The varioref package*

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Abstract

This package defines the commands \vref, \vregref, \vrefrange, and \vregrefrange for IATEX $2_{\mathcal{E}}$. \vref is similar to \ref but adds an additional page reference, like 'on the facing page' or 'on page 27' whenever the corresponding \label is not on the same page. The command \vregref is a variation to \rangeref with a similar functionality. The \v...range commands take two labels as arguments and produce strings which depend on whether or not these labels fall onto a single page or on different pages. Generated strings are customizable so that these commands are usable with various languages.

1 Introduction

In many cases it is helpful when referring to a figure or table to put both a \ref and a \pageref command into the document especially when there are one or more pages between the reference and the object. Therefore some people use a command like

\newcommand{\fullref}[1]{\ref{#1} on page~\pageref{#1}}

which reduces the number of key strokes, necessary to make such a complete reference. But since one never knows where the referenced object finally falls, using such a device may result in a page reference to the current page which is disturbing and therefore should be avoided.

2 The user interface

\vre

The implementation of \vref below produces only a \ref when reference and \label are on the same page. It will additionally produce one of the strings 'on the facing page', 'on the preceding page', or 'on the following page', if label and reference differ by one and it will produce both \ref and \pageref when the difference is larger. The word 'facing' is used when label and reference both fall onto a double spread. However, if a special page numbering scheme is used instead of the usual arabic numbering (e.g., \pagenumbering{roman}) then there will be no distinction between one or many pages off.

\vpageref

Sometimes one wants to refer only to page number and again such a reference should normally be suppressed if we are referring to the current page. For this

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purpose the package defines the \vpageref command. It will produce the same strings as \vref except that it doesn't start with the \ref and except that it will produce the string that is saved in \reftextcurrent if label and reference fall onto the same page. By defining \reftextcurrent to produce "on this page" or something similar, we can avoid that

```
... see the example \vpageref{ex:foo} which shows ...
```

comes out as "... see the example which shows ...", which could be misleading. You can put a space in front of \vpageref it will be ignored if the command doesn't produce any text at all.

But in fact \pageref allows even more control. If has two optional arguments. With the first one, one can specify the text that should be used if label and reference fall on the same page. This is very helpful if both are near to each other, so that they may or may not be separated by a page break. In such a case we usually know (!) whether the reference is before or after the label so that we can say something like

```
... see the example \vpageref[above]{ex:foo} which shows ...
```

which will then come out as "... see the example above which shows ..." if we are still on the same page, but as "... see the example on the page before which shows ..." (or something similar depending on the settings of the \reftext..before commands) when there was a page break in the meantime. One warning however, if you use \reftypageref with the optional argument to refer to a figure or table, keep in mind that depending on the float placement parameters the float may show up on top of the current page and therefore before the reference even if it came after it in the source file.

But maybe you prefer to say "... see the above example" if example and reference fall onto the same page, i.e., reverse the word order. In fact, in some languages the word order automatically changes in that case. To allow for this variation the second optional argument can be used. It specifies the text preceding the generated reference if object and reference do not fall onto the same page. Thus one would write

```
... see the \vpageref[above example][example]{ex:foo} which shows ...
```

to achieve the desired effect.

2.1 Additions in 1998

\vrefrange

This command is similar to \vref but it takes two mandatory arguments denoting a range to refer to (e.g., a sequences of figures or a sequence of equations, etc.). So if fig:a is your first figure in the sequence and fig:c your last you can write

```
... see figures \vrefrange{fig:a}{fig:c} ...
```

which would then be formatted as

```
\dots see figures 3.4 to 3.6 on pages 23–24 \dots
```

or, if they happen to all fall onto the next page, as

```
... see figures 3.4 to 3.6 on the following page ...
```

i.e., the command is deciding what to say depending on where the two labels are placed in relation to each other; it is essentially implemented using \partial \partial \text{vpagerefrange} described below. The optional argument the command may take is the text to use in case both labels are placed on the current page.

\vpagerefrange

This command is similar to \vpageref but takes two mandatory arguments which are two labels denoting a range. If both labels fall onto the same page, the command acts exactly like \vpageref (with a single label), otherwise it produces something like "on pages 15–18" (see customization possibilities below). The optional argument it may take is the text to use in case both labels are placed on the current page.

\vrefpagenum

This macro is provided to allow the user to write their own small commands which implement functions similar to those provided by the two previous commands. It takes two arguments: the second is a label (i.e., as used in \label or \ref) and the first is an arbitrary command name (make sure you use our own) that receives the page number related to this label. So if you have two (or more) labels you could retrieve their page numbers, compare them and then decide what to print. For example, the following not very serious definition (also using the ifthen package)

```
\newcommand\amusingversion[2]{%
  \vrefpagenum\firstnum{#1}%
  \vrefpagenum\secondnum{#2}%
  the definition%
  \ifthenelse{\equal\firstnum\secondnum}%
    {s of \ref{#1} and \ref{#2} \vpageref{#1}}%
    { of \ref{#1} \vpageref{#1} and of \ref{#2} \vpageref{#2}}%
}
...\amusingversion{foo}{bar}
will print something like
```

in the case both labels are on the same page but something like

...the definitions of 3 and 4 on the previous page

... the definition of 3 on the next page and of 4 on page 13

in case the are on different pages.

2.2 Additions in 2001

The user commands \vref, \vpageref, and \vpagerefrange all work by first removing any space on their left and then inserting some space of their own (\vref, for example, a nonbreakable space). That seemed like a good idea back then, but it has the disadvantage that you can't use these macros in situations where you definitely do not want any space before the generated text. E.g., in situations like (\vref{foo} ...) you end up with a space after the open parenthesis.

\vref*
\vpageref*
\vpagerefrange*

Since it is too late to change the default behaviour I've added star versions of the macros which do not add any space before the generated text (they do nevertheless remove space at the left).

2.3 Additions in 2002

\labelformat

A reference via \ref produces by default the data associated with the corresponding \label command (typically a number); any additional formatting has to be provided by the user. If, for example, references to equations are always to be typeset as "equation (number)", one has to code "equation (\ref{key})". With \labelformat the varioref package offers a possibility to generate such frills automatically. The command takes two arguments: the first is the name of a counter and the second is its representation when referenced. This means that for a successful usage, one has to know the counter name being used for generating the label, though in practice this should not pose a problem. The current counter number is picked up as an argument. Here are two examples:

```
\labelformat{section}{section~#1}
\labelformat{equation}{equation~(#1)}}
```

\Vref \Ref A side effect of using \labelformat is that, depending on the defined formatting, it becomes impossible to use \ref at the beginning of a sentence (if its replacement text starts with a lowercase letter). To overcome this problem varioref introduces the commands \Ref and \Vref that behave like \ref and \formatter(\vertical vertical ve

To make \Ref or \Vref work properly the very first token in the second argument of \labelformat has to be a simple ASCII letter, otherwise the capitalization will fail or worse, you will end up with some error messages. If you actually need something more complicated in this place (e.g., an accented letter) you have to explicitly surround it with braces, to identify the part that needs to be capitalized. For example, for figure references in the Hungarian language you might want to write \labelformat{figure}{{\'a}bra^\thefigure}.

\vpagerefnum

If you like to have \vref suppress the page number on pages where label and reference fall onto the same page, but prefer reference to page numbers otherwise then \vpagerefnum can be used. This macro hold the current page "number" when \vpageref and friends are executed. Thus, by defining, for example

```
\renewcommand\reftextfaceafter {on page~\thevpagerefnum}\renewcommand\reftextfacebefore{on page~\thevpagerefnum}\renewcommand\reftextafter {on page~\thevpagerefnum}\renewcommand\reftextbefore {on page~\thevpagerefnum}
```

textual references can be suppressed.

3 Customization

The package supports all options defined by the babel package to translate the fixed strings into other languages than English. (Some languages need updating, however.) It also supports languages currently not in babel; check the section on options later on.

\reftextbefore \reftextfacebefore \reftextafter \reftextfaceafter You can also modify some or all of the strings by redefining the following commands. Backward references use \reftextbefore if the label is on the preceding page but invisible and \reftextfacebefore if it is one the facing page (i.e., if the current page number is odd). Similarily \reftextafter is used when the label comes on the next page but one has to turn the page and \reftextfaceafter if it is on the following but facing page.

In fact, \reftextface... is used only if the user or the document class specified two-sided printing.

\reftextfaraway

Finally we have \reftextfaraway which is used whenever label and reference differ by more than one or when they aren't numeric. This macro is a bit different because it takes one argument, the symbolic reference string so that one cane make use of \pageref in its replacement text.

\reftextvario

To allow a bit random variation in the generated strings one can use the command \reftextvario inside the string macros. It takes two arguments and selects one or the other for printing depending on the number of already seens \vref or \vpageref commands. As an example see the definitions of \reftextbefore etc. on page 8.

If babel is being used then the above commands need to be changed using the Babel mechanism, e.g.,

```
\addto\extrasngerman{%
  \renewcommand\reftextfaceafter {auf der n\"achsten Seite}%
  ...
}
```

Otherwise babel will reintroduce its own defaults each time the language is changed (which happens in particular during \begin{document} where the main language is selected).

