

The Practice of GIS in Indiana



Indy Py
April 10, 2018

Jim Sparks & Kavya Ravichandra
The Polis Center



Jim Sparks

- County gov: 2 yrs.
 - State gov: 3 + 10 yrs.
 - University: 3 yrs.
 - Private sector: 25 yrs.
- B.S. in Business Administration
- M.S. in Management
- Survey crew rodman
 - Civil engineering draftsman
 - County cartographer
 - Computer aided mapper
 - GIS Administrator
 - Project manager
 - GIS consultant
 - GIO



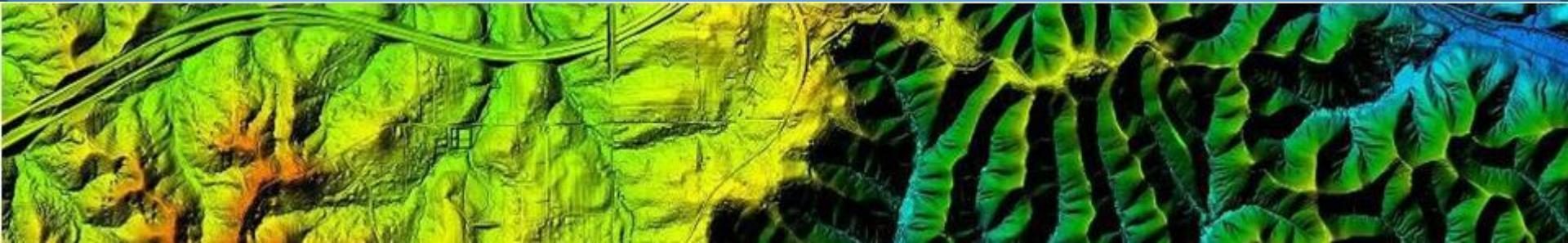
AGENDA

- Governance
- Projects
- The Benefits of GIS
- Lessons Learned
- Values and Observations
- Python and GIS
- Questions and Discussion



- ✓ Facilitate GIS data cooperation
- ✓ Integrate GIS data into the statewide base map
- ✓ Develop and maintain statewide data layers
- ✓ Provide public access to GIS data

GOVERNANCE





I.C. 4-23-7.3 Indiana GIS Mapping Standards





State GIS officer; appointment; qualifications

- (a) The governor shall appoint an individual as the state GIS officer.
- (b) The individual appointed by the governor must be an experienced geography and mapping professional who has:
 - (1) extensive knowledge of the principles, practices, terminology, and trends in GIS, spatial data, analysis, and related technology; and
 - (2) experience in administration, project management, policy development, coordination of services, and planning.

I.C. 4-23-7.3 Indiana GIS Mapping Standards



Coordinate
GIS Efforts

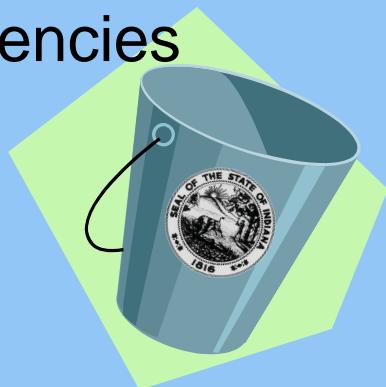


Integrate
Data

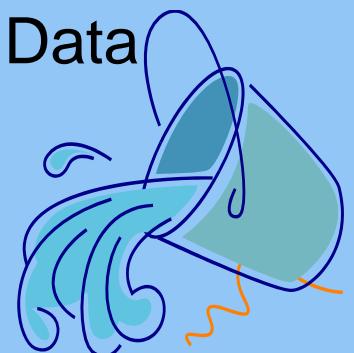
Create
New Data



Serve as GIO
for State
Agencies

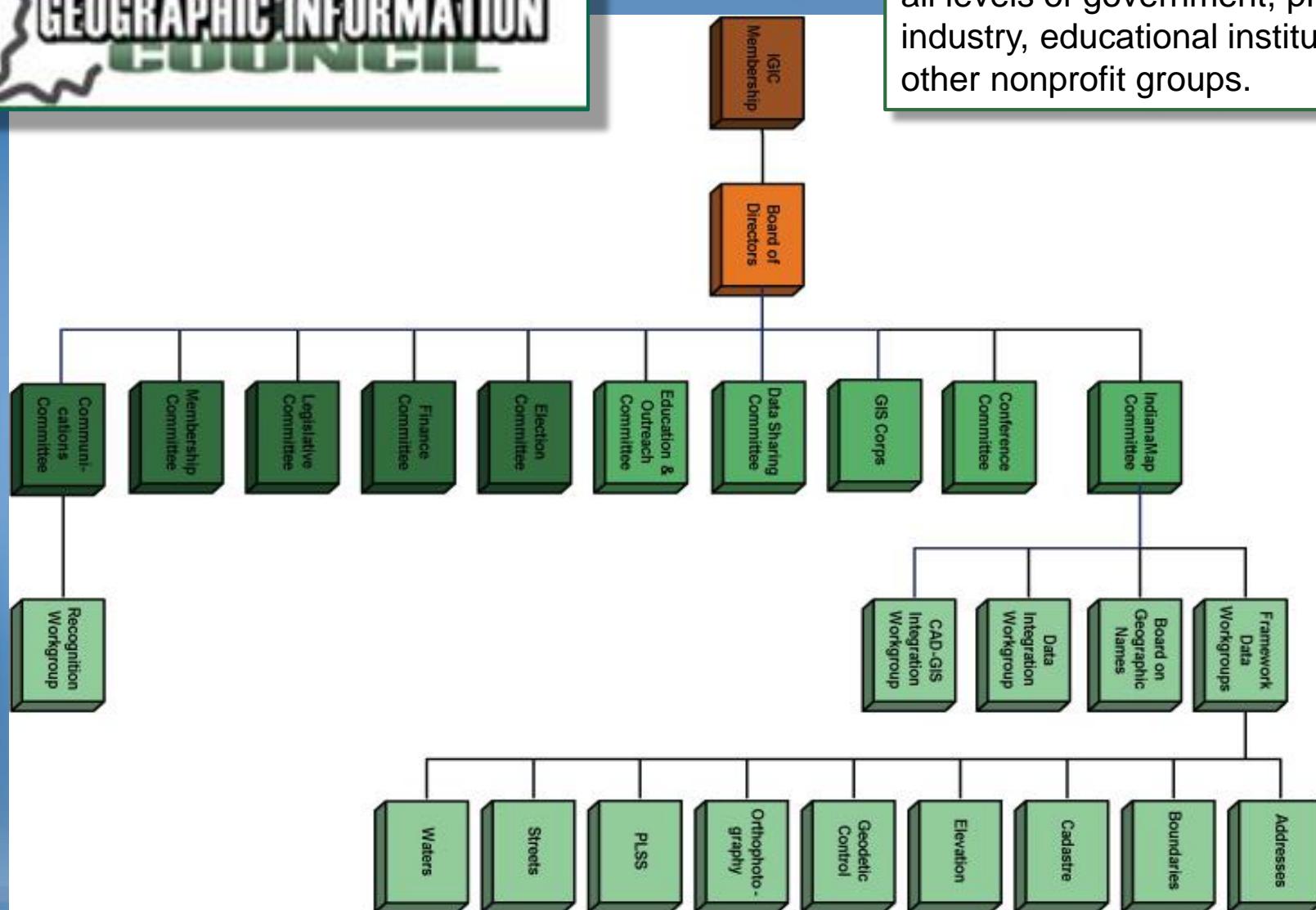


Distribute
Data



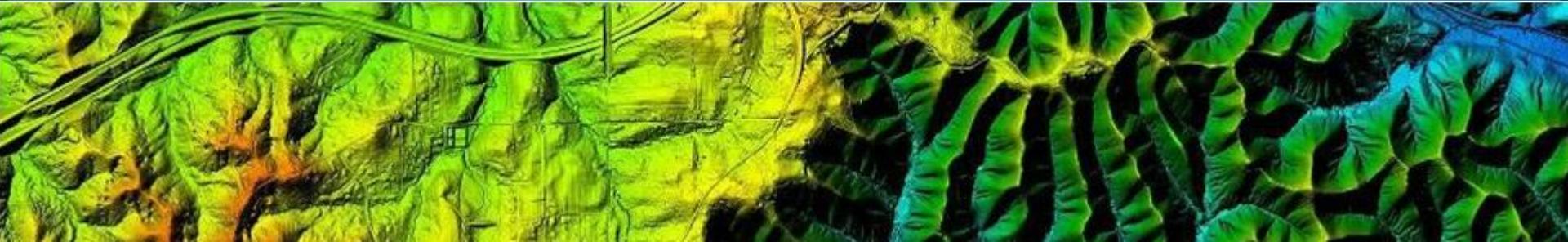


The Indiana Geographic Information Council (IGIC) is a nonprofit membership organization of GIS users, professionals and educators. Its membership includes individuals from all levels of government, private industry, educational institutions and other nonprofit groups.



- 
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INDIANA STATEWIDE IMAGERY & ELEVATION PROGRAM



Indiana Statewide Program

First Statewide Orthoimagery
Project: 2005 (9-11 Funds)

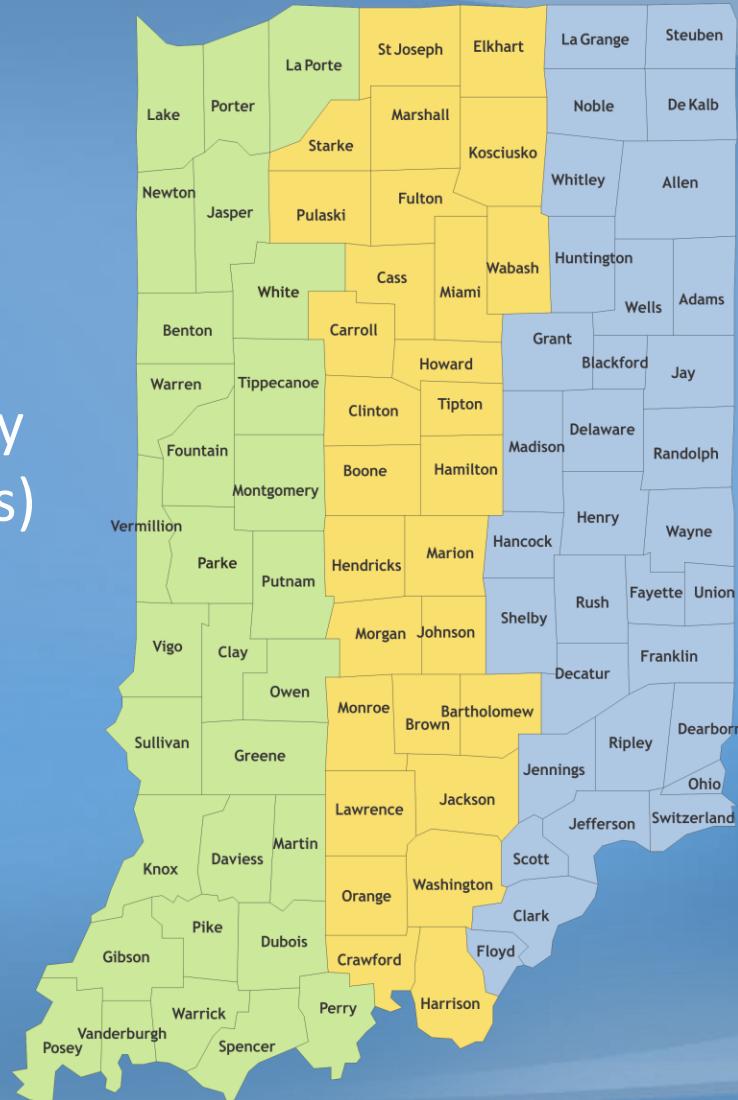
Second Statewide Orthoimagery
Project: 2011-2013 (DREF Funds)

Third Statewide Orthoimagery
Project: 2016-2018 (Indiana
Modernization Fund)

2016

2018

2017



2016-2018 Indiana Statewide Program

- Administered through Geographic Information Office, Indiana Office of Technology.
- The IIGC's Orthophotography workgroup will assist with the preparation of a new RFP.
- Base Products
 - Leaf-off, 1-foot (30-cm) Pixel Resolution
 - 4-Band Imagery (R,G,B, NIR)
 - Seamless GeoTIFF Tiles



2016-2018 Indiana Statewide Program

- The orthoimagery products will be reviewed by the photogrammetry team from INDOT prior to final delivery.
- Buy-up options will be available to Indiana counties and cities

