

# Trie | (Delete)

In the previous post on trie we have described how to insert and search a node in trie. Here is an algorithm how to delete a node from trie.

During delete operation we delete the key in bottom up manner using recursion. The following are possible conditions when deleting key from trie,

- 1. Key may not be there in trie. Delete operation should not modify trie.
- 2. Key present as unique key (no part of key contains another key (prefix), nor the key itself is prefix of another key in trie). Delete all the nodes.
- 3. Key is prefix key of another long key in trie. Unmark the leaf node.
- 4. Key present in trie, having atleast one other key as prefix key. Delete nodes from end of key until first leaf node of longest prefix key.

Recommended: Please solve it on "<u>PRACTICE</u>" first, before moving on to the solution.

The highlighted code presents algorithm to implement above conditions. (One may be in dilemma how a pointer passed to delete helper is reflecting changes from deleteHelper to deleteKey. Note that we are holding trie as an ADT in trie\_t node, which is passed by reference or pointer).

### C

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>

#define ARRAY_SIZE(a) sizeof(a)/sizeof(a[0])

// Alphabet size (# of symbols)

#define ALPHABET_SIZE (26)
#define INDEX(c) ((int)c - (int)'a')
```

```
#define FREE(p) \
    free(p);
    p = NULL;
// forward declration
typedef struct trie_node trie_node_t;
// trie node
struct trie node
    int value; // non zero if leaf
    trie_node_t *children[ALPHABET_SIZE];
};
// trie ADT
typedef struct trie trie_t;
struct trie
{
    trie_node_t *root;
    int count;
};
trie_node_t *getNode(void)
    trie_node_t *pNode = NULL;
    pNode = (trie_node_t *)malloc(sizeof(trie_node_t));
    if( pNode )
        int i;
        pNode->value = 0;
        for(i = 0; i < ALPHABET_SIZE; i++)</pre>
            pNode->children[i] = NULL;
        }
    }
    return pNode;
}
void initialize(trie_t *pTrie)
    pTrie->root = getNode();
    pTrie->count = 0;
}
void insert(trie t *pTrie, char key[])
    int level;
    int length = strlen(key);
    int index;
    trie_node_t *pCrawl;
    pTrie->count++;
    pCrawl = pTrie->root;
    for( level = 0; level < length; level++ )</pre>
        index = INDEX(key[level]);
        if( pCrawl->children[index] )
            // Skip current node
            pCrawl = pCrawl->children[index];
```

```
else
            // Add new node
            pCrawl->children[index] = getNode();
            pCrawl = pCrawl->children[index];
        }
    }
    // mark last node as leaf (non zero)
    pCrawl->value = pTrie->count;
}
int search(trie_t *pTrie, char key[])
{
    int level;
    int length = strlen(key);
    int index;
    trie_node_t *pCrawl;
    pCrawl = pTrie->root;
    for( level = 0; level < length; level++ )</pre>
        index = INDEX(key[level]);
        if( !pCrawl->children[index] )
            return 0;
        pCrawl = pCrawl->children[index];
    }
    return (0 != pCrawl && pCrawl->value);
}
int leafNode(trie_node_t *pNode)
{
    return (pNode->value != 0);
}
int isItFreeNode(trie node t *pNode)
    for(i = 0; i < ALPHABET_SIZE; i++)</pre>
        if( pNode->children[i] )
            return 0;
    return 1;
}
bool deleteHelper(trie node t *pNode, char key[], int level, int len)
    if( pNode )
        // Base case
        if( level == len )
            if( pNode->value )
            {
                 // Unmark leaf node
                pNode->value = 0;
                // If empty, node to be deleted
                if( isItFreeNode(pNode) )
                     return true;
```

```
return false;
            }
        }
        else // Recursive case
            int index = INDEX(key[level]);
            if( deleteHelper(pNode->children[index], key, level+1, len) )
            {
                // last node marked, delete it
                FREE(pNode->children[index]);
                // recursively climb up, and delete eligible nodes
                return ( !leafNode(pNode) && isItFreeNode(pNode) );
            }
        }
    }
    return false;
}
void deleteKey(trie_t *pTrie, char key[])
    int len = strlen(key);
    if( len > 0 )
        deleteHelper(pTrie->root, key, 0, len);
}
int main()
    char keys[][8] = {"she", "sells", "sea", "shore", "the", "by", "sheer"};
    trie_t trie;
    initialize(&trie);
    for(int i = 0; i < ARRAY_SIZE(keys); i++)</pre>
        insert(&trie, keys[i]);
    deleteKey(&trie, keys[0]);
    printf("%s %s\n", "she", search(&trie, "she") ? "Present in trie" : "Not present in trie"
    return 0;
}
                                                                                    Run on IDE
```

### **Python**

