



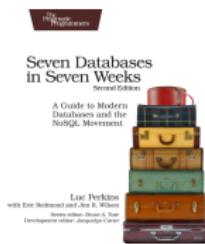
UMD DATA605 - Big Data Systems

6.4: CouchDB

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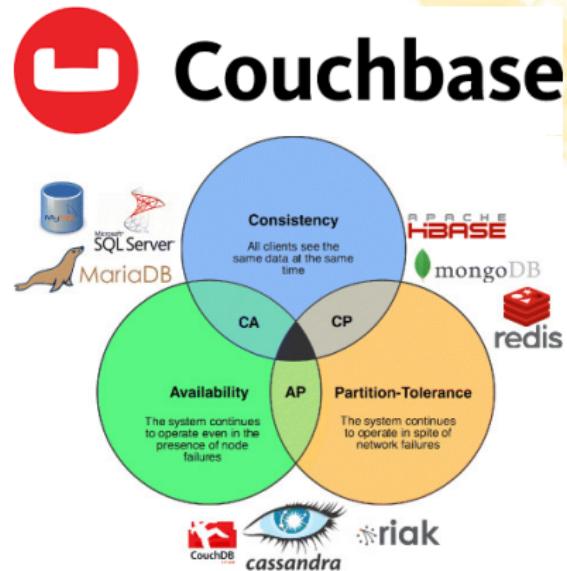
• References:

- All concepts in slides
- Seven Databases in Seven Weeks, 2e



Couchbase

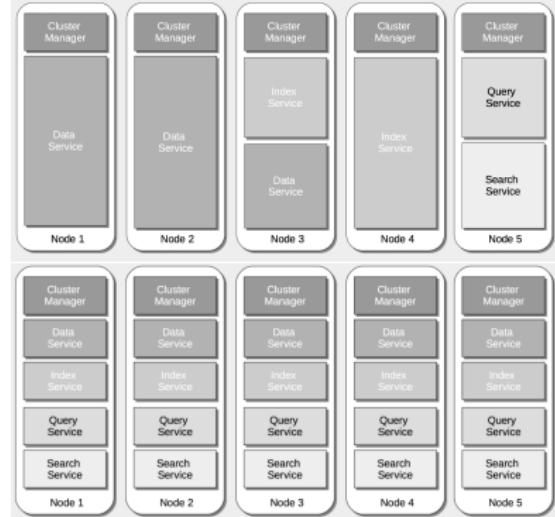
- NoSQL document-oriented DB (like MongoDB)
- Couchbase = merge of CouchDB and membase
 - *CouchDB*
 - Open source document store
 - HTTP RESTful API to add, update, delete documents
 - Supports all 4 ACID properties
 - *membase*
 - Distributed key-value store (like Redis)
 - Scales up and down
 - Highly available and partition tolerant
 - Uses HTTP protocol to query and interact with objects
 - No query language
 - Objects stored in *buckets*
 - Collection of JSON docs, no special relation



From a CAP perspective:

Architecture

- Every Couchbase node consists of **different services**:
 - Data service
 - Index service
 - Query service
 - Cluster manager component
- Services can run on separate nodes
- **Data replication**
 - Across nodes
 - Across data centers
- **Data service**
 - Writes data asynchronously to disk after acknowledging to client
 - Optionally synchronous: ensure data is written to more than one server before acknowledging a write



Queries

- **Can create multiple views over documents**
 - Views optimized/indexed by Couchbase for fast queries
 - Re-indexed when documents change
 - Perform full-text searches using indexes
- **Perform well when:**
 - Infrequent changes to document structure
 - Know query types in advance
- **Query**
 - Uses custom query language N1QL ("nickel")
 - Extends SQL to JSON documents
 - Queries over multiple documents using server-side joins
- **Map-reduce support**
 - (Map) Define a view with document columns of interest
 - (Reduce) Optionally define aggregate functions over data