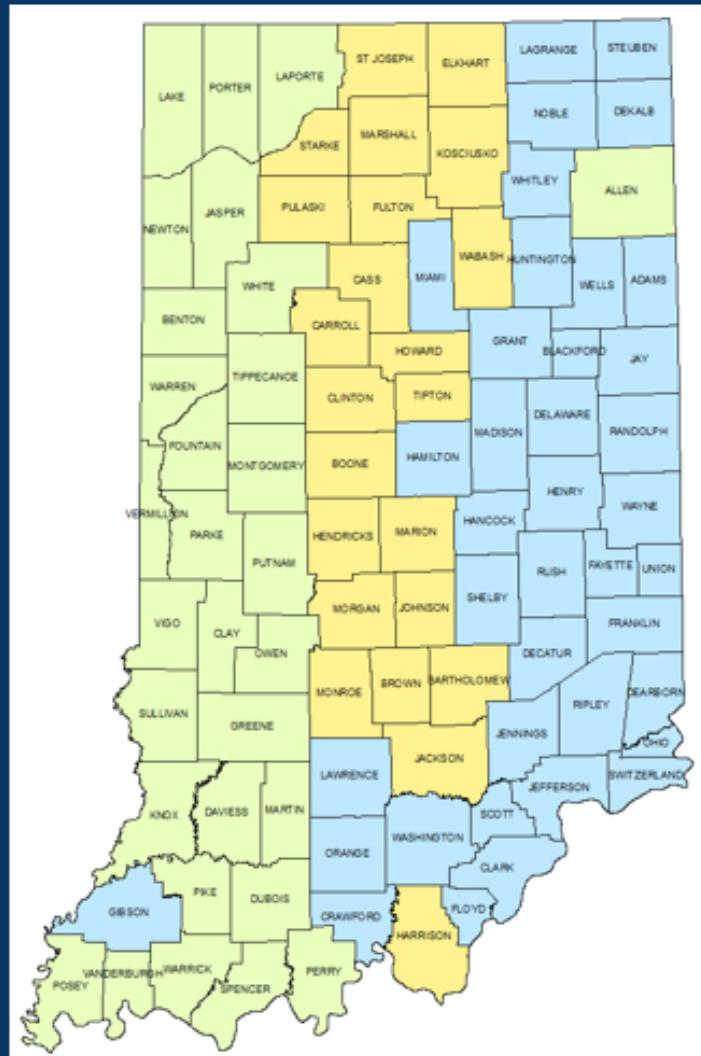
Indiana Imagery Project

Buy-ups

2018 2016 2017

2016 Buy-ups

- Fulton Co (6-inch ortho)
- Harrison Co (6-inch ortho)
- Jackson Co (6-inch ortho)
- Kosciusko Co (6-inch ortho)
- Monroe Co (6-inch ortho)
- Morgan Co (6-inch ortho)
- Wabash Co (6-inch ortho)



2017 Buy-ups

Dearborn Co (6-inch ortho)

DeKalb Co (6-inch ortho)

Gibson Co (6-inch ortho)

Shelby Co (6-inch ortho)

Steuben Co (6-inch ortho)

Wayne Co (6-inch ortho)

Wells Co (6-inch ortho)

Hamilton Co (3-inch ortho)
City Shelbyville (3-inch ortho)

2018 Buy-ups

Allen Co (6-inch ortho & building outlines)

Dubois Co (6-inch ortho)

Hancock Co (2' Contours)

Huntingburg (3-inch ortho)

Lake Co (6-inch ortho)

Porter Co (6-inch ortho)

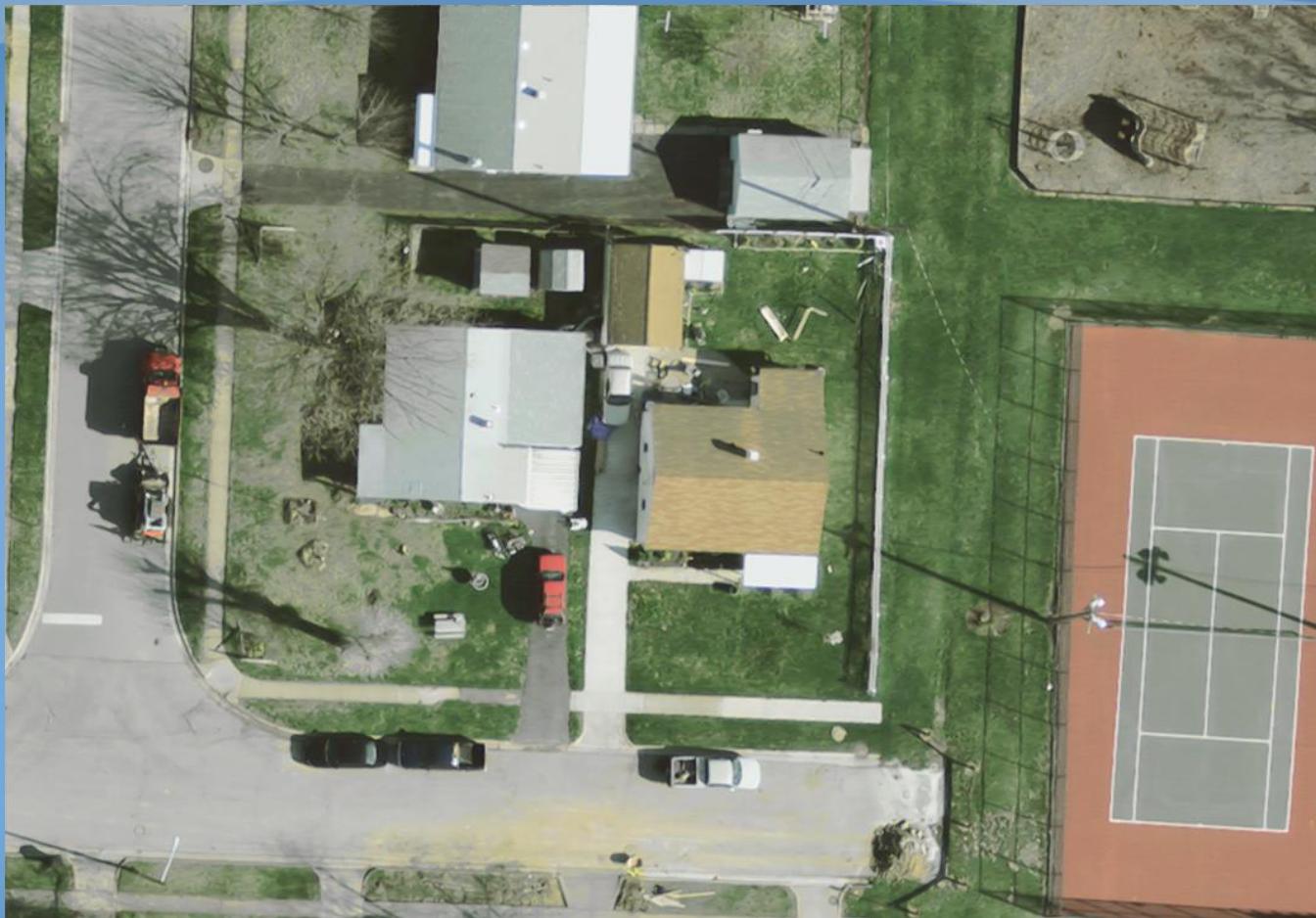
Putnam Co (6-inch ortho)

Vanderburgh Co (3-inch ortho)

