



Seed dormancy

Seed dormancy is an evolutionary adaptation that prevents seeds from germinating during unsuitable ecological conditions that would typically lead to a low probability of seedling survival.

It can be classified into two types –

1. Innate dormancy / Primary dormancy

The state of the seed itself or dormancy induced in the seeds at the time of dispersal from the mother plants.

It is of two types exogenous and endogenous

- **Exogenous dormancy** : It is due to the seed coat factor either due to presence of inhibitors or hard seed nature
 - It is further classified into -
 1. Physical
 2. Chemical
 3. Mechanical
- **Endogenous dormancy**: This type of dormancy is imposed by rudimentary or undeveloped embryo at the time of ripening or maturity.
 - It is further classified into -
 1. **Morphological** - Due to immature embryo, which is not able to put forth germination even under favourable conditions? (E.g.) Apple
 2. **Physiological** - Due to arrest of the metabolic activity in the seeds due to presence of some inhibitors like ABA, coumarines, phenols etc.
 3. **Morphophysiological** - Combination of immature embryo with inhibitors

2. Secondary dormancy

It occurs in nature when seeds cannot germinate due to the environmental conditions, e.g., when a seed becomes buried in the soil.

- **Types of secondary dormancy**
 - Thermo – Dormancy due to temperature
 - Skoto – Light Photo – Quality of light and Osmotic – stress or high osmotic stress prevents germination

Dormancy breaking treatments



Physical dormancy

1. Scarification

i. Acid- By using concentrated H_2SO_4 @ 100 ml/kg of seed for 2-3 minutes treatments dormancy can be overcome in the above group of seeds. E.g. Rose seeds

ii. Mechanical- Seeds are rubbed on a sand paper or with a help of mechanical scarifier or by puncturing on seed coat with the help of needle to enhance / increase the moisture absorption by seeds. E.g. Bitter gourd for sand scarification

iii. Physical treatment – hot water treatment- The seeds should be soaked in boiled water for 1-5 minutes for 60-80 minutes.

2. Stratification treatment

a) Cold stratification

- Incubate the seed at low temperature of 0-5 degree C

b) Warm stratification

- seeds require temperature of 40-50 degree C for few days
- In case of oil palm it requires temperature of 40-50 degree C for 2 months for breaking dormancy
- Moisture content of seed should not be more than 15%

3. Temperature treatments

a) Low temperature treatment

- Apple seed dormancy can be released by low temperature treatment by storing the seeds at 5 degree C.

b) High temperature treatment

- high temperature treatments are exhibited by early flowering "winter " annuals.
- E.g. Blue bell (*Hyacinthoides non-scripta*)

c) Alternate temperature treatments

- Most of the plant species which grow in temperate and cool temperate regions require alternate temperature for breakage of dormancy.
- (e.g.) Bull rush (*Typha*)

Zenia: The direct/visible effects of pollen on endosperm and related tissues in the formation of a seed color.

Metazenia: Is the effect of pollen on the material tissues of fruit.