3.1 Additions in 1998

The commands \vrefrange and \vpagerefrange produce their text using two macros described below. By redefining them one can modify the results to accommodate special requirements.

They both take two mandatory arguments denoting the first and the last label of the range.

\reftextpagerange

\reftextlabelrange

This macro produces text that describes the page range of the two labels, e.g., the default for English is "on pages ~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}".

This macro produces text that describes the range of figures, tables, or whatever the labels refer to, the default for English is "\ref{#1} to~\ref{#2}".

4 Options

As mentioned above the package supports all standard options offered by the Babel system to customize the strings produced. In addition it offers the option draft to turn error messages into warnings during development. The default final produces error message when a generated string falls onto a page boundary (see next section).

5 A few warnings

Defining commands like the ones described above poses some interesting problems. Suppose, for example, that a generated text like 'on the next page' gets broken across pages. If this happens it is very difficult to find an acceptable solution and in fact can even result in a document that will always change from one state to another (i.e., inserting one string, finding that this is wrong, inserting another string

on the next run which makes the first string correct again, inserting ...). The current implementation of varioref therefore issues an error message whenever the generated text is broken across page boundaries, e.g.,

```
table 5 on the current \langle page\ break \rangle page
```

\vrefwarning

\fullref

\vrefshowerrors

would would result in an error, which needs to be resolved by the user by replacing the \vref command with an ordinary \ref just before the final run. This is not completely satisfactory but in such case no solution really is. During document preparation, while one is still changing the text, such error messages can be turned into warnings by placing a \vrefwarning command in the preamble. This is equivalent to specifying "draft" as an option to the package. \vrefshowerrors ensures that varioref stops when detecting a possible loop. This is the default and equivalent to specifying "final" as an option.

At the end final a warning: every use of \vref will internally generate two macro names to keep track of the string positions within the document. As a result you may run out of name space or main memory if you make heavy use of this macro on a small T_FX installation. For this reason the primitive command \fullref is also provided. This command can be used whenever you know for sure that label and reference can't fall onto nearby pages.

6 The documentation driver file

The next bit of code contains the documentation driver file for T_FX, i.e., the file that will produce the documentation you are currently reading. It will be extracted from this file by the docstrip program.

```
1 (*driver)
2 \documentclass{ltxdoc}
3 \usepackage{varioref}
4 \GetFileInfo{varioref.stv}
5 \setlength\hfuzz{1pt}
                            % ignore slight overfulls
6 \EnableCrossrefs
7 %\DisableCrossrefs
                        % Say \DisableCrossrefs if index is ready
9 \RecordChanges
                        % Gather update information
10 %\OnlyDescription
                        % comment out for implementation details
11 \begin{document}
     \DocInput{varioref.dtx}
13 \end{document}
14 (/driver)
```

7 The implementation

The main implementation idea is to generate an internal label command for every \vpageref and compare the page reference of this label with the page reference of the user-requested label. Since this means one additional macro name for each use of \vpageref or vref (which is implemented in terms of \vpageref) the memory requirements of this package may be high in terms of main and macro name memory. Since the information held in the internal labels is used only once one could envision a different scheme if suitable primitives for this kind of "one place

6

information" would be provided by IATEX. This type of data structure is planned for LATEX3 but for the moment we have to live with the memory restrictions.

We start by checking if this file was already loaded. If not we identify the current version. This is actually done at the top of the file, so we comment it out here

```
15 (*package)
16 %\NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}[1994/06/01]
17 %\ProvidesPackage{varioref}[\filedate\space\fileversion\space
18 %
                         LaTeX2e package for extended references (FMi)]
```

\vref@addto

To support the use of babel we want to add the additional strings to the \extras\language\rangle commands. Since \addto in the current implementation of babel has a bug that does not allow to use arguments containing hashmarks we do this by hand.

```
19 \def\vref@addto#1#2{%
    #2%
20
21
    \@temptokena{#2}%
22
    \ifx#1\undefined
        \edef#1{\the\@temptokena}%
23
25
        \toks@\expandafter{#1}%
26
        \edef#1{\the\toks@\the\@temptokena}%
    \fi
27
28
    \@temptokena{}\toks@\@temptokena
29 }
30 \@onlypreamble\vref@addto
```

Options

Excuse that we don't know the strings for a certain language. \vref@excuse

```
31 \def\vref@excuse#1{%
    \PackageWarningNoLine{varioref}{Sorry, language '#1'
33
               not supported%
34
               \MessageBreak
               in this version.
35
               English strings used by default.
36
               \MessageBreak
37
               Please modify \protect\reftext... commands manually.%
38
               \MessageBreak\MessageBreak
39
               If you can suggest translations for
40
               this language,%
41
42
               \MessageBreak
43
               please mail them
               to the author of this package}}
44
45 \@onlypreamble\vref@excuse
And we sometimes just don't know some strings ...
```

\vref@stringwarning

```
46 \def\vref@stringwarning#1{%
    \PackageWarningNoLine{varioref}{Sorry, there is no proper
47
              translation for the string\MessageBreak
48
              produced by \protect#1\on@line.\MessageBreak
49
              English string used instead.\MessageBreak
50
```

```
If you can suggest translations for
                    52
                                  the current\MessageBreak
                    53
                                  language, please mail them
                    54
                                  to the author of this\MessageBreak package}}
                   The options do set the macros that generate the textual strings. Note, that they
\reftextfaceafter
                   do not start with a space, the space is already added in the main macro below.
\reftextfacebefore
                       Afrikaans option contributed by Danie Els (dnjels@sun.ac.za).
    \reftextafter
    \reftextbefore
                    56 \DeclareOption{afrikaans}
   \reftextcurrent
                   57
                        {\vref@addto\extrasafrikaans{%
                    58
                          \def\reftextfaceafter {op die \reftextvario{regterbladsy}%
                    59
                                                                     {bladsy langsaan}}%
                          \def\reftextfacebefore{op die \reftextvario{linkerbladsy}%
                    60
                                                                      {bladsy langsaan}}%
                    61
                          \def\reftextafter
                                                {op die \reftextvario{volgende bladsy}%
                    62
                                                                     {bladsy hierna}}%
                    63
                          \def\reftextbefore
                                                {op die \reftextvario{vorige bladsy}%
                    64
                                                                     {bladsy hiervoor}}%
                    65
                                                {op \reftextvario{hierdie}%
                    66
                          \def\reftextcurrent
                                                                 {die huidige} bladsy}%
                    67
                          \def\reftextfaraway#1{op bladsy~\pageref{#1}}%
                    68
                          \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{op bladsye~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
                    69
                    70
                          \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} tot~\ref{#2}}%
                    71
                    72 \DeclareOption{american}
                        {\vref@addto\extrasamerican{%
                    73
                          \def\reftextfaceafter {on the \reftextvario{facing}{next} page}%
                    75
                          \def\reftextfacebefore{on the \reftextvario{facing}{preceding}
                    76
                                                 page}%
                                                {on the \reftextvario{following}{next} page}%
                    77
                          \def\reftextafter
                                                {on the \reftextvario{preceding}{previous} page}%
                    78
                          \def\reftextbefore
                                              {on \reftextvario{this}{the current} page}%
                    79
                          \def\reftextcurrent
                          \def\reftextfaraway#1{on page~\pageref{#1}}%
                    80
                          81
                          \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} to~\ref{#2}}%
                    82
                    83
                    The austrian defaults are the same as the german ones.
                    84 \DeclareOption{austrian}
                    85
                        {\vref@addto\extrasaustrian{%
                          \def\reftextfaceafter {auf der n\"achsten Seite}%
                    86
                          \def\reftextfacebefore{auf der vorherigen Seite}%
                    87
                          \let\reftextafter
                                                \reftextfaceafter
                          \let\reftextbefore
                                                \reftextfacebefore
                    89
                                               {auf dieser Seite}%
                    90
                          \def\reftextcurrent
                          \def\reftextfaraway#1{auf Seite~\pageref{#1}}%
                    01
                          \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{auf Seiten~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
                    92
                          \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} bis~\ref{#2}}%
                    93
                       }}
                    94
                    The naustrian defaults are the same but needed for "Neue Rechtschreibung".
```

