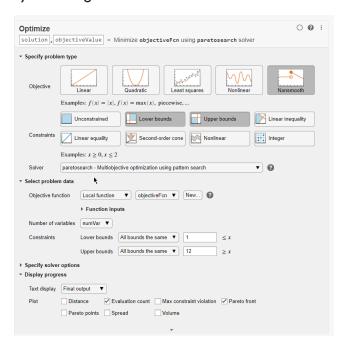


QUICK START GUIDE

Solver-Based Optimization in MATLAB®

Define and solve optimization and least-squares problems and systems of nonlinear equations. Use the *Optimize* Live Editor task to guide you through this workflow.



1. Group the optimization variables into a single vector \mathbf{x} . Write the objective and constraints in terms of \mathbf{x} .

Objective Type	Mathematical Form	Example		
Linear	$f^T x$	f = [-1 0 -5];		
Quadratic	$x^T Hx + f^T x$	H = [5 1 0; 1 3 0; 0 0 0];		
Least Squares		<pre>C = [7 8 10; 1 3 4; 2 5 7]; d = [2; 1; 1.5]; function F = myF(x) F(1) = f1(x); F(2) = f2(x); end</pre>		
General	f(x)	function objval = fobj(x) objval = $3*(x(1)-x(2))^4$; end		

Constraint Type	Mathematical Form	Example		
Bound	l≤x≤u	<pre>lb = zeros(n,1); ub = 5*ones(n,1);</pre>		
Linear	$ \begin{array}{c} Ax \leq b \\ A_{eq} x = b_{eq} \end{array} $	A = [1 0 1; 0 -2 1]; b = [4; 2]; Aeq = [1 0 2]; beq = 1;		
Second- Order Cone	$ A_{SC} x - b_{SC} \le d_{SC} x - \text{gamma}$	<pre>A = diag([1,1/2,0]); b = zeros(3,1); d = [0;0;1]; gamma = 0; socConstraints = secondordercone(A,b,d,gamma);</pre>		
General	$c(x) \le 0$ $c_{eq}(x) = 0$	<pre>function[c,ceq] = nlcons(x) c(1) = x(1).^2 + x(2).^2 - 1; c(2) = x(1)*x(3) - 5; ceq = []; end</pre>		
Integer	$x_j \in Z^n$	intcon = [1 2]		



2. Choose a solver matching the types of objective and constraints.

Solvers in Optimization Toolbox[™] use derivatives, are usually faster, and scale to large problems. Solvers in Global Optimization Toolbox (*italic*) and MATLAB (*) do not use derivatives and search for global minima.

Constraint Type	Objective Type						
	Linear	Quadratic	Least Squares	General Smooth	General Nonsmooth	Multiobjective	
None		quadprog	lsqcurvefit lsqnonlin mldivide	fminsearch* fminunc	fminsearch* patternsearch ga particleswarm simulannealbnd	fgoalattain fminimax paretosearch gamultiobj	
Bound	linprog	quadprog	lsqcurvefit lsqnonlin lsqnonneg lsqlin	fmincon	surrogateopt patternsearch ga fminbnd* particleswarm simulannealbnd	fgoalattain fminimax paretosearch gamultiobj	
Linear	linprog	quadprog	lsqlin	fmincon	patternsearch ga surrogateopt	fgoalattain fminimax paretosearch gamultiobj	
Second-Order Cone	coneprog	coneprog					
General Smooth	fmincon	fmincon	fmincon	fmincon	patternsearch ga surrogateopt	fgoalattain fminimax paretosearch gamultiobj	
General Nonsmooth	patternsearch ga surrogateopt	patternsearch ga surrogateopt	patternsearch ga surrogateopt	patternsearch ga surrogateopt	patternsearch ga surrogateopt	paretosearch gamultiobj	
Integer	intlinprog				ga surrogateopt		

3. Define initial point if required and options if desired. Call solver and obtain solution.

Initial Point

Examples:

x0 = 1b + 0.5*(ub-1b)

x0 = zeros(n,1)

Solve

Examples:

[x,fval] = fmincon(@fobj,x0,A,b,Aeq,beq,lb,ub,@nlcons,opts)
[x,fval,eflag] = ga(@fobj,nvars)

x = lsqlin(C,d,A,b,[],[],lb)

Learn more:

mathworks.com/help/optim mathworks.com/help/gads

Options

Use optimoptions to set stopping criteria, plot functions, initial population, and more.

Example:

opts = optimoptions('fmincon','Display','iter')

Do More

- » Interpret and improve results
- » Pass extra parameters to functions
- » Solver comparison table and example
- » Solve systems of nonlinear equations
- » Search for global minima on smooth problems

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