

## What is ARDUINO??

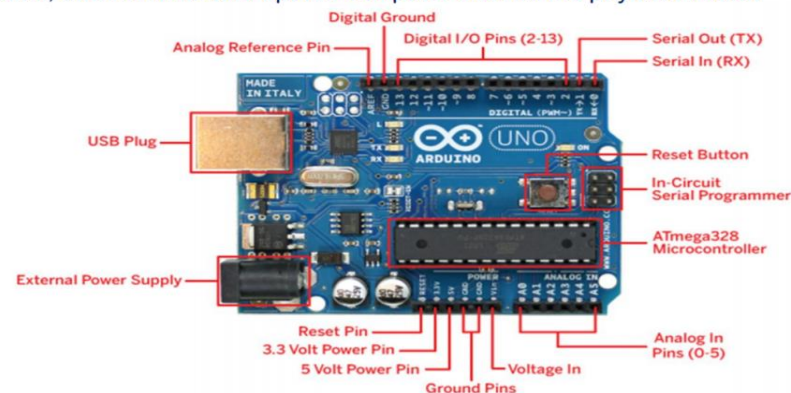
- ✓ Arduino is an open-source physical computing platform.
- ✓ It is a small microcontroller board with a USB plug.
- ✓ Based on a simple i/o board and a development environment that implements the Processing/writing language.
- ✓ Arduino can be used to develop stand-alone interactive objects or can be connected to software on your computer.
- ✓ Easy-to-use hardware and software.

## What is ARDUINO??

- ✓ It's intended for students, artists, designers, hobbyists and anyone who tinker with technology.
- ✓ It is programmed in Arduino Programming language (APL) similar to C/C++.
- ✓ Way more easy to program compared to other microcontroller packages.
- ✓ The Arduino is a microcontroller development platform (not a microcontroller....)

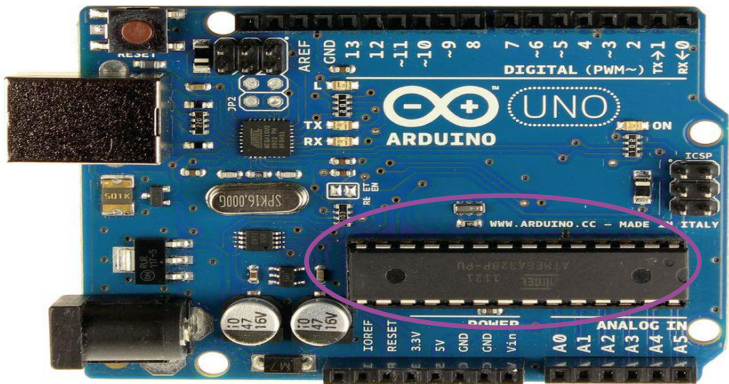
## The ARDUINO development board

**Arduino (The name is an Italian , meaning "strong friend")** is an open-source platform used for building electronics projects. Arduino consists of both a physical programmable circuit board (often referred to as a microcontroller) and a piece of software, or IDE (Integrated Development Environment) that runs on your computer, used to write and upload computer code to the physical board.



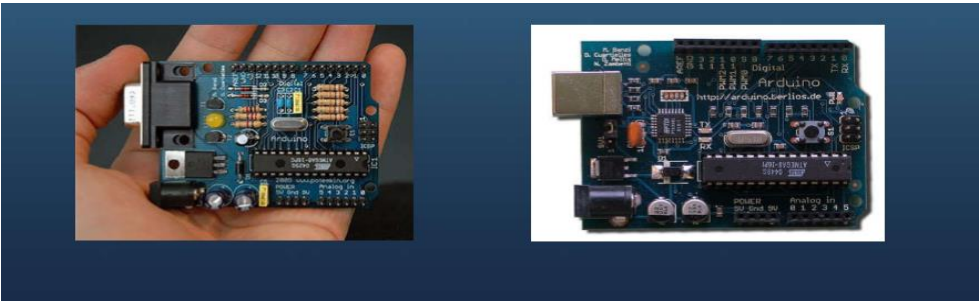
Why we use ATmega328

Arduino Uno contains ATmega328.



