DUCKIE AND THE SEARCH FOR THE GOLDEN GOOSE

INIYAN JOSEPH

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ALL WAS QUIET IN THE GOOSE VILLAGE. IT WAS A SORT OF PLACE WHERE PARENT GEESE COULD LOOK OUT AND FEEL THEIR GOSLINGS WERE SAFE. BUT ONE FALL EVENING, THERE WAS A SENSE OF DESPAIR IN THE VILLAGE. ALL THE GEESE KNEW THAT MIGRATION WAS COMING, AND THAT THEY WOULD HAVE TO EMBARK ON A DANGEROUS JOURNEY.

"ENOUGH IS ENOUGH." DUCKIE THOUGHT. BUT WHAT COULD HE DO? THE GOOSE AUTHORITIES, THE LEADERS OF THE VILLAGE, HAD CONTROLLED MIGRATIONS FOR AS LONG AS ANYONE IN THE VILLAGE COULD REMEMBER.

CREATED TO PROTECT THE VILLAGE FROM DANGER, THEY RULED THE VILLAGE AND MADE DECISIONS FOR THE VILLAGE. TO ENSURE THE OTHERS FOLLOWED THEIR RULES, THEY CREATED THE ELITE CORPS OF GOOSE POLICE. THIS SYSTEM HAD WORKED FOR SOME TIME, BUT IN THE PAST YEARS, THEY HAD ABUSED THEIR POWER. THEY HAD CLOSED DOWN THE SCHOOLS, BURNED THE VILLAGE'S BOOKS, AND STOPPED ALL GEESE FROM LEAVING THE VILLAGE.

GROWING UP, DUCKIE HAD HEARD THE STORIES OF THE FABLED "GOLDEN GOOSE" OF LEGEND WHO LIVED ON THE HIGHEST MOUNTAIN. ACCORDING TO THE STORIES, THE GOLDEN GOOSE WOULD BRING GREAT CHANGE TO THE VILLAGE. THAT CHANGE WOULD IN TURN LEAD TO GREAT CHANGE, AND WOULD SAVE THE VILLAGE FROM TYRANNY, AND LEAD TO AN ERA OF PEACE. MANY GEESE HAD TRIED TO SEEK HER, BUT IT WAS A DANGEROUS JOURNEY, AND NONE HAD EVER RETURNED.

"NO. I HAVE NO CHOICE."

DUCKIE THOUGHT BACK TO THE FARAWAY PLACE ON THE GRASSY MOUND, WHERE HE USED TO MEET WITH THE WISE OLD GOOSE WHO LIVED OUTSIDE THE VILLAGE. HE REMEMBERED THE GOOSE'S LAST WORDS BEFORE LEAVING FOR ONE COLD WINTER'S MIGRATION IN WHICH HE DID NOT RETURN.

"REMEMBER THE LEGEND DUCKIE, REMEMBER THE GOLDEN GOOSE."

DUCKIE DECIDED THEN AND THERE, THAT HE WOULD TRY TO FIND THE GOLDEN GOOSE, AND WOULD HELP CREATE THE GREAT CHANGE TO SOCIETY THE HERO WAS MEANT TO BRING. HOPEFULLY THEN, HE COULD SAVE ALL THE GEESE. HE WOULD HAVE TO BREAK THE GOOSE AUTHORITY'S RULES AND SEARCH FOR THE HERO.

6 CONTENTS

CHAPTER 1

ARITHMETIC

THAT NIGHT, DUCKIE DECIDED TO LEAVE THE VILLAGE. HE KNEW HE WOULD LEAVE SECRETLY BECAUSE OF THE TYRANNICAL RULES OF THE GOOSE AUTHORIETIES. THEY HAD TRIED SO HARD TO KEEP THEIR POWER, AND THE SEARCH FOR THE GOLDEN GOOSE RISKED EVERYTHING THEY STOOD FOR. DUCKIE WAITED UNTIL EVERYONE HAD GONE TO SLEEP, AND STARTED ON HIS JOURNEY.

HE BEGAN TO SNEAK TOWARDS THE VILLAGE BORDER, WHERE HE SAW TWO GUARDS SNORING LOUDLY. HE TIPTOED PAST, AND ALL SEEMED QUIET, BUT JUST AS HE TURNED HIS BACK TO THE VILLAGE, HE HEARD ALARMS RINGING.

HONK! HONK! HONK!

THEY DRONED. DUCKIE TURNED AROUND AND SAW THE TWO GUARDS HE HAD WALKED PAST COMING TOWARDS HIM. THE GOOSE AUTHORITIES HAD BEEN ALERTED OF HIS MISSION, AND HE WOULD HAVE TO RUN. HE BEGAN FLYING, AND AS HE LOOKED BACK, SAW THE GOOSE POLICE ON HIS TAIL.

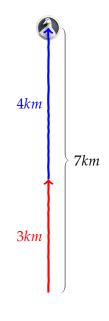
1.1 ADDITION

ON THE FIRST NIGHT OF HIS JOURNEY, DUCKIE FLEW 3km FROM THE VILLAGE TOWARDS THE MOUNTAIN WITH THE GOOSE POLICE IN PURSUIT. LOOKING BACK, HE WOULDN'T SEE THEM BEHIND HIM, SO, UNSURE OF HOW FAR THE GOOSE POLICE WOULD CHASE HIM, HE DECIDED TO TAKE A QUICK BREAK TO GAIN HIS STRENGTH, BUT IN A FLASH, HE SAW THE POLICE ON THE HORIZON AND BEGAN TO FLY AGAIN. FROM THERE, HE FLEW ANOTHER 4km. DUCKIE WANTED TO KNOW HOW MUCH HE HAD TRAVELED IN THE DIRECTION OF THE MOUNTAIN. WHERE WAS DUCKIE?

SOLUTION

HE FIRST FLEW 3km, THEN CHANGED THIS AMOUNT BY 4. DUCKIE'S POSITION, 3 KILOMETERS, CHANGED BY 4

KILOMETERS. THIS IS $\frac{4}{7}$ km.



DEFINITION

ADDITION, OR ADDING, IS THE MOST BASIC WAY OF USING NUMBERS. IT REPRESENTS CHANGING ONE NUMBER BY ANOTHER TO FORM A SINGLE, COMBINED NUMBER.

1.2 MULTIPLICATION

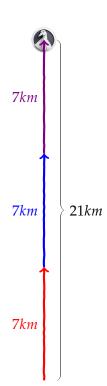
AS DUCKIE BEGAN HIS JOURNEY TOWARDS THE MOUNTAIN, THE GOOSE AUTHORITIES FOLLOWED CLOSE BEHIND. EVERY TIME HE TURNED BACK, HE SAW THEM ON THE HORIZON. ON EACH OF THE FIRST THREE DAYS, HE FLEW 7km. DUCKIE WANTED TO KNOW HOW MUCH HE HAD FLOWN TOWARDS THE MOUNTAIN. WHERE WAS DUCKIE?

SOLUTION

DUCKIE FLEW 7km, 3times. THIS MEANS THE AMOUNT HE FLEW WAS TRIPLE WHAT HE FLEW ON

 $\times \frac{3}{7}$

THE FIRST DAY. THIS IS 21km.



DEFINITION

MULTIPLICATION, OR MULTIPLYING, IS THE SECOND BASIC WAY OF USING NUMBERS. IT REPRESENTS CHANGING A NUMBER BY A CERTAIN SCALE. FOR EXAMPLE, DOUBLING, TRIPLING, ETC. A*B IS A TIMES MORE THAN B.

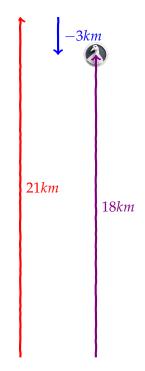
1.3 NEGATIVE NUMBERS

ON THE MORNING OF THE FOURTH DAY, DUCKIE HAD TRAVELED 21km. HE DECIDED HE HAD TO TAKE EVASIVE MANEUVERS TO TRY TO CONFUSE THE GOOSE POLICE. THEIR TRAINING TO BE THE FASTEST AND BEST IN THE VILLAGE MEANT THEY WOULD INEVITABLY CATCH UP WITH HIM. TO ESCAPE, HE DECIDED DO THE LAST THING THEY EXPECTED: GO BACK TOWARDS THE VILLAGE. HE TRAVELED IN THE OPPOSITE DIRECTION OF THE MOUNTAIN FOR 3km. DUCKIE WANTED TO KNOW HOW FAR HE WAS FROM THE MOUNTAIN. WHERE WAS DUCKIE?



THIS IS CALLED -3km. - MEANS OPPOSITE DIRECTION. HE FIRST FLEW 21km, THEN FLEW

-2.1 -3km. THIS IS -3km.



