# **AKS Provisioning using Pulumi**

## **Prerequisites**

- 1. An Azure account.
- 2. Azure CLI installed and configured with the appropriate Azure User or Service Principal.
- 3. Pulumi Installed.
- 4. Kubectl Installed.

### Steps

- 1. Create a Pulumi Project directory.
- 2. Open the PowerShell.
- 3. Change the directory to the above-created Pulumi Project.
- 4. Run the pulumi new azure-python command to initialize the pulumi.
- 5. Provide the appropriate values to prompts such as *project-name*, *project-description*, *stack-name*, *toolchain*, *region-name*, etc.
- 6. This will generate some Pulumi files in this directory.
- 7. Now we will install predefined Pulumi modules.
- 8. Activate the **venv** by running **venv\Scripts\activate**.
- 9. Run pip install git+https://github.com/sahilphule/pulumi.git to install the modules.
- 10. Deactivate the **venv** by running **deactivate**.
- 11. Now open the directory in the preferred IDE.
- 12. Create commons folder
- 13. Inside the folder create *init*.py file.
- 14. Import the following in the *init*.py file:
  - from inflection\_zone\_pulumi.modules.azure.resource\_group import resource\_group
  - o from inflection\_zone\_pulumi.modules.azure.vnet import vnet
  - from inflection\_zone\_pulumi.modules.azure.acr import acr
  - o from inflection\_zone\_pulumi.modules.azure.mysql\_flexible import mysql\_flexible
  - from inflection\_zone\_pulumi.modules.azure.aks import aks
- 15. Click code for reference.
- 16. Definition of *init*.py is complete.
- 17. Now create the values.py file in the root folder of the above-created project directory.
- 18. Define the following values:
  - resource\_group\_properties
  - vnet\_properties
  - acr\_properties
  - mysql\_flexible\_properties
  - aks\_properties
- 19. Click code for reference.
- 20. The definition of *values.py* is complete.
- 21. Now navigate to the *main.py* file present in the root folder of the above-created project directory.
- 22. Clear the sample code if present.

- 23. Import the following:
  - o from commons import resource\_group, vnet, acr, mysql\_flexible, aks
  - values
- 24. Define the following objects and pass the values & dependencies as an argument:
  - RESOURCE\_GROUP
  - VNET
  - ACR
  - MYSQL\_FLEXIBLE
  - AKS
- 25. Click code for reference.
- 26. Definition of *main.py* is complete.

## Provisioning the Infrastructure

Now we will provision the infrastructure by applying the above-created configuration files.

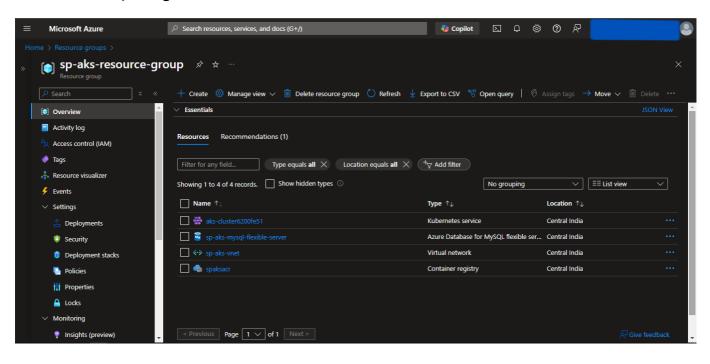
Ensure Azure CLI is configured with the appropriate Azure User or Service Principal.

#### Steps:

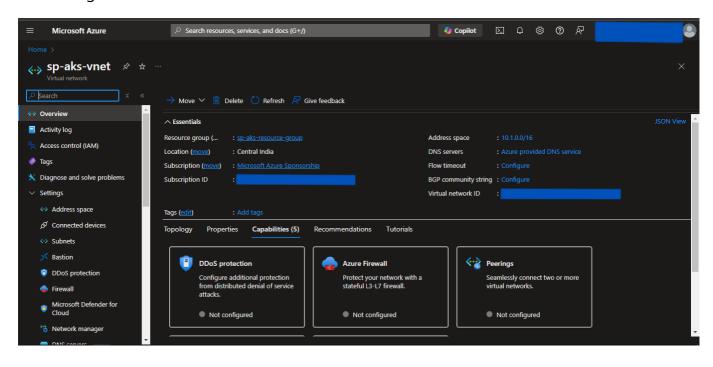
- 1. Open the PowerShell.
- 2. Change the directory to the above-created Pulumi Project.
- 3. Run the **pulumi** up command and if prompted, select **yes** to provision the infrastructure onto the Azure Cloud.
- 4. Head to the Azure Console, and verify the created resources.

