### **Id3-RFP Allele Characterization**

Authors: Jinjin Guo, M. Todd Valerius, and Andrew P. McMahon

Created: 29 August 2008 Version: 3

Updated: 29 September 2008 Tags: &kmap &mousestrains &gudmap &characterization &id3-rfp

Submitted: 2008

## **Findings:**

RFP is detected in the expected tissues. We conclude this allele does exhibit the expected activity.

### Data:

#### **Crosses**

The ID3-RFP strain is a RFP knock-in line. To characterize this line, we examined RFP expression for the correct spatial pattern at E15.5.

We crossed wildtype B6 female mice with ID3-RFP males to obtain ID3-RFP/+ embryos. The embryos were dissected on E15.5 to collect the urogenital system (UGS) and examined for RFP expression. Two E15.5 litters were dissected and eleven embryos isolated. Whole embryos as well as dissected UGSs were viewed with a fluorescence microscope to detect RFP. A strong red fluorescence was visible in whole embryos as well as the kidneys of the UGSs (Fig2). Seven ID3-RFP/+ embryos and four wildtype control littermates were embedded for frozen sectioning and immunohistochemistry.

## Genotyping

**Total volume** 

Tail samples of the embryos were collected and incubated in tail digestion buffer overnight at 55°C. PCR was performed as per the protocol below and the PCR products were run on a 1.5% agarose gel (Fig1).

Oligonucleotides: for Wt allele Size: 351bp

DNA sequence (forward): 5' tcctcggtatcagcgcttcc 3' DNA sequence (reverse1) 5' caatggccaggctacgttcc 3'

Oligonucleotides: for targeted/transgenic allele Size: 234bp

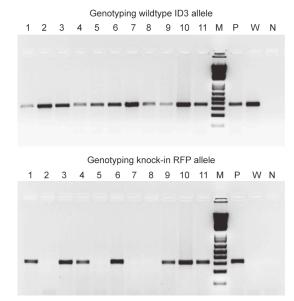
DNA sequence (forward): 5' tcctcggtatcagcgcttcc 3'
DNA sequence (reverse 2) 5' cttgatgacgtcctcggagg 3'

#### Rxn Buffer and Conditions: (25µl reaction)

25 ul

10X PCR	2.5ul			
1.25mM dNTP	4ul	94°C	3min	1 cycle
10uM primer F	1ul	94°C	30sec	
10uM primer R1	1ul	65°C	45sec	35cycles
Amplify Taq	0.3ul (5u/ul)	<u>72°C</u>	<u>60sec</u>	
5x cresol red dye	2.5ul	72°C	10min	1 cycle
Genomic DNA	1ul			

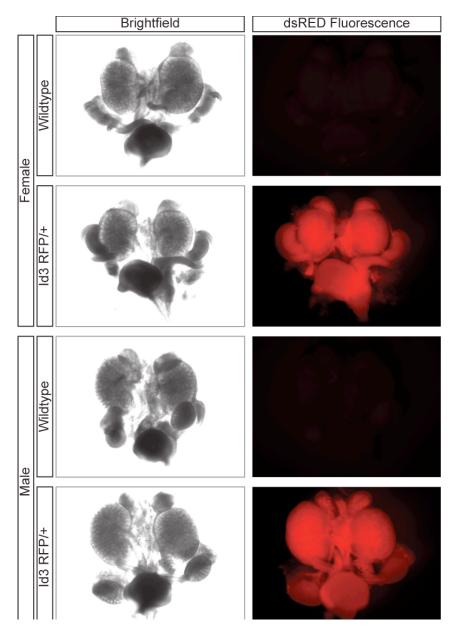
10X PCR Buffer 500 mM KCl 100 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.4 15 mM MgCl2 200ug/ml gelatin ( Fluka # 48322)



**Figure 1. ID3-RFP genotyping**. No 1, 3, 4, 6, 9,10 and 11 ID3<sup>RFP/+</sup>, No 2, 5, 7 and 8 Wildtype. P respective positive controls W: Wildtype control; N: Negative control

#### **Native Fluorescence**

Whole embryos as well as dissected UGSs were viewed with a fluorescence microscope to detect RFP. At E15.5, RFP was expressed in the ID3 domain in the kidney.



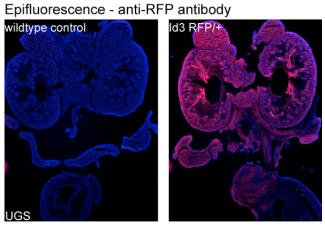
**Figure 2. RFP is detected in transgenic E15.5 whole UGS**. Broad, intense fluorescence is easily viewable in transgenic tissues.

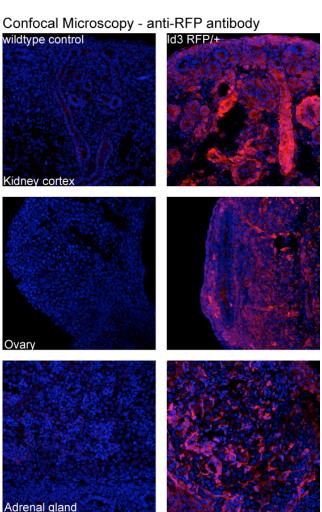
# **Immunohistochemistry**

Immunohistochemistry was performed to examine if the RFP allele was expressed in the expected ID3 domain. Two of each ID3-RFP/+; and wildtype UGSs (male and female) were assayed. RFP protein were assayed by staining with Rabbit-anti-RFP.

Whole UGSs were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde at 4°C 2 hours, washed 3 times in PBS, equilibrated in 30% sucrose overnight and then embedded in OCT and flash frozen on dry-ice. The UGSs were sectioned at 20um and stained with Rabbit-anti-RFP,

(Rabbit, MBL,PM005 1:1000),for overnight at 4°C. The secondary antibodies were Alexafluor 488 (Molecular probes).





**Figure 3.** Immunohistochemistry shows RFP expression in several tissue **populations.** RFP is detected in the stalk of the collecting duct but not the tips. Signal is also seen in the cortical mesenchyme, the capsule, and the interstitial mesenchyme.