







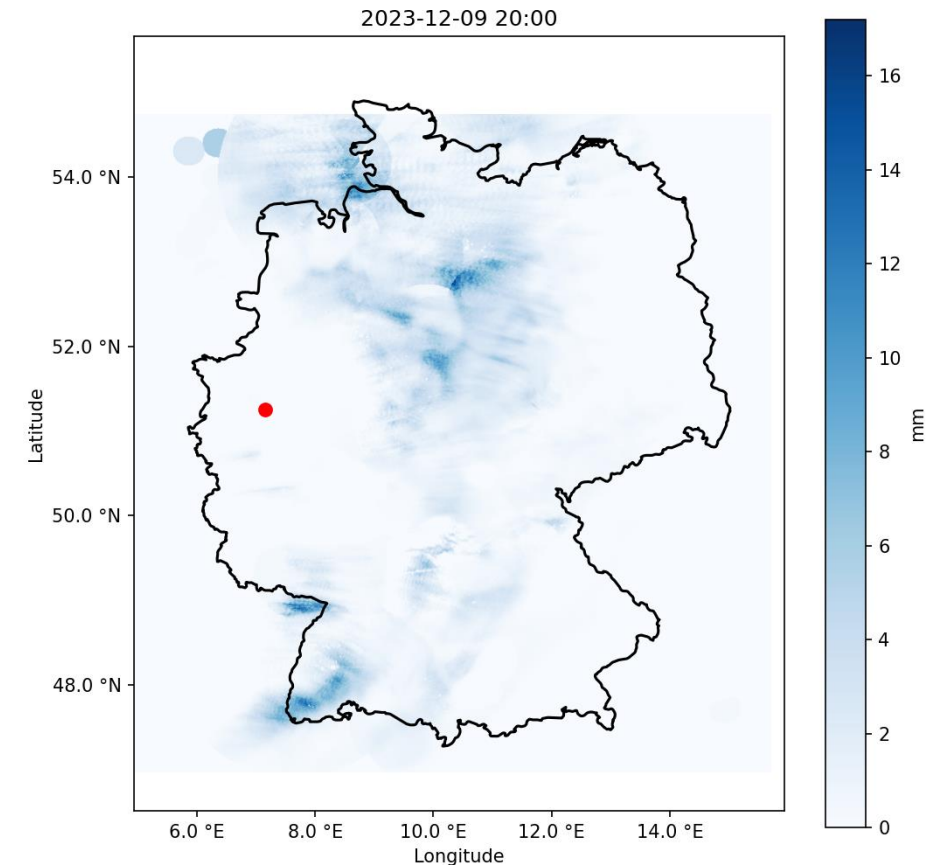


Data Analysis to Protect Against Climate-Driven Extremes

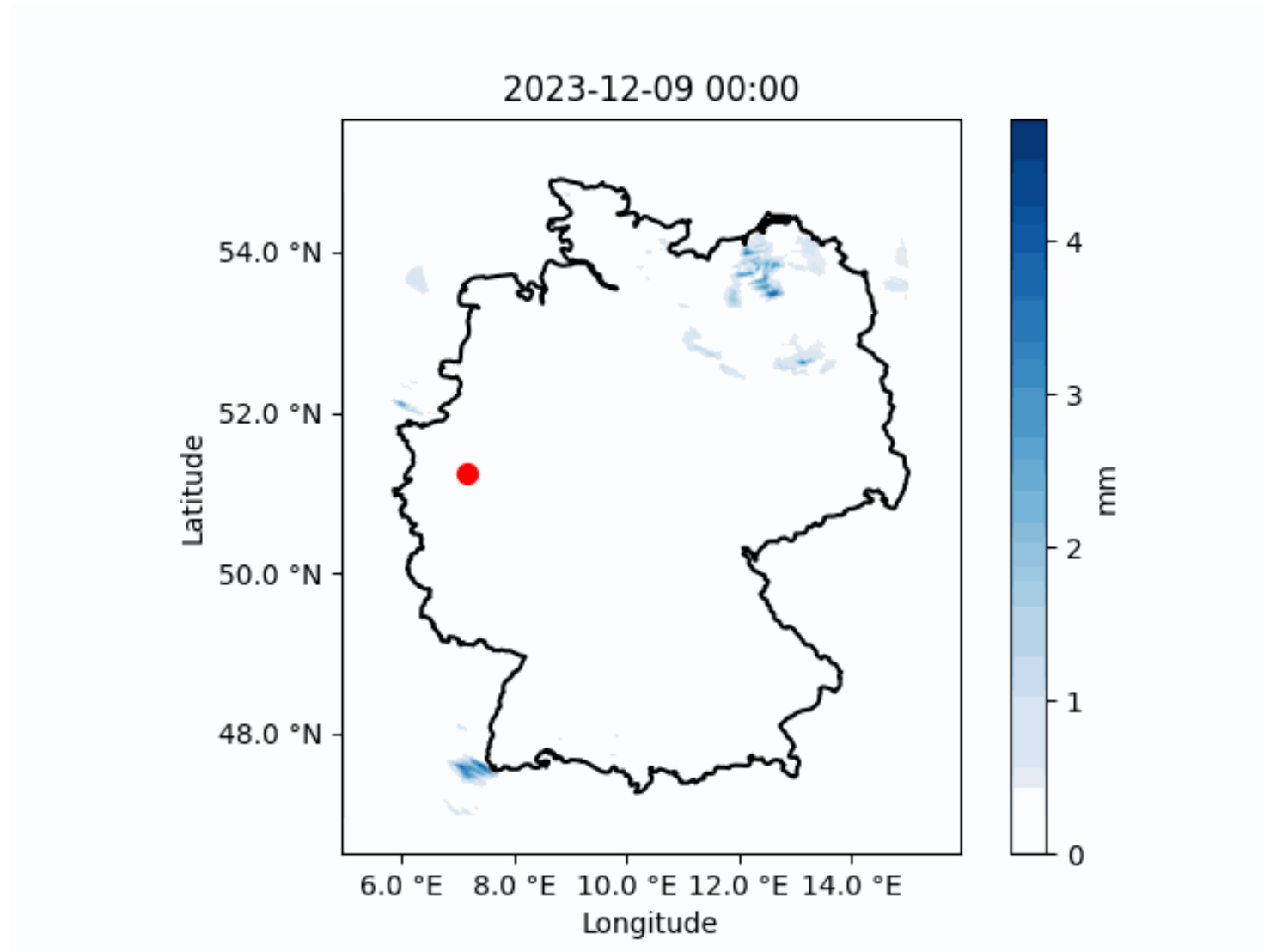
Wuppertal, 29.10.2024

The Dataset

-  Preprocessed Precipitation Radar Data
-  Different Coordinate Systems: Radolan, WSG84
-  Huge Dataset: 9GB compressed, 344GB uncomp.
-  Recording Interval: 10 minutes, hourly
-  Time Range: 



An exemplary Animation



The next Steps of the Data Analysis



Long-term Climate Trends and seasonal Trends



Weather Extremes



Predicting extreme Weather Events

Step 1: Basics



Long-term Climate Trends and Seasonal Trends

- **Changes in precipitation:** has the average amount of precipitation increased or decreased over the entire period? Are there clear trends in certain seasons or months?
- **Change in precipitation intensity:** Have heavy rainfall events become more frequent or more intense?
- **Shift in the rainy seasons:** Have the typical rainy seasons shifted? Have they become longer or shorter?
- **Changes in precipitation patterns:** Have spatial patterns in precipitation changed? Are there regions that receive more or less precipitation?

Step 2: Extremes



Weather Extremes

- **Frequency and intensity of extreme events:** How often did extreme precipitation events (e.g. heavy rain, droughts) occur? Did they become more intense?
- **Regional differences:** Do extreme events occur more frequently in certain regions?



Flood in Altenahr-Kreuzberg, July 2021
Photo: Martin Seifert



The river "Dreisam" has completely dried up 3 kilometres west of Freiburg, August 2022
Photo: Till Meinrenken

Step 3: Predictions



Predicting extreme Weather Events

- **Precipitation Patterns:** Are there any patterns before an extreme weather event that could be used to predict it?
- **Early warning systems:** Can an early warning system be built from precipitation data? Could the flood disaster of 2021 have been recognized earlier?



Expected Challenges

- **Dataset size:** parallel processing in chunks
- **Inhomogeneous data:** different time intervals and incomplete radar coverage

Thank you for your attention



Bergische Universität Wuppertal

Lehrstuhl für Technologien und Management der Digitalen Transformation

Gebäude FZ (Technologiezentrum Wuppertal, W-tec)
Lise-Meitner-Straße 27
42119 Wuppertal

Telefon +49 202 439-1043
Postfach 42097 Wuppertal
Internet www.tmdt.uni-wuppertal.de