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- ✓ Using SQL to query and analyze provided hotel reservation data set.
- ✓ Extract insights of guest's preferences, hotel booking trend and operational factors.
- ✓ Provide actionable recommendation to improve guest experience and optimize hotels operations based on data findings.



- > Booking_ID: A unique identifier for each hotel reservation.
- > no_of_adults: The number of adults in the reservation.
- > no_of_children: The number of children in the reservation.
- > no_of_weekend_nights: The number of nights in the reservation that fall on weekends.
- > no_of_week_nights: The number of nights in the reservation that fall on weekdays.
- > type_of_meal_plan: The meal plan chosen by the guests.
- > room_type_reserved: The type of room reserved by the guests.
- lead_time: The number of days between booking and arrival.
- arrival_date: The date of arrival.
- market_segment_type: The market segment to which the reservation belongs.
- > avg_price_per_room: The average price per room in the reservation.
- booking_status: The status of the booking.



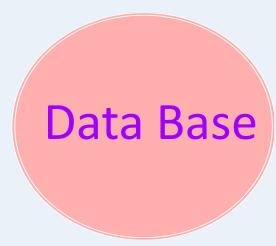


Data Set

Hotel Reservation Analysis With SQL

A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	H I	J	K	L
Booking_ID ▼	no_of_adults 💌	no_of_children 🔻	no_of_weekend_nights 🔻	no_of_week_nights 🔻	type_of_meal_plai_	room_type_reserved	lead_time ▼ arrival_date ▼	market_segment_typ(*	avg_price_per_room <	booking_status 🕶
INN00001	2	0	1	2	Meal Plan 1	Room_Type 1	224 2/10/2017	Offline	65	Not_Canceled
INN00002	2	0	2	3	Not Selected	Room_Type 1	5 6/11/2018	Online	106.68	Not_Canceled
INN00003	1	0	2	1	Meal Plan 1	Room_Type 1	1 28/02/2018	Online	60	Canceled
INN00004	2	0	0	2	Meal Plan 1	Room_Type 1	211 20/05/2018	Online	100	Canceled
INN00005	2	0	1	1	Not Selected	Room_Type 1	48 11/4/2018	Online	94.5	Canceled
INN00006	2	0	0	2	Meal Plan 2	Room_Type 1	346 13/09/2018	Online	115	Canceled
INN00007	2	0	1	3	Meal Plan 1	Room_Type 1	34 15/10/2017	Online	107.55	Not_Canceled
INN00008	2	0	1	3	Meal Plan 1	Room_Type 4	83 26/12/2018	Online	105.61	Not_Canceled
INN00009	3	0	0	4	Meal Plan 1	Room_Type 1	121 6/7/2018	Offline	96.9	Not_Canceled
INN00010	2	0	0	5	Meal Plan 1	Room_Type 4	44 18/10/2018	Online	133.44	Not_Canceled
INN00011	1	0	1	0	Not Selected	Room_Type 1	0 11/9/2018	Online	85.03	Not_Canceled
INN00012	1	0	2	1	Meal Plan 1	Room_Type 4	35 30/04/2018	Online	140.4	Not_Canceled
INN00013	2	0	2	1	Not Selected	Room_Type 1	30 26/11/2018	Online	88	Canceled
INN00014	1	0	2	0	Meal Plan 1	Room_Type 1	95 20/11/2018	Online	90	Canceled
INN00015	2	0	0	2	Meal Plan 1	Room_Type 1	47 20/10/2017	Online	94.5	Not_Canceled
INN00016	2	0	0	2	Meal Plan 2	Room_Type 1	256 15/06/2018	Online	115	Canceled
INN00017	1	0	1	0	Meal Plan 1	Room_Type 1	0 5/10/2017	Offline	96	Not_Canceled
INN00018	2	0	1	3	Not Selected	Room_Type 1	1 10/8/2017	Online	96	Not_Canceled
INN00019	2	0	2	2	Meal Plan 1	Room_Type 1	99 30/10/2017	Online	65	Canceled
INN00020	2	0	1	0	Meal Plan 1	Room_Type 1	12 4/10/2017	Offline	72	Not_Canceled
INN00021	2	0	2	2	Meal Plan 1	Room_Type 1	99 30/10/2017	Online	65	Canceled
INN00022	1	0	0	1	Meal Plan 1	Room_Type 1	122 25/11/2018	Corporate	67	Not_Canceled
INN00023	2	0	2	4	Meal Plan 1	Room_Type 1	2 20/03/2018	Offline	85	Not_Canceled
INN00024	2	0	0	3	Meal Plan 1	Room_Type 1	37 13/10/2018	Offline	105	Not_Canceled
INN00025	2	0	2	1	Not Selected	Room_Type 1	130 22/05/2018	Online	94.5	Not_Canceled
INN00026	2	0	0	2	Meal Plan 1	Room_Type 1	99 28/04/2018	Online	4.4.1.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4	Not_Canceled
INN00027	2	0	1	1	Meal Plan 1	Room_Type 1	60 21/09/2017	Offline	65	Not_Canceled
< >	Hotel Reservation Dataset +									



