
Advt. No. J.S.V. 459 (2020-21)Sd/-
Pratap Singh
EXECUTIVE ENGINEER (EAST)-I

(THIS IS ONLY AN ADVERTISEMENT FOR INFORMATION PURPOSES AND NOT A PROSPECTUS ANNOUNCEMENT)

PARTY CRUISERS LIMITED

(CIN:U63040MH1994PLC083438)

Our Company was originally incorporated as Party Cruisers Private Limited on December 02, 1994 under the Companies Act, 1956 vide certificate of incorporation issued by the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra. Subsequently, the name of the company was changed from "Party Cruisers Private Limited" to "Party Cruisers Limited" under the Companies Act, 2013 pursuant to a special resolution passed by our shareholders at the EGM held on September 03, 2013 and had obtained fresh certificate of incorporation dated November 13, 2013 issued by the Registrar of Companies, Maharashtra. For details pertaining to the changes of name of our company and change in the registered office, please refer to the chapter titled "History and Certain Corporate Matters" beginning on page no. 117 of this Prospectus.

Registered Office: 303/305, Simran Plaza, Khar (West), Mumbai - 400 052, Maharashtra, India

Email: compliance@partycrusidersltd.com | Website: www.partycrusidersltd.com

Contact Person: Ms. Namrata Subhashsingh Negi, Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

PROMOTERS OF THE COMPANY: MR. ZUER HATIM LUCKNOWALA & MRS. RACHANA ZUER LUCKNOWALA**BASIS OF ALLOTMENT**

PUBLIC ISSUE OF 15,20,000 EQUITY SHARES OF FACE VALUE OF ₹ 10/- EACH ("EQUITY SHARES") OF PARTY CRUISERS LIMITED ("OUR COMPANY" OR "THE ISSUER COMPANY") FOR CASH AT A PRICE ₹ 51/- PER EQUITY SHARE (INCLUDING A SHARE PREMIUM OF ₹ 41/- PER EQUITY SHARE) ("ISSUE PRICE") AGGRGATING TO ₹ 75.20 LAKHS ("THE ISSUE"), OF WHICH 76,000 EQUITY SHARES OF FACE VALUE OF ₹ 10/- EACH FOR A CASH PRICE OF ₹ 51/- PER EQUITY SHARE, AGGRGATING TO ₹ 38.76 LAKHS WILL BE RESERVED FOR SUBSCRIPTION BY MARKET MAKER ("MARKET MAKER RESERVATION PORTION"). THE ISSUE LESS THE MARKET MAKER RESERVATION PORTION I.E. ISSUE OF 14,44,000 EQUITY SHARES OF FACE VALUE OF ₹ 10/- EACH AT AN ISSUE PRICE OF ₹ 51/- PER EQUITY SHARE AGGRGATING TO ₹ 736.44 LAKHS (IS HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AS THE "NET ISSUE"). THE ISSUE AND THE NET ISSUE WILL CONSTITUTE 27.14 % AND 25.79 %, RESPECTIVELY OF THE POST ISSUE PAID UP EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL OF OUR COMPANY. FOR FURTHER DETAILS, PLEASE REFER TO SECTION TITLED "TERMS OF THE ISSUE" BEGINNING ON PAGE NO. 209 OF THIS PROSPECTUS.

As per Regulation 253(2) of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, as amended, as present issue is a fixed price issue 'the Allocation' in the net issue to the public category shall be made as follows:

a. Minimum fifty percent(50%) To Retail Individual Investors; and

b. Remaining to:

(i) Individual applicants other than retail individual investors; and

(ii) Other investors including corporate bodies or institutions, irrespective of the number of specified securities applied for

c. The unsubscribed portion in either of the categories specified in (a) or (b) above may be allocated to the applicants in the other category.

If the retail individual investor category is entitled to more than fifty per cent on proportionate basis, accordingly the retail individual investors shall be allocated that higher percentage.

THE FACE VALUE OF THE EQUITY SHARES IS ₹ 10 EACH AND**THE ISSUE PRICE OF ₹ 51 IS 5.1 TIMES OF THE FACE VALUE.****ISSUE OPENED ON FEBRUARY 22, 2021 AND CLOSED ON FEBRUARY 25, 2021****PROPOSED LISTING: FRIDAY, MARCH 05, 2021***

The Equity Shares offered through the Prospectus are proposed to be listed on the EMERGE Platform of NSE Limited ("NSE") in terms of the Chapter IX of the SEBI (ICDR) Regulations, as amended from time to time. Our Company has received an approval letter dated February 03, 2021 from NSE Limited ("NSE") for using its name in the Offer Document for listing of our shares on the EMERGE Platform of NSE. For the purpose of this Issue, NSE shall be the Designated Stock Exchange. The trading is proposed to be commenced on or about **FRIDAY, MARCH 05, 2021***.

*Subject to the receipt of listing and trading approval from the NSE EMERGE Platform.

All Applicants were allowed to participate in the Issue through APPLICATIONS SUPPORTED BY BLOCKED AMOUNT ("ASBA") process by providing the details of their respective bank accounts in which the corresponding application amounts were blocked by Self Certified Syndicate Banks (the "SCSBs"). Further, for Retail Individual Investors (individual Investors bidding for amount upto ₹ 2 Lacs) use of UPI Id in Application Form is mandatory while applying for equity IPOs through Designated Intermediaries (Syndicate members, Registered Stock Brokers, Registrar and Transfer agent and Depository Participants). All Other Category of Investors shall mandatorily use only Application Supported by Blocked Amount (ASBA) facility for making payments.

SUBSCRIPTION DETAILS

The issue has received 738 applications for 16,58,000 Equity Shares resulting in 1,0908 times subscription (including reserved portion of market maker). The details of the applications received in the issue (before technical rejections) are as follows:

Detail of the Applications Received (Before Technical Rejection):

Category	Number of Applications	% to Total	Number of Equity Shares	% to Total	Subscription (Times)	Shares as per Prospectus
Market Makers	1	0.13	76,000	4.41	1.00	76,000
Other than Retail Individual Investors	29	3.78	1,72,000	9.98	0.24	7,22,000
Retail Individual Investors	738	96.09	14,76,000	85.61	2.04	7,22,000
Total	768	100.00	17,24,000	100.00	1.13	15,20,000

The details of applications rejected by the Registrar on technical grounds (including withdrawal) are detailed below:

Category	No. of Applications	No. of Equity Shares
Market Makers	0	0
Retail Individual Investors	29	58,000
Other than Retail Individual Investors	1	8,000
Total	30	66,000

After eliminating technically rejected applications, the following tables give us category wise net valid applications:

Category	Number of Applications	% to Total	Issue Size (as per Prospectus)	Proportionate Issue Size (After rounding off)	No. of Valid Shares applied	% of Total Applied	Subscription (Times)	Revised* Subscription (Times)
Market Maker	1	0.14	76,000	76,000	76,000	4.58	1.00	1.00
Other than Retail Individual Investors	28	3.79	72,000	16,400	16,400	9.90	0.23	1.00
Retail Individual Investors	709	96.07	12,80,000	14,18,000	14,18,000	85.52	1.96	1.11
Total	738	100.00	15,20,000	15,20,000	16,58,000	100.00	1.09	1.09

ALLOCATION: The Basis of Allotment was finalized in consultation with the Designated Stock Exchange – NSE Limited on **Monday, March 01, 2021**.

A. Allocation to Market Maker (After Technical Rejections & Withdrawal): The Basis of Allotment to the Market Maker, at the issue price of ₹ 51 per Equity Share, was finalized in consultation with NSE Limited. The category was subscribed by 1.00 times. The total number of shares allotted in this category is 76,000 Equity shares.

B. Allocation to Retail Individual Investors (After Technical Rejections & Withdrawal): The Basis of Allotment to the Retail Individual Investors, at the Issue Price of ₹ 51 per Equity Share, was finalized in consultation with NSE Limited. The category was subscribed by 1.96 times i.e. for 14,18,000 Equity Shares. Total number of shares allotted in this category is 12,80,000 Equity Shares to 640 successful applicants.

The category wise details of the Basis of Allotment are as under:

No. of Shares Applied for (Category wise)	No. Of Applications received	% to Total	Total No. of
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This is a public announcement for information purposes only and is not a prospectus announcement. This does not constitute an invitation or offer to acquire, purchase or subscribe for securities. Not for publication or distribution, directly or indirectly outside India.



Our Company was incorporated as 'Easy Trip Planners Private Limited', a private limited company under the Companies Act, 1956, pursuant to the certificate of incorporation dated June 4, 2008 issued by the Registrar of Companies, National Capital Territory of Delhi and Haryana at New Delhi ("RoC"). Thereafter, upon conversion to a public limited company, the name of our Company was changed to 'Easy Trip Planners Limited' pursuant to our Shareholders' resolution dated April 12, 2019 and a fresh certificate of incorporation dated May 11, 2019 issued by the RoC. For details of change in the name and registered office of our Company, see "History and Certain Corporate Matters" beginning on page 161 of the red herring prospectus dated February 28, 2021 (the "RHP").

Registered and Corporate Office: 223, FIE Patparganj Industrial Area, East Delhi, Delhi – 110 092, India; Telephone: +91 11 4313 1313; Contact Person: Ms. Preeti Sharma, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer; Telephone: +91 011 4003 3844

E-mail: emt.secretarial@easemytrip.com Website: www.easemytrip.com Corporate Identity Number: U63090DL2008PLC179041

EASY TRIP PLANNERS LIMITED

OUR PROMOTERS: MR. NISHANT PITTI, MR. RIKANT PITTE AND MR. PRASHANT PITTI

INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING OF UP TO [•] EQUITY SHARES OF FACE VALUE OF ₹ 2 EACH (THE "EQUITY SHARES") OF EASY TRIP PLANNERS LIMITED ("OUR COMPANY" OR THE "ISSUER") FOR CASH AT A PRICE OF ₹ [•] PER EQUITY SHARE (INCLUDING A SHARE PREMIUM OF ₹ [•] PER EQUITY SHARE) AGGREGATING UP TO ₹ 5,100 MILLION (THE "OFFER"), COMPRISING OF AN OFFER FOR SALE OF UP TO [•] EQUITY SHARES AGGRGATING UP TO ₹ 2,550 MILLION BY MR. NISHANT PITTI AND UP TO [•] EQUITY SHARES AGGRGATING UP TO ₹ 2,550 MILLION BY MR. RIKANT PITTE (TOGETHER WITH MR. NISHANT PITTI, THE "PROMOTER SELLING SHAREHOLDERS"). THE OFFER SHALL CONSTITUTE [•]% OF THE POST-OFFER PAID-UP EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL OF OUR COMPANY.

QIB Portion: Not less than 75% of the Offer | Retail Portion: Not more than 10% of the Offer | Non-Institutional Portion: Not more than 15% of the Offer

Price Band: ₹ 186 per Equity Share to ₹ 187 per Equity Share of face value of ₹ 2 each.

The Floor Price is 93 times the face value of the Equity Shares and the Cap Price is 93.50 times the face value of the Equity Shares.

Bids can be made for a minimum of 80 Equity Shares and in multiples of 80 Equity Shares thereafter.

ASBA*

Simple, Safe, Smart way of Application!!!

**Mandatory in public issue.
No cheque will be accepted.**

*Application supported by blocked amount (ASBA) is a better way of applying to issues by simply blocking the fund in the bank account. For further details, check section on ASBA below.



UPI-Now available in ASBA for Retail Individual Investors.**

Bidders are required to ensure that the bank account used for bidding is linked to their PAN.

**UPI-Now available in ASBA for Retail Individual Bidders ("RIBs") (up to ₹ 2,00,000), applying through Registered Brokers, Syndicate, DPs & RTAs. Retail Individual Bidders also have the option to submit the application directly to the ASBA Bank (SCSBs) or to use the facility of linked online trading, demat and bank account. For details on the ASBA, and UPI process, please refer to the details given in ASBA form and abridged prospectus and also please refer to the section "Offer Procedure" beginning on page 426 of the Red Herring Prospectus. The process is also available on the website of AIBI and Stock Exchanges in the General Information Document. ASBA bid cum application forms can be downloaded from the websites of BSE Limited ("BSE") and National Stock Exchange of India Limited ("NSE", and together with NSE, the "Stock Exchanges") and can be obtained from the list of banks that is available on the website of SEBI at www.sebi.gov.in. List of banks supporting UPI is also available on the website of SEBI at www.sebi.gov.in. HDFC Bank Limited has been appointed as Sponsor Bank for the Offer, in accordance with the requirements of the UPI Circular dated November 1, 2018, as amended.

Risks to Investors

- I. The two book running lead managers associated with the Offer have handled 23 issues in the past three financial years, out of which 8 issues closed below the issue price on listing date.
- II. The Price/Earnings ratio based on diluted EPS (consolidated) for Fiscal 2020 for our Company at the upper end of the Price band is as high as 61.51 as compared to the Nifty Fifty Price/Earnings ratio of 40.28 (as on March 1, 2021).
- III. Average cost of acquisition of Equity Shares for the Promoter Selling Shareholders ranges from ₹ 0.65 per Equity Share to ₹ 0.66 per Equity Share and the Offer Price at upper end of the Price Band is ₹ 187 per Equity Share.
- IV. Weighted Average Return on Net Worth for Total Operations for last three financial years is 28.08%.

BASIS FOR OFFER PRICE

The Offer Price will be determined by our Company and the Promoter Selling Shareholders in consultation with the BRLMs, on the basis of assessment of market demand for the Equity Shares by the Book Building Process and on the basis of the following quantitative and qualitative factors as described below. The face value of the Equity Shares is ₹ 2 each and the Offer Price is 93 times of the face value at the lower end of the Price Band and 93.50 times the face value at the higher end of the Price Band.. Investors should also refer to "Our Business", "Risk Factors", "Restated Financial Information" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" on pages 136, 24, 194 and 347 of the RHP, respectively, to have an informed view before making an investment decision.

Qualitative Factors

Some of the qualitative factors which form the basis for computing the Offer Price are:

1. One of the leading online travel agencies in India with a customer focused approach, including the option of no-convenience fee.

2. Consistent track record of financial and operational performance with lean and cost efficient operations

3. In-house advanced technology and analytics capabilities

4. Wide distribution network supported by a hybrid platform

5. Well-recognized brand with a targeted marketing strategy

6. Experienced management team with an established track record.

For details, see "Our Business – Strengths" on page 139 of the RHP.

Quantitative Factors

Some of the information presented below relating to our Company is derived from the Restated Financial Information. For details, see "Other Financial Information – Accounting Ratios" on page 339 of the RHP.

Quantitative Factors

Some of the quantitative factors which may form the basis for calculating the Offer Price are as follows:

I. Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share for Total Operations ("EPS")

Fiscal	Basic & Diluted	
	EPS (in ₹)	Weight
Fiscal 2020 (consolidated)	3.04	3
Fiscal 2019 (unconsolidated)	2.21	2
Fiscal 2018 (unconsolidated)	0.00	1
Weighted Average	2.26	
Nine month period ended December 31, 2020* (consolidated)	2.81	

* Not annualised.

Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share ("EPS") from Continuing Operations

Fiscal	Basic & Diluted	
	EPS (in ₹)	Weight
Fiscal 2020 (consolidated)**	3.04	3
Fiscal 2019 (unconsolidated)	2.70	2

Fiscal 2018(unconsolidated)	0.61	1
Weighted Average	2.52	
Nine month period ended December 31, 2020* (consolidated)**	2.81	

* Not annualised.

** Continuing Operations represents Total Operations for the period/year.

Notes:

(1) Basic and diluted earnings per Equity Share are computed in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard 33 "Earnings per Share", notified accounting standard by the IndAS Rules (as amended).

(2) The ratios have been computed as below:

Basic earnings per share (₹) = Restated Net profit after tax

Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year/period

Diluted earnings per share (₹) = Restated Net profit after tax

Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year/period

(3) On 4 March 2019, the Board of Directors of our Company approved a split of our Company's equity shares in the ratio of 1.5, with a corresponding change in the nominal value per share from ₹ 10 per share to ₹ 2 per share. This stock split became effective on 4 March 2019 and, unless otherwise indicated, all share amounts and per share data, where applicable, has been adjusted retrospectively in accordance with the requirements of IndAS 33 Earnings per share.

(4) Weighted average number of shares is the number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the period adjusted by the number of equity shares issued during period, multiplied by the time weighting factor. The time weighting factor is the number of days for which the specific shares are outstanding as a proportion of total number of days during the period.