DEFINITION

A NUMBER LESS THAN O IS CALLED "NEGATIVE", AND IS IN THE OPPOSITE DIRECTION.

1.4 MULTIPLES OF A NEGATIVE

DUCKIE WAS TRIED FROM TRAVELING SO MUCH IN THE PAST FEW DAYS. AS HE TRAVELED IN THE NEGATIVE DIRECTION, TO TRY TO GAIN HIS STRENGTH FOR THE DIFFICULT JOURNEY AHEAD, HE TOOK A BREAK EVERY -1km. HE FLEW THAT DISTANCE 3 TIMES. HOW FAR DID DUCKIE TRAVEL WHILE TAKING EVASIVE MANEUVERS?



SOLUTION

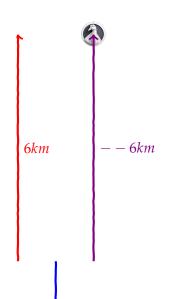
DUCKIE TRAVELED -1km 3 TIMES. $\times \frac{3}{1}$ THIS IS -3 KM

DEFINITION

MULTIPLYING BY A NEGATIVE NUMBER SHOWS STRETCHING OR SCALING A NUMBER BY SOME AMOUNT, BUT IN THE OPPOSITE DIRECTION.

1.5 NEGATIVE OF A

ON THE FIFTH DAY, FEELING THAT HE HAD AVOIDED THE GOOSE POLICE AND CONFUSED THEM, CONTINUED TO HEAD TOWARDS THE MOUNTAIN. TO GET TO THE GOLDEN GOOSE, HE KNEW HE WOULD HAVE TO TRAVEL AWAY FROM THE VILLAGE, AND SO TURNED AROUND AND FLEW FOR 6km. DUCKIE TRAVELED IN THE OPPOSITE DIRECTION OF THE NEGATIVE DIRECTION BY 6, OR -(-6). DUCKIE WANTED TO KNOW HOW FAR HE WAS FROM THE MOUNTAIN. WHERE WAS DUCKIE?



-6km

SOLUTION

INITIALLY, DUCKIE WAS AT $18 \mathrm{km}$. HE THEN TRAVELED -(-6). DUCKIE TRAVELED $6 \mathrm{km}$ TOWARDS THE MOUNTAIN. HE HAD FLOWN

$$\frac{1}{18} + \frac{6}{6}$$
 $24km$ TOWARDS THE MOUNTAIN.

DEFINITION

THE OPPOSITE DIRECTION OF THE OPPOSITE OR NEGATIVE DIRECTION OF A NUMBER IS IN THE SAME DIRECTION OF THE NUMBER. IT IS WRITTEN AS -(-NUMBER), WHICH IS THE SAME AS THE NUMBER ITSELF.

1.6 MULTIPLICATION TABLE

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
3	0	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30
4	0	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40
5	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
6	0	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60
7	0	7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63	70
8	0	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72	80
9	0	9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81	90
10	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100

OBSERVATIONS ABOUT THE MULTIPLICATION TABLE :

- 0 ANY NUMBER MULTIPLIED BY 0 IS 0. THIS MAKES SENSE, BECAUSE ANY NUMBER REPEATED 0 TIMES IS THE SAME AS NOT HAVING IT AT ALL.
- 1 ANY NUMBER MULTIPLIED BY 1 IS ITSELF. THIS MAKES SENSE, BECAUSE ANY NUMBER REPEATED ONE TIME IS ITSELF. THIS HAS A SPECIAL NAME: IDENTITY
- 10 ANY NUMBER MULTIPLIED BY 10 IS SHIFTED TO THE LEFT BY ONE DIGIT.

SYMMETRY THE TABLE IS IDENTICAL ACROSS THE DIAGONAL. THIS SHOWS THAT 4*2 IS THE SAME AS 2*4. THIS PROPERTY ALSO HAS A SPECIAL NAME: COMMUTATIVITY.

CHAPTER 2

PROPERTIES

AFTER FIVE DAYS OF RUNNING FROM THE GOOSE POLICE, DUCKIE WAS CERTAIN THAT HE HAD ESCAPED. HE DECIDED TO STOP AND EAT DINNER, BUT JUST AS HE BEGAN TO LAND, SQUAWK! HE RAN HEADFIRST INTO ANOTHER GOOSE.

"HOLD IT RIGHT THERE! YOU NEED TO COME BACK WITH ME TO THE VILLAGE!" THE POLICEGOOSE DEMANDED, SLIGHTLY DAZED.

"IT'S DANGEROUS IN THE OUTSIDE WORLD. THIS IS FOR YOUR OWN SAFETY!"

DUCKIE KNEW THAT THE POLICEGOOSE, NAMED GÜS WAS RATIONAL AND DECIDED TO TRY TO REASON WITH HIM. "OF COURSE IT'S DANGEROUS! BUT I HAVE TO DO THIS. I AM LOOKING FOR THE GOLDEN GOOSE OF LEGEND. THE ONE WHO IS SUPPOSED TO SAVE US, CHANGE ALL OF GOOSE SOCIETY AND HELP US THROUGH OUR MIGRATIONS."

"BUT THAT'S AGAINST THE RULES! WHY WOULD YOU RISK YOUR LIFE TO BREAK THEIR RULES? DON'T THEY KEEP US SAFE?" GÜS ASKED.

"ITS TRUE. SOME OF THE RULES DO KEEP US SAME, BUT TOO MANY TAKE AWAY OUR LIBERTY. I THINK THEY ARE AFRAID OF WHAT WILL HAPPEN IF I FIND THE GOLDEN GOOSE. IF I CAN FIND HER, THEN THEY MAY NOT BE ABLE TO STAY IN POWER. YOU JOINED THE GOOSE POLICE TO HELP PEOPLE, AND IF YOU LET ME GO, YOU CAN DO JUST THAT!"

"YOU MIGHT BE RIGHT, BUT I CAN'T BETRAY THE VILLAGE. IF I JUST LET YOU GO WITHOUT AT LEAST TRYING TO STOP YOU, I WON'T BE ABLE TO LOOK MYSELF IN THE MIRROR, MUCH LESS BE SEEN IN THE VILLAGE! I HAVE NO INTEREST IN FIGHTING, SO I'LL TELL YOU WHAT. I WILL HAVE A SET OF CHALLENGES WITH YOU. IF YOU BEAT ME, I WILL

LET YOU GO. IF NOT, YOU HAVE TO LET ME TAKE YOU BACK. SOUND FAIR?"

DUCKIE WAS RELUCTANT, BUT KNEW THAT HE HAD NO OTHER OPTIONS. "FINE. LET'S DO THE CHALLENGES."

2.1 ASSOCIATIVITY

DEFINITION

ADDITION CAN BE GROUPED IN ANY WAY. IN OTHER WORDS: (A+B)+C = A+(B+C).

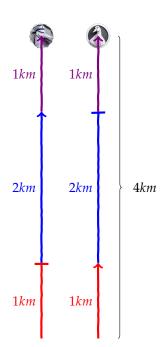
GÜS AND DUCKIE BOTH FELT THAT THEY WERE GOOD FLIERS.

"TO BEGIN, LET'S DO A FLYING CONTEST IN 3 PARTS." GÜS ANNOUNCED. "WHOEVER FLIES THE FURTHEST WINS."

DUCKIE THOUGHT ABOUT THIS.
"FINE, BUT TO MAKE SURE NO ONE
GETS AN UNFAIR ADVANTAGE,
LET'S ALLOW ONE BREAK IN
BETWEEN."

THE FIRST LEG OF THE RACE WAS 1km, THE SECOND LEG WAS 2km, AND THE THIRD LEG WAS 1km.

DUCKIE AND GÜS BOTH WANTED TO WIN, SO CREATED STRATEGIES. GÜS DECIDED TO TRAVEL THE FIRST LEG (1km) OF THE RACE, TOOK HIS BREAK THEN TRAVEL THE SECOND AND THIRD LEGS (2km AND 1km). DUCKIE INSTEAD TRAVELED THE FIRST LEG, (1km) OF THE RACE AND THE SECOND LEG (2km) OF THE RACE, THEN TOOK HIS BREAK, AND TRAVELED THE THIRD LEG (1km). DID THEY TIE BY TRAVELING THE SAME AMOUNT?



SOLUTION

YES! DUCKIE TRAVELED (1km+2km)+1km=5km. GÜS TRAVELED 1km+(2km+1km)=5km. DUCKIE AND GÜS BOTH TRAVELED 5km.

2.2 ADDITIVE COMMUTATIVITY

DUCKIE AND GÜS SAT DOWN, TIRED. THEY HAD EACH EXPECTED TO WIN, AND HAD SURPRISED EACH OTHER.