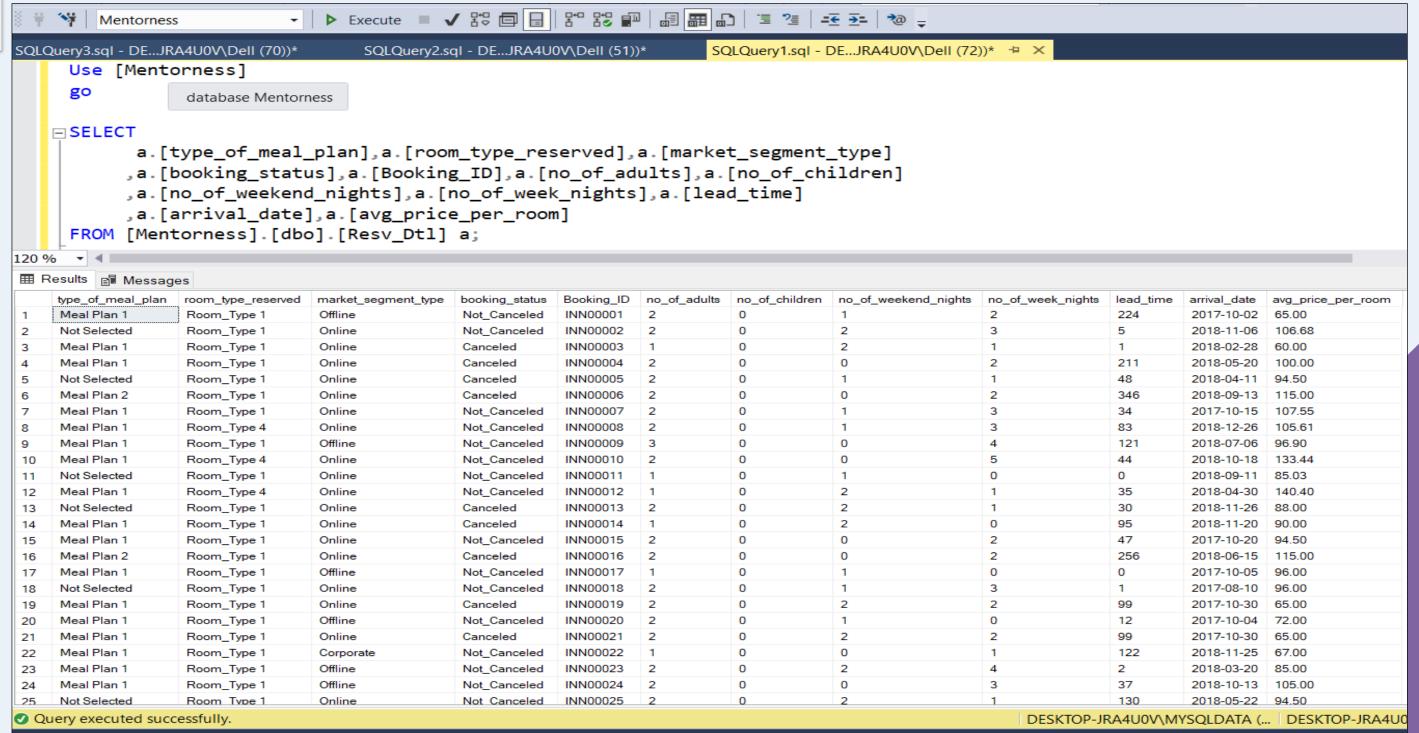


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master
LQuery3.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (70))* □ × SQLQuery2.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (51))*
                                                       SQLQuery1.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (72))*
 ⊣use master
  create database Mentorness;
  use Mentorness;
 □Create Table Resv_Dtl (
  Booking_ID varchar(10),
  no_of_adults integer default 0,
  no_of_children integer default 0,
  no_of_weekend_nights integer default 0,
  no_of_week_nights integer default 0,
  type_of_meal_plan varchar(15),
  room_type_reserved varchar(15),
  lead_time integer default 0,
  arrival_date
                 Date,
  market_segment_type varchar(15),
  avg_price_per_room Numeric(10,2) default 0,
  booking_status varchar(15)
```



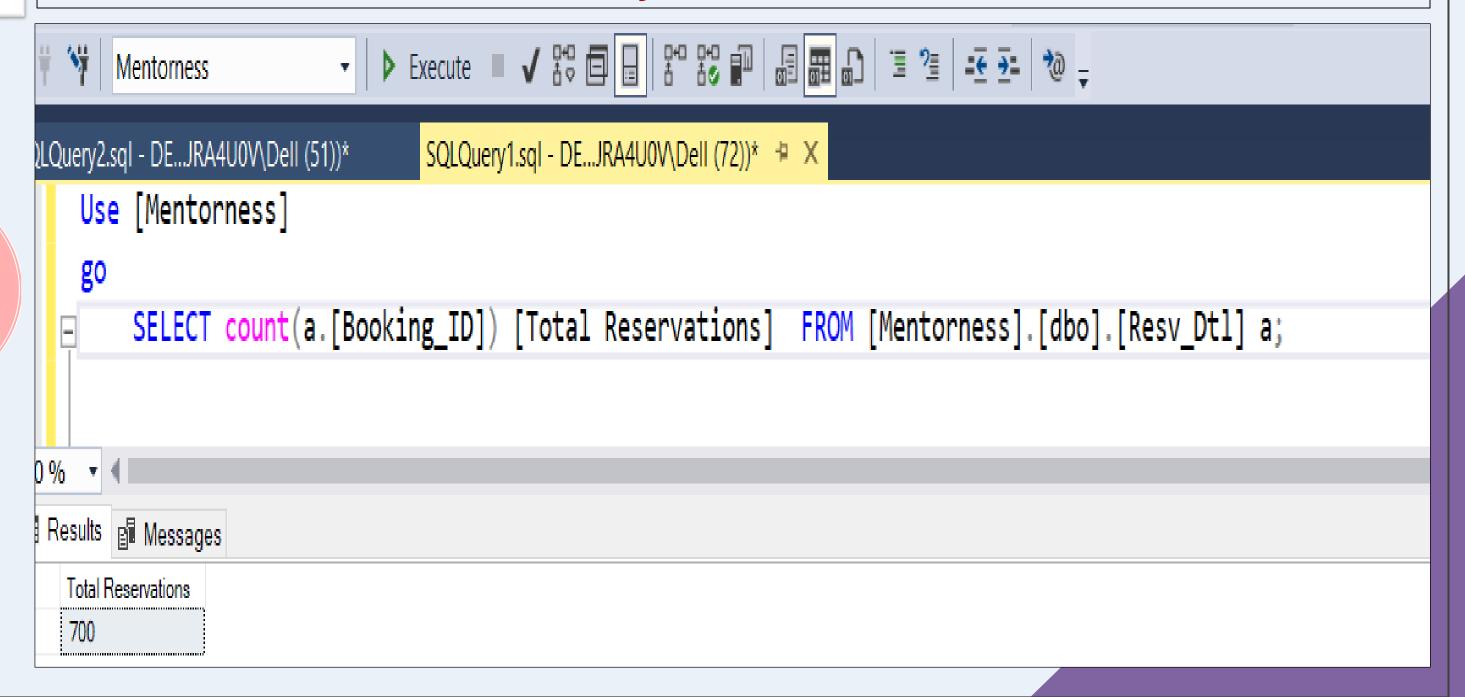
Data

Hotel Reservation Analysis With SQL





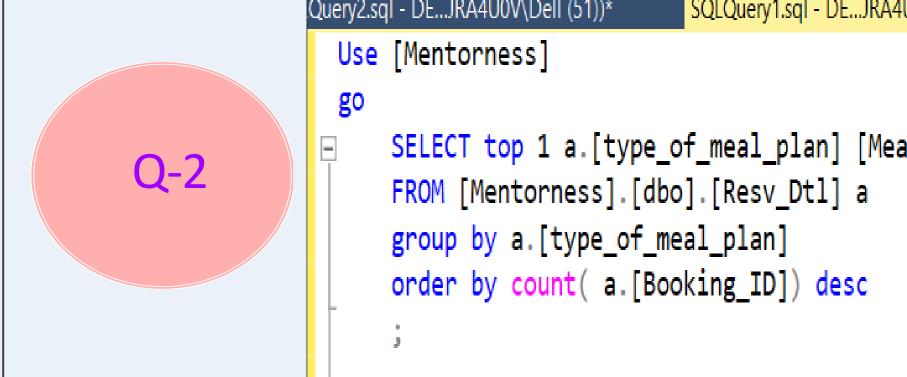
1. What is the total number of reservations in the dataset?



Q-1



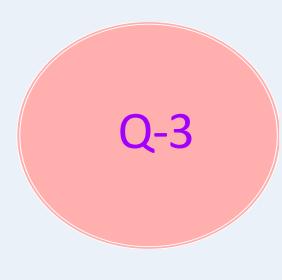
2. Which meal plan is the most popular among guests?



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 Mentorness SQLQuery1.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (72))* 🗦 🗶 Query2.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (51))* SELECT top 1 a.[type_of_meal_plan] [Meal Plan Type],count(a.[Booking_ID]) [Total Reservations] Results Messages Meal Plan Type Total Reservations Meal Plan 1 527



3. What is the average price per room for reservations involving children?



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Mentorness
uery2.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (51))*
                           SQLQuery1.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (72))* □ ×
 Use [Mentorness]
 go
     SELECT round(avg(a.[avg_price_per_room]),2) [avg_price_per_room]
     FROM [Mentorness].[dbo].[Resv_Dtl] a
     where a.[no_of_children]>0 ;
esults 📳 Messages
avg_price_per_room
144.570000
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4. How many reservations were made for the year 20XX (replace XX with the desired year)?



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QLQuery2.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (51))*
                                                                                                  SQLQuery1.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (72))* 😕 🗶
            Use [Mentorness]
                         SELECT year(a.[arrival_date]) Yr, count(a.[Booking_ID]) [Total Reservations] FROM [Mentorness].[dbo].[Resv_Dtl] a
                         --where year(a.[arrival_date])=2018
                         group by year(a.[arrival_date])
Results 📳 Messages
                      Total Reservations
                       123
         2018 577
```



