

## MACHINE LEARNING ENGINEER IN THE GENERATIVE AI ERA

WEEK 7: ALIGNMENT

#### AGENDA

- What is Alignment?
- Reward Models & RLHF
- Preference Data: Collection & Annotation
- DPO, PPO, and the latest: GRPO
- Iterative DPO (Llama-3 style)
- Modern Open-Source Tools
- Project 7 Overview

# WHAT IS ALIGNMENT?

- Alignment ensures the model's outputs reflect human values, intent, and safety.
- Without alignment, LLMs may produce harmful, biased, or useless results.

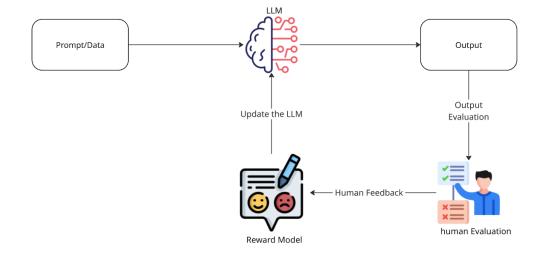


### REWARD MODELS & RLHF (REINFORCEMENT LEARNING FROM HUMAN FEEDBACK)

• **Reward Model:** A model that scores outputs based on human preferences.

#### RLHF Workflow:

- Collect preference data (human feedback on outputs)
- Train reward model on this data
- Optimize LLM using RL (usually PPO)
- RLHF is behind major models (ChatGPT, Claude, Llama-3/4).

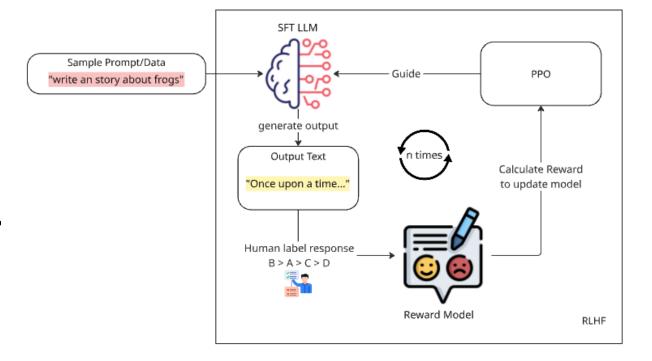


### COLLECTING PREFERENCE DATA

- Data types: Chosen output vs. rejected output (pairs, rankings, thumbs up/down)
- Collection tools:
  - Gradio, Label Studio, Hugging Face Data Lab, Open-Source Uls
  - In-house annotation (Gradio app: label candidate LLM completions)
- Good data = better alignment!

# PPO (PROXIMAL POLICY OPTIMIZATION)

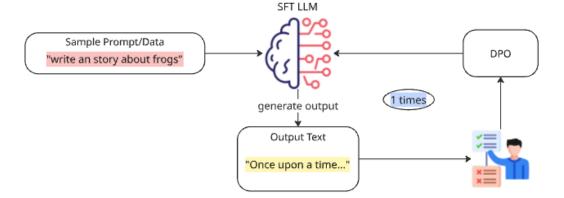
- Classic RL algorithm for LLM alignment.
- How PPO works:
  - LLM generates output
  - Reward model scores it
  - PPO updates LLM to maximize expected reward, with safety constraints
- Used in OpenAl's original RLHF pipeline (ChatGPT paper).



# DPO - THE NEW ALIGNMENT STANDARD

- **DPO**: Aligns models using *pairs of human feedback* ("good" vs. "bad" answers), no reward model or RL needed.
- **Simple**: Just do one round of DPO training—no need for loops or extra labeling.
- **Stronger Results**: DPO models generalize better and are easier to train than PPO/RLHF models.
- · Why switch?
  - Faster and cheaper than PPO/RLHF.
  - Less complexity—no reward tuning or instability.
  - Backed by new research (<u>Anthropic 2024</u>, <u>Stanford 2024</u>).
- Bottom line:

If you want to align your LLM, DPO is now the recommended approach.



## GRPO - THE NEXT STEP IN ALIGNMENT

- GRPO = Generalized Reward Preference Optimization
- All Feedback Types: Trains on pairs, rankings, or even numeric scores—not just "good/bad."
- Built-in Reward Modeling: Learns a reward model and a policy at the same time, more sample-efficient.
- Why GRPO?
  - Handles more kinds of human feedback (flexible!)
  - More stable and often stronger than DPO, especially for tough alignment tasks.
  - Now available in Hugging Face TRL (docs)
- Still new: Fewer open datasets and recipes than DPO, but rapidly improving.
- Bottom line:

GRPO is the most advanced and flexible way to align LLMs with real human preferences

## MODERN OPEN-SOURCE REPOS & ECOSYSTEM

- HuggingFace TRL (transformers-rl): DPO, PPO, SFT, RewardTrainer.
- trix: RLHF and preference-based fine-tuning.
- Label Studio: Build custom data annotation pipelines for preference collection.
- Gradio: Fast UIs for data labeling and feedback.

### ALIGNMENT—KEY TAKEAWAYS

- Alignment is the core of safe, reliable LLMs.
- DPO is the modern standard; PPO and GRPO are powerful alternatives.
- Best practice: Start with open datasets, add your own annotation, iterate with DPO!
- Mastering alignment = unlocking the full power of LLMs for enterprise or research agents.

## REFERENCES & FURTHER READING

- Hugging Face TRL docs
- DPO in Language Model Alignment (UnfoldAl)
- Hugging face GRPO Trainer
- trlx repo
- RLHF(PPO) vs DPO
- DeepSeekMath: Pushing the Limits of Mathematical Reasoning in Open Language Models

### THANK YOU