

2021\_11\_25

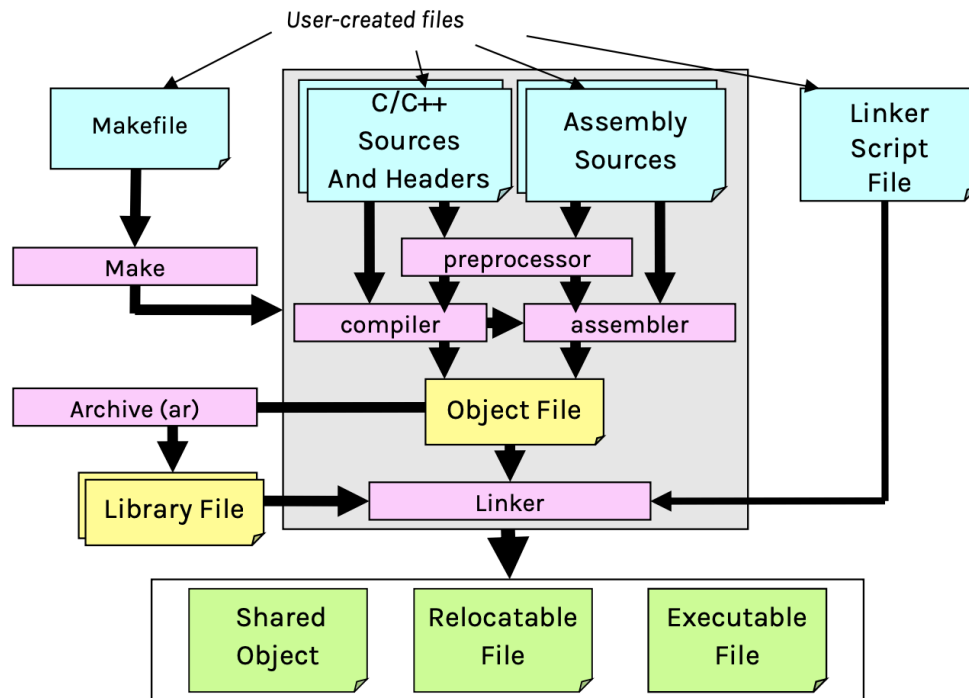
November 26, 2021

## 1 2021-11-25

### 1.0.1 Corso ITS

### 1.1 Magento & e-commerce software

### 1.2 ### Fondamenti di Programmazione (Andrea Ribuoli)



Su Google: “kernighan ritchie linguaggio c pdf”

#### Invocando *make* in assenza di Makefile

```
[5]: !make
```

```
make: *** No targets specified and no makefile found. Stop.
```

#### Invocando *make* in presenza di Makefile vuoto

```
[6]: !make
```

```
make: *** No targets. Stop.
```

Invocando *make* in presenza di un Makefile apparentemente valido ma mancante di **TAB** Ogni azione specificata dopo la regola di dipendenza deve essere *tab-indented*, sfortunatamente alcuni editor trasformano il carattere di controllo **TAB** (\t) in un numero di spazi.

```
[11]: !make -n
```

```
Makefile:2: *** missing separator. Stop.
```

```
[1]: !hexdump -c Makefile
```

```
00000000  a  l  l      :      c  y  r  i  l      a  s  c  i
00000010  i  \n  \n  c  y  r  i  l      :      t  a  b  e  l
00000020  l  a  _  c  y  r  i  l  l  i  c  .  o      c  o
00000030  n  v  e  r  t  i  _  a  p  i  .  o  \n  \t  g  c
00000040  c      -  o      c  y  r  i  l      t  a  b  e  l
00000050  l  a  _  c  y  r  i  l  l  i  c  .  o      c  o
00000060  n  v  e  r  t  i  _  a  p  i  .  o  \n
00000070  \n  a  s  c  i  i      :      t  a  b  e  l  l
00000080  a  _  a  s  c  i  i  .  o      c  o  n  v  e  r
00000090  t  i  _  a  p  i  .  o      \n  \t  g
00000a00  c  c      -  o      a  s  c  i  i      t  a  b  e
00000b00  l  l  a  _  a  s  c  i  i  .  o      c  o  n  v
00000c00  e  r  t  i  _  a  p  i  .  o  \n      \n
00000d00  t  a  b  e  l  l  a  _  a  s  c  i  i  .  o
00000e00  :      t  a  b  e  l  l  a  _  a  s  c  i  i  .
00000f00  c      c  o  n  v  e  r  t  i  _  a  p  i  .  h
00001000  \n  \t  g  c  c      -  c      -  o      t  a  b  e
00001100  l  l  a  _  a  s  c  i  i  .  o      t  a  b  e
00001200  l  l  a  _  a  s  c  i  i  .  c  \n
00001300  \n  t  a  b  e  l  l  a  _  c  y  r  i  l  l  i
00001400  c  .  o      :      t  a  b  e  l  l  a  _  c  y
00001500  r  i  l  l  i  c  .  c      c  o  n  v  e  r  t
00001600  i  _  a  p  i  .  h  \n  \t  g  c  c      -  c
00001700  -  o      t  a  b  e  l  l  a  _  c  y  r  i  l
00001800  l  i  c  .  o      t  a  b  e  l  l  a  _  c  y
00001900  r  i  l  l  i  c  .  c  \n      \n  c  o
00001a00  n  v  e  r  t  i  _  a  p  i  .  o      :      c
00001b00  o  n  v  e  r  t  i  _  a  p  i  .  c      c  o
00001c00  n  v  e  r  t  i  _  a  p  i  .  h  \n  \t  g  c
00001d00  c      -  c      -  o      c  o  n  v  e  r  t  i
00001e00  _  a  p  i  .  o      c  o  n  v  e  r  t  i  _
00001f00  a  p  i  .  c  \n
00001f60
```