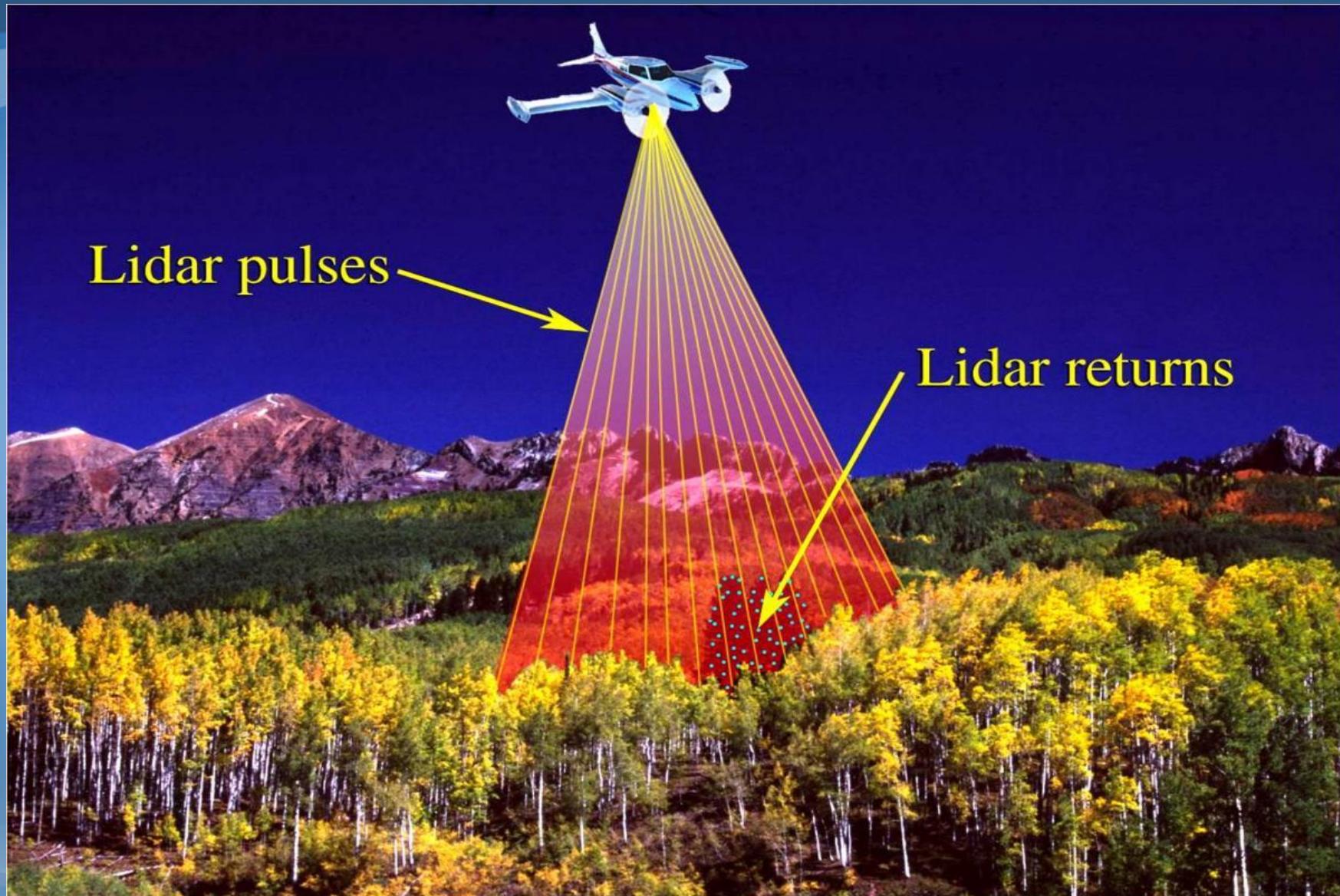
2016-2018 Indiana Statewide Program

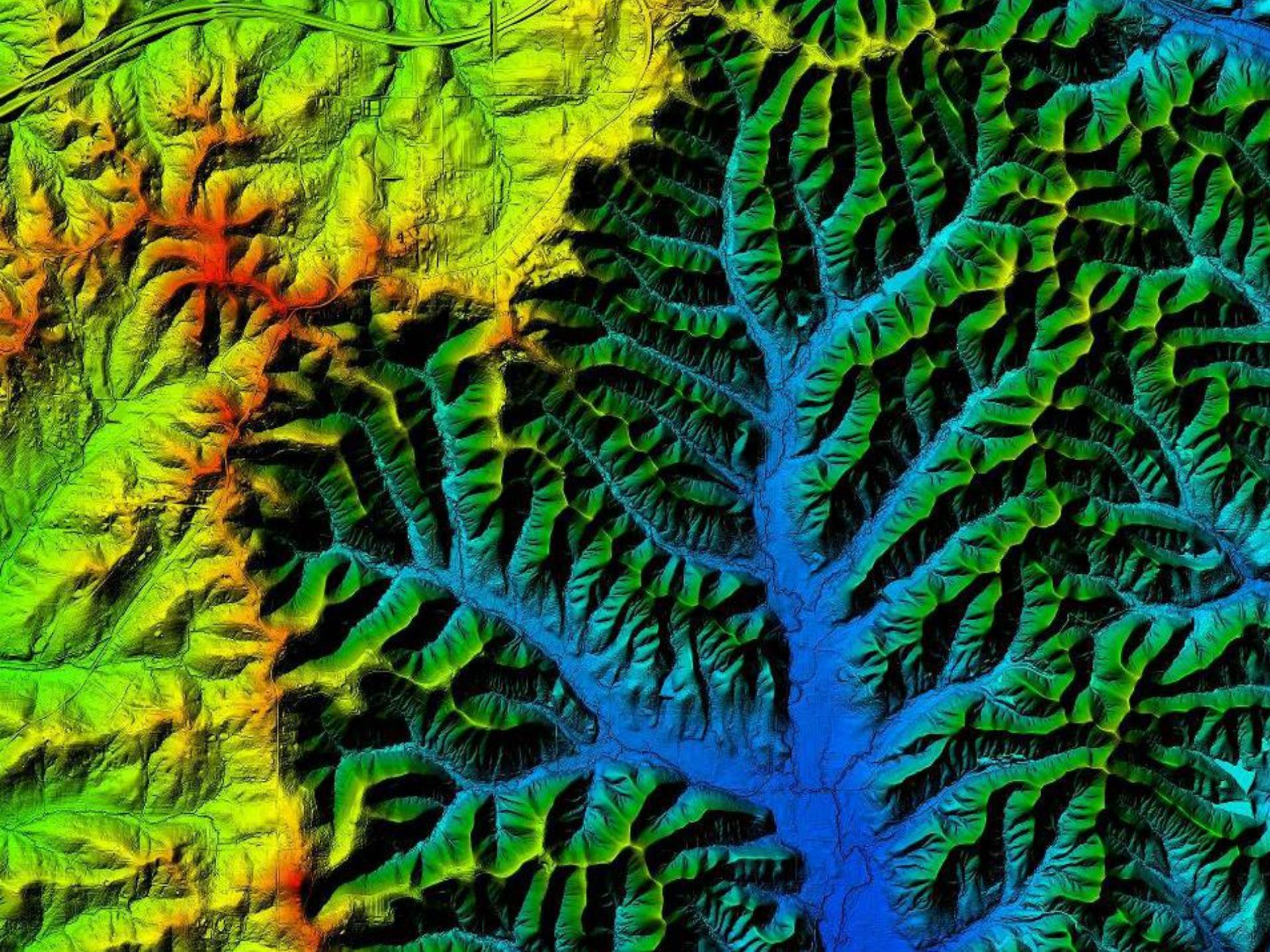
- The Indiana Geographic Information Office will receive a copy of all products purchased from this contract and will make these products available to the public.

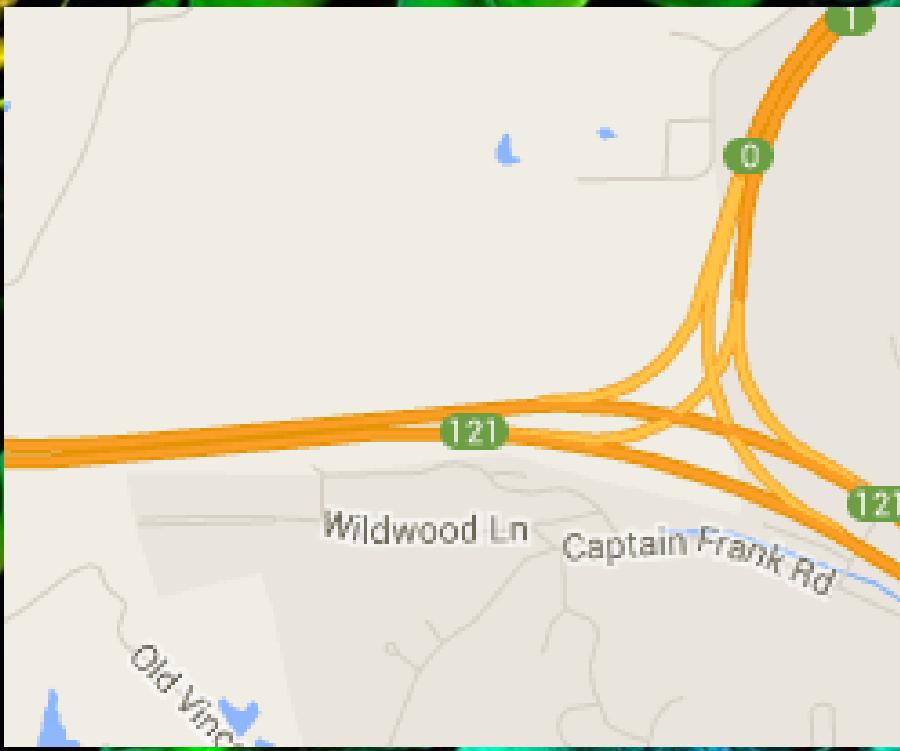
Orthoimagery: Optional Resolution 3-inch



LiDAR (Elevation Data)







- Redline Markups
 - Hydro Lines
 - Hydro Polygons
 - Floyd County
 - Floyd LiDAR IMG
- SEARCH

N ←

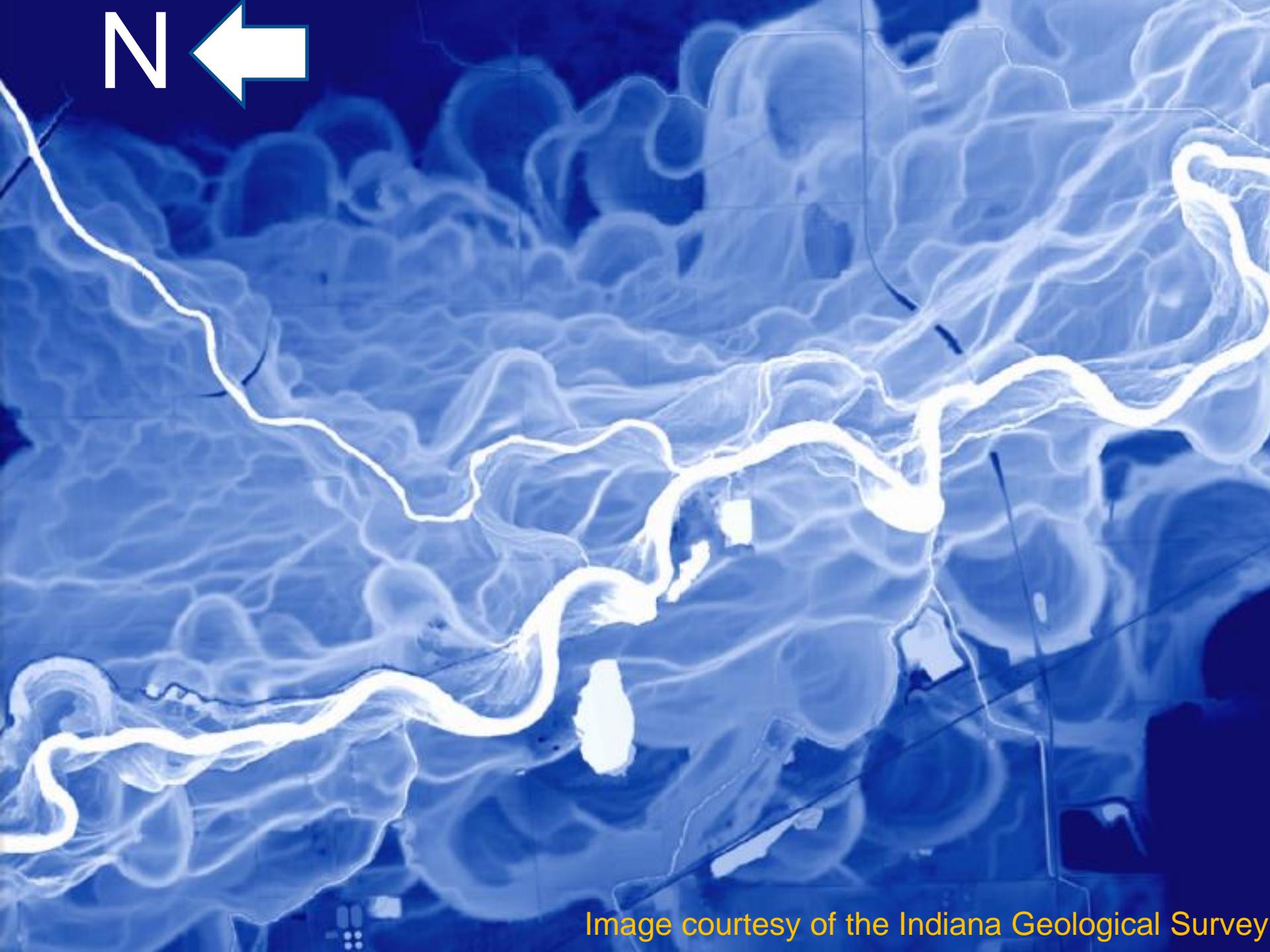
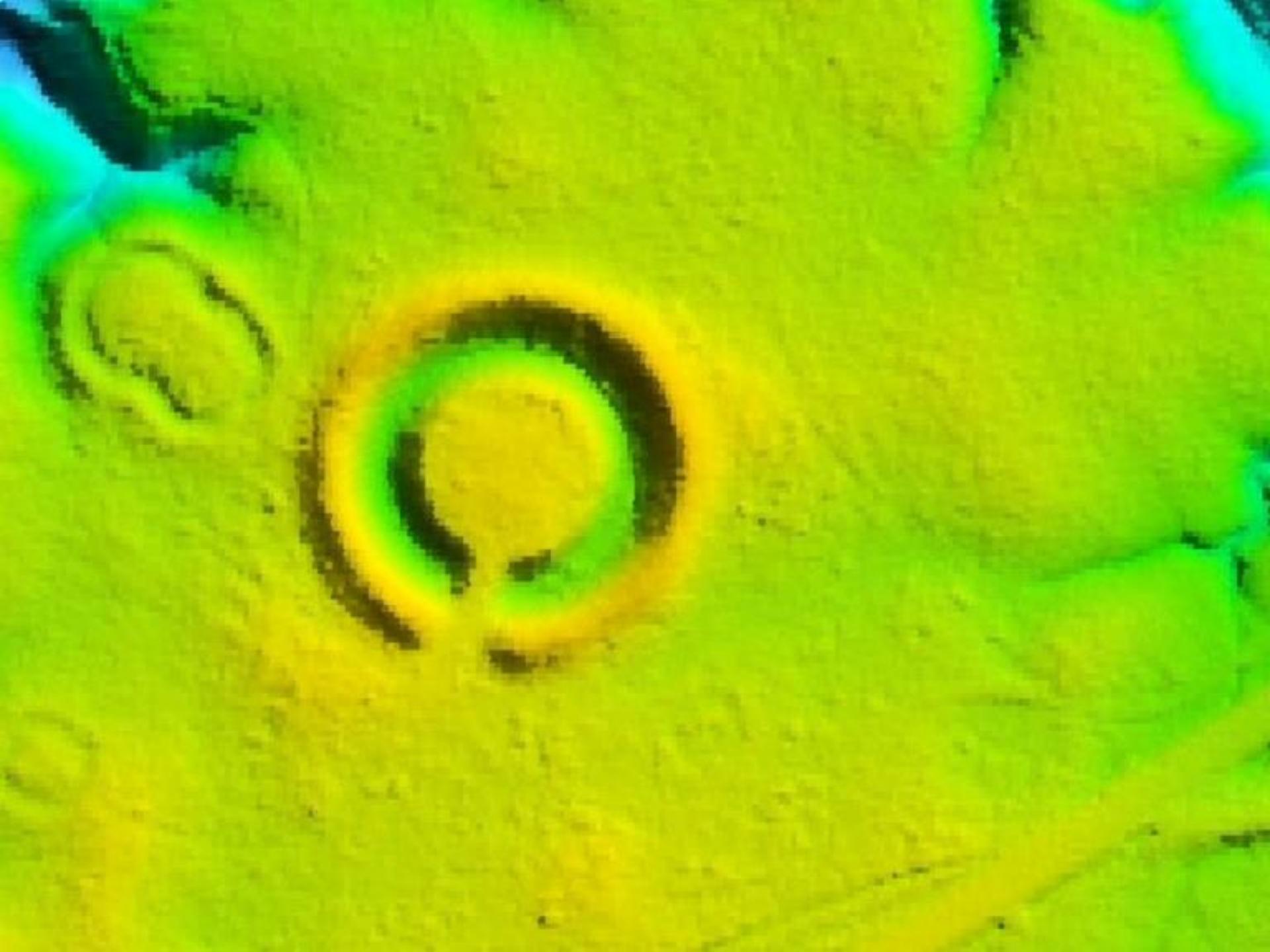