II. Price/Earning ("P/E") ratio in relation to Price Band of ₹ 186 to ₹ 187 per Equity Share:

Particulars	P/E at the lower end of the Price Band (number of times)	P/E at the higher end of the Price Band (number of times)
For Total Operations		
Based on basic & diluted EPS for the Fiscal 2020 (consolidated)	61.18	61.51
From Continuing Operations		
Based on basic & diluted EPS for the Fiscal 2020 (consolidated)	61.18	61.51

Industry Peer Group P/E Ratio

There are no listed entities in India whose business portfolio is comparable with that of our business.

III. Return on Net Worth for Total Operations ("RoNW")

Financial Period	RoNW (%)	Weight
Fiscal 2020 (consolidated)*	32.58	3
Fiscal 2019 (unconsolidated)	43.19	2

Weighted Average

Nine month period ended December 31, 2020 (consolidated)*

Note: Net worth for total operations is considered

*Continuing Operations represents Total operations for the period/year.

Return on net worth (%) = Restated Net profit/(loss) after tax / Restated Net worth

Fiscal 2018 (unconsolidated)	0.07	1
Weighted Average	28.08%	
Nine month period ended December 31, 2020 (consolidated)	23.11%	

Return on Net Worth from Continuing Operations ("RoNW")

Financial Period	RoNW (%)	Weight
Fiscal 2020 (consolidated)*	32.58	3
Fiscal 2019 (unconsolidated)	43.19	2
Fiscal 2018 (unconsolidated)	15.04	1

Weighted Average

Nine month period ended December 31, 2020 (consolidated)*

Note: Net worth for total operations is considered

*Continuing Operations represents Total operations for the period/year.

Return on net worth (%) = Restated Net profit/(loss) after tax / Restated Net worth

IV. Net Asset Value per Equity Share

Financial Period	NAV per Equity Share (in ₹)
For Total Operations	
As on December 31, 2020 (consolidated)	12.16
As on March 31, 2020 (consolidated)	9.32
At Floor Price	9.32
At Offer Price	[•]



CIN: L2411UR1985PLC015063
 Regd. Off.: Sohan Nagar, P.O. Charubeta, Khatima - 262308
 Distt. Udhampur Singh Nagar, Uttarakhand
 Website: www.esterindustries.com; Email: investor@ester.in
 Phone: EPABX No. (05943) 250153-57; Fax No.: (05943) 250158

NOTICE TO MEMBERS FOR EXTRA-ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING (EGM), E-VOTING AND UPADATION OF EMAIL ADDRESS

In view of continuing Covid-19 pandemic, Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") vide its Circular Nos. 14/2020, 17/2020 and 39/2020 dated April 8, 2020, April 13, 2020 and December 31, 2020 respectively ("MCA Circulars") read with Circular No. SEBI/HO/CDF/CM/2020/79 dated May 12, 2020 and SEBI/HO/CDF/CM/2021/11 dated January 15, 2021 ("SEBI Circulars") permitted to hold Extra-Ordinary General Meeting (EGM) through Video Conferencing ("VC") or Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM") facility, without the physical presence of the Members.

In compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed thereunder, Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) ("Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements" Regulations, 2015 read with the SEBI Circulars and MCA Circulars, NOTICE is hereby given that the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting (EGM) of Ester Industries Limited will be held at 11.00 AM on Friday, 26th March, 2021 through Video Conferencing ("VC") or Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM") to transact such business as set out in the Notice of EGM ("Notice").

Notice of EGM has been sent through electronic mode to all such members whose email ids are registered with company/Depository Participants. The dispatch of Notice of EGM through email was completed on 1st March, 2021. The Notice will also be made available on the websites of the Company www.esterindustries.com, the Stock Exchanges viz. BSE Limited www.bseindia.com and National Stock Exchange of India Limited www.nsindia.com.

The Company is providing Remote e-voting (prior to EGM) and E-poll (e-voting during the EGM) facility to all its Members to cast their votes on all the resolutions set out in the Notice of EGM. Detailed instructions for attending the EGM and casting votes through Remote e-voting and E-poll are provided in the Notice of EGM.

Manner of registration of email addresses and casting votes through remote e-voting or e-voting at EGM

- Members holding shares in physical form and whose email addresses are not registered, may get their email ids registered by submitting necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder along with scan copy of any one valid share certificate (front and back both), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), Aadhar (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhaar Card) by email to info@masser.com

- Members holding shares in dematerialised form and whose email addresses are not registered can get their e-mail id registered by contacting their respective Depository Participant. The Demat shareholders may obtain the login credentials by providing Demat account details (CDSL-16 digit beneficiary ID or NSDL-16 digit DPID + CLID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account Statement, PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), Aadhar (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhaar Card) to RTA email id at info@masser.com

The login credentials for casting the votes through e-voting would be provided to the Members (holding shares in physical form or dematerialised form) at their e-mail addresses registered for this purpose.

The members are informed that -

- In compliance with Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder read with Regulation 44 of SEBI ("Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements" Regulations, 2015, the Company is pleased to provide all its members holding shares either in physical or dematerialized form at the close of business hours on the cut-off date i.e. Friday, 19th March, 2021 the facility to exercise their vote electronically on the business as set out in the Notice through remote e-voting system of Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) and the business may be transacted through such voting.
- The remote e-voting period will commence at 09.00 AM on 23rd March, 2021 and end at 5.00 PM on 25th March, 2021. The remote e-voting shall not be allowed beyond the said date and time.
- Members, who are present at the EGM through VC / OAVM and have not casted their vote on the resolutions through remote e-voting shall be eligible to vote through e-voting during the EGM (E-Poll). The detailed procedures and instructions of casting Vote through Remote e-voting and E-Poll have been mentioned in the Notice of the EGM.
- A person, whose name is recorded in the Register of members or in the register of beneficial owners maintained by the depositaries as on the cut-off date shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-voting/voting at the EGM.
- Any person who becomes member of the Company after dispatch of the Notice and holding shares as on the cut-off date may obtain the User Id and password by following the process and instruction as mentioned in the Notice.
- The members who cast their vote by remote e-voting may attend the meeting but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again during the meeting. Vote once cast by the member shall not be allowed to be changed subsequently.
- The Notice of the EGM is also available on the website of the Company www.esterindustries.com and the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited and National Stock Exchange of India Limited at www.bseindia.com and www.nsindia.com respectively. The Notice is also available on the website of CDSL www.cdsindia.com

For Ester Industries Limited

Sd/-
Dwipak Dinesh
Head-Legal & Company Secretary

STEL Holdings Limited

CIN: L65993KL1990PLC005811 | Regd. Office : 24/1624, Bristow Road, Willington Island, Cochin - 682003, Kerala.

Email: secretarial@stelholdings.com; www.stelholdings.com

NOTICE OF EXTRA-ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING TO BE HELD THROUGH VIDEO CONFERENCING (VC)/ OTHER AUDIO VISUAL MEANS (OAVM)

Notice is hereby given that

- The Extra Ordinary General Meeting (EGM) of the members of STEL Holdings Limited ("the Company") will be held on **Friday, March 26, 2021 at 11 AM (IST)**, through Video Conferencing/Other Audio Visual Means (VC/OAVM) to transact the business as set out in the Notice convening the EGM, in compliance with General Circular numbers 20/2020, 14/2020, 17/20, 02/21 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) and Circulars dated May 12/2020 and January 15/2021 issued by Securities and Exchange Board of India (hereinafter collectively referred to as Circulars), companies are allowed to hold EGMs through VC/OAVM, without the physical presence of the members at a common venue. Accordingly, the EGM of the company, is also being held through VC.
- In compliance with the Circulars, electronic copies of the Notice of the EGM has been sent to all members whose email ids are registered with the Company/Depository Participants(s). These documents are also available on the website of the company at www.stelholdings.com, website of the Stock Exchanges - BSE Limited, National Stock Exchange of India Ltd., at www.bseindia.com, www.nsindia.com & on the website of CDSL www.evotingindia.com. The dispatch of notice of the EGM through emails, has been completed as of now.
- Members holding shares either in physical form or dematerialized form, as on the Cut-off date Friday, March 19, 2021, may cast their votes electronically on the business as set forth in the Notice of the EGM through the electronic voting system of CDSL. Members are hereby informed that:
 - The business as set forth in the notice of the EGM may be transacted through remote e-voting or e-voting system at the EGM.
 - The remote e-voting shall commence on Tuesday, March 23, 2021 (9.00 a.m. IST) and ends on Thursday, March 25, 2021 (5.00 p.m. IST).
 - The Cut-off date for determining the eligibility to vote by remote e-voting or by e-voting system at the EGM shall be Friday, March 19, 2021.
 - Members may note: (i) The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL beyond 5.00 pm (IST) on March 25,2021 and once the votes on a resolution is cast by the member, the member shall not be allowed to change it subsequently; (ii) the facility for voting will also be made available during the EGM, and those members present in the EGM through VC facility, who have not cast their vote on the resolutions through remote e-voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through the e-voting system at the EGM. (iii) The members who have cast their votes by remote e-voting prior to the EGM may also attend the EGM but shall not be entitled to cast their votes again; and (iv) Only persons whose name is recorded in the register of the members as on the Cut-off date shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-voting or e-voting at the EGM.
 - The Manner of voting remotely for the members holding shares in dematerialized mode, physical mode and for the members who have not registered their email addresses is provided in the Notice of the EGM which is also available on the website of the Company. Members are requested to visit www.stelholdings.com to obtain such details.
- Any person who acquires shares of the Company and became member post dispatch of EGM Notice and holding shares as on the cut-off date may obtain login id and password by referring to notice of EGM or can also follow procedure mentioned below.
- PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL ADDRESSES ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE DEPOSITORY FOR OBTAINING LOGIN CREDENTIALS FOR E-VOTING FOR THE RESOLUTIONS PROPOSED IN THIS NOTICE:

For Physical shareholders- In case the shareholder has not registered his/her/their email address with the Company/its RTA/Depositories or not updated the Bank Account mandate, the following instructions to be followed: Kindly log in to the website of our RTA, Link Intime India Private Ltd., www.linkintime.co.in under Investor Services. Email/Bank detail Registration in the details and upload the required documents and submit. The members are requested to provide details such as Name, Folio Number, Certificate number, PAN, e-mail id along with the copy of the PAN & cheque leaf with the first named shareholders name imprinted in PDF or JPEG format & also upload the image of share certificate with the request letter duly signed in PDF or JPEG format.

For Demat shareholders - The shareholder may please contact the Depository Participant ("DP") and register the email address and bank account details in the demat account after the process followed and advised by the DP.

h. The results declared along with the report of the scrutinizer shall be placed on the website of the company www.stelholdings.com and also will be informed to the stock exchanges, www.bseindia.com and www.nsindia.com

In case you have any queries or issues regarding e-voting, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions ("FAQs") and e-voting manual available at www.evotingindia.com, under help section or write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdsindia.com or call 1800225533. For STEL Holdings Limited

Sd/-
Lakshmi P.S
Company Secretary

MOKSH ORNAMENTS LIMITED

CIN: L36996MH2012PLC233562
 Regd. Office: B-4051, B-4052, 4th floor, 99, Mulji Jetha Bldg,
 Kalabedi Road, Vithawadi, Kalabedi, Mumbai City MH 400026
 Email: jineshwar101@gmail.com | Website: www.mokshornaments.com

Pursuant to Section 110 and other applicable provisions, if any of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the rule 22 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being force and relevant provisions of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and other applicable laws and regulations if any, to the shareholders and the concerned entities authorities that the Company has conducted the Postal Ballot (including e-voting), for passing resolution as set out in Postal Ballot Notice dated 28th January, 2021.

The declaration of the result is based on the Scrutinizer's Report dated 01st March, 2021.

SR.NO. RESOLUTION MODE VOTES IN VOTE CASTED % FOR % AGAINST

FAVOUR AGAINST CASTED AGAINST

TOTAL 8545011 0 8545011 100 0

Place: Mumbai For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
 Date: 02nd March, 2021
 Sd/-
 MR. AMRIT SHAH
 Managing Director
 DIN: 05301251

E2E NETWORKS LIMITED

CIN: L72900DL2009PLC341980
 Regd. Office: Awfis, First Floor, A-24/9, Mohan Cooperative Industrial Estate, Mathura Road, Saidabad, New Delhi-110044, Phone +91-9113235393,
 Email: investors@e2networks.com; Website: www.e2networks.com

POSTAL BALLOT NOTICE AND INFORMATION ON E-VOTING AND UPDATION OF EMAIL ADDRESSES OF SHAREHOLDERS

The members are hereby informed that pursuant to the provisions of Section 110 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 and Rule 22 of Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, Regulation 44 and other applicable Regulations of Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations"), including any statutory modification(s), amendment(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force, Secretarial Standard – II issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India on General Meetings and in terms of the General Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020, General Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, General Circular No. 22/2020 dated June 15, 2020, General Circular No. 33/2020 dated September 28, 2020 and General Circular No. 39/2020 dated December 31, 2020, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (the "MCA Circulars"), the Postal Ballot Notice seeking consent of members through voting by electronic mode (i.e. Remote e-Voting), has been sent by email to the members whose names appear in the Register of Members as on the Cut-Off Date i.e. Friday, February 26, 2021 for obtaining the approval of the Shareholders by way of Special Resolution(s) on the following matters:

- Approval of E2E Networks Limited Employee Stock Option Scheme – 2021;
- To approve acquisition of equity shares by way of secondary acquisition under E2E Networks Limited Employees Stock Option Scheme – 2021; and
- Provision of money by the company for purchase of its own shares by the trust/ trustees for the benefit of employees under E2E Networks Limited Employees Stock Option Scheme – 2021.

The detailed instructions and information relating to Remote e-Voting are set out in the Postal Ballot Notice sent to the Shareholders. The Company has completed dispatch of Notice of Postal Ballot on Tuesday, March 2, 2021.

The facility to exercise vote on the Postal Ballot by Remote e-Voting, will be available for the following period:

Commencement of Remote e-Voting	Sunday, March 07, 2021 (9.00 A.M. IST)
End of Remote e-Voting	Monday, April 05, 2021 (5.00 P.M. IST)

Remote e-Voting shall not be allowed after 5.00 P.M. IST on Monday, April 5, 2021 and e-Voting module shall be disabled thereafter.

The Company has entered into an arrangement with Link Intime India Private Limited ("Link Intime") for facilitating Remote e-Voting to enable the shareholders to cast their votes electronically pursuant to Regulation 44 of Listing Regulations.

In accordance with the requirements of the MCA Circulars, the hard copy of Postal Ballot Notice along with Postal Ballot Forms and pre-paid business reply envelope has not been sent to the shareholders for this Postal Ballot and shareholders are required to communicate their assent or dissent through the Remote e-Voting System only. The Postal Ballot Notice is placed on the website of the Company i.e. www.e2networks.com and also on the website of Link Intime i.e. www.linkintime.co.in

The Company has appointed Mr. Mohan Maheshwari (Membership No. F9565 & Certificate of Practice No. 19946), Partner, M/s. MAK & Co., Company Secretaries (FRN: P2018UP067700) as Scrutinizer for conducting the Postal Ballot / E-voting process in a fair and transparent manner. The result of postal ballot through remote e-voting shall be submitted within 48 hours from the conclusion of the e-voting process to the stock exchange and same will be posted on the Company's website at www.e2networks.com and also on the website of Link Intime i.e. www.linkintime.co.in

The voting rights of the equity shareholders shall be reckoned on the equity shares held by them as on Friday, February 26, 2021 being the Cut-Off Date. Further, the total voting capital of the Company for determining the voting rights of members as on Cut-off Date will be 1442912 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each. A person who is not a member on Cut-Off Date should treat this notice for information purpose only.

In light of the MCA Circulars, shareholders who have not registered their email address and in consequence could not receive the Remote e-Voting notice may temporally get their email registered with the Company by sending an email to investors@e2networks.com. Members holding shares in electronic form are requested to get their e-mail address registered with their respective DP. Thereafter, the Company would endeavor to send the Postal Ballot Notice to such Members to enable them to cast their vote through e-voting.

Members as on Cut Off date i.e. February 26, 2021, who have not received postal ballot notice, user id and password for remote e-voting may apply the company by emailing at investors@e2networks.com and obtain a duplicate thereof by providing information asked by the Company.

In case of any query/grievances connected with the voting by Postal Ballot including e-voting shareholders may refer Frequently Asked Questions ("FAQs") and Insta-eVoting manual available at www.linkintime.co.in under Help section or send an email to enquiries@linkintime.co.in or investors@e2networks.com or contact on:- Tel: 022-4918 6000.