### 1.3 Makefile

```
all : cyril ascii
```

```
cyril : tabella_cyrillic.o converti_api.o  
      gcc -o cyril tabella_cyrillic.o converti_api.o
```

```
ascii : tabella_ascii.o converti_api.o  
      gcc -o ascii tabella_ascii.o converti_api.o
```

```
tabella_ascii.o : tabella_ascii.c converti_api.h  
      gcc -c -o tabella_ascii.o tabella_ascii.c
```

```
tabella_cyrillic.o : tabella_cyrillic.c converti_api.h  
      gcc -c -o tabella_cyrillic.o tabella_cyrillic.c
```

```
converti_api.o : converti_api.c converti_api.h  
      gcc -c -o converti_api.o converti_api.c
```

```
[2]: !make ascii -n
```

```
gcc -c -o tabella_ascii.o tabella_ascii.c  
gcc -c -o converti_api.o converti_api.c  
gcc -o ascii tabella_ascii.o converti_api.o
```

```
[3]: !make cyril -n
```

```
gcc -c -o tabella_cyrillic.o tabella_cyrillic.c  
gcc -c -o converti_api.o converti_api.c  
gcc -o cyril tabella_cyrillic.o converti_api.o
```

```
[4]: !make ascii
```

```
gcc -c -o tabella_ascii.o tabella_ascii.c  
gcc -c -o converti_api.o converti_api.c  
gcc -o ascii tabella_ascii.o converti_api.o
```

```
[5]: !make ascii -n
```

```
make: 'ascii' is up to date.
```

```
[6]: !make cyril -n
```

```
gcc -c -o tabella_cyrillic.o tabella_cyrillic.c  
gcc -o cyril tabella_cyrillic.o converti_api.o
```

```
[8]: !make cyril
```

```
gcc -c -o tabella_cyrillic.o tabella_cyrillic.c  
gcc -o cyril tabella_cyrillic.o converti_api.o
```

```
[9]: !make -n
```

```
make: Nothing to be done for 'all'.
```

```
[11]: !gcc --help
```

```
Usage: gcc-6.bin [options] file...
```

```
Options:
```

```
-pass-exit-codes      Exit with highest error code from a phase.  
--help               Display this information.  
--target-help        Display target specific command line options.  
--help={common|optimizers|params|target|warnings|[^]{joined|separate|undocumen  
ted}}[,...].
```

```
Display specific types of command line options.
```

```
(Use '-v --help' to display command line options of sub-processes).
```

```
--version           Display compiler version information.  
-dumpspecs          Display all of the built in spec strings.  
-dumpversion         Display the version of the compiler.  
-dumpmachine        Display the compiler's target processor.  
-print-search-dirs   Display the directories in the compiler's search  
path.  
-print-libgcc-file-name Display the name of the compiler's companion library.  
-print-file-name=<lib> Display the full path to library <lib>.  
-print-prog-name=<prog> Display the full path to compiler component <prog>.  
-print-multiarch     Display the target's normalized GNU triplet, used as  
a component in the library path.  
-print-multi-directory Display the root directory for versions of libgcc.  
-print-multi-lib      Display the mapping between command line options and  
multiple library search directories.  
-print-multi-os-directory Display the relative path to OS libraries.  
-print-sysroot        Display the target libraries directory.  
-print-sysroot-headers-suffix Display the sysroot suffix used to find headers.  
-Wa,<options>         Pass comma-separated <options> on to the assembler.  
-Wp,<options>         Pass comma-separated <options> on to the
```

```
preprocessor.
```

```
-Wl,<options>         Pass comma-separated <options> on to the linker.  
-Xassembler <arg>     Pass <arg> on to the assembler.  
-Xpreprocessor <arg>   Pass <arg> on to the preprocessor.  
-Xlinker <arg>         Pass <arg> on to the linker.  
-save-temps          Do not delete intermediate files.  
-save-temps=<arg>     Do not delete intermediate files.  
-no-canonical-prefixes Do not canonicalize paths when building relative  
prefixes to other gcc components.  
-pipe                Use pipes rather than intermediate files.  
-time                Time the execution of each subprocess.  
-specs=<file>         Override built-in specs with the contents of <file>.  
-std=<standard>       Assume that the input sources are for <standard>.  
--sysroot=<directory> Use <directory> as the root directory for headers
```