126 ARDUINO is a platform

A physical Input/ Output board (I/O) with a programmable Integrated Circuit (IC)



What is the Arduino

The word “Arduino” can mean 3 things

A physical piece of hardware



A programming environment



A community & philosophy



128 What can it do?

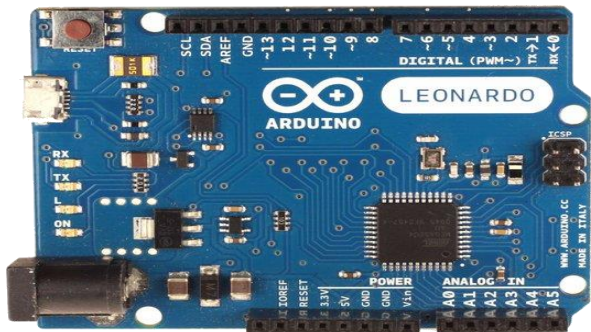
- It can run standalone from a computer (Chip is programmable) and it has memory (A small amount)
- It can work with both Digital and Analog electronic signal, Sensors and Actuators
- Sensors (to sense stuff)-
  - Push buttons, touch pads, tilt switches
  - Variable resistors (eg. Volume knob / sliders)
  - Photoresistors (Sensing light levels)
  - Thermistors (Temperature)
  - Ultrasound (Proximity range finder)
- Actuators (to do stuff)
  - Lights, LED's
  - Motors
  - Speakers
  - Displays (LCD)

129

Different types

# Leonardo

- Compared to the Uno, a slight upgrade.
- Built in USB compatibility



Different types

# Micro

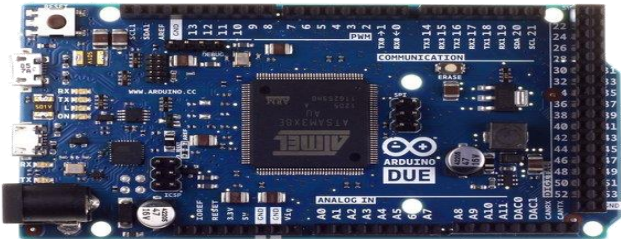
- When size matters: Micro, Nano, Mini
- Includes all functionality of the Leonardo
- Easily usable on a breadboard



Different types

# Due

- Much faster processor, many more pins
- Operates on 3.3 volts
- Similar to the Mega



Different types

# LilyPad

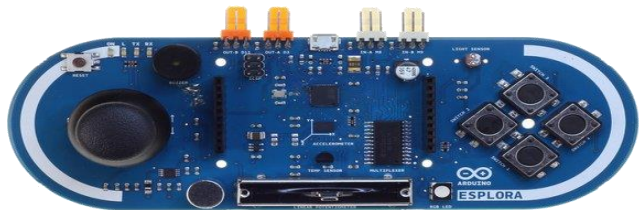
- LilyPad is popular for clothing-based projects.





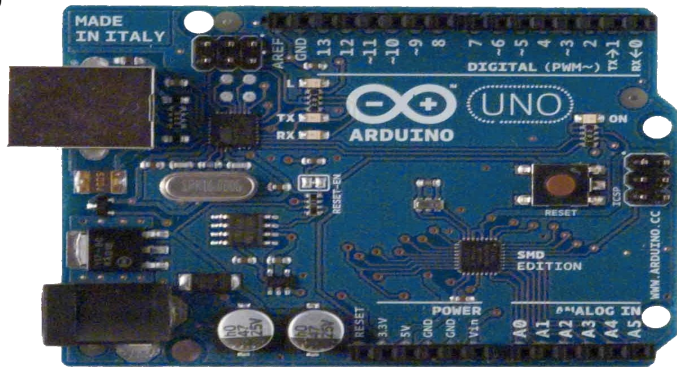
# Esplora

- Game controller
- Includes joystick, four buttons, linear potentiometer (slider), microphone, light sensor, temperature sensor, three-axis accelerometer.
- Not the standard set of IO pins.



