Assignment 1

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- **1.**For each application message, the length is M bytes. After encapsulating headers of each layers, each message contains M+20+30+80+30+20+110 = (M+290) bytes to be transmitted, so the fraction of the network bandwidth which is filled with headers is 290/(M+290).
- **2.1)**The number of bits of the image $1920*1080*2*10^{3*}8 = 33,177,600,000$ bits

Transmission Delay = number of bits / bandwidth = $33,177,600,000/(56*10^3)$ = 592,457.14s

Propagation Delay = distance / speed of signal = 10,000/200,000 = 0.05s Total Latency = Transmission Delay + Propagation Delay = 592,457.19s

2)The number of bits for the image $1920*1080*2*10^3*8 = 33,177,600,000$ bits

Transmission Delay = number of bits / bandwidth = $33,177,600,000/(1*10^6)$ = 33177.6s

Propagation Delay = distance / speed of signal = 10,000/200,000 = 0.05s Total Latency = Transmission Delay + Propagation Delay = 33177.65s

- **3.**Based on Shannon's theorem: Max.data rate = $B*log_2(1+S/N)$ bits/sec. S/N = $2^{(Max.data \ rate/B)}_1 = 2^{(56*10^3/(4*10^3))}_1 = 16383$. Converting S/N to SNR from the formula SNR = 10*lg(S/N) = 10*lg(16383)dB = 43dB. Thus, to support the data rate, the minimum SNR should be at least 43dB.
- **4.1)** The rule of bit stuffing shows that we insert 0 after 5 consecutive 1s, so the stream of bits should be "01111011111001111101011111000" after bit stuffing.
- **2)** According to the relation of n data bits and k check bits using Hamming code: $2^k >= n + k + 1$, if n = 16, the minimal number of k is 5. Hence, we need at least 5 check bits for receiver correcting single error.
- **5.1)**Both layer k-1 and k+1 will not be affected by layer k in this case, because changing the algorithm is just modifying how the service is implemented, but not changing the service itself. Hence, layer k-1 and k+1 are not affected.
- **2)**If the service at layer k has a change, it means service provided by layer k will have an impact on layer k+1. Since the definition of service tells us service provides set of primitives only to the upper layer, there is no impact on the operations at layer k-1.