\MessageBreak

51

95 \DeclareOption{naustrian}

{\vref@addto\extrasnaustrian{%

```
\def\reftextfacebefore{auf der vorherigen Seite}%
98
       \let\reftextafter
                              \reftextfaceafter
99
       \let\reftextbefore
                              \reftextfacebefore
100
101
       \def\reftextcurrent
                            {auf dieser Seite}%
       \def\reftextfaraway#1{auf Seite~\pageref{#1}}%
102
       \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{auf Seiten~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
103
104
       \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} bis~\ref{#2}}%
105
Text for basque defaults was contributed by Iñaki Larrañaga Murgoitio (aka
dooteo) (<dooteo@euskalgnu.org>).
106 \DeclareOption{basque}
     {\vref@addto\extrasbasque{%
108
       \def\reftextfaceafter {hurrengo orrialdean}%
       \def\reftextfacebefore{aurreko orrialdean}%
109
       \let\reftextafter
                             \reftextfaceafter
110
       \let\reftextbefore
                              \reftextfacebefore
111
       \def\reftextcurrent
                             {uneko orrialdean}%
112
       \def\reftextfaraway#1{~\pageref{#1}. orrialdean}%
113
       \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2} orrialdeetan}%
115
       \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1}.etik \ref{#2}.eraino}%
116
Text for the Bahasa Malaysia defaults was contributed by Bob Margolis 2005-12-
    Notes: pada muka surat translates as "on the page" though BM has no defi-
nite (or indefinite) article; adjectives and other modifiers follow the noun (clause);
bertentangan is "opposite" in the sense of "facing"; berikutnya is "next" (in this
context - actually next-to-this, literally); berikutnya also translates as "follow-
ing this" sebelumnya is "preceding"; also "previous" "ini" translates, literally, as
"this" but is also used in the sense of current page.
117 \DeclareOption{bahasam}
     {\vref@addto\extrasbahasam{%
118
       \def\reftextfaceafter {pada muka surat \reftextvario{bertentangan}{berikutnya}}%
119
       \def\reftextfacebefore{pada muka surat \reftextvario{bertentangan}{sebelumnya} }%
120
       \def\reftextafter
                              {pada muka surat berikutnya}%
121
                              {pada muka surat sebelumnya}%
       \def\reftextbefore
122
       \def\reftextcurrent
                              {pada muka surat ini}%
123
       \def\reftextfaraway#1{pada muka surat~\pageref{#1}}%
124
       \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{pada muka surat~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
       \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1}--\ref{#2}}%
126
127
Text for brazil defaults was contributed by Alcino Dall Igna Junior
(adij@di.ufpe.br).
128 \DeclareOption{brazil}
     {\vref@addto\extrasbrazil{%
       \def\reftextfaceafter {na \reftextvario{p\'agina oposta}{pr\'oxima
130
131
                               p\'agina}}%
       \def\reftextfacebefore{na p\'agina \reftextvario{oposta}{anterior}}%
132
       \def\reftextafter
                              {na \reftextvario{p\'agina seguinte}{pr\'oxima
133
                               p\'agina}}%
134
       \def\reftextbefore{na p\'agina \reftextvario{anterior}{precedente}}%
135
```

\def\reftextfaceafter {auf der n\"achsten Seite}%

97

136

\def\reftextcurrent

{\reftextvario{nesta p\'agina}{na p\'agina

```
137
                             corrente}}%
       \def\reftextfaraway#1{na p\'agina~\pageref{#1}}%
138
       \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{nas p\'aginas~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
139
140
       \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} a~\ref{#2}}%
141
Text for Breton defaults was contributed by Christian ROLLAND
(Christian.Rolland@univ-brest.fr).
142 \DeclareOption{breton}
     {\vref@excuse{breton}%
      \vref@addto\extrasbreton{%
144
       \def\reftextfaceafter {war ar bajenn \reftextvario{a-dal}{da heul}}%
145
146
       \def\reftextfacebefore{war ar bajenn \reftextvario{a-dal}{a-raok}}%
147
       \def\reftextafter
                            {war ar bajenn da heul}%
148
       \def\reftextbefore
                            {war ar bajenn a-raok}%
       \def\reftextcurrent {war ar \reftextvario{bajenn-ma\~n}%
149
                                                 {bajenn war-wel}}%
150
       \def\reftextfaraway#1{war ar bajenn~\pageref{#1}}%
151
       \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{\vref@stringwarning\reftextpagerange
152
                                on pages~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
153
       \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\vref@stringwarning\reflabelpagerange
154
                                 \ref{#1} to~\ref{#2}}%
155
    }}
156
Text for Bulgarian defaults was contributed by Georgi Boshnakov
(georgi.boshnakov@gmail.com).
157 \DeclareOption{bulgarian}%
   {\vref@addto\extrasbulgarian{%
159
      \def\reftextfaceafter{\cyrn\cyra\
160
            \reftextvario{\cyrs\cyre\cyre\cyrd\cyrn\cyra\cyrt\cyra}%
                         {\cyrs\cyrl\cyre\cyrd\cyrv\cyra\cyrshch\cyra\cyrt\cyra}
161
            \cyrs\cyrt\cyrr\cyra\cyrn\cyri\cyrc\cyra}%
162
      \def\reftextfacebefore{\cyrn\cyra\
163
            \reftextvario{\cyrs\cyre\cyre\cyrd\cyrn\cyra\cyrt\cyra}%
164
165
                         {\cyrp\cyrr\cyre\cyrd\cyrn\cyra\cyrt\cyra}
166
            \cyrs\cyrt\cyrr\cyra\cyrn\cyri\cyrc\cyra}%
      \def\reftextafter{\cyrn\cyra\
167
            \reftextvario{\cyrs\cyre\cyrd\cyrv\cyra\cyrshch\cyra\cyrt\cyra}%
168
169
                         {\cyrs\cyrl\cyre\cyrd\cyrv\cyra\cyrshch\cyra\cyrt\cyra}
            \cyrs\cyrt\cyrr\cyra\cyrn\cyri\cyrc\cyra}%
170
      \def\reftextbefore{\cyrn\cyra\
171
            \reftextvario{\cyrp\cyrr\cyre\cyrd\cyrn\cyra\cyrt\cyra}%
172
                         {\cyrp\cyrr\cyre\cyrd\cyri\cyrsh\cyrn\cyra\cyrt\cyra}
173
            \cyrs\cyrt\cyrr\cyra\cyrn\cyri\cyrc\cyra}%
174
      \def\reftextcurrent{\cyrn\cyra\
175
176
            \reftextvario{\cyrt\cyra\cyrz\cyri}%
                         {\cyrt\cyre\cyrk\cyru\cyrshch\cyra\cyrt\cyra}
177
            \cyrs\cyrt\cyrr\cyra\cyrn\cyri\cyrc\cyra}%
178
      \def\reftextfaraway#1{\cyrn\cyra\\cyrr\cyrr\cyra\cyrn\cyri\cyrc\cyra
179
180
                            ~\pageref{#1}}%
      \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{\cyrn\cyra\
181
                          \cyrs\cyrt\cyrr\cyra\cyrn\cyri\cyrc\cyri
182
                           ~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
183
184
      185 }}
```

```
Text for catalan defaults was contributed by Robert Fuster
 (rfuster@mat.upv.es).
186 \DeclareOption{catalan}
     {\vref@addto\extrascatalan{%
       \def\reftextfaceafter {a la p\'agina seg\"uent}%
188
       \def\reftextfacebefore{a la p\'agina anterior}%
189
       \let\reftextafter
                            \reftextfaceafter
190
       \let\reftextbefore
                            \reftextfacebefore
191
192
       \def\reftextcurrent
                           {en aquesta p\'agina}%
193
       \def\reftextfaraway#1{a la p\'agina~\pageref{#1}}%
194
       \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{a les
195
                       p\'agines~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
       \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} a~\ref{#2}}%
196
    }}
197
Text for croatian defaults was contributed by Sime Ungar (ungar@math.hr).
198 \DeclareOption{croatian}
      {\vref@addto\extrascroatian{%
        \def\reftextfaceafter {na sljede\'coj stranici}%
200
201
        \def\reftextfacebefore{na prethodnoj stranici}%
                             \reftextfaceafter
202
        \let\reftextafter
                             \reftextfacebefore
        \let\reftextbefore
203
        \def\reftextcurrent
                             {na ovoj stranici}%
204
205
        \def\reftextfaraway#1{na stranici~\pageref{#1}}%
206
        \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{na stranicama~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
207
        \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} do~\ref{#2}}%
Defaults for the Czech option provided by Milan Vancura <milan@suse.cz>.
209 \DeclareOption{czech}
    {%\vref@excuse{czech}%
211
      \vref@addto\extrasczech{%
       212
       \def\reftextfacebefore{na p\v{r}ed\-choz\'\i\ stran\v{e}}%
213
       \def\reftextafter
                            {na n'a-sle-du-j'i c'i\ stranv{e}}%
214
215
       \def\reftextbefore
                            {na p\v{r}ed\-choz\'i\ stran\v{e}}%
216
       \def\reftextcurrent
                            {na t\'eto stran\v{e}}%
       \def\reftextfaraway#1{na stran\v{e}~\pageref{#1}}%
217
       \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{na stran\'ach~\pageref{#1}\--\pageref{#2}}%
218
       219
220
Defaults for Danish provided by Torsten Martinsen (tmar91@kom.auc.dk). Fur-
ther defaults by Ole Laursen (olau@hardworking.dk).
221 \DeclareOption{danish}
    {\vref@addto\extrasdanish{%
222
       \def\reftextfaceafter {p\aa{} \reftextvario{modst\aa ende}%
223
                                                 {n\ae ste} side}%
224
       \def\reftextfacebefore{p\aa{} \reftextvario{modst\aa ende}%
225
226
                                                 {forrige} side}%
227
       \def\reftextafter
                            {p\aa{} \reftextvario{den f\o lgende}%
228
                                                 {n\ae ste} side}%
       \def\reftextbefore
                            {p\aa{} \reftextvario{forrige side}
229
                                                 {foreg\aa ende side}}%
230
                            {p\aa{} denne side}%
231
       \def\reftextcurrent
```

```
\def\reftextfaraway#1{p\aa{} side~\pageref{#1}}%
232
       \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{p\aa{} side~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
233
       \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} til~\ref{#2}}%
234
235
    }}
```

