

THE UNIVERSITY OF ZAMBIA

SCHOOL OF EDUCATION
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATIONAL ADMINISTRATION AND POLICY STUDIES

EDU 1010 – EDUCATION AND DEVELOPMENT IN ZAMBIA

TEST 2

2ND TERM - 2014/2015 ACADEMIC YEAR (REGULAR – STREAM ONE) – 10 HRS TO 12 HRS ON SATURDAY

DURATION: 50 MINUTES

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. There are four (4) sections in this test: A, B, C and D.
- 2. Answer all the questions in the spaces provided.
- 3. There are six (6) printed pages in this test.
- 4. Total marks are 10% of the Course Grade.
- 5. Indicate ALL your particulars without fail

DATE: 30TH MAY, 2015

NAME: COMPUTER NO:
NAME OF TUTOR: TIME:
STREAM COORDINATOR: CELL:

SECTION A: MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (20 MARKS)

CIRCLE THE CORRECT ANSWER

In a meaningful education system, children must be taught from an early age how to nurture and harness □ soft skills □ good command for a mother tongue □ good communication skills □ expert skills
Workers in a particular organisation increase their earning potential by developing and refining their strength intelligence capabilities thinking capacity
A country's economy becomes more productive as the proportion ofworkers increases. educated
Education is described as an agent of in society. wealth schooling politics change
At Independence, in 1964, the new Zambian Government faced a critical shortage of literate men and women skilled human resource leaders to form cabinet food to feed the whole nation
What was the primary provision of the 1966 Education Act to the Zambian Government? ☐ Complete control of educational affairs ☐ Building one secondary school in each district ☐ Implementing the Zambianisation policy in schools and colleges ☐ Building the University of Zambia

Education for development should be about college and university levels meeting the needs of the people international standards a ruralised school curriculum
From the following, which one may not be regarded as an educational policy response to the plight of the underprivileged? ☐ Follow the equity principle in the distribution of the limited educational resources. ☐ Promote a dual education system. ☐ Provide a valid interesting and relevant curriculum. ☐ Increase access to education of good quality for all children.
The fifth National Development Plan ran from: □ 2005 to 2011 □ 2005 to 2010 □ 2010 to 2014 □ 2010 to 2015
The theory that arose as a result of earlier theories of development which held that all societies progress through similar stages of development is □ Dependency theory. □ Modernisation theory. □ Human Capital Theory. □ Sustainable Human Development theory
When was the Focus on Learning document formulated? ☐ 1977 ☐ 2011 ☐ 1992 ☐ 2005
Which of the following is the best way of gender balancing in education? □ Lowering cut-off points for female candidates in schools □ Enrolling more girls and women in learning institutions □ Encouraging boys and girls, women and men to study any subject according to one's ability □ Sponsoring more women and girls for further studies.
 Three of the following are purposes of curriculum diversification except one. Which one is an exception? □ To provide a wide set of future career options than those offered in a more uniform academic curriculum □ To re-orient students' attitudes towards a rural society as they leave school.

	□ to transmit skills and attitudes useful in employment
	☐ To promote education for self reliance.
	In the 1970s, one argument put forward for the curriculum reform in Zambia was that the curriculum
	□ had concentrated much on the individual, rather than an individual being
	committed to developing the country.
	was tailored towards producing high skilled engineers and agriculturists who
	were required to meet post independence needs.
	was not well balanced with practical and religious aspects of education.
	□ had focussed much on the Colonial socialist mode of production.
	•
	Which one of the following is not true about the Girl Child?
	☐ Almost 50% of them are not in school
	☐ Have a higher drop-out rate
	☐ Have a higher completion rate
	☐ Under perform in all public examinations
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	inad rocussed fruction the Colonial socialist mode of production.
П	BESSIP was run from
_	□ 1964 to 1977
	□ 1980 to 1990
	□ 1999 to 2002
	□ 1991 to 2006
	In education, accountability refers to
	☐ the need to ensure the best possible use of available resources
	□ being accountable for your actions
	 ensuring that one is responsible over a country
	□ presiding over a District Education Office.
	Mark CEL & C. W. & ITT. C. IE LEL & II.
	Ministry of Education, Science, Vocational Training and Early Education collects
	data on population through
	☐ District Education Board Secretary ☐ Department of Repulation Studies
	☐ Department of Population Studies
	□ Provincial Education Office □ Directorate of planning
	☐ Directorate of planning

Under ZATEC, student teachers relied very much on supervision from ☐ Head teachers ☐ Mentors ☐ Standards Officers ☐ Donors
SECTION B: FILLING IN THE BLANKS (20 MARKS)
The major challenge for education in Zambia is mostly to do with lack of funding. (1 mark)
The <u>Educating our future</u> is an education policy document that was formulated in 1996. (1 mark)
Participants to the 1990 Jomtein conference agreed to reduce illiteracy by the end of 2000 (1 mark)
Literacy instruction traditionally refers to the teaching of basic literacy skills, reading, writing, <u>listening</u> and <u>speaking</u> . (2 marks)
Information literacy is the ability to access use
analyse, contextualise and results. (2 marks)
The Directorate of and Education in Zambia is also charged with the responsibility of developing adult literacy. (3 marks)
The three broad aspects of human development provided by education are knowledge, skill and (1 mark)
Mention 3 ways in which the Government in Zambia managed to foster development by using education as a tool. (3 marks)

	Equity in education of women reduce the possibilities of and of women. (2 Marks)
Ш	State the four (4) models of curriculum diversification (4 Marks)
SE	CCTION C
IN	DICATE TRUE OR FALSE (10 MARKS)
	A country has to provide an extensive network of Colleges or Universities in order to
	benefit from education
	Equity in education increases national income economic productivity and Gross
	Domestic Product
	Equity encompasses educational programmes, policies and strategies that may be considered fair but not equal
	Countries with greater portion of their population attending and graduating from
	schools see faster economic growth than countries less educated workers.
	Education is an investment in human capital similar to investment in better
	equipment
	SIDA refers to gender equity as a major factor that allows for sustainable
	development
	Functional literacy is related to an occupation in which learners are engaged
	Analphabetism is ability to use literacy skills

Ruralisation is synonymous to living and learning in a school in town
Education development plans in Zambia are expressed in the Education policy documents
CCTION D: WHAT DO THE FOLLOWING ACRONYMS STAND FOR? (5 ARKS)
BESSIP
FAWEZA
NGO
GCE
NORAD

TOTAL: 50 MARKS

THE END – GOOD LUCK!