Image courtesy of the Indiana Geological Survey







Mobile Terrestrial LiDAR

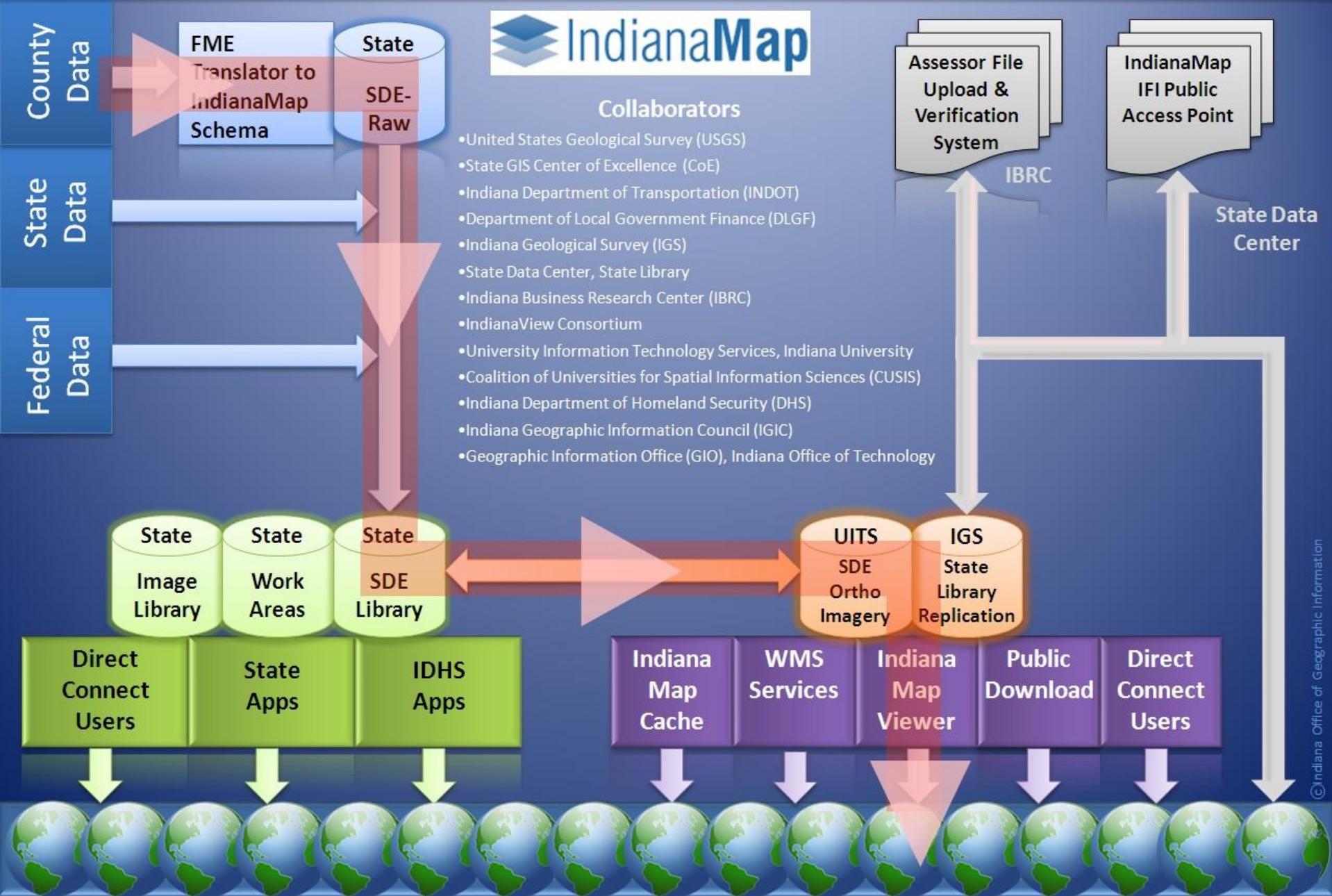


- 
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 - ✓ Develop and maintain statewide data layers
 - ✓ Provide public access to GIS data

DATA SHARING INITIATIVE



IndianaMap Integration & Distribution



Indiana Geospatial Data Sharing

- Letters were sent to all Indiana County Commissioners 7/2008 inviting county participation to create statewide layers for:
 - Land Parcels
 - Point addresses
 - Road Centerlines with address ranges
 - Local Administrative Boundaries
- First county agreed to participate 8/2008
- 92nd (last county) agreed to participate 4/2014

Indiana Geospatial Data Sharing

Color Code:

-  Undecided
-  Agreed to participate
-  Decided not to participate

IndianaMap Data Sharing Initiative

July 14,
2008

01



IndianaMap Data Sharing Initiative

10/20/2014

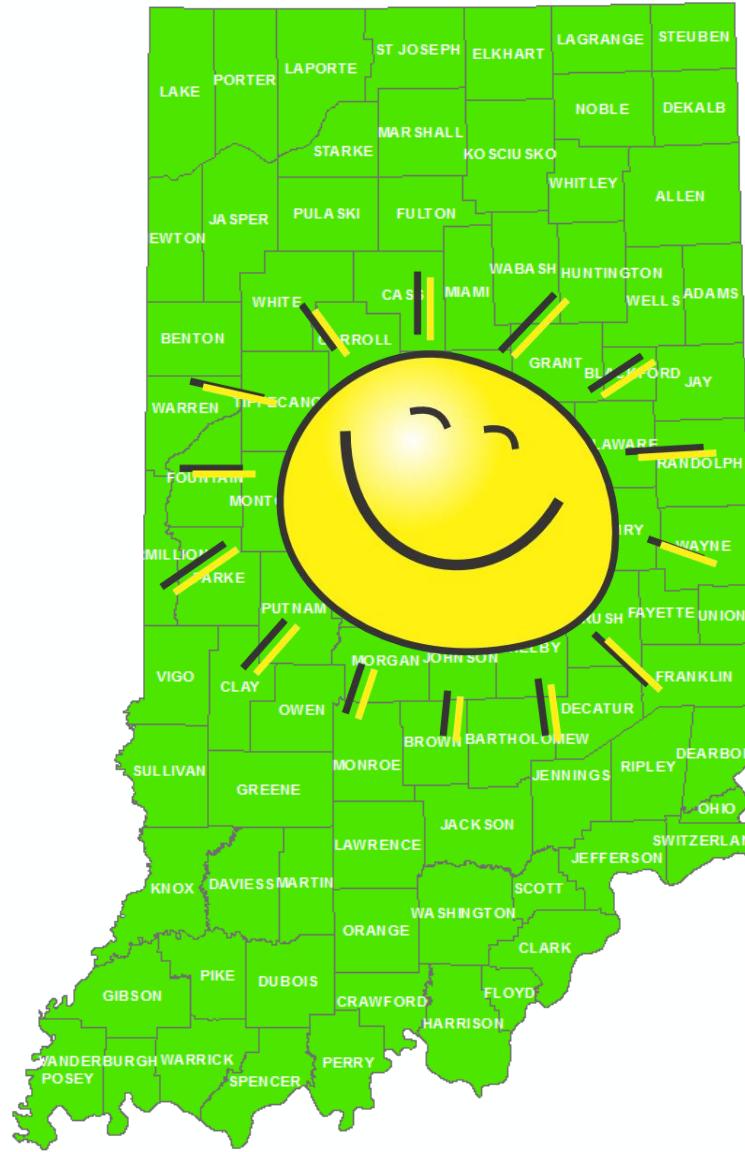
91



Dare To Dream!

April 6, 2015

92



Dare To Dream!

Data Sharing Initiative Status

- 92 Counties have shared GIS data
- 6,725 Jurisdictional Boundaries
- 599,436 Street Centerlines Segments
- 2,952,065 Address Points
- 3,158,230 Land Parcels

Can be viewed or downloaded
from the IndianaMap



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BENEFITS



The Benefits of Sharing “Where”

*The realization is growing that almost everything that happens in a public policy context also happens in a geographic one: transportation planners, water resources studies, education subcommittees, redistricting boards, planning commissions and crime task forces all must consider questions of **where**, along with the usual ones of **how**, and **why**, and how much will it cost. **GIS, by answering the first question, helps to answer the others.***

-R.W. Greene, GIS in Public Policy ESRI Press, Redlands, CA. June 2000. p. xii.



Benefits Related to Public Health and Safety

When agencies share data, lives are saved and public offices become more efficient. Sharing data encourages collaboration among agencies, provides for informed decision-making and reduces redundancy of data production. Further, planning and policy groups become better informed, particularly in terms of emergency calls and disaster response. We can be proud that all 92 counties are now sharing their map data, a major milestone that will benefit all Indiana taxpayers.

- David Vice, Executive Director of the Indiana Integrated Public Safety Commission

“Having accurate land parcels, road centerlines and other data already integrated in statewide data layers before the event saved a lot of time in a situation in which every minute was critical.”

- Vicki Kent Haire, Clark County Assessor regarding the emergency response to the 2012 tornadoes that devastated parts of southern Indiana.



Access to reliable local GIS data is vital to helping us understand how our communities and economy are growing and changing and enable us to make more informed decisions in our economic development strategy and efforts.

*-Tim Monger President/CEO
Hamilton County Economic Development Corporation*



Benefits of Open Data



Recent Deloitte study:



Open Growth:

"Stimulating Demand for Open Data in the UK"

- > ***Data is the 'raw material' of the 21st Century;***
- > ***Opening the data up unlocks its full potential;***
- > ***Describes new businesses emerging;***



Which categories of open data are most widely applicable to the most sectors?

#1 Geospatial data

Source: Deloitte LLP/ODI analysis

Consulting
Boundaries Local Government
Economic Development Surface Waters
Assessment Survey Topo Parcels Economic- Development
Public Works
Mapping Planning State Government Tree Canopy
Utilities Steel Mills
Erosion Forestry Modeling Resources Public Safety
County Natural Habitat Soils Parks
Archaeology City Tribal Land Shovel Ready Public Health Pollution Land Survey
Grant Funding Habitat Dams Oil Landscape Architect Military Land Use Outdoor Recreation
Land Cover Dispatch Research Sewer Utilities
Water Resources Geology Impervious Surfaces Coastal Mining Super Bowl
Shoreline Public Information GPS Inventory
Education Field Inventory Town Rescue Planimetrics
Bathymetry Art Water Airports Redevelopment Judicial
Canine Federal Government Drainage Conservation Flooding Hydrology
Water Quality Fertilizer Water Wells
Contours Wind Surface Water
Real Estate
Environment Consultant Endangered Species Storm Water Wetlands
Models Modernization Site Development Watersheds Design
Field Verification
Transportation Energy
Emergency Response Development
Natural Resources Agriculture Engineering



Return on Investment



“86% of users stating they could not do their projects without it.”

\$1.7 BILLION SUPPORTED BY THE INDIANAMAP

Hoosiers Stand to Gain
by JILL SALIGOE-SIMMEL, PH.D.

POSITIVE RETURN REALIZED IN UNDER 3 YEARS

34:1 RETURN ON INVESTMENT

IndianaMap Orthophotography Proves Its Worth As Good Investment of Public Funds

by JILL SALIGOE-SIMMEL, PH.D.

TOP 10 SECTORS USING THE INDIANAMAP

Mapping departments within local and state government, education, non-profits and private industry use geographic information systems map data every day. In a survey of the Economic Benefits of the IndianaMap, 312 respondents told how they use it. Here are the top ten use-areas among the public and private sector—

01 TRANSPORTATION

For trains, planes and automobiles there are numerous government agencies, surveying and engineering firms, and community organizations who use the IndianaMap for route planning, engineering, construction, maintenance, emergency management, airport and roadway improvements, maintenance, accident location, new facilities, emergency response and evacuation, state and federal reporting requirements, and system-wide transportation management

02 UTILITIES

Public, private, and non-profit organizations use the IndianaMap in their customer billing systems, routing, meter-reading and inspection, load-testing, infrastructure planning and improvement, “call before you dig” locations, and emergency response

03 NATURAL RESOURCES

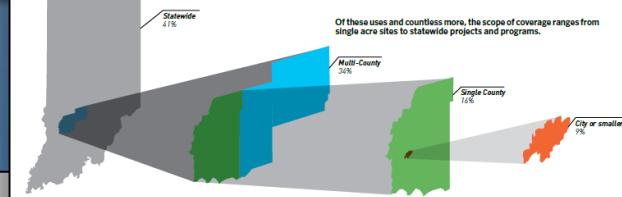
Public, private, and non-profit organizations use the IndianaMap on a daily basis to protect endangered species and habitat, manage natural resource exploration and exploitation, protect the public from natural hazards such as flooding and earthquakes, map areas for timber harvesting, map falling, mining, parks and facilities, and manage forests, fish and wildlife for the benefit of all Hoosiers

04 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

We may not know when the next major corporation is looking at Indiana for their new home, but with the IndianaMap they can quickly see why the Hoosier state stands out. Indiana’s economic development agencies use the IndianaMap to locate sites for potential development, plan tax incentive zones, clear regulatory requirements, help existing businesses, and attract new business for a growing economy

05 ENGINEERING/SURVEY

Whether used for preliminary survey work, evaluating impacts to home owners, or managing construction phases, the IndianaMap over hundreds of thousands of dollars when new developments are planned, bridges built, levees are constructed, pipelines are routed, and much, much more



06 PLANNING/LAND USE

Communities and planning organizations use the IndianaMap to visualize land use patterns and trends, zoning, plan developments, acquire state and federal grants, and identify key life features as part of “smart growth” initiatives, developers, assessors, and real estate professionals use it to look at current the landscape and changes over time

07 INFRASTRUCTURE

From bridges to telecommunications, communities use the IndianaMap to assess and maintain their infrastructure, including Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) reporting requirements

08 ENVIRONMENTAL

Governmental agencies have the responsibility of protecting our environment. The IndianaMap is used to track and manage regulated facilities and on-the-ground hazards, improve the environment through remediation, conservation, and preservation, and to communicate with citizens, private and non-profit organizations use the IndianaMap to map opportunities for conservation and preservation, and to assure environmental compliance within areas of new development, existing sites, and areas of concern

09 WASTEWATER/STORMWATER

From flooding, to community growth, to modernizing outdated sewer overflows and protecting public health, utilities and communities use the IndianaMap to see where the water goes and manage the impact of that flow

10 PUBLIC SAFETY

The IndianaMap saves lives—it helps quickly get emergency responders to where they need to go; as an indispensable communications tool it is used for community preparedness, to map locations of disaster, to map areas for emergency operations, critical infrastructure, and local resources; it is used by police, fire, hospital, health departments, Indiana National Guard, homeland security, Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), City and Police Departments, and County for all phases of disaster response and recovery; it is used daily as police patrol our streets and fight crime; it is used by corrections personnel to track geographic restrictions of compliance of sex and violent offenders.

