



RBFOX2 Partially Regulates Differentiation During Male Genital Tuberle Development

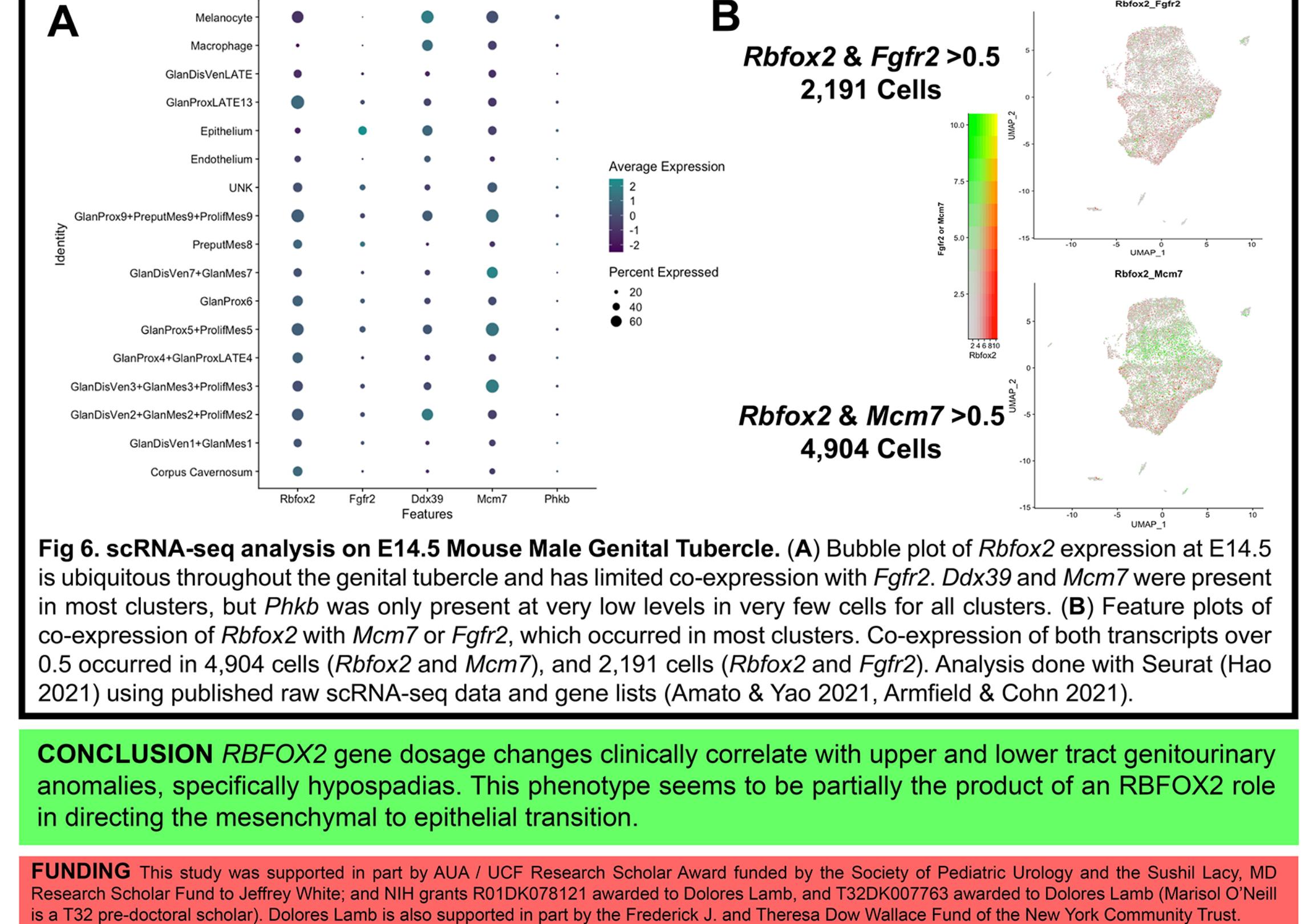
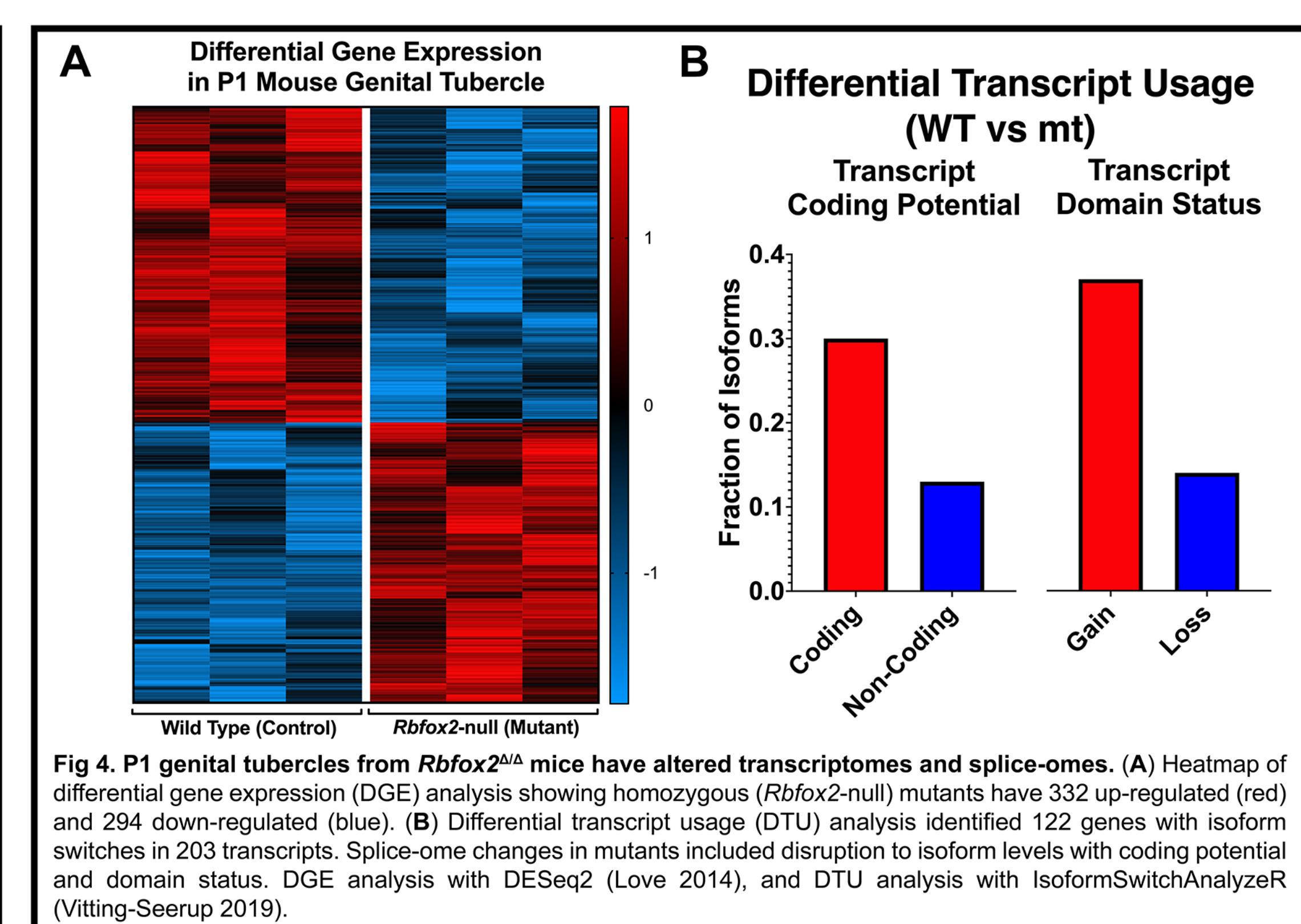