	and libraries.
-B <directory>	Add <directory> to the compiler's search paths.
-v	Display the programs invoked by the compiler.
-###	Like -v but options quoted and commands not executed.
-E	Preprocess only; do not compile, assemble or link.
-S	Compile only; do not assemble or link.
-c	Compile and assemble, but do not link.
-o <file>	Place the output into <file>.
-pie	Create a position independent executable.
-shared	Create a shared library.
-x <language>	Specify the language of the following input files. Permissible languages include: c c++ assembler none 'none' means revert to the default behavior of guessing the language based on the file's extension.

Options starting with -g, -f, -m, -O, -W, or --param are automatically passed on to the various sub-processes invoked by gcc-6.bin. In order to pass other options on to these processes the -W<letter> options must be used.

For bug reporting instructions, please see:  
<<http://gcc.gnu.org/bugs.html>>.

```
[12]: !make --help
```

Usage: make [options] [target] ...

Options:

-b, -m	Ignored for compatibility.
-B, --always-make	Unconditionally make all targets.
-C DIRECTORY, --directory=DIRECTORY	Change to DIRECTORY before doing anything.
-d	Print lots of debugging information.
--debug[=FLAGS]	Print various types of debugging information.
-e, --environment-overrides	Environment variables override makefiles.
--eval=STRING	Evaluate STRING as a makefile statement.
-f FILE, --file=FILE, --makefile=FILE	Read FILE as a makefile.
-h, --help	Print this message and exit.
-i, --ignore-errors	Ignore errors from recipes.
-I DIRECTORY, --include-dir=DIRECTORY	Search DIRECTORY for included makefiles.
-j [N], --jobs[=N]	Allow N jobs at once; infinite jobs with no arg.
-k, --keep-going	Keep going when some targets can't be made.
-l [N], --load-average[=N], --max-load[=N]	Don't start multiple jobs unless load is below N.
-L, --check-symlink-times	Use the latest mtime between symlinks and target.
-n, --just-print, --dry-run, --recon	Don't actually run any recipe; just print them.

```

-o FILE, --old-file=FILE, --assume-old=FILE
    Consider FILE to be very old and don't remake it.
-O[TYPE], --output-sync[=TYPE]
    Synchronize output of parallel jobs by TYPE.
-p, --print-data-base
    Print make's internal database.
-q, --question
    Run no recipe; exit status says if up to date.
-r, --no-builtin-rules
    Disable the built-in implicit rules.
-R, --no-builtin-variables
    Disable the built-in variable settings.
-s, --silent, --quiet
    Don't echo recipes.
-S, --no-keep-going, --stop
    Turns off -k.
-t, --touch
    Touch targets instead of remaking them.
--trace
    Print tracing information.
-v, --version
    Print the version number of make and exit.
-w, --print-directory
    Print the current directory.
--no-print-directory
    Turn off -w, even if it was turned on implicitly.
-W FILE, --what-if=FILE, --new-file=FILE, --assume-new=FILE
    Consider FILE to be infinitely new.
--warn-undefined-variables
    Warn when an undefined variable is referenced.

```

This program built for powerpc-ibm-os400  
 Report bugs to <bug-make@gnu.org>

```
[43]: !gcc -o cyril tabella_cyrillic.o
```

```

ld: 0711-317 ERRORE: Simbolo non definito : .converti_api
ld: 0711-345 Usare l'opzione -bloadmap o -bnoquiet per ulteriori informazioni.
collect2: error: ld returned 8 exit status

```

La risoluzione dei simboli (o chiamate di funzione) esterne può avvenire, ancora in fase di costruzione, anche tramite l'utilizzo di librerie. Approfondiremo il tema in una prossima lezione.

### 1.3.1 Diverso il caso delle cosiddette SHARED LIBRARY (o DLL)

Se il sistema operativo le supporta offrono la possibilità di differimento della risoluzione dei riferimenti esterni alla fase di esecuzione del programma: è la modalità oggi dominante nell'architettare il software complesso.

Abbiamo spiegato il significato di **semantic versioning**. Quando viene adottato ad ogni particolare pacchetto software viene assegnata una terna di valori numerici separati da punti: ad esempio 11.2.0. I tre valori si interpretano come MAJOR.MINOR.PATCH. Il codice che è stato sviluppato adottando il componente come pre-requisito non richiede modifiche se l'aggiornamento non modifica il numero MAJOR.