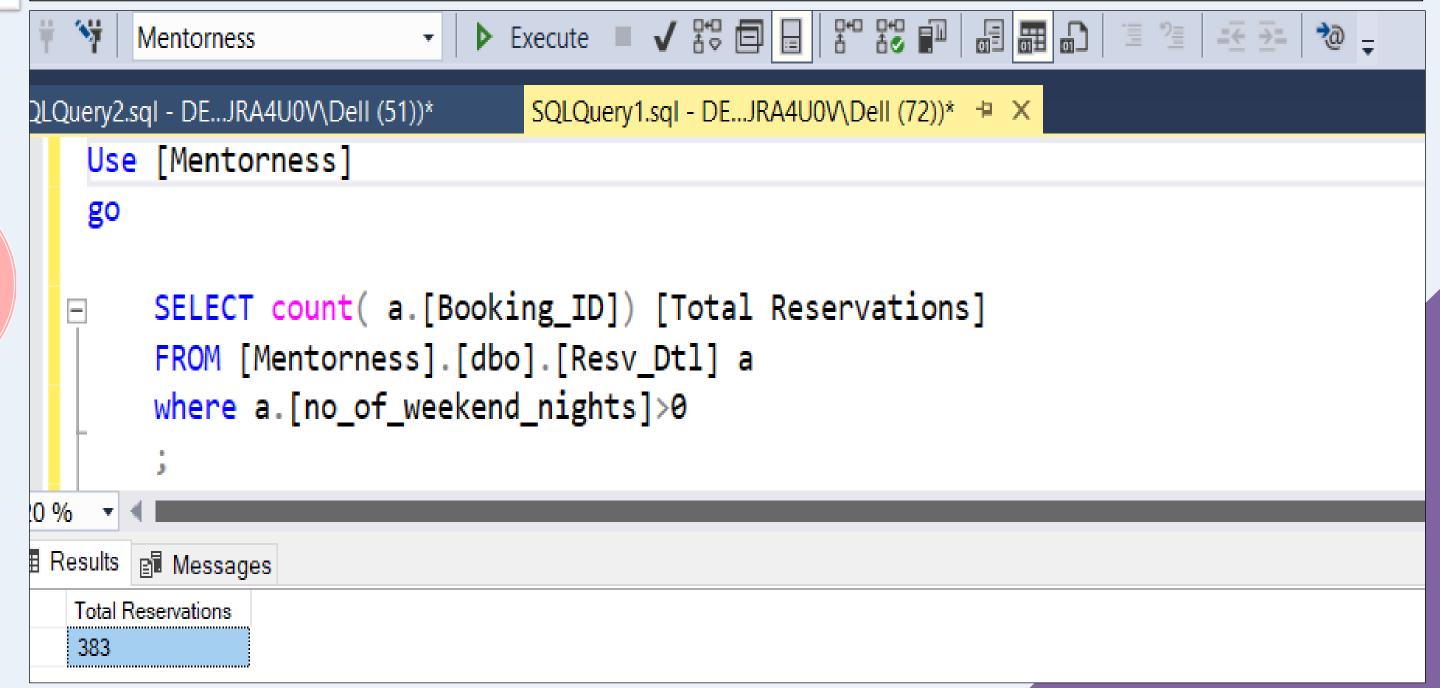
5. What is the most commonly booked room type?