# Uno

- The pins are in three groups:
  - Invented in 2010
  - 14 digital pins
  - 6 analog pins
  - power

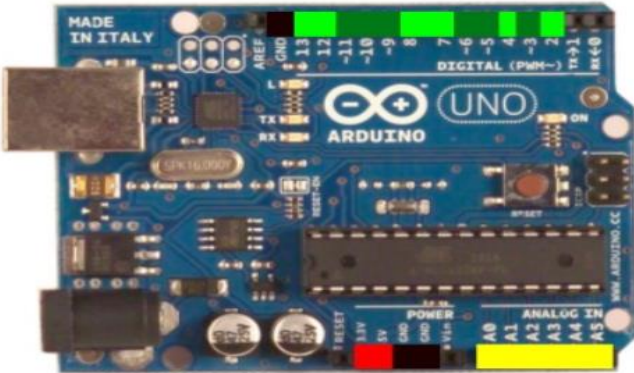


# Mega

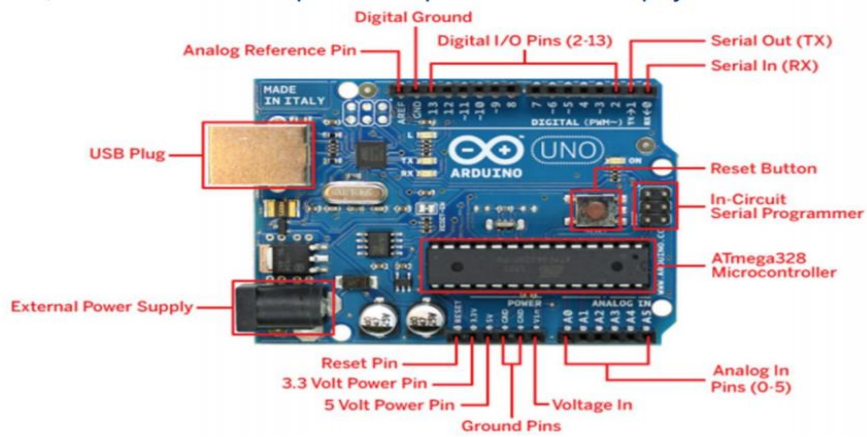
- Compared to the Uno, the Mega:
  - Many more communication pins
  - More memory
  - Some interface hardware doesn't work



- +5V and +3.3V
- ground -
- digital
- digital PWM
- analog



About Arduino Uno



Writing and Downloading Code

Write sketch on PC

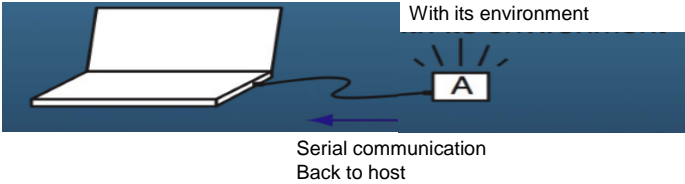


Download sketch to Arduino



Running Code

Run sketch on Arduino  
And send back to PC



Arduino interacts  
With its environment

Running Code stand - alone

Run Arduino in stand alone mode



Arduino interact with  
Its environment and  
Runs on battery power

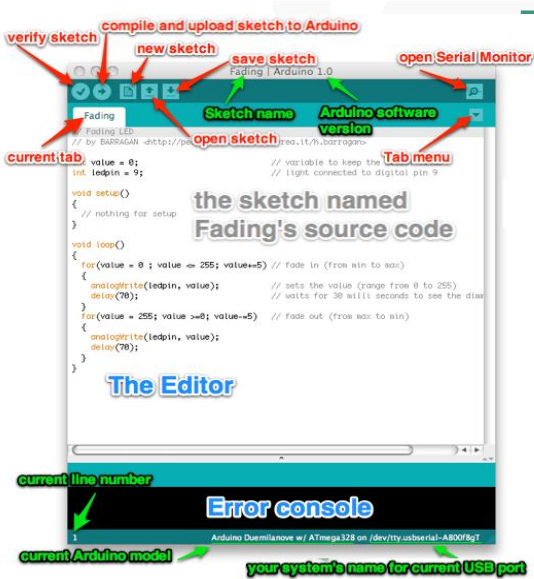
# Arduino is a platform

- Also including an Integrated Development Environment (IDE) for programming
- The Arduino is programmed in C language.
- The language is very simple and provides many abstraction for simplicity of reading and writing powerful applications.
- It provides a serial monitor to see the serial data from the USB virtual COM port.
- Allows one click compiling, verification and burning of code onto the Arduino.