```
# Python program for delete operation
# in a Trie

class TrieNode(object):
    Trie node class
    def __init__(self):
        self.children = [None]*26
```

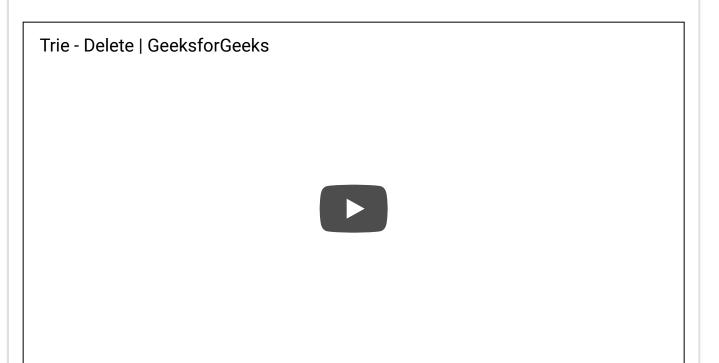
```
# non zero if leaf
        self.value = 0
    def leafNode(self):
        Check if node is leaf node or not
        return self.value != 0
    def isItFreeNode(self):
        If node have no children then it is free
        If node have children return False else True
        for c in self.children:
            if c:return False
        return True
class Trie(object):
    Trie data structure class
    def __init__(self):
        self.root = self.getNode()
        # keep count on number of keys
        # inserted in trie
        self.count = 0;
    def _Index(self,ch):
        private helper function
        Converts key current character into index
        use only 'a' through 'z' and lower case
        return ord(ch)-ord('a')
    def getNode(self):
        Returns new trie node (initialized to NULLs)
        return TrieNode()
    def insert(self,key):
        If not present, inserts key into trie
        If the key is prefix of trie node, mark
        it as leaf(non zero)
        length = len(key)
        pCrawl = self.root
        self.count += 1
        for level in range(length):
            index = self._Index(key[level])
            if pCrawl.children[index]:
                # skip current node
                pCrawl = pCrawl.children[index]
            else:
                # add new node
                pCrawl.children[index] = self.getNode()
                pCrawl = pCrawl.children[index]
        # mark last node as leaf (non zero)
        pCrawl.value = self.count
    def search(self, key):
```

```
Search key in the trie
        Returns true if key presents in trie, else false
        length = len(key)
        pCrawl = self.root
        for level in range(length):
            index = self._Index(key[level])
            if not pCrawl.children[index]:
                return False
            pCrawl = pCrawl.children[index]
        return pCrawl != None and pCrawl.value != 0
    def _deleteHelper(self,pNode,key,level,length):
        Helper function for deleting key from trie
        if pNode:
            # Base case
            if level == length:
                if pNode.value:
                    # unmark leaf node
                    pNode.value = 0
                # if empty, node to be deleted
                return pNode.isItFreeNode()
            # recursive case
            else:
                index = self._Index(key[level])
                if self._deleteHelper(pNode.children[index],\
                                         key,level+1,length):
                    # last node marked, delete it
                    del pNode.children[index]
                    # recursively climb up and delete
                    # eligible nodes
                    return (not pNode.leafNode() and \
                                pNode.isItFreeNode())
        return False
    def deleteKey(self,key):
        Delete key from trie
        length = len(key)
        if length > 0:
            self. deleteHelper(self.root,key,0,length)
def main():
    keys = ["she", "sells", "sea", "shore", "the", "by", "sheer"]
    trie = Trie()
    for key in keys:
        trie.insert(key)
    trie.deleteKey(keys[0])
    print("{} {}".format(keys[0],\
        "Present in trie" if trie.search(keys[0]) \
                        else "Not present in trie"))
    print("{} {}".format(keys[6],\)
        "Present in trie" if trie.search(keys[6]) \
                        else "Not present in trie"))
if name == ' main ':
```

main()

- # This code is contributed by Atul Kumar
  # (www.facebook.com/atul.kumar.007)

Run on IDE



- Venki. Please write comments if you find anything incorrect, or you want to share more information about the topic discussed above.

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