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- ▶ Execute ■ ✔ 點 🖨 🔒 點 點 🗊 🖫 🕮 🛖
   Mentorness
                                SQLQuery1.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (72))* 	≠ ×
QLQuery2.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (51))*
    Use [Mentorness]
    go
        SELECT top 1 a.[room_type_reserved] [Room Type Reserved],count( a.[Booking_ID]) [Total Reservations]
        FROM [Mentorness].[dbo].[Resv_Dtl] a
        group by a.[room_type_reserved]
        order by count( a.[Booking_ID]) desc;
20 % ▼ ◀ ■
Results Messages
   Room Type Reserved Total Reservations
                 534
   Room Type 1
```



6. How many reservations fall on a weekend (no_of_weekend_nights > 0)?



Q-6



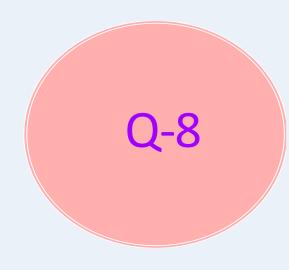
7. What is the highest and lowest lead time for reservations?



```
Mentorness
                             SQLQuery1.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (72))* □ X
QLQuery2.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (51))*
   Use [Mentorness]
   go
       SELECT min(a.[Lead_Time]) [Lowest Lead Time], max(a.[Lead_Time]) [Highest Lead Time]
       FROM [Mentorness].[dbo].[Resv_Dtl] a
20 % ▼ ◀
Results 🖟 Messages
  Lowest Lead Time Highest Lead Time
             443
```



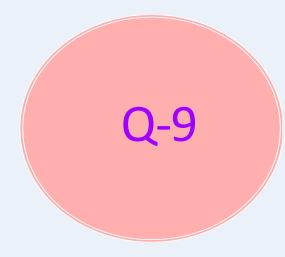
8. What is the most common market segment type for reservations?



```
- | ▶ Execute ■ ✓ 꿈 🗇 🔒 | 꿈 꿈 🗊 🗐 📾 🗗 | 🧵 🌁 -또 🏊 | 🐌 -
   Mentorness
                                SQLQuery1.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (72))* □ ×
QLQuery2.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (51))*
    Use [Mentorness]
        SELECT top 1 a.[Market_Segment_Type] [Market Segment Type],count( a.[Booking_ID]) [Total Reservations]
         FROM [Mentorness].[dbo].[Resv_Dtl] a
         group by a.[Market_Segment_Type]
         order by count( a.[Booking_ID]) desc
20 % ▼ ◀ ■
Market Segment Type
                 Total Reservations
                 518
   Online
```



9. How many reservations have a booking status of "Confirmed"?



```
- | ▶ Execute ■ ✔ ## 🖨 🔠 | ## ## ## 🗊 🗊 🗊 🖫 💆 -€ 글= 🐌 💂
       Mentorness
                                  SQLQuery1.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (72))* □ ×
QLQuery2.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (51))*
    Use [Mentorness]
    go
         SELECT a.[Booking_Status] [Booking Status],count( a.[Booking_ID]) [Total Reservations]
         FROM [Mentorness].[dbo].[Resv_Dtl] a
         where a.[booking_status]= 'Not_Canceled'
         group by a.[Booking_Status]
         order by count( a.[Booking_ID]) desc;
Results Messages
   Booking Status Total Reservations
   Not Canceled
```



10. What is the total number of adults and children across all reservations?