Date: March 2, 2021
 Place: Delhi
 Sd/-
 Neha Baid
 Company Secretary Cum Compliance Officer

CAREER POINT LIMITED

Registered Office: CP Tower 1, Road No. 1, IPIA, Kota, Rajasthan 324005
 CIN: L72200RJ2000PLC016272, Phone: 0744-6630500
 Website: www.cplin.in, E-mail: investors@cplin.in

NOTICE OF POSTAL BALLOT / E - VOTING

Members of Career Point Limited ("the Company") are hereby informed that pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 and Section 110 and any other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations") and in accordance with applicable guidelines/circulars issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA Circulars"), the Company is seeking approval of the members by way of Special Resolution through Postal Ballot (only through remote e-voting) for Shifting of Registered Office of the Company from the State of Rajasthan to the State of Punjab and Alteration of the Situation Clause in the Memorandum of Association of the Company.

In view of the continuing Covid-19 pandemic and in compliance with the various MCA circulars, the Notice

SIEL FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED

(Formerly Known as Shriram Agro-Tech Industries Limited)

Registered Office: 4th Floor, Soni Mansion, 12-B Ratlam Kothi, Indore - 452001, Madhya Pradesh, India; Tel: +91 9893025651; Fax: NA; Email: sielfinancialservices@gmail.com; Website: www.sielfinancial.com;
Corporate Identification Number: L65999MP1990PLC007674; Contact Person: Mr. Madhu Vrat Kaushik, Whole-Time Director

OPEN OFFER FOR ACQUISITION OF UP TO 28,35,938 (TWENTY EIGHT LACS THIRTY FIVE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED AND THIRTY EIGHT ONLY) FULLY PAID-UP EQUITY SHARES OF FACE VALUE OF ₹ 10/- EACH OF SIEL FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED (FORMERLY KNOWN AS SHRI RAM AGRO-TECH INDUSTRIES LIMITED) ("TARGET COMPANY"), REPRESENTING #25% OF FULLY PAID-UP EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL AND VOTING CAPITAL, FROM PUBLIC SHAREHOLDERS OF THE TARGET COMPANY FOR CASH AT A PRICE OF ₹ 2.25/- (RUPEES TWO AND TWENTY FIVE PAISE ONLY) PER EQUITY SHARE, BY MR. PARMEET SINGH SOOD ("ACQUIRER 1") AND MRS. AVEEN KAUR SOOD ("ACQUIRER 2") (COLLECTIVELY REFERRED TO AS "ACQUIRERS") PURSUANT TO AND IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (SUBSTANTIAL ACQUISITION OF SHARES AND TAKEOVERS) REGULATIONS, 2011, AS AMENDED, ("SEBI (SAST) REGULATIONS") ("OFFER" OR "OPEN OFFER").

(# As per SEBI (SAST) Regulations, the open offer under regulations 3 and 4 shall be for at least 26% of the total shares of the target company, as of 10th working day from the closure of the tendering period. However, the public shareholding of the Target Company is 25% as on date, and therefore, the Offer Shares represent 25% of the fully diluted Voting Share Capital of the Target Company.)

THIS DETAILED PUBLIC STATEMENT ("DPS") IS BEING ISSUED BY SAFFRON CAPITAL ADVISORS PRIVATE LIMITED, THE MANAGER TO THE OFFER ("MANAGER"), FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE ACQUIRERS IN COMPLIANCE WITH REGULATION 13(4) OF THE SEBI (SAST) REGULATIONS, PURSUANT TO THE PUBLIC ANNOUNCEMENT ("PA") FILED WITH BSE LIMITED ("BSE") ON FEBRUARY 25, 2021 IN TERMS OF REGULATIONS 3(1) AND 4 OF THE SEBI (SAST) REGULATIONS. THE PA WAS FILED WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA ("SEBI") AND SENT TO THE TARGET COMPANY AT ITS REGISTERED OFFICE ON FEBRUARY 25, 2021, IN TERMS OF REGULATION 14(2) OF THE SEBI (SAST) REGULATIONS.

For the purpose of this DPS, the following terms would have the meaning assigned to them herein below:

- "Equity Shares"** or "Shares" shall mean the fully paid-up equity shares of face value of ₹ 10 (Rupees Ten only) each of the Target Company;
- "Public Shareholders"** shall mean all the equity shareholders of the Target Company who are eligible to tender their Equity Shares in the Open Offer, except: (i) Acquirers and (ii) Promoter and Promoter Group;
- "Promoter and Promoter Group"** shall mean Mawana Sugars Limited (Formerly known as Siel Limited);
- "Sale Shares"** means 85,07,814 Equity Shares of the Target Company held by the Seller on the SPA Date, constituting 75% of fully paid-up equity share capital and voting capital of the Target Company;
- "Seller"** shall mean Mawana Sugars Limited (Formerly known as Siel Limited);
- "SPA"** means the share purchase agreement dated February 25, 2021 executed between the Acquirers and the Seller, pursuant to which the Acquirers have agreed to acquire the Sale Shares at a price of ₹ 0.13/- (Thirteen Paise only) per Equity Share;
- "SPA Date"** means the execution date of the SPA;
- "Tendering Period"** means the period of 10 (ten) Working Days during which the Public Shareholders may tender their Equity Shares in acceptance of the Offer, which shall be disclosed in the Letter of Offer;
- "Voting Share Capital"** means the total voting equity share capital of the Target Company on a fully diluted basis as of the 10th (tenth) Working Day from the closure of the Tendering Period of the Open Offer; and
- "Working Day"** has the same meaning ascribed to it in the SEBI (SAST) Regulations.

I. ACQUIRERS, SELLER, TARGET COMPANY AND OFFER

1. INFORMATION ABOUT THE ACQUIRER 1:

- Acquirer 1, aged 43 years, s/o Mr. Daljit Singh Sood is residing at A-48/39A, DLF City, Phase 1, Near DT Mega Mall, Gurgaon, Sikandarpur Ghosi (68), DLF Qe, Gurgaon, Haryana – 122002, India; Tel: +91 981884466; Email: parmeet1977@gmail.com.
- Acquirer 1 is holding a Permanent Account Number- AAPTS0879A.
- Acquirer 1 has completed his Bachelor's degree in Business Management with honour's from University of Bradford.
- The networth of Acquirer 1 as on February 09, 2021 is ₹ 1,645.89 Lacs only (Rupees Sixteen Crores Forty-Five Lakhs Eighty-Nine Thousand Only) and the same is certified by Ghanshyam Kumar, Proprietor of Ghanshyam Kumar and Associates, Chartered Accountant (Membership No. 552943), Firm Registration No.: (209423), having office at A-319A, A-Block, Street No 09, Mahavir Enclave Part-II, Delhi-110059, India; Email id: caghanshyamkumar@gmail.com; vide certificate dated February 09, 2021.
- Acquirer 1 confirms that he has not been prohibited by SEBI from dealing in securities, in terms of the provisions of Section 11B of the SEBI Act, 1992, as amended ("SEBI Act") or under any other Regulation made under the SEBI Act.
- Acquirer 1 confirms that he is not categorized as a "willful defaulter" in terms of Regulation 2(1) (ze) of the SEBI (SAST) Regulations.
- Acquirer 1 confirms that he is not declared as a fugitive economic offender under Section 12 of the Fugitive Economic Offenders Act, 2018.
- Acquirer 1 confirms that currently there are no pending litigations pertaining to securities market where he is made party to.
- Acquirer 1 doesn't belong to any group.
- Acquirer 1 is spouse of Acquirer 2.
- 1.11 The details of the ventures promoted/controlled/managed by the Acquirer 1 is given hereunder:

Sr. No.	Name of the Entities	Nature of Interest	Percentage stake/holding
1.	Climax Overseas Private Limited	Whole Time Director & Shareholder	66.80%
2.	CMX Consulting Private Limited	Director & Shareholder	50.00%
3.	Climax Automotive Private Limited	Director & Shareholder	0.10%

(Source: www.rmcra.com)

- 1.12 Except as mentioned under point 1.11 above, Acquirer 1 confirms that he does not hold directorships in any company, including a listed company.
- 1.13 Acquirer 1 hereby undertakes and confirms that the entities mentioned under point # 1.11 above are not participating or interested or acting in concert in this Open Offer.
- 1.14 Acquirer 1 hereby undertakes and confirms that the entities mentioned in point # 1.11 above are not appearing in the willful defaulters list of Reserve Bank of India and are not debarred by SEBI from accessing capital markets as on date.
- 1.15 Acquirer 1 undertakes not to sell the equity shares of the Target Company held by him during the "Offer Period" in terms of Regulation 25(4) of the Takeover Regulations.
- 1.16 There are no Person Acting in Concert ("PAC") along with Acquirer 1 in relation to the Offer within the meaning of Regulation 2(1)(q)(1) of the Takeover Regulations.
- 1.17 Acquirer 1 confirms that he is not related to the Promoters, Directors or key employees of the Target Company in any manner.
- 1.18 Acquirer 1 along with Acquirer 2 has signed a Share Purchase Agreement dated February 25, 2021 with the Seller to acquire 85,07,814 equity shares constituting 75% of the Total Voting Share Capital of the Target Company.
- 1.19 Acquirer 1 has not entered into any non-compete arrangement and/or agreement with the Seller.

2. INFORMATION ABOUT THE ACQUIRER 2:

- 2.1 Acquirer 2, aged 39 years, W/o Mr. Parmeet Singh Sood is residing at A-48/39A, DLF City, Phase 1, Near DT Mega Mall, Gurgaon, Sikandarpur Ghosi (68), DLF Qe, Gurgaon, Haryana – 122002, India; Tel: +91 9871706300; Email: aveenkausord@gmail.com.
- 2.2 Acquirer 2 has completed her Bachelor's degree in Arts from Punjab University and she also completed her Post Graduate diploma in Tourism and Airline Management from Institute of Tourism and Future Management Trends, Chandigarh.
- 2.3 The networth of Acquirer 2 as on February 09, 2021 is ₹ 462.66 Lacs only (Rupees Four Crores Sixty-two Lakhs and Sixty Six Thousand Only) and the same is certified by Ghanshyam Kumar, Proprietor of Ghanshyam Kumar and Associates, Chartered Accountant (Membership No. 552943), Firm Registration No.: (209423), having office at A-319A, A-Block, Street No 09, Mahavir Enclave Part-II, Delhi-110059, India; Email id: caghanshyamkumar@gmail.com; vide certificate dated February 09, 2021.
- 2.4 Acquirer 2 confirms that she has not been prohibited by SEBI from dealing in securities, in terms of the provisions of Section 11B of the SEBI Act, 1992, as amended ("SEBI Act") or under any other Regulation made under the SEBI Act.
- 2.5 Acquirer 2 confirms that she is not categorized as a "willful defaulter" in terms of Regulation 2(1) (ze) of the SEBI (SAST) Regulations.
- 2.6 Acquirer 2 confirms that she is not declared as a fugitive economic offender under Section 12 of the Fugitive Economic Offenders Act, 2018.
- 2.7 Acquirer 2 confirms that currently there are no pending litigations pertaining to securities market where she is made party to.
- 2.8 Acquirer 2 doesn't belong to any group.
- 2.9 Acquirer 2 is holding a Permanent Account Number- CEJPS9867L.
- 2.10 Acquirer 2 is spouse of Acquirer 1.
- 2.11 The details of the ventures promoted/controlled/managed by the Acquirer 2 is given hereunder:

Sr. No.	Name of the Entities	Nature of Interest	Percentage stake/holding
1.	Climax Overseas Private Limited	Director & Shareholder	31.20%
2.	CMX Consulting Private Limited	Director & Shareholder	50.00%
3.	AK Automotive	Proprietorship	100.00%
4.	Ginni and Ginni Couture LLP	Designated Partner	50.00%

(Source: www.rmcra.com)

- 2.12 Except as mentioned under point 1.11 above, Acquirer 2 confirms that she does not hold directorships in any company, including a listed company.
- 2.13 Acquirer 2 hereby undertakes and confirms that the entities mentioned under point # 2.11 above are not participating or interested or acting in concert in this Open Offer.
- 2.14 Acquirer 2 hereby undertakes and confirms that the entities mentioned in point # 2.11 above are not appearing in the willful defaulters list of Reserve Bank of India and are not debarred by SEBI from accessing capital markets as on date.
- 2.15 Acquirer 2 undertakes not to sell the equity shares of the Target Company held by her during the "Offer Period" in terms of Regulation 25(4) of the Takeover Regulations.
- 2.16 There are no Person Acting in Concert ("PAC") along with Acquirer 1 in relation to the Offer within the meaning of Regulation 2(1)(q)(1) of the Takeover Regulations.
- 2.17 Acquirer 2 confirms that she is not related to the Promoters, Directors or key employees of the Target Company in any manner.
- 2.18 She along with Acquirer 1 has signed a Share Purchase Agreement dated February 25, 2021 with the Seller to acquire 85,07,814 equity shares constituting 75% of the Total Voting Share Capital of the Target Company.
- 2.19 Acquirer 2 has not entered into any non-compete arrangement and/or agreement with the Seller.

3. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SELLER

Sr. No.	Name of the Seller	Registered Office	Transaction through SPA/ market	Details of shares/voting rights held by the Seller
				Pre Transaction
				Number %
1	Mawana Sugars Limited (Formerly known as SIEL Limited)	5th Floor, Kirti Mahal, 19 Rajendra Place, New Delhi -110125, India	SPA	85,07,814 75.00
				TOTAL 85,07,814 75.00

(Source: www.rmcra.com)

- 3.1 Seller was incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 on March 27, 1961 under the name and title of India Refrigeration Industries Limited. The name of Seller was changed to Mawana Sugars Limited vide Fresh Certificate of Incorporation dated January 04, 2008. Equity shares of Seller are listed on BSE and NSE.
- 3.2 The Seller belong to Mr. Siddharth Shriram Group.
- 3.3 Seller is the Promoter of the Target Company.
- 3.4 Seller confirms that it has not been prohibited by SEBI from dealing in securities, in terms of directions issued under Section 11B of the SEBI Act, 1992, as amended or under any other regulation made under the SEBI Act, 1992.
- 3.5 Post completion of all Open Offer formalities the Seller shall be reclassified as per Regulation 31A of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended.

4. INFORMATION ABOUT THE TARGET COMPANY

- 4.1 The Target Company was incorporated on December 12, 1990 under the Companies Act 1956 as "Titwai Sugar Works Limited" vide Certificate of Incorporation issued by Registrar of Companies, NCT, Delhi & Haryana. Subsequently the name of the Target Company was changed to "Shriram Agro-Tech Industries Limited" and a fresh Certificate of Incorporation pursuant to such change in name was issued on November 17, 1992 by Registrar of Companies, NCT, Delhi & Haryana. Further the name of the Target Company was changed to "Siel Financial Services Limited" and a fresh Certificate of Incorporation pursuant to such change in name was issued on June 23, 1998 by Registrar of Companies, Madhya Pradesh, Gwalior. The Company Identification Number of the Target Company is L65999MP1990PLC007674.
- 4.2 The Registered Office of the Target Company is situated at 4th Floor, Soni Mansion, 12-B Ratlam Kothi, Indore - 452001, Madhya Pradesh, India; and also having a Correspondence address at 5th Floor, Kirti Mahal, 19 Rajendra Place, New Delhi -110008; Tel: +91 9873910103; Fax: +91 11 25743659; Email: sielfinancialservices@gmail.com; Website: www.sielfinancial.com;
- 4.3 The Equity Shares of Target Company are listed on BSE Limited and Calcutta Stock Exchange, but are traded only at BSE and having Scrip Code 532217 at BSE. The ISIN of Equity Shares of Target Company is INE027F01014. The Company have sent the Delisting application to Calcutta Stock Exchange, but data related with delisting from the stock exchange is not available with Company.
- 4.4 The Target Company was mainly engaged in the business of leasing, advancing loan/ICD making investment, bill discounting and other financial activities. Presently the Company is not doing any business activities and has been dormant for more than last 13 years. (Source: Website of the Company; www.sielfinancial.com)
- 4.5 The Authorized Share Capital of the Target Company is ₹ 30,00,00,000 (Rupees Thirty Crores) comprising of 2,00,00,000 Equity Shares of face value ₹ 10 each and 10,00,000 5% Redeemable Cumulative Preference Shares of face ₹ 100 each. The Issued, Subscribed and paid up Share Capital of the Target Company (net off ₹ 207630 on account of calls in arrears) is ₹ 11,32,29,890 (Rupees Eleven Crores Thirty Two Lakhs Twenty Nine Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety) comprising of 1,13,43,752 Equity Shares of face value ₹ 10 each.
- 4.6 As on the date of this DPS, there are no outstanding partly paid up shares of the Target Company. (Source: www.bseindia.com)
- 4.7 The Equity Shares of the Target Company are frequently traded on BSE within the meaning of explanation provided in Regulation 2(j) of the SEBI (SAST) Regulations.
- 4.8 The brief audited financials of the Target Company for the financial years ended March 2018, 2019 and 2020 and limited reviewed for the period ended December 31, 2020 are as under:

(₹ In Lakhs, except EPS)

Particulars	Limited reviewed December 31, 2020	For the financial year ended March 31,		
		2020	2019	2018
Total Income	27.07	39.13	43.98	290.90
Profit/(Loss) After Tax	(57.45)	(158.31)	(58.20)	128.38
Earnings Per Share (EPS)- Basic	(0.05)	(0.14)	(0.05)	0.11
Shareholders Fund	(4678.11)	(4620.65)	(4462.34)	(4404.14)

(Source: www.bseindia.com)

5. DETAILS OF THE OFFER

- This Offer is being made to all the equity shareholders of Target Company other than Acquirers and Promoter Group of the Target Company to acquire up to 28,35,938 (Twenty Eight Lacs Thirty Five Thousand Nine Hundred and Thirty Eight Only) fully paid-up Equity Shares of the Target Company, of face value ₹ 10 each and 25% (Twenty Five per cent

SELF-SUFFICIENCY

Xi mobilises China for tech revolution

At annual session of China's legislature, top Communist Party leaders will approve 5-yr policy blueprint to cut dependence on West for components like computer chips

BLOOMBERG
MARCH 2

FOR US POLITICIANS, China's potential to dominate sensitive cutting-edge technologies poses one of the biggest geopolitical threats of the next few decades. President Xi Jinping is similarly worried the US will block China's rise, and this week will unveil plans for greater self-sufficiency.