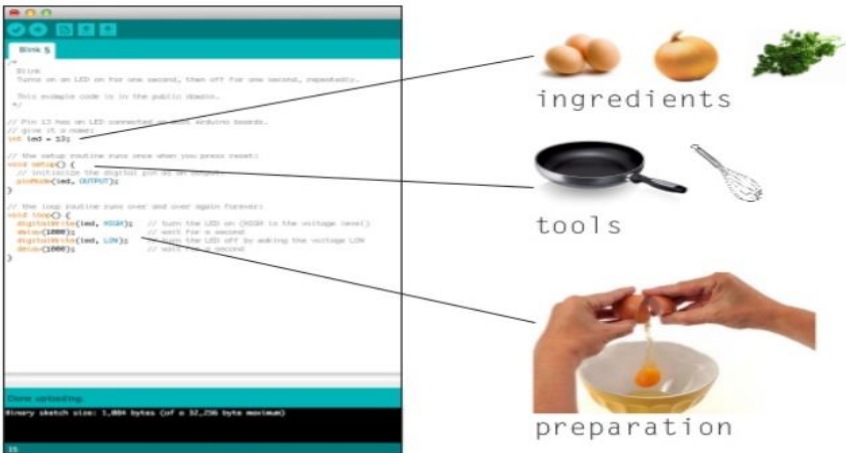


# Arduino IDE

- Program used to code and upload it to arduino boards (using PC)
- Free download from: <http://arduino.cc/en/Main/Software>
- Editor (for code edit)
- Sketch (piece of program)



# How code works





## THE SIX PHASES OF PROJECT MANAGEMENT

- ✓ Initiation phase - **Idea**
- ✓ Definition phase – **What ?**
- ✓ Design phase – **How ?**
- ✓ Development phase – **How to implement ?**
- ✓ Implementation phase - **Implementation**
- ✓ Follow-up phase – **Maintenance**

174

## PROJECT PROPOSAL SHOULD COVER FOLLOWING AREAS

175

**Introduction**  
Give brief introduction of the project with background

01



04

**Methodology**

It should be with diagram of architecture of your project

**The Objective**  
What is your objective and there can be one objective, but you can have specific objectives

02



05

**Results**

Out come of the project

**The Issues**  
What are the issues your going to address

03



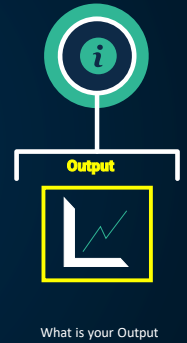
06

**Conclusion**

Conclude the project with benefits and feather works

## GUIDELINE

176

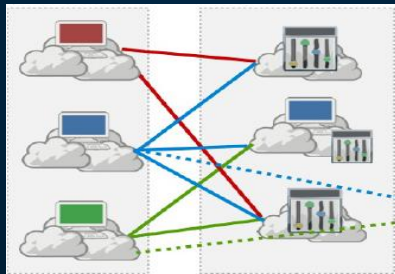


## IoT Technologies : Cloud (Sensing as-a-service Model)

177



**Sensors**



**Sensor data publishers**



**Sensor Data Consumers**

## Project Ideas

180

- ✓ IoT Based Weather Reporting System
- ✓ Home Automation System
- ✓ Liquid Level Monitoring System
- ✓ IoT Based Air Pollution Monitoring System
- ✓ Smart Parking System
- ✓ IoT Based Health Monitoring System
- ✓ IoT Based Smart Water Irrigation System
- ✓ IoT Based Traffic Management System
- ✓ IoT Based Garbage Monitoring System
- ✓ Smart Anti-theft System
- ✓ IoT based Water Quality Management system
- ✓ IoT Based Fire Detection System