

# [ Lesson 3 ]

## [Что мы рассмотрим:]

- propTypes и defaultProps
- Жизненный цикл компонентов
- React Router v4, основы роутинга
- this.props.match, this.props.location, this.props.history

## [defaultProps]

// Определение значений по умолчанию для props:

```
Greeting.defaultProps = {  
  name: 'Stranger'  
};  
  
class Greeting extends Component {  
  render() {  
    return (  
      <h1>Hello, {this.props.name}</h1>  
    );  
  }  
}
```

## [defaultProps]

```
class Greeting extends Component {  
  static defaultProps = {  
    name: 'Stranger'  
  };  
  
  render() {  
    return (  
      <h1>Hello, {this.props.name}</h1>  
    );  
  }  
}
```

# [Prop-types]

```
npm i prop-types -S
```

```
import React from 'react';
import PropTypes from 'prop-types';

class MyComponent extends React.Component {
  render() {
    // ... do things with the props
  }
}

MyComponent.propTypes = {
  ...
}
```

# [Prop-types]

```
import React from 'react';
import PropTypes from 'prop-types';

class MyComponent extends React.Component {
  static propTypes = {
    ...
  }

  render() {
    // ... do things with the props
  }
}
```

# [Prop-types]

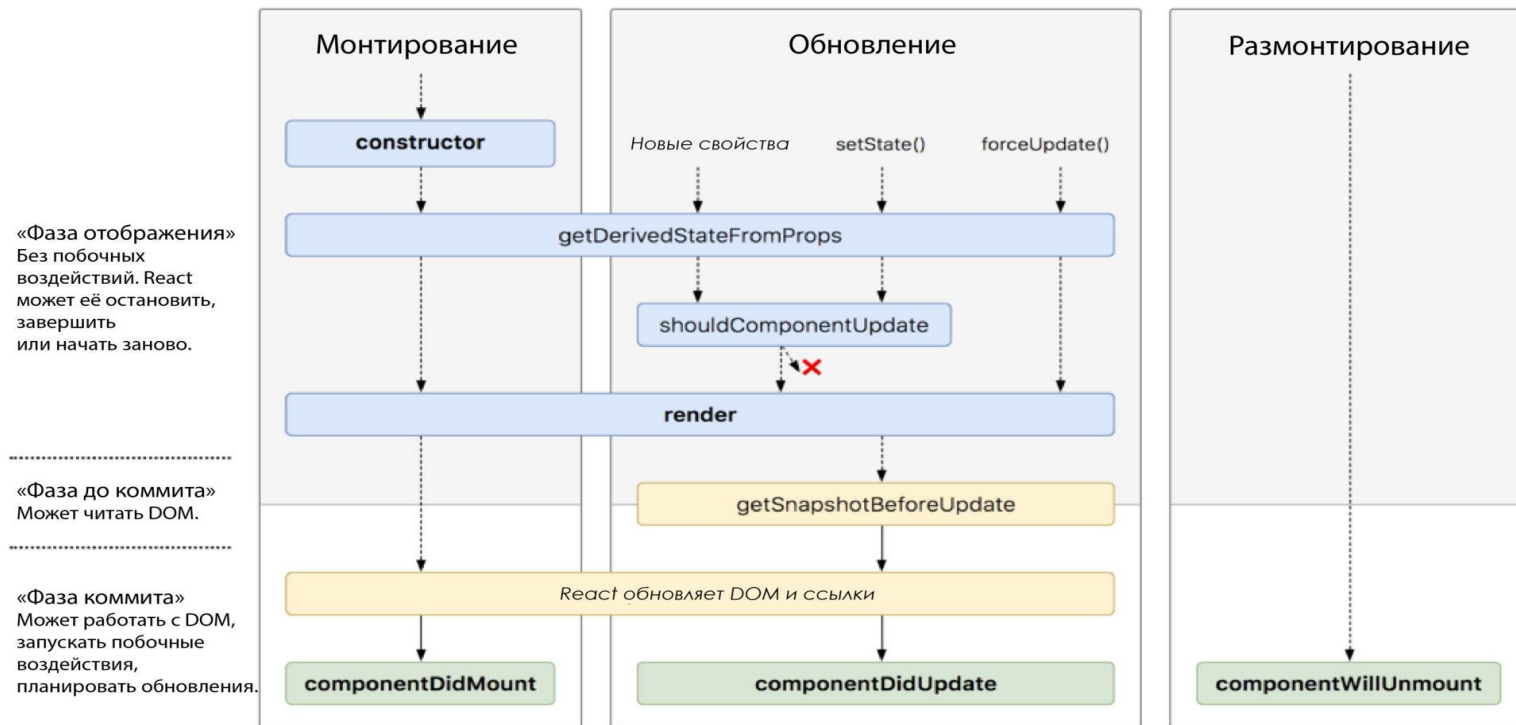
```
optionalArray: PropTypes.array,  
optionalBool: PropTypes.bool,  
optionalFunc: PropTypes.func,  
optionalNumber: PropTypes.number,  
optionalObject: PropTypes.object,  
optionalString: PropTypes.string,  
optionalSymbol: PropTypes.symbol,  
  
// Anything that can be rendered: numbers, strings, elements or an array  
// (or fragment) containing these types.  
optionalNode: PropTypes.node,  
  
// A React element.  
optionalElement: PropTypes.element,  
  
// You can also declare that a prop is an instance of a class. This uses  
// JS's instanceof operator.  
optionalMessage: PropTypes.instanceOf(Message),  
  
// You can ensure that your prop is limited to specific values by treating  
// it as an enum.  
optionalEnum: PropTypes.oneOf(['News', 'Photos']),
```