Default string for dutch have been contributed by Frank Poppe (POPPE@SWOV.NL). This option currently supports one additional string macro \refpagename so that you can easily change to bladzijde instead of pagina if you prefer this word for "page". However, I will not guarantee that this will survive future versions of this package, so use it on your own risk (you can always update the full strings to be on the safe side).

```
236 \DeclareOption{dutch}
     {\vref@addto\extrasdutch{%
237
238
       \def\refpagename{pagina}%
       \def\reftextfaceafter {op de \reftextvario{rechter \refpagename}}%
239
                                               {\refpagename\ hiernaast}}%
240
       \def\reftextfacebefore{op de \reftextvario{linker \refpagename}%
241
242
                                              {\refpagename\ hiernaast}}%
       \def\reftextafter
243
                              {op de \reftextvario{volgende \refpagename}}%
                                                   {\refpagename\ hierna}}%
244
245
       \def\reftextbefore
                              {op de \reftextvario{vorige \refpagename}%
246
                                               {\refpagename\ hiervoor}}%
                              {op deze \refpagename}%
247
       \def\reftextcurrent
       \def\reftextfaraway#1{op \refpagename~\pageref{#1}}%
248
```

Concerning the next defaults I received the following comment by Frederik Fourry <fouvry@coli.uni-sb.de>: "In the Dutch options (where I can exert a proper language judgement;-), 't/m' is not used in formal (scientific) texts. I would either use '-' or 'tot en met' (the abbreviation written out)."

```
\def\reftextpagerange#1#2{op pagina's~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
       \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1}--\ref{#2}}%
250
251
252 \DeclareOption{english}
     {\vref@addto\extrasenglish{%
254
       \def\reftextfaceafter {on the \reftextvario{facing}{next} page}%
255
       \def\reftextfacebefore{on the \reftextvario{facing}{preceding}
                              page}%
256
       \def\reftextafter
                              {on the \reftextvario{following}{next} page}%
257
       \def\reftextbefore
                              {on the \reftextvario{preceding}{previous} page}%
258
       \def\reftextcurrent
                              {on \reftextvario{this}{the current} page}%
259
260
       \def\reftextfaraway#1{on page~\pageref{#1}}%
       \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{on pages~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
261
262
       \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} to~\ref{#2}}%
    }}
263
```

The esperanto strings were suggested by Albert Reiner (areiner@tph.tuwien.ac.at).

```
264 \DeclareOption{esperanto}
265
     {\vref@addto\extrasesperanto{%
       \def\reftextfaceafter{en la
266
           \reftextvario{flanka}{sekva} pa\^go}%
267
       \def\reftextfacebefore{en la
268
           \reftextvario{flanka}{anta\u ua} pa\^go}%
269
270
       \def\reftextafter{en la sekva pa\^go}%
```

249

```
\def\reftextbefore{en la anta\u ua pa\^go}%
271
       \def\reftextcurrent{\reftextvario{\^ci-pa\^ge}%
272
           en \ \dot pa^go}%
273
       \def\reftextfaraway#1{en pa\^go~\pageref{#1}}%
274
       \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{en pa\^goj~\pageref{#1} \^gis \pageref{#2}}%
275
       \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} \^gis~\ref{#2}}%
276
277
The finnish strings were suggested by Matti Rintala (bitti@cs.tut.fi) and
Hillevi Gavel Hillevi.Gavel@mdh.se.
278 \DeclareOption{finnish}
279
     {\vref@addto\extrasfinnish{%
280
       \def\reftextfaceafter {\reftextvario{viereisell\"a}%
281
                                           {seuraavalla} sivulla}%
282
       \def\reftextfacebefore{\reftextvario{viereisell\"a}%
                                           {edellisell\"a} sivulla}%
283
       \def\reftextafter
                             {seuraavalla sivulla}%
284
285
       \def\reftextbefore
                             {edellisell\"a sivulla}%
       \def\reftextcurrent
                             {t\"all\"a sivulla}%
286
       \def\reftextfaraway#1{sivulla~\pageref{#1}}%
287
        \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{sivuilla~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
288
Can't combine numbers with the necessary suffix well.
289
        \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1}--\ref{#2}}%
290
    }}
French defaults are provided by Daniel Flippo (Daniel.Flipo@univ-lille1.fr).
291 \DeclareOption{french}
     {\vref@addto\extrasfrench{%
       \def\reftextfaceafter {page \reftextvario{ci-contre}{suivante}}%
293
294
       \def\reftextfacebefore{page \reftextvario{ci-contre}%
295
                             {pr\'ec\'edente}}%
296
       \def\reftextafter
                             {page suivante}%
297
       \def\reftextbefore
                             {page pr\'ec\'edente}%
       \def\reftextcurrent
                             {de la pr\'esente page}%
298
       \def\reftextfaraway#1{page~\pageref{#1}}%
299
300
       \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{pages~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
       301
302
Galician defaults are provided by Matthias Moebius
(Matthias.Moebius@uni-konstanz.de).
303 \DeclareOption{galician}
304
     {\vref@addto\extrasgalician{%
       \def\reftextfaceafter {na p\'axina oposta}%
305
       \def\reftextfacebefore\reftextfaceafter
306
                             {na p\'axina seguinte}%
       \let\reftextafter
307
       \let\reftextbefore
                             {na p\'axina anterior}%
308
       \def\reftextcurrent
                             {nesta p\'axina}%
309
       \def\reftextfaraway#1{na p\'axina~\pageref{#1}}%
310
311
        \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{%
                   nas p\'axinas~\pageref{#1}-\pageref{#2}}%
312
313
        \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} a~\ref{#2}}%
    }}
314
```

There are no good variants for German (I think and still think but this is a matter of taste:-). The following definitions were recently suggested to me but since the original are in for a long time i don't want to change them now since that could make a lot of documents change their formatting. If you fancy them, add a redefinition of the corresponding macro(s) to the preamble of your document.

```
\def\reftextfaceafter {auf der \reftextvario
           {gegen\"uberliegenden}{anderen} Seite}%
     \def\reftextfacebefore {auf der \reftextvario
           {gegen\"uberliegenden}{anderen} Seite}%
                           {auf der \reftextvario
     \def\reftextafter
           {n\"achsten}{folgenden} Seite}%
     \def\reftextbefore
                           {auf der \reftextvario
           {vorigen}{vorhergehenden} Seite}%
                           {\reftextvario
     \def\reftextcurrent
           {auf dieser}{diese} Seite}%
315 \DeclareOption{german}
     {\vref@addto\extrasgerman{%
316
       \def\reftextfaceafter {auf der n\"achsten Seite}%
317
318
       \def\reftextfacebefore{auf der vorherigen Seite}%
319
       \let\reftextafter
                              \reftextfaceafter
320
       \let\reftextbefore
                              \reftextfacebefore
321
       \def\reftextcurrent
                            {auf dieser Seite}%
       \def\reftextfaraway#1{auf Seite~\pageref{#1}}%
322
323
       \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{auf den Seiten~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
324
       \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} bis~\ref{#2}}%
325
    }}
The ngerman defaults are the same but needed for "Neue Rechtschreibung" (i.e.,
a different set of hyphenation patterns).
326 \DeclareOption{ngerman}
     {\vref@addto\extrasngerman{%
327
       \def\reftextfaceafter {auf der n\"achsten Seite}%
328
       \def\reftextfacebefore{auf der vorherigen Seite}%
329
                             \reftextfaceafter
330
       \let\reftextafter
331
       \let\reftextbefore
                              \reftextfacebefore
332
       \def\reftextcurrent {auf dieser Seite}%
       \def\reftextfaraway#1{auf Seite~\pageref{#1}}%
333
       \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{auf den Seiten~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
334
335
       \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} bis~\ref{#2}}%
336
Defaults for greek suggested by Apostolos Syropoulos
 (apostolo@obelix.ee.duth.gr).
337 \DeclareOption{greek}
     {\vref@addto\extrasgreek{%
339
       \def\reftextfaceafter {sthn \reftextvario{paro'usa}%
340
                               {ep'omenh} sel'ida}%
       \def\reftextfacebefore{sthn \reftextvario{paro'usa}{prohgo'umenh}
341
                               sel'ida}%
342
                              {sthn ep'omenh sel'ida}%
       \def\reftextafter
343
       \def\reftextbefore
                              {sthn prohgo'umenh sel'ida}%
344
       \def\reft.ext.current
                             {s'' aut'h th sel'ida}%
345
346
       \def\reftextfaraway#1{sth sel'ida\nobreakspace\pageref{#1}}%
```

```
\def\reftextpagerange#1#2{stis sel'ides\nobreakspace
347
                              \pageref{#1}---\pageref{#2}}%
348
       \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} ws\nobreakspace\ref{#2}}%
349
350
     }}
Iselandic defaults suggested by Thorhallur Sverrisson (thorhs@basis.is).
351 \DeclareOption{icelandic}
     {\vref@addto\extrasicelandic{%
353
       \def\reftextfaceafter {\'\{a} \reftextvario\{n\\ae\}stu\\%
354
                                                   {n{\langle ae \}} s' {i}{\langle dh \}} u}
       \def\reftextfacebefore{\'{a} \reftextvario{fyrri}%
355
                                                   {fyrri} s'_{i}{\langle dh}_{u}%
356
       \def\reftextafter
                              {\'{a} \reftextvario{n{\ae}stu}%
357
                                                   {n{\langle ae \}} s' {i}{\langle dh \}} u}
358
359
       \def\reftextbefore
                              {\'{a} \reftextvario{fyrri}{fyrri} s\'{i}{\dh}u}%
       \def\reftextcurrent
                              {\'{a} \reftextvario{{\th}essari}%
360
                                                   {\{\th\}essari\} s'\{i\}{\dh}u}%
361
       362
       \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{\'{a} s\'{i}{\dh}um~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
363
       \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} til~\ref{#2}}%
364
365
Defaults for Italian suggested by Giovanni Pensa (pensa@dsi.unimi.it) with
iT<sub>F</sub>Xnici.
366 \DeclareOption{italian}
     {\vref@addto\extrasitalian{%
367
       \def\reftextfaceafter {\reftextvario{a fronte}%
368
                               {nella pagina successiva}}%
369
       \def\reftextfacebefore{\reftextvario{a fronte}%
370
                               {nella pagina precedente}}%
371
372
       \def\reftextafter
                              {nella pagina \reftextvario{seguente}%
373
                               {successiva}}%
       \def\reftextbefore
                              {nella pagina precedente}%
374
       \def\reftextcurrent
                              {in questa pagina}%
375
       \def\reftextfaraway#1{a pagina~\pageref{#1}}%
376
       \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{nelle pagine~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
377
       \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{da~\ref{#1} a~\ref{#2}}%
378
     }}
379
Defaults for Hungarian by Jeff Goldberg (jeffrey@goldmark.org). There is a
problem with the use of the definite article a or az in Hungarian before expansions
```