"WHAT SHOULD WE DO? WILL YOU LET ME GO?" DUCKIE ASKED HOPEFULLY.

GÜS THOUGHT ABOUT THIS.
"NO, BUT I WILL LET YOU TRY TO
BEAT ME AGAIN"

BECAUSE GEESE ARE WATER ANIMALS, SWIMMING IS A VERY IMPORTANT SKILL, SO THEY DECIDED TO SWIM FOR THEIR NEXT COMPETITION. THEY EACH HAD A DIFFERENT STRATEGY. GÜS SWAM 140m, DRIED OFF, THEN SWAM 160m, DRIED OFF, THEN SWAM 140m. DID THEY TIE?

140*m* 160*m* 140*m* 160*m*

SOLUTION

YES! GÜS FLEW $140m+160m=300m. \ \ \mathrm{DUCKIE}$ INSTEAD FLEW $160m+140m=300m. \ \ \mathrm{THEY} \ \mathrm{SWAM}$ THE SAME AMOUNT.

DEFINITION

ORDER DOESN'T MATTER WHEN ADDING. IN OTHER WORDS: A+B = B+A.

2.3 DISTRIBUTIVITY

DUCKIE AND GÜS WERE STARTING TO GET FRUSTRATED.

"HOW ARE WE GOING TO GET AROUND THIS?" GÜS ASKED.

DUCKIE THOUGHT FOR A
MOMENT. HE KNEW GÜS COULD
ONLY COMPETE FOR SO LONG
BEFORE BECOMING TIRED, AND
THE MORE THEY FLEW, THE
BETTER CHANCE HE WOULD HAVE.
"HOW ABOUT A FLYING CONTEST?
WE CAN DO FOUR PARTS INSTEAD
OF JUST THREE. MAYBE THEN
ONE OF US WILL WIN."

GÜS AGREED. HIS TRAINING FROM THE GOOSEPOLICE HAD GIVEN HIM EXCELLENT STAMINA, AND WAS CONFIDENT HE COULD BEAT DUCKIE IN LONG DISTANCE FLYING.

IN THE THIRD CONTEST, GÜS TRAVELED 2km, THEN 3km, AND REPEATED THAT PATTERN 2 TIMES. DUCKIE INSTEAD TRAVELED 2km 2 TIMES, THEN 3km2 TIMES. DID THEY TIE?

SOLUTION

YES! DUCHIE FLEW 2*(2km+3km), OR 10km, AND GÜS FLEW 2*2km*3*2km, OR 10km.

DEFINITION

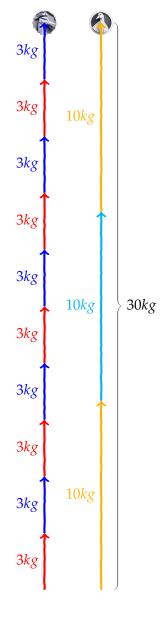
MULTIPLYING WITH AN EXPRESSION IS THE SAME AS MULTIPLYING WITH EACH PART OF THE EXPRESSION. IN OTHER WORDS: A*(B+C) = (A*B) + (A*C).

2.4 MULTIPLICATIVE COMMUTATIVITY

AT THIS POINT, GÜS REALIZED THAT DUCKIE WAS A VERY CAPABLE GOOSE. WHEN HE FIRST CHALLENGED DUCKIE, HE EXPECTED WINNING TO BE A CAKEWALK, BUT DUCKIE ENDED UP POSING QUITE A CHALLENGE. SEEING DUCKIE'S PERSEVERANCE, GÜS BEGAN TO RESPECT DUCKIE. HE DECIDED TO GIVE HIM ANOTHER CHANCE. HE DECIDED THAT THE NEXT CONTEST SHOULD BE A WEIGHTLIFTING COMPETITION, WHERE WHOEVER LIFTED THE MOST AMOUNT OF TOTAL WEIGHT WOULD WIN. DUCKIE LIFTED 10kg 3 TIMES, WHEREAS GÜS LIFTED ONLY 3kg BUT DID IT 10 TIMES. DID THEY TIE?

SOLUTION

YES! DUCKIE LIFTED 10kg*3=30kg, AND DUCKIE LIFTED 3kg*10=30kg. THEY LIFTED THE SAME AMOUNT.



DEFINITION

WHEN MULTIPLYING, ORDER DOES NOT MATTER. IN OTHER WORDS: A*B = B*A. DUCKIE AND GÜS LANDED ON THE FOREST FLOOR, EXHAUSTED. THEY HAD REALIZED THAT, NO MATTER WHAT THE COMPETITION WAS, THEY WERE EQUALLY MATCHED. THEY HADN'T BEAT EACH OTHER, BUT THEY HAD WON EACH OTHER'S RESPECT.

"WHY DON'T YOU JOIN ME?. YOU CAN MAKE A DIFFERENCE!" ASKED DUCKIE.

"I CAN'T!" GÜS CRIED. "WHAT ABOUT MY LIFE IN THE GOOSE POLICE?"

"WELL, DO YOU BELIEVE THE GOLDEN GOOSE IS OUT THERE?"

"HONESTLY, I'M NOT SURE. DO YOU REALLY THINK IT WILL MAKE THE VILLAGE A BETTER PLACE?"

DUCKIE KNEW THAT THERE WAS THE POSSIBILITY THE GOLDEN GOOSE WAS A HOAX, BUT KNEW THE DANGER OF DISOBEYING THE GOOSE AUTHORITIES, BUT KNEW HE COULD HELP THE ENTIRE VILLAGE.

"YOU JOINED THE GOOSE POLICE TO HELP PEOPLE", HE REASONED.
"YOU ARE CLEARLY CAPABLE OF MAKING THE DANGEROUS JOURNEY,
AND IF YOU CAN JOIN ME, YOU CAN DO EXACTLY THAT."

GÜS KNEW HE WAS RIGHT. WHILE HE WAS AFRAID OF WHAT COULD HAPPEN ALONG THE JOURNEY, DEEP DOWN, KNEW THE TYRANNY OF THE AUTHORITIES HAD GONE TOO FAR. HE DECIDED TO BE BRAVE AND JOIN DUCKIE.

"ALL RIGHT. I WILL JOIN YOU!" HE SAID RESOLUTELY.

CHAPTER 3

ESSENTIAL ALGEBRA

DUCKIE AND GÜS'S VARIOUS COMPETITIONS MADE THE GOOSE AUTHORITIES A BIT CONFUSED. BECAUSE OF DUCKIE AND GÜS'S COMPETITIONS, THEY HAD LOST TRACK OF DUCKIE'S LOCATION. THEY DECIDED THAT THEY NEEDED TO REVIEW THEIR RECORDS, AND TRY TO FIGURE OUT WHERE THEIR ACTIVITIES FIFTH DAY HAD LANDED THEM.

3.1 EQUALITY

DUCKIE AND GÜS HAD TIED IN EACH OF COMPETITIONS. BECAUSE OF THIS, THEIR POSITIONS WERE ALWAYS THE SAME.

SOLUTION

GÜS'S POSITION = DUCKIE'S POSITION. DUCKIE'S DISTANCE FROM THE VILLAGE WAS 24km, SO GÜS'S POSITION WAS ALSO 24km.

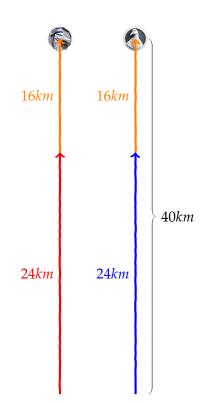
DEFINITION

WHEN TWO THINGS ARE THE SAME, WE WRITE THIS IN MATHEMATICS AS "=", OR "EQUALS".



3.2 THE EQUALITY RULE

THE GOOSE AUTHORITIES, KNEW GÜS WAS A FAST FLIER. HIS TRAINING AS A POLICEGOOSE HAD MADE HIM A FEARSOME FOE. WHILE DUCKIE AND GÜS WERE TRAVELED TOGETHER, THEY REALIZED THAT EVERY TIME GÜS FLEW AHEAD OF DUCKIE, DUCKIE HAD TO INCREASE HIS POSITION BY THE SAME AMOUNT TO KEEP UP.



SOLUTION

DUCKIE'S POSITION + Δ POSITION = GÜS'S POSITION + Δ POSITION.¹

DEFINITION

WHAT HAPPENS TO ONE SIDE OF AN EQUATION MUST HAPPEN TO THE OTHER SIDE SO THAT THEY ARE STILL THE SAME.