# [Prop-types]

```
class MyComponent extends Component {  
  render() {  
    // Если в props.children будет более одного элемента возникнет предупреждение.  
    const children = this.props.children;  
    return (  
      <div>  
        {children}  
      </div>  
    );  
  }  
}  
  
MyComponent.propTypes = {  
  children: React.PropTypes.element.isRequired  
};
```



# [Жизненный цикл компонентов]



# [React Router v4]

```
npm i react-router-dom --S
```

```
import { BrowserRouter } from 'react-router-dom';
```

```
ReactDOM.render((  
  <BrowserRouter>  
    <App />  
  </BrowserRouter>  
, document.getElementById('root'))
```

# [React Router v4]

```
import { BrowserRouter } from 'react-router-dom';

ReactDOM.render((
  <BrowserRouter>
    <App />
  </BrowserRouter>
), document.getElementById('root'))
```

# [React Router v4]

```
import { Route } from 'react-router-dom';  
  
...  
  
<Route path="/" component={Body} />  
<Route path="/profile" component={Profile} />
```

# [React Router v4]

```
import { Route } from 'react-router-dom';  
...  
  
<Route path="/" component={Body} /><Route path='/page' render={(props) => (  
  <Page {...props} data={extraProps}/>  
)} />  
<Route path='/page' children={(props) => (  
  props.match  
    ? <Page {...props}/>  
    : <EmptyPage {...props}/>  
)} />
```

## [this.props.match]

**url** — сопоставляемая часть текущего location.pathname

**path** — путь в компоненте Route

**isExact** — path в Route === location.pathname

**params** — объект содержит значения из path которые возвращает модуль path-to-regexp

## [this.props.history]

Каждый Router создает объект this.props.history который хранит путь к текущему this.props.location и перерисовывает интерфейс сайта когда происходят какие то изменения пути.

```
  action: "PUSH"
  ▶ block: function block() ↗≡
  ▶ createHref: function createHref() ↗≡
  ▶ go: function go() ↗≡
  ▶ goBack: function goBack() ↗≡
  ▶ goForward: function goForward() ↗≡
  length: 2
  ▶ listen: function listen() ↗≡
  ▶ location: Object { pathname: "/signin", search: "", key: "1ffgxt", _ }
  ▶ push: function push() ↗≡
  ▶ replace: function replace() ↗≡
  ▶ <prototype>: Object { _ }
```

# [React Router v4]

```
import { Switch, Route } from 'react-router-dom'

<Switch>
  <Route exact path="/" component={Home}/>
  <Route path="/roster" component={Roster}/>
  <Route path="/schedule" component={Schedule}/>
</Switch>
```



# [React Router v4]

```
import { Switch, Route } from 'react-router-dom'

<Switch>
  <Route exact path="/" component={Home}/>
  <Route path="/contacts" component={ContactsBook}/>
  <Route path="/contacts/:id" component={ContactInfo}/>
</Switch>
```

# [React Router v4]

```
import { Switch, Route } from 'react-router-dom'

const Contacts = () => (
  <div>
    <h2>Adress book</h2>
    <Switch>
      <Route exact path='/contacts' component={ContactsList}/>
      <Route path='/contacts/:id' component={ContactFullInfo}/>
    </Switch>
  </div>
)
```

# [React Router v4]

```
import { NavLink } from 'react-router-dom'  
  
...  
  
<NavLink to="/" activeClassName="active">Dashboard</NavLink>  
  
...
```