	DR. BABASAHEB AMBEDKAR TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSIT	Y, LONERE		
	Supplementary Examination – Supplementary Summer 20)23		
	Course: B. Tech. Branch :All Branches S	emester :III		
	Subject Code & Name: BTES301 Engineering Mathematics-III			
	Max Marks: 60 Date: 08/08/2023 Durat	ion: 3 Hr.		
	 Instructions to the Students: All the questions are compulsory. The level of question/expected answer as per OBE or the Course Outcome (CO) on which the question is based is mentioned in () in front of the question. Use of non-programmable scientific calculators is allowed. Assume suitable data wherever necessary and mention it clearly. 			
		(Level/CO)	Marks	
Q. 1	Solve Any Three of the following.		12	
A)	Find $L\{e^{-t}tsin2tcohs2t\}$	Understand	4	
B)	Find $L\left\{e^{-2t}\int_0^t \frac{\sin 3t}{t} dt\right\}$	Understand	4	
C)	Evaluate using Laplace transform $\int_0^\infty e^{-t} \left[\frac{\cos 5t - \cos t}{t} \right] dt$	Application	4	
D)	Express the following function in Heaviside's unit step function and find it's Laplace transform $ \begin{cases} t - 1, & 1 < t < 2 \\ 3 - t, & 2 < t < 3, \\ 0, & t > 3 \end{cases} $	Application	4	
Q.2	Solve Any Three of the following.		12	
A)	Find $L^{-1}\left[\frac{s-1}{s(s+2)(s-3)}\right]$	Application	4	
B)	Find $L^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{(s+4)(s^2+1)}\right]$ by convolution theorem	Application	4	
C)	Find $L^{-1} \left\{ log \left[\frac{s^2 - 4}{(s - 2)^2} \right]^{1/5} \right\}$	Application	4	
D)	Solve $y'' - 6y' + 9y = t^2 e^{3t}$, where $y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 6$	Application	4	
Q. 3	Solve Any Three of the following.		12	
A)	Find the Fourier integral representation of the function $f(x) = \begin{cases} e^{ax}, & x \le 0 \\ e^{-ax}, & x \ge 0 \end{cases}$ and show that $\int_0^\infty \frac{\cos \lambda x}{a^2 + \lambda^2} d\lambda = \frac{\pi}{2a} e^{-ax}$	Evaluation	4	
B)	Find the Fourier cosine transform of $f(x) = e^{-x} + e^{-2x}$, $x > 0$	Evaluation	4	
C)	Find the Fourier sine transform of $f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & 0 \le x \le 1\\ 2-x, & 1 \le x \le 2\\ 0, & x > 2 \end{cases}$		4	

D)	Solve the integral equation $\int_{0}^{\infty} f(x) \cos \omega x dx = \begin{cases} 1 - \omega, & 0 < \omega < 1 \\ 0, & \omega > 1 \end{cases}$	Evaluation	4
Q.4	Solve Any Three of the following.		12
A)	Form the partial differential equation by eliminating the arbitrary function from $(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 + z^2 = a^2$, h & k being constants	Understand	4
В)		Application	4
C)	Using the method of separation of variables, solve $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + u = \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}$, if $u = 4e^{-3x}$, when $t = 0$	Application	4
D)	$solve \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + u = \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} \text{, if } u = 4e^{-3x} \text{, when } t = 0$ $Solve \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} \text{ under the conditions}$ $u(x,0) = 3sinn\pi x \text{, } u(0,t) = 0 \text{, } u(l,t) = 0 \text{,}$ $where 0 < x < l.$	Application	4
Q. 5	Solve Any Three of the following.		12
A)	Prove that $v = e^{x} cosy + x^{3} - 3xy^{2}$ is harmonic function. Find its harmonic conjugate and corresponding analytic function.	Understand	4
B)	Find the analytic function whose imaginary part is $r^2 cos 2\theta - r cos \theta + 2$	Understand	4
C)	Evaluate $\int_c \frac{z}{(z-1)(z-2)^2} dz$, if c is the circle $ z-2 =\frac{3}{2}$ by using Cauchy residue theorem.	Evaluation	4
D)	Evaluate $\int_c \frac{3z+4}{z(2z+1)} dz$, if c is the circle $ z =1$ by using Cauchy Integral theorem.	Evaluation	4
	*** End ***		
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