Of these uses and countless more, the scope of coverage ranges from single acre sites to statewide projects and programs.



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THE INDIANAMAP



■ [VIEW the Map](#)



■ [DATA and Resources](#)



■ [INITIATIVES](#)



■ [PARTNERS](#)

The IndianaMap

- maps.indiana.edu
- 270 Data Layers about Indiana
- Can be downloaded, most can be streamed as services
- Each layer has associated metadata
- A built in viewer is also available

IndianaMAP ...

maps.indiana.edu ...

Public Maps Gallery ...

Google Maps Google IMCPL's Downloada... IN Gov GIS Portal Suggested Sites Web Slice Gallery in.gov Home Imported From IE

IndianaMAP ...

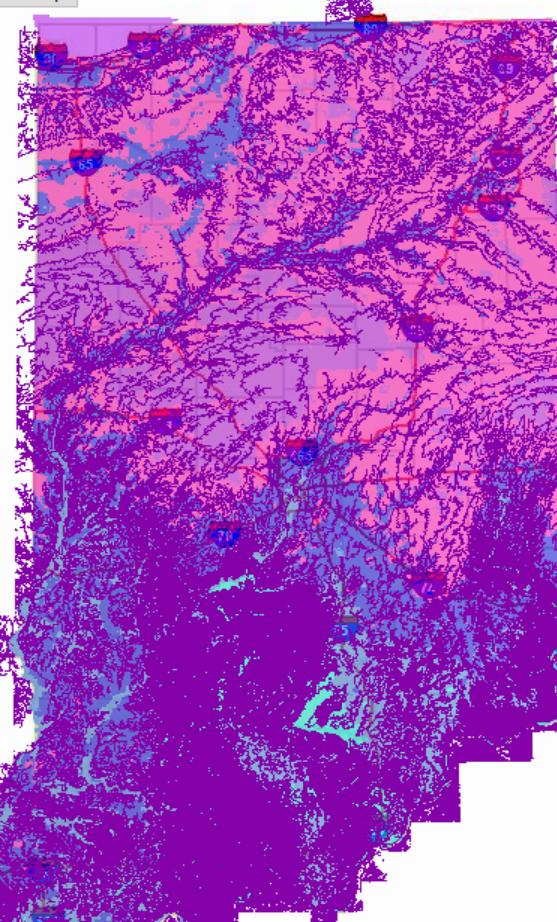
Viewer Layer Gallery Map Gallery

Indiana Wind Speed and Power Map

Map showing elevation contours and wind speed and power at 50 and 100 meters above the ground

Locate an address

Switch Basemap + -



Legend About

Layers

- Elevation_Contours_24k_USGS
- Wind_Speed_50m
- Wind_Speed_100m
- Wind_Power_50m
- Wind_Power_100m

Legend

Elevation_Contours_24k_USGS

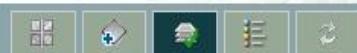
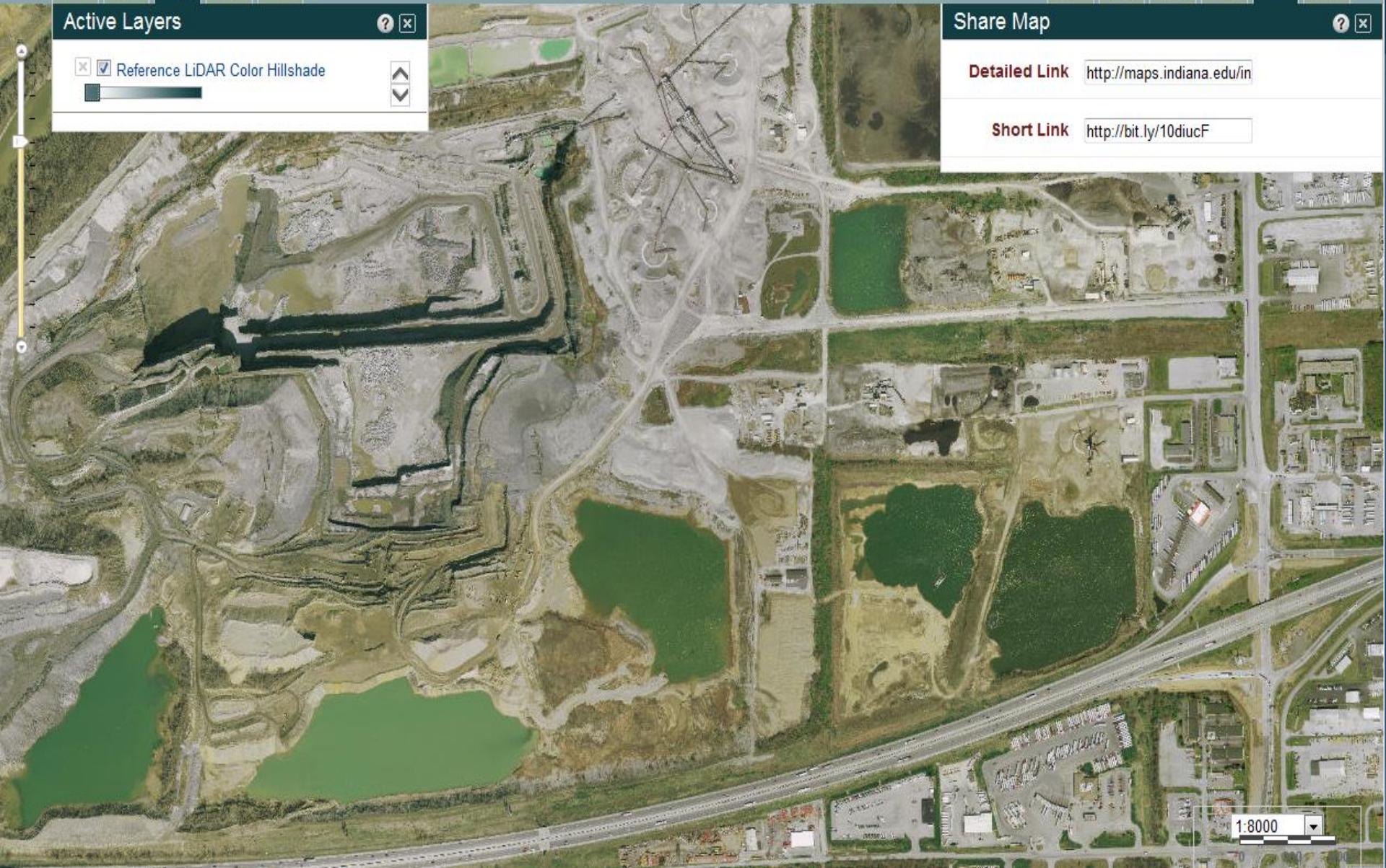
Elevation Contours

Wind_Speed_50m

Wind Speed at 50 m

 3.46 - 4.88

8:49 AM
7/9/2012

[Map Viewer](#)[Map Gallery](#)[Layer Gallery](#)**Active Layers** Reference LiDAR Color Hillshade**Share Map**[Detailed Link](#)<http://maps.indiana.edu/in>[Short Link](#)<http://bit.ly/10diucF>