At an annual session of China's legislature, top Communist Party leaders will approve a five-year policy blueprint to cut dependence on the West for crucial components like computer chips while also



At stake for Xi is more than just improving the lives of China's 1.4 billion people, which is key to the Communist Party's justification for effectively banning political opposition

making big bets on emerging technologies from hydrogen vehicles to biotech. The push to mobilise trillions of dollars could help China surpass the US as the world's biggest economy this decade and cement Xi's goal of turning the nation into a superpower.

"The most important thing is the magnitude of the ambition — this is bigger than anything Japan, South Korea or the US ever did," said Barry Naughton, a professor at the University of California, San Diego, and one of the world's top researchers on China's economy. "The ambition is to push the economy through the

gateway of a technological revolution."

The race to develop the most advanced technology is stoking US-China tensions following decades of integration that raised living standards around the globe. Now both countries are aiming for self-sufficiency in strategic areas, each fuelled by fear the other wants to upend their political system: One that sees free speech and democracy as essential to prosperity, and

its legitimacy to rule and destroy national champions such as Huawei Technologies and Semiconductor Manufacturing International Corporation, China's largest microchip manufacturer.

Beijing's confidence in its political system has grown after it quickly contained Covid-19 following delays by local officials in sharing information that allowed it to spread around the globe. Economists predict China's economy will expand 8.3% this year, compared with 4.1% in the US. "The pandemic once again proves the superiority of the socialist system with Chinese characteristics," Xi said last year. On Monday, he called the party's "glorious traditions" a "precious spiritual treasure."

But the US is now looking for allies to help thwart Xi's aspirations, both through

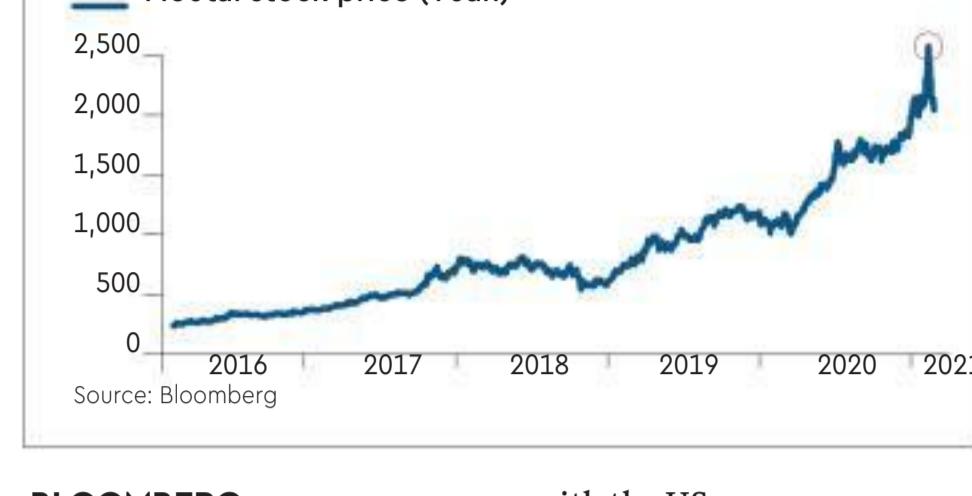
denying Beijing access to key technology and shoring up its own supplies of strategic goods. Last week, US President Joe Biden announced a wide-ranging supply-chain review of semiconductors, pharmaceuticals, rare-earth metals and high-capacity batteries, part of a broader plan to out-compete China that includes \$2 trillion in infrastructure spending.

"If we don't get moving, they're going to eat our lunch," Biden told reporters in February after holding his first call with EU trade commissioner Valdis Dombrovskis separately highlighted concerns that Beijing was giving unfair advantages to Chinese companies, telling Bloomberg Television last month that the bloc would cooperate with the US on challenges stemming "from the socio-economic model of China."

China's focus on bubble risks warning sign for stock market

What goes up...

China's biggest stock is down 21% in nine days



BLOOMBERG
March 2

FOR INVESTORS FRETTING about an end to the era of cheap and plentiful debt, China just provided another reason to worry.

with the US.

Guo Shuqing, chairman of the China Banking and Insurance Regulatory Commission and party secretary of the central bank, didn't mince his words. "From a banking and insurance industry's perspective, the first step is to reduce the high leverage within the financial system," Guo said at a briefing in Beijing. Speculation in the property market is "very dangerous" and bubbles in US and European financial markets may soon burst, he said. "His talk shows a willingness to tolerate higher rates," said Zhiwei Zhang, chief economist at Pinpoint Asset Management in Hong Kong. "This is a confirmation of monetary policy stance tightening. That's important."

A stronger economy and signs of excess have provoked stronger rhetoric from Beijing in recent weeks. The People's Bank of China said in its latest monetary policy report it would balance the need to support growth and prevent risk.

A front-page report in state media last week argued the economy is strong enough to withstand policy normalization. In January, the central bank engineered the biggest cash squeeze since 2015, after an adviser suggested a shift away from stimulus. Debt was about 280% of China's gross domestic product in November, the highest ratio since

Bloomberg started compiling

WHO: 'Premature', 'unrealistic' Covid will end soon



File photo of Michael Ryan (left), director of WHO's emergencies programme, and WHO director general Tedros Adhanom Ghebreyesus at a press conference in February on Covid update in Geneva

PHOTO: AP

MARIA CHENG & JAMEY KEATEN
Geneva, March 2

A SENIOR WORLD Health Organisation official has said it was "premature" and "unrealistic" to think the pandemic might be stopped by the end of the year, but that the recent arrival of effective vaccines could at least help dramatically reduce hospitalisations and death.

The world's singular focus right now should be to keep transmission of Covid-19 as low as possible, said Dr Michael Ryan, director of WHO's emergencies programme, on Monday. "If we're smart, we can finish with the hospitalisations and the deaths and the tragedy associated with this pandemic" by the end of the year, he said at a media briefing.

Ryan said WHO was reassured by emerging data that many of the licensed vaccines appear to be helping curb the virus' explosive spread.

"If the vaccines begin to impact not only on death and not only on hospitalisation, but have a significant impact on transmission dynamics and transmission risk, then I believe we will accelerate toward controlling this pandemic."

But Ryan warned against

'Live bullets won't be used on protesters'

BLOOMBERG
March 2

MYANMAR'S MILITARY HAS asked security forces responsible for deadly attacks on anti-coup protesters over the weekend not to use live ammunition as international condemnation grows.

The announcement was made in a broadcast on state-run MRTV after the Southeast Asian nation on Sunday saw its deadliest day since the February 1 coup, with the United Nations saying at least 18 protesters were killed and 30 others wounded. The military also said Monday that more than 1,300 protesters were arrested during nationwide demonstrations.

"When it comes to crowd dispersal methods, security forces have been instructed not to use live bullets," the broadcast stated, accusing protesters of instigating violence by using slingshots and petrol bombs. "Security forces are allowed to protect themselves when pro-



Shields with attached pictures of Myanmar's military junta leader General Min Aung Hlaing seen during a protest against the military coup in Yangon, Myanmar, on March 1

PHOTO: REUTERS

testers harm their lives by firing shots at the protesters below the waist." It wasn't immediately clear that troops would use only rubber bullets in their defense.

A new wave of rallies began on Tuesday morning after a Myanmar court brought additional charges against detained civilian leader Aung San Suu Kyi that could keep her behind bars for an even longer period of time.

The rising death toll may

increase pressure on governments around the world to take more action against Myanmar's generals, who refused to recognise a landslide election victory by Suu Kyi's political party in November.

The call to refrain from using live rounds comes as foreign ministers in the 10-member Association of Southeast Asian Nations are set to hold an informal meeting on Tuesday to discuss the situation in Myanmar.

Myanmar's Suu Kyi hit with two new criminal charges

AGENCIES
Yangon (Myanmar), March 2

OUSTED MYANMAR CIVILIAN leader Aung San Suu Kyi was hit with two new criminal charges when she appeared in court via video link on Monday, a month after a military coup triggered relentless and massive protests.

Suu Kyi has not been seen since being detained on February 1, and her appearance came as demonstrators took to the streets again across the country in defiance of an escalation of deadly force from the junta.

At least 18 people died on Sundays as troops and police fired live bullets at demonstrators in cities across Myanmar, according to the UN, which cited its own credible information.

Suu Kyi, 75, was already fac-

She is now also accused of a violation of communications laws as well as intent to incite public unrest

ing obscure criminal charges for possessing unlicensed walkie-talkies, as well as violating coronavirus restrictions by staging a campaign event during last year's election. She is now also accused of a violation of communications laws as well as intent to incite public unrest, her lawyer Khin Maung Zaw said.

"We can not say for sure how

many more cases Daw Aung San

Suu Kyi will face in this period,"

he told reporters in Naypyidaw.

"Anything can happen in this

country at this time," Myanmar's

ousted president Win Myint is also facing the same intent to incite public unrest charge in addition to coronavirus restriction breaches.

Suu Kyi has reportedly been kept under house arrest in Naypyidaw, an isolated city that the military built during a previous dictatorship. The military has justified its takeover, ending a decade-long democratic experiment, by making unfounded allegations of widespread fraud in last November's elections.

Suu Kyi's National League for Democracy won the election in a landslide. The generals have hit

Suu Kyi with two charges the international community widely regards as frivolous — relating to importing walkie talkies and staging a campaign rally during the pandemic.

Indian-American hired as deputy assistant to Biden and WHMO director

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
Washington, March 2

INDIAN-AMERICAN MAJU

Varghese, who previously served as a key member of the Biden campaign and the inaugural committee, has been appointed as the deputy assistant to US President Joe Biden and director of the White House Military Office.

Varghese, a lawyer by training, had previously served as the chief operating officer of the Biden campaign during the 2020 presidential election and later as the executive director of the White House Military Office.

"Maju Varghese is now deputy assistant to the president and director of the White House Military Office," Varghese

Nike executive leaves following report about son's business

KIM BHASIN & NICK TURNER
March 2

NIKE EXECUTIVE ANN Hebert abruptly left the company following a Bloomberg Businessweek report about her son operating a business reselling sneakers and using a credit card in her name.

Hebert, who served as vice-president and general manager of North America, departed on Monday, effective immediately, Nike said in a brief statement. She had been in the role since last June, overseeing Nike's sales, marketing and merchandising in the region. The executive had spent more than 25 years with the Beaverton, Oregon-based company, which said it would announce a new leader for North America shortly.

Bloomberg Businessweek's latest cover article explored the story of Joe Hebert, Ann's son, a college dropout who makes a living as a sneaker reseller. Known to his customers as West Coast Joe, he started reselling streetwear in high school and now flip hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of shoes each month.

Ann Hebert didn't reply to emailed questions for that report, but a Nike representative said the executive disclosed relevant information about her son's business to Nike in 2018.

—BLOOMBERG

Vaccine shipments present security challenge worthy of a Bond film



for thieves to unload their loot. On the dark web, Covid-19 vaccines of unknown origin and authenticity are already selling for \$200 per dose. That's spurred freight companies to adapt a playbook developed to fight the \$40 billion in theft from shippers every year of goods such as 5G handsets, \$500 sneakers, and \$5,000 handbags — employing methods ranging from added manpower to newfangled digital spycraft worthy of 007.

The pandemic has already sparked an upswing in thefts of related products. Last year millions of respiratory masks were taken from an aviation facility in Kenya, \$1 million worth of medical gloves were pillaged from a container in Florida, and almost 200 respirators headed for Colombia were stolen. Even toilet paper has been targeted.

At the height of the panic-buying frenzy in 2020, 130,000 rolls were lifted from trailers in Britain.

Dutch shipping company H Essers, which frequently transports sensitive cargo such as cash and fine art, has selected the most experienced drivers from its staff of 600 to haul doses of the Pfizer-BioNTech Covid-19 vaccine across Europe from a production facility in Belgium. Even though the 250 drivers who will handle those shipments have worked at Essers for an average of a decade, they'll all be subjected to enhanced

background checks. The doors on their trucks will have digital locks that can only be opened remotely, and the drivers will undergo extra training on how to respond to any attack on the vaccine cargo — though the company declines to provide details on that. "Security-wise, it's really at the highest level," says Ron Van Holland, an Essers manager who oversees the security measures. Each truck "is a vault on wheels."

—BLOOMBERG

English health authority says jabs 80% effective at preventing hospitalisations in over-80s

REUTERS
London, March 2

THE PFIZER AND AstraZeneca vaccines are more than 80% effective at preventing hospitalisations from Covid-19 in those over 80 after one dose of either shot, Public Health England (PHE) said on Monday, citing a pre-print study.

PHE said the real-world study also found that protection against symptomatic Covid in those over 70 ranged between 57 and 61% for one dose of Pfizer-BioNTech's vaccine and

between 60-73% for the Oxford-AstraZeneca one four weeks after the first shot.

"These results may also help to explain why the number of COVID admissions to intensive care units among people over 80 in the UK have dropped to single figures in the last couple of weeks," British health minister Matt Hancock told a news conference. "This is seriously encouraging."

Britain has now administered a first dose of Covid-19 vaccine to more than 20 million people or just over 30% of the population, with the elderly getting priority.

PHE submitted its analysis for peer-review after providing initial findings of the real-world impact of the rollout a week ago.

A separate study in healthcare workers has shown one dose of a vaccine can reduce by 70% the number of people catching asymptomatic Covid-19.

population, with the elderly getting priority.

PHE submitted its analysis for peer-review after providing initial findings of the real-world impact of the rollout a week ago.

done to understand the impact of vaccines in reducing transmission of the coronavirus, the effect of the rollout was already apparent.

The health authority said evidence suggested that the Pfizer vaccine causes an 83% reduction in Covid-19 deaths among the over-80s. There was no equivalent data for the AstraZeneca vaccine, which would be administered at a later date.

Britain's use of the AstraZeneca vaccine on elderly people contrasts with many

European countries, which have cited a lack of clinical trial data for their decision not to roll out to older cohorts.

Asked whether the data justified Britain's approach, England's deputy Chief Medical Officer Jonathan Van Tam said it was "not immunologically plausible" that the vaccine would work in younger people and not older people.

"We took the view that it almost certainly would work," he said. "The PHE data have clearly vindicated that approach today."

Sri Lanka clears port project to be built by India, Japan firms

SHUBHAJIT ROY
New Delhi, March 2

A MONTH AFTER walking out of an agreement with Delhi and Tokyo on jointly developing the partially built East Container Terminal (ECT), the Sri Lankan government, led by the Rajapaksa brothers, has decided to offer the West Container Terminal (WCT) to Indian

and Japanese companies. The WCT is strategically-located next to a \$500-million Chinese-run container jetty within Colombo's sprawling port.

