Requirements Extracted from RFI # CDT-PQVP-0118

This requirements document includes the requirements and traceability information for each requirement. Infiniti's agile development team used this document during the KMT development project to help ensure that we met all of CDT's requirement. This document is a supplement to the Technical Approach document that is stored README.md in Github: https://github.com/infiniticg/Infiniti-KMT

Requirements

In this document we have copied the requirements from the RFI and put them into three overall categories: Functional, Technical, and Project Management. In each category we have list the Requirement from the RFI along with a short description of how we satisfied the requirement (in the column labeled "Traceability"). In addition to using these requirements to set the scope of the prototype project we also developed User Stories, Personas, and developed responses to the US Digital Services Playbook. As part of responding to the US Digital Services Playbook we chose to use a Tax Department as the State Department for our prototype – this allowed us to use former Tax Department employees to define the User Stories and Personas to make the whole project more real and interesting.

Functional Requirements

Number	Category	Requirement Text	Traceability
FR1	Knowledge	Have the ability to easily create "knowledge articles" (KAs).	The ability to create articles is
	Creation		provided by the KMT prototype
FR1.1	Knowledge	Knowledge articles include original records (e.g., specific work instructions	The Infiniti KMT prototype allows
	Creation	or content) and/or packages of content, including documents, user-	documents of various types to be
		configurable forms, tables, and workflows	uploaded (Word, PDF, Videos,etc) as
			well as original content in the form of
			web pages.
FR2	Knowledge	Provide multiple levels and formats of information in KAs (e.g., bullet	The Infiniti KMT prototype allows
	Creation	points for senior technical levels, scripted specific details for junior/non-	multiple levels of formats.
		technical staff)	
FR3	Knowledge	Allow for role-based security access, to allow control of access and level of	The Infiniti KMT prototype provides
	Creation	information by login	role based security that controls
			access to information and
			functionality by login. For example

			Tax Specialist can contribute KAs but Auditors can only search and view KAs.
FR4	Knowledge Sharing	Allow for the promotion of process and information across systems and channels, as required	The Infiniti KMT prototype ???? JOSH TO HANDLE THIS
FR5	Knowledge Sharing	Have the ability to create user-defined rules for creation (e.g., mandatory fields) and lifecycle management (e.g., who, how, when revised and updated)	The Infiniti KMT prototype has the ability to create user defined rules and lifecycle management. The admin user (username: bjensen password: Password1!) has the ability to modify rules and configure workflow.
FR6	Knowledge Sharing	Have the ability to Trigger escalation processes (e.g., automated emails/texts to approvers, reminders) for lifecycle activities	The Infiniti KMT prototype ???? JOSH TO HANDLE THIS
FR6	Knowledge Development	Have the ability to update and improve KAs and access the value of usage as input to predicting new records or record types	The Infiniti KMT prototype contains pre-defined reports that show usage and ??? JOHN TO DEAL WITH THIS ONE: NOT SURE HOW BEST TO DEAL WITH THIS. Either a report or Predictive Analytic/ML
FR7	Knowledge Development	Show innovation by learning from existing records (e.g., types, content, usage) and prompting to create new KAs	The Infiniti KMT prototype ???? JOHN TO DEAL WITH THIS ONE: NOT SURE HOW BEST TO DEAL WITH THIS. Either a report or Predictive Analytic/ML

Technical Requirements

Number	Requirement Text	

TR1	Documentation must show code flow from client UI, to JavaScript library, to REST service to database, pointing to code in the GitHub repository.	See the application architecture document for more details ???
		CARLOS TO DEAL WITH THIS ONE
TR2	Follow the US Digital Services Playbook (visit https://playbook.cio.gov or	To meet this requirement we made a copy of the
	see Attachment 2: US Digital Services Playbook) by providing evidence in the repository	playbook and entered text to describe our approach thereby providing evidence.
TR3	Used at least a minimum of three (3) "user-centric design" techniques and/or tools;	We used the following "user-centric design" techniques: - User Stories (19 Different user stories were developed) - Personas (five different personas were developed for a Tax Department that would use the KMT) Also see file ???? The Personas and User Stories we stored in Confluence and tracked as backlog and in Sprints within Jira.
TR4	Used GitHub to document code commits;	We used GitHub to store source code and document code commits. Here is a link to GitHub: ???
TR5	Used Swagger to document the RESTful API, and provided a link to the Swagger API;	We used Swagger to document the prototypes RESTful API as shown here within GitHub: ???
TR6	Complied with Section 508 of the Americans with Disabilities Act and WCAG 2.0;	The Infiniti KMT prototype ???? JOSH TO HANDLE THIS
TR7	Created or used a design style guide and/or a pattern library;	The Infiniti KMT prototype ????
TR8	Performed usability tests with people;	JOSH TO HANDLE THIS – should be easy. We involved Scott Sanders (former Auditor, Tax Specialist, Hearing Officer), John Gray, Dan Rousseau in usability testing.