Active Layers

 Reference LiDAR Color Hillshade

Share Map

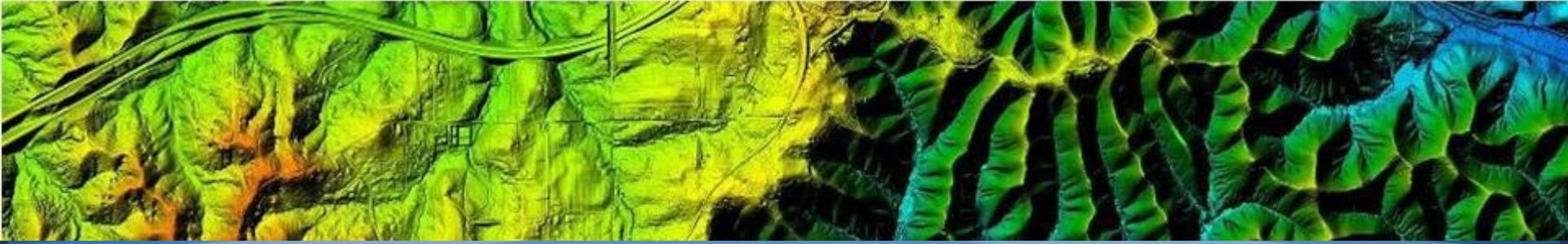


Detailed Link

<http://maps.indiana.edu/in>

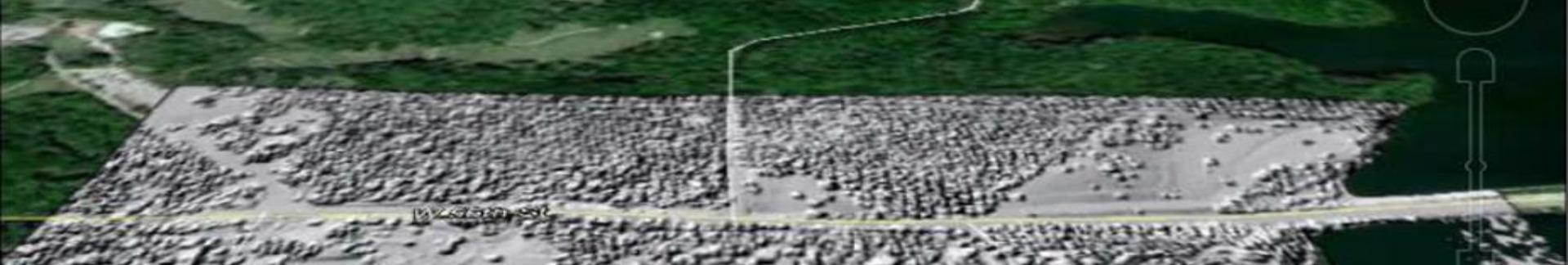
Short Link

<http://bit.ly/10diucF>



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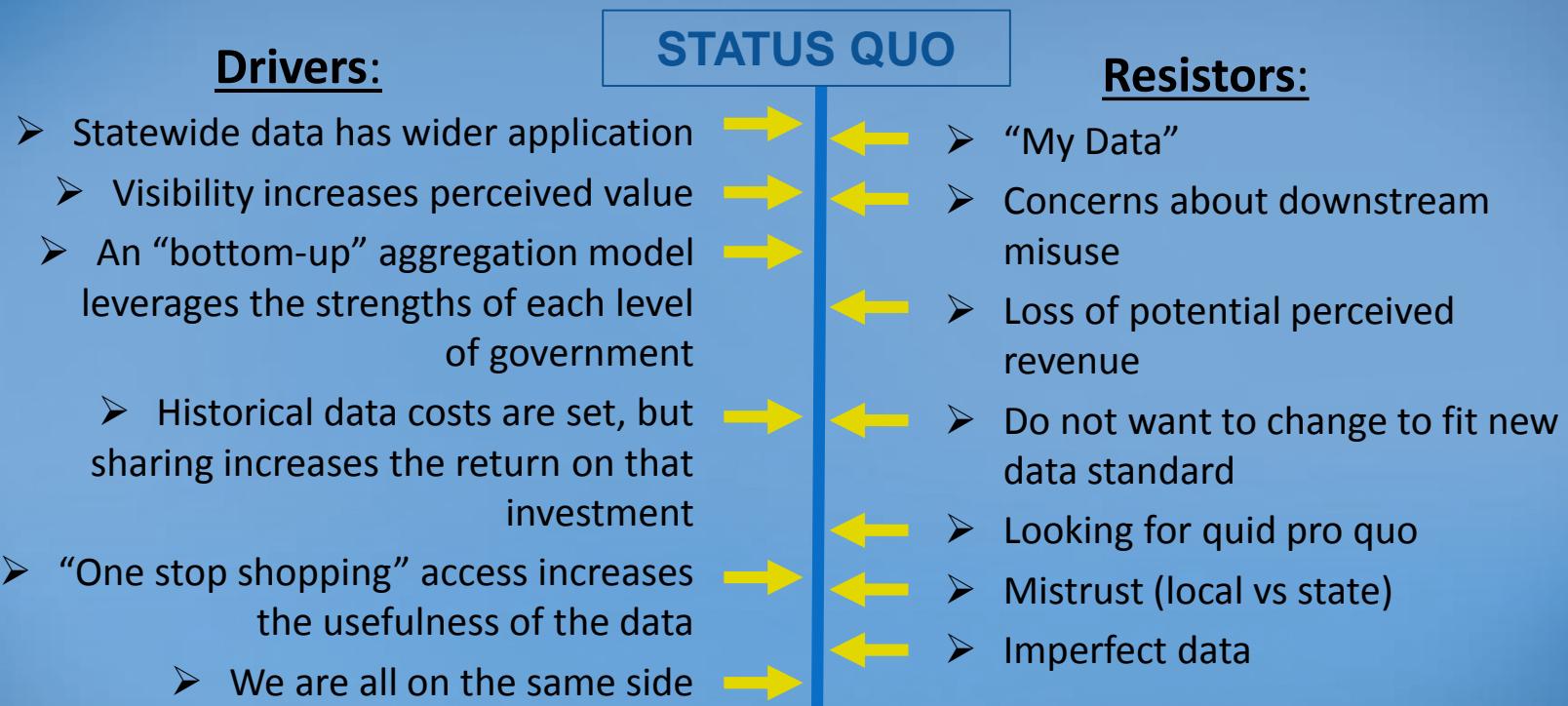
LESSONS LEARNED



Lessons Learned

MANAGE CHANGE

Change Model: Indiana Data Sharing



Reducing Resistors is more effective than adding Drivers*

*See Kurt Lewin's Theory of Change Management

Reducing Resistance

- Resistor: “My Data” caused by:
 - The desire to sell data which would be impacted by giving it to the GIO
 - Concerns about privacy, downstream use, businesses making a profit from gov data
- Removing or reducing resistor:
 - Request small subset of data
 - Reminders that this is public data governed by Indiana APRA



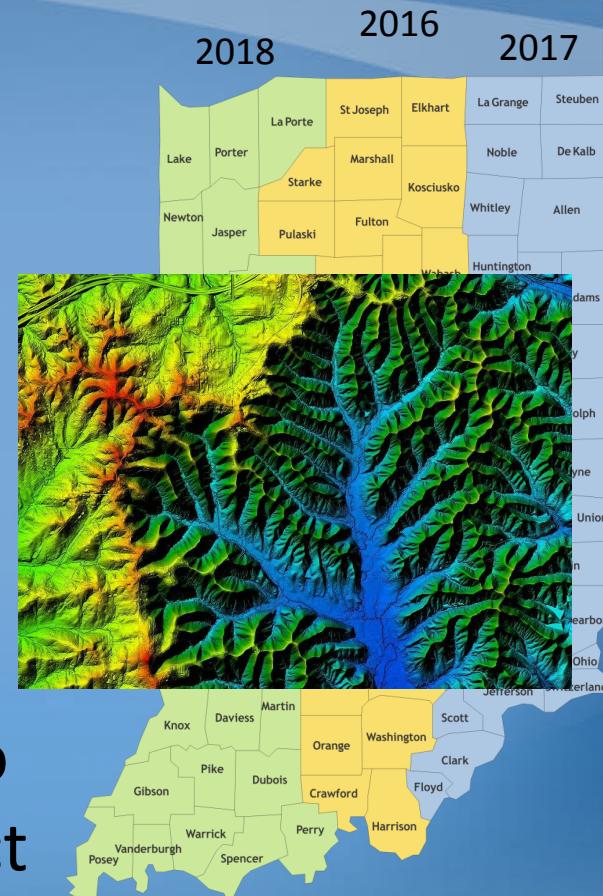
Reducing Resistance

- Resistor: Counties don't want to change format of data
 - Recognize that counties have invested in their creation/maintenance process
 - Their process grew out of their business case
- Removing or reducing resistor:
 - We (state) change format on the back end so counties do not need to change.



Reducing Resistance

- Resistor: Counties want something in exchange for their data
- Removing or reducing resistor:
 - State initially provided a modest amount of funding to cover vendor cost of hosting and transferring data
 - State has provided ortho (x2) and LiDAR data, or financial equivalent, to counties. Working on 3rd ortho project now. Working on 2nd LiDAR update now.



Reducing Resistance

- Resistor: Mistrust between county and state
- Removing or reducing resistor:
 - Develop relationship over time
 - Meet face-to-face to reduce misunderstandings

I don't trust words,

I trust actions!.

Drivers

- Communicate the importance and benefit of project often and in varied ways and venues
- Celebrate successes
- Share ownership of change process and success

TRENDS, VALUES, AND OBSERVATIONS

Guiding Observations and Values

- “Luck is what happens when preparation meets opportunity.” – *Seneca*
- “The secret to getting ahead is getting started.” – *Mark Twain*
- “The moment one definitely commits oneself, then Providence moves too.” – *William H. Murray*

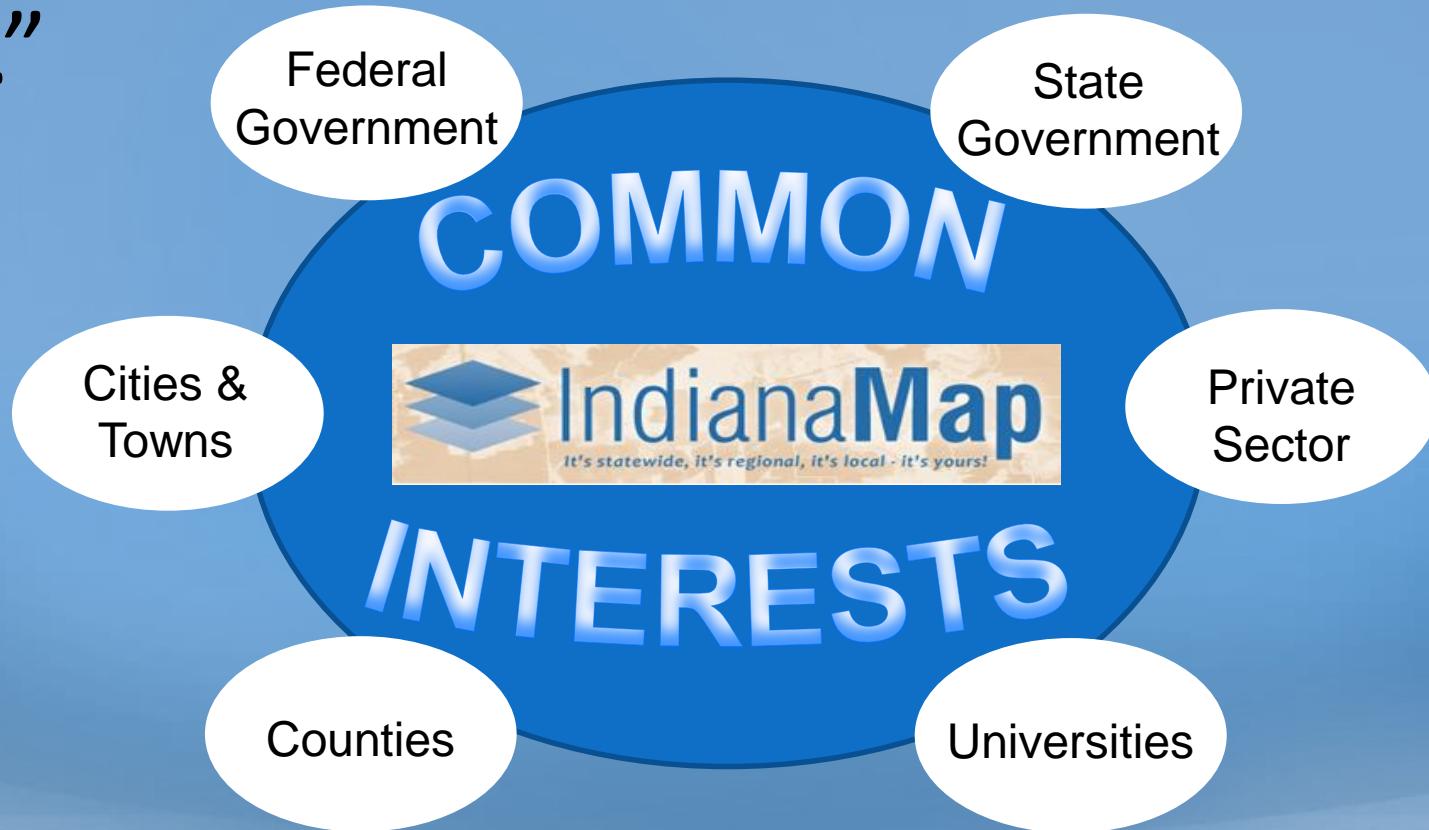
Guiding Observations and Values

- “The best time to make friends is before you need them.” – Ethel Barrymore
- "In the confrontation between the stream and the rock, the stream always wins - not through strength but by perseverance." – *H. Jackson Brown, Jr.*



Guiding Observations and Values

- “We must begin an endeavor by focusing on what we can do, not what we can’t do.”





National Broadband Map

A New Formula For Success

\$5.5 million per state (average grant)

+

1 year

=

National Broadband Map

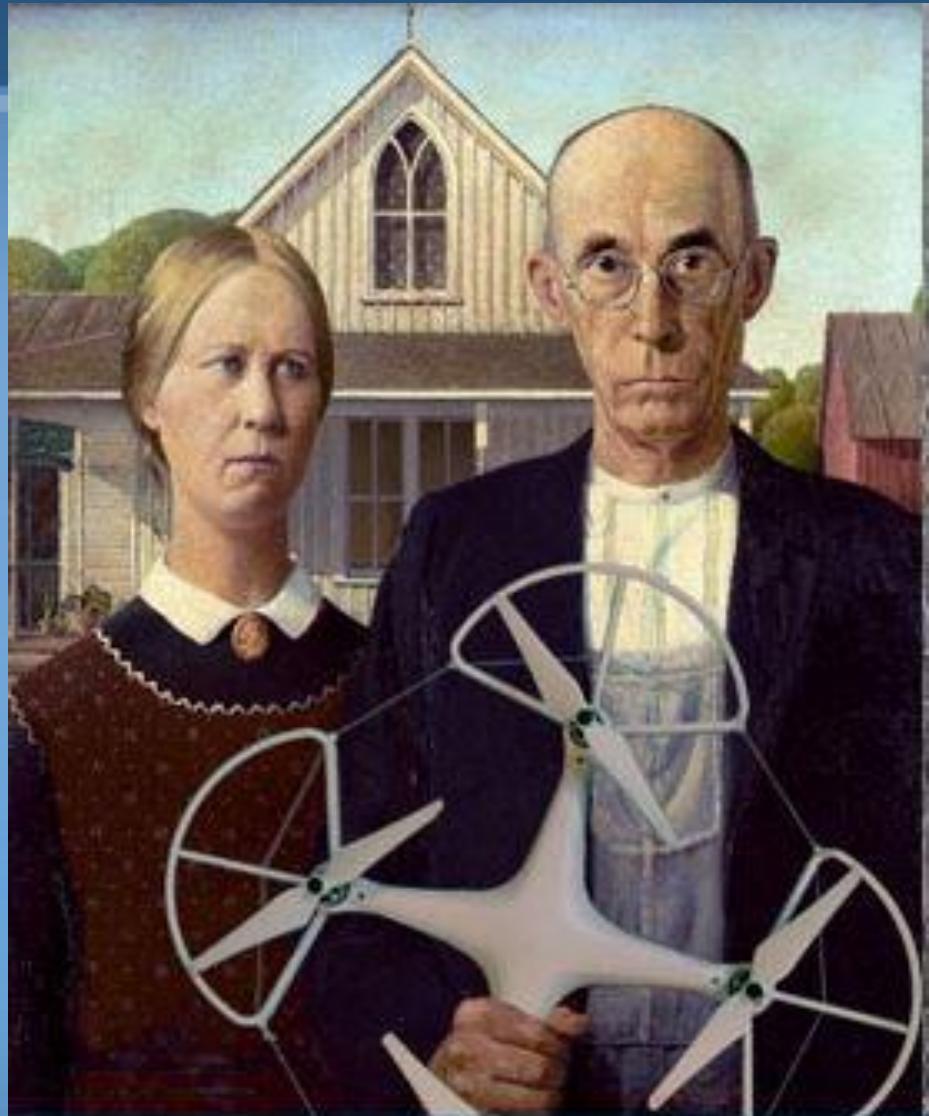
- Federal: Supply clear picture of target, provide funding, disseminate end product
- State: Organize, orchestrate and aggregate
- Local: Cooperate, create, maintain