Defaults for Hungarian by Jeff Goldberg (jeffrey@goldmark.org). There is a problem with the use of the definite article a or az in Hungarian before expansions of \vref or \ref. The problem is that the word should be az if the number following would begin with a vowel if spelled out, and a if the number would begin with a consonant.

The option assumes that there is a command **\aza** defined which helps resolving this problem. 1

```
380 \DeclareOption{magyar}
381 {\vref@addto\extrasmagyar{%}
382 \def\reftextafter {a k\"o\-vet\-kez\H{o} ol\-da\-lon}%
383 \def\reftextbefore{az el\H{o}\-z\H{o} ol\-da\-lon}%
384 \def\reftextfaceafter {\reftextvario{a t\'ul\-ol\-da\-lon}%
385 {a k\"o\-vet\-kez\H{o} ol\-da\-lon}}%
```

¹This information is actually quite old but unfortunately never made it into varioref. In case any work has been undertaken to resolve this please inform the author about it.

```
\def\reftextfacebefore{\reftextvario{a t\'ul\-ol\-da\-lon}%
386
                              {az el\H{o}\-z\H{o} ol\-da\-lon}}%
387
       \def\reftextcurrent
                             {ezen az ol\-da\-lon}%
388
The following suggested patch has not been added yet (pending changes in babel
system).
     \def\reftextfaraway#1{a~\csname @@magyar@az@lowxu\endcsname
                                                  {\text{pageref}}. \ol\-da\-lon}%
     \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{a~\csname @@magyar@az@lowxu\endcsname
                                                          {\pageref{#1}}%
       --\pageref{#2}.~ol\-da\-la\-kon}%
     \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{{}\csname @@magyar@told\endcsname\ref{#1}+tol
       \ref{#2}-ig}% Dat: '{}' is here for anti-\capitalize
389
       \def\reftextfaraway#1{\aza{\pageref{#1}} \pageref{#1}.~ol\-da\-lon}%
       \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{\vref@stringwarning\reftextpagerange
390
                                  on pages~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
391
392
       \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\vref@stringwarning\reflabelpagerange
                                   ref{#1} to^ref{#2}}%
393
      }%
394
The \AtBeginDocument needs to be executed when the option is processed and
not inside the babel interface.
395
      \AtBeginDocument{\providecommand\aza[1]{a/az%
396
          \PackageError{varioref}{%
            Proper definition for command \noexpand\aza missing}%
397
           {You need to (re)define the command \noexpand\aza that
398
            takes one argument (a number or a \noexpand\pageref command)
399
            and produces the string 'a' or 'az' depending on the argument
400
            value. It should also accept an optional argument (default '1')
401
402
            to denote whether or not the string should be lowercase or
403
            uppercase.}}}%
     }
404
The Norwegian and 'nynorsk' translations have been provided by Dag F Langmyhr
<dag@ifi.uio.no> and Karl Ove Hufthammer <huftis@bigfoot.com>.
405 \DeclareOption{norsk}
406
     {\vref@addto\extrasnorsk{%
407
       \def\reftextfaceafter {p\aa{} neste side}%
       \def\reftextfacebefore{p\aa{} forrige side}%
408
       \def\reftextafter
                             {p\aa{} neste side}%
409
                             {p\aa{} forrige side}%
410
       \def\reftextbefore
                             {p\aa{} denne siden}%
411
       \def\reftextcurrent
       \def\reftextfaraway#1{p\aa{} side~\pageref{#1}}%
412
413
       \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{p\aa{} side~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
414
       \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} til~\ref{#2}}%
    }}
415
416 \DeclareOption{nynorsk}
     {\vref@addto\extrasnynorsk{%
417
       \def\reftextfaceafter {p\aa{} neste side}%
418
419
       \def\reftextfacebefore{p\aa{} f\o{}rre side}%
420
       \def\reftextafter
                             {p\aa{} neste side}%
421
       \def\reftextbefore
                             {p\aa{} f\o{}rre side}%
```

{p\aa{} denne sida}%

\def\reftextfaraway#1{p\aa{} side~\pageref{#1}}%

\def\reftextcurrent

422 423

```
\def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} til~\ref{#2}}%
426
The polish translations have been provided by Tomasz Michniewski
<tomekm@ias.wat.waw.pl>. The use of the command \eob and aob etc. requires
appropriate definitions as provided, for example, by the babel system. This should
probably be handled differently but it would require modifications in babel's lan-
guage support.
427 \DeclareOption{polish}
     {\vref@addto\extraspolish{%
428
       \def\reftextfaceafter {na \reftextvario{s\aob{}siedniej}%
429
                                       {nast\eob{}pnej} stronie}%
430
       \def\reftextfacebefore{na \reftextvario{s\aob{}siedniej}%
431
                                       {poprzedniej} stronie}%
432
       \def\reftextafter
                              {na nast\eob{}pnej stronie}%
433
       \def\reftextbefore
                              {na poprzedniej stronie}%
434
       \def\reftextcurrent
                              {na \reftextvario{tej
435
                               samej}{bie\zkb{}\aob{}cej} stronie}%
436
437
       \def\reftextfaraway#1{na stronie~\pageref{#1}}%
       \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{na stronach~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
438
       \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{od~\ref{#1} do~\ref{#2}}%
439
    }}
440
The portuguese default text has been provided by José Carlos Oliveira Santos
jcsantos@fc.up.pt.
441 \DeclareOption{portuges}
     {\vref@addto\extrasportuges{%
443
       \def\reftextfaceafter {na \reftextvario{p\'agina ao lado}{pr\'oxima
444
                               p\'agina}}%
       \def\reftextfacebefore{na p\'agina \reftextvario{ao lado}{anterior}}%
445
       \def\reftextafter
                              {na \reftextvario{p\'agina seguinte}{pr\'oxima
446
                               p\'agina}}%
447
       \def\reftextbefore{na p\'agina \reftextvario{anterior}{precedente}}%
448
       \def\reftextcurrent
                             {nesta p\'agina}%
449
450
       \def\reftextfaraway#1{na p\'agina~\pageref{#1}}%
        \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{nas p\'aginas~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
451
        \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} a~\ref{#2}}%
452
     }}
453
454 \DeclareOption{romanian}
     {\vref@addto\extrasromanian{%
455
       \def\reftextfaceafter {pe pagina \reftextvario{opus\u{a}}{urm\u{a}toarei}}%
456
       \def\reftextfacebefore{pe pagina \reftextvario{opus\u{a}}{precedentei}}%
457
       \def\reftextafter
                              {\reftextvario{pe pagina urm\u{a}toare}%
458
                                             {pe urm\u{a}toarea pagin\u{a}}}%
459
       \def\reftextbefore
                              {pe pagina \reftextvario{dinaintea}{
460
                               precedentei}}%
461
       \def\reftextcurrent
                              {pe aceast\u{a} pagin\u{a}}%
462
463
       \def\reftextfaraway#1{pe pagina~\pageref{#1}}%
       \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{pe paginile~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
464
       \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} la~\ref{#2}}%
465
```

\def\reftextpagerange#1#2{p\aa{} side~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%