According to Sri Lankan daily, The Daily Mirror, the Lankan cabinet "has approved the proposal to develop the West Container Terminal on Build, Operate and Transfer basis for a period of 35 years as a public-private

partnership with Adani Ports and Special Economic Zone Limited and its local representative John Keels Holding PLC, and the Sri Lanka Ports Authority."

"Accordingly, the Build, Operate and Transfer Plan approved by the negotiating committee had been forwarded to the High Commission of India and the Embassy of Japan, requesting them to nominate

investors. However, no investor has been named by the Japanese government," the report said.

"The discussions to develop the WCT will be only with India and Japan," government spokesman Keheliya Rambukwella told reporters in Colombo, according to AFP.

Rambukwella said the cabinet decided on Monday to allow India and Japan to have an 85% stake in the

WCT. This is similar to the terms set for the Colombo International Container Terminal (CICT), where China Merchants Port Holdings holds 85% stake, officials said.

These terms are better than the earlier deal on the ECT — where the Sri Lanka Ports Authority would have 51 per cent stake. What this means is that Colombo has made a U-turn, and is offering a sweeter deal on the WCT.

Procurement of wheat may rise 10% in 2021-22

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, March 2

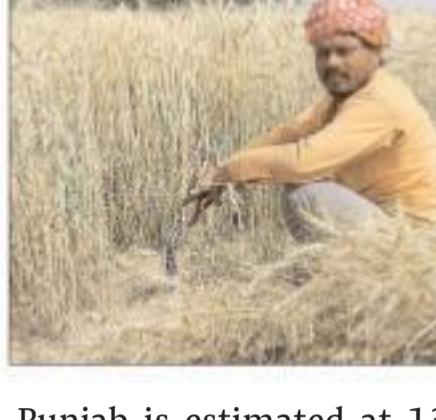
WHEAT PROCUREMENT IS estimated to rise 9.56% at 427.36 lakh tonne during the 2021-22 rabi marketing season on record production, the government said on Tuesday.

Wheat is a major rabi (winter-sown) crop. Harvesting starts from end of this month but picks up pace from April.

The union secretary, Department of Food & Public Distribution, chaired a meeting of state food secretaries to discuss the arrangements for procurement of wheat during the rabi marketing season (RMS) 2021-22 and that of rice (rabi crop) of kharif marketing season (KMS) 2020-21.

"A total quantity of 427.363 lakh tonne wheat has been estimated for procurement during the forthcoming RMS 2021-22, which is 9.56% more than the 389.93 lakh tonnes procured during RMS 2020-21," an official statement said.

Wheat procurement in



Punjab is estimated at 130 lakh tonne, Madhya Pradesh 135 lakh tonne, Haryana 80 lakh tonne and Uttar Pradesh 55 lakh tonne.

Similarly, 119.72 lakh tonne of rabi rice has been estimated for procurement in KMS 2020-21, up 24.43% from 96.21 lakh tonne during KMS 2019-20. The procurement of kharif (summer-sown) rice is currently under way.

Last month, the agriculture ministry released the second advance estimates for 2020-21 crop year (July-June).

India's oodgrain production is estimated to rise 2% in the 2020-21 crop year to an all-time high of 3,033.4 lakh tonne.

Labour strike ends at Toyota Kirloskar plant

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, March 2

TOYOTA KIRLOSKAR MOTOR (TKM) on Tuesday said the labour strike at its Bidadi-based manufacturing plant in Karnataka has come to an end.

In November last year, the automaker had to declare a lockout at the facility after workers' union members resorted to a sit-in strike at the factory to protest against the suspension of a worker.

In November last year, TKM had to declare a lockout at the facility after union members resorted to a sit-in strike to protest against the suspension of a worker

On March 1, TKM accepted the undertaking given by union leaders on behalf of the members.

The company has also made a final appeal to all other members to return to work by March 5 and ensure synergies based on mutual trust for the future and to respect the terms of their mutual understanding, the automaker said. "Going forward, TKM will continue to work towards strengthening this value system by fostering relationships based on collaboration, trust, discipline and mutual respect," it added.

The company said that the Karnataka government and the department of labour played a crucial role in facilitating the reconciliation, between all parties.

LSTV, RSTV merger begins; CEO appointed

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, March 2

THE PRESIDING OFFICERS of both houses of Parliament have set the ball rolling for the merger of Lok Sabha TV and Rajya Sabha TV into a single entity, SANSAD TV, which will soon move to seek requisite government licence.

According to a circular issued by the Lok Sabha Secretariat, retired IAS officer Ravi Kapoor has been appointed the CEO of the new integrated channel for a period of one year, beginning March 1.

Consequent upon the joint declaration of the Rajya Sabha Chairman and Lok Sabha Speaker to merge RSTV and LSTV into Sansad Television (SANSAD TV), Ravi Kapoor has been appointed as Chief Executive Officer, SANSAD TV, on contract basis, for a period of one year with immediate effect, the circular said.

Sources said that though the channels are being integrated into a single entity, it will function on two platforms during the parliament sessions — one to telecast live proceedings of Lok Sabha and the other of Rajya Sabha.

During the inter-session period, the channel will be on one single platform, with bilingual content (Hindi and English), senior officials of the two secretariats said. The integration of the channels will lead to savings and improved efficiency with pooling of resources and synchronization of assets, they said.

Sources said it has yet not been decided whether the new channel will come under the ambit of the Rajya Sabha or Lok Sabha secretariat, or if will be administered by both.

In November 2019, after deliberations between Lok Sabha Speaker Om Birla and Rajya Sabha Chairman Venkaiah Naidu, a committee headed by former Prasar Bharati Chairman Surya Prakash was formed to work out the integration of the two channels. The committee had submitted its report last year.



APPENDIX- IV-A [See proviso to rule 8 (6)] Sale notice for sale of immovable properties

Notice is hereby given to the public in general and to the Borrower/s and Guarantor/s in particular by the Authorized Officer, that the under mentioned property mortgaged to Union Bank of India, taken possession under the provision of Section 13(4) of Securitization and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002, will be sold by E-Auction as mentioned below for recovery of under mentioned dues and further interest, charges and costs etc, as detailed below.

The property is being sold on "AS IS WHERE IS WHATEVER THERE IS AND WITHOUT RECOURE BASIS" as such sale is without any kind of warranties and indemnities.

The under mentioned property/ies will be sold by "Online E-Auction through website www.mstcecommerce.com, on 18.03.2021 from 11.00 AM to 01.00 PM.

*Minimum bid incremental value for each bid is Rs. 10,000/- or in multiple thereof. *Any encumbrances over the property/ies is not known to the Bank/Secured Creditor.

Sr. No. **Name of the Branch/ Account**

Branch Office : Sector 7 Panchkula (e-Andhra Bank)

Mr. Ajay & Mrs. Anita

1. Mr Ajay S/o Sh Kulbir, House No 205, Housing Board Colony, Himshikha, Nangal sodhan, Pinjore, Haryana. 2. Mrs Anita W/o Sh Ajay, House No 205, Housing Board Colony, Himshikha, Nangal sodhan, Pinjore, Haryana

Details of the Property to be sold House No 205, Housing Board Colony, himshikha, Nangal Spdhian, Pinjore, Tehsil Kalka, Distt. Panchkula, Haryana

Boundaries (As per EVR): North: House of Others, South: Road, East: House No 206, West: Park.

For detailed terms and conditions of the sale, please refer to the link provided on Secured Creditor's website i.e. www.unionbankofindia.co.in and website: www.mstcecommerce.com. In case of problem related to EMD transfer/EMD refund or any issue related to Finance & account, bidders can directly contact the help desk nos: 033-2291004/033-22895064 or write email to bbarik@mstcindia.co.in, shembraam@mstcindia.co.in. The contact details are also provided in the help desk menu of the login page of the link: https://www.mstcecommerce.com/auctionhome/bapi/index.jsp

STATUTORY 15 DAYS SALE NOTICE UNDER RULE 8(6)/Rule 9(1) OF STATUTORY INTEREST (ENFORCEMENT) RULES 2002

This may also be treated as notice u/r 8(6)/Rule 9(1) of Security Interest (Enforcement) Rules, 2002 to the borrower/s and guarantor/s of the said loan about the holding of E-Auction Sale on the above mentioned date.

DATE: 02.03.2021

Regional Office :SCO 64-65, Bank Square, Sector 17-B, Chandigarh

MEGA E-AUCTION SALE NOTICE

PLACE : Chandigarh

AUTHORISED OFFICER, UNION BANK OF INDIA

इंडियन बैंक

Indian Bank

इलाहाबाद

ALLAHABAD

Zonal Office Lucknow, New Building, 2nd Floor, Hazratganj, Lucknow-226001, Ph.: 0522-2286272, 2287283 Fax : 2288033, Email: zolucknow@indianbank.co.in

NOTICE OF SALE -E-AUCTION

Notice of intended sale under Rule 6(2) & 8(6) of The Security Interest (Enforcement Rules) 2002 under The Securitization and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act 2002

Whereas, the Authorised Officer of Indian Bank (Erstwhile Allahabad Bank) had taken Constructive Possession of the following property/ies pursuant to the notice issued under Sec 13(2) of the Securitization and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002 in the following loan accounts with right to sell the same on "AS IS WHERE IS BASIS, AS IS WHAT IS BASIS" for realization of Bank's dues plus interest as detailed hereunder and whereas consequent upon failure to repay the dues by the borrowers the undersigned in exercise of power conferred under Section 13(4) of the said Act propose to realize the Bank's dues by sale of the said property/ies. The Sale will be done by the undersigned through e-auction platform provided at the website: (https://www.mstcecommerce.com/auctionhome/bapi)

(A) Name of the Borrower Proprietor/Partner/Director. Account with address & PIN Code

(B) Name of Guarantors With father's/husband's name

Branch : Staff College, Lucknow, Ph.: 0522-2717081

1. Borrower: Mr. Maneesh Kumar Mishra, 5/75, Sector-5, Jankipuram Extension, Lucknow-226021 Guarantor- Nirbhai Kumar Singh s/o Kedar Nath Singh, R/o Plot No 33, Ayush Vihar Colony, Near J.P. Convent School, Sector-6, Jankipuram Extension, Lucknow

2. Borrower: M/s Royal Publicity, 213, Lekhraj Market, Faizabad Road, Indira Nagar, Lucknow Mr. Abhay Singh s/o Late Raj Pal Singh, 167 Badri Jugal, Gomti Nagar, Lucknow Aloki Singh, 539/KH/204, Choti Jugal, Gomti Nagar, Lucknow

Date & Time for EMD submission : 17.03.2021 upto 5.00 p.m. & Date & Time for E-Auction : 18.03.2021 from 10.00 AM to 4.00 PM

For downloading further details and Terms & conditions, please visit : (1) http://www.ibapi.in (2) https://www.mstcecommerce.com

THE BORROWER(S)/GUARANTOR(S) ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED ABOUT THE SALE NOTICE UNDER THE SARFAESI ACT, 2002

Place : Lucknow, Date : 03.03.2021

INDIAN BANK (erstwhile Allahabad Bank)

Terms and Condition of the E-auction are as under

1. E-Auction will be conducted on "AS IS WHERE IS", "AS IS WHAT IS" and "WHATEVER THERE IS BASIS" through approved service provider MIS-E Procurement Technologies Limited (Auction Tiger).

2. **THE COMPLETE AND DETAILED INFORMATION ABOUT THE ASSETS OF THE COMPANY ARE AVAILABLE IN THE "E-AUCTION PROCESS DOCUMENT" AS ANNEXURE - VI TO THE DOCUMENT, WHICH IS AVAILABLE ON THE WEBSITES I.E. HTTPS://INCAUCTION.AUCTIONTIGER.NET. THIS SALE NOTICE MUST BE READ ALONGWITH THE "E-AUCTION PROCESS DOCUMENT" TO GET THE COMPLETE INFORMATION.**

3. The Complete E-Auction process document containing details of the Assets, online e-auction Bid Form, Declaration and Undertaking Form, General Terms & Conditions of online auction sale are available on websites https://incauction.auctiontiger.net. Contact: Mr. Ramprasad +91-6351896834/079-98205886 & 6351896834 ramprasad@auctiontiger.net / neha.yan@auctiontiger.net / support@auctiontiger.net (On going to the link https://incauction.auctiontiger.net) interested bidder will be required to search for the mentioned company by using either one of the two options, (i) Company's name (Shri Lakshmi Cotsyn Limited), or, (ii) State and property type.

4. (a) In case there is at least one Eligible Bidder for Block A, the e-auction of all other blocks will stand cancelled and EMD received for all other Blocks, if any, will be returned to the respective bidders.

(b) In case, there is no eligible bidder for Block A and there is at least one Eligible Bidder for Block B, e-auction of Block C and Block D will stand cancelled and EMD received, if any, will be returned to the respective bidders.

In case, the bidding for any block (as specified in 4(a) and 4(b)) is cancelled, then the eligible Bidders who have submitted their bid documents for such blocks shall be informed about cancellation and all such Bidders shall have an option to revise their bid documents and the EMD and participate in the bidding for Block A/ Block B as the case may be, provided they confirm the same in writing within 3 (three) days from the date of receipt of information about cancellation of bids from the Liquidator and say the balance EMD, if any. However, no fresh EMD for participation in block C to Block L shall be entertained after 24th March 2021.

5. The intending bidders, prior to submitting their bid, should make their independent inquiries regarding the title of property, dues of local taxes, electricity and water charges, maintenance charges, if any and inspect the property at their own expense and satisfy themselves. The properties mentioned above can be inspected by the prospective bidders at the site with prior appointment, contacting Mr. Rahul Nagar : 7011568767.

6. The intending bidders are required to deposit Earnest Money Deposit (EMD) amount either through DD/NET/RTGS in the Account of "SHRI LAKSHMI COTSYN LIMITED IN LIQUIDATION" Account No.: 00200050452182, HDFC Bank Limited, New Delhi, Branch: The Peach Tree, C-Block, Sector 12/202, Gurgaon 122002, IFSC Code: HDFC002686, or through DD drawn on any Scheduled Bank in the name of SHRI LAKSHMI COTSYN LIMITED IN LIQUIDATION" or give a Bank Guarantee for the EMD amount as per Format A or Format B given in the Complete E-Auction process document.

7. The intending bidder should submit the evidence for EMD deposit or Bank Guarantee and Request Letter for participation in the E-Auction along with Self attested copy of (1) Proof of Identification (2) Current Address-Proof (3) PAN card (4) Valid e-mail ID (5) Landline and Mobile Phone number (6) Affidavit and Undertaking, as per Annexure I, 1.7 Bid Application Form as per Annexure II (8) Declaration by Bidder, as per Annexure III, the formats of these Annexures can be taken from the Complete E-Auction process document. These documents should reach the office of the liquidator or by e-mail, at the address given below before 7:00 PM of 24th March 2021. Interested bidders will have to upload their KYC documents along with the EMD submission details on https://incauction.auctiontiger.net before 5:00 PM of 24th March 2021.

8. The Name of the Eligible Bidders will be determined by the Liquidator to participate in e-auction on the portal (https://incauction.auctiontiger.net). The e-auction service provider (Auction Tiger) will provide User id and password by email to eligible bidders.

9. In case, a bid is placed in the last 5 minutes of the closing time of the auction, the closing time will automatically get extended for 5 minutes with unlimited extension. The bidder who submits the highest bid amount (not below the reserve price) on closure of auction process shall be declared as the Successful Bidder and a communication to that effect will be issued through electronic medium which shall be subject to approval by the Liquidator.

10. The EMD of the Successful Bidder shall be retained towards part sale consideration and the EMD of unsuccessful bidders, who participated in the bidding process, shall be refunded. The EMD shall not bear any interest. The Liquidator will issue a Letter of Intent (LOI) to the Successful Bidder and the Successful Bidder shall have to deposit the balance amount (Successful Bid Amount - EMD Amount) within 30 days of issuance of the LOI by the Liquidator. Default in deposit of the balance amount by the successful bidder within the time limit as

FINANCIAL EXPRESS

Classifieds
From Advertisers To Everybody.