^{1∆} MEANS "CHANGE IN"

3.3 VARIABLES

THE GOOSE AUTHORITIES WERE STILL A BIT CONFUSED ABOUT DUCKIE AND GÜS'S PROGRESS. THEY KNEW THAT THE TWO HAD 4 COMPETITIONS, AND THAT DUCKIE AND GÜS BEGAN COMPETING WHEN THEY WERE 24km AWAY FROM THE VILLAGE. THEY ALSO KNEW THAT DUCKIE AND GÜS STOPPED COMPETING AT 40km. HOW MUCH DID THEY TRAVEL ON AVERAGE IN EACH COMPETITION?

SOLUTION

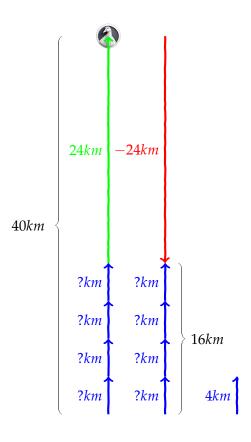
$$4x + 24 = 40$$

$$4x + 24 = 40 - 24$$

$$4x = 16$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{16}{4}$$

$$x = 4$$



DEFINITION

A LETTERS OR SYMBOL CAN BE USED TO REPRESENT A NUMBER WHICH ISN'T ALREADY KNOWN, SUCH AS "x". 4x+16=40 MEANS THAT 4*(somenumber)+16=40.

3.3. VARIABLES 27

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CHAPTER 4

RATIOS AND FRACTIONS

IT TOOK A LOT OF WORK, BUT THE AUTHORITIES FINALLY FIGURED OUT WHERE DUCKIE AND GÜS WERE. THEY NOTICED THAT THE PAIR HAD MADE QUITE A BIT OF PROGRESS, AND THAT THEY NEEDED TO TAKE THE THREAT SERIOUSLY. DUCKIE AND GÜS'S POSITION INFORMATION WAS KNOW EXTREMELY VALUABLE TO STOPPING THEM. GÜS, A PROMINENT POLICEGOOSE'S DEFECTION, SHOWED THEM THAT SENDING OTHER POLICEGEESE WOULD ONLY UNDO THEIR EFFORTS IN BUILDING A LOYAL ARMY.

IN THEIR PAST MIGRATIONS, THEY HAD WORKED WITH THE WORST GEESE IN THE LAND TO HELP CONTROL THE VILLAGE. AS A RESULT, THEY KNEW MANY BOUNTY HUNTERS ALONG THE WAY, AND BELIEVED THAT THEY COULD HAVE THEM SET TRAPS.

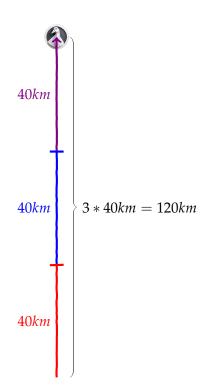
THEY QUICKLY CALLED THEM ALL, AND SENT THEM TO BRING BACK DUCKIE AND GÜS, DEAD OR ALIVE. THESE FAMOUSLY CLEVER BOUNTY HUNTERS EACH DECIDED TO STRATEGY TO HELP THEM CATCH DUCKIE AND GÜS.

4.1 RATIOS

THE FIRST BOUNTY HUNTER DECIDED TO LOOK AT THE ENTIRE JOURNEY, AND SET UP TRAPS EVERY 40km. HE GUESSED THAT THE ENTIRE JOURNEY WAS 120km LONG. DUCKIE HAVING GUESSED THE FIRST HUNTER'S (FAIRLY OBVIOUS) SCHEME, KNEW THAT IF HE KNEW THE NUMBER OF TRAPS, HE COULD AVOID THEM. FOR EVERY 40km IN THE JOURNEY, THERE WAS 1 TRAP. HOW MANY TRAPS WERE THERE BE ON THE JOURNEY?

SOLUTION

FOR EVERY 40km DUCKIE HAD TO TRAVEL OUT OF 120km OVERALL, THERE WAS ONE TRAP. THAT MEANT THAT THERE WAS A TRAP IN EVERY $\frac{120}{40}km$ OF THE JOURNEY. FOR EVERY ONE KM IN 40km, THERE WERE 3km IN THE JOURNEY, WHICH MEANT THAT THERE WERE 3 LENGTHS OF SIZE 40km WITHIN 120km. THERE WERE $\frac{3}{1}$, OR 3 TRAPS.



DEFINITION

A RATIO REPRESENTS THE QUANTITY OF A COMPARED TO THE QUANTITY OF B, AND IS WRITTEN AS $\frac{A}{B}$, OR A FOR EVERY B. THIS IS ALSO THE SAME AS BREAKING UP A INTO B EQUAL PARTS.

4.2 MULTIPLYING WITH FRACTIONS

USING HIS KNOWLEDGE OF MATHEMATICS, DUCKIE FIGURED OUT HOW TO AVOID THE FIRST BOUNTY HUNTER'S TRAPS. NEVER UNDERESTIMATING HIS OPPONENT, THE SECOND BOUNTY HUNTER DECIDED TO PREPARE BETTER. HE REALIZED THAT km ARE A VERY LARGE UNIT FOR GEESE, SO DECIDED TO START MEASURING THE DISTANCE DUCKIE AND GÜS FLEW IN A UNIT HE CREATED CALLED "GOOSEMETERS" (gm). THIS MEANT THAT HE NEEDED TO CHANGE DUCKIE AND GÜS'S POSITION FROM KILOMETERS INTO GOOSEMETERS. THERE ARE EXACTLY 7gm IN EVERY 3km. TO HELP BEAT THE SECOND BOUNTY HUNTER, DUCKIE AND GÜS DECIDED TO ALSO MEASURE USING gm. HOW MANY gmS ARE IN 40km?

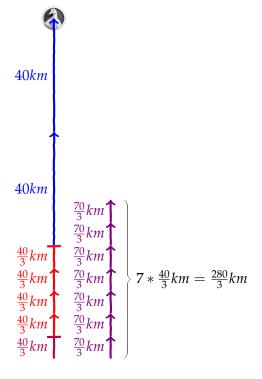
SOLUTION

$$\frac{7gm}{3km} * \frac{120km}{1} * \frac{1}{3} = \frac{280}{3}gm$$

DEFINITION

MULTIPLYING BY A RATIO ALSO REPRESENTS STRETCHING OR SCALING BY A CERTAIN AMOUNT. IT REPRESENTS SCALING THE NUMBER P SO THAT $P*\frac{A}{B}$ IS ITS NEW SIZE. THIS IS THE SAME AS BREAKING UP P*A INTO B EQUAL PARTS, OR $\frac{P}{B}$ A TIMES (BREAKING UP P INTO B PARTS AND TAKING EACH PART A TIMES).

NOTICE THAT THAT THE SIZE OF $\frac{A}{B}$ CAN BE IN BETWEEN 0, 1, 2, ETC.



4.3 COMPARING FRACTIONS

DUCKIE KNEW THAT HE COULD AVOID THE BOUNTY HUNTERS IF HE FLEW FAR ENOUGH IN A SINGLE DAY. ON THE EIGHTH DAY, DUCKIE AND GÜS TRAVELED $\frac{1}{5}$ OF THE JOURNEY. IF DUCKIE TRAVELED MORE ON THE EIGHTH DAY THAN THE PREVIOUS DAYS ($\frac{1}{3}$ OF THE JOURNEY), THE BOUNTY HUNTER WOULD STOP CHASING THEM. DID DUCKIE MANAGE TO CONFUSE THE BOUNTY HUNTER?

SOLUTION

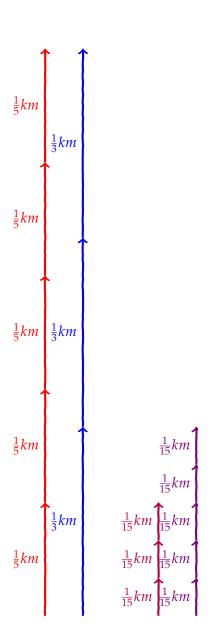
DUCKIE REALIZED THAT

$$\begin{array}{c} \frac{5}{5}=1\\ \frac{1}{3}*1=\frac{1}{3}\\ \frac{1}{3}*\frac{5}{5}=\frac{1*5}{3*5}=\frac{5}{15}\\ \text{WHICH MEANS}\ \frac{1}{3}\ \text{IS SAME AS}\ \frac{5}{15}\\ \text{SIMILARLY}\ \frac{1}{5}=\frac{1}{5}*\frac{3}{3}=\frac{3}{15}\\ \end{array}$$

NOW, WE CAN COMPARE THE EQUAL SIZE PARTS TOGETHER. $\frac{3}{15}<\frac{5}{15}$. DUCKIE TRAVELED LESS ON THE EIGHTH DAY THAN THE OTHER DAYS COMBINED.

