```
FORWARD
```

```
format short;
clear all;
clc;
x=[0 0.001 0.002 0.003 0.004 0.005]
y=[1.121 1.123 1.1255 1.127 1.128 1.1285]
X=input('enetr thee value of x which u w=need to find');
n=length(x);
D=zeros(n,n);
D(:,1)=y';
for j=2:n
  for i=j:n
    D(i,j)=D(i,j-1)-D(i-1,j-1)
  end
end
%disp('table is',D);
h=x(2)-x(1);
u=(X-x(1))/h;
G=u;
A=y(1); %want to initialise from y1
for k=1:n-1
  A=A+G*D(1,k+1);
  G=(u-k)/(k+1)*G;
end
fprintf('the value is %f %4f',X,A);
```

BACKWARD

```
format short;
clear all;
clc;
```

```
x=[0 0.001 0.002 0.003 0.004 0.005]
y=[1.121 1.123 1.1255 1.127 1.128 1.1285]
X=input('enetr thee value of x which u w=need to find');
n=length(x);
D=zeros(n,n);
D(:,1)=y';
for j=2:n
  for i=j:(n-j+1)
    D(i,j)=D(i+1,j-1)-D(i,j-1)
  end
end
%disp('table is',D);
h=x(2)-x(1);
u=(X-x(1))/h;
G=u;
A=y(1); %want to initialise from y1
for k=1:n-1
  A=A+G*D(1,k+1);
  G=(u-k)/(k+1)*G;
end
fprintf('the value is %f %4f',X,A);
LANGRANGES DEFINE
function y0=lagranges_interp(x,y,x0) %function define
y0=0
n=length(x);
for j=1:n
  t=1
  for i=1:n
    if i~=j
```

```
t=t*(x0-x(i))/(x(j)-x(i));
end
end
y0=y0+t*y(j);
end
```

LANGRANGES CALL

```
clc;
clear all;
close all;
x=[0 1.2 2.4 3.7]
y=[3.41 2.68 1.37 -1.18]
x0=1.30
yn=lagranges_interp(x,y,x0) %function_call
```

SIMSON 1/3

```
format short;

clear all;

clc

f=@(x)1./(x);

a=input('enter lower limit');

b=input('enter upper limit');

n=input('enter th no of interval');

h=(b-a)/n;

if rem(n,2)==1

fprintf('\n enetr valid no');

n=input('\n enter n as even number');

end

k=1:1:n;

s=f(a+k.*h);

se=sum(s(2:2:n));
```

```
so=sum(s(1:2:n-1));
out=(h/3).*(f(a)+2.*se+4.*so+f(b));
fprintf('the value of integration is %f \n',out);
WEIDELS
format short
clear all;
clc;
f=@(x)1./(x);
a=input('enter lower limit');
b=input('enter upper limit');
n=input('enter th no of interval');
h=(b-a)/n;
s=f(a)+f(b);
for i=2:2:n-2
  s=s+f(a+i.*h); y1=f(a+h)
end
for i= 1:4:n-1
  s=s+5*f(a+i.*h);
end
for i=3:3:n-3
  s=s+6*f(a+i.*h);
end
i=(3*h*s)/10;
fprintf('ansr is %f',i);
```

TRAPEZOIDAL WITH VALUE

```
clc;
clear all;
close all;
x=[-4 -3 -2 1 0 1 2]
```

```
y=[0 4 5 3 10 11 2]
l=length(x);
n=6;
h=((x(1)-x(1))/n);
s=0.5*(y(1)+y(1));
for i=2:I-1
  s=s+y(i);
end
s=s.*h;
fprintf('thre required value is %4f \n',s);
TRAPEZOIDAL WITH FUNCTION
format short
clear all;
clc
f=@(x)1./(x);
a=input('enter lower limit');
b=input('enter upper limit');
n=input('enter th no of interval');
h=(b-a)/n;
i=1:1:n-1
s=f(a+i.*h);
out=(h./2).*(f(a)+2.*sum(s)+f(b));
fprintf('the value of integration is %f \n',out);
GAUSS WITH ELIMINATION
format short;
clear all;
```

clc;

```
info=[2 3 1;1 2 3;3 1 2];
b=[9;6;8];
a=[info b];
for i=1:size(a,1)
  for j=i+1:size(a,1)
    key1=a(j,i)./a(i,i);
    a(j,:)=a(j,:)-key1.*a(i,:);
  end
end
x=zeros(1,size(info,2)); %creating a 1 row 4 column matrix having 00
for i=size(a,1):-1:1
  out=sum(a(i,i+1:end-1).*x(i+1:end));
  x(i)=(a(i,end)-out)./a(i,i);
end
fprintf('ansr is %f',x);
GAUSS SEIDAL
clc;
clear all;
a=[27 6 -1; 6 15 2; 1 1 54];
b=[85;72;110];
aug=[a b];
n=length(aug);
iterations=input('enter the number of iterrations');
x=zeros(n-1,1);
for i =1:iterations
  for j= 1:n-1
    x(i)=(aug(j,n)-aug(j,[1:j-1 j+1:n-1]))*([1:j-1 j+1:n+1],1)/aug(i,j));
  end
end
disp(x)
```