PUBLIC NOTICE
 Notice is hereby given to the public that my client Satpal Seth S/o Late Sh. Chiman Lal Seth Regd. No. 164, Ram Nandan Colony, Sector 100/1 has passed away & his son Mukesh Seth alias Dharmendra Singh Seth from all his movable, immovable and inheritance properties & severed all relations with him for his misconduct. My client has disowned his son named Mukesh Seth of his free will and consent as Mukesh Seth is not obedient to him and beyond control of my client. My client shall not be responsible for any debt or liability of his son named Mukesh Seth. This is inform to the public at large that if anyone is having any transaction any business of dealing with Mukesh Seth. Whatever my client shall be neither responsible nor concern with same, whatever & whatsoever will deal with Mukesh Seth, shall be doing so at his own risk and responsibility and my client shall not be liable for any act of Mukesh Seth.
 Manavender K. Tripathi
 (Advocate) Ch. No. 315, M.C. Selvadov
 Lawyers Chambers, Supreme Court, Delhi.

punjab national bank
 CIRCLE SASTRA CENTRE, SONEPAT ROAD,
 NEAR MANSAROVAR PARK, ROHTAK - 124001
 EMAIL : cs6307@pnbindia.com.in

CORRIGENDUM

Attention of the concerned party (ies) and general public is invited to E-Auction Notice published on 25.02.2021 Date and Time of E-auction to be read as 30.03.2021, 11:00 AM to 4:00 PM instead of 29.03.2021 (because 29.03.2021 is Public Holiday)

Other Terms & Conditions remains unchanged.

Authorized Officer: Punjab National Bank

Corrigendum to Notice of E-Auction for Sale of Assets of Dunn Foods Private Limited

With Reference to advertisement dated 04.02.2021 (Thursday) in this paper regarding E-Auction of Sale of Assets of Dunn Foods Private Limited, revised E-Auction Tender offer is as under:

Reserve Price for Property 2 - R.s. 2.31 Crores and corresponding EMD Amount is Rs 34.65 Lacs.

Date of E-Auction: 13.03.2021
Last Date & Time of submission of EMD and Documents 11.03.2021 upto 05:00 PM

Sd/-
Mr Nipan Bansal
Liquidator-Dunn Foods Private Limited

Corrigendum to Notice of E-Auction for Sale of Assets of Dunn Foods Private Limited

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Reserve Price for Property 2 - R.s. 2.31 Crores and corresponding

PUBLIC ANNOUNCEMENT

Pursuant to Regulation 31(2) read with regulation 12(3) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India (Liquidation Process) Regulations 2016
FOR THE ATTENTION OF THE STAKEHOLDERS OF
BRIGHTSUN TECHNOCRAFT PRIVATE LIMITED (IN LIQUIDATION)
(CIN: U80904DL2007PTC170656)

Pursuant to Regulation 31(2) read with regulation 12(3) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India (Liquidation Process) Regulations 2016, a Public Announcement is hereby made that the List of Stakeholders of **BRIGHTSUN TECHNOCRAFT PRIVATE LIMITED** - in Liquidation ("Corporate Debtor") has been prepared by the Liquidator and which has been filed with the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, New Delhi, on 01st March, 2021.

As there is no functional website of the Company (Corporate Debtor), hence, the List of Stakeholders showing complete details of amount of Claims admitted by the Liquidator, will be available for inspection at the office of the Liquidator at 5, GROUND FLOOR, F-21, LADO SARAI, NEW DELHI - 110030. Any queries with respect to the list of Stakeholders, the Corporate Debtor can be addressed at liquidator.brightsun@gmail.com.

The Stakeholders are further notified that any modification of entries in the List of Stakeholders, as filed with the Hon'ble NCLT, New Delhi, can be made only after obtaining approval of the Hon'ble NCLT, New Delhi.

Sd/-
K Subhra Narayan Mohapatra
Liquidator for Brightsun Technocraft Private Limited
Reg. No.: - IBB/PA-002/2018/N006182018-2019/1981
Address: 5, GROUND FLOOR, F-21, LADO SARAI, NEW DELHI - 110030

**PUNJAB & SIND BANK**
(A Govt. of India Undertaking)

To,
M/s. Mangla Foods Pvt. Ltd.
Sh. Manish Kumar, Sh. Sanjeev Kumar, Smt. Suman Gupta, Sh.
Shiv Shambhu
Sir/Madam,
Reg: Household items lying at the property bearing M.C.J.
House no. 500/34D and 500/34D-I, Street No. 4, Shastry Nagar,
Jagraon, Punjab.
The physical possession of the captioned mortgaged property was taken by Authorised officer 26.04.2019. A number of household items were lying at the said premises and inventory of same was prepared at the time of physical possession.
You are hereby given a notice of 3 days from the date of publication of this notice to approach the undersigned, otherwise said household items will be auctioned and sale proceeds will be appropriated towards the bank's dues.
Sh. Chander Kant, Authorised officer, Punjab & Sind Bank,
Date: 02.03.2021 B.O. Jagraon, Ph: 01624-542120/21, Mob. 81328-81119

NOTICE OF LOSS OF SHARE CERTIFICATE

NOTICE is hereby given that the following Share Certificates issued by the **Chadha Papers Limited**, have been lost and I, **Tajenderpal Singh Chadha (TPS Chadha)**, the registered holder thereof have applied to the Company for the issue of Duplicate Share Certificates.

Folio No.	Share Certificate Nos.	No. of Shares	Distinctive Nos.(From-To)	Name of Registered Holder
5024	680008	330120	5457101-5565000-107900 5568201-5633800-65600 6678201-6693200-15000 6709001-6757200-47300 10423141-10517460-94320	Tajenderpal Singh Chadha (TPS Chadha).

The public is hereby warned against purchasing or dealing in any way, with the above Share Certificates. Any person(s) who has/have any claim(s) in respect of the said Share Certificates should lodge such claim(s) with the **Chadha Papers Limited (Company)** at the registered office of the Company at **Chadha Estate, Nanital Road, Bilaspur, Rampur-244921, Uttar Pradesh**, within 15 days of publication of this notice, after which no claim will be entertained and the Company will proceed to issue duplicate Share Certificates.

Dated: 02.03.2021

Sd/-
Tajenderpal Singh Chadha
(TPS Chadha)

SKH METALS LIMITED

(CIN: U74130HR1986PLC02365)
Regd. Office: Plot No-2, Maruti Joint Venture Complex, Gurugram, Haryana 122015, India

NOTICE TO THE EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

Sub: Transfer of Equity Shares of the Company to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) Authority
Shareholders are hereby informed that pursuant to the provisions of Section 124(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules 2016 (the 'IEPF Rules') notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs as amended from time to time, all the equity shares of the Company in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed by the shareholders for seven consecutive years or more shall be transferred to the demat account of IEPF Authority. The Company has sent individual communication to the concerned shareholders whose shares are liable to be transferred to IEPF Authority in respect the unpaid Dividend for the financial year 2004-05 advising them to claim their undelained dividends. The Company has uploaded details of the concerned shareholders whose shares are due for transfer to the IEPF Authority on its website www.skhgroup.co.in

The concerned shareholder(s) holding shares in physical form and whose shares are liable to IEPF Authority, may note that upon transfer of shares to IEPF Authority, the original share certificate(s) which are registered in their name will stand automatically cancelled and be deemed non-negotiable.

In case the concerned shareholders do not claim their undelained dividends by 10th March, 2021 the company shall transfer the shares to the IEPF Authority without any further notice to the shareholders and no liability shall lie against the company in respect of the shares so transferred.

The Shareholders may please note that both the unclaimed dividend and shares transferred to DEMAT Account of the IEPF Authority including all benefits accruing on such shares, if any, can be claimed from IEPF for which detailed procedure and requirements are available at www.iepf.gov.in. For any further information in this regard the shareholders may contact any of the following addresses:

SKH Metals Limited

Plot no. 2, Maruti Joint Venture Complex, Gurugram, Haryana 122015, India

Phone: +91 124 2625200

Fax: +91 124 2625201

Email: secretarial@skhmetals.com

KFin Technologies Private Limited
Unit: SKH Metals Limited
Selenium Tower B,
Plot 31-32, Gachibowli,
Financial District, Nanakramguda,
Serringampally Mandal, Hyderabad-
500032, India

Toll Free No. 1800-3454-001

Email : einward.ris@kfinotech.com
Website : kfinotech.com

for & on behalf of
SKH Metals Limited

Sd-
Company Secretary

SKH Metals Limited

Unit: SKH Metals Limited

Selenium Tower B,
Plot 31-32, Gachibowli,
Financial District, Nanakramguda,
Serringampally Mandal, Hyderabad-
500032, India

Toll Free No. 1800-3454-001

Email : einward.ris@kfinotech.com
Website : kfinotech.com

for & on behalf of
SKH Metals Limited

Sd-
Company Secretary

TRANSCORP INTERNATIONAL LTD.

Regd. Office: Plot No. 3, HAF Pocket, Sec. 18A, Dwarka, Phase-II, New Delhi-110075

CIN: L51809DL1994PLC235697

Web-site : www.transcorpint.com, e-mail : grevance@transcorpint.com,
Phone : 91-11-30418901, Fax : 91-11-30418903

NOTICE

The notice is published pursuant to the provisions of Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 ("the rules") notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs from time to time.

The shareholders may note that the final dividend declared by the Company for the financial year 2012-13 which remain unclaimed for the period of seven years, has already been transferred to IEPF on respective dates. The corresponding shares of these mentioned dividend accounts will be transferred to the IEPF as per the procedure set out in the Rules.

Complying with the requirements of the Rules, the Company has communicated to the concerned shareholders individually whose shares are liable to be transferred to IEPF and the full details of such shareholders including their folio number and DP ID-Client ID are also made available on its website www.transcorpint.com. Shareholders are requested to refer to www.transcorpint.com for the details of the shares liable to be transferred to IEPF.

Concerned shareholders holding shares in physical form and whose shares are liable to be transferred to IEPF, may note that the Company would be issuing duplicate share certificate(s) in lieu of the original held by them for the purpose of transfer of shares to IEPF as per the rules and upon such issue, the Company shall inform the depository by way of corporate action to convert the duplicate share certificate into DEMAT form and transfer in favour of IEPF. The original share certificate(s) which are registered in the name of original shareholders will stand automatically cancelled and be deemed non-negotiable. Concerned shareholders holding shares in dematerialized form may note that the company shall inform the depository by way of corporate action for transfer of shares in favour of the DEMAT account of IEPF.

The shareholders may further note that the details are made available by the company on its website should be regarded and shall be deemed adequate notice in respect of issue of duplicate share certificate(s) by the company for the purpose of transfer of shares to IEPF pursuant to the Rules.

In case the Company does not receive any communication from the concerned shareholders, the Company shall with the view to adhering with the requirements of the Rules, transfer the shares to the IEPF in accordance with the said rules. Please note that no claim shall lie against company in respect of Unclaimed dividend amount and shares transferred to IEPF pursuant to the said Rules.

The Company has appointed Mr Dilip Kumar Morwal, (ACS 17572) Group Company Secretary as the Nodal Officer for the aforesaid Transfer/Transmission of shares by the Company and the other matter connected with the IEPF Authority.

For any queries on the above matter, Shareholders are requested to contact the Company's registrar and share transfer agents, Alankit Assignments, RTA Division, 4E/2, Jhandewalan Extension, New Delhi-110055 (India) or at the Share Division Office of the Company at 5th Floor, Transcorp Towers, Moti Doongri Road, Jaipur-302004.

For Transcorp International Limited

-sd-

Date: 02.03.2021

Place: Jaipur

Dilip Kumar Morwal

Group Company Secretary & Nodal Officer

PUBLIC ANNOUNCEMENT

Pursuant to Regulation 31(2) read with regulation 12(3) of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board of India (Liquidation Process) Regulations 2016, a Public Announcement is hereby made that the List of Stakeholders of **BRIGHTSUN TECHNOCRAFT PRIVATE LIMITED** - in Liquidation ("Corporate Debtor") has been prepared by the Liquidator and which has been filed with the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, New Delhi, on 01st March, 2021.

As there is no functional website of the Company (Corporate Debtor), hence, the List of Stakeholders showing complete details of amount of Claims admitted by the Liquidator, will be available for inspection at the office of the Liquidator at 5, GROUND FLOOR, F-21, LADO SARAI, NEW DELHI - 110030. Any queries with respect to the list of Stakeholders, the Corporate Debtor can be addressed at liquidator.brightsun@gmail.com.

The Stakeholders are further notified that any modification of entries in the List of Stakeholders, as filed with the Hon'ble NCLT, New Delhi, can be made only after obtaining approval of the Hon'ble NCLT, New Delhi.

Sd/-
K Subhra Narayan Mohapatra
Liquidator for Brightsun Technocraft Private Limited
Reg. No.: - IBB/PA-002/2018/N006182018-2019/1981
Address: 5, GROUND FLOOR, F-21, LADO SARAI, NEW DELHI - 110030

Date : 02-03-2021

PLACE : Gurgoan

DATE : 02-03-2021

Authorized Officer

Shubham Housing Development Finance Company Limited

Financial Express, epaper 1.n

Note: To the knowledge of the company, there is no encumbrance on the above properties. Terms and conditions of auction sale notice

TERMS & CONDITIONS OF PUBLIC AUCTION:- PROCEDURE AND TERMS & CONDITIONS OF PUBLIC AUCTION BY INVITING BIDS:

1. The properties at Serial No.1 & 2 and 4 to 10 can be inspected on 24-03-2021, and Property at Serial No.3 can be inspected on 10-03-2021 from 11.00 AM to 5.00 PM

2. Sale is subject to the conditions prescribed in SARFAESI Act/Rules 2002 and the terms and conditions mentioned hereunder as also subject to conditions in the offer/bid documents to be submitted by the intending participating bidders.

3. The bids shall be submitted in a sealed envelope to the office of undersigned along with a Demand Draft/Pay Order towards the Earnest Money Deposit favouring Shubham Housing Development Finance Company Limited, payable locally. The Earnest Money deposit shall not carry any interest. Along with Bid form the proposed bidder shall also attach his/her identity proof/ KYC norms and proof of residence such as copy of the passport, Aadhar Card, election commission card, ration card, driving license etc, and a copy of the PAN card issued by the Income Tax department.

4. Last date to submit the bid along with Earnest Money Deposit for Properties at Serial No.1 & 2 and 4 to 10 is on or before 05-04-2021 & Property at Serial No. 3 is on or before 18-03-2021 from 10.00 AM to 4.00 PM

5. In no event the property would be sold below the reserve price indicated against each of the property.

6. On date of sale all the bids so received would be opened and the bid of the highest bidder, provided it is above the reserve price, may be accepted by the company. However the bidders personally present at the auction site shall have the right to further enhance their bid price, subject to a minimum of Rs. 5,000/- (Rupees Five Thousand Only) and in the event of higher bid price being offered by the company shall have the right to accept the same. Thereafter, the Purchaser will be required to pay deposit of 25% (Twenty-Five percent) of the sale price, after adjusting the earnest money deposit, immediately at the fall of hammer with the undersigned upon receipt of said amount the company will confirm the acceptance of the bid. The request for extension of time may be allowed by the Authorised officer at his sole discretion subject to such terms and conditions as may be deemed at and by him. In the event the highest bidder fails to tender 25% of the bid amount immediately at the fall of hammer then the earnest money deposited by the highest bidder will be forfeited and the property would be offered to the second highest bidder. The balance amount of the purchase price shall be paid by the Purchaser to the company on the date of sale. In default of payment & within the time as mentioned above, the company shall be at liberty to forfeit the Earnest Money Deposit and/or any other deposit made by the Purchaser and proceed with re-auction of the Property. That defaulting purchaser shall forfeit all claims to the property or to any part of the sum for which he may be subsequently sold.

7. All the payments shall be made by the purchaser by means of the Demand Draft/Pay Order favouring Shubham Housing Development Finance Company Limited.

8. On receipt of the sale, the company shall be issuing a Sale Certificate in favour of the Purchaser and would hand-over the possession of the property to the Purchaser.

9. The said Immovable Property described in the Schedule shall remain and be at the sole risk of the Purchaser in all respects including loss or damage by fire or theft or other accidents, and other risk from the data of the Confirmation of the sale by the undersigned authorised officer. The Purchaser shall not be entitled to annul the sale on any ground whatsoever.

10. The Demand Draft/Pay Order deposited towards the earnest money shall be returned to the unsuccessful bidders.

11. For all the purposes sale of these Properties is strictly on "AS IS WHERE IS BASIS" and "AS IS BASISAND WITHOUT ANY RE COURSE BASIS". The company is not aware of any encumbrances of any nature whatsoever on the aforesaid properties.

12. All expenses relating to Stamp Duty, Registration Charges, Transfer Charges and any other charges in respect of the above referred property shall be borne by the Purchaser.

13. The Authorised officer is not bound to accept the highest offer or any of all offers/bid(s) and the company reserves its right to reject any or all bid(s) without assigning any reasons thereof.

14. No person other than the bidders themselves or their duly authorised representative shall be allowed to participate in the sale proceedings.