DEFINITION

WE CAN ONLY DEAL WITH FRACTIONS TOGETHER USING SAME-SIZE PARTS. WE CAN CHOP UP ONE FRACTION BY MULTIPLYING IT BY ANOTHER FRACTION EQUAL TO ONE. IF THE DENOMINATORS (THE BOTTOM NUMBER OF THE FRACTIONS) ARE THE SAME, THE FRACTIONS HAVE SAME SIZED PARTS.

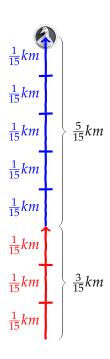


4.4 ADDING FRACTIONS

DESPITE DUCKIE'S BEST EFFORTS, HE WAS UNFORTUNATELY NOT ABLE TO CONFUSE THE BOUNTY HUNTER. HE WAS STARTING TO GET WORRIED, BUT GÜS HAD A GREAT IDEA. IF THEY COULD FIND OUT WHERE THEY WERE ALONG THE JOURNEY, THEY MIGHT HAVE BEEN ABLE FIND A NEW ROUTE, WHICH WOULD TAKE THEM AWAY FROM THE HUNTER'S GRASP! THEY TRAVELED $\frac{1}{3}$, THEN THEY TRAVELED 1. HOW MUCH OF THE JOURNEY HAVE DUCKIE AND GÜS TRAVELED?

SOLUTION

DUCKIE AND GÜS HAVE TRAVELED $\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{5}$ = $\frac{3+5}{15}$ = $\frac{8}{15}$ OF THE JOURNEY.



DEFINITION

WHEN ADDING FRACTIONS, BREAK UP EACH FRACTION SO THAT THEY ARE IN TERMS OF SAME-SIZE PARTS (OR HAVING A COMMON DENOMINATOR). THEN, ADD THE NUMERATORS AS USUAL. DUCKIE AND GÜS SIGHED IN RELIEF. AFTER RUNNING FOR BOUNTY HUNTERS FOR TWO DAYS AND TWO NIGHTS, THEY WERE EXHAUSTED. THEY DECIDED TO TRAVEL SLOWER FOR A FEW DAYS AND ENJOY THE SCENERY.

"I CAN'T BELIEVE HOW PERSISTENT THE GOOSE AUTHORITIES ARE."
DUCKIE SIGHED. "I KNEW THIS JOURNEY WOULD BE TOUGH, BUT I
WASN'T EXPECTING BOUNTY HUNTERS!"

GÜS CONSIDERED THIS. HE HAD WORKED WITH THE GOOSE AUTHORITIES, AND KNEW THEIR PATTERNS. HE REALIZED HOW UNUSUAL THIS WAS. "I AGREE, THE AUTHORITIES MUST REALLY BE DESPARATE".

JUST AS DUCKIE OPENED HIS BEAK TO REPLY, HE FELT A SUDDEN WEIGHT ON HIS SHOULDERS, AND BEGAN SPIRALING OUT OF CONTROL. IT WAS A NET! ANOTHER BOUNTY HUNTER MUST HAVE SET A TRAP! HE STARTED FALLING DOWN FAST, GAINING SPEED AS HE WENT. CRASH!. DUCKIE FELL TO THE GROUND WITH A THUD. GÜS HURRIEDLY LANDED NEXT TO HIM.

"ARE YOU ALRIGHT DUCKIE!" HE CRIED IN ALARM.

"I'M ALL RIGHT, BUT I THINK I NEED TO REST MY WING FOR A FEW DAYS", DUCKIE WINCED. HE FELT THAT HE HADN'T BROKEN A WING, BUT SAW SOME BRUISING, AND KNEW HE WOULD NEED TIME TO HEAL.

"THE FOREST IS DANGEROUS THOUGH! WE CAN'T STAY HERE IN THE OPEN WITH ALL THE PREDATORS!"

"LAST YEAR, DURING MIGRATION, I MADE A FRIEND, NAMED BESSIE THE COW. I THINK HER FARM IS CLOSE ENOUGH TO WALK TO FROM HERE," DUCKIE SAID. "I THINK SHE WILL BE ABLE TO HELP KEEP US SAFE FROM THE GOOSE AUTHORITIES."

TOGETHER, THEY WADDLED TO BESSIE'S FARM.

CHAPTER 5

RECTANGLES, PERIMETER, AND AREA

AFTER WALKING ALL AFTERNOON, DUCKIE AND GÜS FINALLY ARRIVED AT BESSIE'S FARM. DESPITE THE BAD LUCK WITH THE NET, IT WAS A BEAUTIFUL AFTERNOON, AND THE PAIR COULDN'T HELP BUT FEEL A SENSE OF CALM AS THE WALKED UP TO BESSIE'S BARN.

BESSIE WAS SITTING OUTSIDE, CHEWING ON SOME GRASS.

"HEY THERE DUCKIE! HOW'S IT GOING? WHO'S YOUR FRIEND THERE?" SHE MOO'D.

"HI BESSIE", DUCKIE GREETED. "THIS IS MY FRIEND GÜS. WE ARE LOOKING FOR THE GOLDEN GOOSE OF LEGEND, BUT I NEED SOME HELP."

"OF COURSE! WHAT DO YOU NEED?" ASKED BESSIE.

"I HURT MY WING, AND I NEED TO REST HERE FOR A FEW DAYS. THE GOOSE AUTHORITIES SENT SOME BOUNTY HUNTERS AFTER ME, AND I NEED YOU TO KEEP ME SAFE FROM THEM," DUCKIE ASKED HESITANTLY.

"WOW, THAT SOUNDS SERIOUS. FEEL FREE TO STAY AS LONG AS YOU LIKE" BESSIE TURNED AROUND TO LOOK AT GÜS. "WHILE DUCKIE'S IS GETTING BETTER, I COULD USE SOME HELP ON THE FARM. IT'S GRASS-PLANTING SEASON, AND IT WOULD BE MUCH APPRECIATED IF YOU COULD HELP ME OUT ON THE FARM."

GÜS, ENTHUSIASTICALLY AGREED. "THAT SOUNDS GREAT!"

5.1 AREA OF RECTANGLES

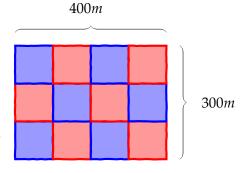
ON THE NINTH DAY OF THE JOURNEY, GÜS BEGAN WORKING ON THE FARM, HIS FIRST TASK WAS TO FLY AROUND AND SCATTER GRASS SEEDS ON THE FARM, AS HE WENT INTO THE STORE ROOM TO FIND THE BAGS OF SEEDS, HE REALIZED HE NEEDED TO KNOW HOW MANY BAGS OF SEEDS HE NEEDS TO BRING WITH HIM. BESSIE TOLD HIM THAT EACH BAG OF SEEDS CAN COVER A SQUARE OF GRASS THAT IS 1 M WIDE AND 1 M ACROSS. GÜS ALSO KNOWS THAT THE FARM IS 300m HIGH AND 400m WIDE. HOW MANY BAGS OF SEEDS DOES GUS NEED TO CARRY?

SOLUTION

THERE ARE 300 ROWS OF GRASS, WHERE EACH ROW IS MADE OF 400 1 BY 1 SQUARES. THIS MEANS THAT THERE ARE $300*400=300*400meters^2$ OF GRASS, AND THAT GÜS NEEDS TO CARRY 300*400 BAGS.

DEFINITION

AREA IS HOW MUCH SPACE AN OBJECT TAKES UP. WHEN MEASURING A 2D SHAPE, WE FIND HOW MANY 1 BY 1 SQUARES THE OBJECT FILLS. WHEN MEASURING THE AREA OF A 3D SHAPE, WE FIND HOW MANY 1 BY 1 BY 1 CUBES THE OBJECT FILLS. MULTIPLYING THE LENGTH OF EACH SIDE TOGETHER FOR "SQUARE" SHAPES GIVES US THE AREA. (WE WILL DISCUSS AREA FURTHER WITH INTEGRALS).



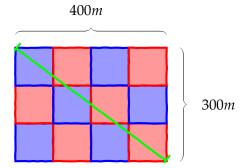
5.2 AREA OF SQUARE EDGE TRIANGLES

AS GÜS TOOK OFF, HE NOTICED THAT THE FARM WAS SPLIT INTO TWO EQUAL PARTS ALONG THE DIAGONAL TO MAKE SPACE FOR BESSIE'S PET HUMAN FARMER JOHN. HE REALIZED THAT HERE, HE COULD NOT PLANT GRASS, AS FARMER JOHN NEEDED IT FOR CORN. HOW MANY BAGS OF GRASS SHOULD GÜS PLANT?