424

425

}}

466

The text for russian was taken from the book in Russian by I. A. Kotelnikov

```
and P. Z. Chebotaev, and adapted to the encoding-independent form by Vladimir Volovich (vvv@vsu.ru).
```

```
467 \DeclareOption{russian}
     {\vref@addto\extrasrussian{%
468
       \def\reftextfaceafter{\cyrn\cyra\ \reftextvario{\cyrp\cyrr\cyro
469
         \cyrt\cyri\cyro\cyrp\cyro\cyrl\cyro\cyrn\cyrn\cyro\cyrishrt}%
470
         {\cyrs\cyrl\cyre\cyrd\cyru\cyryu\cyrshch\cyre\cyrishrt}\ \cyrs\cyrt
471
472
         \cyrr\cyra\cyrn\cyri\cyrc\cyre}%
473
       \def\reftextfacebefore{\cyrn\cyra\ \reftextvario{\cyrp\cyrr\cyro
474
         \cyrt\cyri\cyrv\cyro\cyrp\cyro\cyrl\cyro\cyrzh\cyrn\cyro\cyrishrt}%
475
         {\cyrp\cyrr\cyre\cyrd\cyru\cyrshch\cyre\cyrishrt}\
476
         \cyrs\cyrt\cyrr\cyra\cyrn\cyri\cyrc\cyre}%
477
       \def\reftextafter{\cyrn\cyra\ \cyrs\cyrl\cyre\cyrd\cyru\cyryu\cyrshch
478
         \cyre\cyrishrt\ \cyrs\cyrt\cyrr\cyra\cyrn\cyri\cyrc\cyre}%
       \def\reftextbefore{\cyrn\cyra\ \reftextvario{\cyrp\cyrr\cyre\cyrd
479
         \cyrsh\cyre\cyrt\cyrv\cyru\cyryu\cyrshch\cyre\cyrishrt}%
480
         {\cyrp\cyrr\cyre\cyrd\cyru\cyru\cyrshch\cyre\cyrishrt}%
481
         \\cyrs\cyrr\cyra\cyrn\cyri\cyrc\cyre}%
482
483
       \def\reftextcurrent{\cyrn\cyra\ \reftextvario{\cyrerev\cyrt\cyro
484
         \cyrishrt}{\cyrd\cyrn\cyrn\cyro\cyrishrt}\ \cyrs\cyrt\cyrr
485
         \cyra\cyrn\cyri\cyrc\cyre}%
       \def\reftextfaraway#1{\cyrn\cyra\ \cyrs.~\pageref{#1}}%
486
       \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{\cyrn\cyra\ \cyrs\cyrt\cyrr\cyra\cyrn
487
488
         \cyri\cyrc\cyra\cyrh~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
       \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\cyrs~\ref{#1}\ \cyrp\cyro~\ref{#2}}%
489
    }}
490
The text for slovak defaults was contributed by Miroslav Sedivy
(<miro@slovensko.com>).
491 \DeclareOption{slovak}
     {\vref@addto\extrasslovak{%
493
       \def\reftextfaceafter {na \reftextvario{proti\v lahlej}%
494
                             {nasleduj\'ucej} strane}%
495
       \def\reftextfacebefore{na \reftextvario{proti\v lahlej}%
                             {predch\'adzaj\'ucej} strane}%
496
       \def\reftextafter
                             {na \reftextvario{nasleduj\'ucej}%
497
                             {\v dal\v sej} strane}%
498
       \def\reftextbefore
                             {na \reftextvario{predch\'adzaj\'ucej}%
499
500
                             {predo\v slej} strane}%
501
       \def\reftextcurrent
                             {na tejto strane}%
502
       \def\reftextfaraway#1{na strane~\pageref{#1}}%
       \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{na stran\'ach~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
503
       \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} a\v z~\ref{#2}}%
504
505
The text for slovene defaults was contributed by Roman Maurer
(<roman.maurer@amis.net>).
506 \DeclareOption{slovene}
507
     {\vref@addto\extrasslovene{%
       \def\reftextfaceafter {na naslednji strani}%
508
       \def\reftextfacebefore{na prej\v{s}nji strani}%
509
                             \reftextfaceafter
510
       \let\reftextafter
       \let\reftextbefore
                             \reftextfacebefore
511
                             {na \reftextvario{tej}{trenutni} strani}%
512
       \def\reftextcurrent
```

```
\def\reftextfaraway#1{na strani~\pageref{#1}}%
513
       \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{na straneh~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
514
       \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{od~\ref{#1} do~\ref{#2}}%
515
    }}
516
Text for spanish defaults was contributed by Julio Sanchez (jsanchez@gmv.es)
and Fernando Dobladez (<ferd@fuego.com>).
517 \DeclareOption{spanish}
     {\vref@addto\extrasspanish{%
       \def\reftextfaceafter {en la p\'agina siguiente}%
519
       \def\reftextfacebefore{en la p\'agina anterior}%
520
       \let\reftextafter
                             \reftextfaceafter
521
522
       \let\reftextbefore
                             \reftextfacebefore
523
       \def\reftextcurrent
                             {en esta p\'agina}%
524
       \def\reftextfaraway#1{en la p\'agina~\pageref{#1}}%
       \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{en las p\'aginas~\pageref{#1}%
525
                                                -\pageref{#2}}%
526
       527
    }}
528
The text for swedish was contributed by Mats Dahlgren (matsd@sssk.se).
529 \DeclareOption{swedish}
     {\vref@addto\extrasswedish{%
        \def\reftextfaceafter {p\aa\ \reftextvario{motst\aa ende}%
531
532
                                                {n}^{a}sta} sida}%
533
        \def\reftextfacebefore{p\aa\ \reftextvario{motst\aa ende}%
534
                                         {f\"{o}reg\aa ende} sida}%
        \def\reftextafter
                              {p\a} \rule {f}^{0}\jande}%
535
                                               {n\"\{a\}sta\}\ sida}%
536
        \def\reftextbefore
                              {p\aa\ f\"{o}reg\aa ende sida}%
537
        \def\reftextcurrent
                              {p\aa\ denna sida}%
538
        \def\reftextfaraway#1{p\aa\ sidan~\pageref{#1}}%
539
540
        \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{p\aa\
                                  sidorna~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
541
542
        \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} till~\ref{#2}}%
    }}
543
544 \DeclareOption{turkish}
     {\vref@excuse{turkish}%
545
      \vref@addto\extrasturkish{%
546
       \def\reftextfaceafter {on the \reftextvario{facing}{next} page}%
547
       \def\reftextfacebefore{on the \reftextvario{facing}{preceding}
548
549
                              page}%
       \def\reftextafter
                             {on the \reftextvario{following}{next} page}%
550
       \def\reftextbefore
                             {on the \reftextvario{preceding}{previous} page}%
551
       \def\reftextcurrent
                             {on \reftextvario{this}{the current} page}%
552
553
       \def\reftextfaraway#1{on page~\pageref{#1}}%
       \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{on pages~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
554
       \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\ref{#1} to~\ref{#2}}%
555
    }}
556
The text for Ukrainian defaults was contributed by Mykola Lyakhovych
 (<lyakhovych@mail.ru>).
557 \DeclareOption{ukrainian}
      {\vref@addto\extrasukrainian{%
559
        \def\reftextfaceafter{\cyrn\cyra\ \reftextvario{\cyrp\cyrr\cyro
```

```
\cyrt\cyri\cyre\cyrzh\cyrn\cyrii\cyrishrt}%
560
          {\cyrn\cyra\cyrt\cyru\cyrp\cyrn\cyrii\cyrishrt}\ \cyrs\cyrt
561
          \cyro\cyrr\cyri\cyrn\cyrc\cyrii}%
562
        \def\reftextfacebefore{\cyrn\cyra\ \reftextvario{\cyrp\cyrr\cyro
563
          \cyrt\cyri\cyre\cyrzh\cyrn\cyrii\cyrishrt}%
564
          {\cyrp\cyro\cyre\cyrr\cyre\cyrd\cyrn\cyrii\cyrishrt}\
565
          \cyrs\cyrt\cyro\cyrr\cyrii\cyrn\cyrc\cyrii}%
566
        \def\reftextafter{\cyrn\cyra\\cyrn\cyra\cyrs\cyrt\cyru\cyrn\cyrn
567
          \cyrii\cyrishrt\ \cyrs\cyrt\cyro\cyrr\cyrii\cyrn\cyrc\cyrii}%
568
569
        \def\reftextbefore{\cyrn\cyra\ \cyrp\cyro\cyrp\cyre\cyrr\cyre\cyrd
          \cyrn\cyrii\cyrishrt\ \cyrs\cyrt\cyro\cyrr\cyrii\cyrn\cyrc\cyrii}%
570
        \def\reftextcurrent{\cyrn\cyra\ \reftextvario{\cyrc\cyrii\cyrishrt}%
571
          {\cyrd\cyra\cyrn\cyrii\cyrishrt}\ \cyrs\cyrt\cyro\cyrr\cyrii\cyrn
572
          \cyrc\cyrii}%
573
        \def\reftextfaraway#1{\cyrn\cyra\ \cyrs.~\pageref{#1}}%
574
        \def\reftextpagerange#1#2{\cyrn\cyra\ \cyrs\cyrt\cyro\cyrr\cyrii
575
          \cyrn\cyrk\cyra\cyrh~\pageref{#1}--\pageref{#2}}%
576
577
        \def\reftextlabelrange#1#2{\cyrz~\ref{#1}\ \cyrd\cyro~\ref{#2}}%
578
```

We support francais as an alternative to french since people might be used to it, but we discurrage it.

```
579 \DeclareOption{francais}{%
580 \typeout{Please use 'french' instead of 'francais'}%
581 \ExecuteOptions{french}}
582 \DeclareOption{germanb}{%
583 \typeout{Please use 'german' instead of 'germanb'}%
584 \ExecuteOptions{german}}
```

During document preparation errors due to \vref are usually of not much interest. For this reason the draft option turns them into warnings by issuing a \vrefwarning command. The final option (default) stops with an error message when varioref detects a possible loop.

```
585 \DeclareOption{draft}{\AtEndOfPackage\vrefwarning}
586 \DeclareOption{final}{\AtEndOfPackage\vrefshowerrors} % the default
```

After all options are declared we execute the default option english to set up the defaults and then call \ProcessOptions* to handle any option passed to the package. The star form is used since we want to execute the options in the order they are given (in case this isn't used together with the babel package).

```
587 \ExecuteOptions{english,final}
588 \ProcessOptions*
```

7.2 Defining the main macros

\vr@cnt To generate new labels we use a counter and construct the internal label names by prefixing the current counter value with the string vr@. We need a LATEX counter to get \includes handled correctly.

