

## Iterative Algorithm for Computing the Value of a Markov Reward Process (MRP)

We want to compute the value function  $V(s)$  for each state  $s \in S$  in a Markov Reward Process. The value function satisfies the Bellman equation:

$$V(s) = R(s) + \gamma \sum_{s' \in S} P(s'|s)V(s'),$$

where

- $R(s)$  is the expected immediate reward at state  $s$ ,
- $P(s'|s)$  is the transition probability from  $s$  to  $s'$ ,
- $\gamma \in [0, 1)$  is the discount factor.

## Iterative Algorithm (Dynamic Programming)

1. **Initialize:**

$$V_0(s) = 0 \quad \text{for all } s \in S.$$

2. **Iterate:** for  $k = 1, 2, \dots$ ,

$$V_k(s) = R(s) + \gamma \sum_{s' \in S} P(s'|s)V_{k-1}(s'), \quad \forall s \in S.$$

3. **Stopping Criterion:** stop when

$$\max_{s \in S} |V_k(s) - V_{k-1}(s)| < \epsilon,$$

where  $\epsilon > 0$  is a small tolerance (e.g.,  $10^{-6}$ ).

## Computational Complexity

Each iteration requires updating all states, which involves summing over all possible next states. Therefore, the complexity is

$$O(|S|^2) \quad \text{per iteration, where } |S| = N.$$