## main\_001 polyfit

July 15, 2022

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[1]: cd ...
    g:\coldfar_py\experiments
[2]: cd ...
    g:\coldfar_py
[3]: import numpy as np
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     from matplotlib.pyplot import figure
     from scipy.odr import *
     import random
     import pylab as pl
     from numpy import fft
     from datetime import datetime
     from pandas_datareader import data as pdr
[4]: import numpy as np
     import pandas as pd
     from numpy_ext import rolling_apply as rolling_apply_ext
     import mplfinance as mpf
[5]: #https://stackoverflow.com/questions/39492513/
     \hookrightarrow scipy-odr-output-intercept-and-slope
     # slope is output.beta[0] and the intercept is output.beta[1]
     def abline(slope, intercept):
         """Plot a line from slope and intercept"""
         axes = plt.gca()
         x_vals = np.array(axes.get_xlim())
         y_vals = intercept + slope * x_vals
         plt.plot(x_vals, y_vals, '--')
[6]: def get_trend(x, y, if_draw=False):
         # Define a function (quadratic in our case) to fit the data with.
         def linear_func(p, x):
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m, c = p
             return m*x + c
         # Create a model for fitting.
         linear_model = Model(linear_func)
         # Create a RealData object using our initiated data from above.
         data = RealData(x, y)
         # Set up ODR with the model and data.
         odr = ODR(data, linear_model, beta0=[0., 1.])
         # Run the regression.
         out = odr.run()
         if if draw:
             # Use the in-built pprint method to give us results.
             out.pprint()
             abline(out.beta[0], out.beta[1])
         return out.beta #out.beta[0]
[7]: mesdf = pd.read csv("data\\MES0000 SP 5 .csv", index col = False, encoding = 1
      \rightarrow"950", skiprows=1, names = [
         "datetime", "open", "high", "low", "close", "diff", "diff_percentage", [

¬"volume", "ma13", "ma34", "ma89", "ma144", "ma233",

→"+DI7", "-DI7", "ADX7", "to drop"

     ])
     #mesdf.drop_col(["to_drop"])
     mesdf.insert(0, 'symbol', "MES")
     mesdf.insert(1, 'contract', "2207")
     mesdf.insert(2, 'scale', "5k")
     # def dt_to_dtstr_no_symbol(dt):
           return dt.strftime('%Y%m%d%H%M%S')
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[8]: def stable_arange(start, step, cnt):
    return np.arange(0,cnt)*step+start
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return datetime.strptime(dtstr, '%Y/%m/%d %H:%M')

mesdf["datetime"] = mesdf["datetime"].apply(parse\_dt\_capital) #.

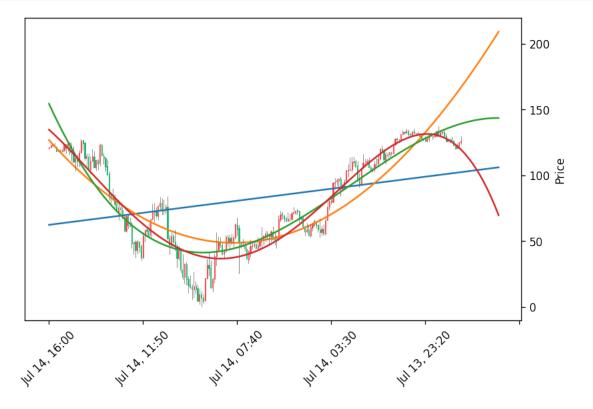
def parse\_dt\_capital(dtstr):

 $\hookrightarrow apply(dt_to_dtstr_no_symbol)$ 

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[9]: mx = mesdf["high"].max()
    mn = mesdf["low"].min()
    h_delta = (mx - mn)
    w_delta = h_delta / 550 * 880
    w_unit = w_delta / len(mesdf)
    df_ohlc = mesdf[["open", "high", "low", "close"]].copy()
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df_ohlc.insert(0, 'id', range(0, len(mesdf)))
df_ohlc["x"] = df_ohlc.apply(lambda r:r.id * w_unit, axis=1)
df_ohlc["o"] = df_ohlc.apply(lambda r:r.open - mn, axis=1)
df_ohlc["h"] = df_ohlc.apply(lambda r:r.high - mn, axis=1)
df_ohlc["1"] = df_ohlc.apply(lambda r:r.low - mn, axis=1)
df_ohlc["c"] = df_ohlc.apply(lambda r:r.close - mn, axis=1)
factor = 1 / w_unit
all y = df ohlc["c"].values
all_x = df_ohlc["x"].values
last_x = all_x[-1] + w_unit
all_x_extend_predict = list(stable_arange(last_x, w_unit, 20))
all_x_extend = np.array([*all_x, *all_x_extend_predict])
#extended_None = [np.nan] * n_predict
#all_y_extend = np.array([*all_y, *extended_None])
fact_all_x_extend = all_x_extend * factor
fact_all_x
                  = all_x
                                 * factor
```

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[10]: fig, ax1 = pl.subplots(1, figsize=(8, 5), dpi=120, gridspec_kw={'height_ratios':
      → [1]})
      def plot_fit(all_x, x, y, ax):
          p1 = np.polyfit(x, y, 1)
          p2 = np.polyfit(x, y, 2)
          p3 = np.polyfit(x, y, 3)
          p4 = np.polyfit(x, y, 4)
          pts1 = np.poly1d(p1)
          pts2 = np.poly1d(p2)
          pts3 = np.poly1d(p3)
          pts4 = np.poly1d(p4)
          fit_y1 = pts1(all_x)
          fit_y2 = pts2(all_x)
          fit_y3 = pts3(all_x)
          fit_y4 = pts4(all_x)
          ax.plot(all_x, fit_y1)
          ax.plot(all_x, fit_y2)
          ax.plot(all_x, fit_y3)
          ax.plot(all_x, fit_y4)
      plot_fit(fact_all_x_extend, fact_all_x, all_y * factor, ax1)
```



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