589 \newcounter{vrcnt}

\vpageref
\vp@geref

The command \vpageref generates the appropriate string by first parsing the optional arguments (if any) and then compares the internal and the user label. This command should be robust since the user might put it anywhere.

We now start by scanning for a star which means: do not add a space in front of the generated text—ever.

 $590 \verb|\DeclareRobustCommand\vpageref{Qifstar}|$

591 {\let\vref@space\relax\vp@geref}%

592 {\let\vref@space\space\vp@geref}}

593 \def\vp@geref{\@ifnextchar[%

The default for the first optional argument is the string hidden in the macro \reftextcurrent.

```
594 \@vpageref{\@vpageref[\reftextcurrent]}%
595}
```

\vref@space

A default for \wref@space. This isn't really needed except in the case that somebody has hooked into the varioref interfaces at a lower level (which isn't really supported, but...). So giving a default will prevent an error message in that case (and should hopefully produce the same behavior as before).

596 \let\vref@space\space

\Ovpageref More parsing...

597 \def\@vpageref[#1]{\@ifnextchar[%

The default for the second optional argument is a space which is prefixed by \unskip to get rid of any leading space inserted already.

```
598 {\@@vpageref{#1}}{\@@vpageref{#1}[\unskip\vref@space]}}
```

\@@vpagere:

The \@@vpageref macro finally generates the references by comparing the value of an internal label with the value of the user label.

```
599 \def\@@vpageref#1[#2]#3{%
```

First it switches to horizontal mode if necessary and also removes any leading space.

600 \leavevmode\unskip

Then it advances the counter $\colon colon colon colon by one which is used to generate internal label names.$

```
601 \global\advance\c@vrcnt\@ne
```

Then it checks if for the current value of \c@vrcnt a label command was issued in the last run. If not it pretends that there was one with the value {??}{??}. Thereafter it stores the pageref value for this label in the macro \@tempa.

```
602 \vref@pagenum\@tempa{\the\c@vrcnt @vr}%
```

Here we check that the generated text is not going across a page boundary.

```
003 \vref@pagenum\@tempb{\the\c@vrcnt @xvr}%
```

In version 1.0l the label string has been turned around so that the number comes first. This was done to allow easy explicit expansion of the number before it is passed to the \label command. In the babel system the argument of label was not expanded with the result that wrong label strings have been generated. This is a general problem that might need a completely different solution in babel but for now the change below (and in some other places in the code) should solve the problem for this special combination of packages.

These days we actually use \wref@label instead of \label as this avoids problems with Babel or amsmath redefining the latter command.

604 \vref@label{\the\c@vrcnt @xvr}%

Inside displays of the amsmath package the \label command is redefined which makes the test for loops incorrect if a \vref is used in, say, \intertext. So we test this condition first and only do the test if \label doesn't have a special meaning. [This is no longer necessary as \label isn't used any more]

```
605 % \ifx\label\label@in@display\else
606 \ifx\@tempa\@tempb\else
```

If both points do not fall onto the same page with either issue an error or a warning message.

```
607 \vref@err{\noexpand\vref or \noexpand\vpageref at page boundary
608 \@tempb-\@tempa\space (may loop)%
609 }%
610 \fi
611 % \fi
```

Same game for the user requested label; this time the page reference is saved in \thevpagerefnum.

```
612 \vrefpagenum\thevpagerefnum{#3}%
```

Now after the internal label has served its purpose if would be nice to free the memory it occupies by using something like

```
\global\expandafter\let \csname r@\the\c@vrcnt @vr\endcsname\@empty
```

But this is not possible because it would result in getting 'Labels may have changed...' warnings for every run. Now we are ready to produce the textual strings. Since we have removed any leading space we now insert a space (unless this was the star form of the command) and then compare the two page references.

```
613 \vref@space
614 \ifx\@tempa\thevpagerefnum
```

If they are the same we insert the first argument into the input stream. Otherwise we insert the second argument. Recall that those are the two optional arguments of However, if the user explicitly requested an empty text string using the optional argument we cancel any preceding space.

```
615
        \def\@tempc{#1}%
616
        \ifx\@tempc\@empty
617
            \unskip
618
        \else
619
            #1%
        \fi
620
621
      \else
        #2%
622
```

Now we check if the page number of the referenced object (stored in \thevpagerefnum is a single positive number.

```
623 \is@pos@number\thevpagerefnum
624 {%
```

If so, we check if the current position (stored in **\Qtempa**) is a positive number. If this is the case we assign this number to the counter register **\Qtempcnta** and add one to it.

```
625 \is@pos@number\@tempa
626 {\@tempcnta\@tempa
627 \advance\@tempcnta\@ne
```

```
628 }%
```

If it is not a positive number we assign the largest possible number to **\Otempcnta** and thereby pretending that label and reference are miles away from each other.

```
629 {\@tempcnta\maxdimen}%
```

Now we are ready to check if reference and object are on nearby pages. \thevpagerefnum will expand to the page number of the object (and we know that this is a number) and \@tempcnta is either one higher than the reference page or completely out of bounds. So if both represend the same value then the object lies one page after its reference.

```
630 \ifnum \thevpagerefnum =\@tempcnta
```

Thus if the object falls onto an odd page then the reference is on the facing even page (and so we insert \reftextfaceafter), otherwise the object can not be seen from the reference (and we in insert \reftextafter). Don't be surprised if we are not using \thevpagerefnum in the check. Since \@tempcnta has the same value it is faster to use the register instead of parsing the macro contents anew.

```
\ifodd\@tempcnta
```

In fact we are going to use \reftextfaceafter only if we are doing two-sided printing, otherwise \reftextafter is always used. Since the value of \if@twoside is evaluated before reading in packages we could do better (saving some tokens) by defining the current macro in dependence of this boolean.

```
632 \if@twoside
633 \reftextfaceafter
634 \else
635 \reftextafter
636 \fi
637 \else
638 \reftextafter
639 \fi
```

If the object is not on the page following the reference we check if it is on the page before the reference. In LATEX this situation is not too common, for example with floats it normally does not occur, but of course it isn't impossible if you more than one reference to the same object, or if you have back references to sections, theorems, etc. To test this we now substract two from the current value of \@tempcnta (which was set to one higher as the reference page number). Note, that substraction is also possible if the value was \maxdimen — we still get something that is much larger than any sensible page number.

```
640 \else
641 \advance\@tempcnta-2
```

If now \thevpagerefnum and \@tempcnta have the same value then the object lies one page before the reference.

```
642 \ifnum \thevpagerefnum =\@tempcnta
```

Again we have to check for odd or even pages to distinguish between the facing and the non-facing situation.

```
643 \ifodd\@tempcnta
644 \reftextbefore
645 \else
```

Again the \reftextfacebefore only if Otwoside evaluates to true.

```
646 \if@twoside
647 \reftextfacebefore
648 \else
649 \reftextbefore
650 \fi
651 \fi
```

If the above test also returns false then we have object and references on pages which are far away or don't contain simple page numbers. Therefore we generate the \reftextfaraway string. Recall that this is a macro which has the user label as an argument.

```
652 \else
653 \reftextfaraway{#3}%
654 \fi
655 \fi
656 }%
```

We do the same if our first test (that the page with the object has a positive page number) turns out to be false.

```
657 {\reftextfaraway{#3}}%
```

Finally we generate the internal label so that it can be check on the next run. This means that we compare the position after the string with the position of the referenced object. There is one thing to note: to conserve space we locally make \@currentlabel empty since we are only interested in the page number value of this internal label.