15. In case all the dues together with all cost charges and expenses incurred by the company are tendered or settled by the above named borrower at any time before the date fixed for the property under Sec13(8) of the Act, then the property will not be sold and all the bids received from the prospective bidders shall be returned to the company without any liability claim against the company.

16. This notice is also a notice to above said Borrowers under Rule 8(6) and Appendix IVA of the security Interest Enforcement Rules 200



Regional Office, 1st floor,
Asa Ram Market,
Karnal-132001 (Haryana)

POSSESSION NOTICE (FOR IMMOVABLE PROPERTY) [RULE 8(1)]

Whereas, the undersigned being the authorized officer of the Union Bank Of India under the Securitization and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest (Second) Act 2002 and in exercise of powers conferred under section 13(2) read with rule 3 of the Security Interest (Enforcement) Rules, 2002 issued/published notices upon the borrowers to repay the amount mentioned in the notices within 60 days from the date of receipt of the said notices.

The borrowers having failed to repay the amount, notice is hereby given to the borrowers and the public in general that the undersigned has taken Symbolic Possession of the property described herein below in exercise of powers conferred on him/her under section 13(4) of the said Act read with rule 8 of the said rule on the dates mentioned against accounts.

The borrowers in particular and the public in general is hereby cautioned not to deal with the properties and any dealings with the properties will be subject to the charge of the Union Bank of India for an amount mentioned herein below besides interest and other charges/expenses against accounts.

The borrower's attention is invited to provision of sub-section (8) of Section 13 of the Act. In respect of time available to redeem the secured assets.

Sr. No.	Name of Branch & Name of Account	Description of Property taken in Symbolic Possession	Date and Amount of Demand Notice	Date of Taking Symbolic Possession
1.	Branch Office : Chidana (e-AB)	All that Part and Parcel Residential land and building belonging to Mrs. Anita situated at House No.259/10, Jeevan Vihar, Gali No.5, Devru-Murthal Road, Sonipat, H.No. 35 Chintpurni Colony, Sector-14, Sonipat	06.02.2020	01.03.2021
1.	Mrs. Anita, 2. Mr. Ajab Singh S/o Kaptan Singh, 3. Mr. Akhlesh S/o Ajab Singh . All three named persons are R/o DJ- 259/10 , Jeevan Vihar, Gali No 5, Devru Murthal Road, Sonipat.	Rs. 12,88,011/- (Rupees Twelve lakhs Eighty Eight Thousand Eleven only) as on 06.02.2020 with future interest and incidental charges w.e.f. 07.02.2020. and interest thereon.		
2.	Branch Office : Sonepat (e-AB)	All that part and parcel Residential land and building belonging to Mrs Anita situated at House No. 259/10, Khasra No. 8662/7082/2512 situated at Jeevan Vihar, Gali No 5, Devru Murthal Road, Sonipat 131001 and is bounded as under: East: Plot Harbans, West: Street, North: House of Jasbir, South: Other House Street, West: House of Raj Kumar and Narendra, North: House of Ram Lakh, South: House of Mansa Ram Yadav.	04.02.2020	01.03.2021
2.	Mrs. Anita, 2. Mr Ajab Singh All two named persons are R/o DJ - 259 /10 , Jeevan Vihar, Gali No 5, Devru Murthal Road Sonepat.	Rs. 22,34,012.69/- (Rupees Twenty Two lakhs Thirty Four thousand Twelve and Paise Sixty Nine only.) as on 04.02.2020 with future interest and incidental charges w.e.f. 05.02.2020. and interest thereon.		
3.	Branch Office : Sonepat (e-AB)	All that Part and Parcel Residential land and building belonging to Mr. Ranbir Singh (Contractor), Mr. Naveen Singh And Mr. Parveen Dahiya Situated at 11.03.2020 with future interest and at land measuring 4K- 2M 1/2 incidental charges w.e.f. 12.03.2020. Share of land measuring 8K- 3M, land interest thereon. Khetwali No. 350/330 Khet No. 518 rect and kila No. 16/12 (4-17), 13/1 (3-6) situated at Rattangarh Road, Village Bhatgaon, Dungran, Tehsil and District Sonepat. in the revenue of Bhatgaon , Dungran, Tehsil and District Sonepat and bounded as under: East : Rattangarh Road, West : Land of Hari Singh, North : Land of Attar Singh, South : Land of Rajinder	11.03.2020	01.03.2021
3.	Ranbir Singh, 2. Naveen Singh, 3. Parveen Dahiya All three named persons are R/o Rattangarh Road, Village Bhatgaon, Dungran, Tehsil and District Sonepat, 4. Anil Malik Contractor R/o House No. 1214, Sector 23, Sonepat. 5. Lathwai Construction Co. R/o H.No. 595 vilas Nagar Gali No. 1, Kakroli Road, Sonepat	Rs. 39,94,634.00/- (Rupees Thirty Nine Lakhs Ninety Four Thousand Six Hundred Thirty Four only.) as on 11.03.2020 with future interest and at land measuring 4K- 2M 1/2 incidental charges w.e.f. 12.03.2020. Share of land measuring 8K- 3M, land interest thereon.		
	Date: 02.03.2021	Place: Karnal	Authorised Officer (UNION BANK OF INDIA)	



EXTRACT OF THE STATEMENT OF STANDALONE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE QUARTER AND NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Particulars	(Rs. in lakhs except for Earnings Per Share)		
	Quarter Ended December 31, 2020 (Unaudited)	Nine Months Ended December 31, 2020 (Unaudited)	Quarter Ended December 31, 2019 (Unaudited)
Total income from operations (net)	8,649.46	15,078.13	6,349.09
Net profit/(loss) for the period (before tax, exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	2,641.43	4,303.02	1,333.19
Net profit/(loss) for the period before tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	1,750.92	3,412.51	(11,837.84)
Net profit / (loss) for the period after tax (after exceptional and/or extraordinary items)	1,499.97	2,677.71	(8,320.28)
Total comprehensive income for the period [comprising profit/(loss) for the period (after tax) and other comprehensive income (after tax)]	1,499.97	2,677.71	(8,320.28)
Equity Share Capital	4,998.11	4,998.11	4,998.11
Earnings/(Loss) Per Share (of 5/- each):			
Basic:	1.50	2.68	(8.32)
Diluted:	1.50	2.68	(8.32)

Note:
The above is an extract of the detailed format of Unaudited Financial Results filed with the Stock Exchange under Regulation 33 of the SEBI (Listing and Other Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. The full format of Unaudited Financial Results for the Quarter and Nine Months ended December 31, 2020 is available on the website of the Company at <https://www.jump.tech> and on the website of the Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd at <https://www.bseindia.com>.

For Jump Networks Limited
Sd/-
Harshawardhan Sabale
Managing Director
DIN: 00168418

For All Advertisement Booking

Call : 0120-6651214

Place: Mumbai
Date: March 2, 2021



REGIONAL OFFICE, Delhi (Central), Faiz Road, Jhandewalan,
New Delhi-110005, E-mail : cb8821leg@unionbankofindia.com

SALE NOTICE
for sale of Immovable Properties

E-Auction Sale Notice for Sale of Immovable/Movable Assets under the Securitisation and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002 read with Rule 8 / 9 of the Security Interest (Enforcement) Rule, 2002

Notice is hereby given to the public in general and in particular to the Borrower(s) and Guarantor(s) that the below described immovable property mortgaged / charged to the Secured Creditor, the possession of which has been taken by the Authorized Officer of Union Bank of India (secured creditor), will be sold on "As is where is", "As is what is" and "Whatever there is" on the date mentioned below, for recovery of dues as mentioned hereunder to Union Bank of India from the below mentioned Borrower(s) & Guarantor(s). The Reserve Price and the Earnest Money Deposit are also mentioned hereunder:

S. No.	Name of the Branch	Name & address of Borrower & Guarantor	Description of the Movable / Immovable property put for auction	Constructive or Physical Possession taken	Dues to be recovered from Borrower/ Guarantor (Rs.)	Reserve Price (Rs.)		Date and Time of Auction	Date & Time of inspection of property
						EMD	Bid Increment		
1	Karol Bagh (264) Branch	To Legal Heirs of Mr. Rajeev Aggarwal [Deceased] E-38, Block-E, Greater Kailash Part I New Delhi 110048, Mrs. Meenu Aggarwal E-38, Block-E, Graeter Kailash Part-I, New Delhi 110048, Ms. Ridhi Agarwal [Legal Heirs] E-38, Block-E Greater Kailash Part-I, New Delhi 110048, Ms. Jahnvi Agarwal [Legal Heirs] E-38, Block-E, Greater Kailash Part I, New Delhi-110048, Mr. Krish Agarwal [Legal Heirs] E-38, Block-E, Greater Kailash Part Part	Second Floor Flat on Plot No.34, Block III, together with undivided share of land in Plot No.34 measuring 188 sq mtrs. In the residential colony known as "Eros Garden" situated at Village Lakkarpur, Suraj Kund Road, Faridabad, Haryana	Physical Possession	Amount due – Rs. 70,41,403.50 as on 01.02.2018 with further interest, cost and expenses	Rs. 74.25 Lakhs	Rs. 7.425 Lakhs	18-03-2021 11:00 am to 05:00 PM (with unlimited extension of 10 minutes each)	All working days
2	Patel Nagar Branch	M/s R.S. Enterprises (Proprietor: Mr. Ravi Goyal R/o House No. 34, Suvidha Kunj, Pitampura, Delhi-110034) Mrs. Shikha Goyal R/o House No. 34, Suvidha Kunj, Pitampura, Delhi-110034. Mr. Himanshu Gupta R/o 23/124-125, Sector-7, Rohini, New Delhi-110085.	Pvt Shop No. 204, 2nd Floor Municipal No. 2664, Gali Jatwara, Zere Fazil, Naya Bazar Ward No. III, Naya Bazar, Delhi 110006 (Physical Possession) Pvt Shop No 203, 2nd Floor Municipal No. 2664, Gali Jatwara, Zere Fazil, Naya Bazar Ward No. III, Naya Bazar, Delhi 110006 (Physical Possession)	Physical Possession	Amount due – Rs. 4,02,69,842.05 as on 30.04.2018 interest, cost and expenses	Rs. 19,06,000/- Rs. 1,91,000/- Rs. 50,000/-	Rs. 21,49,000/- Rs. 2,15,000/- Rs. 50,000/-	18-03-2021 11:00 am to 05:00 PM (with unlimited extension of 10 minutes each)	from 12.00 Noon to 4.00 PM with prior appointment
3	Karol Bagh Branch	M/s. Prakash Brothers, 2/31, Roop Nagar, Delhi-110007, Mr. Anoop Mittal, at:- Flat No 901, Tower 4, Sunshine County, Kundli, Sonepat, Haryana. Mr. Sube Singh, at: Flat No 303, Tower 16, Sunshine County, Kundli, Sonepat, Haryana. Mr. Dilbagh Singh, at: C-7/224/225, Pocket-C, Sector 7, Rohini, Delhi. Mr. Anil Mittal, at: 2/31, ROOP NAGAR, DELHI-110007	Immovable property being Flat No. 303, Third Floor, Tower No. 16, Sunshine County, Sector 63, Tehsil Rai, Distt. Sonepat (Haryana) held in the names of Mr. Sube Singh S/o Mr. Maha Singh and Bounded as : North - Open, South - Entry/Lift, East - Flat No 301, West - Open Area. Area of site : 2176 sq. feet	Physical Possession	Amount due – Rs. 1,45,35,925.88 as on 31-03-2019 and further interest at contractual rate & cost from 01-04-2019.	Rs. 70,00,000/- Rs. 7,00,000/- Rs. 50,000/-	18-03-2021 11:00 am to 05:00 PM (with unlimited extension of 10 minutes each)	18-03-2021 11:00 am to 05:00 PM (with unlimited extension of 10 minutes each)	
4	Karol Bagh Branch	Mrs. Madhu Goswami, At First Floor Shakti Khand I/390/I, Inderapuram, Ghaziabad, U.P. Mr. Chetan Kumar Goswami, Deepak Kumar Goswami and Mrs. Monica Goswami (Co-borrowers) At-H.no.182, School Wali Gali, Near MCD Banquet Hall, Azadpur, Model Town, Delhi-110033	Immovable property being At First Floor and Ground Floor without roof rights portion of property bearing No. Shakti Khand I/390/I, Inderapuram, Ghaziabad, U.P. bounded as : North-Property No.390, South-Property No.390/2, East- Road 30 Feet wide, West - Back side of Shiv Shiv Sanatan Dharam Mandir. Area of site :Ground Floor : 968.4 sq. feet. First Floor: 968.4 sq. feet.	Physical Possession	Amount due – Rs. 1,86,92,318.00 as on 31-03-2019 and further interest at contractual rate & cost from 01-04-2019.	Rs. 91,37,000/- Rs. 9,13,700/- Rs. 50,000/-	18-03-2021 11:00 am to 05:00 PM (with unlimited extension of 10 minutes each)	18-03-2021 11:00 am to 05:00 PM (with unlimited extension of 10 minutes each)	
5	Karol Bagh Branch	Mr. Anil Kumar Srivastav, Chamber No. 102, First Floor, 9/54 Namdhari Chambers, D B Gupta Road, Karol Bagh, Also at : A-8C, MIG Flat, DDA Flats, Munirka, New Delhi-110067. Mrs. Kusum Srivastav, At:A-8c, MIG Flat, DDA Flats, Munirka, New Delhi-110067	Immovable property being Chamber No. 102, First Floor, 9/54 Namdhari Chambers, D B Gupta Road, Karol Bagh, New Delhi - 110005 measuring 360 sq. ft.	Physical Possession	Amount due – Rs. 2,43,32,848.48 as on 31-03-2019 and further interest at contractual rate & cost from 01-04-2019.	Rs. 68,00,000/- Rs. 6,80,000/- Rs. 50,000/-	18-03-2021 11:00 am to 05:00 PM (with unlimited extension of 10 minutes each)	18-03-2021 11:00 am to 05:00 PM (with unlimited extension of 10 minutes each)	
6	Karol Bagh Branch	M/s Netsol Projects Ltd	Rear side portion on second floor out of property bearing number 252- B, prince plaza, built on plot number 201 and 202 Garhi, Sant Nagar, East of Kailash, New Delhi-110065 in the name of Mrs. Sunita Agarwal, Area- 986 Sft	Physical Possession	Amount due – Rs. 86,11,579.00 as per Demand Notice dt 01-08-2019	Rs. 1,03,00,000/- Rs. 10,30,000/- Rs. 50,000/-	18-03-2021 11:00 am to 05:00 PM (with unlimited extension of 10 minutes each)	18-03-2021 11:00 am to 05:00 PM (with unlimited extension of 10 minutes each)	
7	Preet Vihar Branch	Borrower 1: Gul Foods And Company C-23 IIrd Floor, Gali No 2, Chauhan Bazar, Delhi 1. Proprietor: Mr. Mohammad Anwer Guarantor: Afsar Ali Borrower 2: Saba Enterprises B 1/13, G 2 DLF, Extension II, Ghaziabad, U.P., 2. Proprietor: 1. Mrs. Ehsana, Guarantor: Afsar Ali	All The Part And Parcel Of Plot No. D-1/2, Block – D, Land Area117.50 Square Yard, Situated In The Layout Plan Of Vayu Sena, Hindon Sahakari Awas Samiti Limited, Defence Colony, Bhopura, Pragana – Loni, Dist - Ghaziabad, Up, Owned By Mr. Rohit Uppal	Physical Possession	Borrower-1 Amount Due - Rs. 23,50,108/- Plus Interest & Other Charges Thereon Borrower-2 Amount Due - Rs. 23,79,586/- Plus Interest & Other Charges Thereon	Rs. 32,94,000/- Rs. 3,30,000/- Rs. 50,000/-	18-03-2021 11:00 am to 05:00 PM (with unlimited extension of 10 minutes each)	18-03-2021 11:00 am to 05:00 PM (with unlimited extension of 10 minutes each)	
8	Preet Vihar Branch	Ishbah Enterprises Office No-23, Shilpi Arched Plot No-14 Sector-4 Vaishali, Ghaziabad UP 1. Proprietor: Afsar Ali	EMG of all the part and parcel of Property Bearing Number 49-b Covered Area 67 Yds Comprised In Khasra No. 472, Situated at Abadi- Shivaji Gali, Pandit Park, Vill- Gond						

Amazon Prime Video apologises unconditionally for *Tandav*

PRESS TRUST OF INDIA
New Delhi, March 2

STREAMING PLATFORM AMAZON
Prime Video on Tuesday apologised "unconditionally" for its show "*Tandav*" and said it has already removed scenes found objectionable by viewers.