TR9	Used an iterative approach, where feedback informed subsequent work or versions of the prototype;	We used an iterative approach following the Agile Methodology. We created a backlog of User Stories and Tasks in Jira and then used three sprints to complete the prototype.
TR10	Created a prototype that works on multiple devices, and presents a responsive design;	The Infiniti KMT prototype ???? JOSH TO HANDLE THIS
TR11	Used at least five (5) modern and open-source technologies, regardless of architectural layer (frontend, backend, etc.);	 The Infiniti KMT prototype uses Equella which is an open source Knowledge Management system as the framework for our KMT. Equella is widely used in the Education sector and Infiniti staff have been involved in the development and implementation of Equella. Equella uses ImageMagick which is a free and open-source software suite for displaying, converting, and editing raster image and vector image files. Equella uses which is a Libav Open source audio and video processing tools. Equella uses Node.js which is an open-source, cross-platform JavaScript run-time environment for executing JavaScript code server-side The prototype database is Postgres which is an open source database. Apache Tomcat is used as the application server.
		7. Jenkins is used to kick off the build process.

TR12	Deployed the prototype on an Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS) or Platform as Service (PaaS) provider, and indicated which provider they used;	The Infiniti KMT Prototype use AWS laaS and PaaS: - When a build is triggered, Jenkins downloads the source files from the GitHub repository. - Tests are automatically run - When the build completes the resulting artifact is a Docker Image. - This Docker image is pushed to AWS ECR (Container Registry) and later pushed to AWS ECS (Elastic Container Service) for Deployment - The Equella Container connects to an AWS RDS DB running PostgreSQL. RDS is AWS's relational database platform as a service
TR13	Developed automated unit tests for their code;	 (PAAS) New Relic Agent is deployed in AWS ECS to monitor application health and performance. Audit trail logs are saved into an AWS S3 bucket in a master account, away from the deployment account, for safe keeping. Resilience is provided by an autoscaling group managed by ECS and a Multi-AZ DB Deployment that is also backed up regularly. See the application architecture document for more details ??? Automated unit tests were developed and run as part of the build initiated by Jenkins. ????

		NEED CARLOS TO DO THIS
TR14	Setup or used a continuous integration system to automate the running of tests and continuously deployed their code to their laaS or PaaS provider;	Infiniti DevOps engineer setup a CI/CD system that automates the running on tests and continuously deploys the KMT app to the AWS ECS and AWS RDS environment including the following: - When a build is triggered, Jenkins downloads the source files from the GitHub repository. - Tests are automatically run - When the build completes the resulting artifact is a Docker Image. - This Docker image is pushed to AWS ECR (Container Registry) and later pushed to AWS ECS (Elastic Container Service) for Deployment - Database updates are deployed to RDS
TR15	Setup or used configuration management;	Configuration management is setup using the Github repository.
TR16	Setup or used continuous monitoring;	Infiniti DevOps engineer setup continuous monitoring using a NewRelic agent that is inside the Docker container.
TR17	Deployed their software in an open source container, such as Docker (i.e., utilized operating-system-level virtualization);	The Infiniti KMT prototype is deployed as a Docker container inside of AWS ECS.
TR18	Provided sufficient documentation to install and run their prototype on another machine; and	Documentation for the install of the Infiniti KMT prototype is in this document ??? CARLOS TO HANDLE THIS ONE.
TR19	Prototype and underlying platforms used to create and run the prototype are openly licensed and free of charge.	The components used to build the Infiniti KMT prototype are all open source and free of charge.

	The underlying platform used to create and run the
	Infiniti KMT is AWS free tier.

Project Management Requirements

Number	Requirement Text			
PM1	Assigned one (1) leader and gave that person authority and responsibility and held that person accountable for the quality of the prototype submitted;	John Gray, Infiniti's CTO and Owner, took responsibility for the overall management, architecture, and quality of the prototype that Infiniti has submitted.		
PM2	Assembled a multidisciplinary and collaborative team that includes, at a	Infiniti assembled a multidiscipline and collaborative team including:		
	minimum, five (5) of the labor categories as	Product Manager	Josh Petla	
	identified in Attachment B: PQVP AD-DS Labor Category Descriptions	Technical Architect	Carlos Rivas	
		Full Stack Developer	Uday Katakam	
		Agile Coach	Dan Rousseau	
		DevOps Engineer	Jason Tasker	
		Interaction Designer/User Researcher/Usability Tester	Britney Scott	
		Data Scientist	Ananth Gopalakrishnan	
		Data Scientist	Harsha Gopianandan	
PM3	Understood what people needed, by	We involved Scott Sanders (former Auditor, Tax Specialist, Hearing Officer), Britney,		
including people in the prototype and Dan Rousseau as the "people" in the prototype developmed development and design process; process.		and Dan Rousseau as the "people" in the prototype devel	velopment and design	