These days we actually use \vref@label instead of \label as this avoids problems with Babel or amsmath redefining the latter command.

```
659 \vref@label{\the\c@vrcnt @vr}%
660 }
```

\vref@label

This macro is like \label in the kernel but without passing on \@currentlabel, ie useful if all we are interested in is the page number. It also has the effect that it is uneffected by amsmath or Babel redefining the \label command.

```
661 \def\vref@label#1{\@bsphack
662 \protected@write\@auxout{}%
663 {\string\newlabel{#1}{{\thepage}}}%
664 \@esphack}
```

\vpagerefnum

This macro allows to define \reftextafter and friends to refer to the page number rather than producing a textual reference.

```
665 \ \text{let}\
```

\vrefwarning \vrefshowerrors \vref@err When the \vref command detects a possible crossing over a page boundary it will call \vref@err to generate an error message. During document preparation one can turn such errors into warnings by issuing a \vrefwarning declaration.

```
666 \end{array} \label{lem:condition} $666 \end{array} $$ \end{array}
```

```
667 \def\vrefshowerrors{\def\vref@err##1{\PackageError{varioref}{##1}% 668 {Please check the pages in question. You might need to replace 669 the \string\vref\MessageBreak 670 or \noexpand\vpageref by a normal \noexpand\(page)ref to 671 stop LaTeX running forever.}}}
```

\vref We start by scanning for a star form in which case we do not put any space before the generated text (only remove some).

\vr@f

672 \DeclareRobustCommand\vref{\@ifstar 673 {\let\vref@space\relax\vr@f}% 674 {\let\vref@space\nobreakspace\vr@f}}

And now we do the real work...

675 \def\vr@f#1{%

The use of\nobreakspace or ~ after the \unskip means that this command will always produce a normal space while something like \nobreak\space will react to settings of \nonfrenchspacing. Unfortunately the latter will also act in cases where one really wants a normal space, e.g., in Fig.~\vref{..}, resulting in a large extra space after the dot. For this reason the first solution is used.

Above comments all refer to the earlier versions where there was no posibility to suppress the space at all. By now we have \vref* and \vpageref* to suppress the in internally generated space by redefining \vref@space appropriately.

```
676 \leavevmode\unskip\vref@space
677 \ref{#1}%
```

That means we have have to use \vpageref and not the internal \@vpageref — otherwise we would pick up the "current" definition for \vref@space instead of setting it back to \space.

```
678 \vpageref[\unskip]{#1}}
```

\is@pos@number

The utility macro \is@pos@number takes three arguments: a string that is tested for being a valid non-negative integer and the actions to be taken in case the test comes out true or false.

We start by passing the string to the macro \is@pos@num after prefixing it with a O and adding a space after it. To have a well-defined ending point we also add \@nil at the end.

```
679 \def\is@pos@number#1{\is@pos@num0#1\space\@nil}
```

Now we parse the enlarged string into a counter register. To get control back after everything that is regarded by TeX as a number is put into that register we assign \is@pos@num@ to the \afterassignment token. Since the string started with 0, we can be sure that the register assignment will be carried out without an error message. In case of counter assignments leading zeros are discarded.

```
680 \def\is@pos@num{\afterassignment\is@pos@num@ \count@}
```

Now we have to check whether or not the whole string was parsed into that register or some remainder was left over. Since we have added a \@nil token at the very end we can use that to delimit the argument of \is@pos@num@. Note, that the added space in \is@pos@number above gets parsed away by the counter assignment. If it would be missing, and the full string would consist of a number, TeXwould try to replace \@nil by its definition to see if it would contain additional digits and thus we would be in trouble at this point.

681 \def\is@pos@num@#1\@nil{%

Now we have to check if the argument is empty. We can do this with an \ifx (i.e., in an expandable way) since we know for sure that it can not start with \@nil.

```
682 \ifx\@nil#1\@nil
```

Depending on the result we execute the second or third argument of the command \is@pos@number using a technique that removes the \else or \fi from the input stream first, so that in principle input stream parsing could be done from within the arguments.

```
683 \expandafter\@firstoftwo \else
684 \expandafter\@secondoftwo \fi}
```

\reftextvario

This macro gives a little bit of random variation in the text because the outcome depends on the number of \vref commands seen before.

```
685 \def\reftextvario#1#2{\ifodd\c@vrcnt #1\else#2\fi}
```

\fullref And here is the primitive command that always produces a \ref and a \pageref.

686 \def\fullref#1{\ref{#1} \reftextfaraway{#1}}

7.2.1 Supporting ranges

\vref@pagenum

This command takes a label as #1 extracts the page number associated with it and saves the result in a csname which is passed as #1. If the label isn't associated with a page number it essentially associates it with ?? for both the label number and the page, thus defining the label this way. This means that no label warning is generated for this label in case it is undefined.

```
687 \def\vref@pagenum#1#2{%
688 \@ifundefined{r@#2}{\@namedef{r@#2}{{??}}{??}}}}}}
```

Extracting and saving the page number turned out to be a soure of subtle bugs. Initially it was done through an \edef with a bunch of \expandafter commands inside. This posed a problem if the page number itself contained code which needed protection (e.g., pr/4080) so this got changed to use \protected@edef. However, that in turn failed with Babel (pr/4093) if the label contained active characters, e.g., a ":" in French. So now we use even more \expandafter commands to avoid any expansion other than what is absolutely required—I'm sure there is now a simpler way to code this, but ... in fact we didn't use enough initially resulting in another bug (pr/4159):

```
689 \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\vref@Opagenum
690 \csname r0#2\endcsname{}{}\Onil#1%
691 }
692 \def\vref@Opagenum#1#2#3\Onil#4{%
693 \def#4{#2}%
694 }
```

\vrefpagenum

Same as the above but this time we generate a warning for undefined labels.

```
695 \def\vrefpagenum#1#2{%
696 \@ifundefined{r@#2}%
697 {\G@refundefinedtrue
698 \@latex@warning{Reference '#2' on page \thepage \space
699 undefined}}{}%
700 \vref@pagenum{#1}{#2}}
```

\vpagerefrange \@vpagerefrange \@svpagerefrange If both labels refer to the same page then we produce a \vpageref. Otherwise we produce the result of \reftextpagerange.

One could think of making this command even more clever by producing a special string if the difference between the two page number is one (but this is not done).

```
We need two versions to implement a star form:
```

```
701 \newcommand\@svpagerefrange[3][\reftextcurrent]{%
                \vrefpagenum\@tempa{#2}%
           702
           703
                 \vrefpagenum\@tempb{#3}%
           704
                 \ifx\@tempa\@tempb
           705
                   \vpageref*[{#1}]{#2}%
           706
           707
                   \reftextpagerange{#2}{#3}%
           708
                 \fi
           709 }
            And the same but using \vpageref:
           710 \newcommand\@vpagerefrange[3][\reftextcurrent]{%
                 \vrefpagenum\@tempa{#2}%
           712
                 \vrefpagenum\@tempb{#3}%
           713
                 \ifx\@tempa\@tempb
                   \vpageref[{#1}]{#2}%
           714
                 \else
           715
                   \reftextpagerange{#2}{#3}%
           716
           717
                 \fi
           718 }
            And here we put things together.
           719 \newcommand\vpagerefrange{\@ifstar\@svpagerefrange\@vpagerefrange}
\vrefrange
           720 \newcommand\vrefrange[3][\reftextcurrent]
                {\reftextlabelrange{#2}{#3} \vpagerefrange[{#1}]{#2}{#3}}
```

7.3 An extension of counter referencing

\refstepcounter

At the moment a reference to a counter foo will generate the equivalent of \p@foo\thefoo although not quite in this form. For some applications it would be nice of one could have \thefoo being an argument to \p@foo to be able to put material before and after the number generated by \thefoo. This can be easily achieved with a small change to one of the kernel commands as follows:

```
722 \def\refstepcounter#1{\stepcounter{#1}\%
723 \protected@edef\@currentlabel
724 {\csname p@#1\expandafter\endcsname\csname the#1\endcsname}\%
725 }
```

The trick is to ensure that \csname the#1\endcsname is turned into a single token before \p@... is expanded further. This way, if the \p@... command is a macro with one argument it will receive \the.... With the kernel code (i.e., without the \expandafter) it will instead pick up \csname which would be disastrous.

Using \expandafter instead of braces delimiting the argument is better because, assuming that the \p@... command is not defined as a macro with one argument, the braces will stay and prohibit kerning that might otherwise happen between the glyphs generated by \the... and surrounding glyphs.

\labelformat

A shortcut to set the \P 0... macro for a counter. It will pick up the counter representation as an argument so that it can be specially formatted.

726 \def\labelformat#1{\expandafter\def\csname p@#1\endcsname##1}

\Ref This macro expands the result of \ref and then uppercases the first token. Only useful if the label was generated via \labelformat and contains some lower case letter at its start. If the label starts with a complicated construct (e.g., an accented letter) one has to surround everything that needs uppercasing in a brace group in the definition of \labelformat.²

727 \DeclareRobustCommand\Ref[1] {\protected@edef\@tempa{\ref{#1}}% 728 \expandafter\MakeUppercase\@tempa}

\Vref is the counterpart to \vref with \ref replaced by \Ref in its definition.

 $\verb|Vr@f||_{729} \verb|\DeclareRobustCommand| \verb|Vref{@ifstar}|$

730 {\let\vref@space\relax\Vr@f}%

731 {\let\vref@space\nobreakspace\Vr@f}}

732 \def\Vr@f#1{%

733 \leavevmode\unskip\vref@space

734 \Ref{#1}%

735 \vpageref[\unskip]{#1}}

736 (/package)

²There is one problem with this approach: the braces are kept in a normal \ref which might spoil kerning. Perhaps one day this needs redoing.