# Hotel Booking Data Analysis

## Project Overview

Motivation	To derive insights into booking behaviours and trends in the hotel industry
Objectives	Identify hotel booking patterns, identify different customer profiles & high-value customer, geographical analysis to understand regional preferences or trends and identify hotel ratings and their impact on bookings
Scope	66,541 International hotel booking records from 2010 -2019, collected from Customers/Travellers of 7 South-East Asian countries (Cambodia, Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand & Vietnam)

#### Data Overview

Data source	<b>Kaggle</b> is the source of this data set. The author has originally obtained this data set from <u>DatAfrik</u> which is an educational institute in Lagos. Link to data set: <u>Hotel Bookings Data</u>
Data collection	According to the Kagge author, DatAfrik Institute has collected these data set from a company who help international travellers around the world to secure hotels in destination countries
Content of Dataset	Hotel booking dataset contains data on hotel bookings January 1st, 2010, to December 31st, 2019, including details such as booking ID, date of booking, customer demographics (gender, age), origin and destination countries, check-in/out dates, room details, hotel name and rating, payment methods, booking price, discounts, and profit margins
Limitations of Dataset	Due to privacy limitations the original source of data is not available. Also certain criteria within the data are difficult to recognize. As an example, it's unclear whether the hotel rating in the dataset is based on a scale of 5 or 10.
Relevance	This dataset meets all requested requirements of Achievement 6

## Data Profiles

Data Variable	Time-variant / - invariant	Structured / Unstructured	Qualitative / Quantitative	Qualitative: (Nominal / Ordinal) Quantitative: (Discrete /Continuous)
Booking ID	Time invariant	Structured	Qualitative	Ordinal
Date of Booking	Time variant	Structured	Quantitative	Continuous
Time	Time variant	Structured	Quantitative	Continuous
Customer id	Time invariant	Structured	Qualitative	Ordinal
Gender	Time invariant	Structured	Qualitative	Nominal
Age	Time variant	Structured	Quantitative	Continuous
Origin country	Time invariant	Structured	Qualitative	Nominal
State	Time invariant	Structured	Qualitative	Nominal
Destination country	Time invariant	Structured	Qualitative	Nominal
Destination city	Time invariant	Structured	Qualitative	Nominal
No of people	Time invariant	Structured	Quantitative	Discrete
No of days	Time variant	Structured	Quantitative	Discrete
No of rooms	Time invariant	Structured	Quantitative	Discrete
Hotel name	Time invariant	Structured	Qualitative	Nominal
Hotel rating	Time invariant	Structured	Quantitative	Discrete
Payment mode	Time invariant	Structured	Qualitative	Nominal
Bank name	Time invariant	Structured	Qualitative	Nominal
Booking price (SGD/S\$)	Time invariant	Structured	Quantitative	Discrete
Discount	Time invariant	Structured	Quantitative	Discrete
Profit margin	Time invariant	Structured	Quantitative	Discrete

# Data Analysis Questions

Booking Patterns and Trends	<ul> <li>What is the distribution of bookings over time (e.g., by month, day of the week)?</li> <li>Identify peak booking periods.</li> <li>Identify any seasonal trends in bookings.</li> </ul>
Customer Segmentation	<ul> <li>How to segment customers based on demographic variables such as age, gender, and origin country?</li> <li>What are the booking preferences of different customer segments.</li> <li>Identify high-value customers</li> </ul>
Geographical Analysis	<ul> <li>What is the distribution of bookings by origin and destination country/city.</li> <li>Identify popular destinations and origins.</li> <li>Are there any regional preferences or trends that can identify?</li> </ul>
Hotel Rating	<ul> <li>Is hotel ratings impact on bookings?</li> <li>Is there a relationship between hotel ratings and booking prices?</li> </ul>