### Screenshots of Provisioned Infrastructure

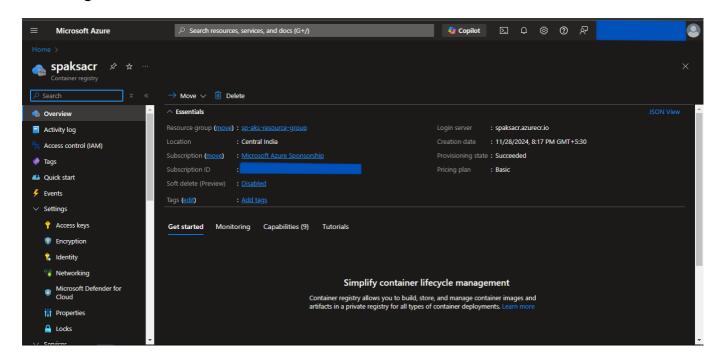
#### Resource Group Image



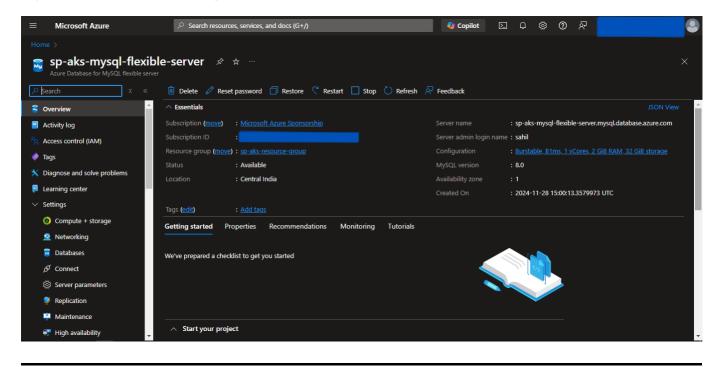
#### **VNet Image**



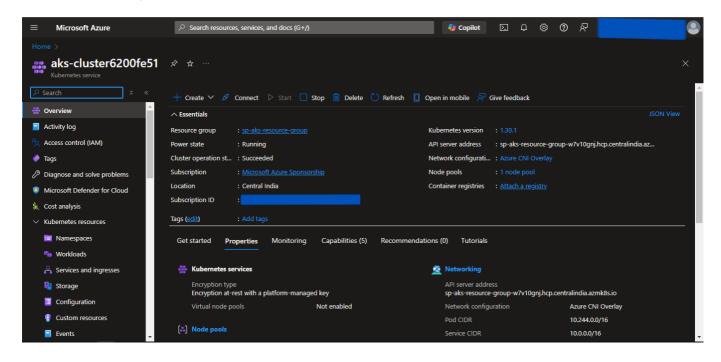
## **ACR** Image



### MySQL Flexible Server Image



#### **AKS Cluster Image**



## Connect to the AKS Cluster from Powershell

- 1. Open a new Powershell window.
- 2. Run the following commands to configure local kubectl with aks cluster:
  - o az login
  - o az account set --subscription "subscription-id"
  - az aks get-credentials --resource-group "resource-group-name" --name
    "cluster-name" --overwrite-existing

Substitute *subscription-id* which can be found by running az account list in the *id* field. Also, substitute *resource-group-name* and *cluster-name* with the values defined in the above-created locals.tf file.

- 3. Now apply the Kubernetes manifest files of the application using the following command:
  - kubect1 apply -f "file-path"
    Substitute file-path with the Kubernetes manifest file path.
- 4. To list them all, run kubectl get all.
- 5. If a Load Balancer type Service is present then try accessing the External IP of that service in the browser.

## Destroy the provisioned infrastructure

- 1. Firstly, delete all the Kubernetes Deployments using:
  - kubect1 delete -f "file-path"
    Substitute file-path with the Kubernetes manifest file path.
- 2. To destroy infrastructure, change the directory to the above-created Pulumi Project using cd command.
- 3. Run pulumi destroy & if prompted, select yes.
- 4. Infrastructure will be destroyed.