THE FARM IS DIVIDED IN HALF, SO GÜS ONLY NEEDS TO PLANT HALF OF HIS BAGS. $\frac{1}{2} * 300m * 400m$

- $= 1200m^2 * \frac{1}{2}$
- $=600m^2$.

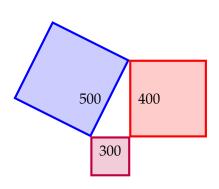


DEFINITION

RIGHT TRIANGLES (TRIANGLES WITH A SQUARE EDGE), ARE RECTANGLES THAT HAVE BEEN SPLIT IN HALF ALONG THE DIAGONAL. THIS MEANS THAT THE AREA OF A RIGHT TRIANGLE WITH SIDE LENGTHS X AND Y HAS AN AREA OF $\frac{x*y}{2}$.

5.3 PYTHAGOREAN THEOREM

GÜS STARTED PLANTING GRASS. HE REMEMBERED FROM SCHOOL THAT GRASS SPREAD RAPIDLY, AND SO DECIDED THAT TO KEEP FARMER JOHN'S CORN SAFE, HE WOULD MAKE A SMALL FENCE ALONG THE DIAGONAL. HOW LONG OF A FENCE DOES GÜS NEED TO BUY?



SOLUTION

300m*300m+400m*400m=500m*500m . GüS NEEDS TO BUY 500m OF FENCE.

$$300^2$$
 + 400^2 = 500^2

DEFINITION

IN A RIGHT TRIANGLE, THE LENGTHS OF SIDES ARE RELATED TO ONE ANOTHER. IN SUCH A TRIANGLE, A*A + B*B = C*C, WHERE C IS THE DIAGONAL LENGTH IN THE TRIANGLE. THIS RELATIONSHIP IS CALLED THE PYTHAGOREAN THEOREM. ¹

 $^{^{1}\!}A$ PROOF OF THE THEOREM IS FOUND HERE: https://www.mathsisfun.com/geometry/pythagorean-theorem-proof.html

5.4 PERIMETER OF A SHAPE

AFTER GÜS FINISHED PLANTING GRASS, HE DECIDED TO TAKE A BREAK FOR LUNCH.

"AAAAH," HE SIGHED, CONTENTED.
AS HE LOOKED OUT AT THE FARM,
HE NOTICED A DISCONTENTED
LOOK ON BESSIE'S FACE.

"WHAT'S THE ISSUE?" HE ASKED.

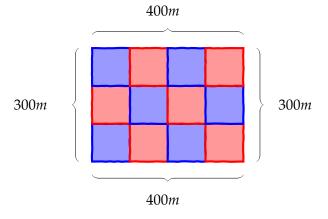
"IT'S THIS FENCE." BESSIE REPLIED. "IT'S FALLING APART AND WE HAVE TO LOOK AT IT ALL DAY." GÜS DECIDED THAT TO THANK HER FOR LETTING THEM STAY FOR THE NIGHT, HE WOULD BUY HER A NEW FENCE. HOW MANY METERS OF FENCE DOES GÜS NEED TO BUY?

SOLUTION

TWO SIDES OF THE FENCE ARE 300m Long, and two sides of the fence are 400m Long. That means that there are 300m+300m+400m+400m=2*300m+2*400=2*(300m+400m)=2*700=1400m of fence.

DEFINITION

SURFACE, OR PERIMETER, IS THE SIZE OF THE EDGE OF AN OBJECT. WHEN MEASURING A 2D SHAPE, WE FIND HOW MANY LINES OF LENGTH 1 CAN FIT AROUND THE OBJECT. WHEN MEASURING A 3D SHAPE, WE FIND HOW MANY 1 BY 1 SQUARES FIT AROUND THE OBJECT. (WE WILL DISCUSS THIS FURTHER WITH INTEGRALS). THE PERIMETER IS THE SUM OF ALL OF THE SIDE LENGTHS. BECAUSE 2 OF THE SIDE LENGTH OF THE SIDES OF A RECTANGLE ARE ALWAYS THE SAME, 2X+2Y IS ITS PERIMETER, WHICH CAN ALSO BE WRITTEN AS 2(X+Y).



5.5 SHOELACE THEOREM

THE SHOELACE FORMULA IS A TOOL WHICH LETS US FIND THE AREA OF ANY POLYGON. GO AROUND THE VERTEX'S OF THE POLYGON, WHERE THE CURRENT VERTEX'S COORDINATES ARE x_i,y_i AND THE NEXT VERTEX'S COORDINATES ARE x_{i+1},y_{i+1}

$$A := \frac{1}{2} \sum_{cyc} (x_i y_{i+1} - x_{i+1} y_i).$$

CHAPTER 6

CIRCLES AND ANGLES

ON THE TENTH DAY, BESSIE HAD AN ISSUE: FARMER JOHN WAS BORED AND KEPT CAUSING TROUBLE ON THE FARM. RATHER THAN LETTING HER AND THE OTHER COWS GRAZE, HE WAS TRYING TO CUT DOWN THEIR GRASS. TO KEEP HIM ENTERTAINED AND AWAY FROM THE GRASS, BESSIE DECIDED TO CREATE CROP CIRCLES IN THE CORN FIELD.

"DUCKIE!" SHE CALLED. "WANT TO HELP MAKE SOME CROP CIRCLES?"

"SURE! I THINK IT WILL BE GREAT FOR HELPING MY WING RECOVER!" DUCKIE REPLIED.

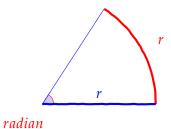
6.1 ANGLES

BESSIE AND DUCKIE CAME UP WITH A PLAN TO DRAW THEIR CIRCLES. THEY DECIDED THAT DUCKIE WOULD FLY AROUND BESSIE, STAYING EXACTLY 7M AWAY FROM BESSIE AT EACH POINT. TO MAKE SURE DUCKIE IS EXACTLY THE SAME DISTANCE, BESSIE WOULD SPIN AROUND AND LOOK AT HIM AT ANY GIVEN POINT. BESSIE KNOWS SHE WILL GET DIZZY IF SHE SPINS TOO MUCH, SO DECIDES TO KEEP TRACK OF HOW MUCH SHE HAS TURNED AT ANY MOMENT.

SOLUTION

DEFINITION

THE NUMBER OF METERS
BETWEEN THE DUCKIE AND
BESSIE IS CALLED R, OR THE
"RADIUS". WHEN DUCKIE HAS
FLOWN R METERS AROUND
BESSIE, THE AMOUNT BESSIE
HAS TURNED IS A "RADIAN".



6.2 DRAWING A SINGLE CIRCLE

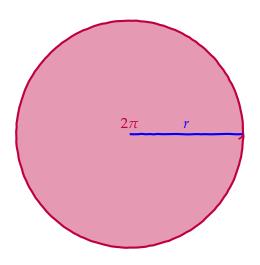
BESSIE AND DUCKIE BEGAN TO DRAW THE FIRST CIRCLE, BUT RAN INTO AN ISSUE. SHE DIDN'T KNOW WHEN TO STOP SPINNING! HOW MANY RADIANS DOES BESSIE HAVE TO TURN SO THAT DUCKIE MAKES A FULL CIRCLE (AND SHE LOOKS IN THE SAME PLACE SHE STARTED)?

SOLUTION

DEFINITION

WHEN DUCKIE HAS FLOWN A FULL CIRCLE AROUND BESSIE AND BESSIE WAS LOOKING IN THE SAME DIRECTION WHERE SHE STARTED, SHE HAD TURNED AROUND $2*\pi$ RADIANS. THIS AMOUNT BESSIE TURNED CANNOT BE WRITTEN AS A FRACTION, AND SO IS CALLED "IRRATIONAL". THIS SPECIFIC IRRATIONAL NUMBER HAS THE NAME "PI".

FOR CONVENIENCE, APPROXIMATE π TO BE $\frac{22}{7}$ (THE ACTUAL VALUE OF PI IS SLIGHTLY SMALLER).



6.3 PERIMETER OF A

AFTER SOME EFFORT
CALCULATING, DUCKIE DREW ONE
FULL CIRCLE AROUND BESSIE.
BUT, BECAUSE OF HIS INJURED
WING, HE BEGAN TO FEEL A BIT
TIRED. HE DECIDED THAT IN THE
FULL DAY, HE WOULD ONLY FLY A
LITTLE SO THAT HIS WING COULD
RECOVER PROPERLY. HOW MUCH
HAS DUCKIE FLOWN?