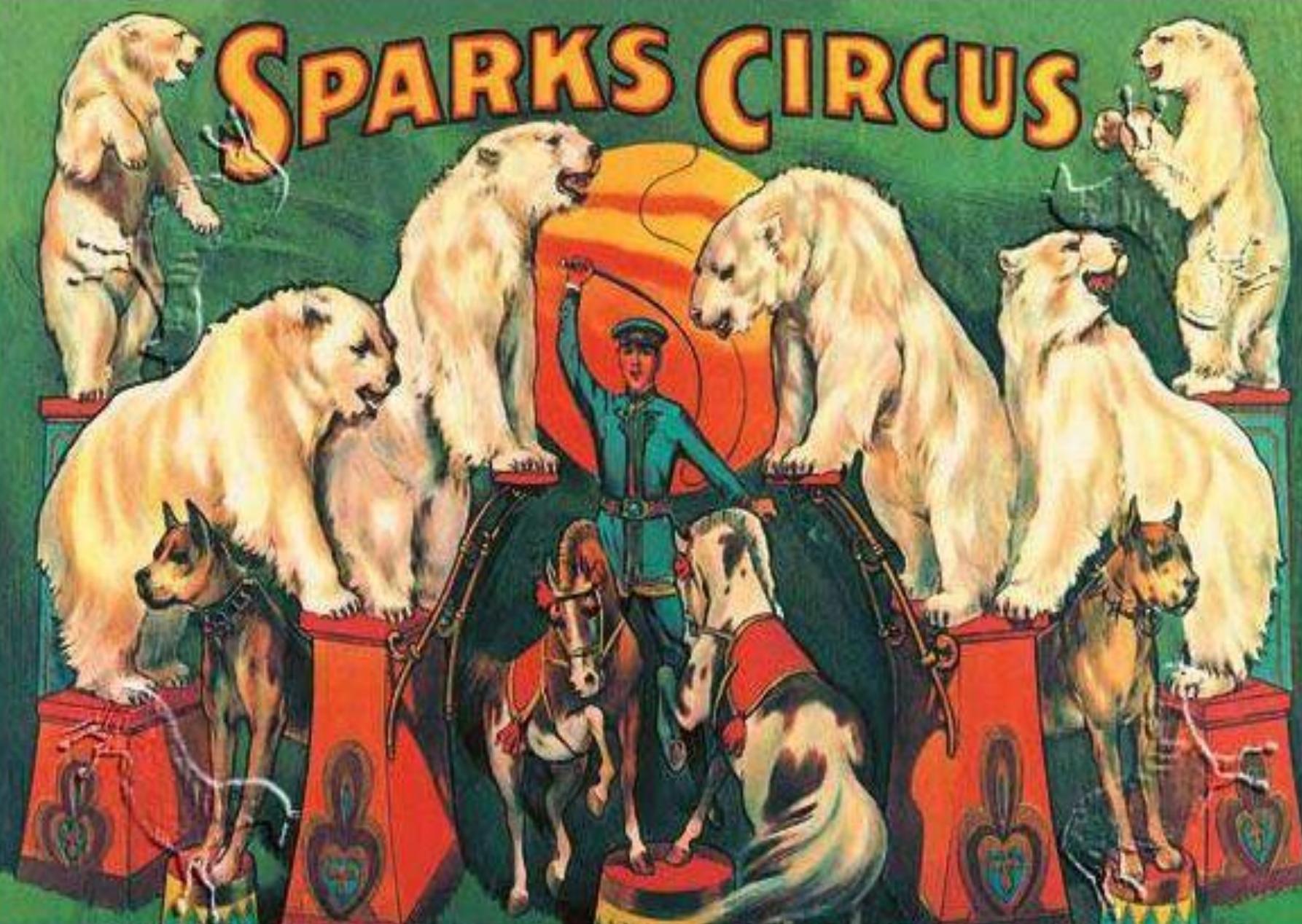
What else is possible?

- National Parcel Map
- National Street Centerline Map
- National Point Address Map

Change is the
only constant.
- Heraclitus



SPARKS CIRCUS



FEROCIOUS POLAR BEARS, GREAT DANE DOGS AND LITTLE
SHETLAND PONIES HERE SHOWN WORKING IN PERFECT HARMONY.

PYTHON IN ArcGIS

```
import arcpy
```

Python 2.7



ArcGIS

System software

ArcGIS is a geographic information system for working with maps and geographic information. It is used for creating and using maps, compiling geographic data, analyzing mapped information, sharing and ... [Wikipedia](#)

Stable release: 10.5.1 / June 29, 2017; 8 months ago

Developed by: Esri

License: Proprietary commercial software

Written in: C++

Initial release: December 27, 1999; 18 years ago

Site package-
perform geographic data analysis,
data management, map
automation.

Scripting module-
Provides access to geoprocessing tools
To create
simple/complex workflows.

ArcPy

Automate complex or repetitive
tasks to derive values from multiple
inputs & process data in several
steps

Basic Geoprocessing Functions

CLIP

Python

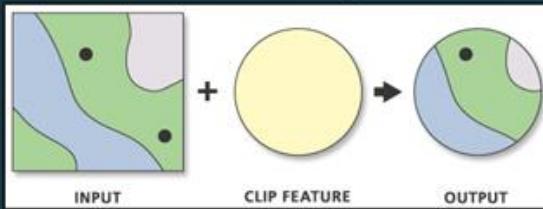
```
>>> # Name: Clip_Example2.py
... # Description: Clip major roads that fall within
... the study area.

...
... # Import system modules
... import arcpy
... from arcpy import env

...
... # Set workspace
... env.workspace = "C:/data"

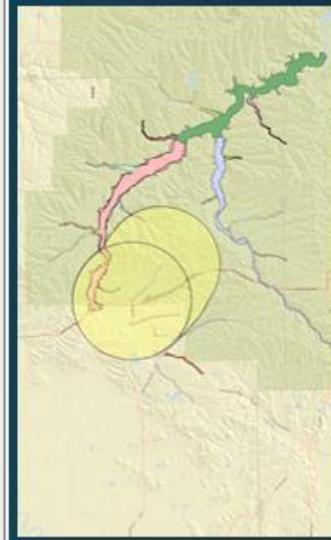
...
... # Set local variables
... in_features = "majordrs.shp"
... clip_features = "study_quads.shp"
... out_feature_class = "C:/output/studyarea.shp"
... xy_tolerance = ""

...
... # Execute Clip
... arcpy.Clip_analysis(in_features, clip_features,
out_feature_class, xy_tolerance)
```



```
Python
...
... # Set environment settings
... env.workspace = "C:/data/Habitat_Analysis.gdb"
...
... # Select suitable vegetation patches from all
... vegetation
... veg = "vegtype"
... suitableVeg =
"C:/output/Output.gdb/suitable_vegetation"
... whereClause = "HABITAT = 1"
... arcpy.Select_analysis(veg, suitableVeg,
whereClause)
...
...
... # Buffer areas of impact around major roads
... roads = "majordrs"
... roadsBuffer =
"C:/output/Output.gdb/buffer_output"
... distanceField = "Distance"
... sideType = "FULL"
... endType = "ROUND"
... dissolveType = "LIST"
... dissolveField = "Distance"
... arcpy.Buffer_analysis(roads, roadsBuffer,
distanceField, sideType, endType, dissolveType,
dissolveField)
...
...
... # Erase areas of impact around major roads from
... the suitable vegetation patches
... eraseOutput =
"C:/output/Output.gdb/suitable_vegetation_minus_road
s"
... xyTol = "1 Meters"
... arcpy.Erase_analysis(suitableVeg, roadsBuffer,
eraseOutput, xyTol)
```

BUFFER

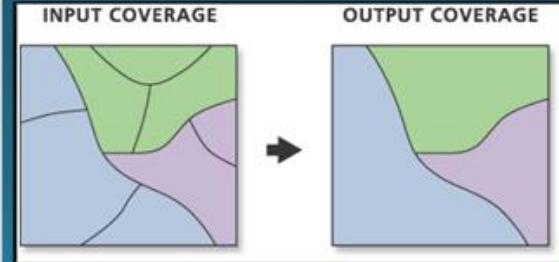


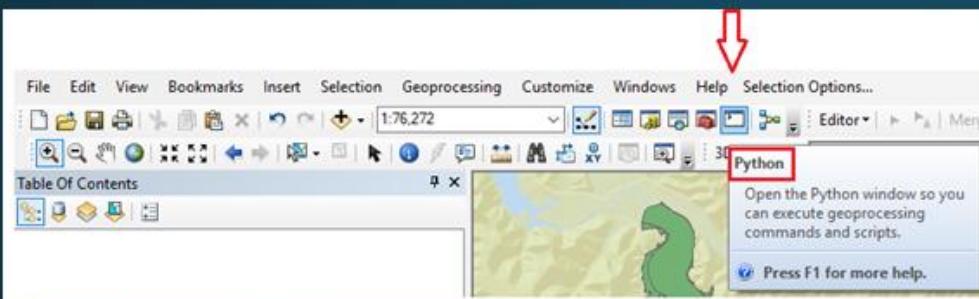
```
Python
>>> # Name: Dissolve_Example.py
... # Description: Dissolves polygons
... into larger sections
... # Requirements: ArcInfo Workstation
...
...
... # Import system modules
... import arcpy
... from arcpy import env

...
... # Set environment settings
... env.workspace = "C:/data"

...
... # Set local variables
... inCover = "tra_airport"
... outCover = "C:/output/airport_sect"
... dissolveItem = "section"
... featureType = "POLY"
...
...
... # Execute Dissolve
... arcpy.Dissolve_弧(inCover,
outCover, dissolveItem, featureType)
```

DISSOLVE





```
Python
# Set Top Environment
arcpy.env.workspace = topDir
print "Environment set to:", topDir
arcpy.AddMessage("Environment Set")

arcpy.env.overwriteOutput = True
print "Overwrite Outputs = True"
arcpy.AddMessage("Overwrite Outputs = True")

# Create FEP XS Working Folder in topDir
arcpy.CreateFolder_management(topDir, workingFldr)
print "Created FEP XS Working Folder"
arcpy.AddMessage("Created FEP XS Working Folder")

# Create IDNR_FEP XS MonthYear.gdb in FEP XS Working folder
arcpy.CreateFileGDB_management(os.path.join(topDir, os.path.basename(workingFldr)), "IDNR_FEP XS_" + MonthYear + ".gdb")
workDB = os.path.join(topDir, os.path.basename(workingFldr), "IDNR_FEP XS_" + MonthYear + ".gdb")
print "Created Database:", workDB
arcpy.AddMessage("Created Database")

# List folders in topDir
for basinfolder in os.listdir(topDir):
    if basinfolder.startswith('0'):
        print "Found Basin:", basinfolder
        arcpy.AddMessage("Found Basin")

    # Create Feature Dataset
    cs = arcpy.SpatialReference('NAD 1983 UTM Zone 16N')
    arcpy.CreateFeatureDataset_management(workDB, "HUC10_" + basinfolder, cs)
    featureDS = os.path.join(workDB, "HUC10_" + os.path.basename(basinfolder))
    print "Created Feature Dataset:", featureDS
    arcpy.AddMessage("Created Feature Dataset")

    ##### START FEP MERGE #####
    # Create List of S_FEP layers
    FEPMergeLst = []
    for dirpath, dirnames, filenames in arcpy.da.Walk(os.path.join(topDir, basinfolder)):
        for filename in fnmatch.filter(filenames, 'S_FEP'):
            FEPMergeLst.append(os.path.join(dirpath, filename))

    # Merge all FEP layers into a single layer
    FEPoutDir = featureDS
    FEPoutNm =
    "Flood Elevation Pts DNR Water " + os.path.basename(basinfolder)
```