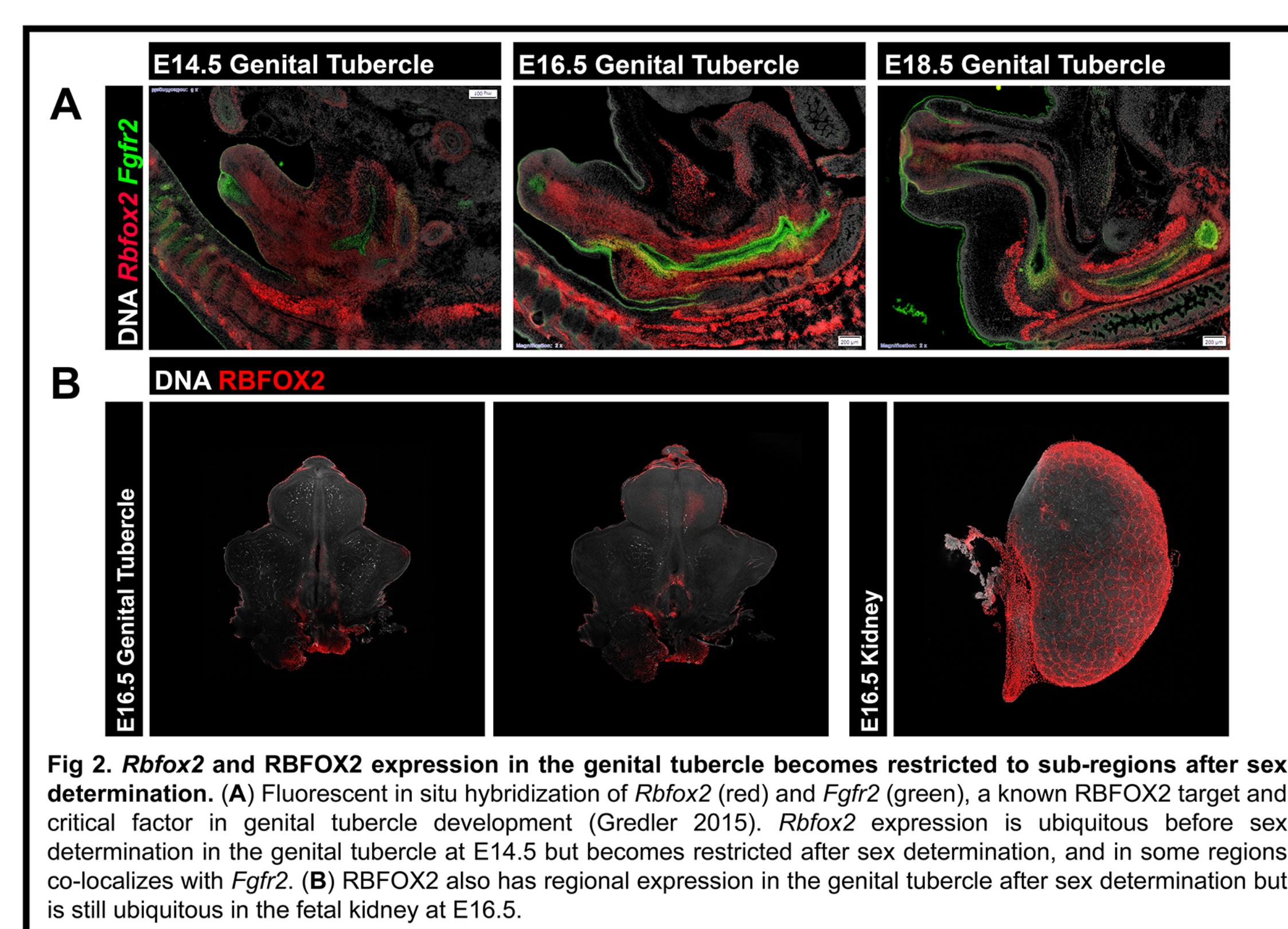
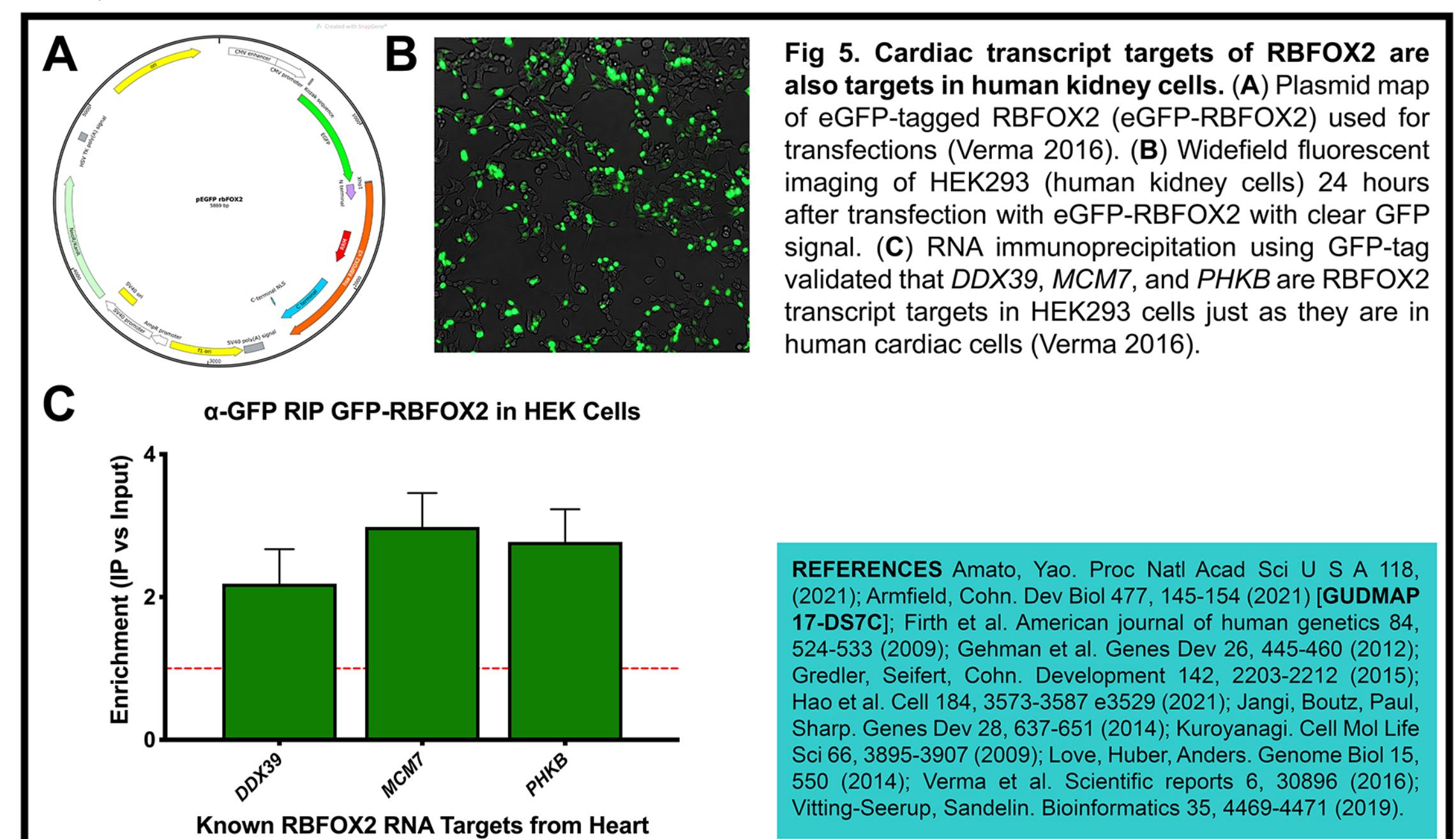
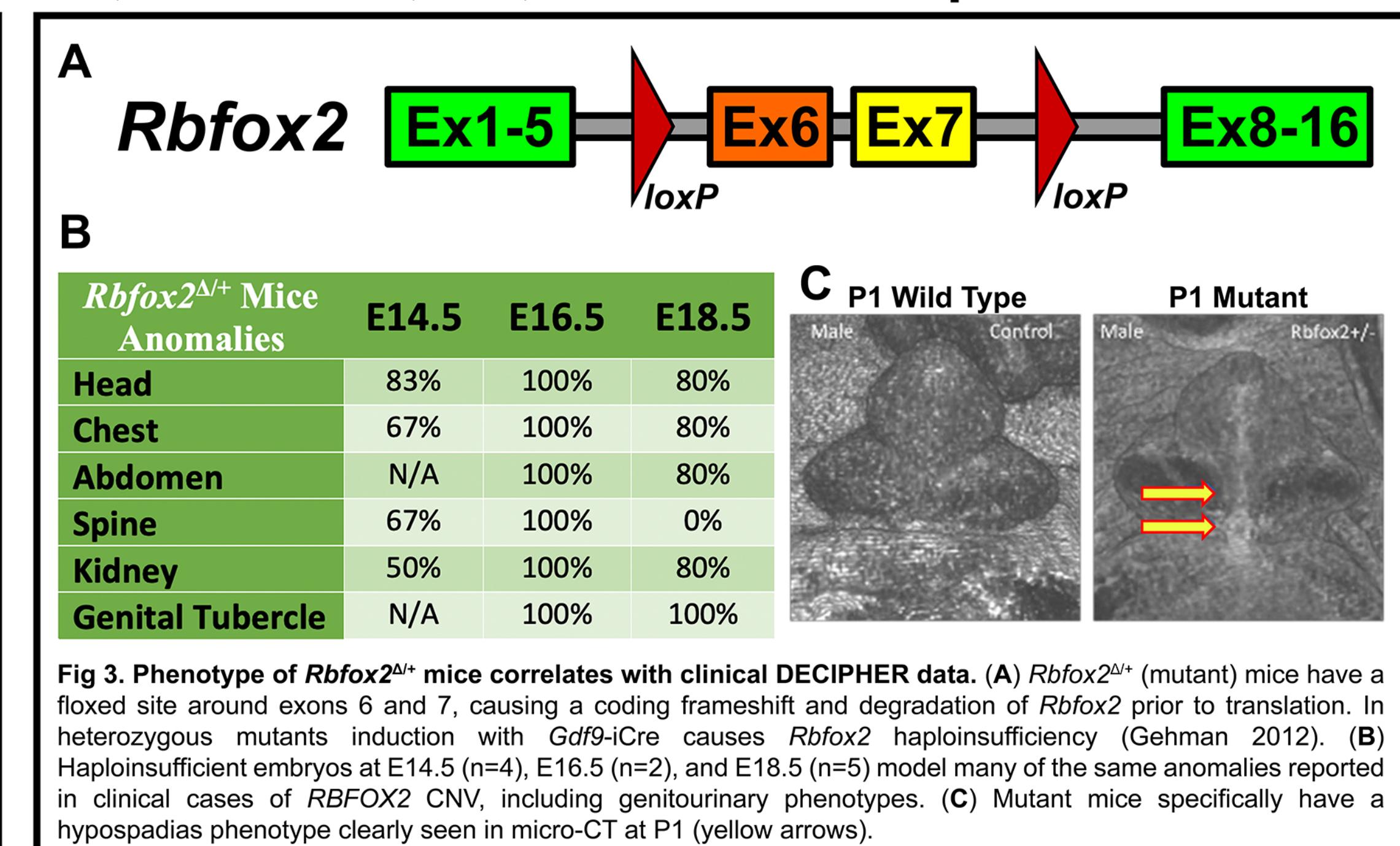
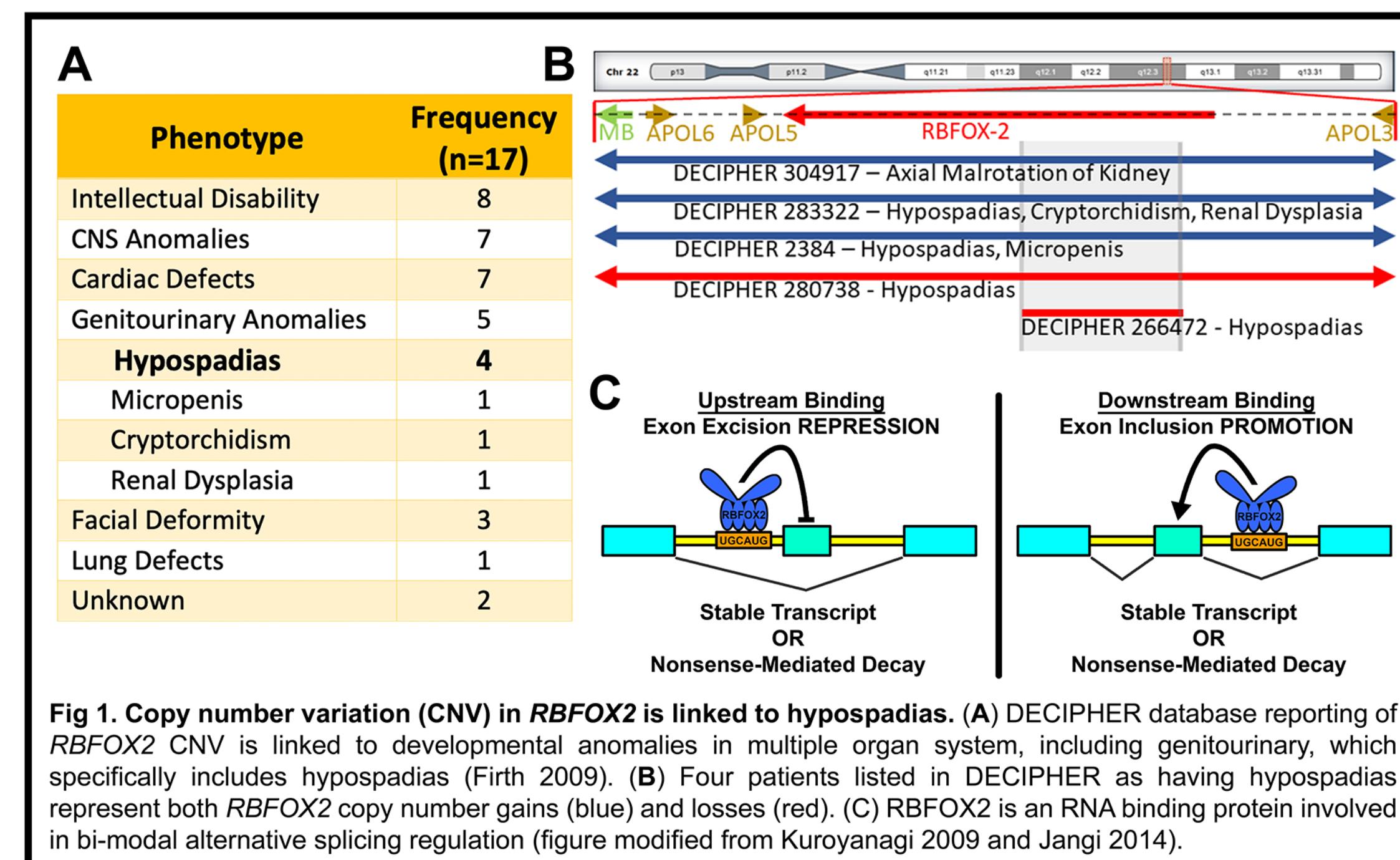


Victor A. Ruthig^{1,3}, Fredi Ruiz Rojano^{1,3,4}, Jeffrey White⁵, Marisol O'Neill⁵, Dolores J. Lamb^{1,2,3}

NEW YORK
bio force

¹Department of Urology, ²Center for Reproductive Genomics, ³Sexual Medicine Lab: Weill Cornell Medicine, New York NY;

⁴New York Bioforce, New York, NY; ⁵Center for Reproductive Medicine, Houston TX



CONCLUSION RBFOX2 gene dosage changes clinically correlate with upper and lower tract genitourinary anomalies, specifically hypospadias. This phenotype seems to be partially the product of an RBFOX2 role in directing the mesenchymal to epithelial transition.

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