

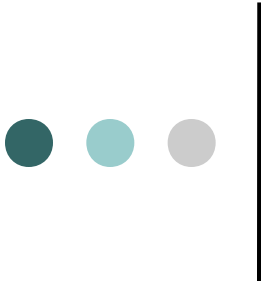
Django

Orrialdetzea



Datuen aurkezpena orrialdeka

- Django klase batzuk eskaintzen ditu datuak orrialdeka aurkezteko.
- Orrialde bakoitzak *aurrekoa* eta *hurrengoa* izango ditu.
- Klase hauek *django.core.paginator* paketea daude.



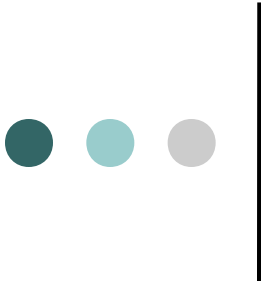
Erabilera adibidea. Bista. (Djangoren dokumentaziotik hartua)

```
from django.core.paginator import Paginator, EmptyPage, PageNotAnInteger

def listing(request):
    contact_list = Contacts.objects.all()
    paginator = Paginator(contact_list, 25) # Show 25 contacts per page

    page = request.GET.get('page')
    try:
        contacts = paginator.page(page)
    except PageNotAnInteger:
        # If page is not an integer, deliver first page.
        contacts = paginator.page(1)
    except EmptyPage:
        # If page is out of range (e.g. 9999), deliver last page of results.
        contacts = paginator.page(paginator.num_pages)

    return render_to_response('list.html', {"contacts": contacts})
```



Erabilera adibidea. Txantiloia (Djangoren dokumentaziotik hartua)

```
{% for contact in contacts %}
    {# Each "contact" is a Contact model object. #}
    {{ contact.full_name|upper }}<br />
    ...
{% endfor %}

<div class="pagination">
    <span class="step-links">
        {% if contacts.has_previous %}
            <a href="?page={{ contacts.previous_page_number }}">previous</a>
        {% endif %}

        <span class="current">
            Page {{ contacts.number }} of {{ contacts.paginator.num_pages }}.
        </span>

        {% if contacts.has_next %}
            <a href="?page={{ contacts.next_page_number }}">next</a>
        {% endif %}
    </span>
</div>
```



Datuak orrialdeka aurkezteko zereginean sakontzeko

- <http://teknikariak.informatika.ehu.es/Django/topics/pagination.html>