Python window

- Directory Setup- create folders and subfolders
- Merge or Append data layers- merge layers with their attributes
- Create map document -layers from a directory to ArcMap
- Convert to different formats- table to excel
-

Name	Date modified	Type	Size
For_Polis	4/6/2018 1:29 PM	File folder	
Study547	3/19/2018 8:53 AM	File folder	
Study548	3/20/2018 2:12 PM	File folder	
Study549	3/19/2018 8:53 AM	File folder	
Study550	3/19/2018 8:53 AM	File folder	
Study551	3/19/2018 8:53 AM	File folder	
Study552	3/19/2018 8:53 AM	File folder	
Study553	3/19/2018 8:54 AM	File folder	
Study554	3/19/2018 8:54 AM	File folder	
Study555	3/19/2018 8:54 AM	File folder	
Study556	3/19/2018 8:54 AM	File folder	
Study557	3/19/2018 8:54 AM	File folder	
Study558	3/19/2018 8:54 AM	File folder	
Study559	3/19/2018 8:54 AM	File folder	
Study560	3/19/2018 8:54 AM	File folder	
Study2375	3/19/2018 8:53 AM	File folder	
Study2376	3/19/2018 8:53 AM	File folder	
Study7299	3/19/2018 8:54 AM	File folder	
Study7303	3/19/2018 8:54 AM	File folder	
Study7304	3/19/2018 8:54 AM	File folder	
Study7305	3/19/2018 8:54 AM	File folder	
Study7310	3/19/2018 8:54 AM	File folder	
Study7311	3/19/2018 8:54 AM	File folder	
Study7580	3/19/2018 8:54 AM	File folder	

ArcMap application

Display layers in
ArcMap

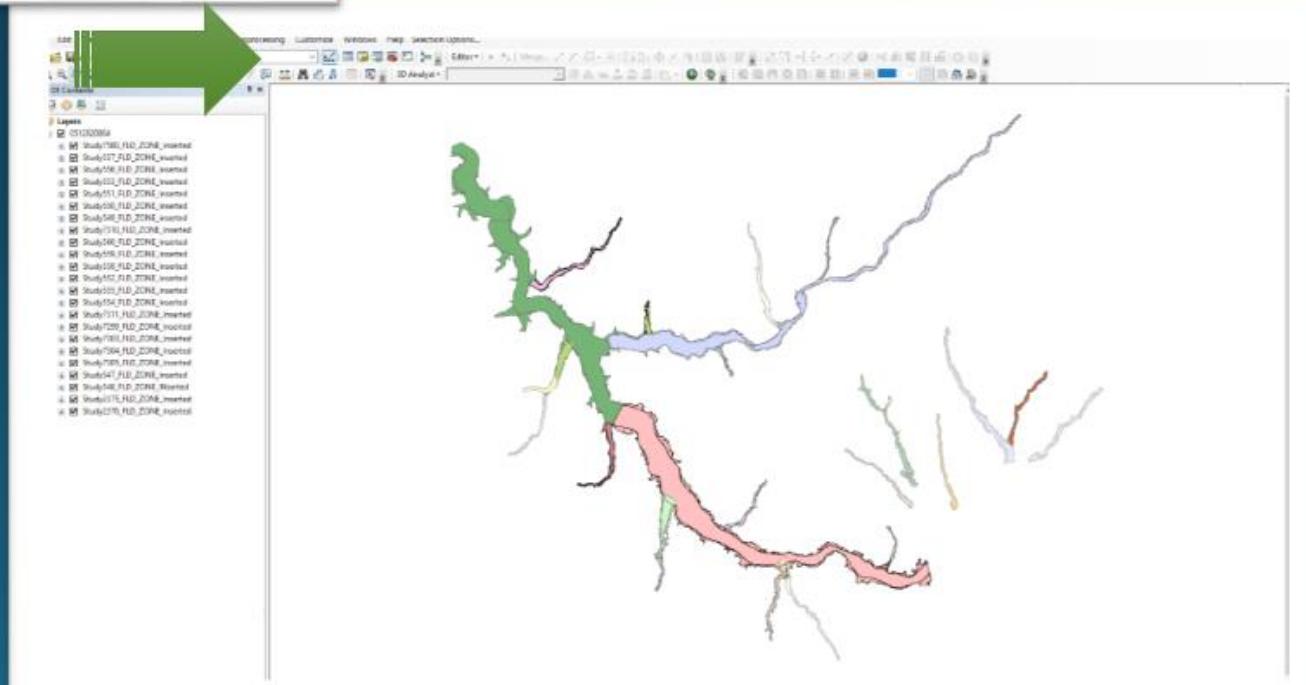




Table Of Contents

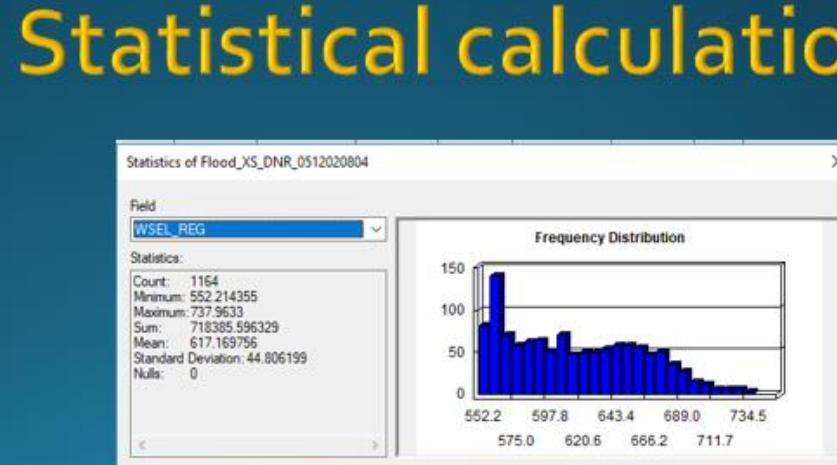
- Layers
 - Flood_Elevation_Pts_DNR_Water_0512020804
 - 0512020804
 - buffer
 - Study7580_FLD_ZONE_Inserted** (highlighted with a red arrow)
 - Study557_FLD_ZONE_Inserted
 - Study556_FLD_ZONE_Inserted
 - Study553_FLD_ZONE_Inserted
 - Study551_FLD_ZONE_Inserted
 - Study550_FLD_ZONE_Inserted
 - Study549_FLD_ZONE_Inserted
 - Study7310_FLD_ZONE_Inserted
 - Study560_FLD_ZONE_Inserted
 - Study559_FLD_ZONE_Inserted
 - Study552_FLD_ZONE_Inserted
 - Study555_FLD_ZONE_Inserted
 - Study553_FLD_ZONE_Inserted
 - Study7299_FLD_ZONE_Inserted
 - Study7303_FLD_ZONE_Inserted
 - Study7304_FLD_ZONE_Inserted
 - Study7305_FLD_ZONE_Inserted
 - Study547_FLD_ZONE_Inserted
 - Study548_FLD_ZONE_Inserted
 - Study2375_FLD_ZONE_Inserted
 - Study2376_FLD_ZONE_Inserted
 - Basemap
 - World Street Map

Table

Study7580_FLD_ZONE_Inserted

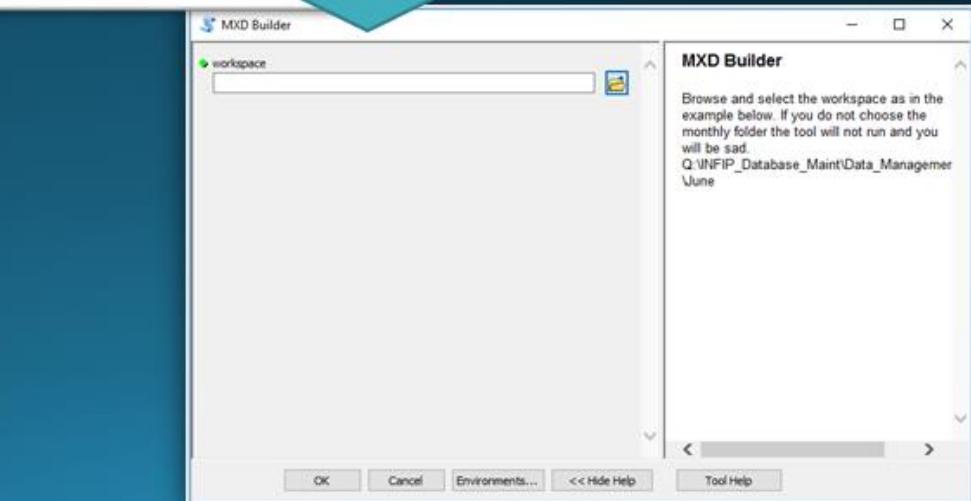
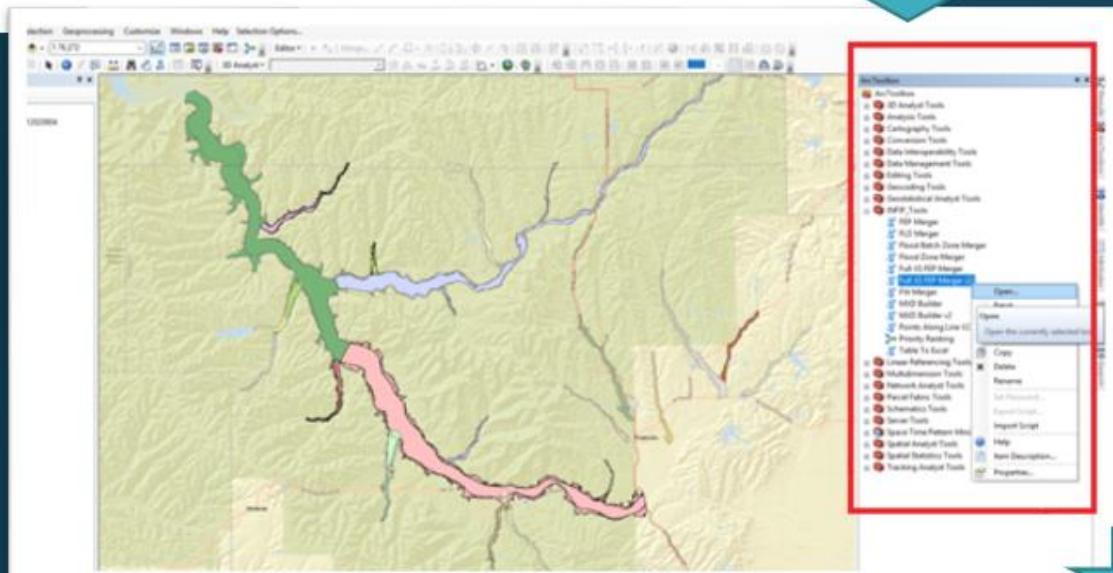
OBJECTID	Shape'	ZONE_SUSTY	STUDY_TYP	FLD_ZONE	SFHA_TF	V_DATUM	SOURCE_CIT	VERSION_ID	SOURCE_DNR	POL_NAME2	DFIRM_ID	CRNG_FID	Shape_Length	Shape_Area
3	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	1145.019620	31932.299609	
4	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	2401.965957	80213.198714	
5	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	249.804651	1896.066807	
6	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	162.343111	336.427613	
7	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	94.877235	134.467611	
8	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	53.494002	42.845472	
9	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	562.579114	8958.209625	
10	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	5309.266429	211492.881165	
11	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	178.385073	707.214761	
12	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	160.426875	493.924869	
13	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	1106.245395	20878.365447	
14	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	154.203431	186.018279	
15	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	219.616284	306.715394	
16	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	319.569465	887.367561	
17	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	1484.541563	37434.444622	
18	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	115.562373	147.948626	
19	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	126.411567	358.063779	
20	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	347.715589	1419.446689	
21	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	531.235687	4730.290362	
22	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	342.516395	3441.587599	
23	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	59.847382	79.478147	
24	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	262.206662	1648.594765	
25	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	1637.890373	32411.346535	
26	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	215.884616	963.425416	
27	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	305.589073	1939.99643	
28	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	1216.490789	15867.648581	
29	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	662.511322	8426.985721	
30	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	1735.845212	22225.479178	
31	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	438.41249	2500.81766	
32	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	157.826262	1300.38426	
33	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	1299.865079	30322.558643	
34	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	882.66124	9459.18173	
35	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	170.387613	959.24397	
36	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	132.836203	222.888414	
37	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	346.35826	1924.27356	
38	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	73.990147	113.024505	
39	Polygon	<Null>	A	T	NAV088	18071C_STUDY7580	1.1.1.0	DMR_ZOMEA	Jackson County	18071C	1	195.738616	635.225602	

Merge tables
Join layers



Statistical calculations

Arc Toolbox





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