$\frac{\textbf{7}}{14\pi}\approx 44$

SOLUTION

FOR EVERY RADIAN BESSIE TURNED, DUCKIE FLEW 7m. BECAUSE BESSIE TURNED $2*\pi$ RADIANS, DUCKIE HAVE MUST TURNED $7*2*\pi/m$. USING $\frac{22}{7}$ AS π , WE GET $\frac{2*22*7}{7}=\frac{2*22}{*1}=44m$

DEFINITION

THE PERIMETER OF A CIRCLE IS ALWAYS $2*\pi*r$, WHERE R IS RADIUS OF THE CIRCLE.

6.4 TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS

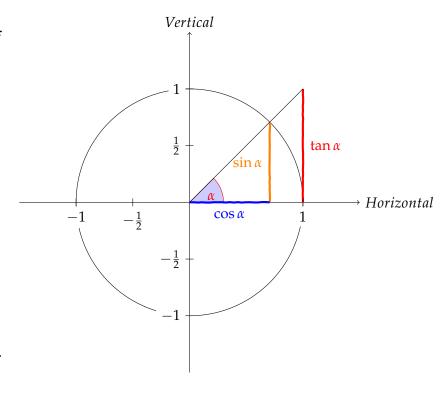
AFTER RESTING FOR A FEW MINUTES, DUCKIE AND BESSIE STARTED DRAWING THEIR NEXT CIRCLE. THEY DECIDED THAT, TO HELP GIVE FARMER JOHN SOME CONTRAST, THEY WOULD MAKE IT HAVE A RADIUS OF 1. WHILE CREATING THE CIRCLE, TRAGEDY STRUCK! DUCKIE LOST TRACK OF WHERE HE WAS! HE SEES THAT BESSIE TURNED $\frac{\pi}{4}$ RADIANS. WHAT IS DUCKIE'S VERTICAL POSITION? WHAT IS DUCKIE'S HORIZONTAL POSITION?

SOLUTION

WHEN BESSIE ROTATED $\frac{\pi}{2}$ RADIANS, DUCKIE'S VERTICAL POSITION AND HORIZONTAL POSITIONS ARE $\frac{\pi}{2}$.

DEFINITION

TAKE A LINE OF LENGTH 1. AS WE ROTATE THE LINE, WE CAN SEE IT HAS BOTH A HEIGHT AND A WIDTH. WHEN IT STARTS, IT HAS WIDTH BUT NOT HEIGHT. WHEN IT ROTATES $\frac{\pi}{2}$ RADIANS IT HAS HEIGHT BUT NOT WIDTH. WHEN X IS THE ANGLE ROTATED, THE WIDTH AT EACH ANGLE (OR THE ADJACENT SIDE/THE DIAGONAL SIDE) IS cos(x). THE HEIGHT AT EACH ANGLE (OR THE OPPOSITE SIDE/THE DIAGONAL SIDE) IS sin(x). THE RATIO BETWEEN THESE, $\frac{sin(x)}{cos(x)}$ IS CALLED tan(x).



¹THESE FUNCTIONS, AND OTHER TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS CAN BE VIEWED HERE. https://visualize-it.github.io/trig_functions/simulation.html

6.5 TRIGONOMETRIC

DUCKIE, TIRED, BUT WITH A HEALED WING, SAT DOWN. HE AND BESSIE WERE READY TO TAKE THE DAY OFF, AND HE WAS READY TO START FLYING THE NEXT DAY. GÜS, WHO HAD BEEN PLANTING GRASS, WALKED OVER TO THEM.

"HEY GUYS! HOW WAS YOUR WORK IN THE CORNFIELD?"

"IT WAS PRETTY GOOD!"

BESSIE REPLIED. "WE WERE

DRAWING CIRCLES FOR FARMER

JOHN WHILE YOU PLANTED GRASS."

GÜS LOOKED AT BESSIE IN SURPRISE. "THAT'S WHAT YOU WERE DOING? I THOUGHT YOU WERE TRACING THE POINT OF AN ARROW WHERE THE WIDTH! THE WIDTH PLUS THE HEIGHT! THE HEIGHT EQUALED ONE!" THE TRIO LOOKED AT EACH OTHER IN CONFUSION. WHO IS RIGHT?

SOLUTION

THEY WERE ALL RIGHT! THE WIDTH OF THE ARROW IS COS(X), AND THE HEIGHT OF THE ARROW IS SIN(X). THROUGH PYTHAGOREAN THEOREM, THE LENGTH OF THE ARROW MUST BE 1, WHICH IS ALSO THE RADIUS THAT DUCKIE FLEW.

DEFINITION

sin(x) * sin(x) + cos(x) * cos(x) = 1*1 = 1.

CHAPTER 7

SETS AND FUNCTIONS

IT WAS TIME FOR DUCKIE AND GÜS TO CONTINUE ON THEIR JOURNEY. THEY HAD ENJOYED SPENDING TIME WITH BESSIE, BUT THEY STILL NEEDED TO GET TO THE GOLDEN GOOSE.

"WHAT ARE WE GOING TO DO ABOUT THE BOUNTY HUNTERS?" GÜS ASKED DUCKIE NERVOUSLY. THEY BOTH WERE CONCERNED ABOUT THE BOUNTY HUNTERS' TRAPS.

"I'M NOT SURE" DUCKIE REPLIED, "BUT WE WILL HAVE TO KEEP MOVING. HOPEFULLY WE FIND SOMETHING OR SOMEONE ALONG THE WAY WHO CAN HELP".

AS THE DUO BEGAN TO FLY ONCE MORE THAT EVENING, THEY SAW AN APPROACHING FLOCK OF GEESE BEHIND THEM.

"QUICK! LAND!" DUCKIE CRIED. IN A FLASH, IN A RUSTLE OF FEATHERS, THE PAIR LANDED AND WAITED, HOPING TO GO UNNOTICED.

THERE WAS THE SQUAKING OF THE THE VOICES OF THE OTHER GROUP OF GEESE AS THEY LANDED BESIDE DUCKIE AND GÜS.

"HI, HOW'S IT GOING?" ONE OF THE GEESE ASKED. THIS SURPRISED DUCKIE. HE WAS EXPECTING TO BE TAKEN AWAY TO THE GOOSE VILLAGE, BUT HE WASN'T EXPECTING A GREETING.

"HELLO..." DUCKIE SAID CAUTIOUSLY. "WHO ARE YOU? HAVE THE GOOSE AUTHORITIES SENT YOU?"

"WE ARE JUST A GAGGLE FROM THE NORTH. MY NAME IS SNOW. WHAT ARE THE GOOSE AUTHORIJES?". DUCKIE RELAXED. CLEARLY, THESE GEESE WOULDN'T TAKE THEM AWAY. GÜS, HAVING HAD EXPERIENCE FROM JOURNEYING WITH THE GOOSE POLICE, KNEW THE VALUE OF TRAVELING WITH A GROUP.

"OH THEY AREN'T ANYONE IMPORTANT," GÜS SAID TO SNOW. "WE ARE TRYING TO FIND THE GOLDEN GOOSE, AND IT SEEMS LIKE YOU ARE HEADING IN THE SAME DIRECTION AS US. MIND IF WE JOIN YOU?"

"ALRIGHT!" SNOW SAID. "BUT YOU'LL HAVE TO JOIN OUR DANCE!".

7.1 CARTESIAN PRODUCT

DEFINITION

A SET IS AN UNORDERED COLLECTION OF THINGS. IF THERE ARE TWO SETS, A AND B, THE CARTESIAN PRODUCT (AxB) ARE THE PAIRS (a,b) WHERE $a\in {}^1$ A AND $b\in B$.

THAT NIGHT, THE NEW FLOCK DECIDED TO HAVE THEIR TRADITIONAL NIGHTLY DANCE. IT WAS A PARTNERS DANCE, WITH THE FOLLOWING RULES: GEESE WITH RED FEET WERE ONE GROUP, AND THE GEESE WITH BLUE FEET WERE ANOTHER GROUP. EACH OF THE RED GEESE PARTNERED WITH EACH OF THE BLUE GEESE, WHERE A RED GOOSE LEAD. THE GROUP OF RED GEESE IN THE DANCE WAS {GÜS, SNOW, GREY, BLUE . THE GROUP OF BLUE GEESE WAS { DUCKIE, BARNIE, SWAN . HOW MANY WAYS COULD THE GEESE HAVE FORMED PAIRS? WHAT ARE THOSE PAIRS?