```
Mentorness
                           SQLQuery1.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (72))* □ X
)LQuery2.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (51))*
  Use [Mentorness]
   go
      SELECT sum(a.[no_of_adults]) [Adults], sum(a.[no_of_children]) [Children], sum(a.[no_of_adults]+a.[no_of_children]) [Head Count]
      FROM [Mentorness].[dbo].[Resv_Dtl] a
Results 🗐 Messages
  Adults Children Head Count
```



11. What is the average number of weekend nights for reservations involving children?



```
Mentorness
LQuery2.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (51))*
                            SQLQuery1.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (72))* □ ×
   Use [Mentorness]
   go
      SELECT avg(a.no_of_weekend_nights) [Avg Week End Nights]
      FROM [Mentorness].[dbo].[Resv_Dtl] a
      where a.[no_of_children]>0;
Results Messages
  Avg Week End Nights
```



12. How many reservations were made in each month of the year?



```
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      Mentorness
SQLQuery2.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (51))*
                             SQLQuery1.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (72))* 🖶 🗶
    Use [Mentorness]
    go
        SELECT format(a.[arrival_date],'MMM') [MonthName],count( a.[Booking_ID]) [Total Reservations]
        FROM [Mentorness].[dbo].[Resv_Dtl] a
        group by Month(a.[arrival_date]),format(a.[arrival_date],'MMM')
        order by Month(a.[arrival date])
120 % ▼ ◀
MonthName Total Reservations
           11
           28
           52
           67
           55
           70
   Dec
           52
```



13. What is the average number of nights (both weekend and weekday) spent by guests for each room type?



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                                  SQLQuery1.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (72))* = X
SQLQuery2.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (51))*
     Use [Mentorness]
     go
         SELECT a.[room_type_reserved] [Room Type], isnull(avg(a.no_of_weekend_nights),0) [Avg Week End Nights]
         , isnull(avg(a.no_of_week_nights),0) [Avg Week Nights]
         FROM [Mentorness].[dbo].[Resv_Dtl] a
         group by a.[room_type_reserved];
120 % ▼ ◀
Room Type Avg Week End Nights Avg Week Nights
    Room_Type 1 0
    Room_Type 2 1
    Room_Type 4 1
    Room_Type 5 0
    Room_Type 6 1
    Room_Type 7 1
```



14. For reservations involving children, what is the most common room type, and what is the average price for that room type?



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Mentorness
                              SQLQuery1.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (72))* 😕 🗶
SQLQuery2.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (51))*
    Use [Mentorness]
        SELECT top 1 a.[room_type_reserved] [Room Type Reserved],count( a.[Booking_ID]) [Total Reservations]
            ,AVG(a.[avg_Price_per_room]) [Avg Price]
        FROM [Mentorness].[dbo].[Resv_Dtl] a
        where a.[no_of_children]>0
        group by a.[room_type_reserved]
120 % ▼ ◀ ■
Room Type Reserved | Total Reservations | Avg Price
   Room_Type 1
                          123.122916
```



15. Find the market segment type that generates the highest average price per room.



```
Mentorness
                             SQLQuery1.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (72))* □ ×
SQLQuery2.sql - DE...JRA4U0V\Dell (51))*
    Use [Mentorness]
        SELECT top 1 a.[market_segment_type] [Market Segment Type], sum(a.[avg_Price_per_room]) [Avg Price]
        FROM [Mentorness].[dbo].[Resv_Dtl] a
        group by a.[market_segment_type]
        order by sum(a.[avg_Price_per_room]) desc;
120 % -
Room Type Reserved Total Reservations
               24
                          123.122916
   Room_Type 1
```



- ❖ Based on the analysis of the hotel reservation dataset, it's evident that MEAL plan 1 is the most ordered among guests.
- ❖ Improving feedback collection, customizing the menu to suit guests' tastes, and adjusting prices strategically will make people like MEAL plan 1 even more.
- ❖ Using online ads can help attract more guests to choose MEAL plan 1.

Insights & Recommendations

- The most booked room type is Room 1. However, there exists a significant variation in the booking trends across other types of rooms. This variance indicates an opportunity to implement effective measures aimed at increasing the booking rates of other room types as well.
- Understanding what guests like about the popular rooms can help hotels make the other rooms more appealing to guests too.
- Insights suggest that guests prefer online booking due to its convenience, accessibility.
- ❖ Hotels can use this information to focus more on promoting their services online, improve their websites for booking, and offer special deals to make people want to book online even more.





Thanks!!

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Profile: Data Analyst Intern

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