The political saga, starring Saif Ali Khan and Mohd Zeeshan Ayyub, attracted huge controversy for a scene depicting a college theatrical programme, leading to allegations that the show hurt religious



sentiments and multiple FIRs.

"Amazon Prime Video again deeply regrets that viewers considered certain scenes to be objectionable in the recently launched fictional series *Tandav*. This was never our intention, and the scenes that were objected to were removed or

acknowledged need to be constantly updated to better serve our audiences," the company added.

The streamer said it will continue to develop entertaining content with partners while

"complying with the laws of India and respecting the diversity of culture and beliefs of our audiences".

The cast and the crew of the Ali Abbas Zafar-directed series apologised twice.

Three female media workers killed in Afghanistan

Three female media workers were shot dead in the eastern Afghan city of Jalalabad on Tuesday, government officials said, amid a wave of killings that is spreading fear among professional workers in urban centres. Zalmay Latifi, head of local broadcaster Enikas TV, said the three women were recent high school graduates aged between 18 and 20 who worked in the station's dubbing department. A Taliban spokesman denied the group had any involvement in the attack.

—REUTERS

१००० लाख रुपये की कम्पनी
Punjab & Sind Bank
(A Govt. of India Undertaking)
Head Office: 21 Rajendra Place, New Delhi-110 008
Website: www.psbindia.com

Where service is a way of life

NOTICE

This has reference to our newspaper notice dated 23.02.2021 regarding Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of Punjab & Sind Bank to be held through Video Conferencing (VC) / Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM) on Thursday, the 25th day of March, 2021 at 11.00 a.m. in accordance with Securities & Exchange Board of India (SEBI) circular no SEBI/HO/CFD/ CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79 dated 12th May, 2020 and SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2021/1 dated 15th January, 2021 read with MCA (Ministry of Corporate Affairs) Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, Circular No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, Circular No 22/2020 dated June 15, 2020, Circular No 33/2020 dated September 28, 2020 and Circular No. 39/2020 dated December 31, 2020, to transact the following Special business:

Agenda Item No. 1: Issue of Equity Shares on Preferential Basis to Government of India To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following Resolution(s) as Special Resolution(s):

RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of the Banking Companies (Acquisition & Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1980 (hereinafter referred to as the "Act") read with the Nationalized Banks (Management and Miscellaneous Provisions) Scheme, 1980 (hereinafter referred to as the "Scheme") and Punjab & Sind Bank (Shares & Meetings) Regulations, 2008 (hereinafter referred to as the "Regulations") and subject to the approvals, consents, sanctions, if any, of Reserve Bank of India (RBI), Government of India (GOI), Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI), and/or any other authority as may be required in this regard and subject to such terms, conditions and modifications thereto as may be prescribed by them in granting such approvals and which may be agreed to by the Board of Directors of the Bank and subject to SEBI (Issue of Capital & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 [SEBI (ICDR) Regulations], SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements), Regulations 2015 (SEBI (LODR) Regulations), as amended from time to time and regulations prescribed by RBI and all other relevant authorities from time to time and subject to the Listing Agreements entered into with the Stock Exchanges where the equity shares of the Bank are listed, consent of the shareholders of the Bank be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the Bank (hereinafter called "Board") which shall be deemed to include a committee which the Board may have constituted or may constitute, to exercise its powers including the powers conferred by this resolution) to create, offer, issue and allot up to 3351614868 Equity Shares to the President of India (Government of India) on preferential basis, of the face value of Rs. 10/- each on preferential basis at a issue price of Rs. 16.41 per Equity Share (including premium of Rs. 6.41 per equity share) determined in accordance with Regulation 164(1) of SEBI (ICDR) Regulations as amended from time to time amounting to Rs. 5500 Crore (Rupees Five Thousand Five Hundred Crore only)."

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Relevant Date for the preferential issue, for determination of minimum price of the issue of the above mentioned equity shares shall be 23.02.2021, being the date 30 days prior to the date of EGM."

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board shall have authority and power to accept any modification in the proposal as may be required or imposed by the Government of India / Reserve Bank of India / Securities & Exchange Board of India / Stock Exchanges where the shares of the Bank are listed or such other appropriate authorities at the time of according / granting their approvals, consents, permissions and sanctions to issue, allotment and listing thereof and as agreed to by the Board."

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the said equity shares to be issued and allotted on preferential basis in pursuance of this Resolution shall be issued in dematerialized form and shall be subject to lock-in requirements required under "SEBI (ICDR) Regulations" and shall rank *pari passu* in all respects with the existing equity shares of the Bank in all respects and shall be entitled to dividend declared, if any, in accordance with the statutory guidelines or any other law that are in force at the time of such declaration."

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT for the purpose of giving effect to this Resolution, the Board be and is hereby authorised to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as it may in its absolute discretion deem necessary, proper and desirable and to settle any question, difficulty or doubt that may arise in regard to the issue of the equity shares and further to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things, finalise and execute all documents and writings as may be necessary, desirable or expedient as it may in its absolute discretion deem fit, proper or desirable without being required to seek any further consent or approval of the shareholders or authorise to the end and intent that the shareholders shall be deemed to have given their approval thereto expressly by the authority of this resolution."

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board be and is hereby authorised to delegate all or any of the powers herein conferred on it, to the Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer or Executive Director or such other officer(s) of the Bank as it may deem fit to give effect to the aforesaid Resolution."

By order of the Board of Directors
For PUNJAB & SIND BANK

Place: New Delhi
Date: 02 March, 2021

E-VOTING

- In compliance of the aforesaid guidelines, electronic copies of the notice of the EGM have been sent to all the shareholders whose email addresses are registered with the Bank / Depository Participant(s) and also to those shareholders who have got their email addresses registered with our RTA, M/s Link Intime India Private Limited, pursuant to our newspaper publication dated 23.02.2021. A copy of the detailed notice of the EGM is available on the website of the Bank i.e. www.psbindia.com, the website of the stock exchanges at www.nseindia.com and www.bseindia.com and also on the website of CDSL at www.evotingindia.com.
- Shareholders can join and participate in the EGM through VC / OAVM facility only. Shareholders participating through VC / OAVM shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Regulation 58 of Punjab & Sind Bank (Shares & Meeting) Regulations, 2008. The deemed venue for the EGM shall be the Head Office of the Bank. The instructions for participating in the EGM through VC / OAVM are set forth in the detailed notice.
- Voting through Electronic Means: Shareholders may please note that in compliance of Regulation 44 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and the provisions of Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, as amended (E-voting Rules) read with the MCA Circulars, the Bank is pleased to provide its shareholders the facility to exercise their right to vote by electronic means (remote e-voting and e-voting during the EGM) through the e-voting platform provided by CDSL and the shareholders may follow the procedure for the same as detailed in the Notice available on the website of CDSL at www.evotingindia.com.
- The remote e-voting period begins on Monday, 22nd March, 2021 at 10.00 a.m. and ends on Wednesday, 24th March 2021, at 5 p.m. During this period, shareholders of the Bank, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date i.e. 18th March 2021, may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter and the remote e-voting shall not be allowed beyond 5.00 PM, 24th March 2021. Once the vote on a resolution is casted by the member, the member shall not be allowed to change it subsequently.
- The voting rights of members shall be in proportion to their share of the paid up equity share capital of the Bank as on the cut-off date of 18th March, 2021.
- The shareholders holding shares as on the cut-off date i.e. 18th March 2021, may follow the procedure as provided in the notice for obtaining the Login id and password for e-voting. A person whose name is recorded in the Register of shareholders / Beneficial owners (maintained with the depositories) as on the cut-off date only shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-voting / e-voting at the EGM.
- In terms of sub-section (2E) of Section 3 of the Banking Companies (Acquisition & Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1980, no shareholder of the corresponding new Bank, other than the Central Government, shall be entitled to exercise voting rights in respect of any shares held by him/her in excess of ten percent of the total voting rights of all the shareholders of the Bank.
- If any share stands registered in the names of two or more persons, the person first named in the register shall, as regards voting, be deemed to be the sole holder thereof.
- In terms of e-voting rules, only those shareholders, who are present in the EGM and have not cast their vote through remote e-voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be allowed to vote through e-voting system at the EGM. A shareholder may participate in the EGM even after exercising his / her right to vote through remote e-voting but such a shareholder shall not be allowed to vote again at the EGM.
- Shareholders holding shares in physical form as on cut-off date and / or those who have not registered their email ids with the Bank / Depository Participant(s) / RTA pursuant to our notice dated 23.02.2021, are requested to follow the procedure for casting vote through remote e-voting or e-voting at the EGM, as stipulated in the notice of the EGM available on the website of the Bank i.e. www.psbindia.com.
- Shareholders holding shares in physical form who have not registered their email id are requested to register the same with the Bank's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent (RTA) i.e. M/s Link Intime India Private Limited at delhi@linkintime.co.in and those shareholders who are holding shares in demat form and have not registered / updated their email ids are requested to approach their Depository Participant (DP) for the same.
- The results declared, along with the report of the Scrutinizer shall be placed on the website of the Bank www.psbindia.com and on the website of CDSL immediately after the declaration of result by the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing. The results shall also be immediately forwarded to the Stock Exchanges wherein the equity shares of the Bank are listed.
- If you have any queries or issues regarding attending EGM & e-Voting from the e-Voting System, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions ("FAQs") and e-voting manual available at www.evotingindia.com, under help section or write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cslindia.com or contact Mr. Nitin Kunder (022- 23058738) or Mr. Mehmood Lakhani (022-23058543) or Mr. Rakesh Dalvi (022-23058542).
- All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Manager, (CDSL) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cslindia.com or call on 022-23058542/43.
- Shareholders are requested to refer the detailed notice of the EGM for any other information / procedure.

NOTICE

Pursuant to Section 13(3) of the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008 and Rule 17(4) of the Limited Liability Partnership Rules, 2009. Notice is hereby given to the General Public that BERYL INDIA ADVISORS LLP (hereinafter referred to as "the LLP") proposes to shift its Registered Office from the State of NCT of Delhi to Haryana i.e. from 177/C-3, Flat No. C-1 Green View Apartment, Ward No. 2, Mehrauli, New Delhi-110030, India to 17/1D, M3M Golf Estate, Golf Course Extension Road, Sector 55, Mehdawali, Badshahpur, Gurgaon, Haryana - 121101, India and have obtained consents in this regard from all the Designated Partners of the LLP.

Any person, whose interest is likely to be affected by the said shifting of Registered Office of the LLP from the State of NCT of Delhi to Haryana, may intimate their objection to the Registrar of LLP, Delhi at 4th Floor, IFCI Tower, 61, Nehru Place, New Delhi-110019, India and to the LLP at the below mentioned address, within 21 days from the date of publication of this notice, along with the nature of interest and grounds of such objection at the below mentioned address.

Beryl India Advisors LLP
Registered Office: 177/C-3, Flat No. C-1
Green View Apartment, Ward No. 2,
Mehrauli, New Delhi-110030, India

Advertisement to be published in the newspaper for conversion of public company into a private company
INCONE FINANCE LIMITED
1212, Hemkunt Chambers, 89, Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110019
CIN: U65999DL1992PLC051182
Phone: 011-26444555
Email: incone1992@gmail.com
In the matter of **M/s Incone Finance Limited**
For conversion of public company into a private company in the matter of the Companies Act, 2013, section 14 of Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 41 of the Companies (Incorporation) Rules, 2014

Notice is hereby given to the general public that the company intends to make an application to the Central Government under section 14 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with aforesaid rules and is desirous of converting into a private limited company in terms of the special resolution passed at the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 30th Day of January, 2021 to enable the company to give effect for such conversion.

Any person whose interest is likely to be affected by the proposed change/status of the company may deliver or cause to be delivered or send by registered post of his objections supported by an affidavit stating the nature of his interest and grounds of opposition to the concerned Regional Director, B-2 Wing, 2nd Floor, Parivartan Bhawan, CGO Complex, New Delhi - 110003, within fourteen days from the date of publication of this notice with a copy to the applicant company at its registered office at the address mentioned below:

For and on behalf of the Applicant
Sd/-
RAJAT AGARWAL
Place: New Delhi DIRECTOR
Date: 03.03.2021 DIN: 00266205

Inccone Finance Limited
1212, Hemkunt Chambers, 89, Nehru Place, New Delhi - 110019Applicant

Notice is hereby given to the general public that the company proposes to make an application to the Central Government under section 14 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with aforesaid rules and is desirous of converting into a private limited company in terms of the special resolution passed at the Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 30th Day of January, 2021 to enable the company to give effect for such conversion.

Any person whose interest is likely to be affected by the proposed change/status of the company may deliver or cause to be delivered or send by registered post of his objections supported by an affidavit stating the nature of his interest and grounds of opposition to the concerned Regional Director, B-2 Wing, 2nd Floor, Parivartan Bhawan, CGO Complex, New Delhi - 110003, within fourteen days from the date of publication of this notice with a copy to the applicant company at its registered office at the address mentioned below:

By order of the Board of Directors
For Magma Fincorp Limited
Sd/-
Shabnam Zaman
Company Secretary

NOTICE
FORM NO.: INC-26
[Pursuant to Rule 30 of the Companies (Incorporation) Rules, 2014]

Advertisement to be published in the newspaper for change of registered office of the company from one state to another

Before the Central Government, Northern Region, Regional Director

In the matter of the Companies Act, 2013, Section 13(4) of Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 30(5)(a) of the Companies (Incorporation) Rules, 2014

AND
In the matter of GREEN FARMING PRIVATE LIMITED having its registered office at C/o Mr. Adish Parshad Jain, S/o Late Sh. Mahender S. No - 2482/2, G/F, Nai Wara Delhi Central Delhi DL 110006 to enable the company to change its Registered office from "NCT of Delhi" to "Uttar Pradesh".

Notice is hereby given to the General Public that the company proposes to make application to the Central Government, Regional Director (RD), under section 13 of the Companies Act, 2013 seeking confirmation of alteration of the Memorandum of Association of the Company in terms of the special resolution passed at the 9th Annual General meeting held at 04:30 P.M. on Friday, The 20th Day of November, 2020 at the registered office of the company at C/o Mr. Adish Parshad Jain, S/o Late Sh. Mahender S. No - 2482/2, G/F, Nai Wara Delhi Central Delhi DL 110006 to enable the company to change its Registered office from "NCT of Delhi" to "Uttar Pradesh".

Any person whose interest is likely to be affected by the proposed change of the registered office of the company may deliver either on the MCA-21 portal (www.mca.gov.in) by filing investor complaint form or cause to be delivered or send by registered post of his/her objections supported by an affidavit stating the nature of his/her interest and grounds of opposition to the Central Government, Regional Director (RD), B-2 Wing, 2nd Floor Parivartan Bhawan, CGO Complex, New Delhi-110003, Within Fourteen days from the date of publication of this notice with a copy to the applicant company at its registered office at the address mentioned below:

Registered Office at C/o Mr. Adish Parshad Jain, S/o Late Sh. Mahender S. No - 2482/2, G/F, Nai Wara Delhi Central Delhi DL 110006

For & on Behalf of
Green Farming Private Limited
Sd/-
Praveen Kumar Dhanay
Place: Delhi Director
Date: 03.03.2021 (DIN: 08433923)

NOTICE
FORM NO.: INC-26
[Pursuant to Rule 30 of the Companies (Incorporation) Rules, 2014]

Advertisement to be published in the newspaper for change of registered office of the company from one state to another

Before the Central Government, Northern Region, Regional Director

In the matter of the Companies Act, 2013, Section 13(4) of Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 30(5)(a) of the Companies (Incorporation) Rules, 2014

AND
In the matter of CAMELLIA INFRASTRUCTURE PRIVATE LIMITED having its registered office at C/o Mr. Adish Parshad Jain, S/o Late Sh. Mahender S. No - 2482/2, G/F, Nai Wara Delhi Central Delhi DL 110006 to enable the company to change its Registered office from "NCT of Delhi" to "Uttar Pradesh".

Any person whose interest is likely to be affected by the proposed change of the registered office of the company may deliver either on the MCA-21 portal (www.mca.gov.in) by filing investor complaint form or cause to be delivered or send by registered post of his/her objections supported by an affidavit stating the nature of his/her interest and grounds of opposition to the Central Government, Regional Director (RD), B-2 Wing, 2nd Floor Parivartan Bhawan, CGO Complex, New Delhi-110003, Within Fourteen days from the date of publication of this notice with a copy to the applicant company at its registered office at the address mentioned below:

Registered Office at C/o Mr. Ad