SOLUTION

ALL THE PAIRS THAT THE GEESE COULD HAVE FORMED WERE {(GÜS, DUCKIE), (GÜS, BARNIE), (GÜS, SWAN), (SNOW, DUCKIE), (SNOW, BARNIE), (SNOW, SWAN), (GREY, DUCKIE), (GREY, BARNIE), (GREY, SWAN), (BLUE, BARNIE), (BLUE, SWAN)}. THERE WERE 4 GEESE WITH RED FEET, AND 3 GEESE WITH BLUE

×4 3

FEET. THERE WERE 12 WAYS TO FORM PAIRS

^{1€,} MEANS "IS IN THE SET"

7.2 RELATIONS

MAGGIE, ONE OF THE BLUE FOOTED GEESE AND, THE ORGANIZER OF THE DANCE, LOOKED OVER GÜS'S SHOULDER TO SEE WHAT HE WAS DOING.

"HI THERE! WHATCHA DOIN'?" SHE ASKED INQUISITIVELY.

"NOTHING MUCH, I'M JUST TRYING TO FIGURE OUT HOW THE DANCE WORKS. CAN YOU TAKE A LOOK?"

"OF COURSE!" MAGGIE
CONSIDERED HIS DRAWINGS. "IT
SEEMS LIKE YOU ARE ON THE
RIGHT TRACK, BUT I THINK SNOW
AND BARNIE LIKE TO DANCE
DIFFERENT STYLES. MAYBE THEY
SHOULDN'T BE A POSSIBLE
PAIR?"

GÜS REMOVED THEIR PAIRING FROM HIS PLANS. "SO ALL OF THE PAIRS IN THE NEW SET ARE IN THE ORIGINAL SET."

HOW MANY SETS OF PAIRS COULD MAGGIE AND GÜS MAKE OUT OF THE ORIGINAL CARTESIAN PRODUCT?

SOLUTION

MAGGIE AND GÜS CAN QUITE A FEW SETS. THESE INCLUDE $\{\}$, THE AxB ITSELF, ALL SETS WITH ONLY A SINGLE PAIR, ALL THE SETS WITH ONLY TWO PAIRS, ETC.

DEFINITION

IF A SET A (ALSO CALLED THE DOMAIN) IS A SUBSET OF SET B (ALSO CALLED THE CODOMAIN), THEN EVERY ELEMENT IN SET A IS ALSO IN SET B. FOR EVERY SET A, THERE ARE $2^{|A|}$ POSSIBLE SUBSETS WHICH CAN BE MADE 2 . A SUBSET OF A CARTESIAN PRODUCT CALLED IS A RELATION.

² A MEANS SIZE OF A

7.3. FUNCTIONS 51

7.3 FUNCTIONS

DEFINITION

GÜS AND MAGGIE CONTINUED TO PLAN, AND DECIDED TO COME UP WITH THE LIST OF PAIRS OF GEESE.

"HMM..." MAGGIE THOUGHT, LOOKING AT THE LIST OF RELATIONS. "THERE ARE NOT ENOUGH BLUE GEESE FOR EACH GOOSE TO HAVE THEIR OWN PARTNER. HOW CAN WE MAKE SURE EACH GOOSE HAS THEIR OWN PARTNER?"

GÜS THOUGHT FOR A MOMENT.
"MAYBE SOME OF THE BLUE
GEESE CAN TAKE TURNS
SWITCHING BETWEEN
PARTNERS?"

"I'M NOT SURE, BUT MAYBE IT WOULD WORK. LET'S TRY IT OUT!" COME UP WITH A POSSIBLE SET OF PAIRS DANCE PARTNERS MAGGIE AND GÜS COULD HAVE FORMED.

SOLUTION

MAGGIE AND GÜS EVENTUALLY
DECIDED ON THE FOLLOWING SET
OF DANCE PARTNERS {(GÜS,
BARNIE), (SNOW, BARNIE), (GREY,
SWAN), (BLUE, DUCKIE)} WITH
MAGGIE SITTING ASIDE

A FUNCTION IS A SPECIAL TYPE OF RELATION BETWEEN THE SETS A AND B. IN A FUNCTION, IN EVERY PAIR (a,b) (WHERE $a\in A$ AND $b\in B$), a ONLY MAPS TO A SINGLE OUTPUT. THIS ALLOWS US TO SAY THAT THE f(a)=b, OR THAT THE VALUE a MAPS TO THE VALUE b.

7.4 TYPES OF FUNCTIONS

SOLUTION

WITH ALL THE GEESE DANCING, THE RED GEESE AND NEW GEESE WERE MAPPED SO THAT THE DANCING PARTNERS WERE {(GÜS, MAGGIE), (SNOW, BARNIE), (GREY, SWAN), (BLUE, DUCKIE)}

AS THE DANCE BEGAN, MAGGIE WATCHED THE OTHER GEESE DANCE. GÜS NOTICED HER WATCHING, AND CAME OVER.

"WHY DON'T YOU COME OVER AND DANCE WITH US?" GÜS ASKED.

"AH, YOU DON'T WANT ME TO DANCE, I DON'T TO MESS UP THE FUN. BESIDES, THIS WAY, THE BLUE GEESE DON'T HAVE TO WORRY ABOUT SWITCHING PARTNERS."

GÜS LOOKED OVER. "DON'T WORRY ABOUT THAT, IT'S FUN! BESIDES, NOW THERE AREN'T ENOUGH RED GEESE. C'MON!".

MAGGIE HESITATED, "WELL, LET'S SEE HOW THEY DO ON THEIR OWN FOR NOW."

"YOU'LL DO GREAT!"

"ALRIGHT! LET'S DANCE!"

GÜS AND MAGGIE WENT BACK TO THE DANCE FLOOR TOGETHER. WHAT DOES THE NEW FUNCTION MAPPING RED GEESE WITH BLUE GEESE LOOK LIKE?

DEFINITION

A FUNCTION WHERE EVERY ELEMENT IN THE DOMAIN HAS A DIFFERENT MAPPING IS CALLED "ONE-TO-ONE". A FUNCTION WHERE EVERY ELEMENT IN THE CODOMAIN IS MAPPED TO IS CALLED "ONTO". A FUNCTION WHICH IS BOTH ONE-TO-ONE AND ONTO IS CALLED "BIJECTIVE".

7.5 INVERSE OF FUNCTIONS

AS THE FIRST DANCE CAME TO A CLOSE, MAGGIE WENT TO THE MAKESHIFT STAGE TO BEGIN THE NEXT DANCE.

"ALL RIGHT EVERYONE!" SHE ANNOUNCED HAPPILY. "SAME DANCE, BUT THIS TIME, BLUE GEESE LEAD!"

THE GEESE CHEERED, AND BEGAN THE DANCE AGAIN WITH THE BLUE GEESE TAKING THE LEAD. WAS THIS NEW PAIRING A FUNCTION? IF SO, WHAT DID IT LOOK LIKE?

SOLUTION

THE NEW PAIRING WAS $\{(MAGGIE, GÜS), (BARNIE, SNOW), (SWAN, GREY), (DUCKIE, BLUE)\}$. THIS NEW PAIRING WAS ALSO A FUNCTION, BECAUSE EVERY FIRST ELEMENT ONLY MAPPED TO A SINGLE OUTPUT. FOR EXAMPLE, ORIGINALLY, f(GÜS) = MAGGIE, BUT NOW $f^{-1}(MAGGIE) = GÜS$

DEFINITION

THE INVERSE OF A FUNCTION f(x) IS WRITTEN AS $f^{-1}(x)$. THE INPUT OF OF f IS THE OUTPUT OF f^{-1} , AND THE OUTPUT OF f IS f^{-1} . IN OTHER WORDS, IF f(a)=b, THEN $f^{-1}(b)=a$. IN ORDER FOR THERE TO BE AN INVERSE FUNCTION FOR f(x), f(x) MUST BE BIJECTIVE.

7.6 CONTINUOUS FUNCTIONS

AS GÜS AND MAGGIE DANCED WITH EACH OTHER, THEY REALIZED THAT THEY COULD ALSO EXPLAIN THE MOVEMENT OF THE DANCE AS A FUNCTION. f(t)=-t*t+10, WHERE t WAS THE NUMBER OF MINUTES SINCE THE DANCE BEGAN, AND f(t) REPRESENTED HOW FAR THEY STOOD FROM THE STAGE. WHAT WAS GÜS AND MAGGIE'S POSITION WHEN THEY HAD DANCED FOR 3 MINUTES?

SOLUTION

 $\begin{array}{l} f(3) = -3*3+10 \\ f(3) = 1. \\ \\ \text{WHEN THEY HAD DANCED FOR} \\ \\ \text{THREE MINUTES, G\ddot{\tiny{\text{US}}}$ AND MAG} \end{array}$

THREE MINUTES, GÜS AND MAGGIE WERE STÄNDING 1 METER FROM THE STÄGE.

DEFINITION

FUNCTIONS CAN BE WRITTEN AS PAIR EXPLICITLY, OR WITH A FORMULA. WHEN MAKING A FUNCTION USING A FORMULA, THE PAIRS ARE (x,f(x))