Java Application Deployment using 3 Servers

This document provides step-by-step instructions for deploying a Java-based web application using three servers:

- 1. **Build Server** For compiling and building the Java code using Maven.
- 2. **Deployment Server** For running the built artifact (WAR file) using Apache Tomcat.
- 3. **Database Server** For hosting and managing the application database (MySQL).

Artifacts will be securely copied between servers using the 'scp' command.

Step 1: Build Server Setup (Java + Maven)

- 1. Launch a Linux server (e.g., Ubuntu) for the build process.
- 2. Install Java Development Kit (JDK):

```
sudo apt update
sudo apt install openjdk-17-jdk -y
java -version
```

3. Install Maven:

```
sudo apt install maven -y mvn -version
```

4. Clone your Java project repository:

```
git clone <your_repo_url>
cd project_folder>
```

5. Build the project and generate the WAR/JAR file:

```
mvn clean package
```

6. Verify that the artifact (e.g., `target/app.war`) is created successfully.

Step 2: Transfer Artifact using SCP

Use the `scp` command to securely transfer the WAR/JAR file from the Build Server to the Deployment Server.

Example:

```
scp /home/ubuntu/project/target/app.war
ubuntu@<deployment_server_ip>:/home/ubuntu/
```

Note: Ensure that SSH keys or proper credentials are configured to allow secure copy between servers.

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-33-236:~/aws-rds-java$ cat ls.pub
ssh-ed25519 AAAAC3NzaC1lZDI1NTE5AAAAINYSP5zfjd9yKu/I96ieLKQ8UdUKLLq78TGgpW/xaiJ7 ubuntu@ip-1
72-31-33-236
ubuntu@ip-172-31-33-236:~/aws-rds-java$ ■
```

Step 3: Deployment Server Setup (Java + Tomcat)

- 1. Launch another Linux server for deployment.
- 2. Install Java:

```
sudo apt update
sudo apt install openjdk-17-jdk -y
java -version
```

3. Download and install Apache Tomcat:

```
wget https://dlcdn.apache.org/tomcat/tomcat-9/v9.0.91/bin/apache-tomcat-9.0.91.tar.gz
tar -xvzf apache-tomcat-9.0.91.tar.gz
mv apache-tomcat-9.0.91 tomcat
```

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-42-202:~$ ls

apache-tomcat-9.0.110.tar.gz

ubuntu@ip-172-31-42-202:~$ tar -xvf apache-tomcat-9.0.110.tar.gz

apache-tomcat-9.0.110/conf/
apache-tomcat-9.0.110/conf/catalina.policy
```

4. Deploy the WAR file to Tomcat:

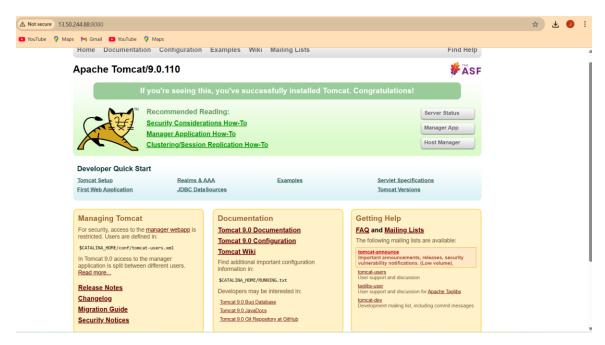
mv /home/ubuntu/app.war /home/ubuntu/tomcat9/webapps/

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-33-236:~$ scp /home/ubuntu/aws-rds-java/target/*.war ubuntu@13.60.228.88:/h
ome/ubuntu/tomcat/webapps
LoginWebApp.war 100% 3829KB 22.3MB/s 00:00
```

5. Start Tomcat:

cd /home/ubuntu/tomcat9/bin
./startup.sh

6. Access the application in a browser: http://<deployment_server_ip>:8080/app



Step 4: Database Server Setup (MySQL)

- 1. Launch a third Linux server for the database.
- 2. Install MySQL Server:

"bash sudo apt update sudo apt install mysql-server -y sudo systemctl start mysql sudo systemctl enable mysql

3. Secure MySQL installation:

```bash

```
sudo mysql_secure_installation

""

4. Login to MySQL and create a database and user:
""bash
mysql -u root -p
CREATE DATABASE appdb;
CREATE USER 'appuser'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY 'password';
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON appdb.* TO 'appuser'@'%';
FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
""

5. Edit MySQL config to allow remote access:
""bash
sudo vim /etc/mysql/mysql.conf.d/mysqld.cnf
""
Change 'bind-address' from '127.0.0.1' to '0.0.0.0'.

6. Restart MySQL:

sudo systemctl restart mysql
```

### **Step 5: Connect Application to Database**

1. Update your application's database configuration file (e.g., `application.properties` or `context.xml`) with the following details:

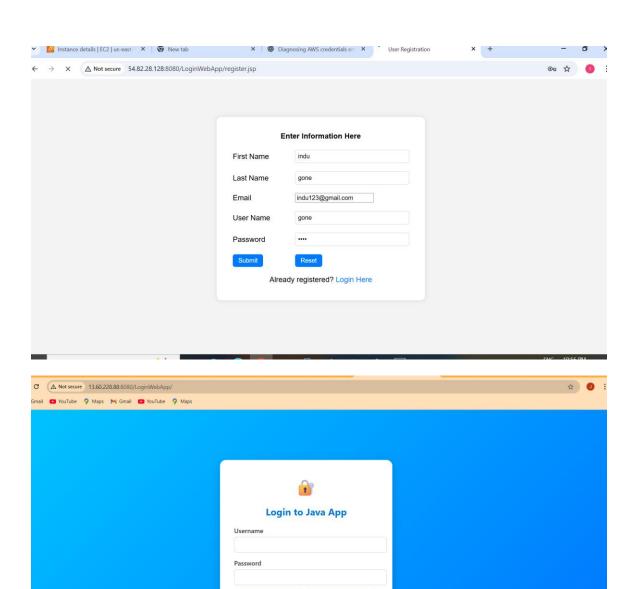
```
properties
spring.datasource.url=jdbc:mysql://<database_server_ip>:3306/appdb
spring.datasource.username=appuser
spring.datasource.password=password
```

- 2. Redeploy the application if necessary.
- 3. Verify database connectivity from the Deployment Server:

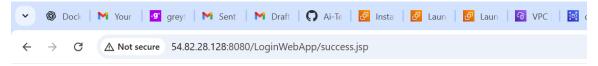
```
mysql -h <database_server_ip> -u appuser -p
```

#### **Step 6: Verification**

- 1. Verify that the Tomcat service is running:
  - 2. Access the application from your browse.



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