

Lab Session 6

MA-423 : Matrix Computations

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1. Write a MATLAB function program $[Q, R] = \text{cgs}(V)$ to orthonormalize the columns of an $n \times m$ matrix V , ($n \geq m$) by the Classical Gram Schmidt procedure so that Q is the isometry satisfying

$$\begin{aligned} \text{span}\{Q(:, 1)\} &= \text{span}\{V(:, 1)\} \\ \text{span}\{Q(:, 1), Q(:, 2)\} &= \text{span}\{V(:, 1), V(:, 2)\}, \\ &\vdots \\ \text{span}\{Q(:, 1), Q(:, 2), \dots, Q(:, m)\} &= \text{span}\{V(:, 1), V(:, 2), \dots, V(:, m)\} \end{aligned}$$

and R is an upper triangular matrix such that $R(i, j) = \langle V(:, j), Q(:, i) \rangle$.

2. A slight modification of the above program leads to the Modified Gram Schmidt procedure for orthonormalizing the columns of V . Perform this modification to obtain another function program $[Q, R] = \text{mgs}(V)$.
3. Write a function program $[Q, R] = \text{cgsrep}(V)$ that performs Classified Gram Schmidt with reorthogonalization by making appropriate changes to your function program **cgs**. (Find out how to do this efficiently from your textbook.)

Take care to replace *for loops* by matrix-vector multiplications as far as possible in each of the above programs.

4. Orthonormalise the columns of the Hilbert matrices H of size 3, 4, ..., 10 respectively via **cgs**, **mgs**, **cgsrep** and **QR** (using the program you made in your last class) respectively and calculate the deviation from orthonormality $\|I - Q^*Q\|_2$ as well as $\|H - QR\|_2$ in each case.

Prepare a report of your experiments in tabular form which also contains the condition numbers of H in one of the columns. Make conclusions about the efficacy of each method in orthonormalising the columns of H .